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Enterprise Chat and Email Installation and Configuration Guide, Release 12.0(1)

For Unified Contact Center Enterprise

First Published: June, 2019 Last Updated: March, 2023

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Preface

- ▶ About This Guide
- ▶ Change History
- Related Documents
- ► Communications, Services, and Additional Information
- ► Field Alerts and Field Notices
- ► Documentation Feedback
- Document Conventions

Welcome to the Enterprise Chat and Email (ECE) feature, which provides multichannel interaction software used by businesses all over the world as a core component to the Unified Contact Center Enterprise product line. ECE offers a unified suite of the industry's best applications for chat and email interaction management to enable a blended agent for handling of web chat, email and voice interactions.

About This Guide

Enterprise Chat and Email Installation and Configuration Guide is intended for installation engineers, system administrators, database administrators, and others who are responsible for installing and configuring Enterprise Chat and Email (ECE) installations that are integrated with Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise (Unified CCE).

The best way to use the installation guide is to print it, read the entire guide, and then start at the beginning and complete each pre-installation, installation, and post-installation task, in sequence.



Important: New installations for ECE 12.0(1) are not supported on Windows Server 2012. If you need to access the archived documentation for the old platform, please contact Cisco Support.

Change History

This table lists changes made to this guide. Most recent changes appear at the top.

Change	See	Date
Added a note about manually adding the ECC variables when multiple payloads are configured.	"Configuring Expanded Call Context (ECC) Variables" on page 59	March, 2023
Updated the image for selecting the website name step.	"Binding the Certificate to the Application Website" on page 131	June, 2022
Added information about manually deleting components after Uninstalling ECE .	"Uninstalling ECE" on page 98	Feb, 2022
Updated description of Max field in the Configuring Media Routing Domains section.	"Configuring Media Routing Domains (MRDs)" on page 47	April, 2020

Change	See	Date
Enhanced the Planning Components for Specific Configurations and High Availability section with more details about High Availability options.	"Planning Components for Specific Configurations and High Availability" on page 18	October, 2019
Added information about number of VMs needed for installing the application.	"Installation Overview" on page 68	
Added details about encrypting primary and secondary nodes.	"Creating an Encrypted SQL Server Database" on page 86	
New chapter added: Distributed File System Configuration	"Appendix A: Distributed File System Configuration" on page 142	
New chapter added: SQL Always-On Configuration	"Appendix B: SQL Always-On Configuration" on page 145	
New chapter added: Convert Existing Deployment to HA	"Appendix C: Convert Existing Deployment to HA" on page 153	

Related Documents

The latest versions of all Cisco documentation can be found online at https://www.cisco.com

Subject	Link
Complete documentation for Enterprise Chat and Email, for both Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise (UCCE) and Cisco Packaged Contact Center Enterprise (PCCE)	https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/contact-center/enterprise-chat- email-12-0-1/model.html

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at Cisco Profile Manager.
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit Cisco Services.
- To submit a service request, visit Cisco Support.
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit Cisco Marketplace.
- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit Cisco Press.
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access Cisco Warranty Finder.

Cisco Bug Search Tool

Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

Field Alerts and Field Notices

Cisco can modify its products or determine key processes to be important. These changes are announced through use of the Cisco Field Alerts and Cisco Field Notices. You can register to receive Field Alerts and Field Notices through the Product Alert Tool on Cisco.com. This tool enables you to create a profile to receive announcements by selecting all products of interest.

Sign in www.cisco.com and then access the tool at https://www.cisco.com/&isco/&upport/flotifications.html.

Documentation Feedback

To provide comments about this document, send an email message to the following address: contactcenterproducts docfeedback@cisco.com

We appreciate your comments.

Document Conventions

This guide uses the following typographical conventions.

Convention	Indicates
Italic	Emphasis. Or the title of a published document.
Bold	Labels of items on the user interface, such as buttons, boxes, and lists. Or text that must be typed by the user.
Monospace	The name of a file or folder, a database table column or value, or a command.
Variable	User-specific text; varies from one user or installation to another.

Document conventions

Planning

- **▶** Identifying Components
- Understanding Deployment Models for ECE
- ▶ Planning Components for Specific Configurations and High Availability
- ► Installing ECE

ECE can be installed in multiple configurations, ranging from a simple collocated installation, to many flavors of distributed installations. This chapter lists the components that make up ECE deployment and available configuration options. It also helps you plan your installation.

Identifying Components

All ECE installations have the following six components:

- ▶ File Server Component
- Database Server Component
- Messaging Server Component
- **Application Server Component**
- Web Server Component
- Services Server Component

File Server Component

The file server is used to store application files, reports templates, and reports output files. In non HA environment, there is only one file server in a deployment. HA deployments use DFS.

Database Server Component

All ECE databases are created on the database server. The installation program creates the following databases:

- A master database, that stores system configuration information to manage services.
- An active database, where all business and interaction data is stored. This is also referred to as the partition database.
- A reports database, where all data used by the reports module is stored.

The master and active databases are installed on the same instance. The reports database can be installed on a different instance.

Messaging Server Component

The messaging server provides a centralized location for the exchange of information asynchronously among various components of ECE application through the sending and receiving of messages.

For example,

The application server publishes a message to the workflow cache process to refresh its cache when a user modifies a workflow in the Administration Console.

A deployment can have a cluster of messaging servers.

Components that use messaging are listed in the following table.

Component	Use
Email Workflow	The Workflow Assignment Service publishes a message to application servers when a new email is assigned to a user.
	▶ The application server publishes a message to Workflow Cache Service when any workflow is created or modified from the Administration Console. The Workflow Cache Service publishes a message to the Workflow Service after it rebuilds its cache.
Email Retriever and Dispatcher	The application server publishes a message to the Retriever and Dispatcher Services when an email alias is created or modified from the Administration Console.
Miscellaneous	The Scheduler Service publishes a message to the Reports Service when the schedule for a report fires.
	▶ The application server publishes a message to the Distributed Services Manager (DSM) whenever an agent logs in to or logs out of the application.
	The application server publishes a message to all other application servers and services when a Custom attribute is created from the Tools Console.
	The application server publishes a message to other application servers every time an article or topic is added, modified, or removed.

Application Server Component

The application server houses the business logic responsible for interactive responses to all user-interface requests—across all classes of users including customers, agents, administrators, knowledge authors, system administrators. It handles requests for operations from a user (the web client), interprets user requests and delivers responses as web pages, constructed dynamically using JSP (based on the user request).

A deployment can have more than one application server. The number of application servers in a deployment will depend on the amount of user load to be handled. For details about sizing, see the *Enterprise Chat and Email Design Guide*.

Web Server Component

The web server is used to serve static content to the browser.

It gets requests from, and serves static content such as images, java applets, and client-side JavaScript code to a web browser. All dynamic requests are routed to the application server for further processing and generation of dynamic content. The web server component is always installed on a separate VM.

Installing the web server does not need access to any other ECE component. The web server can be installed outside firewall. A deployment can have multiple web servers, with a one-to-one mapping between a web server and an application server. The web servers can be separated from their corresponding application servers across a firewall.

No user identification is required at the web server. Access to the application functionality is controlled at the application server layer.

Services Server Component

ECE has processes that perform specific business functions, such as fetching emails from a POP3 or IMAP server, sending emails through an SMTP server, processing workflows, assigning chats to agents, etc. All services run on the services server and are managed by the Distributed Service Manager (DSM). Framework services that manage these remote services also run on the services server.

A deployment can have two services servers.

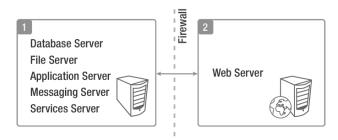
Understanding Deployment Models for ECE

With its modular, component-based architecture ECE caters effortlessly to the growing demands for increased concurrent user loads. To provide the flexibility to suit deployments of varied sizes, ECE supports components that may be distributed across various servers in a deployment. This section provides details of the possible deployment options.

- ▶ Collocated Deployment for ECE: The web server is installed on a separate VM and all other components are installed on one VM. The web server may be installed outside the firewall, if required.
- **Distributed-server deployment:** Components are distributed over two or more servers. A wide range of options are available for distributed-server deployment. The database is usually installed on a dedicated server, and the other components are installed on a separate server or spread over two or more servers.

Collocated Deployment for ECE

The web server is installed on a separate VM outside the firewall.

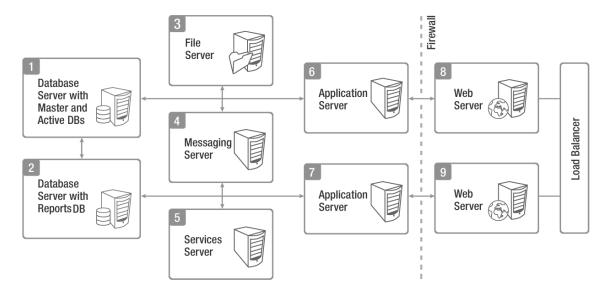


Collocated deployment for ECE

Distributed-Server Deployment

In this configuration, each component is on a separate VM, with the web servers installed outside the firewall. The application, messaging, services, and web servers in this configuration can be restarted without restarting any other servers.

Multiple web-application server pairs are used with a load balancer.



Complex distributed-server configuration

Planning Components for Specific Configurations and High Availability

Planning the File Server

Use Windows Distributed File System to achieve high availability for the File Server. For details about Windows Distributed File System, refer the Microsoft documentation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/desktop/dfs/distributed-file-system

Planning the Database Server

Installing the Application on a SQL Server 2016 Cluster

ECE can be installed in a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 clustered environment using the Always On Availability Group cluster option to achieve high availability. To install and configure the SQL Server cluster, follow the instructions in the Microsoft SQL Server 2016 documentation.

Things to note:

- Clustering feature is available only for Enterprise Edition of MSSQL.
- When using Always On Availability Group clustering, you must use the Windows Authentication mode.

Planning Database Server Distribution

The master and active databases are installed on the same database server. The reports database can be installed on the same instance as the master and active databases or on a different instance.

If the reports database is to be installed on a different instance, make sure that you complete the steps described in the "Configuring Database Servers" on page 33. You may also need to complete certain tasks described in "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28.

Choosing Authentication Method for Database Connectivity



Important: If you are planning to use Always On Availability Group clustering, you must use Windows Authentication.

- ▶ The application supports two methods of authentication for connecting to the database.
 - SQL Server authentication
 - Windows authentication
- As part of the installation process, you will be asked to select the authentication method. Your selection will depend on the security policies of your organization, and should be consistent with the authentication method configured in SQL Server.

If you choose Windows authentication, certain additional steps must be completed before you begin installing the application. These steps are outlined in the "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. Also refer to "Configuring Database Servers" on page 33.

Planning Messaging Servers

- ▶ ECE can be installed with a cluster of messaging servers to achieve high availability. After deploying the cluster, when the application is started, it connects to one messaging server in the cluster. If at any time that messaging server goes down, the application connects to the next available messaging server in the cluster.
- For 400 Agent deployments, the messaging server component is collocated with other components. For 400+ agent deployments, the messaging server component is always installed on a dedicated VM.

If the messaging server is on a separate VM, it can be restarted independently, without affecting application usage.

Planning Services Servers

For high availability support, you can install two services servers. When the application starts, one server will become primary services server and other server will be secondary services server. The ECE application will need to be started on both the services servers, however, all the service processes (for example, retriever, dispatcher, etc.) will run only on the primary services server. All service processes will automatically failover to the secondary services server when the primary server is unavailable because of network connection failure or hardware issues. You can identify the primary services server from the System Console of the application. For details, see the *Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to System Console*.

Planning Application Servers

ECE can be installed with multiple application servers to achieve high availability. The number of application servers in your deployment depends on the total number of concurrent agents to be supported.

If any of the application servers go down, a load balancer can help handle the failure through routing requests to alternate application servers through the web server.

Planning Web Servers

▶ ECE can be installed with multiple web servers. The number of web servers in a deployment depends on the number of application servers in the deployment.

If any of the web servers go down, a load balancer can help handle the failure through routing requests to alternate web servers. The load balancer detects web server failure and redirects requests to another web server.

Load Balancing Considerations

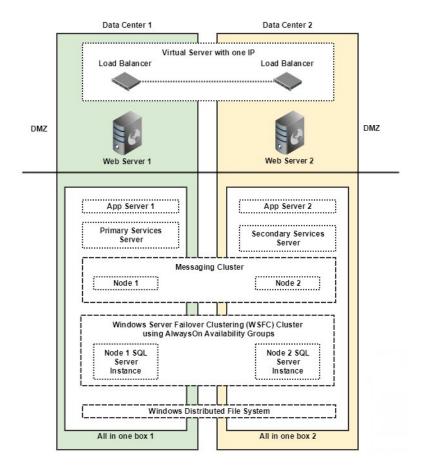
A load balancer may be used in a distributed installation of the application so that requests from agents and customers are either routed to the least-loaded web servers, or evenly distributed across all the available web servers.

While the application is agnostic to the particular brand of load balancer used in the configuration, it does require that the load balancer is configured to support "sticky sessions" with cookie-based persistence.

Planning for High Availability Across Geographies

To achieve high availability across geographies, ECE can be deployed across two different geographical locations. The load balancer needs to be configured so that at any given point of time, all requests are redirected to web servers in one location.

For 400 Agent Deployments



High Availability Across Geographies

In this deployment, the ECE components are installed on four VMs:

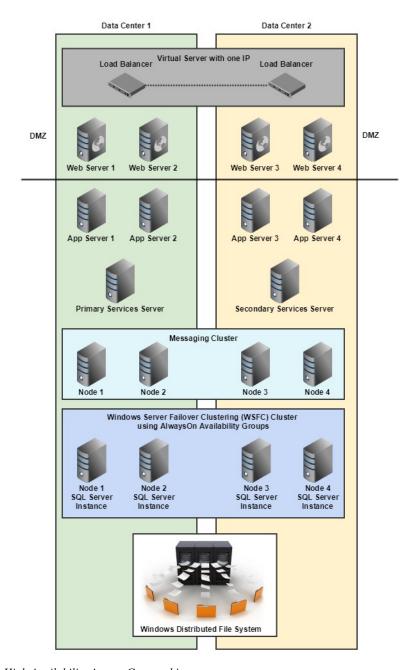
On Side A:

- VM-1A: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node1), Database server (Always On Availability Group), Messaging server, Application server, Services server
- VM-2A: Web Server

▶ On Side B:

- VM-1B: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node2), Database server (Always On Availability Group), Messaging server, Application server, Services server
- VM-2B: Web Server

For 401 to 1500 Agent Deployments



High Availability Across Geographies

In this deployment, the ECE components are installed on 30 VMs:

- VM-1A: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node1)
- VM-2A: Database server (active and master databases)
- VM-3A: Database server (reports database)

- **VM-4A:** Messaging server
- VM-5A: Services server
- VM-6A to VM-10A: Application server
- VMA-11A to VM-15A: Web Server

On Side B:

- VM-1B: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node 2)
- VM-2B: Database server (active and master databases)
- VM-3B: Database server (reports database)
- VM-4B: Messaging server
- VM-5B: Services server
- VM-6B to VM-10B: Application server
- O VM-11B to VM-15B: Web Server

Installing ECE

▶ Follow the pre-installation tasks (page 24), installation tasks (page 67), and post-installation tasks (page 83), to install ECE. To set up SSL, follow instructions in the "SSL Configuration" on page 126.

Pre-Installation Tasks

- ▶ Disabling Loopback Adapter Configuration
- Verifying Network Configuration
- ► Configuring Port Numbers Between Components
- ► Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions
- ► Enabling PowerShell Remote Commands
- ► Preparing Database Server VMs
- ► Preparing Web Server VMs
- ► Configuring Virus Scanners
- Verifying Unified CCE Configuration

This chapter describes pre-installation procedures that need to be completed before beginning the installation process. As you need to prepare the installation environment in advance, read this installation guide and the following documents before planning and implementing the installation:

- System Requirements for Enterprise Chat and Email
- Enterprise Chat and Email Design Guide

Disabling Loopback Adapter Configuration

ECE cannot be installed on VMs where Microsoft Loopback Adapter is configured. Before you proceed with the installation, disable Loopback Adapter configuration on all VMs in the deployment.

Skip this section if the VMs in the configuration do not use the Loopback Adapter.

To disable Loopback Adapter:

- 1. Go to Start > Control Panel.
- 2. In the Control Panel window, click **Hardware**.
- 3. In the Devices and Printers section, click the **Device Manager** link.
- 4. In the Device Manager window, go to Network adapters and locate Microsoft Loopback Adapter.
- 5. Right-click Microsoft Loopback Adapter and select Disable.

Verifying Network Configuration

These tasks must be completed in all configurations in which components are installed on more than one VM.

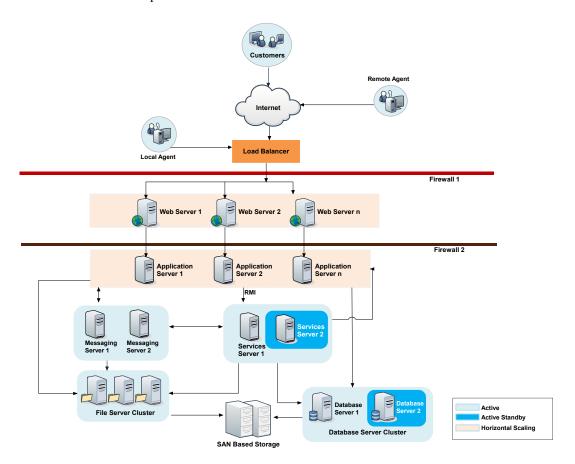
To verify network configuration:

- 1. Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) must be disabled on all servers.
- 2. Ensure that all the VMs are either assigned static IP addresses, or in cases where the IP address is assigned dynamically, are set to renew the same IP address upon lease expiration.
- 3. Ensure that all VMs other than the web servers, are in the same Active Directory domain. The web servers do not need to be installed in the same domain as other Enterprise Chat and Email components. They can be located anywhere, for example, in a DMZ. Note that the application cannot be installed in a workgroup.
- 4. Ensure that all the required inbound and outbound ports that need to be opened for the flow of requests between the various components have been opened before you begin the installation. For details, see the "Configuring Port Numbers Between Components" on page 26.
- 5. For messaging, application, and services servers the nslookup of the IP addresses should map to the fully qualified domain names of the servers. Similarly, the nslookup of the fully qualified domain names should map to the IP addresses of those servers.
- 6. Ensure that all the VMs are in the same LAN.

- 7. Ensure that the system clocks of all the VMs are synchronized.
- 8. Ensure that all the servers, except the web server, are able to communicate with the database server at the time of installation.

Configuring Port Numbers Between Components

This section describes the ports that need to be opened for the flow of requests between the various components. The following diagram shows the ECE system architecture. This will help you understand the communication between the different components.



System architecture

The following table lists the inbound and outbound ports that need to be opened for the flow of requests between the various components. The default port numbers are listed here. Ports that can be modified at the time of installation, or by editing property files are identified with an asterisk (*).

From Server	To Server	Default Destination Ports and Protocols	
Agent Workstation (Internet)	Web Server	▶ 80 [Protocol: HTTP] ▶ 443 [Protocol: HTTPS]	
Finesse Desktop (Internet)	Web Server	▶ 80 [Protocol: HTTP]▶ 443 [Protocol: HTTPS]	
Application Server	Services Server	 15099 (RMI Registry port) [Protocol: RMI]* 49152 – 65535 (Dynamic port range used by RMI server objects) [Protocol: TCP] 	
Application Server	File Server	139 or 445 [Protocol: NETBIOS - TCP]	
Application Server	Database Server	1433 [Protocol: TCP] *	
Application Server	Messaging Server	15097 [Protocol: TCP] *	
Application Server	Application Server	▶ 2434 [Protocol: TCP]* ▶ 6701 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Application Server	SMTP Server	25 [Protocol: SMTP]	
Application Server	SMTP or ESMTP Server (with SSL enabled)	587 [Protocol: SMTP or ESMTP]	
Application Server	IMAP Server	143 [Protocol: IMAP]	
Application Server	IMAP Server (with SSL enabled)	993 [Protocol: IMAP]	
Web Server	Application Server	9001 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Messaging Server	File Server	139 or 445 [Protocol: NETBIOS - TCP]	
Messaging Server	Messaging Server	15097 [Protocol - TCP]*	
Messaging Server	Database Server	1433 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Services Server	File Server	139 or 445 [Protocol: NETBIOS - TCP]	
Services Server	Database Server	1433 [Protocol: TCP] *	
Services Server	Messaging Server	15097 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Services Server	Services Server	47500 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Services Server	SMTP or ESMTP Server	25 [Protocol: SMTP or ESMTP]	
Services Server	SMTP or ESMTP Server (with SSL enabled)	587 [Protocol: SMTP or ESMTP]	
Services Server	POP3 Server	110 [Protocol: POP3]	
Services Server	POP3 Server (with SSL enabled)	995 [Protocol: POP3]	
Services Server	IMAP Server	143 [Protocol: IMAP]	

From Server	To Server	Default Destination Ports and Protocols	
Services Server	IMAP Server (with SSL enabled)	993 [Protocol: IMAP]	
Active Database Server	File Sever	Not applicable	
Reports Database Server	Active Database Server	 1433 [Protocol: TCP]* 135 [Port for Remote Procedure Call (RPC)] 5000-5020 (Port range for RPC ports required for MSDTC to work across firewall) 	
Services Server	Primary CTI Server	42027*	
Services Server	Secondary CTI Server	42028*	
Services Server	Media Routing Peripheral Gateway	38002*	
Services Server	Primary Administration Workstation Database	1433 [Protocol: TCP]*	
Application Server	Primary Administration Workstation Database	1433 [Protocol: TCP]*	

Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions

You will need administrator privileges on the local system to perform the installation and run the ECE services after installing the application.



Important: For all servers other than the ECE web server, you must use the same domain account to install the software environment and ECE. This account is also used to run the ECE services after installing the application (page 91). ECE web server can be installed in DMZ and can have a different domain account.

Setting Up Domain Account

Request your IT department to create the following accounts.



Caution: The recommendation is that you do not change the password of the Service Account and SQL Services Account after the application is installed. If you must change it, make sure that you update the login information for all Windows and MSSQL services that use these accounts.

Account Type	Description	Privileges Required
Installation Account	You will use this account to install ECE. This account will also be used in future to install ECE updates and do version upgrades.	Administrator
	This can be an existing user with Administrator privileges on the server.	
Service Account	This account is used to run the ECE Windows service after installing the application.	Log on as Service
	This is an exclusive user for use by the ECE application.	
SQL Services Account	Dedicated domain user account for configuring and running SQL server services.	Log on as Service
	This is an optional account. You would create this account If you do not want the Service account to be used for running SQL services.	
	This is an exclusive user for use by the ECE application.	
Manage Services Account	This account is used to start and stop the ECE service. This can be a local user or domain user.	Manage Service
	This can be an existing user with Manage Service privileges on the server.	

Configuring Permissions on Active Directory Server

If you are using Windows authentication database connectivity, or the configuration includes more than one database server VMs, perform these additional tasks on the Active Directory server. You will need administrator privileges to complete these tasks. Contact your IT administrator for assistance if required.

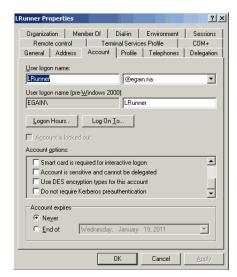
To configure permissions:

1. Go to **Start > Run > Command** to launch the command window and run the following command. This sets the Service Principal Names (SPN) to the domain account for MSSQL service on the database servers.

```
setspn - A MSSQLSvc/HOST:PORT accountname
setspn - A MSSQLSvc/HOST:instancename accountname
```

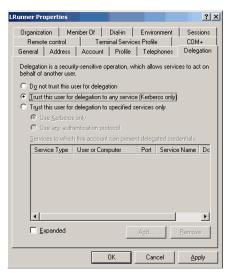
Run this command for both short and fully qualified host names for all database servers. Use the SQL Services Account for these tasks. If you did not create one, use the Service Account (page 28). For example, if there are two database servers, serv234 and serv235, with instance name as MSSQLSERVER and port as 1433, with the user account SQLSERVICEUSER in the domain1 domain, then run the following commands. If you are using Always On Availability Group clustering, then use the Listener Name (page 149) instead of the server name.

- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv234.company.na:1433 domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv234.company.na:MSSQLSERVER domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv234:1433 domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv234:MSSQLSERVER domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv235.company.na:1433 domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv235.company.na:MSSQLSERVER domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv235:1433 domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- setspn -A MSSQLSvc/serv235:MSSQLSERVER domain1\SQLSERVICEUSER
- 2. Go to Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Active Directory Users and Computers.
- 3. Navigate to the domain user account used for MSSQL service on the database servers. Right-click and select **Properties**.
 - a. In the Properties window, click the Account tab. Ensure that the following options are not selected:
 - Account is sensitive and cannot be delegated.
 - Do not require Kerberos preauthentication.



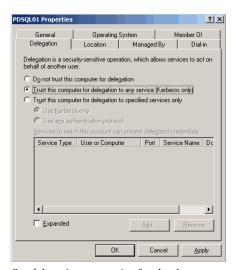
Set account properties for domain user account

Click the Delegation tab. Ensure that the domain user account is trusted for delegation.



Set delegation properties for domain user account

In the Active Directory Users and Computers tree, navigate to the database server. Ensure that it is trusted for delegation. Repeat this step for each database server.



Set delegation properties for database server

Setting up Distributed File System (DFS)

You need to perform this task if you are planning an HA deployment. For details, see "Appendix A: Distributed File System Configuration" on page 142.

Enabling PowerShell Remote Commands

Perform these tasks on the file server and reports database server.

To enable PowerShell remote commands:

- 1. On the file and reports database servers, ensure the Windows service Windows Remote Management Service is running. If file server is going to be installed on NAS or DFS, then run this service on the server from where you will install the file server and the databases.
- 2. On the reports database server, start powershell as an administrator. Run the following command Enable-PSRemoting -Force. This will enable the PowerShell Remoting (PSRemoting) Feature.
 - The following two steps are required only when the file and databases servers are going to be installed on separate VMs.
- 3. On the file server, add the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the reports database server in the list of trusted hosts in Windows Remote Management Service (WinRM). If file server is going to be installed on NAS or DFS, then perform this task on the server from where you will install the file server and the databases. Sample powershell command: winrm s winrm/config/client 'a{TrustedHosts="ReportsDB.company.com"}'
- 4. On the reports database server, add the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the file server in the list of trusted hosts in Windows Remote Management Service (WinRM). If file server is going to be installed on NAS or DFS, then add the server from where you will install the file server and the databases. Sample powershell command: winrm s winrm/config/client 'a{TrustedHosts="FileServer.company.com"}

Preparing Database Server VMs

Setting up for Always On Availability Group Clustering

You need to perform this task if you are planning an HA deployment. For details, see "Appendix B: SQL Always-On Configuration" on page 145.



Important: The High Availability feature is available only for installations using Enterprise Edition of MSSQL.

Installing SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

Install SSMS tool on the database server. Install a version that is compatible with Microsoft SQL 2016. Refer the Microsoft documentation for details about doing this task.

Verifying Microsoft SQL Server Features

Ensure that the following Microsoft SQL Server features are installed.

- Instance Feature:
 - Database Engine Services > Full Text and Semantic Extraction for Search
- Shared Features
 - Client Tools Connectivity
 - **Integration Services**
 - Client Tools SDK
 - SOL Client Connectivity SDK

Verifying Collation Settings

Collation settings are typically chosen while installing SQL Server 2016. Since collations specify the rules for how strings of character data are sorted and compared, based on particular languages, a particular type of collation is required for the application to process and present information accurately.

On the Collation settings screen, choose SQL Collations and select the following option: **Dictionary order**, case-insensitive, for use with 1252 Character Set. For example, SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_C1_AS. Although this is the recommended collation, it is not mandatory. Any ASCII, case insensitive collation can be used. If you have already installed SQL Server 2016, consult your DBA and verify that the collation setting chosen is ASCII (case insensitive). The application databases will be installed using the collation that is configured for MSSQL Server.

Creating SQL User for Installing ECE Databases

Skip this section if you want to use the default SA user to install the ECE databases.

▶ Create a user for installing the ECE databases and make sure the following roles are assigned to the user: dbcreator, securityadmin, sysadmin

Assigning Permissions to Domain User

Give sysadmin permission to the Service Account created for running the application. If you have created a separate **SQL Service Account** for the database services, then assign the permission to that user (page 28).

Configuring Database Servers

Skip this section if the reports database is on the same instance as the active and master databases. If any database is on a different instance, consult your administrator and verify that:

 All database server VMs used in the configuration are in the same domain as all the other Enterprise Chat and Email servers.

- All databases must be either on named instances or on default instances. For example, if you are using the default instance for the active and master databases, then use the default instance for the other databases as well.
- If you are using Windows authentication, also ensure that the steps outlined in the following section have been completed: "Configuring Permissions on Active Directory Server" on page 29. After you have completed these tasks, you should be able to run a linked server query on each database from a third machine acting as a SQL client.
- Enable mixed-mode authentication if you plan to use SQL authentication for database connectivity.

Configuring Microsoft DTC Settings

The Microsoft Distributed Transaction Coordinator (DTC) service, a component of Microsoft Windows, is responsible for coordinating transactions that span multiple resources like databases. MSDTC settings must be configured on all the database servers in a configuration.

Enable network DTC access on each database server VM.

To enable network DTC access:

- 1. Go to Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Component Services.
- 2. In the console tree, browse Component Services > Computers > My Computer > Distributed Transaction Coordinator > Local DTC.
- 3. Right-click Local DTC and from the menu select Properties.
- 4. In the Local DTC Properties window, go to the Security tab and set the following:
 - In the Security Settings section, select the following two options:
 - **Network DTC Access**
 - **Enable XA Transactions**
 - b. Within the Network DTC Access section, select the following four options:
 - **Allow Remote Clients**
 - **Allow Remote Administration**
 - **Transaction Manager Communication Allow Inbound**
 - **Transaction Manager Communication Allow Outbound**
 - c. In the DTC Logon Account section, set the value in the **Account** field to **NT** Authority\NetworkService.

Click OK.

- 5. In the DTC Console Message box, click Yes.
- 6. Restart the machine.
- 7. Go to Start > All Programs > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 8. In the Services window, locate the following two services and stop them.
 - Distributed Transaction Coordinator
 - **SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)** for Microsoft SQL 2016.

- 9. Now, start the two services in the following order:
 - a. Distributed Transaction Coordinator
 - b. **SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)** for Microsoft SQL 2016.
- 10. Next, go to Start > All Programs > Control Panel.
- 11. Open Windows Firewall, and in the Windows Firewall window, click the **Allow an app or feature through** Windows Firewall link.
- 12. In the Allowed Programs window, click the Change Settings link and select the Distributed Transaction Coordinator option. Click OK.

Configuring SQL Server Integration Service on the Reports Database

The application uses the functionality provided by the SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) to allow custom data to be available for inclusion in data extracts. Note that custom data is not available in the reports that are included out-of-the-box. There are three parts to completing this task:

- 1. Configuring permissions for user accounts. (page 35).
- 2. Verify **Replace a process-level token** privilege has been enabled for the server (page 35).
- 3. Finally, create a folder on the VM where all data files will be created by the application (page 36).

Configuring Permissions for User Accounts

This task is required while using Windows or SQL Authentication. Perform this task for the Install Account (page 29) created for installing the application.

To configure permissions:

- 1. From the SQL Management studio, add the user account to Security > Logins. Assign the sysadmin role to this user.
- 2. From the Computer Management Console, add this user to the Remote Management Users Group.

Verifying Server Privileges

Ensure that the "Replace a process level token" privilege is enabled for the NT Service\MSSQL Server.

To verify server privileges:

- 1. On the database server where the Reports database is to be installed, open the command prompt and run **gpedit.msc**. The Local Group Policy Management Editor opens.
- 2. Navigate to Local Computer Policy > Windows Settings > Security Settings > Local Policies > User Right Assignment > Replace a process level token.
- 3. From the policy list, double-click **Replace a process level token**.
- 4. In the window that opens, click the **Add User or Group...** button.
- 5. Add the NT_SERVICE\DB_Instance_Name service account to the privilege.

- If you are using the default instance name for the reports database, it will be NT_SERVICE\MSSQLSERVER.
- If the reports database is installed with a named instance, add the service account NT_SERVICE\MSSQLDB Instance Name.
- 6. To apply your changes, restart the ECE server. If the privileges were already enabled on the service account, a reboot is not necessary.

Creating Directory for Data Files

▶ Create a directory on the reports server VM, for example, <code>D:\ssis_data</code> and ensure that the **SQL Services Account** that you have created for the ECE application has **write** and **modify** permissions on this folder. If you didn't create a **SQL Services Account**, check the permissions of the **Service Account** created for the ECE application (page 29).

Running Services

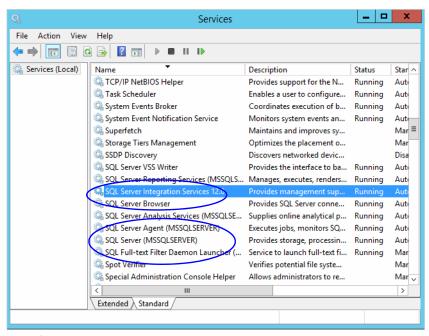
Make sure the following services are running. These services should be started using the **SQL Services Account** that you have created for the ECE application. If you didn't create a **SQL Services Account**, use the **Service Account** created for the ECE application (page 29).

- **▶** SQL Server Service
- SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher Service: This service is required for text searches.
- **SQL Server Agent Service:** This service is used by the Reports module.
- **SQL Server Integration Service:** This service is used by the Reports module.
- ▶ SQL Server Browser Service: In configurations where database servers are configured to run on named instances, and no listener port is configured, the SQL Server Browser service needs to be running when you run the installer. This service does not have to be running if the database servers are configured to run on the default instance. It is also not required if the database servers are configured to run on named instances, and specific, static listener ports are configured for the named instances.
- **Windows Remote Management Service:** This service is required only on the reports database.
- Distributed Transaction Coordinator Service

To start the services:

- 1. Go to Start > Programs > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. For all the services, do the following:
 - a. Select a service and right-click to open the menu.
 - b. From the menu select **Properties**.
 - c. In the Properties window, go to Log On tab and ensure the service is started using the correct domain account. These services should be started using the SQL Services Account that you have created for the ECE application. If you didn't create a SQL Services Account, use the Service Account created for the ECE application (page 29).

- 3. Ensure that the SQL Server Service, SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher, SQL Server Agent, Windows Remote Management Service, SQL Server Integration Service, and SQL Server Browser services are running.
- If they are not running, select the services one by one, and click **Start** to start the service.



Start the SQL services

Preparing Web Server VMs

Configuring Roles and Features

This task is performed automatically by the installation program. You can choose to do it manually before running the installation program.

Ensure that the following Roles and Features are installed for IIS.

- .NET Extensibility 4.6
- **ASP**
- **CGI**
- ISAPI Extensions
- **ISAPI** Filters
- Server Side Includes
- Static Content
- Static Content Compression
- **Dynamic Content Compression**

- Directory Browsing
- Default Document

Ensure that the following feature is *not* installed for IIS.

WebDAV Publishing

To install the roles and features:

- 1. Go to Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Server Manager.
- 2. In the Server Manager window, go to IIS section. In the IIS section, locate the Roles and Features section.
- 3. In the Role and Features section, check if the required role services are installed.
- 4. If any of the roles and features are not installed, from the Tasks menu, click the **Add Roles and Features** button and run through the wizard to install the missing services. In the Server Roles section, expand the **Web Server** (IIS) > **Web Server** list, and select the following:
 - In the Common HTTP Features list, select:
 - Default Document
 - Directory Browsing
 - Static Content
 - O In the Performance list, select:
 - Static Content Compression
 - Dynamic Content Compression
 - In the Application Development list, select:
 - .NET Extensibility 4.6
 - ASP
 - CGI
 - ISAPI Extensions
 - ISAPI Filters
 - Server Side Includes
- 5. In the Role and Features section, check if the **WebDAV Publishing** feature is installed. If the feature is installed, you need to uninstall it. From the Tasks menu, click the **Remove Roles and Features** button and run through the wizard to uninstall the feature.

Installing Modules on Web Servers

This task is performed automatically by the installation program. You can choose to do it manually before running the installation program.

The Application Request Routing and URL Rewrite modules are required to be installed on the web server. Download and install the modules from the Microsoft website. The installation programs are also available in the Environment\Web Server folder of the installation package. After installing the module, restart IIS.

Configuring Permissions on IIS Config Folder

Ensure that the user account you are going to use for installing the application (page 29) has read permissions on the following folder: %systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\config

Running the World Wide Web Publishing Service

On all VMs where the web server is to be installed, ensure that the World Wide Web Publishing Service is running.

Configuring Virus Scanners

Configuring SMTP Port in Virus Scanners

Ensure that the virus scanner is configured to allow emails to be sent through the SMTP port (Port 25). In a distributed installation, configure this setting on the services server and all application servers.

Configuring Virus Scanning Exclusions

To ensure that virus and malware scanning software on the servers do not interfere with the performance of the application, certain folders and files must be excluded from continuous virus scanning. Since no files are downloaded to these locations from the internet, it is safe to exclude these directories from virus scanning.

On the File, Messaging, Services, Application, and Web Servers

Follow the instructions for your virus scanning software to exclude the following folders and file types. On a Windows 2016 Server machine, these exclusions must also be setup for Windows Defender.

Item	Exclude Subfolders?	Execute permissions	
Windows File Protection		Read, Write	
All files of type LOG		Read, Write	
Pagefile.sys	No	Read, Write	
Drive\ECE_Home\	Yes [other than Storage]	Read, Write	
*.rll	No	Read, Write	

On the Database Servers

Follow the instructions for your virus scanning software to exclude the following folders and file types. On a Windows 2016 Server machine, these exclusions must also be setup for the **Windows Defender**.

Item	Exclude Subfolders?	Permissions
Windows File Protection		Read, Write
All files of type LOG, if any		Read, Write
Pagefile.sys	No	Read, Write
Drive:\Path_to_datafile	Yes	Read, Write
Drive:\Path_to_SSIS_d atafile	Yes	Read, Write
*.mdf	No	Read, Write
*.ldf	No	Read, Write
*.ndf	No	Read, Write
*.dat	No	Read, Write
*.rll	No	Read, Write

Verifying Unified CCE Configuration

- ▶ Verify that Unified CCE and Microsoft Active Directory (AD) have been installed on separate servers. Refer to Unified CCE documentation for more details.
- ▶ Verify that the Unified CCE and AD servers are in the same network as the ECE servers and are accessible from the ECE servers.
- ▶ Verify that the items to be used in ECE are configured in Unified CCE. These include:
 - Peripherals
 - Application Instance
 - Media Classes
 - Media Routing Domains (MRDs)
 - Network Voice Response Units (Network VRUs)
 - Call Type
 - Media Routing Peripheral Gateways (MR PGs)
 - Script Selector
 - Agent Peripheral Gateway (Agent PG)
 - Network Trunk Groups
 - Network Trunks

- Application Paths and Path Members
- Agents 0
- Skill Groups
- ICM Scripts
- Expanded Call Context (ECC) Variables
- CTI Gateways (CG)

For details, see "Preparing Unified CCE for the Integration" on page 42.

Preparing Unified CCE for the Integration

- ▶ Relationship Between Objects in Unified CCE and ECE
- Designing Your Installation
- ► Installing Unified CCE
- Setting up Agent Desktops for Voice Call Routing
- ► Planning Unified CCE Configuration
- ► Configuring Unified CCE
- ► Adding MR PIM for ECE
- Adding Agent PG PIM for ECE
- **▶** Adding CTI for ECE
- ▶ Configuring the System for Multiple Agent PGs
- **▶** Configuring Finesse

This chapter provides an overview of the process of setting up an integrated ECE-Unified CCE system. It includes a note about the relationship between objects in the two systems.

Relationship Between Objects in Unified CCE and **ECE**

This section provides a brief introduction to the relationship or "mapping" between objects that are used in both Unified CCE and ECE.

The following table provides a high-level view of the relationship between various objects.

Unified CCE object	Mapped in ECE to	Notes	
Agent Supervisor Administrator	User	 An agent belongs to a peripheral. A peripheral belongs to an agent peripheral gateway (PG). 	
Skill group	User group	 A skill group belongs to a peripheral. A peripheral belongs to an agent PG. 	
Media routing domain (MRD)	Queue (Only selected skill groups and PQs of the MRD)	Multiple queues can belong to a single MRD.	
Script selector	Queue	A script selector can belong to only one queue.	

Typically, the mapping between these objects is set up by using the import feature available in the ECE Administration Console. Once imported, these objects can be viewed from the department level nodes for these objects (Queues, Users, and User Groups) in the Administration Console in ECE.

Designing Your Installation

See the Enterprise Chat and Email Design Guide (for Unified CCE) to evaluate available deployment models and design the installation.

Installing Unified CCE

- Ensure that Unified CCE is installed and available for use. Verify that the following items are installed:
 - Unified CCE Instance
 - Call Router Side A
 - Call Router Side B
 - Logger Side A
 - Logger Side B

- Primary Admin Workstation
- Secondary Admin Workstation
- Historic Data Server
- Network Interface Controllers (NIC) (Only required for Pre-routing)
- Agent Peripheral Gateway (Agent PG)
- Media Routing Peripheral Gateway (MR PG)
- CTI Server
- CUIC Database
- Java Telephony Application Programming Interface (JTAPI)
- Cisco Finesse

See the following documents for help with installing and configuring the system:

- ▶ Getting Started with Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise
- ▶ Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise Installation Guide

Setting up Agent Desktops for Voice Call Routing

A phone account must be configured for agents to be able to log in to Finesse.

Planning Unified CCE Configuration

To integrate Unified CCE with ECE, multiple objects have to be configured in Unified CCE. The specific objects that have to be configured will depend on the activities (email, chat etc.) supported by the integrated installation. This section describes the objects required for each activity type—inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback.

For deployments migrating from earlier Unified CCE versions with ECE, customers can choose to create new Media Routing Domains and Media Classes for ECE or rename the existing ECE MRDs to match the ECE MRDs detailed in this guide, using the Media Routing Domain and Media Class List tools.

The following objects must be configured in the order in which they are presented here. For configuration details, refer to the following section: "Configuring Unified CCE" on page 45.

- 1. Application instance (page 45)
- 2. Media classes (page 46)
- 3. Media routing domains (MRD) (page 47)
- 4. Network voice response unit (Network VRU) (Not required for outbound email activities) (page 48)
- 5. Network voice response unit script (Network VRU script) (Not required for inbound email and outbound email activities) (page 49)
- 6. Call type (page 49)

- 7. Media routing peripheral gateway (MR PG) (page 49)
- 8. Agent desk settings (page 51)
- 9. Agent peripheral gateway (Agent PG) (page 51)
- 10. Application path (page 52)
- 11. Agents (page 53)
- 12. Skill groups (page 54)
- 13. Script selector (page 55)
- 14. Scripts (Not required for outbound email activities) (page 56)
- 15. Device target (Not required for inbound email, outbound email, and chat activities) (page 58)
- 16. Expanded Call Context (ECC) variables (page 59)
- 17. Cisco Finesse (page 66)

Configuring Unified CCE

This section describes the process of configuring Unified CCE objects that are required for the integration with ECE. These objects must be configured in the order in which they are presented here. For details of these objects refer to the Online Help and printed documentation for Unified CCE.

Configuring Application Instance

Application instances are configured for each installation of a multi-media feature in the configuration.

Configure a single application instance for integrating with ECE. This application instance is used for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

To configure an application instance:

- 1. Go to Start > All Programs > Cisco Unified CCE Tools > Administration Tools > Configuration Manager. You can also access the Configuration Manager using the Unified CCE Administration Tools desktop shortcut.
- In the Configuration Manager window, browse to **Tools > List Tools > Application Instance List.**
- Double-click Application Instance List.
- In the Application Instance List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve**. Then, in the Application Instance section, click Add.

A new entry is created in the Application Instance section and the Attributes tab becomes editable.

- On the Attributes tab, provide the following details:
 - **Name:** Provide a name for the application instance.
 - Application key: Provide a unique value for the key. Please note that ECE uses the application instance name and not the application key to connect to Unified CCE.

- Application type: Set it to **<Other>.**
- Permission level: Set it to Read only.

Click Save.

About Media Classes

A media class defines the type of requests you want to set up for routing on Unified CCE. Configure a media class for each media supported by the ECE deployment. A media class is required for creating MRDs. It helps categorize the MRDs based on media type (email, for example).

Create the following media classes:

- An email media class for inbound emails.
- An email media class for outbound emails.
- A chat media class for chat.
- ▶ Callback and Delayed callback use the existing Cisco_Voice media class, which is already created by the system.

Once a media-class for a particular media is created, all other objects required for that media class must also be configured.

For more details about Media Classes, see the *Scripting and Media Routing Guide for Cisco Unified ICM/Contact Center Enterprise* available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/customer-collaboration/unified-contact-center-enterprise/products-user-guide-list.html

Configuring Media Classes

To configure a media class:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Media Class List.
- 3. Double-click Media Class List.
- 4. In the Media Class List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.** Then, in the Media Class section, click **Add.**

A new entry is created in the Media Class section and the Attributes tab becomes editable.

- 5. On the Attributes tab, provide the following details:
 - Name: Provide a name for the media class. If the media class is meant to be used in ECE, use one of the following names. Note that the names of media classes are case sensitive. Make sure that you use the exact names as provided here.
 - ECE Email (for inbound email)
 - ECE_Outbound (for outbound email)
 - ECE_Chat (for chat)

Media classes are set in the ECE partition level setting - Media Classes - as ECE_Email, ECE Outbound, and ECE Chat. If you use names other than these, you must change them in the

partition level setting from the ECE Administration Console. Note that the names of media classes are case sensitive.

In the Task section, set the following.

- **Life:** Set the value to **300** seconds.
- **Start timeout:** Set the value to **30** seconds.
- Max Duration: Set the value to 28800 seconds.
- Click Save.

Configuring Media Routing Domains (MRDs)

An MRD is a collection of skill groups and services that are associated with a common communication medium. Unified CCE uses an MRD to route tasks to agents who are associated with a skill group and a particular medium. A media routing domain is created in Unified CCE for mapping to queues in ECE.

Create the following media routing domains:

- For inbound email media class, create only one email media routing domain.
- For outbound email media class, create only one email media routing domain.
- For chat, create only one chat media routing domain.
- ▶ For callback and delayed callback, use the existing voice media routing domain (Cisco_Voice) created by the system.

For more details about Media Routing Domains, see the Scripting and Media Routing Guide for Cisco Unified ICM/Contact Center Enterprise available at https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/customercollaboration/unified-contact-center-enterprise/products-user-guide-list.html

To configure a media routing domain:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Media Routing Domain List.
- 3. Double-click Media Routing Domain List.
- 4. In the Media Routing Domain List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.** Then, in the Media Routing Domain section, click Add.

A new entry is created and the Attributes tab becomes editable.

- 5. On the Attributes tab, provide the following details:
 - Name: Provide a name for the media routing domain.
 - Media class: Select a media class created for ECE (page 46). Make sure that you select the correct media class for the MRD. For example:
 - For inbound email MRD, select the ECE Email media class.
 - For outbound email MRD, the ECE Outbound media class.
 - For chat MRD, select the ECE Chat media class.

o Interruptible: You must select this option while creating MRDs for inbound and outbound emails.

Important: MRDs for emails cannot be non-interruptible.

In the Calls in Queue section, set the following:

Max: Defines the maximum number of activities to be queued for the MRD. Refer the *Solution Design Guide for Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise* for guidelines for maximum limits.

If agents are on holiday or the business is not available for elongated times to cater to emails due to Bank holiday, long weekends or other reasons, emails go into the Default Exception Queue as no agent was available in Unified CCE to cater to emails. This results in a lot of abandoned tasks in reporting.

Based on the business needs, it is recommended to update the **Max time in queue** value of inbound email MRD. It is recommended to put the value as **Total anticipated wait time/4**. Total anticipated wait time can be defined as the duration when the business is not able to respond to emails, for example, if it is a long weekend, then 3 days no agent is available + some buffer time of 2 hours before agents can start responding, so the value should be:

- 3 Days (3 * 24 * 60 * 60) = 259200 sec
- 2 Hours (2 * 60 * 60) = 7200 sec

Recommended value for Max time in queue = (259200 + 7200)/4 = 66600 sec

6. Click Save.

Configuring Network VRU

A Network VRU is required for supporting incoming activities to Unified CCE. Note that this Network VRU configuration has no relationship with any physical Network VRU existing in your environment.

Configure a single Network VRU for ECE. This network VRU is used by inbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities. It is not required for outbound email activities.

To configure a Network VRU:

- 1. Open the **Configuration Manager**.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > Network VRU Explorer.
- 3. Double-click Network VRU Explorer.
- 4. In the Network VRU window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.** Then, click [1] **Add Network VRU.**

A new entry is created and a new set of tabs appear.

- 5. On the Network VRU tab, provide the following details:
 - O Name: Provide a name for the network VRU.
 - O Type: Set it to Type 2.
- Click Save.

Configuring Network VRU Scripts

Configure Network VRU scripts if you want to display dynamic content to chat customers (for example, wait time, activity ID, etc) while chat requests are being processed by the system. This is an optional feature. The dynamic messages are configured in ECE (See page 141 for details). The name of the Network VRU script that is configured here is used while configuring the dynamic messages.

Network VRU scripts need to be configured only for chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

To configure a Network VRU script:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Network VRU Script List.
- 3. In the Network VRU Script List window, provide a Name and VRU script name and select the Network VRU created for ECE (page 48).
- Click the Save button.

Configuring Call Types

A call type is required to categorize a dialed number (for voice) or a script selector (for email). Call types are used in configuring routing scripts.

Individual call types are required for the following activities: inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities. Make sure you complete these steps for each type of activity.

To configure a call type:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Call Type List.
- 3. Double-click Call Type List.
- 4. In the Call Type List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.** Then, in the Call Type section, click Add.
 - A new entry is created and the Attributes tab becomes editable.
- 5. On the Attributes tab, in the **Name** field, provide a name for the call type. Click **Save.**

Configuring Media Routing Peripheral Gateways (MR PGs)

An MR PG handles new activity routing requests initiated by ECE, over the connection established by the embedded MR PIM (side A or side B). The MR PG provides routing instructions to ECE, while the Agent PG is used to report agent state and status to Unified CCE. Also note that agents are not configured on MR PG. They are always configured on the Agent PG.

Configure a single MR PG for ECE. This MR PG is used for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

The MR PG configuration involves three steps:

▶ Configuring MR PG using the Configuration Manager: The details are described in this section.

- Installing MR PG: For details, see the Unified CCE Installation Guide.
- ▶ Creating MR PIM for the installed MR PG: You need to create a single MR PIM for ECE. For details, see the Unified CCE Installation Guide. While creating the MR PIM, you are asked to provide the Application Connection Port number. As a best practice, use a port number that is greater than 2000. This port number is required while configuring the External Agent Assignment Server (EAAS) (page 140).

To configure a media routing peripheral gateway (MR PG):

- 1. Open the **Configuration Manager**.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > PG Explorer.
- 3. Double-click PG Explorer.
- 4. In the PG Explorer window, in the Select filter data section, click Retrieve. Then, click [1] Add PG.
- 5. On the Logical Controller tab, provide the following details:
 - Name: Provide a name for the media routing peripheral gateway.
 - Client type: Set it to MediaRouting.
- 6. Click [2] Add Peripheral.

A new set of tabs appear.

- 7. On the Peripheral tab, provide the following details:
 - Client type: Select MediaRouting.
 - Default desk settings: Select None.
 - Enable Post Routing: Select the option.
- 8. On the Advanced tab, in the **Network VRU** field, from the dropdown list, select the Network VRU configured for ECE (page 48).
- 9. On the Routing client tab, provide the following details:
 - O Name: Provide a name for the routing client.
 - O Default media routing domain: From the dropdown list, select None.
 - O Default call type: From the dropdown list, select None.
 - Client type: Set it to MediaRouting.

Click Save.

- 10. On the Default route tab, in the **Media Routing Domain** field, ensure that the Route: field is set to **None**.
- 11. Click **Save**. Note down the Logical controller ID generated in the Logical Controller tab. It is needed while configuring MR PIM.



Configuring Agent Desk Settings

Agent desk settings are a common set of properties for a group of agents working on voice call requests. This is required for configuring an Agent PG. At least one Agent Desk Setting must be configured for ECE.

To configure agent desk settings:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Agent Desk Settings List.
- 3. Double-click Agent Desk Settings List.
- 4. In the Agent Desk Settings List window, in the Select filter data section, click Retrieve. Then, in the Agent Desk Settings section, click Add.
 - A new entry is created and the Attributes tab becomes editable.
- 5. On the Attributes tab, in the **Name** field, provide a name for the agent desk setting group. Click **Save.**

Configuring Agent Peripheral Gateway (Agent PG)

An Agent PG is required for creating one or more peripherals that manage agent distribution within Unified CCE. Configure an Agent PG using the Configuration Manager and then install it on the appropriate machine.

These Agent PGs are used for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

Note that you can also use an existing Agent PG if it is of the type Call Manger/Soft ACD.

To configure an agent peripheral gateway:

- 1. Open the **Configuration Manager.**
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > PG Explorer.
- 3. Double-click **PG Explorer**.
- 4. In the PG Explorer window, in the Select filter data section, click Retrieve. Then, click [1] Add PG.
- 5. On the Logical Controller tab, provide the following details:
 - Name: Provide a name for the agent peripheral gateway.
 - Client type: Set it to CUCM or Generic.
 - Primary CTI address: Provide the address of the primary CTI server in the format IP_Address:Port_Number. You can either provide the IP address, or the host name. You do not need to configure this option if you are using Unified CCE 12.0(1).
 - Secondary CTI address: Provide the address of the secondary CTI server in the format IP_Address:Port_Number. You can either provide the IP address, or the host name. The secondary CTI address is needed only if the Unified CCE system is duplexed. You do not need to configure this option if you are using Unified CCE 12.0(1).
- 6. Click [2] Add Peripheral.

A new set of tabs appear.

7. On the Peripheral tab, do the following:

- **Default desk settings**: From the dropdown list, select the agent desk settings configured for ECE (page 51).
- **Enable post routing:** Select the option.
- On the Routing client tab, in the **Name** field, provide a name for the routing client.
- 9. On the Agent Distribution tab, do the following:
 - a. Click New.
 - b. Select the **Enable agent reporting** option.
 - c. Select the **Agent event detail** option.
 - d. In the Currently Selected Site section, set the following:
 - Administration & Data Server site name: Provide the host name of the machine where distributor is installed.
 - **Agent Real time data:** Select the option.
- 10. Click Save.

Configuring Application Path

An application path is required to open a communication channel with a CTI server associated with an Agent PG. It is used for agent and task status reporting. For each Agent PG, create an application path that ECE will use to connect to the Agent PG. You *must* create a new application path for ECE.

Create a single application path and add all the MRD-peripheral combinations for the Agent PG to the application path member list. The application path is used for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

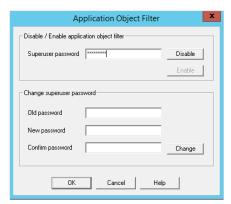
Access to the application object filter is restricted. Log in as a super user to enable or disable the application object filter. For details about the super user password, see the Configuration Guide for Cisco Unified ICM/Contact Center Enterprise available at

https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/custcosw/ps1844/products_installation_and_configuration_guides_lis t.html

To configure an application path:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, from the menu, go to Options > Application Object Filter.

3. In the Application Object Filter window, in the Disable / Enable application object filter section, in the Superuser password field, provide the password of the superuser and click the Disable button. Click OK.



Provide the password of the superuser

- 4. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Application Path List.
- 5. Double-click Application Path List.
- 6. In the Application Path List window, in the Select filter data section, in the Application Instance field select the application instance configured for ECE (page 45). Click **Retrieve**.
- 7. In the Application Path section, click **Add.**

A new entry is created and the Attributes tab becomes editable.

- 8. On the Attributes tab, provide the following details:
 - Application Instance: From the dropdown list, select the application instance configured for ECE
 - **Peripheral Gateway:** From the dropdown list, select an agent peripheral gateway configured for ECE (page 51).
 - O Name: This field is auto-populated.

In the Application Path Members section, click the **Add** button and set the following:

- **Peripheral:** From the dropdown list, select the agent peripheral configured for ECE (page 51).
- Media routing domain: From the dropdown list, select an MRD configured for ECE (page 47).

Add all the MRD-peripheral combinations for the Agent PG to the application path member list.

Click Save.

- 9. In the Configuration Manager window, go to **Options > Application Object Filter.**
- 10. In the Application Object Filter window, in the Disable / Enable application object filter section, click the Enable button. Click OK.

Configuring Agents

An agent is created in Unified CCE for mapping to users in ECE. Create all agents for whom routing or reporting is done in Unified CCE. If you plan to use Precision Routing, you need to assign attributes to agents. For details, see "Assigning Attributes to Agents" on page 61.

Create agents for handling inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

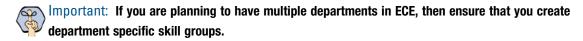
To configure an agent:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > Agent Explorer.
- 3. Double-click Agent Explorer.
- 4. In the Agent Explorer window, in the Select filter data section, in the **Peripheral** field select an agent peripheral. Click **Retrieve.**
- 5. Click the [1]Add Agent button.

A new entry is created and a new set of tabs appear.

- 6. On the Agent tab, provide the following details:
 - o **Enable logins:** Select the option.
 - Enable Single sign-on (SSO): Select this option if you want to use single sign-on for the agent.
 Password fields are disabled if you select this option.
 - First name: Provide the first name.
 - Last name: Provide the last name.
 - Login name: Provide the login name for the agent. For callback and delayed callback agents, the login name should match the User ID provided while configuring End users from the Cisco Unified Communication Manager Administration user interface.
 - Password: Provide the password for the agent. Make sure the password does not contain the following characters: = (equal to) and; (semicolon) as ECE does not allow the users to login if these characters are present in the passwords. Password fields are disabled if single sign-on option is selected for the agent.
 - Enterprise name: This field is auto-populated.
- 7. Click Save.

Configuring Skill Groups



A skill group is created in Unified CCE for mapping to user groups in ECE. The skill group members (agents) are administered and managed in Unified CCE. A skill group (with associated skill group members) is used in scripts to facilitate routing through Unified CCE to the skill group. This is used for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities.

To configure a skill group:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > Skill Group Explorer.
- 3. Double-click Skill Group Explorer.

- 4. In the Skill Group Explorer window, in the Select filter data section, select an agent peripheral. Click Retrieve.
- 5. Click the [1]Add Skill group button.

A new entry is created and a new set of tabs appear.

- 6. On the Skill Group tab, provide the following details:
 - Media routing domain: From the dropdown list, select an MRD configured for ECE (page 47).
 - **Peripheral number:** Provide a unique peripheral number.
 - **Peripheral name:** Provide a name for the skill group.
 - **Name:** This field is auto-populated.
 - **ICM picks the agent:** Select the option.
- 7. On the Skill Group Members tab, do the following:
 - a. Click the **Add** button.
 - b. From the Add Skill Group Member window, select the agents to be added in the skill group. Click **OK.**
- 8. Click the **Add Route** button.

A new tab appears.

9. On the Route tab, in the Name field provide the name for the route and click Save.

Configuring Dialed Number/Script Selectors

A script selector is a keyword that identifies the routing script for an activity request from ECE to Unified CCE. Script selectors are used in routing scripts as part of the **Dialed Number** node.

Individual script selectors are required for the following activities: inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities. Make sure to complete these steps for each type of activity.



Important: If you are planning to have multiple departments in ECE, then ensure that you create department specific script selectors.

To configure a script selector:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Dialed Number/ Script Selector List.
- 3. Double-click Dialed Number/ Script Selector List.
- 4. In the Dialed Number/ Script Selector List window, in the Select filter data section, in the Routing client field select the routing client configured for MR PG (page 50). Click Retrieve.
- 5. In the Dialed Number/ Script Selector section, click Add.

A new entry is created and the Attributes tab becomes editable.

6. On the Attributes tab, provide the following details:

- Routing client: From the dropdown list, select the routing client configured for the MR PG in step 9 in "Configuring Media Routing Peripheral Gateways (MR PGs)" on page 49.
- Media routing domain: From the dropdown list, select the MRD configured for ECE (page 47).
- Name: Provide a name for the script selector.
- 7. Click the Dialed Number Mapping tab. Click Add.
- 8. On the Dialed Number Map Entry window, associate the script selector with a call type.
- 9. Click **OK** to save the entry. Then click **Save** to save the script selector configuration.

Creating Scripts

A routing script determines the path and target object for an activity routed from ECE to Unified CCE. Individual routing scripts are required for the following activities: inbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities. Make sure to complete these steps for all these activities. You do not need routing scripts for outbound email activities.

Universal queues and Precision queues can be used in the scripts configured for ECE. Precision queues cannot be used if you are using Unified CCE 11.0(1) version.

For details about creating universal queues, see the *Scripting and Media Routing Guide* for Unified CCE available at https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/custcosw/ps1844/products_user_guide_list.html. Make sure to use the guide that matches the version of the product that you are using. To find the right version, refer to the *Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise (Unified CCE) Software Compatibility Guide* available at https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/sw/custcosw/ps1844/products_device_support_tables_list.html.

For details about configuring Precision Routing, see "Configuring Precision Routing" on page 60.

To use the Personalized Activity Assignment feature available in ECE, you need to create some addition objects (Enterprise Skill Groups and Enterprise Routes) and the scripts need to be configured a certain way. For details, see "Creating Objects in Unified CCE for Personalized Activity Assignment" on page 61.

The following procedure shows how to set up a particular script. To find out more about setting up different types of scripts to meet your routing requirements, see the *Scripting and Media Routing Guide* for Unified CCE.

To create a script:

- 1. Go to **Start > All Programs > Cisco Unified CCE Tools > Administration Tools > Script Editor.** You can also access the **Script Editor** using the Unified CCE Administration Tools desktop shortcut.
- 2. In the Script Editor window, click the New button.

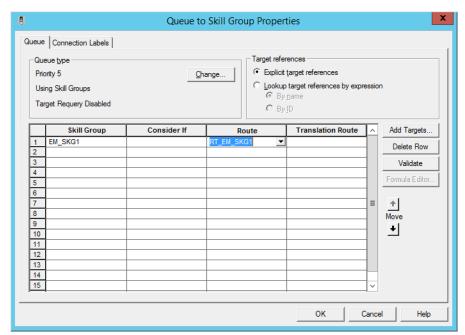
3. In the Create A New Script window, select the **Routing script** option.



Select the Routing Script option

A new script editor opens. The Start node is added by default to the script editor.

- 4. In the Script Editor window, go to View > Palette.
 - The Palette window opens.
- 5. In the Palette window, on the Queue tab, click the Queue button, and click in the script editor. The Queue to Skill Group node is added to the script editor.
- 6. Double-click the Queue to Skill Group node to open the Queue to Skill Group Properties window.
- 7. In the Queue to Skill Group Properties window, on the Queue tab, in the Skill Group column, select a skill group.



Select a skill group

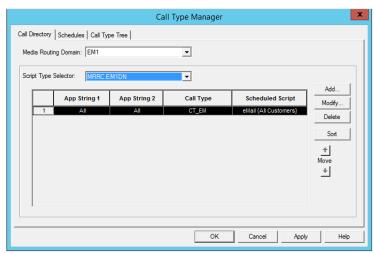
- 8. Next, in the Palette window, on the General tab, click the Line Connector button and configure the success and error paths for each node. This creates the routing path of the script.
- 9. Click the Validate Script button to check if the script is created properly. If there are any errors, fix them.
- 10. Click the **Save** button to save the script.

To display dynamic content (page 141) to chat customers (for example, wait time, activity ID, etc.) while chat requests are being processed by the system, ensure that the Run External Script node is configured.

11. In the ICM script, add the Run External Script node and select the Network VRU script created on page 49.

After creating a script, map the script to a call type, MRD, and script selector. Also set the run schedule for the script.

- 12. In the Script Editor window, go to **Script > Call Type Manager.**
- 13. In the Call Type Manager window, in the Call Directory tab, do the following:
 - a. In the Media Routing Domain field, from the dropdown list, select the MRD configured for ECE (page 47).
 - b. In the Script Type Selector field, from the dropdown list, select the script selector created for the MRD (page 55).
 - c. Next, click the **Add** button. The Add Call Type Selector Entry window appears. In the Call type field, select the call type configured for ECE (page 49). Click **OK**.



Map the script to a call type, MRD, and script selector

- 14. In the Call Type Manager window, in the Schedule tab, do the following:
 - a. In the Call type field, from the dropdown list, select the same call type you selected in Step 13.
 - b. Next, click the **Add** button. In the Add Call Type Schedule window that appears, do the following:
 - i. In the Script tab, select the script configured for ECE (page 56).
 - ii. In the Period tab, set a schedule for the script.
 - iii. Click OK.
- 15. Click **OK** to close the Call Type Manager window.

Configuring Device Targets



Important: Skip this section if you are using Agent targeting rules.

Individual device targets are required for routing voice calls for callback and delayed callback activities. Complete these steps for all these activities. Device targets are not needed for inbound email, outbound email, and chat activities.

To configure a device target:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Explorer Tools > Device Target Explorer.
- 3. Double-click **Device Target Explorer**.
- 4. In the Device Target Explorer window, click **Add Device Target.**
- 5. Provide the name and global address, which is the host name of the Unified CCE server followed by the agent extension, in the following format: Unified_CCE_Server Agent_Extension
- 6. Provide the configuration parameter in the following format. The string before the agent extension must be exactly as specified: /devtype CiscoPhone /dn Agent_Extension
- Click the Add Label button.

The Label tab appears.

- 8. On the Label tab, set the following:
 - **Routing client:** From the dropdown list, select the MR PG configured for ECE (page 49).
 - Label: Provide the name of the label. The label name must be the Agent_Extension.
- 9. Click Save.

Configuring Expanded Call Context (ECC) Variables

ECC variables are used in Unified CCE scripts to facilitate and influence routing. ECC variables have a maximum length of 256 characters. Both Scalar and Array ECC variables are supported.

ECC variables are required for inbound email, outbound email, chat, callback, and delayed callback activities. Create the following ECC variables:

- For chat, inbound and outbound email activities: user.ece.activity.id
- For callback and delayed callback activities: user.ece.activity.id, user.ece.customer.name



Important: The two ECC variables (user.ece.activity.id and user.ece.customer.name) in ICM are arphi automatically added to the default ECC variable payload if there no other payloads configured. However, if you have already configured multiple payloads, the variables are not added to any of them, and you need to add them manually to the default payload.

To configure an ECC variable:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > Miscellaneous Tools > System Information.
- 3. In the System Information window, in the General section, select the **Expanded call context enabled** option. Click Save.

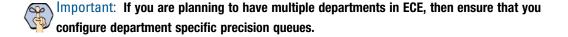
- 4. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Expanded Call Variable List.
- 5. Double-click Expanded Call Variable List.
- 6. In the Expanded Call Variable List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve**. Then, in the Expanded Call Variable section, click the **Add** button.
- 7. Type the name and length of the ECC variable. A maximum of 256 characters are allowed. Make sure to use the exact names as provided here.
 - o user.ece.activity.id (needed for all types of activities)
 - user.ece.customer.name (needed for callback and delayed callback activities)
- 8. Click Save.

Configuring Precision Routing

Precision Routing provides multidimensional routing with simple configuration, scripting, and reporting. For details about Precision Routing, see the **Precision Queues** chapter in *Administration Guide for Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise*.

To configure precision routing, create the following objects:

- 1. Create attributes (page 60)
- 2. Assign attributes to agents (page 61)
- 3. Create precision queues (page 61)
- 4. Add precision queue node to the scripts (page 61)



Creating Attributes

To create an attribute:

- 1. Launch the CCE Web Administration page, using the URL: https://server Name/cceadmin/
- 2. Login using the administrator credentials.
- 3. Navigate to **Organization > Skills.** Click the Attributes tab to configure attributes.
- 4. In the Attributes tab, click New.
- 5. In the **Name** field, type a unique attribute name.
- 6. From the **Type** dropdown list, select the type of attribute, which can be **Boolean** or **Proficiency**.
- 7. From the **Default** dropdown list, select from **True** or **False** for **Boolean** or a number between 1-10 for **Proficiency**.
- 8. Click Save.

Assigning Attributes to Agents

To assign attributes to agents:

- 1. Launch the CCE Web Administration page, using the URL: https://server_Name/cceadmin/
- 2. Login using the administrator credentials.
- 3. Navigate to Users > Agent.
- 4. In the list of agents, select an agent to assign attributes.
- 5. On the Attributes tab add the required attributes to agent and set the values for the attributes. click **Save**.

Creating Precision Queues

To create a precision queue:

- 1. Launch the CCE Web Administration page, using the URL: https://server_Name/cceadmin/
- 2. Login using the administrator credentials.
- 3. Navigate to **Organization > Skills.** Click the Precision Queues tab.
- 4. In the Precision Queues tab, click New.
- 5. On the New Precision Queue page, provide the following details:
 - a. Provide a name for the queue.
 - b. Select a Media Routing Domain (page 47) created for ECE.
 - c. Set the values for Service Level Type, Service Level Threshold, Agent Order, Bucket Interval to meet your business needs.
 - d. Create the steps for the precision queue and in the expressions use the attributes created for ECE.

Adding Precision Queue Node to the Scripts

In the scripts for ECE, add the precision Queue node. For details about doing this task see the **Precision Queues** chapter in the Administration Guide for Cisco Unified Contact Center Enterprise.

Creating Objects in Unified CCE for Personalized Activity Assignment

The personalized activity assignment feature in ECE allows you to assign activities pertaining to a case to the agent who last sent a response for that case. For details about personalized activity assignment settings and how to configure these in ECE, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console. Along with these settings in ECE, you need to configure the scripts in Unified CCE in a certain way to support personalized activity assignment.

Create the following objects in Unified CCE:

- 1. Create Enterprise Skill Groups (page 62).
- Create an Enterprise Route (page 62).

3. Add the Queue to Agent node in the routing script (page 62).

Creating Enterprise Skill Group

To create enterprise skill groups:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Enterprise Skill Group List.
- 3. Double-click Enterprise Skill Group List.
- 4. In the Enterprise Skill Group List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.**
- 5. Click the **Add** button.

A new entry is created and the Attributes tab appears.

- 6. On the Attributes tab, do the following:
 - a. Provide a name for the enterprise skill group.
 - b. In the Skill Groups section, click the Add button and from the Add Skill Groups window, select the skill groups created for working on emails (page 54). Click **OK** to close the window.
- 7. Click the **Save** button.

Creating Enterprise Routes

To create enterprise routes:

- 1. Open the Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Configuration Manager window, browse to Tools > List Tools > Enterprise Route List.
- 3. Double-click **Enterprise Route List**.
- 4. In the Enterprise Route List window, in the Select filter data section, click **Retrieve.**
- 5. Click the **Add** button.

A new entry is created and the Attributes tab appears.

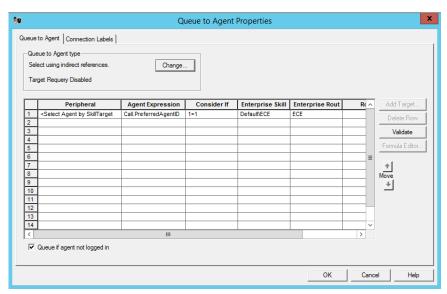
- 6. On the Attributes tab, do the following:
 - a. Provide a name for the enterprise route.
 - b. In the Routes section, click the Add button and from the Add Routes window, select the Routes created for emails (page 55). Click **OK** to close the window.
- 7. Click the **Save** button.

Adding the Queue to Agent Node in Scripts

To add the Queue to Agent Node in scripts:

1. Open the script you are using for routing emails in ECE.

- Add the **Queue to Agent** node in the script and configure the following:
 - Peripheral: Select the <Select Agent by SkillTargetID> option.
 - **Agent Expression:** Set the value as **Call.PreferredAgentID**.
 - **Consider If:** Set the value as **1=1**. c.
 - **Enterprise Skill Group:** Select the enterprise skill group created on page 62. d.
 - **Enterprise Route:** Select the enterprise route created on page 62.
 - **Queue** if agent not logged in: Select this option if personalized emails should queue when an agent is f. not available.
 - Click **OK** to close the window.



Configure the Queue to Agent node

Adding MR PIM for ECE

To add PG and PIM for MRPG:

- On the CCE Call Server on Side A, from Cisco Unified CCE Tools, click Peripheral Gateway Setup.
- On the Components Setup screen, in the Instance Components panel, click the Add button.
- On the Components Setup screen, in the Instance Components panel, click on peripheral gateway.
- In the Peripheral Gateways Properties screen, slosh client type as **Media routing**. Then click **Next**.
- In the Peripheral Interface Manager pane of the Peripheral Gateway Component Properties dialog box, click Add, select PIM1, and configure with the Client Type of Media Routing as follows:
 - Check Enabled.
 - In the **Peripheral name** field, enter **MR**.

- c. In the Peripheral ID field, enter the Peripheral ID for the Media Routing Peripheral Gateway that you are not using for any other purpose.
- d. In the **Application Hostname** (1) field, enter the hostname or the IP address of the ECE services server VM. If you have installed two services servers for high availability, provide the information for the primary services server on Side A.
- e. In the **Application Connection Port** (1) field, enter the port number on the ECE services server VM that the PIM will use to communicate with the application. The default port is 38001.
- f. In the **Application Hostname (2)** field, enter the enter the hostname or the IP address of the secondary ECE services server VM on Side B. Set this value only if you have installed two services servers for high availability.
- In the Application Connection Port (2) field, enter the port number on the ECE services server VM that the PIM will use to communicate with the application. The default port is 38001. Set this value only if you have installed two services servers for high availability.
- h. In the **Heartbeat interval** (sec) field, enter 5.
- In the **Reconnect interval** (sec) field, enter 10. i.
- Select the Enable Secured Connection option if you want to use the secure PII feature. You will be prompted to update the Application connection ports. Check the Port Utilization Guide for Cisco Unified Contact Center to find the port number to be used for secure connection.
- k. Click OK.
- 6. Accept defaults and click **Next** until the Setup Complete screen opens.
- 7. On the Setup Complete screen, check **Yes** to start the service. Then click **Finish**.
- 8. Click Exit Setup.

Repeat these steps for the CCE Call Server on Side B.

Adding Agent PG PIM for ECE

To add PG and PIM for Agent PG:

- 1. On the CCE Call Server on Side A, from Cisco Unified CCE Tools, click on Peripheral Gateway Setup.
- 2. On the Components Setup screen, in the Instance Components panel, click the **Add** button.
- Select peripheral gateway and click it. PG1A will be created.
- 4. On the Components Setup screen, in the Instance Components panel, click on peripheral gateway.
- In the Peripheral Gateways Properties screen, slosh client type as CUCM. Then click Next.
- 6. In the Peripheral Interface Manager pane of the Peripheral Gateway Component Properties dialog box, click Add, select PIM1, and configure with the Client Type of CUCM as follows:
 - Check Enabled.
 - b. In the **Peripheral name** field, enter **Agent PG**.

- c. In the **Peripheral ID** field, enter the Peripheral ID for the Agent PG that you are not using for any other purpose.
- d. In the CUCM section, provide the CUCM server details with username and password.
- e. Click the **OK** button.
- 7. Click **Next** until the Setup Complete screen opens.
- 8. On the Setup Complete screen, check Yes to start the service. Then click Finish.
- 9. Click Exit Setup.

Repeat these steps for the CCE Call Server on Side B.

Adding CTI for ECE

To add CTI for ECE:

- 1. On the CCE Call Server on Side A, from Cisco Unified CCE Tools, click on **Peripheral Gateway Setup**.
- 2. On the Components Setup screen, in the Instance Components panel, click the **Add** button.
 - The Component selection screen opens.
- 3. Click on CTI server. In the CTI server component screen, select the check box for secure port, if you want to use secure port. Click the Next button.
- 4. Click **Next** until the Setup Complete screen opens.
- 5. On the Setup Complete screen, check Yes to start the service. Then click Finish.
- 6. Click Exit Setup.

Repeat these steps for the CCE Call Server on Side B.

Configuring the System for Multiple Agent PGs

Multiple Agent PGs can be used for Unified CCE installations. Note that a unique application path and associated application path members are needed for each Agent PG. The application path is used by the EAMS Service to connect and communicate with the Agent PG.

To configure the system for multiple Agent PGs:

- 1. Create the Agent PGs. For Unified CCE installations, see page 51.
- 2. In Unified CCE, configure agents (page 53) and skill groups (page 54).
- 3. From the ECE Administration Console, add the new Agent PG. For each Agent PG that is added, a EAMS instance is created in the System Console. Refer to the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrators Guide to Administration Console for details about adding new Agent PGs.
- 4. Log in to the ECE System Console.

- 5. Browse to **Shared Resource** > **Services** > **Unified CCE** > **EAMS**. In the List pane, select the EAMS process. In the Properties pane, in the **Maximum number of instances** field increase the value to match the number of Agent PGs you are adding.
- 6. Browse to **Partitions** > *Partition*. In the Properties pane, on the Services tab, set the number of instances for the EAMS service to match the number of Agent PGs you are adding.

For details about steps 4-6, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to System Console.

Configuring Finesse

Agents always access ECE through Finesse. After installing ECE, configure Finesse to add the ECE gadget. For details about doing this task, "Configuring Finesse" on page 89.

Installation Process

- ► Installation Overview
- ► Installing ECE
- Installation Details

This chapter provides an overview of how to install the application. Before beginning the installation, ensure that you have complied with all the prerequisites listed in "Pre-Installation Tasks" on page 24.

Installation Overview

You can do a collocated deployment, where all components, except for the web server, are installed on the same VM and the web server is installed on a separate VM. The web server may be installed outside the firewall, if required. Or, you can do a distributed-server installation, where each component is installed on a separate VM.

When each component is on a different VM, the installation program is run on each server separately. Make sure you install the file server first, followed by the database server. Since the database is installed remotely, you can install both the file server and the database components at the same time. The program will ask you for the details of the database server as you work through the installation.

If you are installing two components, for example, application and services server components, on the same VM, make sure that you install both application server and services server at the same time. The installation program can only be run once per server.

The valid sequence for running the installation program is:

- 1. File server + database server
- 2. Messaging server
- 3. Application server
- 4. Web Server
- 5. Services server

If you plan to have multiple application and web servers, run the installer on all the VMs where these components need to be installed. If you plan to install a cluster of messaging servers, make sure you install all the messaging servers. Likewise, if you are planning to have two services server, then make sure you install both the services servers.

For 400 Agent Deployments

Install the components on two VMs:

- **VM-1:** File server, Database server, Messaging server, Application server, Services server
- ▶ VM-2: Web Server

For 400 Agent Deployments (HA)

Install the components on four VMs:

- Do Side A:
 - VM-1A: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node1), Database server (Always On Availability Group), Messaging server, Application server, Services server
 - VM-2A: Web Server

On Side B:

- VM-1B: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node2), Database server (Always On Availability Group), Messaging server, Application server, Services server
- VM-2B: Web Server

For 400+ Agent Deployments

Install the components on following VMs:

- **VM-1:** File server
- VM-2: Database server (active and master databases)
- **VM-3:** Database server (Reports database)
- **VM-4:** Messaging server
- **VM-5:** Services Server
- **VM-6-VM10:** Application server
- **VM-11-15:** Web Server

For 400+ Agent Deployments (HA)

Install the components on following VMs:

On Side A:

- VM-1A: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node1)
- **VM-2A:** Database server (active and master databases)
- VM-3A: Database server (reports database)
- VM-4A: Messaging server
- VM-5A: Services server
- VM-6A to VM-10A: Application server
- VMA-11A to VM-15A: Web Server

On Side B:

- VM-1B: File server (Windows Distributed File System Node 2)
- VM-2B: Database server (active and master databases)
- VM-3B: Database server (reports database)
- VM-4B: Messaging server
- VM-5B: Services server
- VM-6B to VM-10B: Application server
- VM-11B to VM-15B: Web Server

Installing ECE

This section talks about installing the application. In a distributed-server installation, repeat these tasks on all VMs in your configuration.

To install ECE:

1. Start the installation by using the physical installation media or a mounted ISO file. Run setup_wsjb.exe to launch the installation program.

Alternatively, you can create a temporary directory on any drive on your server. For example, C:\Temp: Copy the contents of the installation package to the Temp folder on your local machine where you are running the installer. Run setup_wsjb.exe from the C:\Temp\Application directory.

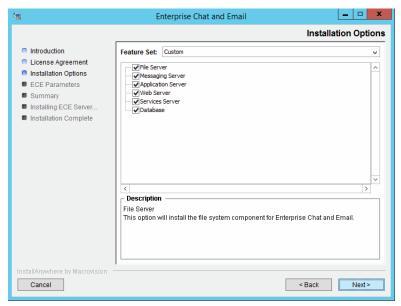
- 2. When the Introduction window appears, read the installation instructions. Click Next.
- 3. In the License Agreement window, review the licensing terms and select the **I accept the terms of the License Agreement** option. Click **Next**.



Read and accept the terms of the License Agreement

- 4. In the Installation Options window, select from the following components. Make sure you select all the components you wish to install. For details, see "Installation Overview" on page 68.
 - File Server
 - Messaging Server
 - Application Server
 - Web Server
 - Services Server
 - Database

Click Next.



Select installation options

Based on the components you choose to install, you will see a different set of screens. The installation program for ECE has on-screen help that describes the information that needs to be provided for each screen. If you need to refer to the fields that each screen displays, see the following sections.

- File Server Details on page 72
- Database Server Details on page 73 0
- Web Server Details on page 79
- Messaging Server Details on page 80 0
- Application Server Details on page 81
- Services Server Details on page 82
- Review the information displayed in the Summary window, and click Install.
- In the Install Complete window, click the **Finish** button to complete the installation process.

A summary of the installation is saved in Cisco_Home\eService\installation\logs\installation_summary_Server_Name.txt.

After the installation is completed, perform the post-installation tasks (page 83).

Installation Details

File Server Details

#	Field Name	Description	Value				
Ente	Enterprise Chat and Email Home Directory						
1.	File Server Directory/NAS path Provide the path of the directory where you would like to install Enterprise Chat and Email. For example, C:\Cisco, or \\SharedSpace\Cisco, if the file server is installed on a NAS device or DFS.						
		Note: Make sure that the path and folder name do not contain any of the following characters: *?<> +^"%`,@					
Dom	ain User Account Parameters						
2.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username					
3.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.					

File server details

Database Server Details

#	Field Name	Description	Value
File S	Sever Parameters		
1.	File Server Name/NAS Path	The fully qualified domain name of the file server. If the file server is installed on a NAS device or DFS, provide the path to the shared folder. For example, \\SharedSpace\Cisco. Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server.	
		the IP address of the server.	
Cisco	Application Context Root		
2.	Context Root Name	The name used to identify the document root of the Web Server. The context root of a web application determines which URLs are delegated to the web application.	system
		Note: Make sure there are no spaces or special characters in the name of the context root.	
Cisco	o System Administrator Accoun	ıt	
3.	User name	User name for the system administrator. This is the first user that gets created for accessing the system partition.	sa
4.	Password	Password for the system administrator. Note: The password should have at least eight characters and should be a mix of numbers and letters. For example, passworda123.	
		Do not use the following characters in the password: < (less than), > (greater than), ; (semi colon), : (colon), = (equal to), \ (back slash)	
Cisco	o Partition Administrator Accou	int and Partition Details	
5.	User name	User name for the partition administrator. This is the first user that gets created for accessing the business partition.	pa
6.	Password	Password for the partition administrator.	
		Note: The password should have at least eight characters and should be a mix of numbers and alphabets. For example, password@123.	
		Do not use the following characters in the password: < (less than), > (greater than), ; (semi colon), : (colon), = (equal to), \ (back slash)	
7.	Partition name	Name for the business partition. Make sure that the name does not contain any spaces or special characters. Also, the partition name should be different than the context root name.	default
8.	Description of partition	Description for the partition.	
Insta	llation Identifiers		

#	Field Name	Description	Value
9.	Unique name for this installation	Provide a unique name for this installation. For example: PROD, PRD1, TEST, TST2, or DEMO. The length of the name must be between 1 and 4 characters long. The name must not contain any spaces or special characters.	
10.	4-digit identifier for this installation	Provide a 4-digit numerical value, between 2001 and 9998, that will be used internally as system ID.	
Know	rledge Base Primary Language		
11.	Knowledge Base Primary Language	The default language for the Knowledge Base.	English (US)
Defau	ılt Notification Parameters		
12.	Default SMTP server	The SMTP server to be used to send email notifications.	
13.	Notification mail redirection from address	All notification emails are sent from this email address.	
14.	Notification mail redirection to address	All notification emails are sent to this email address.	
SQL S	Server Database Authentication		
15.	Authentication	Authentication type to be used while connecting to the database. Set the value as SQL Server Authentication mode or Windows Authentication mode. If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group Clustering, select the authentication type as Windows Authentication.	
		Note: If you selected Windows Authentication as the only mode of authentication while installing SQL Server, you must set the value as Windows Authentication mode.	
Mast	er Database Parameters		
16.	Server name	Name of the local or remote server on which you want to install the master database. If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, specify the Listener name (page 149).	
		Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address.	
17.	Database name	Name of the master database. The installation program creates a database with the name you provide here.	
18.	Server instance name	Name of the MSSQL Server instance to be used while creating the database. Set this value only if you are using a named instance, and not the default instance. If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance.	
19.	Database listener port	Port number of the MSSQL Server.	1433

#	Field Name	Description	Value
20.	Datafile path	Path to the folder on the database server, where you want to create the data file. For example, D:\MSSQL\Data.	
21.	Datafile initial size (MB)	Minimum size of the data file for the database.	100
22.	Datafile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the data file for the database.	Unlimited
23.	Datafile increment size (MB)	Additional file size limit that will be allocated to the database after the initial size is full.	10
24.	Logfile initial size (MB)	Minimum size of the log file.	25
25.	Logfile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the log file.	Unlimited
26.	Database administrator user name	User name of the database administrator for MSSQL Server. If you have created a separate user for installing Enterprise Chat and Email databases, provide the name of that user (page 33). Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
27.	Database administrator password	Password of the database administrator. Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
28.	Cisco Database user name	User name required to connect to the master database. The installation program creates the database and its user.	
29.	Cisco Database password	Password for the master database user.	
Activ	e Database Parameters		
30.	Server name	Name of the local or remote server on which you want to install the active database.	
		Note: It must be the same server on which the master database is installed.	
31.	Database name	Name of the active database. The installation program creates a database with the name you provide here.	
32.	Server instance name	Name of the MSSQL Server instance to be used while creating the database. This should match the value set for the master database instance name.	
33.	Database listener port	Port number of MSSQL Server. This should match the value set for the master database.	1433
34.	Datafile path	Path to the folder on the database server, where you want to create the data file. For example, C:\MSSQL\Data.	
35.	Datafile initial size (MB)	Minimum size of the data file for the database.	2048
36.	Datafile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the data file for the database.	Unlimited
37.	Datafile increment size (MB)	Additional file size limit that will be allocated to the database after the initial size is full.	500

#	Field Name	Description	Value
38.	Logfile initial size (MB)	Minimum size of the log file.	1024
39.	Logfile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the log file.	Unlimited
40.	Database administrator user name	User name of the database administrator for MSSQL Server. If you have created a separate user for installing Enterprise Chat and Email databases, provide the name of that user (page 33). Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
41.	Database administrator password	Password of the database administrator. Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
42.	Cisco Database user name	User name required to connect to the database. The installation program will create this user. Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
43.	Cisco Database password	Password for the database user. Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
Activ	e Database Filegroup Parameters	S	
44.	Filegroup Datafile 1 Name	Provide the name of the first file group to be created for the active database.	
45.	Filegroup Datafile 1 Path	Provide the location for the first filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
46.	Filegroup Datafile 2 Name	Provide the name of the second file group to be created for the active database.	
47.	Filegroup Datafile 2 Path	Provide the location for the second filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
48.	Filegroup Datafile 3 Name	Provide the name of the third file group to be created for the active database.	
49.	Filegroup Datafile 3 Path	Provide the location for the third filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
50.	Filegroup Datafile 4 Name	Provide the name of the fourth file group to be created for the active database.	
51.	Filegroup Datafile 4 Path	Provide the location for the fourth filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
Repo	rts Database Parameters		

53. Da 54. Da 55. Da 55. Da 56. Da 60. Lo 61. Lo	Patabase name Patabase server instance Patabase listener port Patafile path	Name of the local or remote server on which the reports database should be installed. If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, specify the Listener name for the reports database (page 149). Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server. Name of the reports database. The installation program creates a database with the name you type here. Name of the MSSQL Server instance to be used while creating the database. Set this value only if you are using a named instance, and not the default instance. Note: The name of the instance should match the name given when you verify the server privileges while configuring the SQL Server Integration Service (page 35). If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance. Port number of the MSSQL Server.	1433
54. Da 555. Da 557. Da 558. Da 60. Lo 61. Lo	latabase server instance latabase listener port latafile path	the IP address of the server. Name of the reports database. The installation program creates a database with the name you type here. Name of the MSSQL Server instance to be used while creating the database. Set this value only if you are using a named instance, and not the default instance. Note: The name of the instance should match the name given when you verify the server privileges while configuring the SQL Server Integration Service (page 35). If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance. Port number of the MSSQL Server.	1433
54. Da 555. Da 557. Da 558. Da 60. Lo 61. Lo	latabase server instance latabase listener port latafile path	Creates a database with the name you type here. Name of the MSSQL Server instance to be used while creating the database. Set this value only if you are using a named instance, and not the default instance. Note: The name of the instance should match the name given when you verify the server privileges while configuring the SQL Server Integration Service (page 35). If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance. Port number of the MSSQL Server.	1433
555. Da 556. Da 557. Da 558. Da 560. Lo 661. Lo	latabase listener port latafile path	creating the database. Set this value only if you are using a named instance, and not the default instance. Note: The name of the instance should match the name given when you verify the server privileges while configuring the SQL Server Integration Service (page 35). If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance. Port number of the MSSQL Server.	1433
56. Da 57. Da 58. Da 58. Da 660. Lo 661. Lo 662. Da 662.	atafile path	given when you verify the server privileges while configuring the SQL Server Integration Service (page 35). If you are using MSSQL Server Always On Availability Group clustering, provide the name of the Listener instance. Port number of the MSSQL Server. Path to the folder on the database server, where you want	1433
56. Da 57. Da 58. Da 58. Da 660. Lo 661. Lo 662. Da 662.	atafile path	Path to the folder on the database server, where you want	1433
57. Da 558. Da 559. Da 660. Lo 661. Lo 662. Da 662.	· 	, ,	
58. Da 59. Da 60. Lo 61. Lo	atafile initial size (MB)		1
59. Da 60. Lo 61. Lo 62. Da		Minimum size of the data file for the database.	1024
60. Lo 61. Lo	atafile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the data file for the database.	Unlimited
61. Lo	atafile increment size (MB)	Additional file size limit that will be allocated to the database after the initial size is full.	500
62. Da	ogfile initial size (MB)	Minimum size of the log file.	512
	ogfile maximum size (MB)	Maximum size of the log file.	Unlimited
	latabase administrator user ame	User name of the database administrator for MSSQL Server. If you have created a separate user for installing Enterprise Chat and Email databases, provide the name of that user (page 33). Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are	
		using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
	atabase administrator assword	Password of the database administrator.	
	4001101.4	Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
64. Ci:	isco Database user name	User name required to connect to the reports database. The installation program will create this user.	
		Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	
65. Ci:	isco Database password	Password for the database user.	
		Note: This property needs to be configured only if you are using the SQL Server Authentication mode.	

#	Field Name	Description	Value
66.	Filegroup Datafile 1 Name	Provide the name of the first file group to be created for the reports database.	
67.	Filegroup Datafile 1 Path	Provide the location for the first filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
68.	Filegroup Datafile 2 Name	Provide the name of the second file group to be created for the reports database.	
69.	Filegroup Datafile 2 Path	Provide the location for the second filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
70.	Filegroup Datafile 3 Name	Provide the name of the third file group to be created for the reports database.	
71.	Filegroup Datafile 3 Path	Provide the location for the third filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
72.	Filegroup Datafile 4 Name	Provide the name of the fourth file group to be created for the reports database.	
73.	Filegroup Datafile 4 Path	Provide the location for the fourth filegroup. Make sure you provide the path to the drive that is created for storing file groups.	
Repo	rts Database SSIS Parameters		
74.	SSIS Datafile Path	Provide the path of the SSIS Directory created on the reports database server (page 36). For example, D:\ssis_data	
75.	Domain User Name	User name of the Install Account created for use by the application. (page 29). User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username	
76.	Domain User Password	Password of the domain user account.	
Repo	rts Database SSIS Catalog Param	ieters	
77.	SSIS Catalog Encryption Password	Provide a password to encrypt the SSIS catalog.	
78.	Verify SSIS Catalog Password	Verify SSIS catalog encryption password.	
Doma	ain User Account Parameters		
79.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account you created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username	
80.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.	

Database server details

Web Server Details

The installation program automatically installs and configures IIS on the web server. If IIS is already installed, it will be used by the application. The installation program will check to see if all the required components and extensions are available. If not, it will prompt for confirmation to make changes to IIS. If you prefer to make these changes manually, follow instructions in "Preparing Web Server VMs" on page 37.

#	Field Name	Description	Value
Appl	ication Server Parameters		
1.	Application server name	Type the name of the application server for which you want to configure the web server.	
		Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server.	
2.	Jetty HTTP Port	Jetty HTTP listener port of the application server where all the HTTP requests are handled.	
		Note: This port should match the port number provided while installing the application server (page 81).	
Ente	rprise Chat and Email Directory	1	
3.	Enterprise Chat and Email Home Directory	Provide the path of the directory where you would like to install ECE. For example, C:\Cisco.	
		Note: Make sure that the path and folder name do not contain any of the following characters: $*?<> +^{"}\%',@$	
IIS V	Veb Site Parameters		
4.	IIS Web Site Name	Name of the IIS Web Site on which the application is to be configured.	Default Web Site
Cisc	o Application Context Root		
5.	Context Root Name	Provide the same context root name which was provided at the time of installing the Cisco database server (page 73).	
Ciso	o Partition Name		
6.	Partition Name	Provide the name for the business partition. Make sure you provide the same name which was provided at the time of installing the Cisco database server (page 73).	
Dom	ain User Account Parameters		
7.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account you created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username	
8.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.	

Web server details

Messaging Server Details

The installation program automatically installs and configures JDK and ActiveMQ as part of the installation. These software are installed in the *ECE Home* directory. For example, C:\Cisco\jdk.

#	Field Name	Description	Value			
File	File Server Parameters					
1.	File Server name/NAS Path	The fully qualified domain name of the file server. If the file server is installed on a NAS device or DFS, provide the path to the shared folder. For example, \\SharedSpace\Cisco.				
		Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server.				
Ente	rprise Chat and Email Home Dir	ectory				
2.	Enterprise Chat and Email Home Directory	Provide the path of the directory where you would like to install Enterprise Chat and Email. For example, C:\Cisco. The installation program also installs ActiveMQ and JDK at the same location.				
		Note: Make sure that the path and folder name do not contain any of the following characters: *?<> +^\"\%',@				
A a tin	veMQ Parameters					
ACU	veiviu raraillelers	1				
3.	ActiveMQ Port	ActiveMQ listener port used by JMS clients to connect to ActiveMQ messaging server. The port number can be between 1024-65535.	15097			
4.	Admin ActiveMQ Port	ActiveMQ Admin listener port used for administering and monitoring resources on the server. The port number can be between 1024-65535.	15096			
Dom	ain User Account Parameters					
	<u> </u>					
5.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account you created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username				
6.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.				

Messaging server details

Application Server Details

The installation program automatically installs and configures JDK and Jetty as part of the installation. These software are installed in the *ECE Home* directory. For example, C:\Cisco\jdk.

#	Field Name	Description	Value			
File	ile Server Parameters					
1.	File Server name/ NAS Path	The fully qualified domain name of the file server. If the file server is installed on a NAS device or DFS, provide the path to the shared folder. For example, \\SharedSpace\Cisco				
		Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server.				
Ente	rprise Chat and Email Home	Directory				
2.	Enterprise Chat and Email Home Directory	Provide the path of the directory where you would like to install ECE. For example, C:\Cisco. The installation program also installs Jetty and JDK at the same location.				
		Note: Make sure that the path and folder name do not contain any of the following characters: *?<> +^\"\%`,@				
Jetty	/ Parameters					
3.	Jetty HTTP port	Jetty HTTP listener port where all the HTTP requests are handled. The port number can be between 1024-65535.	9001			
4.	Jetty HTTP SSL Port	Jetty HTTPS listener port where all the SSL requests are handled. The port number can be between 1024-65535.	9002			
5.	Jetty Stop Port	Jetty shutdown command listener port. This port is used for issuing shutdown command to stop Jetty. The port number can be between 1024-65535.	15095			
Dom	Domain User Account Parameters					
6.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account you created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username				
7.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.				

Application server details

Services Server Details

The installation program automatically installs and configures JDK as part of the installation. JDK is installed in the ECE Home directory. For example, C:\Cisco\jdk.

#	Field Name	Description	Value		
File	ile Server Parameters				
1.	File Server name/NAS Path	The fully qualified domain name of the file server. If the file server is installed on a NAS device or DFS, provide the path to the shared folder. For example, \\SharedSpace\Cisco Note: Make sure you provide the DNS host name and not the IP address of the server.			
Ente	rprise Chat and Email Home Di	rectory			
2.	Enterprise Chat and Email Home Directory	Provide the path of the directory where you would like to install ECE. For example, C:\Cisco. The installation program also installs JDK at the same location. Note: Make sure that the path and folder name do not contain any of the following characters: *?<> +^\"%`,@			
RMI	and RMID Parameters				
3.	RMI registry port	Port number used by the Remote Method Invocation (RMI) registry naming service.	15099		
4.	RMI activation port	Port number used by the RMI Daemon Process.	15098		
Orga	nization Information				
5.	Name	Provide the name of the organization. Make sure that the name does not contain any special characters.			
6.	Business Unit	Provide the business unit name. Make sure that the value does not contain any special characters.			
7.	Location	Provide the location of your organization. Make sure that the value does not contain any special characters.			
8.	Country	Select the country from the dropdown list.			
Dom	ain User Account Parameters				
9.	Domain user name	User name of the domain user account you created for use by the application. For more information, refer to "Setting Up User Accounts and Permissions" on page 28. User name should be provided in the format: Domain\username			
10.	Domain user password	Password for the domain user.			

Services server details

Post-Installation Tasks

- ► Configuring Permissions on IIS Config Folder
- ► Assigning Permissions on ECE Home Directory
- ► Configuring SSL for Secure Connections
- ► Always On Availability Group Clustering Tasks
- Creating an Encrypted SQL Server Database
- Configuring SMTP Server Relay Address List
- **▶** Configuring Finesse
- ► Configuring Single Sign-On
- **▶** Starting ECE
- **▶** Stopping ECE
- Signing in to ECE
- ► Integrating ECE with Unified CCE
- ► Configuring Important Settings
- ▶ Adding Data Source in CUIC for ECE Reports

▶ Uninstalling ECE

This chapter guides you through the tasks to be performed after installing the system. It also describes the process of uninstalling ECE.

Configuring Permissions on IIS Config Folder

▶ Skip this task if it was done as part of the pre-installation tasks (page 39). Ensure that the user account that you used for installing the application (page 28) has read permissions on the following folder on the web server: %systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\config.

Assigning Permissions on ECE Home Directory

The Service Account created for running the ECE application needs Full Control permission on the ECE home directory. You must perform this task on the file server before starting the application.

To assign permissions on the ECE home directory:

- 1. Right-click the ECE home directory.
- 2. Select Properties.
- 3. In the Properties window, go to the Sharing tab and click **Advanced Sharing**.
- 4. In the Advanced Sharing window, click **Permissions**.
- 5. In the Permissions window, click the **Add** button and add the **Service Account** (page 28) created for ECE. Assign the **Full Control** permission to the user.
- Click Apply.

Configuring SSL for Secure Connections

You must set up Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) for more secure connections between browsers and the servers in your installation. This is a required step. See "SSL Configuration" on page 126 for details.

Always On Availability Group Clustering Tasks

▶ Perform all the tasks listed in "Post-Installation Tasks" on page 150.

Creating an Encrypted SQL Server Database

This is an optional task and you need to do it only if you want to encrypt the databases. This feature is available only for the Enterprise edition of MSSQL. You can do this task any time after installing the ECE application.

If you are using Always On Availability Group clustering, perform this task on all the nodes.

Encrypting Primary Node

Perform these tasks on the primary node.

To create an encrypted SQL server database:

1. Create a master key in the master database. This key is then used to create the server certificate that can be used to secure the database encryption key. Connect to the master database and run the following query.

```
USE master

GO

CREATE MASTER KEY ENCRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'company@123'

GO
```

2. Backup the master key. This creates a certificate in the master database.

```
BACKUP MASTER KEY TO FILE = 'c:\temp\masterkey'

ENCRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'company@123'

GO
```

3. Now create the server certificate database encryption key ("DEK").

```
USE master

GO

CREATE CERTIFICATE DEKCert WITH SUBJECT = 'DEK Certificate'

GO
```

4. Create a backup of the server certificate database encryption key ("DEK").

```
BACKUP CERTIFICATE DEKCert TO FILE = 'c:\DEKCert'
WITH PRIVATE KEY ( FILE = 'c:\temp\DEKCertPrivKey',
ENCRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'companya123')
GO
```

5. Create database encryption key for the database where you wish to configure transparent data encryption. In the following query, eqActiveDB_name is the name of the active database.

```
USE eGActiveDB_name

GO

CREATE DATABASE ENCRYPTION KEY

WITH ALGORITHM = AES_128

ENCRYPTION BY SERVER CERTIFICATE DEKCERT
```

GO

You now have all the prerequisites for enabling transparent data encryption, so database encryption can be

6. Enable database encryption. Run the following query where egactiveDB_name is the name of the active database.

```
ALTER DATABASE eGActiveDB name SET ENCRYPTION ON
```

By setting encryption on, a background task starts encrypting all the data pages and the log file. This can take a considerable amount of time, depending on the size of the database.

Database maintenance operations should not be performed when this encryption scan is running.

7. To query the status of the database encryption and its percentage completion, query the new sys.dm_database_encryption_keys DMV.

```
SELECT DB_NAME(e.database_id) AS DatabaseName,
      e.database_id,
      e.encryption_state,
   CASE e.encryption_state
        WHEN O THEN 'No database encryption key present, no encryption'
        WHEN 1 THEN 'Unencrypted'
        WHEN 2 THEN 'Encryption in progress'
        WHEN 3 THEN 'Encrypted'
        WHEN 4 THEN 'Key change in progress'
        WHEN 5 THEN 'Decryption in progress'
   END AS encryption_state_desc,
      c.name,
      e.percent_complete
   FROM sys.dm_database_encryption_keys AS e
   LEFT JOIN master.sys.certificates AS c
   ON e.encryptor_thumbprint = c.thumbprint
```

Encrypting Other Nodes

To encrypt other nodes:

- 1. Copy the c:\temp folder from the first node to the other nodes.
- 2. Create a master key in the master database. This key is then used to create the server certificate that can be used to secure the database encryption key. Connect to the master database and run the following query.

```
USE master
CREATE MASTER KEY ENCRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'companya123'
G0
```

3. Now create the server certificate.

```
USE master

GO

CREATE CERTIFICATE TDE_Test_Cert FROM FILE = 'c:\temp\DEKCert'

WITH PRIVATE KEY (FILE = 'c:\temp\DEKCertPrivKey',

DECRYPTION BY PASSWORD = 'company@123'); GO
```

4. Enable database encryption. Run the following query where eGActiveDB_name is the name of the active database.

```
ALTER DATABASE eGActiveDB name SET ENCRYPTION ON
```

By setting encryption on, a background task starts encrypting all the data pages and the log file. This can take a considerable amount of time, depending on the size of the database.

Database maintenance operations should not be performed when this encryption scan is running.

5. To query the status of the database encryption and its percentage completion, query the new sys.dm_database_encryption_keys DMV.

```
SELECT DB_NAME(e.database_id) AS DatabaseName,
      e.database_id,
      e.encryption_state,
   CASE e.encryption_state
        WHEN O THEN 'No database encryption key present, no encryption'
        WHEN 1 THEN 'Unencrypted'
        WHEN 2 THEN 'Encryption in progress'
        WHEN 3 THEN 'Encrypted'
        WHEN 4 THEN 'Key change in progress'
        WHEN 5 THEN 'Decryption in progress'
   END AS encryption_state_desc,
      c.name,
      e.percent_complete
   FROM sys.dm_database_encryption_keys AS e
   LEFT JOIN master.sys.certificates AS c
   ON e.encryptor_thumbprint = c.thumbprint
```

Configuring SMTP Server Relay Address List

▶ The default SMTP server configured during the installation process is used to send notifications.

To allow the system to successfully send such emails, verify that the IP addresses of all the application servers in the configuration are added to the relay address list of the SMTP server.

Configuring Finesse

Perform these tasks after installing ECE. Cisco Finesse enables the use of custom gadgets for Voice & Multichannel (ECE), facilitating the ECE user interface to be embedded within a gadget to provide contact center agents a unified desktop experience.

Important: Before you begin the configuration, ensure that the Finesse VM and software are installed and ready for use. Also, ensure that ECE is installed.

Configuring Finesse Settings and Layout

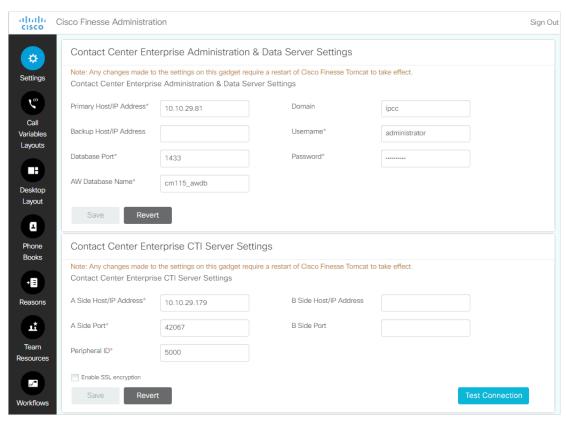
Perform these tasks from any local machine. You will need access to the following xml files on the ECE web server:

- ECE_Home\eService\templates\finesse\gadget\layout:
 - agent.xml
 - solve.xml
 - cobrowse.xml

To configure the Finesse settings and layout:

1. Launch the URL: https://Finesse_Server_Name/cfadmin Login as a finesse administrator.

2. Configure the Contact Center CTI Server Settings and Contact Center Enterprise Administration & Data Server Settings. To configure a secure connection, select the Enable SSL encryption option in the Contact Center CTI Server Settings section and provide the secure ports. For details about doing this configuration, see the Cisco Finesse Administration Guide.



Configure the settings

- 3. From the Desktops Layout section, configure the layout for ECE, Solve, and Cobrowse gadgets. XML contents for the ECE, Solve, and Cobrowse gadget tabs are available in the following files on the ECE web server:
 - ECE Home\eService\templates\finesse\gadget\layout\agent.xml: After copying the content of the agent.xml file, in the gadget tag, replace the web server name with the host name of the load balancer used for ECE web servers. This task needs to be performed only if you are using a load balancer for ECE web servers.
 - ECE_Home\eService\templates\finesse\gadget\layout\solve.xml: After copying the content of the solve.xml file, make the following changes in the gadget tag:
 - i. Replace EGAIN_WEBSERVER_OR_LOADBALANCER with the eGain Solve for Cisco web server. If the installation has more than one web servers, provide the name of the load balancer.
 - ii. Replace CONTEXT_ROOT with the context root of eGain Solve for Cisco.
 - ECE_HomeleServiceltemplateslfinesselgadgetllayoutlcobrowse.xml: You need to configure this only if you are using the Cobrowse gadget in Finesse. After copying the content of the cobrowse.xml file, make the following changes in the in the gadget tag:
 - i. Replace the EGAIN_WEBSERVER_OR_LOADBALANCER with the eGain Solve for Cisco web server. If the installation has more than one web servers, provide the name of the load balancer.

ii. Replace the CONTEXT_ROOT with the context root of eGain Solve for Cisco.

Refer the Finesse documentation to see how gadgets are added in Finesse.

Configuring Single Sign-On

Single sign-on is available for all users of the application. For details about doing this task, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console (For UCCE). If you are planning to use single sign-on while accessing any of the ECE consoles outside of Finesse, you must also complete the tasks in the section: "Single Sign-On Configuration" on page 100.

Starting ECE

There is no mandatory sequence that should be followed while starting ECE. All the VMs on which components are installed should be running and available on the network.



Important: Run the application using the same domain account that was used for installing the application (page 28).

To start ECE:

If you get the following error while starting the Cisco Service, see "Troubleshooting Application Start-Up Issues" on page 92: Error 1069: The service did not start due to login failure.

- In collocated installation:
 - On the server where application, messaging, services, file, and database components are installed, start the Cisco Service from the Windows Services panel.
- In a distributed-server installation:

Ensure that all the VMs in the configuration are available and connected to the network.

- Start Cisco Service on the messaging server by starting the Cisco Windows service from the Windows Services panel. If you have installed a cluster of messaging servers, you would need to start the application on all the servers in the cluster.
- b. On each services server, start the application by starting the Cisco Windows service from the Windows Services panel.
- c. On each application server, start the application by starting the Cisco Windows service from the Windows Services panel.

Troubleshooting Application Start-Up Issues

Perform these tasks if you get the following error while starting the Cisco service: Error 1069: The service did not start due to login failure.

To troubleshoot:

- In the Windows service panel, right-click the Cisco Service and from the menu select **Properties**.
- In the Properties window, go to the Log On tab and provide the password of the domain user account (page 28) and click **Apply**.
- Start the Cisco Service.

Stopping ECE

If you need to stop the application at any point during the post-installation tasks, follow the steps in this section.

In a distributed environment, stop the application on the following servers. There is no mandatory sequence that should be followed while stopping the application.

- The application servers
- The messaging servers
- The services servers

To stop ECE:

- In a collocated installation:
 - On the server where application, web, messaging, services, file, and database components are installed, stop the Cisco Service from the Windows Services panel.
- In a distributed-server installation:
 - On each application server VM, stop the Cisco Service from the Windows Services panel. Open the Windows Task Manager and verify that none of the java processes are running.
 - b. On the messaging server VM, stop the Cisco Service from the Windows Services panel. If you have installed a cluster of messaging servers, you would need to stop the application on all the servers in the cluster. Open the Windows Task Manager and verify that none of the java processes are running.
 - On each services server VM, stop the Cisco Service from the Windows Services panel. If you have installed two services servers, stop the application on both servers. Open the Windows Task Manager and verify that none of the java processes (the services) are running.

Signing in to ECE

Signing in to Agent Console

To sign in to the Agent Console:

- 1. Ensure that the desktops meet the requirements outlined in System Requirements for Enterprise Chat and Email.
- Access the Finesse URL from a browser and sign in to Finesse: https://Finesse_Server_Name/desktop
- 3. Click on the Manage Chat and Email tab. If Single Sign-On is enabled, then the agent will be logged in automatically. If not, enter the username and password and click Sign In.

Signing in to All Other Consoles

A system partition and a business partition are created during the installation. To begin using the application, you log in to the business partition.

To sign in to the business partition:

- 1. Ensure that you have followed the instructions in the Enterprise Chat and Email Browser Settings Guide document to configure your browser, and that the desktops meet the requirements outlined in System Requirements for Enterprise Chat and Email.
- 2. Type the URL http://web_server.company.com/Partition_name in your browser, where Web_server.company.com is the fully qualified domain name of your web server and Partition_name is the virtual directory created for this partition. During the installation, you are prompted to provide the partition name in the Partition Administrator Account and Partition window. This is used to create the virtual directory. If you have configured the web server to use SSL, then the URL is https://Web_Server.company.com/Partition_name.
 - Always use the fully qualified domain name of the web server when you type the URL to access ECE.
- 3. In the Sign In window, type the user name and password you had set up for the partition administrator in the Partition Administrator Login Parameters window during the installation. Click the **Log In** button.

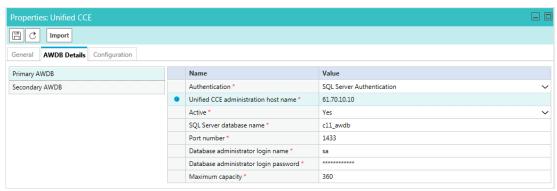
Integrating ECE with Unified CCE

Integration between ECE and Unified CCE is enabled and configured through the Administration Console.

To integrate ECE with Unified CCE:

- Sign in to the Administration Console as a partition administrator.
- In the Tree pane, browse to Administration > Partition: Partition Name > Integration > Unified CCE > Unified CCE.

- 3. Go to the AWDB Details tab and provide the following details for the Primary AWDB. If any of these configurations change at a later point in Unified CCE, you must update the details here as well.
 - Authentication: Select from Windows Authentication or SQL Authentication.
 - **Unified CCE administration host name:** The server name or IP address of the Unified CCE host.
 - Active: Set to Yes.
 - **SQL** server database name: The name of the AWDB database.
 - **Port number:** Set the value to match the port configured in Unified CCE. By default the value is set to 1433.
 - Database administrator login name: The database administrator's user name. This value needs to be set only when using SQL Authentication.
 - **Database administrator login password:** The database administrator password. This value needs to be set only when using SQL Authentication.
 - Maximum capacity: The maximum number of allowed connections to be made to the AWDB. By default, this is set to 360.



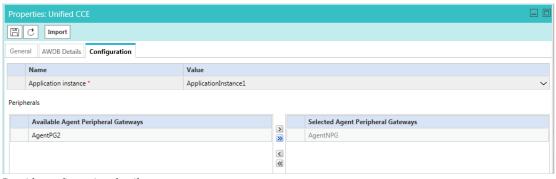
Provide the primary AWDB server details

- 4. If you have a secondary AWDB and wish to apply it to your integration, click the Secondary AWDB section and provide the necessary details.
- 5. Click the **Save** button.
- In the Properties pane, on the Configuration tab, set the following:
 - Select the Application Instance.

Select any Agent Peripheral Gateways that apply.



Important: When you save your changes, your system is permanently connected to your Unified CCE installation. This cannot be undone.



Provide configuration details

7. Click the Save button. Your system is now connected with Unified CCE. To complete the integration, you must configure your media classes, and import the MRDs users and skill groups from the Unified CCE system. For details about doing this task, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console.

Configuring Important Settings

This section introduces the main settings that allow you to configure various aspects of the application. Some settings are configured at the partition level, while others have to be set up for each department.

These settings are of two types:

- 1. Mandatory settings: These settings are configured during installation, and must be verified before using the application. Settings related to ESMTP protocol, must be configured manually if you are using ESMTP protocol for email notifications.
- 2. **Optional settings:** Although it is not mandatory to change these settings, you are likely to feel the need to configure them for your business.

Mandatory Settings

At the partition level

The following setting must be configured:

▶ Web server URL or Load Balancer URL

The following settings are updated during installation, but we recommend that you log in to the application as a partition administrator, and verify and update them from the Administration Console, if required. The application starts using this information as soon as the installation is complete.

- Default SMTP Server Settings
- ▶ From: address for notification from Service
- To: address for notification from Service

At the department level

This setting is automatically updated for the first department created by the installation program. For all subsequent departments, the administrator must configure it.

From email address for alarm

Optional Settings

Although it is not mandatory to change these settings, you are likely to feel the need to configure them for your business.

At the partition level

- Customer departmentalization
- Session time out
- Inactive time out
- ▶ Chat auto-pushback settings

At the department level

- Business calendar time zone
- ▶ Autopushback time (minutes after logout)

For a complete list of all available settings, refer to the *Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console*.

Adding Data Source in CUIC for ECE Reports

The following ECE reports can be accessed in the Cisco Unified Intelligence Center (CUIC) via historical templates:

- ▶ Chat Volume by Queue
- ▶ Email Volume By Queue
- Agent Work Summary

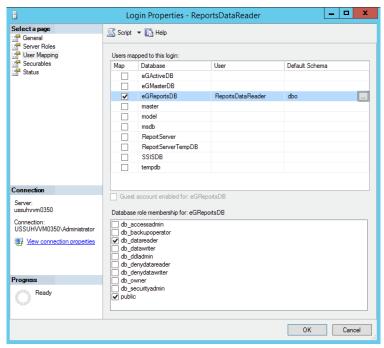
To access these reports from CUIC, you need to add the ECE Reports Database as a data source in CUIC.

Creating a Database User on ECE Reports Database

If the reports database is part of the always-on group, create the database login with the same name on all nodes of the cluster starting with the current primary node and map database login to reports database of each node. Refer to the Microsoft documentation for maintaining SQL logins and permissions for user databases in always on cluster.

To create a database user on ECE reports database:

- Create a SQL login on the reports database server, for example, ReportsDataReader.
- Map the user to the ECE reports database and set the **Default Schema** as **dbo**.
- 3. Assign the following database role memberships to the database user ReportsDataReader:
 - public
 - db_datareader



Create a database user

Adding Data Source in CUIC for ECE Reports

See the Cisco Unified Intelligence Center Report Customization Guide for steps on adding a data source in CUIC.

Make sure you set the following values on the data source details page:

- In the **Datasource Host** field, provide the name of the server where the ECE reports database is installed. In case of always on cluster for reports database, connect to the reports database using always on default cluster name or load balancer name.
- In the **Database name** field, provide the name of the ECE reports database.

▶ In the **Database User ID** field, provide the name of the SQL user created on the ECE reports database server (page 97).

Uninstalling ECE

The application needs to be uninstalled from the following servers. The uninstallation program can be run in any order on these servers.

- ▶ Application Server
- Messaging Server
- Services Server
- Web Server
- ▶ File Server

To ensure that critical data is not lost, the program does not uninstall the following components:

- The databases
- ▶ The following folders on the file server:
 - Cisco_Home\eService\storage
 - Cisco_Home\eService\logs



Important: After the uninstaller runs on all the servers, you must delete these components manually to make the servers ready for the reinstallation of ECE on the same servers.

Preparing to Uninstall

Stopping the Application

▶ Before you begin the uninstallation process, make sure you stop ECE. For details, refer to "Stopping ECE" on page 92.

Stopping IIS

▶ Stop IIS (World Wide Web Publishing Service) on all web servers in the installation.

Uninstalling ECE

To uninstall ECE:

- 1. Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel.
- 2. Click **Programs** in the Control Panel window.

- 3. Click **Programs and Features** in the Programs window.
- 4. From the list of currently installed programs, right-click Enterprise Chat and Email and select Uninstall/Change.
- 5. In the Uninstall Enterprise Chat and Email window, click the Uninstall button.
- 6. When the uninstallation is complete, you are given a choice of restarting the server right away, or doing it later.
- 7. On the database server, go to the SQL Server Management Studio and delete the following, if required.
 - Go to **Databases** and delete the databases.
 - Go to **Security > Logins** and delete the logins created for the databases.
 - Go to SQL Server Agent > Jobs and delete the SQL Jobs for the databases. The jobs related to your databases will have the database name in the end. For example, populatesmy_eGReportsDB.
- 8. On the file server, manually delete the following folders:
 - O Cisco Home\eService\storage
 - O Cisco_Home\eService\logs

Performing Post Uninstallation Tasks

Starting IIS

▶ Start IIS (World Wide Web Publishing Service) on all web servers in the installation.

Single Sign-On Configuration

- ► About Single Sign-On with Cisco IDS
- ► Configuring Single AD FS Deployment
- ► Configuring Split AD FS Deployment
- ► Configuring Single Sign-On in ECE

About Single Sign-On with Cisco IDS

Single Sign-On with Cisco IDS requires that ECE is connected to Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You can use one of the following options for AD FS:

- Single AD FS: In a single AD FS deployment, Resource Federation Server and Account Federation Server are installed on the same machine (page 101).
- Split AD FS: In a split AD FS deployment, Resource Federation Server and Account Federation Server are installed on separate machines (page 109).

Configuring Single AD FS Deployment

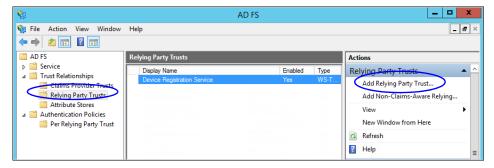
In a single AD FS deployment, Resource Federation Server and Account Federation Server are installed on the same machine.

Configuring Relying Party Trust for ECE

Perform these tasks on the server where Resource Federation Server and Account Federation Server are installed.

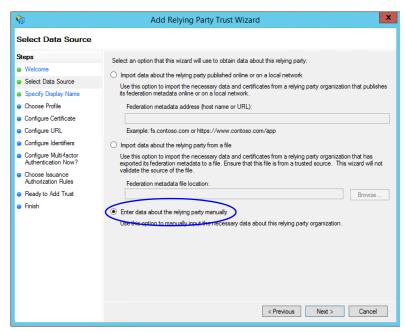
To configure relying party trust for ECE in single AD FS:

- Go to the Start menu and open AD FS Management console.
- In the AD FS Management console, navigate to AD FS > Trust Relationships > Relying Party Trust.
- In the Actions section, go to Relying Party Trust, and click Add Relying Party Trust...



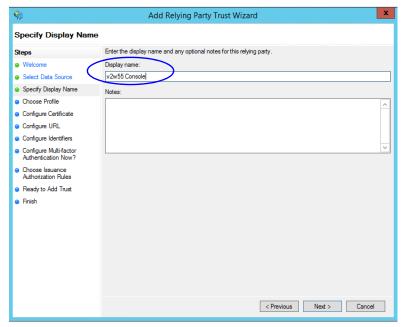
- 4. In the Add Relying Party Trust Wizard that appears, do the following:
 - On the Welcome screen, click Start.

b. On the Select Data Source screen, select the Enter data about the reply party manually option and click Next.



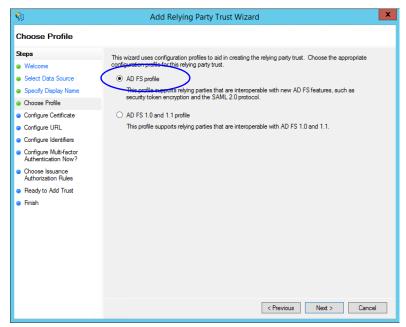
Select the Enter data about the reply party manually option

On the Specify Display Name screen, provide a Display name for the relying party. Click Next.



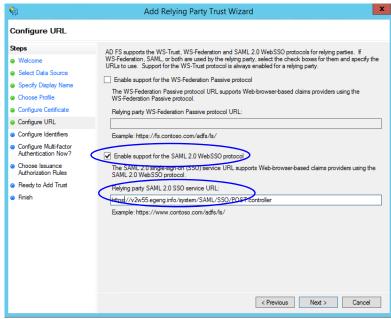
Provide a display name

On the Choose Profile screen, select **AD FS profile** and click **Next**.



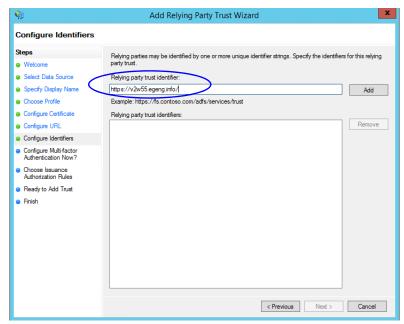
Select AD FS profile

- On the Configure Certificate screen, click Next.
- On the Configure URL screen, set the following:
 - i. Select the Enable support for the SAML 2.0 Web SSO protocol option.
 - ii. In the Relying Party SAML 2.0 SSO server URL field provide the URL in the format: https://web_server_Or_Load_Balancer_server/system/SAML/SSO/POST.controller. Replace Web_Server_Or_Load_Balancer_Server with the ECE web server name or the Load balancer server name.



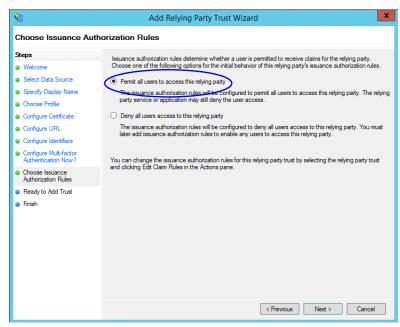
Configure the URL

g. On the Configure Identifiers screen, provide the **Replying party trust identifier** and click **Add**. Value should be in the format: https://web_server_Or_Load_Balancer_server/. Replace Web_server_Or_Load_Balancer_server with the ECE web server name or the Load balancer server name. Click **Next.**



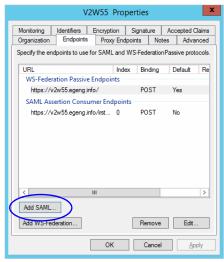
Configure the identifiers

- h. On the next screen, select the I do not want to configure multi-factor authentication settings for the relying party trust at this time option.
- i. On the Choose Issuance Authorization Rules screen, select the **Permit all users to access this relying** party option.



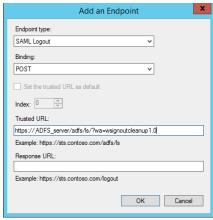
Select the Permit all users to access this relying party option

- On the Ready to add trust screen, click Next.
- k. Uncheck the Open the Edit Claim Rules dialogue for this relying party trust when the wizard closes option and click Close. At the end, an entry is created in the Relying Provider Trusts list.
- In the Relying Provider Trusts list, select the trust created for ECE, and in the actions section click Properties.
- 6. In the Properties window, go to the Endpoints tab and click the Add SAML.. button.



Click Add SAML

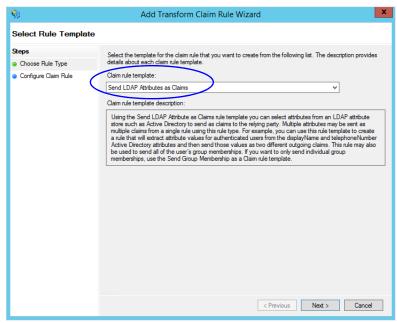
- 7. In the Add an Endpoint window, set the following:
 - Select the **Endpoint type** as **SAML Logout**.
 - Specify the Trusted URL as https://ADFS_server/adfs/ls/?wa=wsignoutcleanup1.0. Replace ADFS_server with the single AD FS server name.
 - c. Click OK.



Create an end point

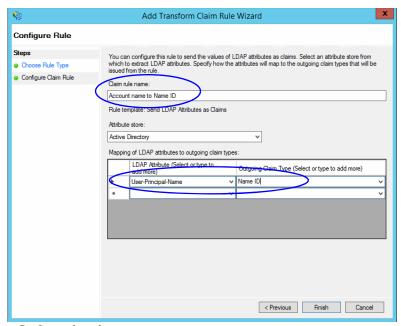
In the Relying Provider Trusts list, select the trust created for ECE, and in the actions section click Edit Claim Rules.

- 9. In the Edit Claim Rules window, in the Issuance Transform Rules tab, click the Add Rule... button. In the Add Transform Claim Rule wizard that opens, do the following:
 - On the Choose Rule Type screen, from the Claim rule template dropdown, select Send LDAP Attributes as Claims. Click Next.



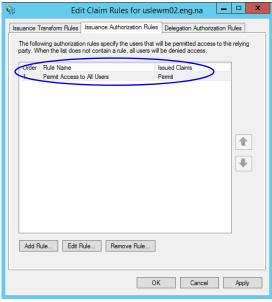
Select the claim rule template

- b. On the Configure Rule screen, set the following:
 - i. Provide the Claim rule name.
 - ii. Define mapping of LDAP attribute and the outgoing claim type. Select Name ID as the outgoing claim type name. Click Finish to go back to the Edit Claim Rules for single AD FS window.



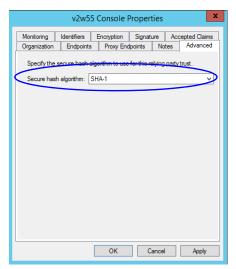
Configure the rule

10. In the Edit Claim Rules window, in the Issuance Authorization Rules tab, ensure that the rule permits access to all users. Click **OK** to close the window.



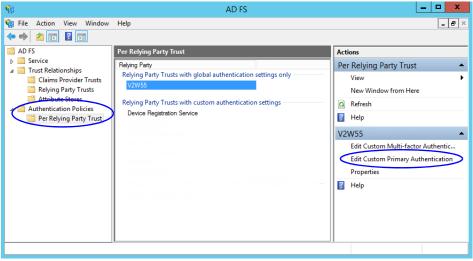
Check the authorization rules

11. In the Relying Provider Trusts list, double-click the relying party trust which you created. In the Properties window that opens, go to the Advanced tab and set the **Secure hash algorithm** to **SHA-1**. Click **OK** to close the window.



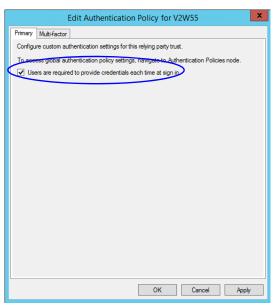
Set the secure hash algorithm

12. Next, in the AD FS Management console, go to the **Authentication Policy > Per Relying Party Trust.**Locate the Relying Party Trust created for ECE, and in the Actions section click **Edit Custom Primary Authentication**.



Change the authentication policy for ECE

13. In the Edit Authentication Policy window, in the Primary tab, select the Users are required to provide credentials each time at sign in option. Click OK to close the window.



Edit the authentication policy

Configuring Split AD FS Deployment

In a split AD FS deployment, Resource Federation Server and Account Federation Server are installed on separate machines. Resource Federation Server acts as shared AD FS and Account Federation Server acts as customer AD FS.

Configuring split AD FS includes:

- Adding Security Certificates for the AD FS Domains
- Configuring Relying Party Trust for Shared AD FS in Customer AD FS
- Configuring Claims Provider Trust for Customer AD FS in Shared AD FS
- Configuring Relying Party Trust for ECE in Shared AD FS

Adding Security Certificates for the AD FS Domains

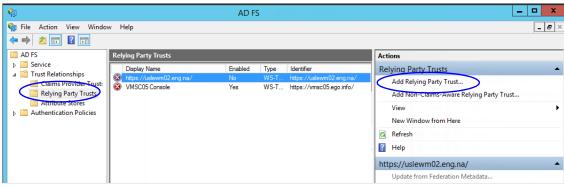
If Customer AD FS and Shared AD FS are installed in different domain, you need to add certificates of the domains to the **Trusted Root Certification Authorities** store of the servers. On the Customer AD FS server, add the certificate of the Shared AD FS and vice versa. Contact your IT department to do this task.

Configuring Relying Party Trust for Shared AD FS in Customer AD FS

Perform these tasks on the server where customer AD FS is installed.

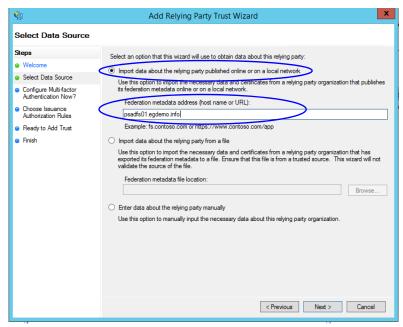
To configure replying party trust for shared AD FS in customer AD FS:

- Go to the Start menu and open the AD FS Management console.
- In the AD FS Management console, navigate to AD FS > Trust Relationships > Relying Party Trust.
- In the Actions section, go to Relying Party Trust, and click Add Relying Party Trust...



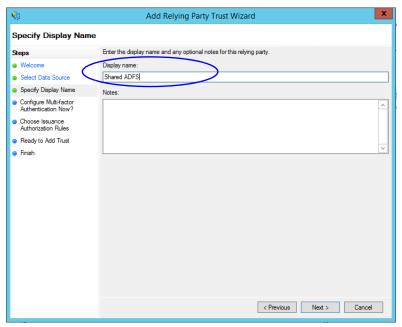
Click Add Relying Party Trust

- In the Add Relying Party Trust Wizard that appears, do the following:
 - a. On the Select Data Source screen, set the following options:
 - i. Select the Import data about the relying party published on online or on a local network
 - ii. In the Federation metadata address field, provide the Shared AD FS server name.
 - iii. Click Next.



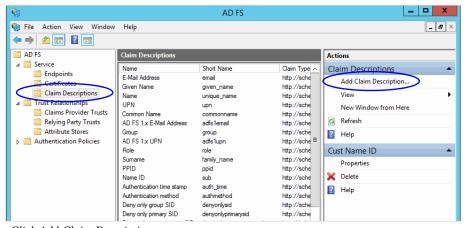
Select the data source options

On the Specify Display Name screen, provide the **Display name.** Click **Next**.



Provide a display name

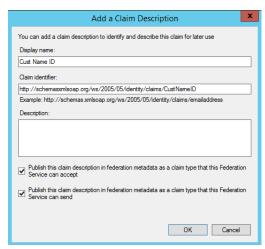
- In the screens that follow, do not alter the default values. Continue to click the Next button in the wizard until a trust is created. At the end, an entry is created in the Relying Party Trusts list.
- In the AD FS Management console, navigate to Services > Claim Descriptions.
- In the Actions section, go to Claim Descriptions, and click Add Claim Descriptions...



Click Add Claim Description

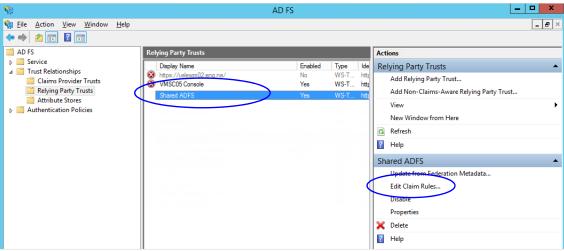
- 7. In the Add a Claim Description window, provide the following details:
 - Set the **Display name** as **Cust Name ID**.
 - Set the Claim identifier as http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/CustNameID
 - Select the Publish the claim description in federation metadata as a claim type that this Federation Service can accept option.

- d. Select the Publish the claim description in federation metadata as a claim type that this Federation Service can send option.
- e. Click **OK** to close the window.



Provide the claim description

8. In the Relying Party Trusts list, select the Shared AD FS entry and in the Actions section, click Edit Claims Rules.

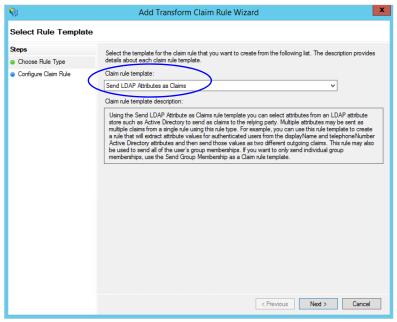


Click Edit Claims Rules

9. In the Edit Claim Rules for Shared AD FS window, in the Issuance Transform Rules tab, click the Add Rule... button.

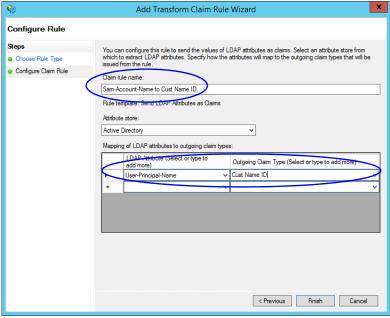
In the Add Transform Claim Rule wizard that opens, do the following:

On the Choose Rule Type screen, from the Claim rule template, select Send LDAP Attributes as Claims. Click Next.



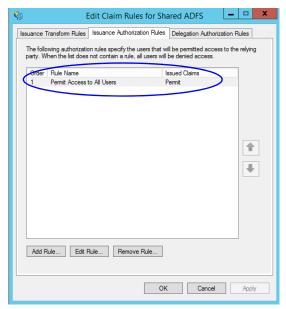
Select the claim rule template

- b. On the Configure Claim Rule screen, do the following:
 - i. Provide a claim rule name.
 - ii. Define mapping of LDAP attribute and the outgoing claim type. The outgoing claim type name must be unique across all the claims defined in all relying party trusts created on this AD FS server. Click Finish to go back to the Edit Claim Rules for Shared AD FS window.



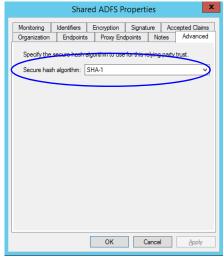
Configure the claim rule

10. In the Edit Claim Rules for Shared AD FS window, in the Issuance Authorization Rules tab, ensure that the rule permits access to all users. Click **OK** to close the window.



Check the authorization rules

11. In the Relying Party Trusts list, double-click the relying party trust which you created. In the Properties window that opens, go to the Advanced tab and set the **Secure hash algorithm** to **SHA-1**. Click **OK** to close the window.



Set the secure hash algorithm

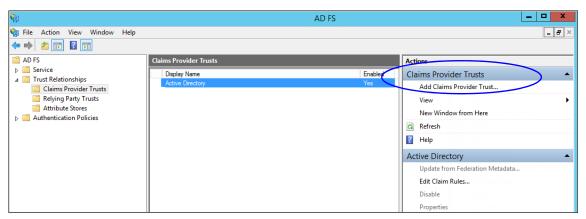
Configuring Claims Provider Trust for Customer AD FS in Shared AD FS

Perform these tasks on the server where shared AD FS is installed.

To configure claims provider trust for customer AD FS in shared AD FS:

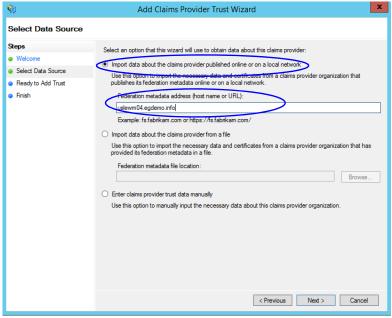
1. Go to the Start menu and open the AD FS Management console.

- 2. In the AD FS Management console, navigate to AD FS > Trust Relationships > Claims Provider Trust.
- 3. In the Actions section, go to Claim Provider Trusts, and click Add Claims Provider Trust...



Add claims provider trust

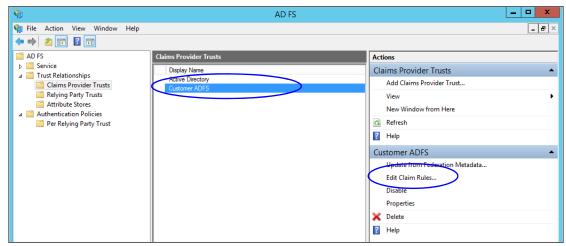
- 4. In the Add Claims Provider Trust Wizard that appears, do the following:
 - a. On the Select Data Source screen, set the following options:
 - i. Select the Import data about the claims provider published on online or on a local network option.
 - ii. In the Federation metadata address field, provide the Customer AD FS server name.
 - iii. Click Next.



Set the data source

- In the Specify Display Name screen, provide the **Display name**. Click **Next**.
- In the screens that follow, do not alter the default values. Continue to click the **Next** button in the wizard until a trust is created. At the end, an entry is created in the Claim Provider Trusts list.

5. In the Claim Provider Trusts list, select the Shared AD FS entry and click Edit Claim Rules.

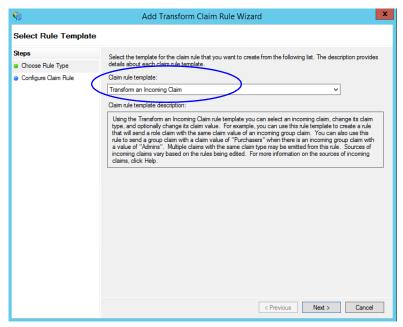


Edit the claim rules

In the Edit Claim Rules for Customer AD FS window, in the Acceptance Transform Rules tab, click the Add Rule... button.

In the Add Transform Claim Rule wizard that opens, do the following:

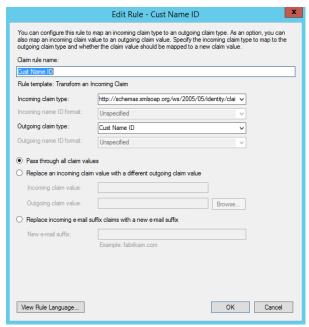
On the Choose Rule Type screen, select Transform an Incoming Claim as the claim rule template. Click Next.



Choose the claim rule template

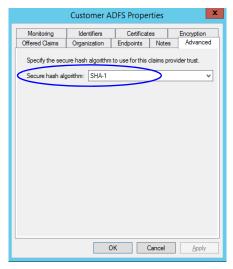
- On the Configure Claim Rule screen, set the following:
 - i. Provide the claim rule name as Cust Name ID.

- ii. In the **Incoming claim type** field provide the name as http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/CustNameID. This is the same value as provided while creating the claim rule description (page 111).
- iii. Set the Outgoing claim type as Cust Name ID.
- iv. Select the Pass through all claim values option.



Configure the claim rule

- Click Finish. Claim is created and is displayed in the Edit Claim Rules for Customer AD FS window.
- 7. In the Claim Provider Trusts list, double-click the claim provider trust which you created. In the Properties window that opens, go to the Advanced tab and set the Secure hash algorithm to SHA-1. Click OK to close the window.



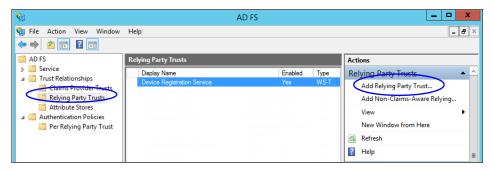
Set the secure hash algorithm

Configuring Relying Party Trust for ECE in Shared AD FS

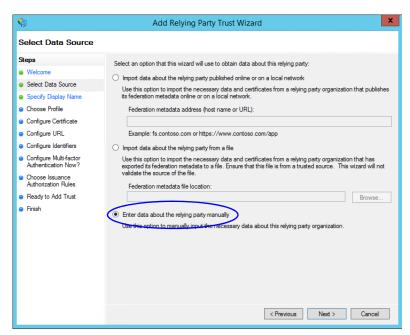
Perform these tasks on the server where shared AD FS is installed.

To configure relying party trust for ECE in shared AD FS:

- 1. Go to the Start menu and open AD FS Management console.
- In the AD FS Management console, navigate to AD FS > Trust Relationships > Relying Party Trust.
- 3. In the Actions section, go to Relying Party Trust, and click Add Relying Party Trust...

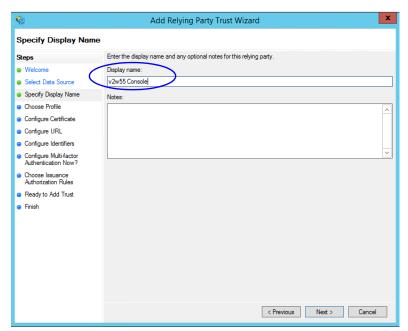


- In the Add Relying Party Trust Wizard that appears, do the following:
 - On the Welcome screen, click Start.
 - b. On the Select Data Source screen, select the Enter data about the reply party manually option and click Next.



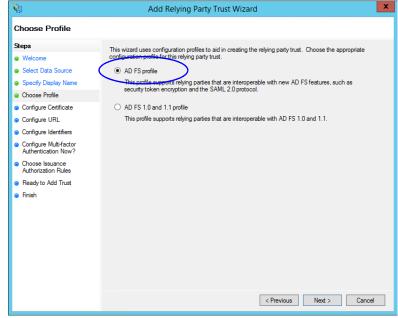
Select the Enter data about the reply party manually option

On the Specify Display Name screen, provide a Display name for the relying party. Click Next.



Provide a display name

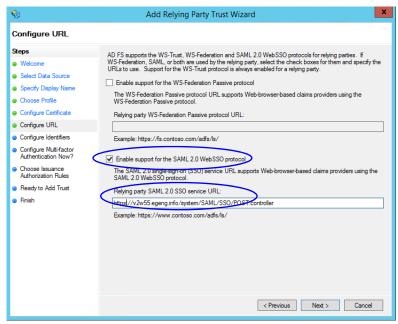
On the Choose Profile screen, select AD FS profile and click Next.



Select AD FS profile

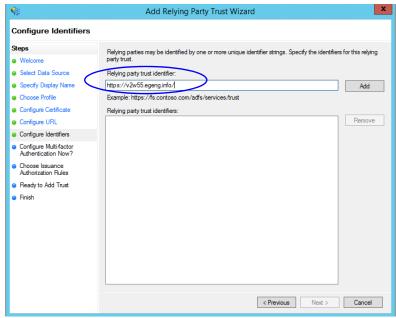
- On the configure Certificate screen, click Next.
- On the Configure URL screen, set the following:
 - i. Select the Enable support for the SAML 2.0 Web SSO protocol option.

ii. In the Relying Party SAML 2.0 SSO server URL field provide the URL in the format: https://web_Server_Or_Load_Balancer_Server/system/SAML/SSO/POST.controller. Replace Web_Server_Or_Load_Balancer_Server with the ECE web server name or the Load balancer server name.



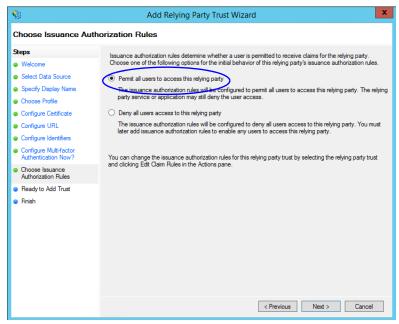
Configure the URL

g. On the Configure Identifiers screen, provide the Replying party trust identifier and click **Add**. Value should be in the format: https://web_Server_Or_Load_Balancer_Server/. Replace Web_Server_Or_Load_Balancer_Server with the ECE web server name or the Load balancer server name. Click **Next.**



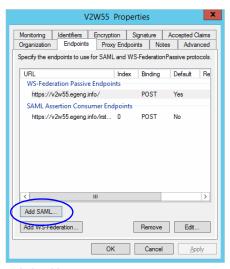
Configure the identifiers

- h. On the next screen, select the I do not want to configure multi-factor authentication settings for the relying party trust at this time option.
- On the Choose Issuance Authorization Rules screen, select the **Permit all users to access this relying** party option.



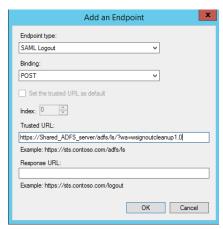
Select the Permit all users to access this relying party option

- On the Ready to add trust screen, click Next.
- k. Uncheck the Open the Edit Claim Rules dialogue for this relying party trust when the wizard closes option and click Close. At the end, an entry is created in the Relying Provider Trusts list.
- 5. In the Relying Provider Trusts list, select the trust created for ECE, and in the actions section click Properties.
- 6. In the Properties window, go to the Endpoints tab and click the Add SAML.. button.



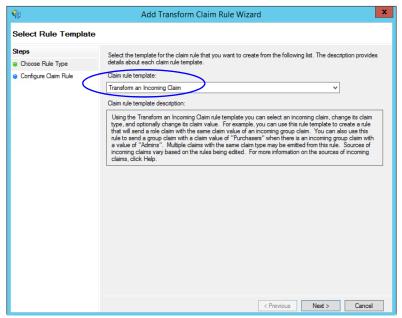
Click Add SAML

- 7. In the Add an Endpoint window, set the following:
 - Select the **Endpoint type** as **SAML Logout**.
 - Specify the Trusted URL as https://shared_ADFs_server/adfs/ls/?wa=wsignoutcleanup1.0. Replace Shared_ADFS_server with the Shared AD FS server name.
 - c. Click OK.



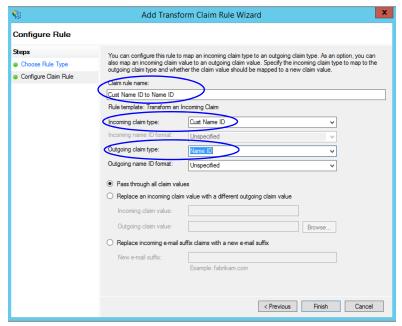
Create an end point

- 8. In the Relying Provider Trusts list, select the trust created for ECE, and in the actions section click Edit Claim Rules.
- 9. In the Edit Claim Rules window, in the Issuance Transform Rules tab, click the Add Rule... button. In the Add Transform Claim Rule wizard that opens, do the following:
 - On the Select Rule Template screen, from the Claim rule template dropdown, select Transform an Incoming Claim. Click Next.



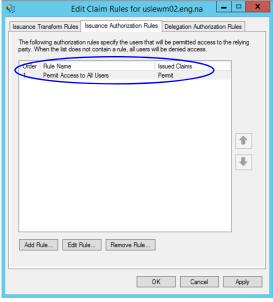
Select the claim rule template

- b. On the Configure Rule screen, set the following:
 - i. Provide the Claim rule name.
 - ii. In the Incoming claim type field provide the name of the outgoing claim specified in the Relying Party trust wizard (page 113).
 - iii. In the Outgoing claim type dropdown, select the Name ID option.



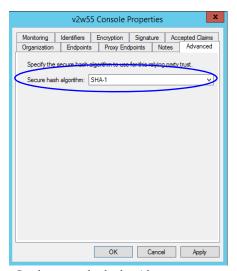
Configure the rule

10. In the Edit Claim Rules window, in the Issuance Authorization Rules tab, ensure that the rule permits access to all users. Click **OK** to close the window.



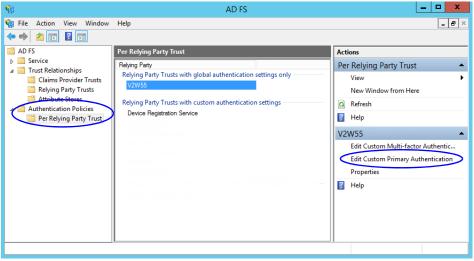
Check the authorization rules

11. In the Relying Provider Trusts list, double-click the relying party trust which you created. In the Properties window that opens, go to the Advanced tab and set the Secure hash algorithm to SHA-1. Click OK to close the window.



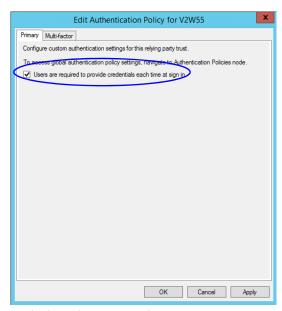
Set the secure hash algorithm

12. Next, in the AD FS Management console, go to the Authentication Policy > Per Relying Party Trust. Locate the Relying Party Trust created for ECE, and in the Actions section click Edit Custom Primary Authentication.



Change the authentication policy for ECE

13. In the Edit Authentication Policy window, in the Primary tab, select the Users are required to provide credentials each time at sign in option. Click OK to close the window.



Edit the authentication policy

Configuring Single Sign-On in ECE

Follow instruction in the "Single Sign-On" chapter of the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console to complete the single sign-on configuration in ECE.

SSL Configuration

- ▶ Installing a Security Certificate
- ▶ Binding the Certificate to the Application Website
- ▶ Testing SSL Access
- ► Configuring SSL or TLS for Retriever and Dispatcher Services

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is widely used to create a secure communication channel between web browsers and servers. Set up SSL for more secure connections to your ECE installation by following the procedures described in this chapter. If the configuration uses a load balancer, configure SSL on the load balancer.



Important: You must perform these tasks before using the application.

Installing a Security Certificate

This section explains the procedures that you must perform to acquire a certificate and install it on the web server. These include:

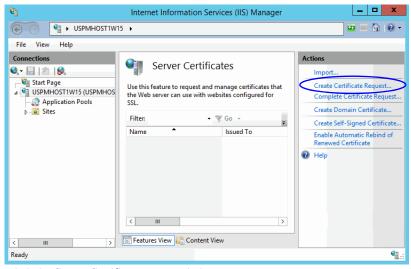
- Generating a Certificate Signing Request
- Submitting the Certificate Request
- Installing the Certificate on the Web Server

Generating a Certificate Signing Request

This procedure creates a new certificate request, which is then sent to a Certificate Authority (CA) for processing. If successful, the CA will send back a file containing a validated certificate.

To generate a certificate request:

- 1. Click the Start menu, go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools, and select Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 2. In the Connections pane, select the name of the server, and when the page is refreshed, double-click Server Certificates. The window is refreshed.
- 3. In the Actions pane on the right, click the Create Certificate Request... link.

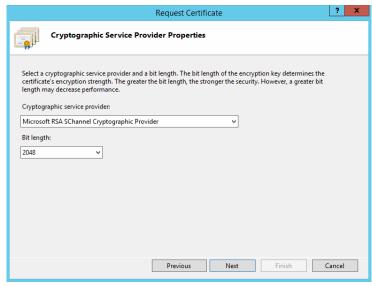


Click the Create Certificate Request link

- 4. In the Distinguished Name Properties window, enter information about the company and the site to be secured:
 - Common Name: The fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of your server. This must match exactly what users type in the web browser to get to the application. If you are using a load balancer, enter the name of the server on which the load balancer is installed.
 - **Organization**: The legal name of your organization. This should not be abbreviated and should include suffixes such as Inc, Corp, or LLC.
 - Organizational Unit: The division of your organization handling the certificate.
 - O City/locality: The city where your organization is located.
 - State/province: The complete name of the state or region where your organization is located.
 - Country/region: The two-letter ISO code for the country where your organization is located.

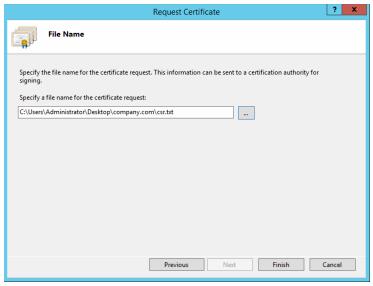
Click Next.

5. In the Cryptographic Service Provider window, select a cryptographic service provider and set the required bit length. The greater the bit length, the stronger the security. Click **Next**.



Select a cryptographic service provider and bit length

6. In the File Name window, click the **Assistance** ... button and browse to the location where you wish to save the certificate signing request file. Ensure that you enter a file name for the certificate signing request file. Click Finish.



Enter the location and file name

Once you have generated a certificate signing request, you can submit the certificate request to a certificate authority.

Submitting the Certificate Request

To submit the certificate request:

▶ Go to the website of the company that issues SSL certificates (such as VeriSign), and submit your certificate request. Make sure you provide the same information as you provided while generating the certificate signing request. To submit the request, you will need the certificate request file that you generated (page 127).

Once the request is processed, the vendor will generate the certificate and send it to you.

Installing the Certificate on the Web Server

Once you receive the certificate from your vendor, install it on all web servers. If you are using load balancer, install it on the load balancer server.

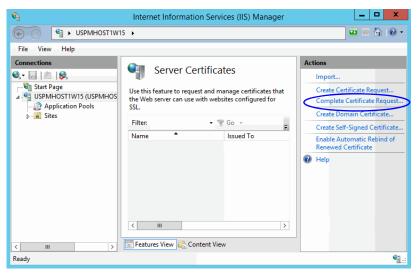


Important: You need to install the certificate for the website that was specified when the web server component was installed.

To install the certificate on the web server:

1. Click the Start menu, go to Administrative Tools, and select Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.

- 2. In the Connections pane, select the name of the server, and when the page is refreshed, double-click **Server Certificates**. The window is refreshed.
- 3. In the Actions pane on the right, click the Complete Certificate Request... link.



Click the Complete Certificate Request link

- 4. In the Specify Certificate Authority Response window, complete these tasks:
 - O Click the **Assistance** ... button and select the server certificate that you received from the certificate authority. If the certificate doesn't have a .cer file extension, select to view all types.
 - Enter a name for the certificate. Click **OK**.



Browse to the server certificate file

5. Verify that the certificate is added to the list of server certificates.

Repeat this process on all web servers.

Binding the Certificate to the Application Website

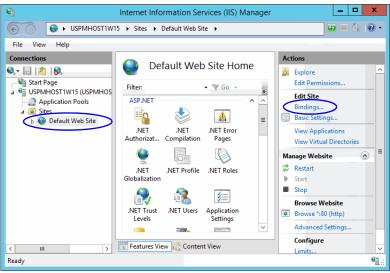
This procedure uses Internet Services Manager to configure the virtual directory to require SSL for access to the application URL.



Important: You need to configure the SSL access for the website that was selected when the web server component was selected.

To bind the certificate to the application URL:

- 1. Click the Start menu, go to Administrative Tools, and select Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- In the Connections pane, select the name of the server and browse to Sites > Web_site_Name.
- In the Actions pane on the right, from the Edit Site section, click the **Bindings**... link.



Select the Web_Site_Name

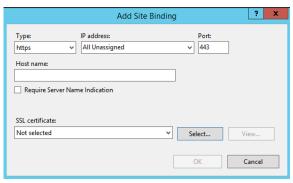
In the Site Bindings window, click the **Add...** button.



Click the Add button

- In the Add Site Bindings window, complete these tasks:
 - Type: Select https.
 - IP address: Select All Unassigned.
 - Port: Default value is 443. If IIS is configured to use a different port for https, enter that port number.

SSL certificate: Select the certificate that you installed. Click OK.



Select SSL certificate

- 6. The site binding for port 443 is displayed.
- 7. Restart the IIS Service. Make sure that both websites have started. Clients browsing to this virtual directory must now use HTTPS.

Testing SSL Access

To test SSL access to ECE:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Use HTTP in the URL for the application. For example, http://web_server_FQDN/Partition_name
 You should see a message asking you to view the page over a secure channel.
- 3. Now use HTTPS in the URL for the application. For example, https://web_Server_FQDN/Partition_name.
- 4. In the security message that appears, click the **View certificate** button.
- After verifying the certificate information, click **OK**, then click **Yes** to proceed to the URL.
 The ECE login window appears.

Configuring SSL or TLS for Retriever and Dispatcher Services

You need to perform these tasks only if you want to enable the retriever and dispatcher services to work with SSL or TLS enabled mail servers. POP3, IMAP, SMTP, and ESMTP protocols are supported.

To configure TLS and SSL, you must:

- Install the certificates on the file server. (page 133)
- a. Modify the alias configuration (page 134)

On the File Server

If your POP3, IMAP, SMTP, and ESMTP servers are installed on different machines, obtain the certificates for all the servers and install them on the file server.

Perform these tasks on the file server. In case of Distributed File Server, perform these tasks on the Active Node.

Installing Certificates

To configure SSL or TLS on the file server:

- 1. Obtain the certificate for the SSL or TLS enabled mail server on which the email alias is configured. If your POP3, IMAP, SMTP, and ESMTP servers are installed on different machines, obtain the certificates for all the servers.
- 2. Copy the certificates to a location in Cisco Home.
- 3. Open the Command window and navigate to the bin folder in the jre folder in JDK_Home, the installation folder for JDK. For example, the command will look like:

```
cd C:\InstallFolder\Java\jdk1.8.0_60\jre\bin
```

4. Execute the following command to install the certificate:

```
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias ALIAS_NAME -keystore
"..\lib\security\cacerts" -file "CERTIFICATE_FILE_PATH"
```

CERTIFICATE_FILE_PATH is the complete path to the certificate that you copied in Step 2, including the name of the file.

Alias_Name is any name you want to assign to the certificate.

For example the command will look like:

```
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias emailcertificate -keystore
"..\lib\security\cacerts" -file "D:\eG\ms_exchange_certificate.cer"
```

- 5. When prompted, provide the keystore password. If you had changed the keystore password earlier, provide that password. If not, provide the default password, changeit.
- 6. Confirm the action when prompted.
- 7. To verify that the certificate is installed successfully, run the following command:

```
keytool -list -v -keystore "..\lib\security\cacerts" -alias ALIAS_NAME
where Alias Name is the name you assigned to the certificate in Step 4.
```

For example, the command will look like:

```
keytool -list -v -keystore "..\lib\security\cacerts" -alias emailcertificate
```

8. When prompted, provide the keystore password.

The output will list the installed certificate.

Deleting Certificates

Certificates generally have an expiry date. When your certificate expires, you might need to delete the old certificates and install new ones. The following section describes the steps for deleting the certificates. After deleting the certificates, repeat the steps in "Installing Certificates" on page 133 to install new certificates.

To delete a certificate:

1. Open the Command window and navigate to the bin folder in the jre folder in JDK_Home, the installation folder for JDK. For example, the command will look like:

```
cd C:\InstallFolder\Java\jdk1.8_65\jre\bin
```

2. Execute the following command to delete the certificate:

```
keytool -delete -alias ALIAS_NAME -keystore "..\lib\security\cacerts" where:
```

Alias_Name is the name you assigned to the certificate in Step 4.

For example the command will look like:

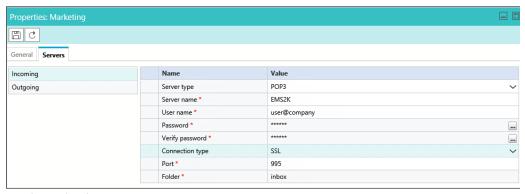
```
keytool -delete -alias emailcertificate -keystore "..\lib\security\cacerts"
```

3. When prompted, provide the keystore password. If you had changed the keystore password earlier, provide that password. If not, provide the default password, changeit.

In the Administration Console

To enable SSL for specific aliases:

- 1. Log into the application as an administrator who can modify the email alias configuration and go to the Administration Console.
- 2. In the Tree pane, browse to Administration > Departments > Department_Name > Email > Aliases.
- 3. In the List pane, select the appropriate email alias.
- 4. In the Properties pane, go to the Servers tab and edit the following fields.
 - Connection type: Set this to SSL or TLS.
 - Port: Enter the secure port number.



Configure the alias properties

- 5. Repeat these steps for the Outgoing mail server, if required.
- 6. Save the changes.

Setting Up Integrated Objects

- ► Configuring Variables in ECE
- ▶ Verifying Mapping of Objects in the Administration Console
- ► Setting up Business Objects in the Administration Console
- ▶ Setting Up Services in the System Console
- Setting Up Web Links for Chat and Callback
- ► Configuring Dynamic Messages for Integrated Chats
- Related Documentation

This chapter provides an overview of the process of setting up ECE-Unified CCE objects.

Configuring Variables in ECE

While sending new activity requests from a queue to Unified CCE, EAAS sends call variables and ECC variables to Unified CCE as task context. By default, the following activity attributes are sent to Unified CCE as ECC variables.

- ▶ For inbound and outbound email activities: activity_id
- For chat activities: activity id
- For callback and delayed callback activities: activity_id, customer_name

If you need to pass on other attributes of the activity as call variables or ECC variables to Unified CCE, you need to configure them in ECE. These variables can then be used in Unified CCE scripts to configure conditions. For details, see the Unified CCE scripts documentation. If you plan to configure these variables as ECC variables in ECE, you need to first create the ECC variables in Unified CCE. For details, see the Unified CCE documentation.

You can also create variables for custom activity attributes. For details about creating variables, see the "Call Variables" chapter in the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Routing and Workflows.

Verifying Mapping of Objects in the Administration Console

To verify that Unified CCE objects have been mapped correctly in the ECE Administration Console:

- 1. Launch the URL: http://ECE_Web_Serverl Default_Partition.
- 2. Log in as the partition administrator (user name and password that were configured during the installation of ECE). Go to the Administration Console.
- 3. Under the appropriate department, browse to the User > Users node in the Administration tree, to verify that all users mapping to the administrators, supervisors, and agents, which were selected at the time of importing the objects, are displayed. For details, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console.
- 4. Under the appropriate department, click the **User > Groups** node in the Administration tree to verify that all user groups mapping to the skill groups, which were selected at the time of importing the objects, are displayed. For details, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console.
- Under the appropriate department, click the **Workflow > Queues** node in the Administration tree, and verify that all queues mapping to the MRDs, which were selected at the time of importing the objects, are displayed. For details, see the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Routing and Workflows.

Setting up Business Objects in the Administration Console

See the following guides for the details of the procedures mentioned in this section:

- ▶ Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Routing and Workflows
- ▶ Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Email Resources
- ▶ Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Chat and Collaboration Resources

To set up ECE business objects in the Administration Console:

- 1. Launch the URL: http://ECE_Web_Serverl Default_Partition.
- 2. Log in as the partition administrator and go to the Knowledge Base Console.
- 3. In the Knowledge Base tree, browse to **Departments** > Department_Name > Content > Shared > Standard > Email. Create an article in each of the sub-nodes to set up one option each for a header, greeting, signature, footer, and auto acknowledgements that can be used in responses to incoming activities in the department.
- 4. Go to the Administration Console.
- 5. In the Administration tree, browse to the **Administration > Departments >** Department_Name > Classifications > Categories node. Create categories.
 - These categories will be used later in a workflow (see page 138).
- 6. Now, browse to the **Email > Aliases** node. Create an alias to serve as the entry point for emails into the system.
- 7. Then, browse to the **Workflow** > **Workflows** > **Inbound** node to create an inbound workflow for this alias. The workflow will route incoming emails. Add the alias created in Step 6 to the **Start** node. Add the email queue to the **Queue** node. Select the auto-acknowledgement KB article created earlier (see page 138) for the **Auto-acknowledgement** node. Select the categories created in Step 5 for the **Classifications** node.
- 8. Browse to the Chat > Entry points node. Create new entry points by assigning the appropriate templates. To route chats and call back activities that enter from this entry point, use an auto-configured queue. Make the entry points active. The configuration steps for entry points are different for different types of activities and routing options.
 - The activity types for which you need to create entry points are: Chat, Callback, Delayed callback.
- 9. In the Properties pane, click the **Show HTML** button. The code used to generate a chat hyperlink to that entry point is displayed. Copy this link code into a Notepad file. Edit the code as explained in the *Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Chat and Collaboration Resources*.

Setting Up Services in the System Console

Service processes are managed at the system level as shared resources across partitions. Service instances are managed within partitions.

See Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to System Console for the details of the procedures mentioned in this section.

This section helps you set up processes and instances for the following services:

- **Retriever:** Gets incoming emails from configured aliases and parses them.
- Workflow Cache: Maintains the files that store information about objects used in workflows.
- Workflow Engine: Applies workflows on emails to automate their routing and handling.
- **Dispatcher:** Sends outgoing emails out of the system.
- External Agent Assignment Service (EAAS): Identifies new activities that arrive into an external assignment queue, and routes requests for each of these activities to Unified CCE for routing to take place through Unified CCE.
- **External Agent Messaging Service (EAMS):** Assigns activities to target agents or user groups (skill groups) identified by Unified CCE, and reports the status of both the activity and the agent to Unified CCE throughout the life cycle of the given activity.
- **Context Service:** This service synchronizes activities and customer's information between the Cisco ECE and Cisco Context Service. This service only applies to systems using Cisco Context Service. For details on Context Service availability, visit https://help.webex.com/community/context-service. Note that Cisco Context Service is deprecated from Release 12.0(1) onward.

To set up ECE services in the System Console:

See Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to System Console for the details of the procedures mentioned in this section.

- Open a new browser window, and launch the URL: http://ECE_Web_Server/ Context_Root. Log in as the system administrator (user name and password that were configured during the installation of ECE). Go to the System Console.
- Browse to the **Partitions >** Partition > Services > Email > Retriever node. Click the Retriever instance to use in the partition, and select the email alias that you had created earlier in the Administration Console (see page 138).
- Restart the Retriever process and instance based on the notification message that appears. Browse to **Shared Resource** > **Services** > **Retriever**, and stop and start the Retriever process for the system. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- 4. Navigate back to the **Partitions** > Partition > Services > Retriever node. Ensure that the start type for the service instance is set to automatic. Stop and start the Retriever instance.
- Browse to Shared Resource > Services > Workflow > Workflow Cache and verify that the Workflow Cache process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the **Run** button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- Browse to Partition > Partition > Services > Workflow > Workflow Cache and ensure that the start type for the service instance is set to automatic. Start the Workflow Cache instance.

- 7. Browse to **Shared Resource** > **Services** > **Workflow** > **Workflow Engine** and verify that the Workflow Engine process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the **Run** button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- 8. Browse to **Partitions >** Partition > **Services > Workflow > Workflow Engine** and ensure that the start type for the service instance is set to automatic. Start the Workflow Engine instance.
- 9. Browse to **Shared Resource** > **Services** > **Email** > **Dispatcher** and verify that the Dispatcher process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the **Run** button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- 10. Browse to **Partitions** > Partition > **Services** > **Email** > **Dispatcher** and ensure that the start type for the service instance is set to automatic. Start the Dispatcher instance.
- 11. Browse to Shared Resource > Services > Unified CCE > EAMS and verify that the EAMS process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the Run button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- 12. Browse to **Partition >** Partition **>** Services **>** Unified CCE **>** EAMS. Verify that the EAMS instance for the Agent PG is automatically created. Also ensure that the start type for the instance is set to automatic. Then start the EAMS instance.
- 13. Browse to Shared Resource > Services > Unified CCE > EAAS and verify that the EAAS process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the **Run** button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic.
- 14. Browse to Partition > Partition > Services > Unified CCE > EAAS. Configure the EAAS instance by providing the MR Connection port number you provided while creating the MR PG (page 49). Also ensure that the start type for the instance is set to automatic. Start the EAAS instance.
- 15. Browse to Shared Resource > Services > Unified CCE > Context Service and verify that the Context Service process is running. If the process is in a stopped state, start the process by clicking the **Run** button. Also ensure that the start type for the service process is set to automatic. If the ECE services server is behind a firewall and does not have direct access to the internet, the **Proxy Server URL** should be provided so that the server can connect to the Cisco Context Service. Format of the URL is: http://ProxyServerName:Port or https://ProxyServerName:Port
- 16. Browse to **Partition >** Partition **>** Services **>** Unified CCE **>** Context Service. Ensure that the start type for the instance is set to automatic. Then start the Context Service instance.

Setting Up Web Links for Chat and Callback

To create a chat and collaboration link on your web site:

Open the code view of the host web page and add the edited link code (see page 138) from the entry point properties at the appropriate point. You may need to ask your web master to perform this task.

ECE is now ready for use. To verify, log in as an agent, supervisor, or administrator and perform basic tasks.

Configuring Dynamic Messages for Integrated Chats

Dynamic Run Application Script Request (DRASR) allows you to display wait messages with dynamic text (such as expected wait time) to customers while chat and call requests are being processed by the ECE and Unified CCE integrated systems. You can use ECC variables and call variables to display the dynamic content. For details about configuring DRASR, refer the Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Chat and Collaboration Resources.

Related Documentation

Refer to the following ECE User's Guides (for the Unified CCE integration) for more information about configuring and using ECE.

- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Administration Console helps administrators set up and manage business objects.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Chat and Collaboration Resources helps administrators set up templates and entry points.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Email Resources helps administrators set up aliases, blocked addresses, delivery exceptions, and blocked file extensions.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Routing and Workflows helps administrators set up service levels, queues, and workflows.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to System Console helps system administrators set up and manage services, loggers, and system monitors.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Tools Console helps administrators add custom
- Enterprise Chat and Email Supervisor's Guide helps supervisors set up and use agent and queue monitors.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Administrator's Guide to Reports Console helps managers and supervisors to set up and run reports to analyze various aspects of the system.
- Enterprise Chat and Email Agent's Guide helps agents handle email and chat interactions.

Appendix A: Distributed File System Configuration

- ▶ Installing DFS Management
- Creating Shared Folders
- Creating New Namespace
- ► Adding Namespace Server
- ► Adding Folders and Configuring Replication

Installing DFS Management

Perform these tasks on both the servers where you want to store the ECE file share for DFS.

To install DFS by using Server Manager

- Open Server Manager, click Manage, and then click Add Roles and Features. The Add Roles and Features
 Wizard appears.
- 2. On the Server Selection page, select the server on which you want to install DFS.
- 3. On the Server Roles page, in File and **Storage Services > File and iSCSI Services**, select **DFS Namespaces** and **DFS Replication**. Run through the wizard to complete the installation.

Creating Shared Folders

Perform these tasks on all the servers where you want to store the ECE file share for DFS.

To create a shared folder:

- 1. Create a folder on the server where you want to store the ECE file share for DFS.
- 2. Right-click the folder and select **Properties**. Set the following in the properties window:
 - a. Go to the Security tab and click the **Edit** button. Add the **Service** account and assign the **Service** account **Modify** permissions on the folder.
 - b. Go to the Sharing tab and click **Advanced Sharing** and select the **Share this folder** option in the Advanced Sharing window. Click the **Permissions** button and in the Permissions window, assign the Service account **Full Control** permission on the folder.
 - c. From the Sharing tab, copy the Network Path of the shared folder and access it from the second server to make sure it is accessible. Create a test folder in the shared folder to test the permissions.

Repeat these steps on the other servers.

Creating New Namespace

Perform these tasks on one of the file servers where you want to store the ECE file share for DFS.

To add new namespaces:

- 1. In the DFS Management window, browse to **DFS Management > Namespaces.**
- 2. Right-click Namespaces and select New Namespaces from the context-menu.
- 3. In the New Namespace Wizard, set the following:
 - a. On the Namespace Server screen, click the **Browse** button and provide the name of the server where you created the shared folder. Click **Next**.

- b. On the Namespace Name and Settings screen, provide a name for the namespace. Click the Edit Settings button. In the Edit Settings window, select the Administrators have full access; other users have read-only permissions option. Click Next.
 - If you are converting an exiting non-HA deployment to HA, you may see the following prompt: A shared folder Folder Name already exists on the server. If the existing share folder is used, the security setting specified within the Edit Setting dialog box will not apply. Click Yes to continue.
- c. On the Namespace Type screen, select **Domain-based namespace**. Click **Next**.
- d. On the Review Settings and Create Namespace screen, click Create.
- 4. Click **Close** to exit the wizard.

Adding Namespace Server

Perform these tasks on other file servers in the deployment.

To add the namespace server:

- 1. In the DFS Management window, browse to **DFS Management > Namespaces**.
- 2. Right-click the namespace you created on page 143 and select Add Namespace Server from the contextmenu.
- 3. In the Add Namespace Server window, click **Browse** in the **Namespace server** field. In the Select Computer window provide the name of the second server where you created the shared folder. Click the Edit Settings button. In the Edit Settings window, select the Administrators have full access; other users have readonly permissions option. Click OK.

Adding Folders and Configuring Replication

To add folders and configure replication:

- 1. In the DFS Management window, browse to **DFS Management > Namespaces >** DFS created for ECE.
- 2. In the Actions section, click the **New Folder** button. Set the following in the New Folder window.
 - Provide a name for the folder. For example, ECE.
 - In the Folder targets, add the network path of both the shared folders created on the ECE servers.
- 3. When prompted to create a Replication group, click Yes.
- 4. Run through the Replicate Folder Wizard to set up replication. When prompted to select the Primary Member, select any one server to be the primary server.
- 5. Once replication is setup, set the Staging folder quota for the replication. You must set a number based on the available bandwidth and the size of the files to be replicated. Follow Microsoft documentation for guidelines for setting the quota numbers.

Appendix B: SQL Always-On Configuration

- ▶ About Always On Availability Group Clustering
- Pre-Installation Tasks
- ▶ Install the Application
- Post-Installation Tasks

About Always On Availability Group Clustering



Important: ECE supports the clustering feature only for installations using the Enterprise Edition of MSSQL.

This chapter talks about an Always On cluster configuration with two nodes. You can add more nodes, if required. The two deployment models supported are:

- 1. Reports database and active and master databases are on the same node with a common availability group for the databases.
- 2. Reports database is on one node and active and master databases are on a separate node with respective availability groups for each node.



Important: Ensure that all the databases related pre-installation and post-installation tasks are performed on all nodes in the cluster.

Pre-Installation Tasks

Installing Failover Clustering Feature

Perform this task on for all nodes of active and reports databases.

To install the failover cluster feature:

- 1. Open Server Manager, click **Manage**, and then click **Add Roles and Features**. The Add Roles and Features Wizard appears.
- 2. On the Server Selection page, select the server on which you want to install the Failover Clustering.
- 3. On the Features page, select Failover Clustering. Run through the wizard to complete the installation.

Creating Prestage Cluster Computer Objects in Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS)

To create the cluster name object (CNO) automatically, the user who creates the failover cluster must have the Create Computer objects permission to the organizational unit (OU) or the container where the servers that will form the cluster reside.

To enable a user or group to create a cluster without having this permission, a user with appropriate permissions in AD DS (typically a domain administrator) can prestage the CNO in AD DS.

These tasks are done by a network administrator.

Prestaging the CNO in AD DS

To prestage the CNO in AD DS:

- On a computer that has the AD DS Tools installed from the Remote Server Administration Tools, or on a
 domain controller, open Active Directory Users and Computers. To do this on a server, open Server
 Manager and from the Tools menu, select Active Directory Users and Computers.
- 2. In Active Directory Users and Computers, on the **View** menu, make sure that **Advanced Features** is selected
- Create an OU, if it does not exists. For the cluster computer objects, right-click the domain name or an
 existing OU, and select New > Organizational Unit. In the Name box, enter the name of the OU, and then
 click OK.
- 4. In the console tree, right-click the OU where you want to create the CNO, point to **New**, and then select **Computer**.
- 5. In the Computer name box, enter the name that will be used for the failover cluster, and then select OK.
- 6. As a best practice, right-click the computer account that you just created, click **Properties**, and then click the Object tab. On the Object tab, select the **Protect object from accidental deletion** check box, and then click **OK**.
- 7. Right-click the computer account that you just created, and then select **Disable Account**. Select **Yes** to confirm, and then select **OK**. You must disable the account so that during cluster creation, the cluster creation process can confirm that the account is not currently in use by an existing computer or cluster in the domain.

Granting User Permissions to Create Cluster

To grant user permissions to create cluster:

- In Active Directory Users and Computers, on the View menu, make sure that Advanced Features is selected.
- 2. Locate and then right-click the CNO, and then click **Properties**.
- 3. On the Security tab, click **Add**.
- 4. In the Select Users, Computers, or Groups dialog box, specify the user account or group that you want to grant permissions to, and then click **OK**.
- Select the user account or group that you just added, and then next to Full control, select the Allow check box.
- 6. Select OK.

Granting the CNO Permissions to the OU

To grant the CNO permissions to the OU:

 In Active Directory Users and Computers, on the View menu, make sure that Advanced Features is selected.

- 2. Right-click the OU where you created the CNO (page 147) and then select **Properties**.
- 3. On the Security tab, select **Advanced**.
- 4. In the Advanced Security Settings dialog box, select **Add**.
- 5. Next to Principal, select Select a principal.
- 6. In the Select User, Computer, Service Account, or Groups dialog box, select **Object Types**, select the Computers check box, and then select OK.
- 7. Under Enter the object names to select, enter the name of the CNO, select Check Names, and then select **OK**. In response to the warning message that says that you are about to add a disabled object, select **OK**.
- 8. In the Permission Entry dialog box, make sure that the **Type** list is set to **Allow**, and the **Applies to** list is set to This object and all descendant objects.
- 9. Under Permissions, select the Create Computer objects and Delete Computer Object check boxes.
- 10. Select **OK** until you return to the Active Directory Users and Computers snap-in.

Creating Windows Failover Cluster

Perform this task on one active server node and one reports database node.

To install Windows server failover cluster:

- 1. Open Server Manager and from the Tools menu, select Failover Cluster Manager.
- 2. In the Failover Cluster Manager, right-click Failover Cluster Manager and select Create Cluster from the menu.
- 3. In the Create Cluster Wizard, on the Select Servers screen, enter the Server Name for both active database servers to be added to the cluster and Click Add.
- 4. On the Validation Warning screen, select **Yes** to validate the cluster nodes. The program will run you through the validation process.
- 5. On the Access Point for Administering the Cluster screen, provide the Cluster Name. This is the name of the computer object created in the Active Directory. Enter the IP address reserved for the Windows Cluster Name Object. You will need two IPs for the Cluster if the target servers are at two different subnets. Click Next.
- 6. On the Confirmation screen, uncheck the **Add all eligible storage to the cluster** option. Click **Next.**
- 7. Click **Finish** on the Summary screen.

Repeat this task for the reports database node. In Step 3, add the reports database servers.

Configure Cluster Quorum Settings

Quorum is a configuration database for the cluster and is stored on a shared location, accessible to all of the nodes in a cluster.

In Case of even number of nodes (but not a multi-site cluster) Node and Disk Majority Quorum configuration is recommended. If you don't have a shared storage, Node and File Share Majority is recommended. Here it will be configuring a FileShare Witness quorum.

It is recommended that you configure the quorum size to be 500 MB. This size is the minimum required for an efficient NTFS partition. Larger sizes are allowable but are not currently needed.

Perform this task on one active server node and one reports database node. **To configure cluster quorum settings:**

- 1. In the Failover Cluster Manager, right-click the cluster you added. From the context-menu, go to **More Actions > Configure Cluster Quorum Settings.**
- 2. Run through the Configure Cluster Quorum Wizard.
- 3. On the Select Quorum Configuration Option screen, select the **Select the quorum witness** option.
- 4. On the Select Quorum Witness screen, select the Configure a file share witness option.
- 5. On the Configure File Share Witness screen, type the path of the shared folder that you want to use. Click **Next**. It is recommended to have the share folder on a different node than the participating nodes on cluster.
- 6. Run through the rest of the wizard to complete the configuration.

Enabling Always On Availability Groups Feature on SQL

Perform this task on one active server node and one reports database node.

To enable always-on availability groups feature:

- 1. Open the SQL Server Configuration Manager and browse to SQL Server Services.
- 2. In the list pane, right-click **SQL Server** service and select **Properties**.
- 3. In the Properties window, go to the AlwaysOn High Availability tab and select the **Enable AlwaysOn Availability Groups** option. You will be prompt to restart the SQL Server service. Click **OK.**
 - Perform this task on both servers (primary and secondary).
- 4. Change the service account of all SQL server services to the **SQL Services Account** that you have created for the ECE application. If you didn't create a **SQL Services Account**, use the **Service Account** created for the ECE application (page 28).
- 5. Restart the SQL Server services.

Configuring SQL Server Always On Availability Groups

Perform this task on one active server node and one reports database node.

To configure SQL server always on availability group:

- 1. First, create a temporary database. This database is required only for creating the availability group. The database should be in fully recovery model and at least one full backup of the database must be performed.
- 2. Go to Management Studio, right click **AlwaysOn High Availability** and select **New Availability Group Wizard.**
- 3. In the Specify Availability Group Name screen, provide a name for the group. Click Next.
- 4. In the Select Database screen, select the temporary database created in Step 1.

- 5. In the Replica screen, set the following:
 - On the Replicas tab, click the Add Replica button to add all the nodes. Select the Synchronous **Commit** option for both nodes.
 - On the Endpoints tab, verify the server names and endpoint URLs.
 - On the Backup Preferences tab, select the **Any Replica** option to allow backup operation at both primary and secondary servers.
 - On the Listener tab, provide a fully qualified listener name, which is registered with the DNS, port (default 1433), and select the **Static IP** option. Click the **Add** button. In the Add IP Address window, add a static IP address. Like cluster creation, here also you will need two IPs if the target servers are on two different subnets. Select the respective subnet from the dropdown and add the respective IP address for that.
- 6. On the Select Initial Data Synchronization page, select the Full option. Click Next.
- 7. On the Validation screen, review the validations run by the wizard. Click **Next**.
- 8. On the Summary screen, verify the choices made in the wizard. Click **Finish** to start the process.
- 9. The Results screen shows if all the tasks are completed successfully. Click Close.

Install the Application

▶ Install the ECE application. See "Installation Process" on page 67.

Post-Installation Tasks

Verifying Recovery Model

Verify that the recover model for ECE databases is set to full.

To view or change the recovery model:

- 1. In the SQL Server Management Studio, browse to the ECE databases.
- 2. Right-click the database, and from the context menu select Properties.
- 3. In the Database Properties window, go to the **Options** section and set the **Recovery model** to **Full**.
- 4. Click **OK**.

Backing up ECE Databases

Take a full backup of all ECE databases - Active database, Master database and Reports database. As per availability group requirements, the database must be backed up once in full recovery mode.

Adding Databases to Availability Group

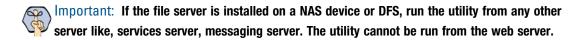
To add databases to the availability group:

- 1. Open SQL Server Management Studio and connect with the primary database server or Listener.
- 2. Go to AlwaysOn High Availability > Availability Groups > Your Availability Group.
- 3. Right-click the availability group and from the context menu select Add database.
- 4. On the Select Databases page, select the databases from the list of available databases and click Next.
- 5. On the Select Data Synchronization page, select the **Join Only** option. Click **Next**.
- 6. In the next window click Connect to check the connection with the secondary server then click on Next.
- 7. You will be notified if the connection is successful.

Run reports DB utility to configure secondary nodes

Running the Reports Database Utility

This utility needs to be run to complete the reports database configurations on the secondary nodes. Perform this task on the file server.



To run the utility:

- From the installation package, copy the ReportsDB Utility (SQL Server Always On) folder on the file server.
- 2. The file server needs to have JDK 1.8 Update 65 or higher installed on the machine. The installation package for JDK is available in the Environment\Server Side Java folder of the installation package.
- 3. Open the reportsdb_utility.bat file in a text editor.
- 4. Locate the SET JAVA_HOME property and set the value to the location where JDK 1.8 Update 65 or higher is installed on your machine. For example, C:\Java\jdk1.8.0_65.
- 5. Open the reportsdb_utility.properties file in a text editor and set the following properties:
 - EGAIN_HOME_DIR: Provide the location of the ECE home directory.
 - O IS_WINDOWS_AUTHENTICATION: Value is set to true and should not be changed.
 - CREATE_DBLINK_FROM_CONNPOOLMAP: Value is set to true and should not be changed.
 - O REPORTS_DB_SERVER_NAME: Server name of the secondary node for the reports database.
 - REPORTS DB LST PORT: Provide the port number.
 - O REPORTS_DB_INSTANCE_NAME: Provide the instance name.
 - REPORTS_DB_NAME: Provide the name of the reports database.
 - O ACT_DB_SERVER_NAME: Server name of the secondary node for the active database.

- ACT_DB_LST_PORT: Provide the port number.
- ACT_DB_INSTANCE_NAME: Provide the instance name. 0
- ACT_DB_NAME: Provide the name of the active database.
- SSIS_INSTALL_PATH: Provide the path of the SSIS Directory created on the secondary node. For example, D:\ssis_data
- SSIS PKG OVERWRITE: Set this to true.
- SSIS_USER_ID: User name of the **Install Account** created for use by the application.
- 0 SSIS USER PASSWORD: Password of the user.
- SSIS_CATALOG_PASSWORD: Provide a password to encrypt the SSIS catalog.
- 6. Open the command prompt as an administrator and navigate to the utility folder.
- 7. Run the following command:

```
Utility_Location\reportsdb_utility.bat createDBObjects
For example, D:\utility\reportsdb_utility.bat createDBObjects
```

- 8. The following log files are created at the same location from where the utility is run:
 - o reportsdb_validation.log: Check this file to verify that no errors are logged in the file.
 - o eg_log_serv234_ReportsDBUtil.log: Check the file to see the status of the utility. You will see the following message when all the tasks are completed - ReportsDB utility is executed successfully

Creating Jobs to Take Log backups on All Nodes

Perform this task on all active server nodes and all reports database nodes. Create jobs on all databases to take backups of logs every 30 minutes. This is required as the database log grows rapidly when the Always On Availability feature is enabled.

You can use the following script to create jobs for log backups:

- ▶ BACKUP LOG [eGActiveDB] TO DISK = 'Path\eGActiveDB_LOG_backup.trn' WITH INIT
- ▶ BACKUP LOG [eGMasterDB] TO DISK = 'Path\eGMasterDB_LOG_backup.trn' WITH INIT
- BACKUP LOG [eReportsDB] TO DISK = 'Path\eGReportsDB_LOG_backup.trn' WITH INIT

Replace, eGActiveDB, eGMasterDB, and eReportsDB with the database names.

Replace Path with the backup folder path.

Appendix C: Convert Existing Deployment to HA

- ► Converting Existing Two Server Installation to HA (Windows 2016)
- ► Converting Existing Two Server Installation to HA (Windows 2012)
- ► Converting Existing Distributed Server Installation to HA (Windows 2012 & 2016)

Converting Existing Two Server Installation to HA (Windows 2016)

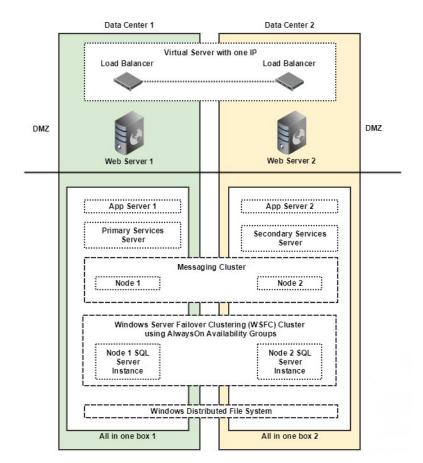
This section helps you convert your existing two server installation into an HA installation.

Existing installation and VMs:

- **VM-A:** ECE All-in-One server (file, messaging, application, services and database components are installed on this server). This will become the Windows Distributed File System Node1 for file server.
- **VM-B:** ECE Web server component

Acquire New VMs for Side B (Windows 2016):

- **VM-C:** For installing second Messaging, Services, and Application server components. This will become the Windows Distributed File System Node2 for file server.
- **VM-D:** For second web server component



Converting Existing File Server to DFS

Setting up Distributed File System (DFS)

Install and Enable DFS Namespace and DFS Replication roles and features on VM-A and VM-C. For details, see "Appendix A: Distributed File System Configuration" on page 142.

Updating Files to Use DFS

To update files on original ECE server (VM-A) to use new DFS location:

- 1. Browse to Cisco_Home\eService\bin\platform\windows
- 2. Open the following files in a text editor: egainstart.bat and egainstop.bat files.
- Locate the property env.fs.shared.location in both the files and change the value to point to the new DFS location. For example, the property will look like SET env.fs.shared.location=\\egeng.info\DFS1\ECE\eService

Installing Second Messaging, Services, and Application Server Components

- ▶ Install the new components on VM-C. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Messaging Server, Services Server, and Application Server.
 - o In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Second Web Server Component

- ▶ Install the new component on **VM-D**. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Web Server.
 - o In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Converting Databases to SQL Server to Always On Configuration

Perform all the tasks listed in the following table in the order defined.

Task	Notes
Perform all the required pre-installation tasks on the new database servers. "Pre-Installation Tasks" on page 24	
"Stopping ECE Application and Disable SQL Jobs." on page 156	
If your existing database uses SQL Authentication, convert SQL Authentication to Windows Authentication.	
"Converting SQL Authentication to Windows Authentication" on page 156	
"Installing Failover Clustering Feature" on page 146	

Task	Notes
"Creating Prestage Cluster Computer Objects in Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS)" on page 146	
"Creating Windows Failover Cluster" on page 148	
"Configure Cluster Quorum Settings" on page 148	
"Enabling Always On Availability Groups Feature on SQL" on page 149	
"Configuring SQL Server Always On Availability Groups" on page 149 ▶ In Step 4, select existing ECE active, master, and reports databases. ▶ In Step 6, select Join option.	
"Verifying Recovery Model" on page 150	
"Backing up and Restoring Databases" on page 157	
"Adding Databases to Availability Group" on page 151	
"Updating Files and Databases with New Listener Names" on page 157	
"Run reports DB utility to configure secondary nodes" on page 151	
"Creating Jobs to Take Log backups on All Nodes" on page 152	
"Creating an Encrypted SQL Server Database" on page 86	
"Starting the SQL Jobs and ECE Application" on page 159	

Stopping ECE Application and Disable SQL Jobs.

- 1. Stop the ECE application. See "Stopping ECE" on page 92.
- 2. Disable the following jobs on ECE database machines.
 - O **EG_Offers_Summarization_**Active_Database_Name
 - EGICM_data_cleanup_job_Active_Database_Name
 - O EGICM_reindex_active_job_Active_Database_Name
 - EGPL_rebuild_indexes_Active_Database_Name
 - EGPL_update_fulltext_Active_Database_Name
 - EGICM_reindex_reports_job_Reports_Database_Name
 - populatesmy_Reports_Database_Name

Converting SQL Authentication to Windows Authentication

Important: Windows Authentication is required for setting Always On. You need to perform this task only if your existing installation does not use Windows Authentication.

To convert SQL authentication to Windows authentication:

1. Stop the ECE application.

- 2. Follow steps to configure Windows Authentication on MSSQL Server as mentioned in the installation guide.
- 3. On the file server, go to the ECE installation folder.
- 4. Make the following changes in the file:

```
Cisco_Home\eService\installation\dataaccess\egpl_ds_connpool_map.xml &
```

- a. Locate <conn pool list.
- b. In all **connpool** nodes in the list, remove the values of **User** and **Password** nodes.
- c. In all connpool nodes in the list, for the Url node, change all references of integratedSecurity=false to integratedSecurity=true

For example, change:

```
<User egid="3026">eGActiveDB</User>
<Password egid="3027">36423441363</Password>
<Url
egid="3028">jdbc:sqlserver://ussuh23:1433;integratedSecurity=false;databaseName
=eGActiveDB</Url>
to
<User egid="3026"></User>
<Password egid="3027"></Password>
<Url
egid="3028">jdbc:sqlserver://ussuh23:1433;integratedSecurity=true;databaseName=
eGActiveDB</Url>
```

5. Browse to Cisco_Home\eService\lib\deployment.zip extract \dataaccess\egpl_ds_connpool_map.xml. Make the changes listed in Step 4. Add the updated file in deployment.zip.

Backing up and Restoring Databases

To backup and restore databases:

- 1. Take Full backups of active, master, and reports database in primary server location.
- 2. Share folder path with secondary server.
- 3. Take Transaction Log backup of active, master, and reports database in primary server location (same folder path where full backup was saved).
- 4. Restore all three full backups and transaction log backups with **NORECOVERY** at the secondary database server.

Updating Files and Databases with New Listener Names

Modifying Reports Database

Perform this task on the primary node.

To modify the database server names:

- 1. Connect to the SQL server with the listener name.
- 2. In the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio, browse to Integration Services Catalogs > SSISDB> > EG_Reports_DatabseName > Environments > EG_eGReportsDB.
- 3. Right-click **EG_eGReportsDB** and from the context menu, select **Properties**.
- 4. In the Environment Properties window, go to the Variables section, and edit the values of the following variables.
 - **Destination ConnectionString:** Replace the server name with the listener name of the reports database. If all databases are installed on same node, then it will be common listener name for both active and reports database.
 - Destination_Server: Replace the server name with the listener name of the reports database.
 - **Source_ConnectionString:** Replace server name with the listener name of the active database. If all databases are installed on same node, then it will be common listener name for both active and reports database.
 - **Source_Server:** Replace server name with the listener name of the active database.

Modifying Master Database

Perform this task on the primary node.

To modify the database server name for master database:

▶ Run the following query on the ECE master database:

```
UPDATE [dbo].[EGPL_DSM_HOST]
SET [HOST_NAME] = '<Listener Name>'
WHERE [DESCRIPTION] = 'Database Server'
```

Replace < Listener Name > with the cluster listener name.

Modifying Connpool File

Perform this task on the file server.

To modify the connpool files:

- 1. Stop the ECE application.
- 2. On the file server, go to the ECE installation folder.
- 3. Make the following changes in the file:

```
Cisco_Home\eService\installation\dataaccess\egpl_ds_connpool_map.xml
```

- a. Locate <conn_pool_list.
- b. In all connpool nodes in the list, locate the URL property and replace the database server name with the listener name.

For example, change:

```
<Url
egid="3018">jdbc:sqlserver://masterussuh50:1433;integratedSecurity=true;databa
seName=eGMasterDB</Url>
to:
<Url
egid="3018">jdbc:sqlserver://HAlistenerCluster:1433;integratedSecurity=false;data
baseName=eGMasterDB</Url>
```

4. Browse to Cisco_Home\eService\lib\deployment.zip extract \dataaccess\egpl_ds_connpool_map.xml. Make the changes listed in Step 3. Add the updated file in deployment.zip.

Starting the SQL Jobs and ECE Application

- 1. Enable the following jobs on ECE database machines.
 - O **EG_Offers_Summarization_** *Active_Database_Name*
 - O EGICM data cleanup job Active Database Name
 - O EGICM_reindex_active_job_Active_Database_Name
 - O **EGPL_rebuild_indexes_** Active_Database_Name
 - O **EGPL_update_fulltext**_Active_Database_Name
 - O EGICM_reindex_reports_job_Reports_Database_Name
 - populatesmy_Reports_Database_Name
- 2. Start the ECE application. See "Starting ECE" on page 91.

Updating Finesse Files

The Desktop Layout gadget in Finesse points to the ECE web server in the installation. If you are using a load balancer, after converting the deployment to HA, you must update the layout to point to the load balancer.

To update the Finesse layout settings:

- 1. Launch the URL: https://Finesse_Server_Name/cfadmin. Login as a finesse administrator.
- 2. In the **Desktops Layout** section, locate the node for ece.xml. In the value, replace the web server name with the host name of the load balancer used for ECE web servers.

For example, change:

```
<gadgets>
<gadget>https://ECEWebServer.domain.com/system/templates/finesse/gadget/agent/ece.xm
l</gadget>
</gadgets>
to
<gadgets>
<gadget>https://ECELoadBalancer.domain.com/system/templates/finesse/gadget/agent/ece.xml</gadget>
```

3. Save the changes.

Converting Existing Two Server Installation to HA (Windows 2012)

This section helps you convert your existing two server installation into an HA installation.

Existing installation and VMs:

- VM-A: ECE All-in-One server (file, messaging, application, services and database components are installed on this server) This will become the Windows Distributed File System Node1 for file server.
- VM-B: ECE Web server component

Acquire New VMs for Side B:

- VM-C: For installing second Messaging and Application server components. This will become the Windows Distributed File System Node2 for file server.
- VM-D: For installing second services server component
- VM-E: For second web server component

Converting Existing File Server to DFS

For details see "Converting Existing File Server to DFS" on page 155.

Installing Second Messaging and Application Server Components

- ▶ Install the new components on VM-C. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Messaging Server and Application Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Second Services Server Component

- Install the new component on VM-D. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Services Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Second Web Server Component

- Install the new component on VM-E. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Web Server.

o In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Converting Databases to SQL Server to Always On Configuration

For details see "Converting Databases to SQL Server to Always On Configuration" on page 155.

Updating Finesse Files

▶ For details see "Updating Finesse Files" on page 159.

Converting Existing Distributed Server Installation to HA (Windows 2012 & 2016)

This section helps you convert your existing distributed server installation into an HA installation.

Existing installation and VMs:

- **VM-1A:** File server
- **VM-2A:** Database server (active and master databases)
- **VM-3A:** Database server (Reports database)
- **VM-4A:** Messaging server
- **VM-5A:** Services Server
- ▶ VM-6A to VM-10A: Application server
- **VM-11A to VM-15A:** Web Server

Acquire New VMs for Side B:

- **VM-1B:** File server (Windows Distributed File System Node 2)
- **VM-2B:** Database server (active and master databases)
- **VM-3B:** Database server (reports database)
- **VM-4B:** Messaging server
- **VM-5B:** Services server
- ▶ VM-6B to VM-10B: Application server
- ▶ VM-11B to VM-15B: Web Server

Converting Existing File Server to DFS

Setting up Distributed File System (DFS)

Install and Enable DFS Namespace and DFS Replication roles and features on VM-1A and VM1-B. For details, see "Appendix A: Distributed File System Configuration" on page 142.

Updating Files to Use DFS

To update files on original ECE server (VM-1A) to use new DFS location:

- 1. Browse to Cisco Home\eService\bin\platform\windows
- 2. Open the following files in a text editor: egainstart.bat and egainstop.bat files.
- 3. Locate the property env.fs.shared.location in both the files and change the value to point to the new DFS location. For example, the property will look like SET env.fs.shared.location=\\egeng.info\DFS1\ECE\eService

Installing Second Messaging Server Component

- Install the new messaging server component on VM-4B. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Messaging Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Second Services Server Component

- ▶ Install the new services server component on VM-5B. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Services Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Additional Application Server Components

- ▶ Install the new application server component on VM-6B to VM10B. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Application Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.

Installing Additional Web Server Components

- Install the new web server component on VM-11B to VM-15B. While installing:
 - In the Installation Options window, select Application Server.
 - In the File Server Parameters window, provide the new DFS location.