



Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server X12.5.3

Release Notes

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Preview Features Disclaimer

Some features in this release are provided in “preview” status only, because they have known limitations or incomplete software dependencies. Cisco reserves the right to disable preview features at any time without notice. Preview features should not be relied on in your production environment. Cisco Technical Support will provide limited assistance (Severity 4) to customers who want to use preview features.

Contents

| | |
|--|----|
| Preface | 3 |
| Change History | 3 |
| Supported Platforms | 4 |
| Related Documents | 6 |
| Changes in X12.5.3 | 8 |
| CAUTION - Please Read Before you Install X12.5.3 | 8 |
| Software Changes and Enhancements | 8 |
| Withdrawn or Deprecated Features | 8 |
| Software Version Numbering | 8 |
| Changes in X12.5.2 | 9 |
| Other Software Changes and Enhancements | 9 |
| Changes in X12.5.1 | 9 |
| Software Changes and Enhancements | 9 |
| New Features in X12.5 | 10 |
| Virtualized Systems - ESXi 6.0, 6.5, and 6.7 Qualification | 10 |

| | |
|--|----|
| Other Features in this Release do not Apply to Cisco VCS | 10 |
| All Preview Features Including from Earlier Releases | 10 |
| Open and Resolved Issues | 11 |
| Bug Search Tool Links | 11 |
| Notable Issues in this Version | 11 |
| Limitations | 12 |
| Some Cisco VCS Features are Preview or Have External Dependencies | 12 |
| Unsupported Functionality | 12 |
| Mobile and Remote Access Limitations | 12 |
| Spurious Alarms when Adding or Removing Peers in a Cluster | 12 |
| Virtual Systems | 13 |
| Medium Appliances with 1 Gbps NIC - Demultiplexing Ports | 13 |
| Language Packs | 13 |
| Option Keys Only Take Effect for 65 Keys or Fewer | 13 |
| XMPP Federation-Behavior on IM&P Node Failure | 13 |
| Cisco Webex Calling May Fail with Dual-NIC Cisco VCS | 13 |
| Microsoft Federation with Dual Homed Conferencing-SIP Message Size | 13 |
| Intradomain Microsoft Interop with Expressway and Cisco Meeting Server | 14 |
| OAuth Token Authorization with Jabber | 14 |
| Cisco VCS Forward Proxy | 14 |
| Interoperability | 15 |
| Test Results | 15 |
| Notable Interoperability Concerns | 15 |
| Which Cisco VCS Services Can Run Together? | 15 |
| Upgrading to X12.5.3 | 16 |
| Upgrade Prerequisites and Software Dependencies | 16 |
| Upgrade Instructions | 19 |
| Using Collaboration Solutions Analyzer | 21 |
| Using the Bug Search Tool | 21 |
| Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request | 21 |
| Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments | 22 |
| Cisco Legal Information | 34 |
| Cisco Trademark | 34 |

Preface

Change History

Table 1 Release Notes Change History

| Date | Change | Reason |
|---------------|--|------------------------|
| June 2019 | Fix incorrect versions in software upgrade dependencies. CSCvp93515 refers. | Document correction |
| June 2019 | Adjust wording in <i>Withdrawn or Deprecated Features</i> section. | Document clarification |
| May 2019 | Updates for maintenance release. | X12.5.3 |
| April 2019 | Updates for maintenance release. | X12.5.2 |
| April 2019 | Include mention of notable resolved bug CSCvn49463 (intradomain RMS licensing) which was fixed in X12.5.1. | Document addition |
| February 2019 | Updates for maintenance release. | X12.5.1 |
| January 2019 | First publication. | X12.5 |

Supported Platforms

Table 2 Cisco VCS Software Versions Supported by Platform

| Platform name | Serial Numbers | Scope of software version support |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Cisco VCS appliance (1 st generation) | 52A0##### | All features in versions up to and including X8.6.1. Critical fixes only in X8.7.x No support for X8.8 or later versions on this hardware. |
| Cisco VCS appliance (1 st generation) | 52A1#####-52A4##### | All features in versions up to and including X8.6.1. Critical fixes only in later versions, up to and including X8.8.3*. No support for any versions after X8.8.3 on this hardware. |
| Small VM (OVA) | (Auto-generated) | X8.1 onwards. For VCS, support for versions after X8.11.x is for maintenance and bug fixing purposes only. New features are not supported. |
| Medium VM (OVA) | (Auto-generated) | X8.1 onwards. For VCS, support for versions after X8.11.x is for maintenance and bug fixing purposes only. New features are not supported. |
| Large VM (OVA) | (Auto-generated) | X8.1 onwards. For VCS, support for versions after X8.11.x is for maintenance and bug fixing purposes only. New features are not supported. |
| CE1100 [‡] (Cisco VCS pre-installed on UCS C220 M4L) | 52D##### | X8.6.1 onwards. For VCS, support for versions after X8.11.x is for maintenance and bug fixing purposes only. New features are not supported. |
| CE1000 (Cisco VCS pre-installed on UCS C220 M3L) | 52B##### | X8.1.1 to X8.10.x No support for any versions after X8.10.x on this hardware. |
| CE500 (Cisco VCS pre-installed on UCS C220 M3L) | 52C##### | X8.1.1 to X8.10.x No support for any versions after X8.10.x on this hardware. |

Preface

‡ As of 13th November 2018, you cannot order the CE1100 appliance from Cisco. See the [End-of-sale announcement](#) for other important dates in the lifecycle of this platform.

Advance Notice - Hardware Service Support for CE500 and CE1000 Appliances to be Withdrawn

Cisco will withdraw support services for the Cisco VCS CE500 and CE1000 appliance hardware platforms in a future release. More details are available in the [End-of-sale announcement](#).

Related Documents

Table 3 Links to Related Documentation

| | |
|---|--|
| Installation - virtual machines | <i>Cisco Expressway Virtual Machine Installation Guide</i> on the Expressway installation guides page |
| Installation - physical appliances | <i>Cisco Video Communication Server CE1100 Appliance Installation Guide</i> on the VCS installation guides page . |
| Basic configuration for registrar / single systems | <i>Cisco Expressway Registrar Deployment Guide</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page |
| Basic configuration for firewall traversal / paired systems | <i>Cisco Expressway-E and Expressway-C Basic Configuration Deployment Guide</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page |
| Administration and maintenance | <i>Cisco TelePresence VCS Administrator Guide</i> on the Cisco TelePresence VCS maintain and operate guides page . <i>Cisco TelePresence VCS Serviceability Guide</i> on the Cisco TelePresence VCS maintain and operate guides page . |
| Clustering | <i>Cisco Expressway Cluster Creation and Maintenance Deployment Guide</i> on the Cisco Expressway Series configuration guides page |
| Certificates | <i>Cisco Expressway Certificate Creation and Use Deployment Guide</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page |
| Rest API | <i>Cisco Expressway REST API Reference Guide</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page |
| Unified Communications | <i>Mobile and Remote Access Through Cisco Expressway</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page |
| Cisco Meeting Server | <i>Cisco Meeting Server with Cisco Expressway Deployment Guide</i> on the Expressway configuration guides page <i>Cisco Meeting Server API Reference Guide</i> on the Cisco Meeting Server programming guides page Other Cisco Meeting Server guides are available on the Cisco Meeting Server configuration guides page |
| Cisco Webex Hybrid Services | Hybrid services knowledge base |
| Cisco Hosted Collaboration Solution (HCS) | HCS customer documentation |

Table 3 Links to Related Documentation (continued)

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Microsoft infrastructure | <i>Cisco Expressway with Microsoft Infrastructure Deployment Guide</i> on Expressway configuration guides page <i>Cisco Jabber and Microsoft Skype for Business Infrastructure Configuration Cheatsheet</i> on Expressway configuration guides page |
| Multiway Conferencing | Cisco TelePresence Multiway Deployment Guide on Expressway configuration guides page |

Changes in X12.5.3

Changes in X12.5.3

CAUTION - Please Read Before you Install X12.5.3

Release keys are required for upgrade (and to downgrade to old release), except for certain deployments of Cisco Webex Hybrid Services connectors.

- **Currently you need an X12 Release Key to install this software.**
- If you need to revert for any reason to the old software, you will need an X8 Release Key to downgrade.

Cisco VCSs running version X8.5.3 or earlier need a two-stage upgrade. In this case you must upgrade to an intermediate, approved version before upgrading to this release, as described in [Upgrade Prerequisites and Software Dependencies](#), page 16.

Cisco Jabber 12.5 or later is needed if you want chat/messaging services over MRA with authentication using OAuth refresh (self-describing tokens) and you configure IM and Presence Service presence redundancy groups. With this release of Expressway, user login failures will occur in this scenario if Jabber versions before 12.5 are in use.

Software Changes and Enhancements

- General software maintenance and bug fixing.
- The search lists for [Open and Resolved Issues](#), page 11 have been updated for this maintenance release.

Withdrawn or Deprecated Features

The following features or software **are no longer supported from Cisco VCS version X12.5.x.**

- Cisco Advance Media Gateway (AM Gateway).
- For VM deployments, VMware ESXi virtual hardware versions ESXi5.x.

The following features and preview features are deprecated from Cisco VCS version X12.5, and **support for them in Cisco VCS will be withdrawn in a subsequent release.**

- Support for Cisco Jabber Video for TelePresence (Movi). This item relates to Cisco Jabber Video for TelePresence (works in conjunction with Cisco Expressway for video communication) and not to the Cisco Jabber soft client that works with Unified CM.
- FindMe device/location provisioning service.
- Smart Call Home.
- Cisco VCS Starter Pack.
- Cisco VCS forward proxy.

Software Version Numbering

To better align with other Cisco product versions, this first release after X8.11.x is numbered X12.5.x. There is no Cisco VCS X12.0 release. And there are no other intermediate Cisco VCS releases between X8.11.x and X12.5.x.

Changes in X12.5.2

Changes in X12.5.2

Other Software Changes and Enhancements

- General software maintenance and bug fixing.
- The search lists for [Open and Resolved Issues, page 11](#) have been updated for this maintenance release.
- The ESXi 6.7 Update 1 version has been successfully tested for hosting Cisco VCS virtual machines.
- The Cisco VCS Small VM (OVA virtual appliance) is now supported on the VMware ESXi virtual hardware platform, subject to the same hardware requirements as specified for Small VMs running on a Cisco Business Edition (BE) 6000 platform.

Changes in X12.5.1

Software Changes and Enhancements

- General software maintenance and bug fixing.
- Previously (from X8.10), intracompany/intradomain calls through Cisco VCS between Cisco Meeting Server and Microsoft Skype for Business on-premise users, consumed RMS licenses on Cisco VCS Control. From X12.5.1, this is resolved and these calls no longer consume an RMS license. Bug ID [CSCvn49463](#) refers.
- The search lists for [Open and Resolved Issues, page 11](#) have been updated for this maintenance release.

New Features in X12.5

Virtualized Systems – ESXi 6.0, 6.5, and 6.7 Qualification

This item applies to virtualized systems. The VMware ESXi virtual hardware versions required to host Cisco VCS VMs have changed in this release and **the minimum required version is now ESXi 6.0** (ESXi 5.0 and ESXi 5.5 are no longer supported by VMware). The following ESXi versions have been successfully tested for Cisco VCS X12.5:

- ESXi 6.0
- ESXi6.5 Update 2
- ESXi6.7 (the ESXi Side-Channel-Aware Scheduler is not supported with X12.5)

Other Features in this Release do not Apply to Cisco VCS

IMPORTANT! New features in software version X12.5 and later are not supported for the Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server product (VCS). They apply only to the Cisco Expressway Series product (Expressway). This software version is provided for the VCS for maintenance and bug fixing purposes only.

All Preview Features Including from Earlier Releases

The following features are Preview status only, and were originally introduced as Preview features in X8.11.x or earlier.

- Multiple Presence Domains / Multiple IM Address Domains over MRA
- (Now deprecated) Smart Call Home

(PREVIEW – now DEPRECATED) Smart Call Home

This feature is deprecated from Cisco VCS X12.5, and **support will be withdrawn in a subsequent release.**

Smart Call Home is an embedded support capability for Cisco VCS. It offers proactive diagnostics and real-time alerts, enabling higher network availability and increased operational efficiency. Smart Call Home notifies users of Schedule- and Event-based notifications.

- Schedule-based notifications: inventory, telemetry and configuration messages used to generate a Device Report and improve hardware and software quality by identifying failure trends. You can find these notifications posted on the first day of every month.
- Event-based notifications: ad hoc events already supported by Cisco VCS such as alarms and ACRs. You will find these notifications posted to the Smart Call Home server as and when they occur.

Note: Although the web user interface includes an option for SMTP with Smart Call Home, currently this is not actually implemented in the Cisco VCS.

(PREVIEW) Multiple Presence Domains / Multiple IM Address Domains over MRA

This feature is currently in preview status only.

Jabber 10.6 and later can be deployed into an infrastructure where users are organized into more than one domain, or into domains with subdomains (subject to IM and Presence Service 10.0.x or later).

Open and Resolved Issues

Bug Search Tool Links

Follow the links below to read the most recent information about the open and resolved issues in this release.

- [All open issues, sorted by date modified \(recent first\)](#)
- [Issues resolved by X12.5.3](#)
- [Issues resolved by X12.5.2](#)
- [Issues resolved by X12.5.1](#)
- [Issues resolved by X12.5](#)

Notable Issues in this Version

Rich Media Session license is not consumed by Single NIC Cisco VCS Expressway hosting Jabber Guest service
[CSCva36208](#)

Changes to the licensing model in X8.8 revealed an issue with licensing of the Jabber Guest service on the Cisco VCS Expressway server. When the Cisco VCS pair is part of the "Single NIC" Jabber Guest deployment, the Cisco VCS Expressway should count one RMS license for each Jabber Guest call, but it does not. This issue may cause confusion about the server's load, because usage appears low even when the server is processing multiple calls.

We recommend the Dual NIC Jabber Guest deployment. If you are using the single NIC deployment, make sure the Cisco VCS Expressway is correctly licensed to ensure continuity of service with future upgrades.

Limitations

Some Cisco VCS Features are Preview or Have External Dependencies

Important: We aim to provide new Cisco VCS features as speedily as possible. Sometimes it is not possible to officially support a new feature because it may require updates to other Cisco products which are not yet available, or known issues or limitations affect some deployments of the feature. If customers may still benefit from using the feature, we mark it as "preview" in the release notes. Preview features may be used, **but you should not rely on them in production environments** (see [Preview Features Disclaimer, page 1](#)). Occasionally, we may recommend that a feature is not used until further updates are made to Expressway or other products.

Cisco VCS features which are provided in preview status only in this release, are listed in the [Feature History table](#) earlier in these notes.

Unsupported Functionality

- The Cisco VCS does not terminate DTLS. We do not support DTLS for securing media and SRTP is used to secure calls. Attempts to make DTLS calls through Cisco VCS will fail. The DTLS protocol is inserted in the SDP but only for traversing the encrypted iX protocol.
- The Cisco VCS does not support the SIP UPDATE method ([RFC 3311](#)), and features that rely on this method will not work as expected.
- Audio calls may be licensed as video calls in some circumstances. Calls that are strictly audio-ONLY consume fewer licenses than video calls. However, when audio calls include non-audio channels, such as the iX channel that enables ActiveControl, they are treated as video calls for licensing purposes.

Mobile and Remote Access Limitations

Important: If you use Cisco VCS for Mobile and Remote Access (MRA), various unsupported features and limitations currently exist. The list of key unsupported features that we know do not work with MRA are detailed in *Key Supported and Unsupported Features with Mobile and Remote Access* in the [Mobile and Remote Access Through Cisco Expressway](#) guide.

Some recent Cisco IP Phones in both the 8800 Series and 7800 Series do not currently support MRA at all. For details of which 7800/8800 Series phones support MRA, see the *Prerequisites* section of the *Mobile and Remote Access Through Cisco Expressway* guide, or ask your Cisco representative.

SIP UPDATE for session refresh support over MRA has some limitations. For example, the following features that rely on the SIP UPDATE method ([RFC 3311](#)) will fail:

- Request to display the security icon on MRA endpoints for end-to-end secure calls.
- Request to change the caller ID to display name or number on MRA endpoints.

Spurious Alarms when Adding or Removing Peers in a Cluster

When a new peer is added to a cluster, the system may raise multiple 20021 Alarms (*Cluster communication failure: Unable to establish...*) even if the cluster is in fact correctly formed. The alarms appear on the existing peers in the cluster. The unnecessary alarms are typically lowered after at least 5 minutes elapses from the time that the new peer is successfully added.

These alarms also occur if a peer is removed from a cluster. This is generally valid alarm behavior in the case of removing a peer. However, as in the case of adding a peer, the alarms may not be lowered for 5 minutes or more.

Limitations

Virtual Systems

With physical Cisco VCS appliances, the **Advanced Networking** option allows the speed and duplex mode to be set for each configured Ethernet port. You cannot set port speeds for virtual machine-based Cisco VCS systems.

Also, virtual machine-based systems always show the connection speed between Cisco VCS and Ethernet networks as 10000 Mb/s, regardless of the actual physical NIC speed. This is due to a limitation in virtual machines, which cannot retrieve the actual speed from the physical NIC(s).

Medium Appliances with 1 Gbps NIC - Demultiplexing Ports

If you upgrade a Medium appliance with a 1 Gbps NIC to X8.10 or later, Cisco VCS automatically converts the system to a Large system. As a result, Cisco VCS Expressway listens for multiplexed RTP/RTCP traffic on the default demultiplexing ports for Large systems (36000 to 36011); instead of on the demultiplexing ports that are configured for Medium systems. In this case, the Cisco VCS Expressway drops the calls because ports 36000 to 36011 are not open on the firewall. From X8.11.3 you can manually change the system size back to Medium, through the **System > Administration settings** page (select *Medium* from the **Deployment Configuration** list). If you encounter this issue in a release earlier than X8.11.3, the workaround is to open the default demultiplexing ports for Large systems on the firewall.

Language Packs

If you translate the Cisco VCS web user interface, new Cisco VCS language packs are available from X8.10.3. Older language packs do not work with X8.10.n software (or X8.9.n). Instructions for installing or updating the packs are in the *Cisco VCS Administrator Guide*.

Option Keys Only Take Effect for 65 Keys or Fewer

If you try to add more than 65 option keys (licenses), they appear as normal in the Cisco VCS web interface (**Maintenance > Option keys**). However, only the first 65 keys take effect. Additional keys from 66 onwards appear to be added, but actually the Cisco VCS does not process them. Bug ID [CSCvf78728](#) refers.

XMPP Federation-Behavior on IM&P Node Failure

If you use XMPP external federation, be aware that if an IM and Presence Service node fails over to a different node after an outage, the affected users are not dynamically moved to the other node. Cisco VCS does not support this functionality, and it has not been tested.

Cisco Webex Calling May Fail with Dual-NIC Cisco VCS

This issue applies if you deploy Cisco VCS with a dual-NIC Cisco VCS Expressway. Cisco Webex Calling requests may fail if the same (overlapping) static route applies to both the external interface and the interface with the Cisco VCS Control. This is due to current Cisco VCS Expressway routing behavior, which treats Webex INVITES as non-NAT and therefore extracts the source address directly from the SIP Via header.

We recommend that you make static routes as specific as possible, to minimize the risk of the routes overlapping, and this issue occurring.

Microsoft Federation with Dual Homed Conferencing-SIP Message Size

If you use dual homed conferencing through Cisco VCS and Meeting Server with an AVMCU invoked on the Microsoft side, the maximum SIP message size must be set to 32768 bytes (the default) or greater. It's likely that you will need a greater value for larger conferences (that is, from around nine or more participants upwards). Defined via **SIP max size** on **Configuration > Protocols > SIP**.

Limitations

Intradomain Microsoft Interop with Expressway and Cisco Meeting Server

If you use Meeting Server for Microsoft interoperability, a limitation currently applies to the following intradomain/intracompany scenario:

*You deploy separate Microsoft and standards-based SIP networks in a **single domain** and in a configuration that has an Cisco VCS Expressway **directly facing** a Microsoft front end server (because you use internal firewalls between subnetworks, or for any other reason). For example, Cisco Unified Call Manager in one (sub)network and Microsoft in a second (sub)network, inside the same domain.*

In this case we do not generally support Microsoft interoperability between the two networks, and calls between Meeting Server and Microsoft will be rejected.

Workaround

If you are not able to deploy the intradomain networks without an intervening VCS Expressway (you cannot configure Meeting Server <> VCS Control <> Microsoft), a workaround is to deploy a VCS-C in each subnet, with a VCS-E to traverse between them. That is:

Meeting Server <> VCS Control <> Firewall <> VCS Expressway<> Firewall <> VCS Control <> Microsoft

OAuth Token Authorization with Jabber

Regardless of any MRA access policy settings configured on Cisco Unified Communications Manager, if you have Jabber users running versions before 11.9 (no token authentication support) and Cisco VCS is configured to allow non-token authentication methods, then those users are able to authenticate by username and password or by traditional single sign-on.

Note: If your deployment opts to strictly enforce MRA policy, then endpoints that don't support self-describing tokens ("OAuth with Refresh") cannot use MRA. This includes Cisco TelePresence TC and CE endpoints, and Cisco IP Phone 7800 or 8800 Series endpoints that don't have the onboarding with activation codes feature.

Cisco VCS Forward Proxy

CAUTION: Do not use the built-in Cisco VCS forward proxy. It is a deprecated feature and support for it will be withdrawn in a subsequent Cisco VCS release. If you require a forward proxy deployment, you need to use a suitable third-party HTTPS proxy instead.

Interoperability

Interoperability

Test Results

The interoperability test results for this product are posted to <http://www.cisco.com/go/tp-interop>, where you can also find interoperability test results for other Cisco TelePresence products.

Notable Interoperability Concerns

X8.7.x (and earlier versions) of Cisco VCS are not interoperable with Cisco Unified Communications Manager IM and Presence Service 11.5(1) and later. This is caused by a deliberate change in that version of IM and Presence Service, which has a corresponding change in Cisco VCS X8.8 and later.

To ensure continuous interoperability, you must upgrade the Cisco VCS systems *before* you upgrade the IM and Presence Service systems. The following error on Cisco VCS is a symptom of this issue:

```
Failed Unable to Communicate with <IM&P node address>. AXL query HTTP error "'HTTPError:500'"
```

Which Cisco VCS Services Can Run Together?

The *Cisco Expressway Administrator Guide* on the [Cisco Expressway Series maintain and operate guides](#) page details which Cisco VCS services can coexist on the same Cisco VCS system or cluster. See the table "*Services That Can be Hosted Together*" in the Introduction section. For example, if you want to know if MRA can coexist with CMR Cloud (it can) the table will tell you.

Upgrading to X12.5.3

Upgrade Prerequisites and Software Dependencies

CAUTION: This section has important information about issues that may prevent the system working properly after an upgrade. Before you upgrade, please review this section and complete any tasks that apply to your deployment.

Release keys are required for upgrade (and to downgrade to old release), except for certain deployments of Cisco Webex Hybrid Services connectors.

- **Currently you need an X12 Release Key to install this software.**
- If you need to revert for any reason to the old software, you will need an X8 Release Key to downgrade.

You can get a release key from the licensing portal

<https://slexui.cloudapps.cisco.com/SWIFT/LicensingUI/Quickstart>

Select **Licenses > Get Licenses > Telepresence software release key** and enter the serial number of the Cisco VCS VM or physical appliance.

Note: If you don't have the appropriate contract to get a key, you can use the portal to request an upgrade license or to raise a case with licensing support.

Cisco VCS systems on X8.5.3 or earlier need a two-stage upgrade

If you are upgrading a system which is running software earlier than version X8.6, **you must first upgrade to an intermediate release before you install this X12.5.3 software.** Depending on the existing system version, the upgrade will fail due to file size problems **and there is also a risk of data corruption** due to database format changes in later versions. We recommend upgrading to X8.8.2 as the intermediate release. However, if you have specific reasons to prefer a different version, you can upgrade to any version between X8.6 and X8.8.2 inclusive, before you install this X12.5.3 software.

- Version X8.8.2 release notes are available here: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/telepresence-video-communication-server-vcs/products-release-notes-list.html>

All deployments

We do not support downgrades. Do not install a previous Cisco VCS version onto a system that is running a newer version. If you do so, the system configuration will not be preserved.

From X8.11.1, when the system restarts after the upgrade it uses a new encryption mechanism. This is due to the unique root of trust for every software installation, introduced in X8.11.1.

X8.8 and later versions are more secure than earlier versions. Upgrading could cause your deployments to stop working as expected, and you must check for the following environmental issues before you upgrade to X8.8 or later:

- Certificates: Certificate validation was tightened up in X8.8.
 - Try the secure traversal test before and after upgrade (**Maintenance > Security > Secure traversal test**) to validate TLS connections.
 - Are your Unified Communications nodes using valid certificates that were issued by a CA in the Cisco VCS Controls' trust list?
 - If you use self-signed certificates, are they unique? Does the trusted CA list on Cisco VCS have the self-signed certificates of all the nodes in your deployment?
 - Are all entries in the Cisco VCS's trusted CA list unique? You must remove any duplicates.
 - If you have TLS verify enabled on connections to other infrastructure (always on by default for Unified Communications traversal zone, and optional for zones to Unified Communications nodes) you must ensure that the hostname is present in the CN or SAN field of the host's certificate. We do not recommend disabling TLS verify mode, even though it may be a quick way to resolve a failing deployment.

Upgrading to X12.5.3

- DNS entries: Do you have forward and reverse DNS lookups for all infrastructure systems that the Cisco VCS interacts with? From X8.8, you must create forward and reverse DNS entries for all Cisco VCS Expressway systems, so that systems making TLS connections to them can resolve their FQDNs and validate their certificates.
If the Cisco VCS cannot resolve hostnames and IP addresses of systems, your complex deployments (eg. MRA) could stop working as expected after you upgrade.
- Cluster peers: Do they have valid certificates? If they are using default certificates you should replace them with (at least) internally generated certificates and update the peers' trust lists with the issuing CA. From X8.8, clustering communications use TLS connections between peers instead of IPSec. TLS verification is not enforced (by default) after you upgrade, and you'll see an alarm reminding you to enforce TLS verification.

Deployments that use MRA

This section only applies if you use the Cisco VCS for MRA (mobile and remote access with Cisco Unified Communications products).

- Minimum versions of Unified Communications infrastructure software apply - some versions of Unified CM, IM and Presence Service, and Cisco Unity Connection have been patched with CiscoSSL updates. Check that you are running the minimum versions described in the Cisco VCS MRA deployment guide, before you upgrade Cisco VCS (see *Mobile and Remote Access Through Cisco Expressway* on the [VCS configuration guides page](#)).
IM and Presence Service 11.5 is an exception. You must upgrade Cisco VCS to X8.8 or later *before* you upgrade IM and Presence Service to 11.5.
- Cisco VCS Control and Cisco Expressway-E **should be upgraded together**. We don't recommend operating with Cisco VCS Control and Cisco VCS Expressway on different versions for an extended period.
- This item applies if you are upgrading a Cisco VCS that is used for MRA, with clustered Unified CMs and endpoints running TC or Collaboration Endpoint (CE) software. In this case you must install the relevant TC or CE maintenance release listed below (or later) *before* you upgrade the Cisco VCS. This is required to avoid a known problem with failover. If you do not have the recommended TC/CE maintenance release, an endpoint will not attempt failover to another Unified CM if the original Unified CM to which the endpoint registered fails for some reason. Bug ID [CSCvh97495](#) refers.
 - TC7.3.11
 - CE8.3.3
 - CE9.1.2

Note: Versions from X8.10.n move the MRA authentication (access control) settings from Cisco VCS Expressway to Cisco VCS Control, and apply default values where it is not possible to retain your existing settings. For correct system operation, after you upgrade **you must reconfigure the access control settings on the Cisco VCS**, as described later in these upgrade instructions.

Deployments that use X8.7.x or earlier with Cisco Unified Communications Manager IM and Presence Service 11.5(1)

X8.7.x (and earlier versions) of Cisco VCS are not interoperable with Cisco Unified Communications Manager IM and Presence Service 11.5(1) and later. And you must upgrade the Cisco VCS software before the IM and Presence Service software. More details are in [Interoperability, page 15](#).

Deployments that use Cisco Webex Hybrid Services

The Management Connector must be up to date before you upgrade Cisco VCS. Authorize and accept any Management Connector upgrades advertised by the Cisco Webex cloud before you try to upgrade Cisco VCS. Failure to do so may cause issues with the connector after the upgrade.

For details about which versions of Cisco VCS are supported for hybrid connector hosting, see [Connector Host Support for Cisco Webex Hybrid Services](#)

Upgrading to X12.5.3

Existing non-AES build installations

As of version X8.1, the software uses AES encryption. Before this a version that used weaker encryption was available. If you are upgrading from a version that used the weaker encryption, you **must** perform a factory reset. Proceed as follows to ensure you can upgrade in future:

1. Record all your software configuration details
2. Upgrade the software with the AES-encryption version
All configuration will be lost
3. Perform a factory reset
4. Manually reconfigure the software

Upgrade Instructions

Before You Begin

- Do the upgrade when the system has low levels of activity.
- Make sure all relevant tasks in [Upgrade Prerequisites and Software Dependencies, page 16](#) are complete.
- Note your MRA authentication settings before upgrading. This item only applies if you use the Cisco VCS for MRA and you upgrade from X8.9.x or earlier to X8.10 or later. From version X8.10 we moved the MRA authentication (access control) settings from the Cisco VCS Expressway to the Cisco VCS Control. The upgrade does not preserve the existing Cisco Expressway-E settings, so after the upgrade you need to review the MRA access control settings on the Cisco VCS Control and adjust them as necessary for your deployment. To access existing MRA authentication settings:
 - a. On the Cisco VCS Expressway, go to **Configuration > Unified Communications > Configuration** and locate **Single Sign-on support**. Note the existing value (On, Exclusive, or Off)
 - b. If **Single Sign-on support** is set to On or Exclusive, also note the current values of these related fields:
 - **Check for internal authentication availability**
 - **Allow Jabber iOS clients to use embedded Safari**

Clustered systems

To upgrade a clustered system, you should use the upgrade instructions in the *Cisco VCS Cluster Creation and Maintenance Deployment Guide* on the [Cisco Expressway Series configuration guides page](#). The following important requirement for upgrading clusters is explained in that guide, but for convenience it is also repeated here:

CAUTION: For clustered systems, to avoid the risk of configuration data being lost and to maintain service continuity, it is ESSENTIAL TO UPGRADE THE PRIMARY PEER FIRST and then upgrade the subordinate peers ONE AT A TIME IN SEQUENCE.

Upgrading Cisco VCS Control and Cisco VCS Expressway systems connected over a traversal zone

We recommend that Cisco VCS Control (traversal client) and Cisco VCS Expressway (traversal server) systems that are connected over a traversal zone both run the same software version.

However, we do support a traversal zone link from one Cisco VCS system to another that is running the previous feature release of Cisco VCS (for example, from an X8.11 system to an X8.10 system). This means that you do not have to simultaneously upgrade your Cisco VCS Control and Cisco VCS Expressway systems.

Some services, like Mobile and Remote Access, require both the Cisco VCS Control and Cisco VCS Expressway systems to be running the same software version.

Process

This process does not apply if you are upgrading a clustered system, or a Cisco VCS that uses device provisioning (Cisco TMSPE), or FindMe (with Cisco TMS managing Cisco VCS). In those cases, follow the directions in the *Cisco VCS Cluster Creation and Maintenance Deployment Guide* instead.

1. Backup the Cisco VCS system before you upgrade (**Maintenance > Backup and restore**).
2. Enable maintenance mode:
 - a. Go to **Maintenance > Maintenance mode**.
 - b. Set **Maintenance mode** to *On*.
 - c. Click **Save** and click **OK** on the confirmation dialog.

Upgrading to X12.5.3

3. Wait for all calls to clear and registrations to timeout.
 - If necessary, manually remove any calls that do not clear automatically (**Status > Calls**, click **Select all** and then click **Disconnect**).
 - If necessary, manually remove any registrations that do not clear automatically (**Status > Registrations > By device**, click **Select all** and then click **Unregister**).
4. Upgrade and restart the Cisco VCS (**Maintenance > Upgrade**).

If you are upgrading to a new *major* release, for example from X7.x to X8.x, you first need to obtain a new release key from Cisco. The key is required during the upgrade process.

The web browser interface may timeout during the restart process, after the progress bar has reached the end. This may occur if the Cisco VCS carries out a disk file system check – which it does approximately once every 30 restarts.
5. This step depends on whether or not you use the Cisco VCS for MRA:
 - If you don't use MRA, the upgrade is now complete and all Cisco VCS configuration should be as expected.
 - If you do use MRA, and you are upgrading from X8.9.x or earlier, you need to reconfigure your MRA access control settings as described in [Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments, page 22](#)

Using Collaboration Solutions Analyzer

Collaboration Solutions Analyzer is created by Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) to help you with validating your deployment, and to assist with troubleshooting by analyzing Cisco VCS log files. For example, you can use the Business to Business Call Tester to validate and test calls, including Microsoft interworked calls.

Note: You need a customer or partner account to use Collaboration Solutions Analyzer.

Getting started

1. If you plan to use the log analysis tool, first collect the logs from your Cisco VCS.
2. Sign in to <https://cway.cisco.com/tools/CollaborationSolutionsAnalyzer/>
3. Click the tool you want to use. For example, to work with logs:
 - a. Click **Log analysis**.
 - b. Upload the log file(s).
 - c. Select the files you want to analyze.
 - d. Click **Run Analysis**.

The tool analyzes the log files and displays the information in a format which is much easier to understand than the raw logs. For example, you can generate ladder diagrams to show SIP calls.

Using the Bug Search Tool

The Bug Search Tool contains information about open and resolved issues for this release and previous releases, including descriptions of the problems and available workarounds. The identifiers listed in these release notes will take you directly to a description of each issue.

To look for information about a specific problem mentioned in this document:

1. Using a web browser, go to the [Bug Search Tool](#).
2. Sign in with a cisco.com username and password.
3. Enter the bug identifier in the **Search** field and click **Search**.

To look for information when you do not know the identifier:

1. Type the product name in the **Search** field and click **Search**.
2. From the list of bugs that appears, use the **Filter** drop-down list to filter on either *Keyword*, *Modified Date*, *Severity*, *Status*, or *Technology*.

Use **Advanced Search** on the Bug Search Tool home page to search on a specific software version.

The Bug Search Tool help pages have further information on using the Bug Search Tool.

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

Use the [Cisco Notification Service](#) to create customized flexible notification alerts to be sent to you via email or by RSS feed.

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see [What's New in Cisco Product Documentation](#).

To receive new and revised Cisco technical content directly to your desktop, you can subscribe to the [What's New in Cisco Product Documentation RSS feed](#). The RSS feeds are a free service.

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

This section only applies if you use the Cisco VCS for Mobile and Remote Access and you upgrade from X8.9.x or earlier to X8.10 or later. After the system restarts you need to reconfigure the MRA access control settings:

1. On the Cisco VCS Control, go to **Configuration > Unified Communications > Configuration > MRA Access Control**.
2. Do one of the following:
 - To take advantage of the new MRA access control methods from X8.10, set the appropriate values on this page for your chosen methods. See the first table below for help about which values to apply.
 - Or to retain your pre-upgrade authentication approach, set the appropriate values on this page to match your previous settings on the Cisco VCS Expressway. See the second table below for help about how to map the old Cisco VCS Expressway settings to their new equivalents on the Cisco VCS Control.
3. If you configure self-describing tokens (**Authorize by OAuth token with refresh**), refresh the Unified CM nodes: Go to **Configuration > Unified Communications > <UC server type>** and click **Refresh servers**.

Important!

- The **Check for internal authentication availability** setting will be off after the upgrade. Depending on the authentication settings on the Unified CM, this may prevent remote login by some Cisco Jabber users.
- The *Exclusive* option in X8.9 is now configured by setting **Authentication path** to *SAML SSO authentication*. This has the effect of prohibiting authentication by username and password.

The fields you actually see in the Web UI depend on whether MRA is enabled (**Unified Communications mode** set to *Mobile and remote access*) and on the selected authentication path. Not all the fields in the table are necessarily displayed.

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control

| Field | Description | Default |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Authentication path | <p>Hidden field until MRA is enabled. Defines how MRA authentication is controlled.</p> <p><i>SAML SSO authentication:</i> Clients are authenticated by an external IdP.</p> <p><i>UCM/LDAP basic authentication:</i> Clients are authenticated locally by the Unified CM against their LDAP credentials.</p> <p><i>SAML SSO and UCM/LDAP:</i> Allows either method.</p> <p><i>None:</i> No authentication is applied. This is the default setting until MRA is first enabled. The "None" option is needed (rather than just leaving MRA turned off) because some deployments must turn on MRA to allow functions which are not actually MRA. (Such as the Web Proxy for Meeting Server, or XMPP Federation.) Only these customers should use "None". Do not use it in other cases.</p> | <p>None before MRA turned on</p> <p>UCM/LDAP after MRA turned on</p> |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|--|---|---------|
| Authorize by OAuth token with refresh | <p>This option requires self-describing tokens for authorization. It's our recommended authorization option for all deployments that have the infrastructure to support them.</p> <p>Only Jabber clients are currently capable of using this authorization method. Other MRA endpoints do not currently support it. The clients must also be in OAuth token with refresh authorization mode. (missing or bad snippet)</p> | On |
| Authorize by OAuth token (previously SSO Mode) | <p>Available if Authentication path is <i>SAML SSO</i> or <i>SAML SSO and UCM/LDAP</i>.</p> <p>This option requires authentication through the IdP. Currently, only Jabber clients are capable of using this authorization method, which is not supported by other MRA endpoints.</p> | Off |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|
| Authorize by user credentials | <p>Available if Authentication path is <i>UCM/LDAP</i> or <i>SAML SSO</i> and <i>UCM/LDAP</i>.</p> <p>Clients attempting to perform authentication by user credentials are allowed through MRA. This includes Jabber, and supported IP phone and TelePresence devices.</p> | Off |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|--|---|---------|
| Check for internal authentication availability | <p>Available if Authorize by OAuth token with refresh or Authorize by OAuth token is enabled.</p> <p>The default is No, for optimal security and to reduce network traffic.</p> <p>Controls how the Cisco VCS Expressway reacts to remote client authentication requests by selecting whether or not the Cisco VCS Control should check the home nodes.</p> <p>The request asks whether the client may try to authenticate the user by OAuth token, and includes a user identity with which the Cisco VCS Control can find the user's home cluster:</p> <p><i>Yes:</i> The <i>get_edge_sso</i> request will ask the user's home Unified CM if OAuth tokens are supported. The home Unified CM is determined from the identity sent by the Jabber client's <i>get_edge_sso</i> request.</p> <p><i>No:</i> If the Cisco VCS is configured not to look internally, the same response will be sent to all clients, depending on the Edge authentication</p> | No |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|-------|---|---------|
| | <p>settings.</p> <p>The option to choose depends on your implementation and security policy. If all Unified CM nodes support OAuth tokens, you can reduce response time and overall network traffic by selecting <i>No</i>. Or select <i>Yes</i> if you want clients to use either mode of getting the edge configuration - during rollout or because you can't guarantee OAuth on all nodes.</p> <p>Caution: Setting this to Yes has the potential to allow rogue inbound requests from unauthenticated remote clients. If you specify <i>No</i> for this setting, the Cisco VCS prevents rogue requests.</p> | |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|---|---|---------|
| Identity providers: Create or modify IdPs | <p>Available if Authentication path is <i>SAML SSO</i> or <i>SAML SSO and UCM/LDAP</i>.</p> <p>Selecting an Identity Provider</p> <p>Cisco Collaboration solutions use SAML 2.0 (Security Assertion Markup Language) to enable SSO (single sign-on) for clients consuming Unified Communications services.</p> <p>If you choose SAML-based SSO for your environment, note the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ SAML 2.0 is not compatible with SAML 1.1 and you must select an IdP that uses the SAML 2.0 standard. | – |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|-------|---|---------|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="878 367 1062 947">■ SAML-based identity management is implemented in different ways by vendors in the computing and networking industry, and there are no widely accepted regulations for compliance to the SAML standards. <li data-bbox="878 961 1062 1906">■ The configuration of and policies governing your selected IdP are outside the scope of Cisco TAC (Technical Assistance Center) support. Please use your relationship and support contract with your IdP Vendor to assist in configuring the IdP properly. Cisco cannot accept responsibility for any errors, limitations, or specific configuration of the IdP. | |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------|
| | <p>Although Cisco Collaboration infrastructure may prove to be compatible with other IdPs claiming SAML 2.0 compliance, only the following IdPs have been tested with Cisco Collaboration solutions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ OpenAM 10.0.1 ■ Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (AD FS 2.0) ■ PingFederate® 6.10.0.4 | |
| Identity providers: Export SAML data | <p>Available if Authentication path is <i>SAML SSO</i> or <i>SAML SSO and UCM/LDAP</i>.</p> <p>For details about working with SAML data, see SAML SSO Authentication Over the Edge, page 1.</p> | – |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|---|---|---------|
| Allow Jabber iOS clients to use embedded Safari | <p>By default the IdP or Unified CM authentication page is displayed in an embedded web browser (not the Safari browser) on iOS devices. That default browser is unable to access the iOS trust store, and so cannot use any certificates deployed to the devices.</p> <p>This setting optionally allows Jabber on iOS devices to use the native Safari browser. Because the Safari browser <i>is</i> able to access the device trust store, you can now enable password-less authentication or two-factor authentication in your OAuth deployment.</p> <p>A potential security issue exists for this option. The mechanism to return browser control from Safari to Jabber after the authentication completes, uses a custom URL scheme that invokes a custom protocol handler. It's possible that another application other than Jabber could intercept the scheme and gain control from iOS. In that case, the application would have access to the OAuth token in the</p> | No |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 4 Settings for MRA access control (continued)

| Field | Description | Default |
|------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | <p>URL.</p> <p>If you are confident that your iOS devices will not have other applications that register the Jabber custom URL scheme, for example because all mobile devices are managed, then it's safe to enable the option. If you are concerned about the possibility of another app intercepting the custom Jabber URL, then do not enable the embedded Safari browser.</p> | |
| SIP token extra time to live | <p>Available if Authorize by OAuth token is <i>On</i>.</p> <p>Optionally extends the time-to-live for simple OAuth tokens (in seconds). Gives users a short window to accept calls after their credentials expire. However, it increases the potential security exposure.</p> | 0 seconds |

Appendix 1: Post-Upgrade Tasks for MRA Deployments

Table 5 MRA access control values applied by the upgrade

| Option | Value after upgrade | Previously on... | Now on... |
|---|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Authentication path | <p>Pre-upgrade setting is applied</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>SSO mode=Off in X8.9 is two settings in X8.10:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Authentication path=UCM/LDAP ■ Authorize by user credentials=On <p>SSO Mode=Exclusive in X8.9 is two settings in X8.10:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Authentication path=SAML SSO ■ Authorize by OAuth token=On <p>SSO Mode=On in X8.9 is three settings in X8.10:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Authentication path=SAML SSO/and UCM/LDAP ■ Authorize by OAuth token=On ■ Authorize by user credentials=On | Both | Cisco VCS Control |
| Authorize by OAuth token with refresh | Off | – | Cisco VCS Control |
| Authorize by OAuth token (previously SSO Mode) | Pre-upgrade setting is applied | Both | Cisco VCS Control |
| Authorize by user credentials | Pre-upgrade setting is applied | Both | Cisco VCS Control |
| Check for internal authentication availability | No | Cisco VCS Expressway | Cisco VCS Control |
| Identity providers: Create or modify IdPs | Pre-upgrade setting is applied | Cisco VCS Control | Cisco VCS Control (no change) |
| Identity providers: Export SAML data | Pre-upgrade setting is applied | Cisco VCS Control | Cisco VCS Control (no change) |
| Allow Jabber iOS clients to use embedded Safari | No | Cisco VCS Expressway | Cisco VCS Control |
| SIP token extra time to live | Pre-upgrade setting is applied | Cisco VCS Control | Cisco VCS Control (no change) |

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