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Contents

1.1 acl 2.2.51 :12.el7
   1.1.1 Available under license

1.2 acl/LGPLv2.1 2.2.51 :12.el7
   1.2.1 Available under license

1.3 alsa-lib 1.0.28 :2.el7
   1.3.1 Available under license

1.4 attr 2.4.46 :12.el7
   1.4.1 Available under license

1.5 attr/libattr 2.4.46 :12.el7
   1.5.1 Available under license

1.6 audit 2.3.3 :4.el7
   1.6.1 Available under license

1.7 autogen 5.18 :5.el7
   1.7.1 Available under license

1.8 basesystem 10.0 :7.el7.centos

1.9 bash 4.2.46 :19.el7
   1.9.1 Available under license

1.10 bind 9.9.4 :29.el7
   1.10.1 Available under license

1.11 binutils 2.23.52.0.1 :16.el7
   1.11.1 Available under license

1.12 bzip2 1.0.6 :12.el7
   1.12.1 Available under license

1.13 ca-certificates 2015.2.6 :70.1.el7_2
   1.13.1 Available under license

1.14 centos-release 7
Open Source Used In Cisco TelePresence Server on Virtual Machine 4.3(1.14)

1.14.1 Available under license

1.15 chkconfig 1.3.61 :4.el7
1.15.1 Available under license

1.16 coreutils 8.22 :15.el7_2.1
1.16.1 Available under license

1.17 cpio 2.11 :22.el7
1.17.1 Available under license

1.18 cracklib 2.9.0 :11.el7
1.18.1 Available under license

1.19 cryptsetup 1.6.3 :2.el7
1.19.1 Available under license

1.20 curl 7.29.0 :19.el7
1.20.1 Available under license

1.21 curl and libcurl 7.44.0 :7.44.0
1.21.1 Available under license

1.22 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :17.el7
1.22.1 Notifications
1.22.2 Available under license

1.23 cyrus-sasl/libdes 2.1.26 :17.el7
1.23.1 Notifications
1.23.2 Available under license

1.24 dbus 1.6.12 :8.el7
1.24.1 Available under license

1.25 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :66.el7
1.25.1 Available under license

1.26 dhcp 4.2.5 :27.el7.centos.2
1.26.1 Available under license

1.27 diffutils 3.3 :4.el7
1.27.1 Available under license

1.28 dracut 033
1.28.1 Available under license

1.29 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :4.el7
1.29.1 Available under license

1.30 elfutils 0.158 :3.el7
1.30.1 Available under license

1.31 expat 2.1.0 :8.el7
1.31.1 Available under license

1.32 expat_PrintPath 2.1.0 :8.el7
1.32.1 Notifications
1.32.2 Available under license
1.33 file 5.11 :21.el7
1.33.1 Available under license
1.34 findutils 4.5.11 :3.el7
1.34.1 Available under license
1.35 fipscheck 1.4.1 :5.el7
1.35.1 Available under license
1.36 freetype 2.4.11 :9.el7
1.36.1 Available under license
1.37 freetype 2.5.3
1.37.1 Available under license
1.38 fribidi 0.19.6 :1
1.38.1 Available under license
1.39 G.722 2.00
1.39.1 Available under license
1.40 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7
1.40.1 Available under license
1.41 gcc 4.8.2 :16.2.el7_0
1.41.1 Available under license
1.42 gdb 7.6.1 :51.el7
1.42.1 Available under license
1.43 gdbm 1.10 :8.el7
1.43.1 Available under license
1.44 gettext 0.18.2.1 :4.el7
1.44.1 Available under license
1.45 glib2 2.42.2 :5.el7
1.45.1 Available under license
1.46 glibc 2.17 :106.el7_2.4
1.46.1 Available under license
1.47 glibc/gpl-executables 2.17 :106.el7_2.4
1.47.1 Available under license
1.48 gmp 6.0.0 :11.el7
1.48.1 Available under license
1.49 gnupg2 2.0.22 :3.el7
1.49.1 Available under license
1.50 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.el7
1.50.1 Available under license
1.51 gpgme_docs 1.3.2 :5.el7
1.51.1 Available under license
1.52 grep 2.20 :2.el7
   1.52.1 Available under license
1.53 grub2 2.02 :0.34.el7.centos
   1.53.1 Available under license
1.54 grubby 8.28 :8.el7
   1.54.1 Available under license
1.55 gzip 1.5 :7.el7
   1.55.1 Available under license
1.56 hardlink 1.0 :19.el7
   1.56.1 Available under license
1.57 hostname 3.13 :3.el7
   1.57.1 Available under license
1.58 icelib f50dfe9820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a2
   1.58.1 Available under license
1.59 icu 50.1.2 :11.el7
   1.59.1 Available under license
1.60 initscripts 9.49.30 :1.el7
   1.60.1 Available under license
1.61 iproute 3.10.0 :13.el7
   1.61.1 Available under license
1.62 iptables 1.4.21 :13.el7
   1.62.1 Available under license
1.63 iputils 20121221 :6.el7
   1.63.1 Available under license
1.64 kernel 3.10.0 :123.13.2.el7
   1.64.1 Available under license
1.65 keyutils 1.5.8 :3.el7
   1.65.1 Available under license
1.66 kmod 20 :5.el7
   1.66.1 Available under license
1.67 krb5 1.11.3 :49.el7
   1.67.1 Available under license
1.68 lal-libpng 1.6.10
   1.68.1 Available under license
1.69 ldns 1.6.16 :2012-11-13
   1.69.1 Available under license
1.70 libarchive 3.1.2 libarchive 3.1.2
   1.70.1 Available under license
1.71 libassuan 2.1.0 :3.el7
1.71.1 Available under license
1.72 libcap 2.22 :8.el7
   1.72.1 Available under license
1.73 libcap-ng 0.7.5 :4.el7
   1.73.1 Available under license
1.74 libcroco 0.6.8 :5.el7
   1.74.1 Available under license
1.75 libdb 5.3.21 :17.el7_0.1
   1.75.1 Available under license
1.76 libdnet 1.12 :13.1.el7
   1.76.1 Available under license
1.77 libedit 3.0 :12.20121213cvs.el7
   1.77.1 Available under license
1.78 libffi 3.0.13 :11.el7
   1.78.1 Available under license
1.79 libffi_testsuite 3.0.13 :11.el7
   1.79.1 Available under license
1.80 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :4.el7
   1.80.1 Available under license
1.81 libgpg-error 1.12 :3.el7
   1.81.1 Available under license
1.82 libidn 1.28 :3.el7
   1.82.1 Available under license
1.83 libjpeg 6b
   1.83.1 Notifications
   1.83.2 Available under license
1.84 libmnl 1.0.3 :7.el7
   1.84.1 Available under license
1.85 libmspack 0.5 :0.4.alpha.el7
   1.85.1 Available under license
1.86 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.4 :2.el7
   1.86.1 Available under license
1.87 libnfnetworklink 1.0.1 :4.el7
   1.87.1 Available under license
1.88 libpcap 1.5.3 :December 18, 2013
   1.88.1 Available under license
1.89 libpwquality 1.2.3 :4.el7
   1.89.1 Available under license
1.90 libselinux-utils-GPLv2 2.2.2 :6.el7
1.90.1 Available under license
1.91 libsemanage 2.1.10 :16.el7
   1.91.1 Available under license
1.92 libsepol 2.1.9 :3.el7
   1.92.1 Available under license
1.93 libssh2 1.4.3 :8.el7
   1.93.1 Available under license
1.94 libtasn1 3.8 :2.el7
   1.94.1 Available under license
1.95 libunistring 0.9.3 :9.el7
   1.95.1 Available under license
1.96 libunistring_tests 0.9.3 :9.el7
   1.96.1 Available under license
1.97 libuser 0.60 :5.el7
   1.97.1 Available under license
1.98 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.el7
   1.98.1 Available under license
1.99 libverto 0.2.5 :4.el7
   1.99.1 Available under license
1.100 libxml2 2.9.1 :5.el7_0.1
   1.100.1 Available under license
1.101 libyaml 0.1.4 :10.el7
   1.101.1 Available under license
1.102 linux-firmware 20150904 :43.git6ebf5d5.el7
   1.102.1 Available under license
1.103 lua 5.1.4 :14.el7
   1.103.1 Available under license
1.104 lvm2 2.02.105 :14.el7
   1.104.1 Available under license
1.105 nanopb 0.2.6
   1.105.1 Available under license
1.106 nat-tools f50dfef820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a2
   1.106.1 Available under license
1.107 ncurses 5.9 :13.20130511.el7
   1.107.1 Available under license
1.108 net-tools 2.0 :0.17.20131004git.el7
   1.108.1 Available under license
1.109 nspr 4.10.8 :2.el7_1
   1.109.1 Available under license
1.110 nss 3.19.1 :19.el7_2
   1.110.1 Available under license

1.111 nss-softokn 3.16.2.3 :1.el7_0
   1.111.1 Available under license

1.112 nss-util 3.19.1 :4.el7_1
   1.112.1 Available under license

1.113 ntp 4.2.6p5 :22.el7.centos
   1.113.1 Available under license

1.114 open-vm-tools 9.10.2 :4.el7
   1.114.1 Available under license

1.115 openldap 2.4.40 :8.el7
   1.115.1 Available under license

1.116 OpenSSL 1.0.2h :1
   1.116.1 Notifications
   1.116.2 Available under license

1.117 OpenSSL patch to 0.9.8 branch to add RFC5649 (key wrap with pad) 1.0
   1.117.1 Notifications
   1.117.2 Available under license

1.118 os-prober 1.58 :5.el7
   1.118.1 Available under license

1.119 p11-kit 0.20.7 :3.el7
   1.119.1 Available under license

1.120 pam 1.1.8 :9.el7
   1.120.1 Available under license

1.121 passwd 0.79 :4.el7
   1.121.1 Available under license

1.122 pcre 8.32 :12.el7
   1.122.1 Available under license

1.123 pinentry 0.8.1 :14.el7
   1.123.1 Available under license

1.124 pkgconfig 0.27.1 :4.el7
   1.124.1 Available under license

1.125 policycoreutils 2.2.5 :11.el7_0.1
   1.125.1 Available under license

1.126 popt 1.13 :16.el7
   1.126.1 Available under license

1.127 procps-ng 3.3.10 :5.el7_2
   1.127.1 Available under license

1.128 Prototype 1.6.0.2.
1.128.1 Available under license
1.129 psmisc 22.20 :8.el7
   1.129.1 Available under license
1.130 pth 2.0.7
   1.130.1 Available under license
1.131 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7
   1.131.1 Available under license
1.132 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7
   1.132.1 Available under license
1.133 python 2.7.5 :16.el7
   1.133.1 Available under license
1.134 python-chardet 2.2.1 :1.el7_1
   1.134.1 Available under license
1.135 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7
   1.135.1 Available under license
1.136 python-ipaddr 2.1.9 :5.el7
   1.136.1 Available under license
1.137 python-kitchen 1.1.1 :5.el7
   1.137.1 Available under license
1.138 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :17.el7
   1.138.1 Available under license
1.139 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :4.el7
   1.139.1 Available under license
1.140 python_GPLv3 2.7.5 :16.el7
   1.140.1 Available under license
1.141 pyxattr 0.5.1
   1.141.1 Available under license
1.142 PyYAML 3.10 :11.el7
   1.142.1 Available under license
1.143 qrencode 3.4.1
   1.143.1 Available under license
1.144 readline 6.2 :9.el7
   1.144.1 Available under license
1.145 rpm 4.11.3 :17.el7
   1.145.1 Available under license
1.146 scriptaculous 1.8.1
   1.146.1 Available under license
1.147 SDL 1.2.15 :11.el7
   1.147.1 Available under license
1.148 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7
   1.148.1 Available under license
1.149 selinux-policy 3.13.1 :60.el7_2.3
   1.149.1 Available under license
1.150 setup 2.8.71 :4.el7
   1.150.1 Available under license
1.151 shadow-utils 4.1.5.1 :13.el7
   1.151.1 Available under license
1.152 shared-mime-info 1.1 :7.el7
   1.152.1 Available under license
1.153 sockaddrutil f50dffe9820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a2
   1.153.1 Available under license
1.154 sqlite 3.7.17 :4.el7
1.155 stunlib f50dffe9820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a2
   1.155.1 Available under license
1.156 systemd 219.0 :19.el7_2.4
   1.156.1 Available under license
1.157 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsf.el7
   1.157.1 Available under license
1.158 tar 1.26
   1.158.1 Available under license
1.159 tcp_wrappers 7.6 :77.el7
   1.159.1 Available under license
1.160 tcpdump 4.5.1 :2.el7
   1.160.1 Available under license
1.161 texinfo 5.1
   1.161.1 Available under license
1.162 tzdata 2016a :1.el7
   1.162.1 Available under license
1.163 unbound 1.4.10
   1.163.1 Available under license
1.164 ustr 1.0.4
   1.164.1 Available under license
1.165 util-linux 2.23.2 :16.el7
   1.165.1 Available under license
1.166 vim 7.4.160 :1.el7
   1.166.1 Available under license
1.167 which 2.20
   1.167.1 Available under license
1.1 acl 2.2.51 :12.el7

1.1.1 Available under license:

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This package was debianized by Nathan Scott nathans@debian.org on
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is
"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
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You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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That's all there is to it!

This package was debianized by Nathan Scott nathans@debian.org on
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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.
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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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1.5 attr/libattr 2.4.46 :12.el7

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Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU 'Bourne Again shell') for the FSF.

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

Subject: ksh scripts

From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995

Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;

9 May 95 10:39 PDT

Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)

Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400

From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>

To: john@armory.com

Subject: ksh scripts

Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu

Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii

Status: OR

Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU 'Bourne Again shell') for the FSF.
I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?

Chet Ramey

"The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer

Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book.

(Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).
Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~/ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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* configure.ac, Makefile.am: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

  Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* atf-c/ui.c: The format_paragraph and format_text functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

  Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* atf-c++/detail/io.hpp, atf-c++/detail/io.cpp, atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp: These files were derived from the file_handle, systembuf, pipe and pistream classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

  Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* admin/check-style.sh, admin/check-style-common.awk, admin/check-style-cpp.awk, admin/check-style-shell.awk: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

  Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

===========================================================================

vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2

1.11 binutils 2.23.52.0.1 :16.el7

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1.12 bzip2 1.0.6 :12.el7

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
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1.13 ca-certificates 2015.2.6 :70.1.el7_2

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1.17 cpio 2.11 :22.el7
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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries under GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18
I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

-- Nathan

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216
Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didn't notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isn't the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

------------------------------------------------------------
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
To: Neulinger, Nathan
Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
> point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.
> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was
> not
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
> license
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.
> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib
> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL....

-a
Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04
I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone’s
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct
license in this situation.

Devin
--
If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32
On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> > Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> > maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> > decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> > much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> > bit of
> > additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> > by me.
> > I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
> > What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> > linked with any code, not just GPL....

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin
Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:
> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> > > Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> > > maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> > > decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> > > much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> > > bit of
> > > additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> > > by me.
> > 
> > I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
> > 
> > What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> > linked with any code, not just GPL....
> 
> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> timeframe.
>
> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.
>
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?
-mike

---

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>
> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes, go for it. thanks++

-a

---
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:
> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
> >>
> >> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
> >> make the change now ?
> >
> > yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...
-mike

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BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.
--------

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the
interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with
the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed
as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address
that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please
use nneul@neulinger.org.

-------------------------------------
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct  1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft
SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
    Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft
SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
    Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
    by scanim-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
    by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtp020623
        for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that email in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the original discussion, but something succinct and self-contained would be ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright 2009, 2012 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>
#
# This file is part of cracklib.
#
# cracklib is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
# under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
# (at your option) any later version.
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1.19 cryptsetup 1.6.3 :2.el7
1.19.1 Available under license :

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   Version 2, June 1991

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this
when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate
parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may
be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be
mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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krb4

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(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

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BoringSSL https://boringssl.googlesource.com/

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1.22 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :17.el7

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1.24 dbus 1.6.12 :8.el7

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1.25 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :66.el7

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possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it
free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest
to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively
convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least
the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this
when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate
parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may
be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be
mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into
proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may
consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the
library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General
Public License instead of this License.

This package, the EXT2 filesystem utilities, are made available under
the GNU Public License version 2, with the exception of the lib/ext2fs
and lib/e2p libraries, which are made available under the GNU Library
General Public License Version 2, the lib/uuid library which is made
available under a BSD-style license and the lib/et and lib/ss
libraries which are made available under an MIT-style license. Please
see lib/uuid/COPYING for more details for the license for the files comprising the libuuid library, and the source file headers of the libet and libss libraries for more information.

The most recent officially distributed version can be found at http://e2fsprogs.sourceforge.net. If you need to make a distribution, that's the one you should use. If there is some reason why you'd like a more recent version that is still in ALPHA testing (i.e., either using the "WIP" test distributions or one from the hg or git repository from the development branch, please contact me (tytso@mit.edu) before you ship. The release schedules for this package are flexible, if you give me enough lead time.

Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Version 2, June 1991

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Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users. This General Public License applies to most of the Free Software Foundation's software and to any other program whose authors commit to using it. (Some other Free Software Foundation software is covered by the GNU Library General Public License instead.) You can apply it to your programs, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights.
These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you
distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether
gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that
you have. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the
source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their
rights.

We protect your rights with two steps: (1) copyright the software, and
(2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy,
distribute and/or modify the software.

Also, for each author's protection and ours, we want to make certain
that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free
software. If the software is modified by someone else and passed on, we
want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original, so
that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original
authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software
patents. We wish to avoid the danger that redistributors of a free
program will individually obtain patent licenses, in effect making the
program proprietary. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any
patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.

GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

0. This License applies to any program or other work which contains
a notice placed by the copyright holder saying it may be distributed
under the terms of this General Public License. The "Program", below,
refers to any such program or work, and a "work based on the Program"
means either the Program or any derivative work under copyright law:
that is to say, a work containing the Program or a portion of it,
either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated into another
language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in
the term "modification".) Each licensee is addressed as "you".

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not
covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of
running the Program is not restricted, and the output from the Program
is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the
Program (independent of having been made by running the Program).
Whether that is true depends on what the Program does.
1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and give any other recipients of the Program a copy of this License along with the Program.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Program or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Program, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) You must cause the modified files to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   b) You must cause any work that you distribute or publish, that in whole or in part contains or is derived from the Program or any part thereof, to be licensed as a whole at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   c) If the modified program normally reads commands interactively when run, you must cause it, when started running for such interactive use in the most ordinary way, to print or display an announcement including an appropriate copyright notice and a notice that there is no warranty (or else, saying that you provide a warranty) and that users may redistribute the program under these conditions, and telling the user how to view a copy of this License. (Exception: if the Program itself is interactive but does not normally print such an announcement, your work based on the Program is not required to print an announcement.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Program, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Program, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Program with the Program (or with a work based on the Program) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may copy and distribute the Program (or a work based on it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you also do one of the following:

   a) Accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

   b) Accompany it with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give any third party, for a charge no more than your cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete machine-readable copy of the corresponding source code, to be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

   c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

If distribution of executable or object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place counts as distribution of the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

4. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute the Program except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt
otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense or distribute the Program is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies, or rights, from you under this License will not have their licenses terminated so long as such parties remain in full compliance.

5. You are not required to accept this License, since you have not signed it. However, nothing else grants you permission to modify or distribute the Program or its derivative works. These actions are prohibited by law if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or distributing the Program (or any work based on the Program), you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so, and all its terms and conditions for copying, distributing or modifying the Program or works based on it.

6. Each time you redistribute the Program (or any work based on the Program), the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensor to copy, distribute or modify the Program subject to these terms and conditions. You may not impose any further restrictions on the recipients' exercise of the rights granted herein. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties to this License.

7. If, as a consequence of a court judgment or allegation of patent infringement or for any other reason (not limited to patent issues), conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot distribute so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not distribute the Program at all. For example, if a patent license would not permit royalty-free redistribution of the Program by all those who receive copies directly or indirectly through you, then the only way you could satisfy both it and this License would be to refrain entirely from distribution of the Program.

If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system, which is implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that
system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

8. If the distribution and/or use of the Program is restricted in certain countries either by patents or by copyrighted interfaces, the original copyright holder who places the Program under this License may add an explicit geographical distribution limitation excluding those countries, so that distribution is permitted only in or among countries not thus excluded. In such case, this License incorporates the limitation as if written in the body of this License.

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Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies a version number of this License which applies to it and "any later version", you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

10. If you wish to incorporate parts of the Program into other free programs whose distribution conditions are different, write to the author to ask for permission. For software which is copyrighted by the Free Software Foundation, write to the Free Software Foundation; we sometimes make exceptions for this. Our decision will be guided by the two goals of preserving the free status of all derivatives of our free software and of promoting the sharing and reuse of software generally.

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11. BECAUSE THE PROGRAM IS LICENSED FREE OF CHARGE, THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE PROGRAM, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR OTHER PARTIES PROVIDE THE PROGRAM "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE PROGRAM IS WITH YOU. SHOULD THE PROGRAM PROVE DEFECTIVE, YOU ASSUME THE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICING, REPAIR OR CORRECTION.
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REDISTRIBUTE THE PROGRAM AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES,
INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING
OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PROGRAM (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED
TO LOSS OF DATA OR DATA BEING RENDERED INACCURATE OR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY
YOU OR THIRD PARTIES OR A FAILURE OF THE PROGRAM TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER
PROGRAMS), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE
POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively
convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least
the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this
when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

GNUM LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
Version 2, June 1991

Copyright (C) 1991 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.
When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a
Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a
portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If
identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in
themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those
sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of
this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the
entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest
your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library
with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under
the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public
License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.
7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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1.34 findutils 4.5.11 :3.el7

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files ftp://ds.internic.net/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

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1.38 fribidi 0.19.6 :1

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1.40 gawk 4.0.2 :4.el7

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1.41 gcc 4.8.2 :16.2.el7_0

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HISTORY -

    Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

    The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

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More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mitia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlfs(detlfs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agus@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
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therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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@item The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
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for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable

cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item
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received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.

@item
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@end enumerate

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@group
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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@end enumerate

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
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copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally
distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source
form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
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Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
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"Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work’s
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
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which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
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subprograms and other parts of the work.

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b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.
If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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The `Library`, below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A `work based on the Library` means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term `modification`.)
``Source code'' for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a `work that uses the Library` with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable
cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access
to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item
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received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection
6b.

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Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no
further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the
Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy
the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be
on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports
equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions
next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source.
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@end enumerate

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@example
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@example
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@c man end

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally
distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally
accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot
use both them and the Library together in an executable that you
distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.
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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

      (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.
3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.
If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a “work that uses the Library” with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable “work that uses the Library”, as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least 
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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the 
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the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is 
normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major 
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on 
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies 
the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license 
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b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact 
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where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

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@end example

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1.50 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.el7

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
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and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty: and each file should have at least the `"copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

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@end node
@end appendix
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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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@ifinfo
@end ifinfo
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```
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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Open Source Used In Cisco TelePresence Server on Virtual Machine 4.3(1.14)
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with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
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1.75 libdb 5.3.21 :17.el7_0.1

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
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1.83 libjpeg 6b

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1.83.2 Available under license :
The Independent JPEG Group's JPEG software

README for release 6b of 27-Mar-1998

This distribution contains the sixth public release of the Independent JPEG Group's free JPEG software. You are welcome to redistribute this software and to use it for any purpose, subject to the conditions under LEGAL ISSUES, below.

Serious users of this software (particularly those incorporating it into larger programs) should contact IJG at jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net to be added to our electronic mailing list. Mailing list members are notified of updates and have a chance to participate in technical discussions, etc.

This software is the work of Tom Lane, Philip Gladstone, Jim Boucher, Lee Crocker, Julian Minguillon, Luis Ortiz, George Phillips, Davide Rossi, Guido Vollbeding, Ge' Weijers, and other members of the Independent JPEG Group.

IJG is not affiliated with the official ISO JPEG standards committee.

DOCUMENTATION ROADMAP

This file contains the following sections:

OVERVIEW General description of JPEG and the IJG software.
LEGAL ISSUES Copyright, lack of warranty, terms of distribution.
REFERENCES Where to learn more about JPEG.
ARCHIVE LOCATIONS Where to find newer versions of this software.
RELATED SOFTWARE Other stuff you should get.
FILE FORMAT WARS Software *not* to get.
TO DO Plans for future IJG releases.
Other documentation files in the distribution are:

**User documentation:**
- install.doc  How to configure and install the IJG software.
- usage.doc   Usage instructions for cjpeg, djpeg, jpegtran, rdjpgcom, and wrjpgcom.
- *.1         Unix-style man pages for programs (same info as usage.doc).
- wizard.doc  Advanced usage instructions for JPEG wizards only.
- change.log  Version-to-version change highlights.

**Programmer and internal documentation:**
- libjpeg.doc  How to use the JPEG library in your own programs.
- example.c    Sample code for calling the JPEG library.
- structure.doc Overview of the JPEG library's internal structure.
- filelist.doc Road map of IJG files.
- coderules.doc Coding style rules --- please read if you contribute code.

Please read at least the files install.doc and usage.doc. Useful information can also be found in the JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article. See ARCHIVE LOCATIONS below to find out where to obtain the FAQ article.

If you want to understand how the JPEG code works, we suggest reading one or more of the REFERENCES, then looking at the documentation files (in roughly the order listed) before diving into the code.

**OVERVIEW**

This package contains C software to implement JPEG image compression and decompression. JPEG (pronounced "jay-peg") is a standardized compression method for full-color and gray-scale images. JPEG is intended for compressing "real-world" scenes; line drawings, cartoons and other non-realistic images are not its strong suit. JPEG is lossy, meaning that the output image is not exactly identical to the input image. Hence you must not use JPEG if you have to have identical output bits. However, on typical photographic images, very good compression levels can be obtained with no visible change, and remarkably high compression levels are possible if you can tolerate a low-quality image. For more details, see the references, or just experiment with various compression settings.

This software implements JPEG baseline, extended-sequential, and progressive compression processes. Provision is made for supporting all variants of these processes, although some uncommon parameter settings aren't implemented yet. For legal reasons, we are not distributing code for the arithmetic-coding variants of JPEG; see LEGAL ISSUES. We have made no provision for supporting the hierarchical or lossless processes defined in the standard.

We provide a set of library routines for reading and writing JPEG image files,
plus two sample applications "cjpeg" and "djpeg", which use the library to perform conversion between JPEG and some other popular image file formats. The library is intended to be reused in other applications.

In order to support file conversion and viewing software, we have included considerable functionality beyond the bare JPEG coding/decoding capability; for example, the color quantization modules are not strictly part of JPEG decoding, but they are essential for output to colormapped file formats or colormapped displays. These extra functions can be compiled out of the library if not required for a particular application. We have also included "jpegtran", a utility for lossless transcoding between different JPEG processes, and "rdjpgcom" and "wrjpgcom", two simple applications for inserting and extracting textual comments in JFIF files.

The emphasis in designing this software has been on achieving portability and flexibility, while also making it fast enough to be useful. In particular, the software is not intended to be read as a tutorial on JPEG. (See the REFERENCES section for introductory material.) Rather, it is intended to be reliable, portable, industrial-strength code. We do not claim to have achieved that goal in every aspect of the software, but we strive for it.

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The Unix configuration script "configure" was produced with GNU Autoconf. It is copyright by the Free Software Foundation but is freely distributable. The same holds for its supporting scripts (config.guess, config.sub, ltconfig, ltmain.sh). Another support script, install-sh, is copyright by M.I.T. but is also freely distributable.

It appears that the arithmetic coding option of the JPEG spec is covered by patents owned by IBM, AT&T, and Mitsubishi. Hence arithmetic coding cannot legally be used without obtaining one or more licenses. For this reason, support for arithmetic coding has been removed from the free JPEG software. (Since arithmetic coding provides only a marginal gain over the unpatented
Huffman mode, it is unlikely that very many implementations will support it.) So far as we are aware, there are no patent restrictions on the remaining code.

The IJG distribution formerly included code to read and write GIF files. To avoid entanglement with the Unisys LZW patent, GIF reading support has been removed altogether, and the GIF writer has been simplified to produce "uncompressed GIFs". This technique does not use the LZW algorithm; the resulting GIF files are larger than usual, but are readable by all standard GIF decoders.

We are required to state that "The Graphics Interchange Format(c) is the Copyright property of CompuServe Incorporated. GIF(sm) is a Service Mark property of CompuServe Incorporated."

REFERENCES
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We highly recommend reading one or more of these references before trying to understand the innards of the JPEG software.

The best short technical introduction to the JPEG compression algorithm is Wallace, Gregory K. "The JPEG Still Picture Compression Standard", Communications of the ACM, April 1991 (vol. 34 no. 4), pp. 30–44. (Adjacent articles in that issue discuss MPEG motion picture compression, applications of JPEG, and related topics.) If you don't have the CACM issue handy, a PostScript file containing a revised version of Wallace's article is available at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/wallace.ps.gz. The file (actually a preprint for an article that appeared in IEEE Trans. Consumer Electronics) omits the sample images that appeared in CACM, but it includes corrections and some added material. Note: the Wallace article is copyright ACM and IEEE, and it may not be used for commercial purposes.

A somewhat less technical, more leisurely introduction to JPEG can be found in "The Data Compression Book" by Mark Nelson and Jean-loup Gailly, published by M&T Books (New York), 2nd ed. 1996, ISBN 1-55851-434-1. This book provides good explanations and example C code for a multitude of compression methods including JPEG. It is an excellent source if you are comfortable reading C code but don't know much about data compression in general. The book's JPEG sample code is far from industrial-strength, but when you are ready to look at a full implementation, you've got one here...

and draft DIS 10918-2). This is by far the most complete exposition of JPEG in existence, and we highly recommend it.

The JPEG standard itself is not available electronically; you must order a paper copy through ISO or ITU. (Unless you feel a need to own a certified official copy, we recommend buying the Pennebaker and Mitchell book instead; it's much cheaper and includes a great deal of useful explanatory material.) In the USA, copies of the standard may be ordered from ANSI Sales at (212) 642-4900, or from Global Engineering Documents at (800) 854-7179. (ANSI doesn't take credit card orders, but Global does.) It's not cheap: as of 1992, ANSI was charging $95 for Part 1 and $47 for Part 2, plus 7% shipping/handling. The standard is divided into two parts, Part 1 being the actual specification, while Part 2 covers compliance testing methods. Part 1 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 1: Requirements and guidelines" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-1, ITU-T T.81. Part 2 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 2: Compliance testing" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-2, ITU-T T.83.

Some extensions to the original JPEG standard are defined in JPEG Part 3, a newer ISO standard numbered ISO/IEC IS 10918-3 and ITU-T T.84. IJG currently does not support any Part 3 extensions.

The JPEG standard does not specify all details of an interchangeable file format. For the omitted details we follow the "JFIF" conventions, revision 1.02. A copy of the JFIF spec is available from:
Literature Department
C-Cube Microsystems, Inc.
1778 McCarthy Blvd.
Milpitas, CA 95035
phone (408) 944-6300, fax (408) 944-6314
A PostScript version of this document is available by FTP at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.ps.gz. There is also a plain text version at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.txt.gz, but it is missing the figures.

The TIFF 6.0 file format specification can be obtained by FTP from ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/TIFF6.ps.gz. The JPEG incorporation scheme found in the TIFF 6.0 spec of 3-June-92 has a number of serious problems. IJG does not recommend use of the TIFF 6.0 design (TIFF Compression tag 6). Instead, we recommend the JPEG design proposed by TIFF Technical Note #2 (Compression tag 7). Copies of this Note can be obtained from ftp.sgi.com or from ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/. It is expected that the next revision of the TIFF spec will replace the 6.0 JPEG design with the Note's design. Although IJG's own code does not support TIFF/JPEG, the free libtiff library uses our library to implement TIFF/JPEG per the Note. libtiff is available from ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/.
ARCHIVE LOCATIONS

The "official" archive site for this software is ftp.uu.net (Internet address 192.48.96.9). The most recent released version can always be found there in directory graphics/jpeg. This particular version will be archived as ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jpegsrc.v6b.tar.gz. If you don't have direct Internet access, UUNET's archives are also available via UUCP; contact help@uunet.uu.net for information on retrieving files that way.

Numerous Internet sites maintain copies of the UUNET files. However, only ftp.uu.net is guaranteed to have the latest official version.

You can also obtain this software in DOS-compatible "zip" archive format from the SimTel archives (ftp://ftp.simtel.net/pub/simtelnet/msdos/graphics/), or on CompuServe in the Graphics Support forum (GO CIS:GRAPHSUP), library 12 "JPEG Tools". Again, these versions may sometimes lag behind the ftp.uu.net release.

The JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article is a useful source of general information about JPEG. It is updated constantly and therefore is not included in this distribution. The FAQ is posted every two weeks to Usenet newsgroups comp.graphics.misc, news.answers, and other groups. It is available on the World Wide Web at http://www.faqs.org/faqs/jpeg-faq/ and other news.answers archive sites, including the official news.answers archive at rtfm.mit.edu: ftp://rtfm.mit.edu/pub/usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/.

If you don't have Web or FTP access, send e-mail to mail-server@rtfm.mit.edu with body
send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part1
send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part2

RELATED SOFTWARE

Numerous viewing and image manipulation programs now support JPEG. (Quite a few of them use this library to do so.) The JPEG FAQ described above lists some of the more popular free and shareware viewers, and tells where to obtain them on Internet.

If you are on a Unix machine, we highly recommend Jef Poskanzer's free PBMPLUS software, which provides many useful operations on PPM-format image files. In particular, it can convert PPM images to and from a wide range of other formats, thus making cjpeg/djpeg considerably more useful. The latest version is distributed by the NetPBM group, and is available from numerous sites, notably ftp://wuarchive.wustl.edu/graphics/graphics/packages/NetPBM/.

Unfortunately PBMPLUS/NETPBM is not nearly as portable as the IJG software is;
you are likely to have difficulty making it work on any non-Unix machine.

A different free JPEG implementation, written by the PVRG group at Stanford, is available from ftp://havefun.stanford.edu/pub/jpeg/. This program is designed for research and experimentation rather than production use; it is slower, harder to use, and less portable than the IJG code, but it is easier to read and modify. Also, the PVRG code supports lossless JPEG, which we do not. (On the other hand, it doesn't do progressive JPEG.)

FILE FORMAT WARS
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Some JPEG programs produce files that are not compatible with our library. The root of the problem is that the ISO JPEG committee failed to specify a concrete file format. Some vendors "filled in the blanks" on their own, creating proprietary formats that no one else could read. (For example, none of the early commercial JPEG implementations for the Macintosh were able to exchange compressed files.)

The file format we have adopted is called JFIF (see REFERENCES). This format has been agreed to by a number of major commercial JPEG vendors, and it has become the de facto standard. JFIF is a minimal or "low end" representation. We recommend the use of TIFF/JPEG (TIFF revision 6.0 as modified by TIFF Technical Note #2) for "high end" applications that need to record a lot of additional data about an image. TIFF/JPEG is fairly new and not yet widely supported, unfortunately.

The upcoming JPEG Part 3 standard defines a file format called SPIFF. SPIFF is interoperable with JFIF, in the sense that most JFIF decoders should be able to read the most common variant of SPIFF. SPIFF has some technical advantages over JFIF, but its major claim to fame is simply that it is an official standard rather than an informal one. At this point it is unclear whether SPIFF will supersede JFIF or whether JFIF will remain the de-facto standard. IJG intends to support SPIFF once the standard is frozen, but we have not decided whether it should become our default output format or not. (In any case, our decoder will remain capable of reading JFIF indefinitely.)

Various proprietary file formats incorporating JPEG compression also exist. We have little or no sympathy for the existence of these formats. Indeed, one of the original reasons for developing this free software was to help force convergence on common, open format standards for JPEG files. Don't use a proprietary file format!

TO DO
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The major thrust for v7 will probably be improvement of visual quality. The current method for scaling the quantization tables is known not to be very good at low Q values. We also intend to investigate block boundary smoothing, "poor man's variable quantization", and other means of improving quality-vs-file-size performance without sacrificing compatibility.

In future versions, we are considering supporting some of the upcoming JPEG Part 3 extensions --- principally, variable quantization and the SPIFF file format.

As always, speeding things up is of great interest.

Please send bug reports, offers of help, etc. to jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net.

1.84 libmnl 1.0.3 :7.el7
1.84.1 Available under license:

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.100 libxml2 2.9.1 :5.el7_0.1

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1.101 libyaml 0.1.4 :10.el7

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1.102 linux-firmware 20150904 :43.git6ebf5d5.el7

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Firmware provided as part of an XC5000 Linux developers kit by Brian Mathews <bmathews@xceive.com> to Devin Heitmueller <dheitmueller@linuxtv.org> on July 1, 2009.

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*
* $Id: sha2.c,v 1.1 2001/11/08 00:01:51 adg Exp adg $
*/
File: LLM_sp_sha2.c

/*
* FILE:    sha2.h
* AUTHOR:    Aaron D. Gifford <me@aarongifford.com>
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2.

/* utility to create the register check tables
 * this includes inlined list.h safe for userspace.
 *
 * Copyright 2009 Jerome Glisse
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 *
 * Authors:
 *    Jerome Glisse
 *    Dave Airlie
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*/

File: comm_lib.h

===============================================================================

3.

/* crypto/aes/aes.h -*- mode:C; c-file-style: "eay" -*- */
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 * ====================================================================*/
*/
File Name list: aes.h, aes_locl.h

===============================================================================

4.

/* crypto/aes/aes_core.c -*- mode:C; c-file-style: "eay" -*- */
/**
 * rijndael-alg-fst.c
 *
 * @version 3.0 (December 2000)
 *
 * Optimised ANSI C code for the Rijndael cipher (now AES)
 *
 * @author Vincent Rijmen <vincent.rijmen@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
 * @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
 * @author Paulo Barreto <paulo.barreto@terra.com.br>
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 */
File: aes_core.c

===============================================================================

5.

/*===========================================================================
EDIT HISTORY FOR FILE

$Header: //depot/asic/msmshared/sec/sec/MSM_SEC.03.03.08.xx/aes.h#1 $ $DateTime: 2006/12/11 00:43:21 $ $Author: davidf $
when who what, where, why
-------- --- -----------------------------------------------
11/12/04  rv changes to correct LINT errors
02/02/04  rwh Small mods to open source.

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Dr B. R. Gladman <brg@gladman.uk.net> 1st June 2001.

This is an implementation of the AES encryption algorithm (Rijndael)
designed by Joan Daemen and Vincent Rijmen. This version is designed
to provide both fixed and dynamic block and key lengths and can also
run with either big or little endian internal byte order.

NOTE: Input block and key lengths are given in terms of the lengths of
the byte arrays involved, the legal values being 16, 24 and 32.

A. THE CIPHER INTERFACE

byte (an unsigned 8-bit type)
word (an unsigned 32-bit type)
aes_ret: (a signed 16 bit type for function return values)
aes_good (value != 0, a good return)
aes_bad (value == 0, an error return)
enum aes_key: (encryption direction)
   enc (set key for encryption)
   dec (set key for decryption)
   both (set key for both)
class or struct aes (structure for context)

C subroutine calls:
aes_ret set_blk(const word block_length, aes *cx) (variable block size)
aes_ret set_key(const byte key[], const word key_length,
    const enum aes_key direction, aes *cx)
aes_ret encrypt(const byte input_blk[], byte output_blk[], const aes *cx)
aes_ret decrypt(const byte input_blk[], byte output_blk[], const aes *cx)

IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are using this C interface and your compiler does
not set the memory used for objects to zero before use, you will need to
ensure that cx.mode is set to zero before using the C subroutine calls.
C++ aes class subroutines:

aes_ret set_blk(const word block_length)  (variable block size)
aes_ret set_key(const byte key[], const word key_length,
    const aes_key direction)
aes_ret encrypt(const byte input_blk[], byte output_blk[]) const
aes_ret decrypt(const byte input_blk[], byte output_blk[]) const

The block length inputs to set_block and set_key are in numbers of BYTES, not bits. The calls to subroutines must be made in the above order but multiple calls can be made without repeating earlier calls if their parameters have not changed. If the cipher block length is variable but set_blk has not been called before cipher operations a value of 16 is assumed (that is, the AES block size). In contrast to earlier versions the block and key length parameters are now checked for correctness and the encryption and decryption routines check to ensure that an appropriate key has been set before they are called.

B. BYTE ORDER WITHIN 32 BIT WORDS

The fundamental data processing units in Rijndael are 8-bit bytes. The input, the output and the key input are all enumerated arrays of bytes in which bytes are numbered starting at zero and increasing to one less than the number of bytes in the array in question. When these inputs and outputs are considered as bit sequences, the n'th byte contains bits 8n to 8n+7 of the sequence with the lower numbered bit mapped to the most significant bit within the byte (i.e. that having a numeric value of 128). However, Rijndael can be implemented more efficiently using 32-bit words to process 4 bytes at a time provided that the order of bytes within words is known. This order is called big-endian if the lowest numbered bytes in words have the highest numeric significance and little-endian if the opposite applies. This code can work in either order irrespective of the native order of the machine on which it runs.

The byte order used internally is set by defining INTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER whereas the order for all inputs and outputs is specified by defining EXTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER, the only purpose of the latter being to determine if a byte order change is needed immediately after input and immediately before output to account for the use of a different internal byte order.

In almost all situations both of these defines will be set to the native order of the processor on which the code is to run but other settings may sometimes be useful in special circumstances.

#define INTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER LITTLE_ENDIAN
#define EXTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER LITTLE_ENDIAN

C. COMPILATION

To compile AES (Rijndael) for use in C code
a. Exclude the AES_DLL define in aes.h
b. Exclude the AES_IN_CPP define in aes.h

To compile AES (Rijndael) for use in C++ code
a. Exclude the AES_DLL define in aes.h
b. Include the AES_IN_CPP define in aes.h

To compile AES (Rijndael) in C as a Dynamic Link Library
a. Include the AES_DLL define in aes.h
b. Compile the DLL. If using the test files, exclude aes.c from
the test build project and compile it with the same defines
as used for the DLL (ensure that the DLL path is correct)

D. CONFIGURATION OPTIONS (see also aes.c)

1. define BLOCK_SIZE to set the cipher block size (16, 24 or 32) or
   leave this undefined for dynamically variable block size (this will
   result in much slower code).
2. set AES_IN_CPP to use the code from C++ rather than C
3. set AES_DLL if AES (Rijndael) is to be compiled to a DLL
4. set INTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER to one of the above constants to set the
   internal byte order (the order used within the algorithm code)
5. set EXTERNAL_BYTE_ORDER to one of the above constants to set the byte
   order used at the external interfaces for the input, output and key
   byte arrays.

IMPORTANT NOTE: BLOCK_SIZE is in BYTES: 16, 24, 32 or undefined for aes.c
and 16, 20, 24, 28, 32 or undefined for aes++.c. If left undefined a
slower version providing variable block length is compiled

#define BLOCK_SIZE 16

Define AES_IN_CPP if you intend to use the AES C++ class rather than the
C code directly.

#define AES_IN_CPP

Define AES_DLL if you wish to compile the code to produce a Windows DLL

#define AES_DLL

/*
File: aes.h

/===============================================

EDIT HISTORY FOR FILE
when who what, where, why
-------- --- ----------------------------------------------------------
11/12/04 rv changes to correct LINT errors
02/02/04 rwh Small mods to open source.

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File: aes_tab.h

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#
#
# The purpose of this module is to define how a check is to be performed.
# Use one of the Check...() functions below.
#
#
# A context class is used that defines functions for carrying out the tests,
# logging and messages. The following methods and members must be present:
#
# context.Display(msg)  Function called to print messages that are normally
#                       displayed for the user. Newlines are explicitly used.
#                       The text should also be written to the logfile!
#
# context.Log(msg)      Function called to write to a log file.
#
# context.BuildProg(text, ext)
#                       Function called to build a program, using "ext" for the
#                       file extension. Must return an empty string for
#                       success, an error message for failure.
#                       For reliable test results building should be done just
#                       like an actual program would be build, using the same
#                       command and arguments (including configure results so
#                       far).
#
# context.CompileProg(text, ext)
#                       Function called to compile a program, using "ext" for
#                       the file extension. Must return an empty string for
#                       success, an error message for failure.
#                       For reliable test results compiling should be done just
#                       like an actual source file would be compiled, using the
#                       same command and arguments (including configure results
#                       so far).
#
# context.AppendLIBS(lib_name_list)
#                       Append "lib_name_list" to the value of LIBS.
#                       "lib_namelist" is a list of strings.
#                       Return the value of LIBS before changing it (any type
#                       can be used, it is passed to SetLIBS() later.)
#
# context.PrependLIBS(lib_name_list)
#                       Prepend "lib_name_list" to the value of LIBS.
#                       "lib_namelist" is a list of strings.
#                       Return the value of LIBS before changing it (any type
# can be used, it is passed to SetLIBS() later.)
#
# context.SetLIBS(value)
# Set LIBS to "value". The type of "value" is what
# AppendLIBS() returned.
# Return the value of LIBS before changing it (any type
# can be used, it is passed to SetLIBS() later.)
#
# context.headerfilename
# Name of file to append configure results to, usually
# "confdefs.h".
# The file must not exist or be empty when starting.
# Empty or None to skip this (some tests will not work!).
#
# context.config_h  (may be missing). If present, must be a string, which
# will be filled with the contents of a config_h file.
#
# context.vardict    Dictionary holding variables used for the tests and
# stores results from the tests, used for the build
# commands.
# Normally contains "CC", "LIBS", "CPPFLAGS", etc.
#
# context.havedict   Dictionary holding results from the tests that are to
# be used inside a program.
# Names often start with "HAVE_". These are zero
# (feature not present) or one (feature present). Other
# variables may have any value, e.g., "PERLVERSION" can
#
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The README file from the original package from Micronas appears below. Only the part about the firmware redistribution in section 0 is relevant, all other sections are completely obsolete.

---------------------------------------------------------------------------
WIS GO7007SB Public Linux Driver
---------------------------------------------------------------------------

*** Please see the file RELEASE-NOTES for important last-minute updates ***

0. OVERVIEW AND LICENSING/DISCLAIMER
This driver kit contains Linux drivers for the WIS GO7007SB multi-format video encoder. Only kernel version 2.6.x is supported. The video stream is available through the Video4Linux2 API and the audio stream is available through the ALSA API (or the OSS emulation layer of the ALSA system).

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1. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

This driver requires Linux kernel 2.6. Kernel 2.4 is not supported. Using kernel 2.6.10 or later is recommended, as earlier kernels are known to have unstable USB 2.0 support.

A fully built kernel source tree must be available. Typically this will be linked from "/lib/modules/<KERNEL VERSION>/build" for convenience. If this link does not exist, an extra parameter will need to be passed to the `make` command.

All vendor-built kernels should already be configured properly. However, for custom-built kernels, the following options need to be enabled in the kernel as built-in or modules:

```
CONFIG_HOTPLUG       - Support for hot-pluggable devices
CONFIG_MODULES       - Enable loadable module support
CONFIG_KMOD         - Automatic kernel module loading
CONFIG_FW_LOADER     - Hotplug firmware loading support
CONFIG_I2C           - I2C support
```
Additionally, to use the example application, the following options need to be enabled in the ALSA section:

- CONFIG_SND_MIXER_OSS - OSS Mixer API
- CONFIG_SND_PCM_OSS - OSS PCM (digital audio) API

The hotplug scripts, along with the fxload utility, must also be installed. These scripts can be obtained from <http://linux-hotplug.sourceforge.net/>. Hotplugging is used for loading firmware into the Cypress EZ-USB chip using fxload and for loading firmware into the driver using the firmware agent.

2. COMPILING AND INSTALLING THE DRIVER

Most users should be able to compile the driver by simply running:

    $ make

in the top-level directory of the driver kit. First the kernel modules will be built, followed by the example applications.

If the build system is unable to locate the kernel source tree for the currently-running kernel, or if the module should be built for a kernel other than the currently-running kernel, an additional parameter will need to be passed to make to specify the appropriate kernel source directory:

    $ make KERNELSRC=/usr/src/linux-2.6.10-custom3

Once the compile completes, the driver and firmware files should be installed by running:

    $ make install

The kernel modules will be placed in "/lib/modules/<KERNEL VERSION>/extra" and the firmware files will be placed in the appropriate hotplug firmware directory, usually /lib/firmware. In addition, USB maps and scripts will be placed in /etc/hotplug/usb to enable fxload to initialize the EZ-USB control chip when the device is connected.
3. PAL/SECAM TUNER CONFIGURATION (TV402U-EU only)

The PAL model of the Plextor ConvertX TV402U may require additional configuration to correctly select the appropriate TV frequency band and audio subchannel.

Users with a device other than the Plextor ConvertX TV402U-EU should skip this section.

The wide variety of PAL TV systems used in Europe requires that additional information about the local TV standards be passed to the driver in order to properly tune TV channels. The two necessary parameters are (a) the PAL TV band, and (b) the audio subchannel format in use.

In many cases, the appropriate TV band selection is passed to the driver from applications. However, in some cases, the application only specifies that the driver should use PAL but not the specific information about the appropriate TV band. To work around this issue, the correct TV band may be specified in the "force_band" parameter to the wis-sony-tuner module:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TV band</th>
<th>force_band</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAL B/G</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL I</td>
<td>I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL D/K</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECAM L</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the "force_band" parameter is specified, the driver will ignore any TV band specified by applications and will always use the band provided in the module parameter.

The other parameter that can be specified is the audio subchannel format. There are several stereo audio carrier systems in use, including NICAM and three varieties of A2. To receive audio broadcast on one of these stereo carriers, the "force_mpx_mode" parameter must be specified to the wis-sony-tuner module:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TV band</th>
<th>Audio subcarrier</th>
<th>force_mpx_mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAL B/G</td>
<td>Mono (default)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL B/G</td>
<td>A2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL B/G</td>
<td>NICAM</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL I</td>
<td>Mono (default)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL I</td>
<td>NICAM</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL D/K</td>
<td>Mono (default)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL D/K</td>
<td>A2 (1)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAL D/K</td>
<td>A2 (2)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the "force_mpx_mode" parameter is not specified, the correct mono-only mode will be chosen based on the TV band. However, the tuner will not receive stereo audio or bilingual broadcasts correctly.

To pass the "force_band" or "force_mpx_mode" parameters to the wis-sony-tuner module, the following line must be added to the modprobe configuration file, which varies from one Linux distribution to another.

    options wis-sony-tuner force_band=B force_mpx_mode=2

The above example would force the tuner to the PAL B/G TV band and receive stereo audio broadcasts on the A2 carrier.

To verify that the configuration has been placed in the correct location, execute:

    $ modprobe -c | grep wis-sony-tuner

If the configuration line appears, then modprobe will pass the parameters correctly the next time the wis-sony-tuner module is loaded into the kernel.

4. TESTING THE DRIVER

Because few Linux applications are able to correctly capture from Video4Linux2 devices with only compressed formats supported, the new driver should be tested with the "gorecord" application in the apps/ directory.

First connect a video source to the device, such as a DVD player or VCR. This will be captured to a file for testing the driver. If an input source is unavailable, a test file can still be captured, but the video will be black and the audio will be silent.

This application will auto-detect the V4L2 and ALSA/OSS device names of the hardware and will record video and audio to an AVI file for a specified number of seconds. For example:

    $ apps/gorecord -duration 60 capture.avi

If this application does not successfully record an AVI file, the error messages produced by gorecord and recorded in the system log (usually in
Suppling no parameters to goremocd will cause it to probe the available devices and exit. Use the -help flag for usage information.

5. USING THE DRIVER

The V4L2 device implemented by the driver provides a standard compressed format API, within the following criteria:

* Applications that only support the original Video4Linux1 API will not be able to communicate with this driver at all.

* No raw video modes are supported, so applications like xawtv that expect only uncompressed video will not function.

* Supported compression formats are: Motion-JPEG, MPEG1, MPEG2 and MPEG4.

* MPEG video formats are delivered as Video Elementary Streams only. Program Stream (PS), Transport Stream (TS) and Packetized Elementary Stream (PES) formats are not supported.

* Video parameters such as format and input port may not be changed while the encoder is active.

* The audio capture device only functions when the video encoder is actively capturing video. Attempts to read from the audio device when the encoder is inactive will result in an I/O error.

* The native format of the audio device is 48Khz 2-channel 16-bit little-endian PCM, delivered through the ALSA system. No audio compression is implemented in the hardware. ALSA may convert to other uncompressed formats on the fly.

The include/ directory contains a C header file describing non-standard features of the GO7007SB encoder, which are described below:

GO7007IOC_S_COMP_PARAMS, GO7007IOC_G_COMP_PARAMS

These ioctls are used to negotiate general compression parameters.

To query the current parameters, call the GO7007IOC_G_COMP_PARAMS ioctl with a pointer to a struct go7007_comp_params. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned.
To change the current parameters, initialize all fields of a struct `go7007_comp_params` and call the `GO7007_IOC_S_COMP_PARAMS` ioctl with a pointer to this structure. The driver will return the current parameters with any necessary changes to conform to the limitations of the hardware or current compression mode. Any or all fields can be set to zero to request a reasonable default value. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned. When I/O is in progress, the EBUSY error code will be returned.

Fields in struct `go7007_comp_params`:

- `__u32 gop_size`: The maximum number of frames in each Group Of Pictures; i.e. the maximum number of frames minus one between each key frame.

- `__u32 max_b_frames`: The maximum number of sequential bidirectionally-predicted frames. (B-frames are not yet supported.)

- `enum go7007_aspect_ratio aspect_ratio`: The aspect ratio to be encoded in the meta-data of the compressed format. Choices are:
  - `GO7007_ASPECT_RATIO_1_1`
  - `GO7007_ASPECT_RATIO_4_3_NTSC`
  - `GO7007_ASPECT_RATIO_4_3_PAL`
  - `GO7007_ASPECT_RATIO_16_9_NTSC`
  - `GO7007_ASPECT_RATIO_16_9_PAL`

- `__u32 flags`: Bit-wise OR of control flags (below)

Flags in struct `go7007_comp_params`:

- `GO7007_COMP_CLOSED_GOP`: Only produce self-contained GOPs, used to produce streams appropriate for random seeking.

- `GO7007_COMP_OMIT_SEQ_HEADER`: Omit the stream sequence header.

`GO7007IOC_S_MPEG_PARAMS`, `GO7007IOC_G_MPEG_PARAMS`

These ioctls are used to negotiate MPEG-specific stream parameters when the pixelformat has been set to `V4L2_PIX_FMT_MPEG`.

To query the current parameters, call the `GO7007IOC_G_MPEG_PARAMS` ioctl.
with a pointer to a struct go7007_mpeg_params. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned.

To change the current parameters, initialize all fields of a struct go7007_mpeg_params and call the GO7007_IOC_S_MPEG_PARAMS ioctl with a pointer to this structure. The driver will return the current parameters with any necessary changes to conform to the limitations of the hardware or selected MPEG mode. Any or all fields can be set to zero to request a reasonable default value. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned. When I/O is in progress, the EBUSY error code will be returned.

Fields in struct go7007_mpeg_params:

```c
enum go7007_mpeg_video_standard
  mpeg_video_standard        The MPEG video standard in which to compress the video.

  GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG1
  GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG2
  GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG4

__u32                        Bit-wise OR of control flags (below)
  flags

__u32                        The profile and level indication to be stored in the sequence header. This is only used as an indicator to the decoder, and does not affect the MPEG features used in the video stream. Not valid for MPEG1.
  pali

  GO7007_MPEG2_PROFILE_MAIN_MAIN

  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_S_L0
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_S_L1
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_S_L2
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_S_L3
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_ARTS_L1
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_ARTS_L2
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_ARTS_L3
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_ARTS_L4
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_AS_L0
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_AS_L1
  GO7007_MPEG4_PROFILE_AS_L2
```
Flags in struct go7007_mpeg_params:

**GO7007_MPEG_FORCE_DVD_MODE** Force all compression parameters and bitrate control settings to comply with DVD MPEG2 stream requirements. This overrides most compression and bitrate settings!

**GO7007_MPEG_OMIT_GOP_HEADER** Omit the GOP header.

**GO7007_MPEG_REPEAT_SEQHEADER** Repeat the MPEG sequence header at the start of each GOP.

**GO7007IOC_S_BITRATE, GO7007IOC_G_BITRATE**

These ioctls are used to set and query the target bitrate value for the compressed video stream. The bitrate may be selected by storing the target bits per second in an int and calling GO7007IOC_S_BITRATE with a pointer to the int. The bitrate may be queried by calling GO7007IOC_G_BITRATE with a pointer to an int where the current bitrate will be stored.

Note that this is the primary means of controlling the video quality for all compression modes, including V4L2_PIX_FMT_MJPEG. The VIDIOC_S_JPEGCOMP ioctl is not supported.

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Installing the WIS PCI Voyager Driver

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The WIS PCI Voyager driver requires several patches to the Linux 2.6.11.x kernel source tree before compiling the driver. These patches update the in-kernel SAA7134 driver to the newest development version and patch bugs in the TDA8290/TDA8275 tuner driver.

The following patches must be downloaded from Gerd Knorr's website and applied in the order listed:

http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/i2c-tuner
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/i2c-tuner2
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/v4l2-api-mpeg
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/saa7134-update
The following patches are included with this SDK and can be applied in any order:

patches/2.6.11/saa7134-voyager.diff
patches/2.6.11/tda8275-newaddr.diff
patches/2.6.11/tda8290-ntsc.diff

Check to make sure the CONFIG_VIDEO_SAA7134 option is enabled in the kernel configuration, and build and install the kernel.

After rebooting into the new kernel, the GO7007 driver can be compiled and installed:

$ make SAA7134_BUILD=y
$ make install
$ modprobe saa7134-go7007

There will be two V4L video devices associated with the PCI Voyager. The first device (most likely /dev/video0) provides access to the raw video capture mode of the SAA7133 device and is used to configure the source video parameters and tune the TV tuner. This device can be used with xawtv or other V4L(2) video software as a standard uncompressed device.

The second device (most likely /dev/video1) provides access to the compression functions of the GO7007. It can be tested using the gorecord application in the apps/ directory of this SDK:

$ apps/gorecord -vdevice /dev/video1 -noaudio test.avi

Currently the frame resolution is fixed at 720x480 (NTSC) or 720x576 (PAL), and the video standard must be specified to both the raw and the compressed video devices (xawtv and gorecord, for example).

--------------------------------------------------------------------------
RELEASE NOTES FOR WIS GO7007SB LINUX DRIVER
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Last updated: 5 November 2005

- Release 0.9.7 includes new support for using udev to run fxload. The install script should automatically detect whether the old hotplug scripts or the new udev rules should be used. To force the use of hotplug, run "make install USE_UDEV=n". To force the use of udev, run "make install USE_UDEV=y".

- Motion detection is supported but undocumented. Try the `modet` app
for a demonstration of how to use the facility.

- Using USB2.0 devices such as the TV402U with USB1.1 HCDs or hubs can cause buffer overruns and frame drops, even at low framerates, due to inconsistency in the bitrate control mechanism.

- On devices with an SAA7115, including the Plextor ConvertX, video height values of 96, 128, 160, 192, 256, 320, and 384 do not work in NTSC mode. All valid heights up to 512 work correctly in PAL mode.

- The WIS Star Trek and PCI Voyager boards have no support yet for audio or the TV tuner.

The firmware files "dvb-usb-it9135-01.fw" and "dvb-usb-it9135-02.fw" are for ITEtech it9135 A and B chip versions.

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Firmware provided as part of an XC5000C Linux developers kit by Ramon Cazares
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jpg "Clone me," says Dolly sheepishly.

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3. [3] Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
5. [6] Michael Barone <michael,barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
6. [7] Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
7. [8] Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
8. [9] Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver
9. [10] Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
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45. [49] Wilfredo Sanchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
46. [50] Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
47. [51] Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
48. [52] Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
49. [53] Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
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51. Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure
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1.117 OpenSSL patch to 0.9.8 branch to add
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1.133 python 2.7.5 :16.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the
In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
   version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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Jean-loup Gailly        Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu
The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

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1.135 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7

1.135.1 Available under license:

A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.
In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.142 PyYAML 3.10 :11.el7
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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under
copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.
4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable “work that uses the Library”, as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

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Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free
software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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The test programs in this directory tree are for demonstrating and testing the functionality of the SDL library, and are placed in the
public domain.

October 28, 1997
--
Sam Lantinga(slouken@libsdl.org)

1.148 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7
1.148.1 Available under license :

============
Test 1.1:101
============
Testing argument parsing
First type
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

============
Test 1.2:102
============
e1_l1_1
...
Second type

Test 1.4.1:105

Test 1.5:106
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14
s1_l1_14

============
Test 1.6:107
============

s1_l1_1
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_13
Test 1.7:108
============
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

Test 1.8:109
============
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e1_l1_14

==============
Test 1.9:110
==============
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14

==============
Test 1.10:111
==============
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14

===============
Test 1.11:112
===============
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

===============
Test 1.12:113
===============
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14

===============
Test 1.13:114
===============
e1_l1_1
e2_e1_l1_1
c2_e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e2_e1_l1_2
e2_e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e2_e1_l1_3
e2_e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e2_e1_l1_4
e2_e1_l1_4
e1_l1_5
e2_e1_l1_5
e2_e1_l1_5
e1_l1_6
e2_e1_l1_6
e2_e1_l1_6
e1_l1_7
e2_e1_l1_7
e2_e1_l1_7
e1_l1_8
e2_e1_l1_8
e2_e1_l1_8
e1_l1_9
e2_e1_l1_9
e2_e1_l1_9
e1_l1_10
e2_e1_l1_10
e2_e1_l1_10
e1_l1_11
e2_e1_l1_11
e2_e1_l1_11
e1_l1_12
e2_e1_l1_12
e2_e1_l1_12
e1_l1_13
e2_e1_l1_13
e2_e1_l1_13
e1_l1_14
e2_e1_l1_14
e2_e1_l1_14

=============
Test 1.14:115
=============
s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
Test 1.15:116

-------------
e1_l1_1
s1_e1_l1_1
s1_e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
s1_e1_l1_2
s1_e1_l1_2

-------------
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2084
Test 1.17:118

11_1
11_1
11_2
11_2
11_3
11_3
11_4
11_4
11_5
11_5
11_6
11_6
11_7
11_7
11_8
11_8
11_9
11_9
11_10
11_10
11_11
11_11
11_12
11_12
11_13
11_13
11_14
11_14

Test 1.18:119

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
Testing address ranges

Test 2.1:120

Test 2.2:121

Test 2.3:122

Test 2.4:123

Test 2.5:124

Test 2.6:125

Test 2.7:126

Test 2.9:127

Test 2.10:128
Test 2.11:129
-------------------
11_7

-------------------
Test 2.12:130
-------------------
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4

-------------------
Test 2.13:131
-------------------
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

-------------------
Test 2.14:132
-------------------
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
Test 2.15:133

Test 2.16:134
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6

============
Test 2.17:135
============
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

============
Test 2.18:136
============
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

============
Test 2.19:137
--------------
l1_12

--------------
Test 2.20:138
--------------
l1_7
Brace and other grouping

--------------
Test 3.1:139
--------------
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
\l1T4$ 
\l1T5$ 
\l1T6$ 
\l1T7$ 
\l1T8$ 
\l1T9$ 
\l1T10$ 
\l1T11$ 
\l1T12$ 
l1_13
l1_14

--------------
Test 3.2:140
--------------
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
\l1_4 
\l1_5 
\l1_6$ 
\l1_7$ 
\l1T8$ 
\l1_9$ 
\l1_10$ 
\l1_11 
\l1_12 
l1_13
l1_14

--------------
Test 3.3:141
Test 3.4:142

Test 4.1:143

before_il1_1
after_il1_1
before_il1_2
after_il1_2
before_il1_3
after_il1_3
before_il1_4
after_il1_4
before_il1_5
after_il1_5

Testing a c d and i commands
before_il1_6
after_ibebefore_il1_6
before_il1_7
after_ibebefore_il1_7
before_il1_8
after_ibebefore_il1_8
before_il1_9
after_ibebefore_il1_9
before_il1_10
after_ibebefore_il1_10
before_il1_11
after_ibebefore_il1_11
before_il1_12
after_ibebefore_il1_12
before_il1_13
after_ibebefore_il1_13
before_il1_14
after_ibebefore_il1_14
before_il2_1
after_ibebefore_il2_1
before_il2_2
after_ibebefore_il2_2
before_il2_3
after_ibebefore_il2_3
before_il2_4
after_ibebefore_il2_4
before_il2_5
after_ibebefore_il2_5
before_il2_6
inserted
after_ibebefore_il2_6
before_il2_7
after_ibebefore_il2_7
before_il2_8
after_ibebefore_il2_8
before_il2_9
after_ibebefore_il2_9

============
Test 4.2:144
============
before_al1_1
after_abefore_al1_1
before_al1_2
after_abefore_al1_2
before_al1_3
after_abefore_al1_3
before_al1_4
Test 4.3:145

---

^\_1
^\_1$
appended
^\_2
^\_2$
appended
^\_3
^\_3$
appended
^\_4
^\_4$
appended
^\_5
^\_5$
appended
^\_6
^\_6$
appended
^\_7
^\_7$
appended
^\_8
^\_8
\_9$
appended
^\_10
^\_10$
appended
^\_11
^\_11$
appended
^\_12
^\_12$
appended
^\_13
^\_13$
appended
^\_14
^\_14$
appended
^\_15
^\_15$
appended
^\_16
^\_16$
appended
^\_17
^\_17$
appended
^\_18
^\_18$
appended
^\_19
^\_19$
appended
^\_20
^\_20$
appended
^\_21
^\_21$
appended
^\_22
^\_22$
appended
^\_23
^\_23$
appended
^\_24
^\_24$
appended
Test 4.4:146

hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello

Test 4.5:147

hello

Test 4.6:148

hello

Test 4.7:149

hello

Test 4.8:150
Testing labels and branching

----------------
Test 5.1:151
----------------
label2_l1_1
label3_label2_l1_1
label1_l1_2
label1_l1_3
label1_l1_4
label1_l1_5
label1_l1_6
label1_l1_7
label1_l1_8
label1_l1_9
label1_l1_10
label1_l1_11
label1_l1_12
label2_l1_13
label3_label2_l1_13
label2_l1_14
label3_label2_l1_14

----------------
Test 5.2:152
----------------
tested l2_1
tested l2_2
tested l2_3
tested l2_4
tested l2_5
tested l2_6
tested l2_7
tested l2_8
tested l2_9
tested l2_10
tested l2_11
tested l2_12
tested l2_13
tested l2_14

----------------
Test 5.3:153
----------------
^l1_1
^l1_1$
^l1_2
^l1_2$
Test 5.4:154

Test 5.5:155

Test 5.6:156

Test 5.7:157
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Test 5.8:158

Test 6.1:159

changed
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled
canceled

Test 6.2:160

11_1
Test 6.3:161

Test 6.4:162
Test 6.5:163

Test 6.6:164

Testing print and file routines

Test 7.1:165

Test 7.2:166

$
w results
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12

============
Test 7.4:168
============
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

============
Test 7.5:169
============
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
Testing substitution commands
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

==========
Test 8.5:176
==========
11X1
11X2
11X3
11X4
11X5
11X6
11X7
11X8
11X9
11X10
11X11
11X12
11X13
11X14

==========
Test 8.6:177
==========
(l)(1)(1)
(l)(1)(2)
(l)(1)(3)
(l)(1)(4)
(l)(1)(5)
(l)(1)(6)
(l)(1)(7)
(l)(1)(8)
(l)(1)(9)
(l)(1)(10)
(l)(1)(11)
(l)(1)(12)
(l)(1)(13)
(l)(1)(14)

==========
Test 8.7:178
==========
Test 8.8:179

x_x1xl1
x_x1xl2
x_x1xl3
x_x1xl4
x_x1xl5
x_x1xl6
x_x1xl7
x_x1xl8
x_x1xl9
x_x1xl10
x_x1xl11
x_x1xl12
x_x1xl13
x_x1xl14

Test 8.9:180

11u0
u1
u21
11u0
u1
u22
11u0
u1
u23
11u0
u1
u24
Test 8.11:182

-------------
1X_1
1X_2
1X_3
1X_4
1X_5
1X_6
1X_7
1X_8
1X_9
1X_10
1X_11
1X_12
1X_13
1X_14
s while results
1X_1
1X_2
1X_3
1X_4
1X_5
1X_6
1X_7
1X_8
1X_9
1X_10
1X_11
1X_12
1X_13
1X_14

-------------
Test 8.12:183

-------------
1X_X
1X_X
1X_X
1X_4
1X_5
1X_6
1X_7
1X_8
1X_9
1X_X0
1X_XX
IX_XX
IX_XX
IX_X4

==============
Test 8.13:184
==============
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

==============
Test 8.14:185
==============
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

==============
Test 8.15:186
==============
11_1X11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
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1.153 sockaddrutil
f50dffe9820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a

2

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1.154 sqlite 3.7.17 :4.el7

1.155 stunlib
f50dffe9820bb7e32ac7b9b1b1d19aa3431227a

2

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1.156 systemd 219.0 :19.el7_2.4

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* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
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- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.

- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.

- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.
Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

*donate*
Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:
Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money:*iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used. Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt. For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in
Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy
10238-168 Street
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4
Canada
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse. This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return. Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:
http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:
Bram@iccf-holland.org
For amounts above 400 Euro ($500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:
Postbank, account 4548774
Swift code: INGB NL 2A
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74
under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse
If that doesn't work:
Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117
Swift code: RABO NL 2U
under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse
Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address
below. Minimal amount: $70 (my bank does not accept smaller
amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:
Bram Moolenaar
Finsterruetihof 1
8134 Adliswil
Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:
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1.170 yum 3.4.3

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1.173 zlib 1.2.7 :13.el7
1.173.1 Available under license :
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
 version 1.2.7, May 2nd, 2012

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jloup@gzip.org    madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

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/*------------------------------------------------------------------------------
/* match.S -- optimized version of longest_match()*/
* based on the similar work by Gilles Vollant, and Brian Raiter, written 1998
*/

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1.174 zlib 1.2.8
Open Source Used In Cisco TelePresence Server on Virtual Machine 4.3(1.14)

2349

1.174.1 Available under license:

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.8, April 28th, 2013

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for
(zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).
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1.175 zlib/contrib-ada 1.2.7 :13.el7

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