Administrator guide

For TANDBERG Codec C60/C40 and Profiles using C60
What’s in this guide?

The top menu bar and the entries in the Table of Contents are all hyperlinks. Just click on them to go to the topic.

We recommend you visit the TANDBERG web site regularly for updated versions of this guide. Go to: http://www.tandberg.com/docs

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Document revision history
Revision 1: Initial release
Revision 2: Correction for an error on page 53
Chapter 1

Introduction
Introduction
You may already be familiar with the administrator guides for the Profile Series and Codec C Series. To help you find the information you need, TANDBERG has split the information into smaller and more accessible parts listed on the right of this page.

The purpose of this document
The purpose of this document is to provide you with information required to administrate your product at an advanced level.

Disclaimers and Notices
The objective of this documentation is to provide the reader with assistance in using and configuring the product. The capabilities of TANDBERG products and other manufacturers’ products change over time and so the required configuration may be different from that indicated here. If you have any suggestions for changes to this document, please feed them back to TANDBERG through your TANDBERG Authorized Service Representative.

If you need technical support, please contact your TANDBERG Authorized Service Representative.

The specifications for the product and the information in this Guide are subject to change at any time, without notice, by TANDBERG. Every effort has been made to supply complete and accurate information in this Guide; however, TANDBERG assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this document.

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Products covered in this guide
- TANDBERG Profile 42”/52”/52”Dual/65” using C60
- TANDBERG Codec C60
- TANDBERG Codec C40

Other documents you might find useful
- Video conference room primer guide
- Getting started guide for Profile Series, Codec C Series, Quick Set C20
- User Guide for Profile Series, Codec C Series and Quick Set C20
- Administrator guide for Profiles using Codec C20 and Quick Set C20
- Administrator guide for Profiles using Codec C60 and Codec C60/C40
- Administrator guide for Profiles using Codec C90 and Codec C90
- Camera user guide for Precision HD 1080p/720p
- API guides for Codec C90, C60, C40
- Physical interfaces guides for Codec C90, C60, C40
- Legal and safety information for Profile Series, Codec C Series and Quick Set C20

Download the user documentation
Go to: ► http://www.tandberg.com/docs
What’s new in this version
The information on this page describes the highlights and main changes in the new version for the C Series line of codecs.

Software release notes
For a complete overview of the news and changes, we recommend reading the TANDBERG TC Software Release Notes (TC3). Go to: ►http://www.tandberg.com/docs

User documentation
You may already be familiar with the user guides for the Profile Series, Codec C Series and Quick Set C20. To help you find the information you need, TANDBERG has split the guides into smaller and more accessible parts.

The Administrator Guide has been split into:
- Getting started guide
- Video conference room primer guide
- Camera user guide
- Administrator guide (smaller size)
- Legal and safety information

The System Integrator Guide has been split into:
- API guides for Codec C90, C60, C40
- Physical interfaces guides for Codec C90, C60, C40

The User Guides have been merged into one guide:
- User Guide for Profile Series, Codec C Series and Quick Set
- C20

The user documentation is available from our web site. Select your product from the drop down list to see an overview of the user documentation for that product.
Go to: ►http://www.tandberg.com/docs

New features and improvements

Configuration profiles
Enhanced usability features with Configuration Profiles. The functionality is available from softkeys when you enter the “Advanced Configuration” menu.

Today’s bookings
Systems provisioned by the TANDBERG Management System (TMS) can display today’s current bookings in the GUI.

Confirm selection of video output resolution
When changing the output resolution, the system will prompt you and let you keep or cancel the selected resolution. In the event that the monitor doesn’t support the new selected resolution, no prompt will be shown; selection will time out and thus the system will revert to the previous resolution.

System information, frame rate indicator
The call status will now include frame rate, thus making it easy to see if you are sending/receiving 30 or 60 frames per second. As this is just an indicator and not a proper frame rate counter, it will not show accurate sent or received frame rate. However you will be able to see if the system is now sending or receiving 60 frames per second.

Autocomplete
When starting to type in a number in the call dialog box, it will now provide matches from recent calls, corporate phonebook and local contacts.

Telephone call icon
A telephone call icon will now be displayed along with the telephone number when combined with a video call or presentation.

Russian Input method
When Cyrillic is selected as input method, Russian can be used as multitap. A Russian version of the remote control will be available at the same time as the TC3.0 release.

Do Not Disturb
A proper icon will now be displayed in the lower right corner, when do not disturb is active. And a text box reminding you that “Do not disturb” is active will be presented in the middle of the screen, if you have no menus or presentation active.

Do not disturb can be activated by holding down the disconnect key until the Standby dialog box appears.

New menu languages
Finnish, Traditional Chinese, Portuguese Brazilian, Polish, Danish, Dutch

Call rate selection
The soft button to select call rate is now available from the ‘Enter contact’ field in the call dialog box.

Improved web interface
The web interface lets you:
- Check system info
- Upgrade software and add release and option keys
- Configure the system using the advanced configuration
- Upload custom wallpaper using png format.
- Place calls and see the call status
- Upload Certificates
- Download XML files
- Download system logs

Video enhancements

Optimal Definition Profiles
Each video input can now be configured to allow different optimal definition profiles. You can set the profile level, which tells your system how good lighting you have in your room, and you can set when to prefer 60 frames per second over 30 frames per second.

Overscan compensation
Support for monitor overscan compensation, where both video and GUI will be scaled to support monitors that do not support the ability to display an image in pixel-by-pixel mode.
Video enhancements, continued...

New encoding and decoding resolutions
- WUXGA (1920*1200)
- WXGA+ (1440*900) (only Codec C90 and C60)
- In dual stream Codec C40 is limited to WXGA

Letterbox removal
The system will detect letterboxing or pillar boxing and scale the image to fit the screen. If the system receives a 4/3 image with letterboxing (16/9), it will scale the image to fit the entire screen.

Improved video layout control
It is now possible to configure which layout family to be used as default in any system state. This allows for having default self view on the second monitor for dual monitor systems. This functionality has to be configured using the API (dataport).

Improved packet loss resilience
The packet loss concealment has been improved, which provides noticeable better performance over previous software versions in packet loss environments.

ClearPath (Experimental mode)
Available in TC3.0 in the Experimental menu as a technology preview, and should only be used for demonstration purposes. ClearPath is TANDBERG's solution to minimize the negative effects of packet loss in a non-optimal network.
Must be enabled from the API or GUI. See the: Experimental Conference PacketLossResilience configuration.

Audio enhancements
Equalizer
Supported systems: C40, C60, C90. Audio equalizer, available in the API and the TANDBERG Audio Console. Can be turned on and off from the GUI, but the equalizer values must be set using the API.

Audio and video source association
Supported systems: C40, C60, C90. When set to on, you have the ability to associate an audio input to a video input, meaning the audio input will only be active when that video source is active.

Integrator benefits
- For Integrators, GPIO is available on the C90 and C60
- Improved Audio Console features. The Audio console application is available from the TANDBERG Developer Zone web site. Go to: ► http://developer.tandberg.com
- The new Factory Reset command will reset all configurations and passwords, all logs will be deleted, all uploaded files (wallpapers etc) will be deleted. The option keys and release keys will not be deleted.
- New and changed API commands. See the API guides for the Codecs C Series. Go to: ► http://www.tandberg.com/docs

Codec C40
The new Codec C40 has the same design and technology principles as the Codec C90 and C60
- Clearest, smoothest video up to 1080p
- Full duplex audio with high quality stereo sound
- Support all wide resolution formats
- Individual Transcoding MultiSite

Camera
With the TC3.0.0 release, the PrecisionHD 1080p camera will automatically be upgraded to camera software release ID40056. Included in this release is:
- Ability to set DHCP to on over Visca.
- Added visca commands for changing integration time manually between 50 and 60Hz. To be used if the camera is not able to detect the power frequency.
System overview
See the installation sheet for the TANDBERG Profile 42" for instructions on how to install the system.

Codec C60
- Full HD video.
- High resolution data sharing.
- Full HD Multisite.
- Rich I/O capabilities.

PrecisionHD 1080p camera
Full HD Camera designed for visual communication with:
- 12 x optical zoom.
- Fast and precise pan, tilt and zoom.

Monitor
42" Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080 x 1920 resolution.

Audio module
Wide band audio module supporting:
- 20 kHz AAC-LD.
- Full echo canceling.
- Stereo.

Audio amplifier
Optimized DNAM for TANDBERG Profile providing crystal clear and natural audio.

Microphones
3 x Microphones.

Remote control
TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5, with AAA batteries.

Foot stand
Standalone, wheelbase or wall mounting foot stand.
System overview, continued...

See the installation sheet for the TANDBERG Profile 52” for instructions on how to install the system.

Codec C60
- Full HD video.
- High resolution data sharing.
- Full HD Multisite.
- Rich I/O capabilities.

PrecisionHD 1080p camera
Full HD Camera designed for visual communication with:
- 12 x optical zoom.
- Fast and precise pan, tilt and zoom.

Monitor
52” Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080 x 1920 resolution.

Audio module
Wide band audio module supporting:
- 20 kHz AAC-LD.
- Full echo canceling.
- Stereo.

Audio amplifier
Optimized DNAM for TANDBERG Profile providing crystal clear and natural audio.

Microphones
3 x Microphones.

Remote control
TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5, with AAA batteries.

Foot stand
Standalone, wheelbase or wall mounting foot stand.
System overview, continued...
See the installation sheet for the TANDBERG Profile 52” for instructions on how to install the system.

Codec C60
- Full HD video.
- High resolution data sharing.
- Full HD Multisite.
- Rich I/O capabilities.

PrecisionHD 1080p camera
Full HD Camera designed for visual communication with:
- 12 x optical zoom.
- Fast and precise pan, tilt and zoom.

Dual monitor
Dual 52” Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080 x 1920 resolution.

Audio module
Wide band audio module supporting:
- 20 kHz AAC-LD.
- Full echo canceling.
- Stereo.

Audio amplifier
Optimized DNAM for TANDBERG Profile providing crystal clear and natural audio.

Microphones
4 x Microphones.

Remote control
1 x TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5, with AAA batteries.

Foot stand
Standalone or wall mounting foot stand.
System overview, continued...

See the TANDBERG Profile 65" Installation Sheet for instructions of how to assemble the system.

Codec C60
- Full HD video.
- High resolution data sharing.
- Full HD Multisite.
- Rich I/O capabilities.

PrecisionHD 1080p camera
Full HD Camera designed for Visual communication with:
- 12 x optical zoom.
- Fast and precise pan, tilt and zoom.

Monitor 65"
65" Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080 x 1920 resolution.

Audio module
Wide band audio module supporting:
- 20 kHz AAC-LD.
- Full echo canceling.
- Stereo.

Audio amplifier
Optimized DNAM for TANDBERG Profile 65" providing crystal clear and natural audio.

Microphones
3 x Microphones.

Remote control
TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5, with AAA batteries.

Foot stand
Standalone or wall mounting foot stand.
System overview, continued...

TANDBERG Codec C60 at a glance

The TANDBERG Codec C60 is the 1080p HD video collaboration engine. Based upon the same technology as the Codec C90, the C60 delivers Full HD video, HD collaboration and superior audio for natural communication at its finest, delivering unrivaled value.

The C60 is a next generation, standards-compliant codec for integration into team meeting rooms, boardrooms and industry projects.

- Full High Definition Video with up to 4 HD sources, and collaboration with optimal definition for the best video quality every time, regardless of environment.
- Highest Quality Audio with flexibility to add up to 4 microphones directly from the codec, and superior, full duplex audio with high quality stereo sound.
- Full APIs.
- Ensure successful, streamlined integration projects with standards-compliant professional connectors.
- The Codec C60 ties easily into the TANDBERG Total Solution for full management, firewall traversal and advanced services.

Codec C60 is the engine behind the next generation Profile.

Integrator package

The integrator package of the TANDBERG Codec C60 comes with the TANDBERG Precision HD 1080p camera, microphone and cables.
System overview, continued...

TANDBERG Codec C40 at a glance
The TANDBERG Codec C40 provides all the power required to transform any conference room to a HD video collaboration room. Designed for any standard HD integration project, the Codec C40 is the ideal solution for everyday video conferencing and collaboration solution. 1080p HD video, and Multisite™ features combine to make the Codec C40 ideal for a variety of applications.

- Full High Definition Video with up to 2 HD sources, and collaboration with optimal definition for the best video quality every time, regardless of environment.
- Highest Quality Audio with flexibility to add up to 2 microphones directly from the codec, and superior, full duplex audio with high quality stereo sound.
- Full APIs.
- Ensure successful, streamlined integration projects with standards-compliant professional connectors.
- The Codec C40 ties easily into the TANDBERG Total Solution for full management, firewall traversal and advanced services.

Integrator package
The integrator package of the TANDBERG Codec C40 comes with the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera, microphone and cables.
Chapter 2

Advanced configuration settings
### Description of the advanced configuration settings

In the following pages you will find a complete list of the system settings which are configured from the Advanced configuration menu. Open the Home menu on screen and go to: Settings > Advanced > Advanced configuration. The examples show either the default value or an example of a value.

#### Audio Input HDMI [2] Level

Defines the input level of HDMI input 2 in steps of 1dB from -24dB to 0dB. See the Audio Level tables in the physical interfaces guide for the codec for a complete overview of the menu values represented in dB.

- **Valuespace:** <-24..0>
- **Range:** -24 to 0 dB
- **Example:** Audio Input HDMI 3 Level: 0


Determines whether or not the two audio channels on the HDMI 2 input should be enabled.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** Set to On to enable the audio channels on the HDMI 2 input.
  - **Off:** Set to Off to disable the audio channels on the HDMI 2 input.
- **Example:** Audio Input HDMI 2 Mode: On

#### Audio Input HDMI [2] VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo

Enable association of a video source to a HDMI audio input.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** A video source is associated, and the audio will be muted if the associated video source is not displayed.
  - **Off:** No video source is associated.
- **Example:** Audio Input HDMI 2 VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo: Off

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Equalizer ID

Select equalizer ID [1...8].

- **Valuespace:** <1..8>
- **Range:** Select Equalizer ID 1 to 8.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 Equalizer ID: 1

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Equalizer Mode

Determines whether or not the selected equalizer is enabled.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** Use the selected equalizer
  - **Off:** No equalizer
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 Equalizer Mode: Off

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo

Enable association of a video source to a Line audio input.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** A video source is associated, and the audio will be muted if the associated video source is not displayed.
  - **Off:** No video source is associated.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo: Off

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] VideoAssociation VideoInputSource

Select the associated video input source.

- **Valuespace:** <1/2/3>
- **Range:** Select one of the three video input sources for the Line input.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 VideoAssociation VideoInputSource: 1

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Channel

Defines whether the Audio Line input is a mono signal or part of a multichannel signal.

- **Valuespace:** <Left/Right/Mono>
  - **Left:** The Audio Line input signal is the left channel of a stereo signal.
  - **Right:** The Audio Line input signal is the right channel of a stereo signal.
  - **Mono:** The Audio Line input signal is a mono signal.
- **Example:** Audio Input 1 Channel: Left

---

The Audio settings, cont...

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Equalizer ID

Select equalizer ID [1...8].

- **Valuespace:** <1..8>
- **Range:** Select Equalizer ID 1 to 8.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 Equalizer ID: 1

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Equalizer Mode

Determines whether or not the selected equalizer is enabled.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** Use the selected equalizer
  - **Off:** No equalizer
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 Equalizer Mode: Off

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo

Enable association of a video source to a Line audio input.

- **Valuespace:** <On/Off>
  - **On:** A video source is associated, and the audio will be muted if the associated video source is not displayed.
  - **Off:** No video source is associated.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo: Off

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] VideoAssociation VideoInputSource

Select the associated video input source.

- **Valuespace:** <1/2/3>
- **Range:** Select one of the three video input sources for the Line input.
- **Example:** Audio Input Line 1 VideoAssociation VideoInputSource: 1

#### Audio Input Line [1..2] Channel

Defines whether the Audio Line input is a mono signal or part of a multichannel signal.

- **Valuespace:** <Left/Right/Mono>
  - **Left:** The Audio Line input signal is the left channel of a stereo signal.
  - **Right:** The Audio Line input signal is the right channel of a stereo signal.
  - **Mono:** The Audio Line input signal is a mono signal.
- **Example:** Audio Input 1 Channel: Left
The Audio settings, cont...

**Audio Input Line [1..2] Level**
Defines the input level of the selected Line input connector in steps of 1dB from 0dB to 24dB.
See the Audio Level tables in the physical interfaces guide for the codec for a complete overview of the values represented in dB.

Valuespace: 0..24
Range: 0 to 24 dB
Example: Audio Input Line 1 Level: 10

**Audio Input Line [1..2] Loop Suppression**
Loop suppression detects whether a delayed signal loop is present from an audio Line output to an audio Line input on the codec. If a loop is detected, this unwanted feedback is suppressed.

Valuespace: Off
On: Set to On to activate Loop Suppression.
Off: Set to Off to deactivate Loop Suppression. NOTE: Codec C60/C40 does currently not support Loop Suppression, hence Loop Suppression can be set to Off only.
Example: Audio Input Line 1 Loop Suppression: Off

**Audio Input Line [1..2] Mode**
Determines whether or not the selected Audio Line input connector is enabled.

Valuespace: On/Off
On: Set to On to enable the Audio Line input.
Off: Set to Off to disable the Audio Line input.
Example: Audio Input Line 1 Mode: On

**Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Equalizer ID**
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Select equalizer ID[1..8]
Valuespace: 1..8
Range: Select Equalizer ID 1 to 8.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Equalizer ID: 1

**Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Equalizer Mode**
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Determines whether or not the selected equalizer is enabled.

Valuespace: On/Off
On: Use the selected equalizer
Off: No equalizer
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Equalizer Mode: Off

**Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Echo Control Noise Reduction**
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
The system has a built-in noise reduction which reduces constant background noise (e.g. noise from air-conditioning systems, cooling fans etc.). In addition, a high pass filter (Hum filter) reduces very low frequency noise. Requires the Echo Control Mode to be enabled for the selected microphone.

Valuespace: On/Off
On: The Noise Reduction should be set to On in the presence of low frequency noise.
Off: Turns Noise Reduction Off for the selected microphone connector.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Echo Control Noise Reduction: Off

**Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Video Association Mute On Inactive Video**
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Enable association of a video source to a microphone connector.

Valuespace: On/Off
On: A video source is associated, and the audio will be muted if the associated video source is not displayed.
Off: No video source is associated.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Video Association Mute On Inactive Video: Off
The Audio settings, cont...

Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] VideoAssociation VideoInputSource
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Select the associated video input source.
Valuespace: <1/2/3>

Range: Select one of the five video input sources for the microphone connector.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 VideoAssociation VideoInputSource: 1

Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Level
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Defines the input level of the selected microphone connector in steps of 1dB from -24dB to 0dB.
Valuespace: <0..24>

Range: 0 to 24dB
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Level: 14

Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Mode
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
Determines whether or not the selected microphone connector is enabled.
Valuespace: <On/Off>

On: Set to On to enable the microphone connector.
Off: Set to Off to disable the microphone connector.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Mode: On

Audio Input Microphone [1..2]/[1..4] Type
NOTE: Codec C40 has two microphone connectors. Codec C60 has four microphone connectors.
The microphone connectors are intended for electret type microphones. The selected microphone
connector can be set to line or microphone mode.
Valuespace: <Microphone/Line>

Microphone: 48 V Phantom voltage and pre-amplification is On
Line: Select Line when you have a standard balanced line input. The phantom voltage and pre-
amplification is Off.
Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Type: Line

Audio Output HDMI [1..1] Level
Defines the output level of HDMI output 1 in steps of 1dB from -24dB to 0dB.
Valuespace: <-24..0>

Range: -24 to 0dB
Example: Audio Output HDMI 1 Level: 0

Audio Output HDMI [1..1] Mode
Determines whether or not the audio channel on the HDMI output should be enabled.
Valuespace: <On/Off>

On: Set to On to enable the audio channel on the HDMI 1 or HDMI 3 output.
Off: Set to On to disable the audio channel on the HDMI 1 or HDMI 3 output.
Example: Audio Output HDMI 1 mode: On

Audio Output Line [1..2] Equalizer ID
Select equalizer ID[1...8]
Valuespace: <1..8>

Range: Select Equalizer ID 1 to 8.
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Equalizer ID: 1

Audio Output Line [1..2] Equalizer Mode
Determines whether or not the selected equalizer is enabled.
Valuespace: <On/Off>

On: Use the selected equalizer
Off: No equalizer
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Equalizer Mode: Off

Audio Output Line [1..2] Channel
Defines whether the Audio Line output is a mono signal or part of a multichannel signal.
Valuespace: <Left/Right/Mono>

Left: The Audio Line output signal is the left channel of a stereo signal.
Right: The Audio Line output signal is the right channel of a stereo signal.
Mono: The Audio Line output signal is a mono signal.
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Channel: Left
The Audio settings, cont...

Audio Output Line [1..2] Level
Defines the output level of the selected Audio Output Line connector in steps of 1dB from -24dB to 0dB.
Valuespace: <-24..0>
Range: -24 to 0dB
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Level: -10

Audio Output Line [1..2] Mode
Determines whether or not the selected Audio Line output connector is enabled.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
On: Set to On to enable the Audio Line output.
Off: Set to Off to disable the Audio Line output.
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Mode: On

Audio Output Line [1] Type
Determines if the Audio Line output is an analog or digital type output.
Valuespace: <Auto/ SPDIF>
Auto: If a TANDBERG Digital NAM is detected then SPDIF mode will be selected, otherwise analog mode will be selected.
SPDIF: Set to SPDIF when you want the Audio Line 1 output to be in digital mode.
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Type: Auto

Audio Output Line [2] Type
Applies to Line 2: This is an analog output.
Valuespace: <Analog>
Can be set to analog only.
Example: Audio Output Line 1 Type: Analog

Audio SoundsAndAlerts KeyTones Mode
The system can produce a sound every time a key on the remote control is pressed.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
On: There will be a sound indicator when pressing keys on the remote control.
Off: The key tone on the remote control is switched off.
Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts KeyTones Mode: Off

Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone
Selects the ringtone for incoming calls.
Valuespace: <Marbles/IceCrystals/Polaris/Alert/Discrete/Fantasy/Jazz/Nordic/Echo/Rhythmic>
Range: Select a tone from the list of ringtones.
Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone: Jazz

Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume
Sets the ring tone volume [0-100] for an incoming call in steps of 0.5dB from -34.5dB to 15dB.
Valuespace: <0..100>
Range: Select a value from 0 to 100. Volume 0 = Off.
Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume: 50

Audio Volume
Sets the volume level [0-100] on the loudspeaker output in steps of 0.5dB from -34.5dB to 15dB.
Valuespace: <0..100>
Range: Select a value from 0 to 100. Volume 0 = Off.
Example: Audio Volume: 70
Cameras PowerLine Frequency
Applies to cameras supporting PowerLine frequency anti-flickering, i.e. PrecisionHD 1080p cameras.

Valuespace: <Auto/50Hz/60Hz>
- Auto: Set to Auto to enable power frequency auto detection in the camera.
- 50Hz: Set to 50Hz.
- 60Hz: Set to 60Hz.

Example: Cameras PowerLine Frequency: Auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Backlight
Backlight is used to compensate for lights shining directly at the camera (usually the sun entering the window) to avoid a too dark image from the room.

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to turn on the backlight compensation.
- Off: Set to Off to turn the backlight compensation off.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Backlight: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] Brightness Level
Define the Brightness Level for the selected camera. Requires the Brightness Mode to be set to Manual.

Valuespace: <1..31>
- Range: Select a value from 1 to 31.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Brightness Level: 1

Cameras Camera [1..7] Brightness Mode
Define whether to control the selected camera brightness manually or to have it automatically adjusted by the system.

Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
- Auto: When set to Auto, the camera brightness is automatically set by the system.
- Manual: Set to Manual to enable manual control of the camera brightness, e.g. the level of the brightness level setting will be used for the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Brightness Mode: Auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Flip
With Flip mode (vertical flip) you can flip the image upside down.

Valuespace: <Auto/On/Off>
- Auto: When the camera is placed upside down the image is automatically flipped upside down. Use this setting with cameras that can be mounted upside down, and that can auto detect that the camera is mounted upside down.
- On: When set to On the video on screen is flipped. This setting is used with cameras that can be mounted upside down, but cannot auto detect that the camera is mounted upside down.
- Off: Set to Off to display the video on screen the normal way.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Flip: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] Focus Mode
Determines whether the selected camera should be in auto focus or manual focus mode.

Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
- Auto: When set to Auto the focus will be updated throughout the call. When moving the camera, the system will use auto focus for a few seconds to set the right focus of the new camera position. After a few seconds auto focus is turned off to prevent continuous focus adjustments of the camera.
- Manual: If set to Manual the focus is adjusted manually.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Focus Mode: Auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Gamma Level
By setting the Gamma Level you can select which gamma correction table to use. This setting may be useful in difficult lighting conditions, where changes to the brightness setting does not provide satisfactory results. Requires the Gamma Mode to be set to Manual.

Valuespace: <0..7>
- Range: Select a value from 0 to 7.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Gamma Level: 0

Cameras Camera [1..7] Gamma Mode
Applies to cameras which supports Gamma mode. The Gamma Mode setting enables for gamma corrections. Gamma describes the nonlinear relationship between image pixels and monitor brightness. The TANDBERG PrecisionHD 720p camera supports Gamma Mode. Not supported by TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera.

Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
- Auto: Auto is the default and the recommended setting.
- Manual: In severe light conditions, you may switch mode to manual and specify explicitly which gamma table to use by setting the Gamma Level.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Gamma Mode: Auto
The Camera settings, cont...

Cameras Camera [1..7] IrSensor
The Camera IR setting determines whether the infrared receiver at the camera should be enabled or not. The IR sensor LED is located in the front of the camera and flickers when the IR sensor is activated from the remote control.

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to enable the IR sensor on the camera.
- Off: Set to Off to disable the IR sensor on the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 IrSensor: On

Cameras Camera [1..7] Mirror
With Mirror mode (horizontal flip) you can mirror the image on screen.

Valuespace: <Auto/On/Off>
- Auto: When the camera is placed upside down the image is automatically mirrored. Use this setting with cameras that can be mounted upside down, and that can auto detect that the camera is mounted upside down.
- On: Set to On to see the selfview in mirror mode, e.g. the selfview is reversed and the experience of selfview is as seeing yourself in a mirror.
- Off: Set to Off to see the selfview in normal mode, e.g. the experience of selfview is as seeing yourself as other people see you.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Mirror: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] Whitebalance Level
Specify which camera to control. Define the Whitebalance Level for the selected camera. Requires the Whitebalance Mode to be set to manual.

Valuespace: <1..16>
- Range: Select a value from 1 to 16.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Whitebalance Level: 1

Cameras Camera [1..7] Whitebalance Mode
Define whether to control the selected camera whitebalance manually or to have it automatically adjusted by the system.

Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
- Auto: When set to Auto, the camera will continuously adjust the whitebalance depending on the camera view.
- Manual: Set to Manual to enable manual control of the camera whitebalance, e.g. the level of the whitebalance level setting will be used for the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Whitebalance Mode: auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] DHCP
Applies to cameras which supports DHCP, i.e the PrecisionHD 1080p cameras. The camera must be connected to a LAN. When set, the command enables support for SW upgrade of daisy chained cameras. It will enable the camera’s DHCP function and force start of MAC and IP address retrieval. Remember to reset the DHCP when the camera is no longer connected to a LAN.

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to enable DHCP in the camera. The camera is automatically re-booted. After re-boot the DHCP is started and the IP address will be retrieved. Run the command “xStatus Camera” for result.
- Off: Set to Off will disable DHCP in the camera. NOTE: When camera is not connected to a LAN, this setting should be applied.
The Conference settings

**Conference [1..1] AutoAnswer Delay**
Defines how long (in seconds) an incoming call has to wait before it is answered automatically by the system. Requires the Autoanswer Mode to be enabled.
- Valuespace: `<0..50>
- Range: 0-50 seconds
- Example: Conference 1 AutoAnswer Delay: 0

**Conference [1..1] AutoAnswer Mode**
The Autoanswer setting determines whether an incoming call is put through automatically or manually.
- Valuespace: `<On/Off`
  - On: The system will automatically answer all incoming calls.
  - Off: All incoming call must be answered manually by pressing the OK key or the green Call key on the remote control.
- Example: Conference 1 AutoAnswer Mode: Off

**Conference [1..1] AutoAnswer Mute**
The Autoanswer Mute setting determines whether the microphone is muted when an incoming call is automatically answered.
- Valuespace: `<On/Off`
  - On: The incoming call will be muted when automatically answered.
  - Off: The incoming call will not be muted.
- Example: Conference 1 AutoAnswer Mute: Off

**Conference [1..1] MicUnmuterOnDisconnect**
The MicUnmuteOnDisconnect setting determines if the microphones should be automatically unmuted when all calls are disconnected. In a meeting room or other shared resource this could be done to prepare the system for the next user.
- Valuespace: `<On/Off>`
  - On: Microphones will be unmuted when all calls are disconnected
  - Off: Microphones will not be unmuted when all calls are disconnected
- Example: Conference 1 MicUnmuteOnDisconnect: On

**Conference [1..1] DoNotDisturb Mode**
The Do Not Disturb setting determines whether or not there should be an alert on incoming calls.
- Valuespace: `<On/Off>`
  - On: Set to On when you want no alert to incoming calls. The calling side will receive a busy signal when trying to call the codec.
  - Off: This is the default setting. The DoNotDisturb is automatically turned Off if the codec receives any IR signal from the handheld remote control.
- Example: DoNotDisturb Mode: Off

**Conference [1..1] IncomingMultisiteCall Mode**
The Incoming Multisite Call setting determines whether or not the system should accept incoming calls to an already active conference.
- Valuespace: `<Allow/Deny>`
  - Allow: When set to Allow, and with an ongoing MCU call/conference, the user can accept another incoming call. This will result in the incoming call being added to the MCU conference.
  - Deny: The system will not accept incoming calls when you are in a call. The calling side will receive a busy signal.
- Example: Conference 1 IncomingMultisiteCall Mode: Allow

**Conference [1..1] FarEndControl Mode**
Lets you decide if the remote side (far end) should be allowed to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom).
- Valuespace: `<On/Off>`
  - On: Set to On when you want the far end to be able to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom). You will still be able to control your camera and select your video sources as normal.
  - Off: When set to Off the far end can not access any of the features above on your system.
- Example: Conference 1 FarEndControl Mode: On
Conference [1..1] Encryption Mode
In Point to point calls (BestEffort mode): If the far end system supports encryption (AES-128), the call will be encrypted. If not, the call will proceed without encryption.
In MultiSite calls (BestEffort mode): In order to have encrypted MultiSite conferences, all sites must support encryption. If not, the conference will be unencrypted.
Icons on screen: A padlock with the text “Encryption On” displays on screen, for a few seconds, when the conference starts.
Valuespace: <Off/On/BestEffort>

BestEffort: The system will use encryption whenever possible.
On: The system will only allow calls that are encrypted.
Off: The system will not use encryption.

Example: Conference 1 Encryption Mode: BestEffort

Conference [1..1] DefaultCall Protocol
Specify the Default Call Protocol to be used when placing calls from the system. The call protocol can also be defined directly for each call when setting up a call.

Valuespace: <H323/SIP>

H.323: Select H.323 to ensure that calls are set up as a H.323 calls.
SIP: Select SIP to ensure that calls are set up as a SIP calls.

Example: Conference 1 DefaultCall Protocol: H323

Conference [1..1] DefaultCall Rate
Specify the Default Call Rate to be used when placing calls from the system. The call rate can also be defined directly for each call when setting up a call.

Valuespace: <64..6000>

Range: 64-6000kbps

Example: Conference 1 DefaultCall Rate: 768

Conference [1..1] VideoBandwidth Mode
In “Dynamic” mode the available transmit bandwidth for the video channels is distributed among the currently active channels. This means that the main video channels will use the bandwidth of the presentation channel, if there is no active presentation. In “Static” mode the bandwidth is assigned to each video channel even if it is not active.

Valuespace: <Dynamic/Static>

Dynamic: The available transmit bandwidth for the video channels are distributed among the currently active channels.
Static: The available transmit bandwidth is assigned to each video channel, even if it is not active.

Example: Conference 1 VideoBandwidth Mode: Dynamic
### The GPIO settings

**GPIO Pin [1..4] Mode**

NOTE: This command is not supported on Codec C40.

The four GPIO pins can be configured individually. The state can be retrieved by "xStatus GPIO Pin [1..4] State". The default pin state is High (+12V). When activated as output, they are set to 0V. To activate them as input, they must be pulled down to 0V.

Valuespace: `<InputNoAction/OutputManualState/OutputInCall/OutputMicrophonesMuted/OutputPresentationOn/OutputAllCallsEncrypted/InputMuteMicrophones>`

- **InputNoAction**: The pin state can be set, but no operation is performed.
- **OutputManualState**: The pin state can be set by "xCommand GPIO ManualState Set PinX: <High/Low>" (to +12V or 0V, respectively).
- **OutputInCall**: The pin is activated when in call, deactivated when not in call.
- **OutputMicrophonesMuted**: The pin is activated when microphones are muted, deactivated when not muted.
- **OutputPresentationOn**: The pin is activated when presentation is active, deactivated when presentation is not active.
- **OutputAllCallsEncrypted**: The pin is activated when all calls are encrypted, deactivated when one or more calls are not encrypted.
- **InputMuteMicrophones**: When the pin is activated (0V), the microphones will be muted. When deactivated (+ 12V), the microphones are unmuted.

Example: GPIO Pin 1 Mode: InputNoAction

### The H323 settings

**H323 Profile [1..1] Authentication LoginName**

The system sends the Authentication Login Name and the Authentication Password to a H.323 Gatekeeper for authentication. The authentication is a one way authentication from the codec to the H.323 Gatekeeper, i.e. the system is authenticated to the gatekeeper. If the H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that no authentication is required, the system will still try to register. Requires the H.323 Gatekeeper Authentication Mode to be enabled.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 50>`

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Authentication LoginName: ""
H323 Profile [1..1] CallSetup Mode
The H.323 Call Setup Mode defines whether to use a Gatekeeper or Direct calling when establishing H323 calls.
NOTE! Direct H.323 calls can be made even though the H.323 Call Setup Mode is set to Gatekeeper.
Valuespace: <Direct/Gatekeeper>
Direct: An IP-address must be used when dialling in order to make the H323 call.
Gatekeeper: The system will use a Gatekeeper to make a H.323 call. When selecting this option the H323 Profile Gatekeeper Address and H323 Profile Gatekeeper Discovery settings must also be configured.
Example: H323 Profile 1 CallSetup Mode: Gatekeeper

H323 Profile [1..1] Gatekeeper Address
Specifies the IP address of the Gatekeeper. Requires the H.323 Call Setup Mode to be set to Gatekeeper and the Gatekeeper Discovery to be set to Manual.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 255>
Format: String with a maximum of 255 characters.
Example: H323 Profile 1 Gatekeeper Address: "10.47.1.58"

H323 Profile [1..1] Gatekeeper Discovery
Determines how the system shall register to a H.323 Gatekeeper.
Valuespace: <Manual/Auto>
Manual: The system will use a specific Gatekeeper identified by the Gatekeeper’s IP-address.
Auto: The system will automatically try to register to any available Gatekeeper. If a Gatekeeper responds to the request sent from the codec within 30 seconds this specific Gatekeeper will be used. This requires that the Gatekeeper is in auto discovery mode as well. If no Gatekeeper responds, the system will not use a Gatekeeper for making H.323 calls and hence an IP-address must be specified manually.
Example: H323 Profile 1 Gatekeeper Discovery: Manual

H323 Profile [1..1] H323Alias E164
The H.323 Alias E.164 defines the address of the system, according to the numbering plan implemented in the H.323 Gatekeeper. The E.164 alias is equivalent to a telephone number, sometimes combined with access codes.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 30>
Format: Compact string with a maximum of 30 characters. Valid characters are 0–9, * and #.
Example: H323 Profile 1 H323Alias E164: "90550092"
The Network settings

Network [1..1] Assignment
Defines whether to use DHCP or Static IP assignment.
Changes to this setting requires a restart of the codec.
Valuespace: <Static/DHCP>
  Static: The IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway for the system must be specified in the respective address fields.
  DHCP: The system addresses are automatically assigned by the DHCP server.
Example: Network 1 Assignment: DHCP

Network [1..1] DNS Domain Name
DNS Domain Name is the default domain name suffix which is added to unqualified names.
Example: If the DNS Domain Name is "company.com" and the name to lookup is "MyVideoSystem", this will result in the DNS lookup "MyVideoSystem.company.com".
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 DNS Domain Name: "company.com"

Network [1..1] DNS Server [1..5] Address
Defines the network addresses for DNS servers. Up to 5 addresses may be specified. If the network addresses are unknown, contact your administrator or Internet Service Provider.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 DNS Server 1 Address: ""

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X AnonymousIdentity
The 802.1X Anonymous ID string is to be used as unencrypted identity with EAP types that support different tunneled identity, like EAP-PEAP and EAP-TTLS. If set, the anonymous ID will be used for the initial (unencrypted) EAP Identity Request.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X AnonymousIdentity: ""

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Eap Md5
Message-Digest algorithm 5. Is a Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol that relies on a shared secret. MD5 is a Weak security. EAP - Extensible Authentication Protocol. MD5 - Message Digest Algorithm 5.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
  On: The EAP-MD5 protocol is enabled. Default mode is On.
  Off: The EAP-MD5 protocol is disabled.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Eap Md5: On

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Eap Peap
Valuespace: <On/Off>
  On: The EAP-PEAP protocol is enabled. Default mode is On.
  Off: The EAP-PEAP protocol is disabled.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Eap Peap: On

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Eap TTLS
Valuespace: <On/Off>
  On: The EAP-TTLS protocol is enabled. Default mode is On.
  Off: The EAP-TTLS protocol is disabled.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Eap TTLS: On

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Identity
The 802.1X Identity is the user name needed for 802.1X authentication.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Identity: ""
Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Mode
The system may be connected to an IEEE 802.1X LAN network with a port-based network access control that is used to provide authenticated network access for Ethernet networks.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
  - On: The 802.1X authentication is enabled.
  - Off: The 802.1X authentication is disabled. Default mode is Off.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Mode: Off

Network [1..1] IEEE8021X Password
The 802.1X Password is the password needed for 802.1X authentication.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 32>
  - Format: String with a maximum of 32 characters.
Example: Network 1 IEEE8021X Password: "****"

Network [1..1] IPv4 Address
Defines the Static IP address for the system. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  - Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 Address: "10.47.5.100"

Network [1..1] IPv4 Gateway
Defines the IP default gateway. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  - Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 Gateway: "10.47.5.100"

Network [1..1] IPv4 SubnetMask
Defines the IP subnet mask. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
  - Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 SubnetMask: "255.255.255.0"

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Mode
Defines whether IP Diffserv QoS should be used. The QoS (Quality of Service) is a method which handles the priority of audio, video and data in the network. The QoS settings must be supported by the infrastructure. DiffServ (Differentiated Services) is a computer networking architecture that specifies a simple, scalable and coarse-grained mechanism for classifying, managing network traffic and providing QoS priorities on modern IP networks.
Valuespace: <Off/Diffserv>
  - Off: When set to Off no QoS method is used.
  - Diffserv: Select Diffserv and then go to the Diffserv sub-menus (Audio, Data, Signalling and Video) to configure these settings.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Mode: diffserv

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Audio
The DiffServ Audio setting is used to define which priority Audio packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.
Valuespace: <0..63>
  - Audio: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) is AF41, which equals the value 34. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Audio: 0

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Data
The DiffServ Data setting is used to define which priority Data packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.
Valuespace: <0..63>
  - Data: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF23, which equals the value 22. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.
Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Data: 0
Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Signalling

The DiffServ Signalling setting is used to define which priority Signalling packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Valuespace: <0..63>

- Signalling: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF31 which equals the value 26. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Signalling: 0

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Video

The DiffServ Video setting is used to define which priority Video packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Valuespace: <0..63>

- Video: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF41, which equals the value 34. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Video: 0

Network [1..1] MTU

Set the ethernet MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit).

Valuespace: <400..1500>

- Range: Select a value from 400 to 1500.

Example: Network 1 MTU: 1500

Network [1..1] Speed

Set the ethernet link speed.

Valuespace: <Auto/10half/10full/100half/100full/1000full>

- Auto: Autonegotiate link speed.
- 10half: Force link to 10Mbps half-duplex.
- 10full: Force link to 10Mbps full-duplex.
- 100half: Force link to 100Mbps half-duplex.
- 100full: Force link to 100Mbps full-duplex.
- 1000full: Force link to 1Gbps full-duplex.

Example: Network 1 Speed: Auto
The NetworkServices settings

NetworkServices H323 Mode
Determines whether the system should be able to place and receive H.323 calls.
NOTE! Changes in this setting requires the codec to be restarted.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to enable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls. This is the default setting.
- Off: Set to Off to disable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls.
Example: NetworkServices H323 Mode: On

NetworkServices HTTP Mode
HTTP is a web-interface for system management, call management such as call transfer, diagnostics and software uploads.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: The HTTP protocol is enabled.
- Off: The HTTP protocol is disabled.
Example: NetworkServices HTTP Mode: On

NetworkServices HTTPS Mode
HTTPS is a Web protocol that encrypts and decrypts user page requests as well as the pages that are returned by the Web server.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: The HTTPS protocol is enabled.
- Off: The HTTPS protocol is disabled.
Example: NetworkServices HTTPS Mode: On

NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate
When the system connects to an external HTTPS server (like a phonebook server or an external manager), this server will present a certificate to the system to identify itself. This setting tells the system if it should verify that the certificate is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA). This requires that list of trusted CA's is uploaded to the system in advance.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Verify server certificates.
- Off: Do not verify server certificates.
Example: NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate: Off

NetworkServices NTP Address
Enter the NTP Address to define the network time protocol server address. This address will be used if NTP Mode is set to Manual, or if set to Auto and no address is supplied by a DHCP server.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
- Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: NetworkServices NTP Address: "1.tandberg.pool.ntp.org"

NetworkServices NTP Mode
The Network Time Protocol (NTP) is used to synchronize the time of the system to a reference time server. The time server will subsequently be queried every 24th hour for time updates. The time will be displayed on the top of the screen. The system will use the time to timestamp messages transmitted to Gatekeepers or Border Controllers requiring H.235 authentication. The system will use the time to timestamp messages transmitted to Gatekeepers or Border Controllers that requires H.235 authentication. It is also used for timestamping Placed Calls, Missed Calls and Received Calls.
Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
- Auto: The system will use the NTP server, by which address is supplied from the DHCP server in the network. If no DHCP server is used, or the DHCP server does not provide the system with a NTP server address, the system will use the static defined NTP server address specified by the user.
- Manual: The system will always use the static defined NTP server address specified by the user.
Example: NetworkServices NTP Mode: Manual

NetworkServices SIP Mode
Determines whether the system should be able to place and receive SIP calls.
NOTE! Changes in this setting requires the codec to be restarted.
Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to enable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls. This is the default setting.
- Off: Set to Off to disable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls.
Example: NetworkServices SIP Mode: On

NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName
Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP Community. SNMP Community names are used to authenticate SNMP requests. SNMP requests must have a "password" (case sensitive) in order to receive a response from the SNMP Agent in the codec. The default password is "public". If you have the TANDBERG Management Suite (TMS) you must make sure the same SNMP Community is configured there too. Note! The SNMP Community password is case sensitive.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 50>
- Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.
Example: NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName: "public"
The NetworkServices settings, cont...

**NetworkServices SNMP Host [1..3] Address**
Enter the address of up to three SNMP Managers. All traps will then be sent to the hosts listed.
The system's SNMP Agent (in the codec) responds to requests from SNMP Managers (a PC program etc.). SNMP Traps are generated by the SNMP Agent to inform the SNMP Manager about important events. Can be used to send event created messages to the SNMP agent about different events like: system reboot, system dialing, system disconnecting, MCU call, packet loss etc. Traps can be sent to multiple SNMP Trap Hosts.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 64>`

*Format:* String with a maximum of 64 characters.

*Example:* NetworkServices SNMP Host 1 Address: ""

**NetworkServices SNMP Mode**
SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is used in network management systems to monitor network-attached devices (routers, servers, switches, projectors, etc) for conditions that warrant administrative attention. SNMP exposes management data in the form of variables on the managed systems, which describe the system configuration. These variables can then be queried (set to ReadOnly) and sometimes set (set to ReadWrite) by managing applications.

Valuespace: `<Off/ReadOnly/ReadWrite>`

- **Off:** Set to Off when you want to disable the SNMP network service.
- **ReadOnly:** Set to ReadOnly when you want to enable the SNMP network service for queries only.
- **ReadWrite:** Set to ReadWrite when you want to enable the SNMP network service for both queries and commands.

*Example:* NetworkServices SNMP Mode: ReadWrite

**NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact**
Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP System Contact.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 50>`

*Format:* String with a maximum of 50 characters.

*Example:* NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact: ""

**NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation**
Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP System Location.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 50>`

*Format:* String with a maximum of 50 characters.

*Example:* NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation: ""

**NetworkServices Telnet Mode**
Telnet is a network protocol used on the Internet or local area network (LAN) connections.

Valuespace: `<On/Off>`

- **On:** The Telnet protocol is enabled.
- **Off:** The Telnet protocol is disabled. This is the default factory setting.

*Example:* NetworkServices Telnet Mode: Off

The Phonebook settings

**Phonebook Server [1..5] ID**
Enter a name for the external phonebook.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 64>`

*Format:* String with a maximum of 64 characters.

*Example:* Phonebook Server 1 ID: ""

**Phonebook Server [1..5] URL**
Enter the address (URL) to the external phonebook server.

Valuespace: `<S: 0, 255>`

*Format:* String with a maximum of 255 characters.

The Provisioning settings

Provisioning ExternalManager Address
Specifies the IP Address to the External Manager/Management system. If an External Manager address and a path is configured, the system will send an HTTP message to this address when starting up. When receiving this HTTP posting the External Manager (typically a management system) can return configurations/commands to the unit as a result. If the DHCP Option 242 is returned in the DHCP response from the DHCP server the system will interpret this as the External Manager address to use.

Valuespace: <S: 0, 64>
Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.
Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Address: ""

Provisioning ExternalManager Path
Specifies the path to the External Manager/Management system. If an External Manager address and a path is configured, the system will send an HTTP message to this address when starting up. When receiving this HTTP posting the External Manager (typically a management system) can return configurations/commands to the unit as a result. If the DHCP Option 242 is returned in the DHCP response from the DHCP server the system will interpret this as the External Manager address to use.

Valuespace: <S: 0, 255>
Format: String with a maximum of 255 characters.
Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Path: "tms/public/external/management/ SystemManagementService.asmx"

Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol
Determines whether or not to use secure management.

Valuespace: <HTTP/HTTPS>
HTTP: Set to HTTP to disable secure management. Requires HTTP to be enabled in the Network Services HTTP Mode setting.
HTTPS: Set to HTTPS to enable secure management. Requires HTTPS to be enabled in the Network Services HTTPS Mode setting.
Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol: http

Provisioning Mode
Provides the possibility of managing the codec (endpoint) by using an external manager/management system.

Valuespace: <Off/TMS>
Off: The system will not try to register to any management system.
TMS: If set to TMS the system will try to register with a TMS server as described in Provisioning ExternalManager settings. TMS is short for TANDBERG Management System. Contact your TANDBERG representative for more information.
Example: Provisioning Mode: TMS

The SerialPort settings

SerialPort BaudRate
Specify the baud rate on the COM port (data port). The default value is 38400.

Other default parameters for the COM port are: Parity: None Databits: 8 Stopbits: 1 Flow control: None.

Valuespace: <9600/19200/38400/57600/115200>

Range: Select a baud rate from the list of baud rates (bps).

Example: SerialPort BaudRate: 38400

SerialPort LoginRequired
The Serial Login setting determines whether or not there should be a login when connecting to the COM port (data port).

Valuespace: <On/Off>
On: Login is required when connecting to the COM port (data port).
Off: The user can access the COM port (data port) without any login.
Example: SerialPort LoginRequired: On
The SIP settings

SIP Profile [1..1] Authentication [1..1] LoginName
This is the user name part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 50>
Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.
Example: SIP Profile 1 Authentication 1 LoginName: ""

SIP Profile [1..1] Authentication [1..1] Password
This is the password part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 50>
Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.
Example: SIP Profile 1 Authentication 1 Password:

SIP Profile [1..1] DefaultTransport
Select the transport protocol to be used over the LAN.
Valuespace: <UDP/TCP/TLS/Auto>
UDP: The system will always use UDP as the default transport method.
TCP: The system will always use TCP as the default transport method.
TLS: The system will always use TLS as the default transport method. For TLS connections a SIP CA-list can be uploaded using the web interface. If no such CA-list is available on the system then anonymous Diffie Hellman will be used.
Auto: The system will try to connect using transport protocols in the following order: TLS, TCP, UDP.
Example: SIP Profile 1 DefaultTransport: Auto

SIP Profile [1..1] Outbound
Valuespace: <On/Off>
On: Set up multiple outbound connections to servers in the Proxy Address list.
Off: Connect to the single proxy configured first in Proxy Address list.
Example: SIP Profile 1 Outbound: Off

The SIP settings, cont...

SIP Profile [1..1] Proxy [1..4] Address
The Proxy Address is the manually configured address for the outbound proxy. It is possible to use a fully qualified domain name, or an IP address. The default port is 5060 for TCP and UDP but another one can be provided. If Outbound is enabled, multiple proxies can be addressed.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 255>
Format: Compact string with a maximum of 255 characters.
Example: SIP Profile 1 Proxy 1 Address: ""

SIP Profile [1..1] Proxy [1..4] Discovery
Valuespace: <Auto/Manual>
Auto: When Auto is selected, the manually configured SIP Proxy address will be used
Manual: When Manual is selected, the manually configured SIP Proxy address will be used using Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).
Example: SIP Profile 1 Proxy 1 Discovery: Manual

SIP Profile [1..1] Type
Enables SIP extensions and special behaviour for a vendor or provider
Valuespace: <Standard/Alcatel/Avaya/Cisco/Microsoft/Nortel/Experimental/Siemens>
Standard: Should be used when registering to standard SIP proxy like OpenSIP.
Alcatel: Must be used when registering to a Alcatel-Lucent OmniPCX Enterprise R7 or later.
Avaya: Must be used when registered to a Avaya Communication Manager.
Cisco: Must be used when registering to a Cisco CallManager version 5 or later.
Microsoft: Must be used when registering to a Microsoft LCS or OCS server.
Nortel: Must be used when registering to a Nortel MICS 1000 or MICS 2000 PBX.
Experimental: Can be used if auto is not working Note! This mode is for testing purposes only.
Example: SIP Profile 1 Type: Standard

SIP Profile [1..1] URI
The SIP URI or number is used to address the system. This is the URI that is registered and used by the SIP services to route inbound calls to the system. A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a compact string of characters used to identify or name a resource.
Valuespace: <S: 0, 255>
Format: Compact string with a maximum of 255 characters.
Example: SIP Profile 1 URI: "sip:name@example.com"
The Standby settings

Standby BootAction

Decide what the system is going to do on boot.

Valuespace: <None/Preset1/Preset2/Preset3/Preset4/Preset5/Preset6/Preset7/Preset8/
Preset9/Preset10/Preset11/Preset12/Preset13/Preset14/Preset15/RestoreCameraPosition/
DefaultCameraPosition>

None: No action.

Preset 1..15: Activate the selected preset.

RestoreCameraPosition: Set the camera to the position it had before the last boot.

DefaultCameraPosition: Set the camera to the factory default position.

Example: Standby BootAction: DefaultCameraPosition

Standby Control

Determine whether the system should go into standby mode or not.

Valuespace: <On/Off>

On: Enter standby mode when the Standby Delay has timed out. Requires the Standby Delay to be set to an appropriate value.

Off: Not entering standby mode.

Example: Standby Control: On

Standby Delay

Define how long (in minutes) the system shall be in idle mode before it goes into standby mode. Requires the Standby Control to be enabled.

Valuespace: <1..480>

Range: 1-480 minutes

Example: Standby Delay: 10

Standby StandbyAction

NEW TC2.1 Decide what the system is going to do when going into standby mode.

Valuespace: <None/PrivacyPosition>

None: No action.

PrivacyPosition: Turns the camera to a sideways position for privacy.

Example: Standby StandbyAction: PrivacyPosition

The Standby settings, cont...

Standby WakeupAction

Decide what the system is going to do when leaving standby mode.

Valuespace: <None/Preset1/Preset2/Preset3/Preset4/Preset5/Preset6/Preset7/Preset8/
Preset9/Preset10/Preset11/Preset12/Preset13/Preset14/Preset15/RestoreCameraPosition/
DefaultCameraPosition>

None: No action.

Preset 1..15: Activate the selected preset.

RestoreCameraPosition: Set the camera to the position it had before entering standby.

DefaultCameraPosition: Set the camera to the factory default position.

Example: Standby WakeupAction: RestoreCameraPosition
The SystemUnit settings

**SystemUnit CallLogging Mode**
Enables/disables logging of calls received or placed by the system. The call logs may then be viewed via the GUI or using the xHistory command.

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- **On**: Enable logging.
- **Off**: Disable logging.

**Example:** SystemUnit CallLogging Mode: On

**SystemUnit IrSensor Mode**
The System Unit IR Sensor setting determines whether the infrared receiver on the codec should be enabled or not. The IR sensor LED is located in the front of the codec and flickers when an ir signal is received from the remote control.

Valuespace: <On/Off/Auto>
- **On**: Set to On to enable the IR sensor on the codec.
- **Off**: Set to Off to disable the IR sensor on the codec.
- **Auto**: The system will automatically disable the IR sensor on the codec if the IR sensor at camera is enabled. Otherwise the IR sensor on the codec will be enabled.

**Example:** SystemUnit IrSensor Mode: On

**SystemUnit MenuLanguage**
The setting is used to select the language for the GUI (Graphical User Interface).

Valuespace: <English/Norwegian/Swedish/German/French/Italian/Japanese/Russian/Spanish/Korean/Finnish/ChineseSimplified/ChineseTraditional/PortugueseBrazilian/Turkish/Polish>

**Example:** SystemUnit MenuLanguage: English

**SystemUnit Name**
Enter a System Name to define a name of the system unit. If the H.323 Alias ID is configured on the system then this ID will be used instead of the system name. The system name will be displayed:

* When the codec is acting as an SNMP Agent
* Towards a DHCP server

Valuespace: <S: 0, 50>
- **Format**: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

**Example:** SystemUnit Name: “Meeting Room Name”

The Time settings

**Time DateFormat**
Specifies the date format.

Valuespace: <DD_MM_YY/MM_DD_YY/YY_MM_DD>
- **DD_MM_YY**: The date January 30th 2009 will be displayed: 30.01.09
- **MM_DD_YY**: The date January 30th 2009 will be displayed: 01.30.09
- **YY_MM_DD**: The date January 30th 2009 will be displayed: 09.01.30

**Example:** Time DateFormat: DD.MM.YY

**Time TimeFormat**
Specifies the time format.

Valuespace: <24H/12H>
- **24H**: Set the time format to 24 hours.
- **12H**: Set the time format to 12 hours (AM/PM).

**Example:** Time TimeFormat: 24H
The Time settings, cont...

**Time Zone**

Specifies the time zone where the system is located, using Windows time zone description format.

Valuespace: <GMT-12:00 (International Date Line West)/GMT-11:00 (Midway Island, Samoa)/GMT-10:00 (Hawaii)/GMT-09:00 (Alaska)/GMT-08:00 (Pacific Time (US & Canada))/GMT-07:00 (Mountain Time (US & Canada))/GMT-06:00 (Chihuahua, La Paz, Mazatlan)/GMT-06:00 (Central America)/GMT-06:00 (Saskatchewan)/GMT-06:00 (Guadalajara, Mexico City, Monterrey)/GMT-06:00 (Central Time (US & Canada))/GMT-05:00 (Indiana (East))/GMT-05:00 (Boogota, Lima, Quito)/GMT-05:00 (Eastern Time (US & Canada))/GMT-04:30 (Caracas)/GMT-04:00 (La Paz)/GMT-04:00 (Santiago)/GMT-04:00 (Atlantic Time (Canada))/GMT-03:30 (Newfoundland)/GMT-03:30 (Buenos Aires, Georgetown)/GMT-03:00 (Greenland)/GMT-03:00 (Brasilia)/GMT-02:00 (Mid-Atlantic)/GMT-01:00 (Cape Verde Is.)/GMT-01:00 (Azores)/GMT (Casablanca, Monrovia)/GMT (Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London)/GMT+01:00 (West Central Africa)/GMT+01:00 (Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna)/GMT+01:00 (Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris)/GMT+01:00 (Sarajevo, Skopje, Warsaw, Zagreb)/GMT+01:00 (Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Lubljana, Prague)/GMT+02:00 (Harare, Pretoria)/GMT+02:00 (Jerusalem)/GMT+02:00 (Athens, Istanbul, Minsk)/GMT+02:00 (Helsinki, Kyiv, Riga, Sofia, Tallinn, Vinnitsa)/GMT+02:00 (Cairo)/GMT+02:00 (Bucharest)/GMT+03:00 (Nairobi)/GMT+03:00 (Kuwait, Riyadh)/GMT+03:00 (Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd)/GMT+03:00 (Baghdad)/GMT+03:30 (Tehran)/GMT+04:00 (Abu Dhabi, Muscat)/GMT+04:00 (Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan)/GMT+04:30 (Kabul)/GMT+05:00 (Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent)/GMT+05:00 (Ekaterinburg)/GMT+05:30 (Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi)/GMT+05:45 (Kathmandu)/GMT+06:00 (Agartala, Bhubaneswar, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi)/GMT+06:00 (Astana, Dhaka)/GMT+06:00 (Almaty, Novosibirsk)/GMT+06:30 (Rangoon)/GMT+07:00 (Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta)/GMT+07:00 (Krasnoyarsk)/GMT+08:00 (Perth)/GMT+08:00 (Taipei)/GMT+08:00 (Kuala Lumpur, Singapore)/GMT+08:00 (Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi)/GMT+08:00 (Irkutsk, Ulaan Batar)/GMT+09:00 (Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo)/GMT+09:00 (Seoul)/GMT+09:00 (Yakutsk)/GMT+09:30 (Darwin)/GMT+09:30 (Adelaide)/GMT+10:00 (Guam, Port Moresby)/GMT+10:00 (Brisbane)/GMT+10:00 (Viadivostok)/GMT+10:00 (Hobart)/GMT+10:00 (Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney)/GMT+11:00 (Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia)/GMT+12:00 (Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.)/GMT+12:00 (Auckland, Wellington)/GMT+13:00 (Nuku alofa).

Example: Time Zone: “GMT (Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London)”

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**Video DefaultPresentationSource**

Define which video input source shall be used as the default presentation source (e.g. when you press the Presentation key on the remote control). The input source is configured to a video input connector.

Valuespace: <1..3>

Example: Video DefaultPresentationSource: 3

**Video Input DVI [3]/[2..3] Type**

NOTE: Codec C40 has one DVI input (DVI-I 3). Codec C60 has two DVI inputs (DVI-I 2 and 3).

The official DVI standard supports both digital and analog signals. In most cases the default AutoDetect setting can detect whether the signal is analog RGB or digital. However, in some rare cases when DVI-I cables are used (these cables can carry both the analog and digital signals) this detection might fail. This setting makes it possible to override the AutoDetect and select the correct DVI video input. This setting should also be used if the video input is an analog component (YPbPr) type signal. This is used by some cameras (Sony EVI-HD1) and DVD/Blu-ray players. Since it is not possible to auto detect the difference between AnalogRGB and AnalogYPbPr, the Analog YPbPr setting has to be selected.

Valuespace: <AutoDetect/Digital/AnalogRGB/AnalogYPbPr>

Example: Video Input DVI 2 Type: AutoDetect

**Video Input Source [1..3] CameraControl CameraId**

Select the ID of the camera in the Visca chain that is connected to this camera source. The CameraId setting represents the camera's position in the Visca chain.

Cascaded cameras and Visca commands are described in the PrecisionHD 1080p User Guide. The user guide is found at www.tandberg.com/docs

Valuespace: <1..5>

Example: Video Input Source 1 CameraControl CameraId: 1
**The Video settings, cont...**

**Video Input Source [1..3] CameraControl Mode**
Determines whether or not the camera control should be enabled for the selected video input source.

Valuespace: &lt;On/Off&gt;
- On: Set to On to enable camera control for the camera connected to the selected video input connector.
- Off: Set to Off to disable camera control for the camera connected to the selected video input connector.

*Example: Video Input Source 1 CameraControl Mode: On*

**Video Input Source 1 Connector**
Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 1

Valuespace: &lt;HDMI&gt;
- HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 1 connector as input

*Example: Video Input Source 1 Connector: HDMI*

**Video Input Source 2 Connector**
Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 2

Valuespace: &lt;HDMI/DVI&gt;
- HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 2 connector as input
- DVI: Select DVI-I when you want to use the DVI-I 3 connector as input

*Example: Video Input Source 2 Connector: HDMI*

**Video Input Source 3 Connector**
Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 3

Valuespace: &lt;DVI/Composite/YC&gt;
- DVI: Select DVI-I when you want to use the DVI-I 3 connector as input.
- YC: Select YC when you want to use the S-Video (YC) input. Connect the S-Video input to the connector marked as Y/Comp and C.
- Composite: Select Comp when you want to use the Composite input. Connect the Composite input to the connector marked

*Example: Video Input Source 3 Connector: DVI*

**Video Input Source [1..3] Name**
Customizable name of the connector group. Enter the name of the video input source 1-3.

Valuespace: &lt;S: 0, 50&gt;
- Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

*Example: Video Input Source 1 Name: “”*

**Video Input Source [1..3] OptimalDefinition Profile**
The system will automatically choose what resolution and framerate to transmit based on input resolution/framerate, available bandwidth and whether the source is configured for motion or sharpness. For motion sources, this setting can be used to adjust how rapidly the system should increase the transmitted resolution when increasing bandwidth. For instance, if the source is a camera input is 1920x1080p60, the system will transmit 1920x720p60 at about 2.2Mb/sec and above with this setting set to normal, but will transmit 1920x720p60 at about 1.1Mb/sec and above with this setting set to high. In general you could choose medium or high if you have good quality video inputs and good lighting conditions, while normal would give a good experience in most conditions, including not optimal lighting.

Valuespace: &lt;Normal/Medium/High&gt;

*See Table 1: Optimal definition for systems supporting 1080p and Table 2: Optimal definition for systems supporting 720p60.*

**Table 1: Optimal definition, for systems supporting 1080p**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Normal</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>High</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>w288p30</td>
<td>256kbit/s</td>
<td>512 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w448p30</td>
<td>512 kbit/s</td>
<td>768 kbit/s</td>
<td>1472 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w576p30</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>720p30</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1080p30</td>
<td>2560 kbit/s</td>
<td>2560 kbit/s</td>
<td>2560 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 2: Optimal definition, for systems supporting 720p60**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Normal</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>High</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>w144p60</td>
<td>128kbit/s</td>
<td>512 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w288p60</td>
<td>512 kbit/s</td>
<td>768 kbit/s</td>
<td>1472 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w448p60</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
<td>1152 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w576p60</td>
<td>1472 kbit/s</td>
<td>1472 kbit/s</td>
<td>1472 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>720p60</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
<td>2240 kbit/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Video settings, cont...

**Video Input Source [1..3] OptimalDefinition Threshold60fps**
For each video input, this setting tells the system the lowest resolution where it should transmit 60fps. So for all resolutions lower than this, the maximum transmitted framerate would be 30fps, while above this resolution 60fps would also be possible, if the available bandwidth is adequate.

Valuespace: `<512_288/768_448/1024_576/1280_720/Neveer>`
- 512_288: Set the threshold to 512x288.
- 768_448: Set the threshold to 768x448.
- 1024_576: Set the threshold to 1024x576.
- 1280_720: Set the threshold to 1280x720.
- Never: Do not set a threshold for transmitting 60fps.

Example: Video Input Source 1 OptimalDefinition Threshold60fps: 1280 _ 720

**Video Input Source [1..3] Quality**
When encoding and transmitting video there will be a tradeoff between high resolution and high framerate. For some video sources it is more important to transmit high framerate than high resolution and vice versa. The Quality setting specifies whether to give priority to high frame rate or to high resolution for a given source.

Valuespace: `<Motion/Sharpness>`
- Motion: Gives the highest possible framerate. Used when there is a need for higher frame rates, typically when a large number of participants are present or when there is a lot of motion in the picture.
- Sharpness: Gives the highest possible resolution. Used when you want the highest quality of detailed images and graphics.

Example: Video Input Source 1 Quality: Motion

**Video Layout ScaleToFrame**
Defines what to do if the aspect ratio of a video input source doesn’t match the aspect ratio of the corresponding image frame in a composition. For example if you have a 4:3 input source (like XGA) to be displayed on a 16:9 output (like HD720).

Valuespace: `<Manual/MaintainAspectRatio/StretchToFit>`
- Manual: If the difference in aspect ratio between the video input source and the target image frame is less than the ScaleToFrameThreshold configuration (in percent), the image is stretched to fit. Unless the system will maintain the original aspect ratio.
- MaintainAspectRatio: Will maintain the aspect ratio of the input source, and fill in black in the rest of the frame (letter boxing or pillar boxing).
- StretchToFit: Will stretch (horizontally or vertically) the input source to fit into the image frame.

Example: Video Layout ScaleToFrame: MaintainAspectRatio

**Video Layout ScaleToFrameThreshold**
Only applicable if the ScaleToFrame configuration is set to manual. If the difference in aspect ratio between the video input source and the target image frame is less than the ScaleToFrameThreshold configuration (in percent), the image is stretched to fit. Unless the system will maintain the original aspect ratio.

Valuespace: `<0..100>`
- Range: Select a value from 0 to 100 percent.

Example: Video Layout ScaleToFrameThreshold: 5

**Video Layout Scaling**
Defines whether the system should automatically adjust aspect ratio for images or frames when it differs between the image and the frame it is to be placed in.

Valuespace: `<On/Off>`
- On: Let the system automatically adjust aspect ratio.
- Off: Do not do any aspect ratio changes automatically.

Example: Video Layout Scaling: On

**Video MainVideoSource**
Define which video input source shall be used as the main video source. The input source is configured to a video input connector.

Valuespace: `<1..3>`
- Range: Select one of the three main video sources.

Example: Video MainVideoSource: 1

**Video Monitors**
The codec can be used with more than one monitor and this setting lets you set the codec’s monitor layout mode to single, dual, or presentation only on the dual monitor.

Valuespace: `<Single/Dual/DualPresentationOnly>`
- Single: The same layout is shown on all monitors.
- Dual: The layout is distributed on two monitors.
- DualPresentationOnly: All participants in the call will be shown on the first monitor, while the presentation (if any) will be shown on the second monitor.

Example: Video Monitors: Single
The Video settings, cont...

Video OSD InputMethod InputLanguage
The codec can be enabled for Cyrillic input characters in the GUI (Graphical User Interface). NOTE: Requires that Video OSD InputMethod Cyrillic is set to On.

Valuespace: <Latin/Cyrillic>
- Latin: Latin characters can be entered when using the remote control (default setting).
- Cyrillic: Cyrillic characters can be entered using the remote control. NOTE: Requires a TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5 with Cyrillic fonts.

Example: Video OSD InputMethod InputLanguage: Latin

Video OSD InputMethod Cyrillic
This configuration is used to hide or show the Cyrillic mode as menu input language in the GUI (Graphical User Interface).

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Cyrillic mode is available as a menu input language in the GUI. This will enable the setting Video OSD InputMethod InputLanguage.
- Off: Cyrillic mode is NOT available as a menu input language in the GUI.

Example: Video OSD InputMethod Cyrillic: Off

Video OSD Mode
The Video OSD (On Screen Display) Mode lets you define whether or not information and icons on screen should be displayed.

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Set to On to display the on screen menus, icons and indicators.
- Off: Set to Off to hide the on screen menus, icons and indicators.

Example: Video OSD Mode: On

Video OSD Output
The Video OSD (On Screen Display) Output lets you define which monitor should display the on screen menus, information and icons. By default the OSD output is displayed on the first monitor.

If you have a single monitor and you cannot see any OSD on the monitor: If the OSD output has been set to the second monitor and the second monitor is not connected, then you cannot see any menus, information or icons on the screen. To move the OSD output to the first monitor press the following shortcut sequence on the remote control. Press the Disconnect key followed by: * # * 0 x (where x is output 1 or 2).

Valuespace: <1..2>
- Range: Select 1 for HDMI 1 output, or select 2 for DVI-I 2 output.

Example: Video OSD Output: 1

The Video settings, cont...

Video OSD TodaysBookings
This setting can be used to display the systems bookings for today on the main OSD menu. This requires that the system is bookable by an external booking system, like TMS (TANDBERG Management Suite).

Valuespace: <On/Off>
- On: Displays information about this systems bookings on screen.
- Off: Do not display todays bookings.

Example: Video OSD TodaysBookings: Off

Video Output HDMI [1] MonitorRole
The monitor role describes what video stream will be shown on the monitor connected to the output connector. Applicable only if the “Video > Monitors” configuration is set to dual.

Valuespace: <First/Second/PresentationOnly>
- First: Show main video stream.
- Second: Show presentation video stream if active, or other participants.
- PresentationOnly: Show presentation video stream if active, and nothing else.

Example: Video Output HDMI 1 MonitorRole: First

Video Output HDMI [1] OverscanLevel
Some TV’s or other monitors may not display the whole image sent out on the systems video output, but cuts the outer parts of the image. In this case this setting can be used to let the system not use the outer parts of video resolution. Both the video and the OSD menu will be scaled in this case.

Valuespace: <Medium/High/None>
- Medium: The system will not use the outer 3% of the output resolution.
- High: The system will not use the outer 6% of the output resolution.
- None: The system will use all of the output resolution.

Example: Video Output HDMI 1 OverscanLevel: None

Video Output HDMI [1] Resolution
Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to HDMI video output. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Valuespace: <Auto/640_480_60/800_600_60/1024_768_60/1280_1024_60/1280_720_60/1920_1080_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60/1600_1200_60/1920_1200_60>
- Auto: The system will automatically try to set the optimal resolution based on negotiation with the connected monitor.
- Range: 640x480@60p, 800x600@60p, 1024x768@60p, 1280x1024@60p, 1280x720@60p, 1920x1080@60p, 1280x768@60p, 1360x768@60p, 1366x768@60p, 1600x1200@60p, 1920x1200@60p

Example: Video Output HDMI 1 Resolution: 1920 _ 1080 _ 60
The Video settings, cont...

The monitor role describes what video stream will be shown on the monitor connected to the output connector. Applicable only if the “Video > Monitors” configuration is set to dual.

Valuespace: <First/Second/PresentationOnly/Third/Fourth>
- **First:** Show main video stream.
- **Second:** Show presentation video stream if active, or other participants.
- **PresentationOnly:** Show presentation video stream if active, and nothing else.

Example: Video Output DVI 2 MonitorRole: Second

**Video Output DVI [2] OverscanLevel**
Some TV’s or other monitors may not display the whole image sent out on the systems video output, but cuts the outer parts of the image. In this case this setting can be used to let the system not use the outer parts of video resolution. Both the video and the OSD menu will be scaled in this case.

Valuespace: <Medium/High/None>
- **Medium:** The system will not use the outer 3% of the output resolution.
- **High:** The system will not use the outer 6% of the output resolution.
- **None:** The system will use all of the output resolution.

Example: Video Output DVI 2 OverscanLevel: None

**Video Output DVI [2] Resolution**
Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to DVI-I video output. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Valuespace: <Auto/640_480_60/800_600_60/1024_768_60/1280_1024_60/1280_720_60/1920_1080_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60/1600_1200_60/1920_1200_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60/1600_1200_60/1920_1200_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60/1600_1200_60/1920_1200_60>

- **Auto:** The system will automatically try to set the optimal resolution based on negotiation with the connected monitor.
- **Range:** 640x480@60p, 800x600@60p, 1024x768@60p, 1280x1024@60p, 1280x720@60p, 1920x1080@60p, 1280x768@60p, 1360x768@60p, 1366x768@60p, 1600x1200@60p, 1920x1200@60p

Example: Video Output DVI 2 Resolution: 1024 _ 768 _ 60

NOTE: This command is not supported on Codec C40.
The monitor role describes what video stream will be shown on the monitor connected to the output connector. Applicable only if the monitor configuration is set to dual or quadruple.

Valuespace: <First/Second/PresentationOnly/Third/Fourth>
- **First:** Show main video stream.
- **Second:** Show presentation video stream if active, or other participants.
- **PresentationOnly:** Show presentation video stream if active, and nothing else.
- **Third:** Use for remote participants (only for quadruple monitor setup).
- **Fourth:** Use for remote participants (only for quadruple monitor setup).

Example: Video Output Composite 3 MonitorRole: First

**Video Output Composite [3] OverscanLevel**
NOTE: This command is not supported on Codec C40.
Some TV’s or other monitors may not display the whole image sent out on the systems video output, but cuts the outer parts of the image. In this case this setting can be used to let the system not use the outer parts of video resolution. Both the video and the OSD menu will be scaled in this case.

Valuespace: <Medium/High/None>
- **Medium:** The system will not use the outer 3% of the output resolution.
- **High:** The system will not use the outer 6% of the output resolution.
- **None:** The system will use all of the output resolution.

Example: Video Output Composite 3 OverscanLevel: None

**Video Output Composite [3] Resolution**
NOTE: This command is not supported on Codec C40.
Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to video output composite 3. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Valuespace: <PAL/NTSC>
- **Range:** Select PAL or NTSC resolution.

Example: Video Output Composite 3 Resolution: NTSC
The Video settings, cont...

**Video Selfview**

The Video Selfview setting determines whether or not the main video source (selfview) should be displayed on screen.

Valuespace: <On/Off>

- **On**: Set to On when you want selfview to be displayed on screen.
- **Off**: Set to Off when you do not want selfview to be displayed on screen.

**Example**: Video Selfview: On

**Video Wallpaper**

The Video Wallpaper setting determines whether or not a background picture should be displayed on screen when idle.

Valuespace: <None/Growing/Summersky/Custom>

- **None**: Set to None if you do not want a wallpaper to be displayed on screen.
- **Summersky, Growing**: Select the wallpaper to be displayed on screen.
- **Custom**: The custom wallpaper is uploaded from the web interface. Open a web browser and enter the IP address of the codec. Select “Wallpaper” from the menu on top of the screen. Browse for the file and press the “Upload” button. Toggle once between “None” and “Custom” wallpaper to make the change take effect. See the Appendices section for further details about the web interface.

**Example**: Video Wallpaper: Summersky
The Experimental menu

The Advanced configurations menu has an option called Experimental. The settings within this menu can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE! The Experimental menu WILL change.

Experimental Audio Input Microphone [1..4] EchoControl HighPassFilter

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <On/Off>

Example: Experimental Audio Input Microphone 1 EchoControl HighPassFilter: Off

Experimental CapsetFilter

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <S: 0, 32>

Example: Experimental CapsetFilter: “”

Experimental Conference [1..1] PacketLossResilience

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <On/Off>

Example: Experimental Conference 1 PacketLossResilience: Off

Experimental CustomSoftbuttons State [1..2] Softbutton [1..5] Type

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <NotSet/MainSource/PresentationSource/CameraPreset/Actions/SpeedDial>

Example: Experimental CustomSoftbuttons State 1 Softbutton 1 Type: NotSet

Experimental CustomSoftbuttons State [1..2] Softbutton [1..5] Value

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <S: 0, 255>

Example: Experimental CustomSoftbuttons State 1 Softbutton 1 Value: “”

Experimental SoftwareUpgrade Mode

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <Auto/Manual>

Example: Experimental SoftwareUpgrade Mode: Auto

Experimental SoftwareUpgrade ServerAddress

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <S: 0, 255>

Example: Experimental SoftwareUpgrade ServerAddress: “http://csupdate.tandberg.com/getswlist.py”

Experimental UserInterfaces OSD PhonebookMerged

The Experimental settings can be used ‘as is’ and will not be further documented. NOTE: The Experimental settings WILL change.

Valuespace:  <On/Off>

Example: Experimental UserInterfaces OSD PhonebookMerged: Off
Chapter 3

Password protection
Setting the codec administrator password
To define the administrator password on the codec:
1. Connect to the codec through the network or the serial data port, using a command line interface (ssh, telnet or scp).
2. Log in to the codec with user name (admin) and no password.
3. Run the following API command and enter a password:
   `xCommand SystemUnit AdminPassword Set Password: "*****"`
4. The password format is a string with 0–255 characters.
5. Reboot the codec.

Password protection of the web interface
The web interface is password protected with the same user name and password as defined for the codec.
NOTE! To activate the administrator password on the web interface, after having defined or changed the administrator password, a reboot of the codec is required. Without a reboot the administrator password will only apply when you log in to the codec.

Log in to the codec or the web interface
• You can log in to the codec with the user name and password, either from a web interface or from a command line interface. You will need to enter both the user name and password.
• The user name is `admin`, and cannot be changed.

How to deactivate the administrator password
1. Connect to the codec through the network, using a command line interface (ssh, telnet or scp).
2. Login to the codec with the required user name (admin) and password.
3. Run the following API command with a blank password:
   `xCommand SystemUnit AdminPassword Set Password: ""`
4. Reboot the codec.
Chapter 4

About monitors
About monitors when you have a Codec C60

The main monitor
The monitor can be connected to any of the video outputs HDMI 1 (the default connector for the main monitor) or DVI-I 2.

Connecting to HDMI 1
The HDMI 1 output is, by default, defined as the main monitor connector. When you connect the main monitor to this output the menu and icons (OSD - on screen display) will show on this monitor.

Connecting to DVI-I 2
When connecting the main monitor to the DVI-I 2 output, you must move the OSD to this output. If you cannot see any menu on screen you must run a key sequence on the remote control. The menu on screen, icons and other information (OSD - on screen display) will be moved to the selected output. At the same time, the resolution will be set to the default value, which is 1024x768@60Hz for DVI (and 1280x720@60Hz for HDMI).

Moving the OSD using the remote control
If the main monitor is connected to DVI-I 2 video output, and the OSD is on HDMI 1 output, you must run the following shortcut or key sequence on the remote control.

- Disconnect * # # 0 x #  x=1 (HDMI 1); x=2 (DVI-I 2)

Example: Set DVI-I 2 as the OSD output:

- * - # - # - # - 0 - 2 - #

Moving the OSD using API commands
You can also set the resolution and the OSD output by setting up a serial port connection and run API commands. See the API Guide for your codec for information about API commands.

Dual monitors
When you want to run a dual monitor setup, connect the second monitor to video output DVI-I 2 video output on codec.

Dual monitor configuration
Go to Advanced settings to set the monitor to dual:

1. Navigate to Settings > Advanced > Advanced settings > Video > Output > Monitor and set the Monitor to Dual.
About monitors when you have a Codec C40

The main monitor
The monitor can be connected to any of the video outputs HDMI 1 (the default connector for the main monitor) or DVI-I 2.

Connecting to HDMI 1
The HDMI 1 output is, by default, defined as the main monitor connector. When you connect the main monitor to this output the menu and icons (OSD - on screen display) will show on this monitor.

Connecting to DVI-I 2
When connecting the main monitor to the DVI–I 2 output, you must move the OSD to this output.
If you cannot see any menu on screen you must run a key sequence on the remote control. The menu on screen, icons and other information (OSD - on screen display) will be moved to the selected output. At the same time, the resolution will be set to the default value, which is 1024x768@60Hz for DVI (and 1280x720@60Hz for HDMI).

Moving the OSD using the remote control
If the main monitor is connected to DVI-I 2 video output, and the OSD is on HDMI 1 output, you must run the following shortcut or key sequence on the remote control.

- Disconnect ^ # ^ # 0 x
  - x=1 (HDMI 1); x=2 (DVI–I 2)

Example: Set DVI-I 2 as the OSD output:

- - ^ - # - ^ - # - 0 - 2 - #

Moving the OSD using API commands
You can also set the resolution and the OSD output by setting up a serial port connection and run API commands. See the API Guide for your codec for information about API commands.

Dual monitors
When you want to run a dual monitor setup, connect the second monitor to video output DVI-I 2 video output on codec.

Dual monitor configuration
Go to Advanced settings to set the monitor to dual:

1. Navigate to Settings > Advanced > Advanced settings > Video > Output > Monitor and set the Monitor to Dual.
Chapter 5

Audio matters
Dynamic audio API

With a set of xCommand Audio API commands, the audio system is fully configurable:

- A local input is defined as a mix of input connectors. A local input can be created and deleted. You can add and remove input connectors and update the local input settings.
- A local output is a mix of local input and remote input signals. All connectors attached to a local output receive the same signal.
- A remote input and remote output pair is created for each call.
- A remote output receives the signals from all local and remote inputs, except the remote input from the same site.
- The mixer matrix of each local and remote output can easily be managed by disconnecting and connecting local and remote inputs.

Example 1:
The dynamic audio API offers a great flexibility when configuring the system and it is simple to use. To have audio in your calls you only need one local input with a microphone attached to it, and one local output with an output connector attached to it.

When the call is established a remote input and remote output pair are created and all the connections to these from the local audio system are set up automatically.

The Local input 1 has been defined with two Microphones.

The Local output 2 has been defined with two Line outputs.

The audio from the Remote input 3 goes to the Local output 2.

The audio from the Local input 1 goes to the Remote output 4.
The equalizer

The system has 8 user defined equalizers, each made up of 6 second order IIR sections, see the illustration below. Each of these 8 equalizers can be applied to one or more of the audio input and output connectors on the codec.

The Audio Console application

We recommend using the Audio Console, with the built-in equalizer GUI, to modify the equalizers. The Audio Console application is found at the TANDBERG Developer Zone web page. Go to: http://developer.tandberg.com/web/guest/tools/integrators/audio-console

The equalizer filter parameters

Each section (1 ... 6) of each user defined equalizer (1 ... 8) can be modified independently by setting the four parameters:

- Filter type (Peaking, low shelf, high shelf, low pass, high pass)
- Frequency
- Gain
- Q-value

To switch off one of the six equalizer sections, set the second order section to have a flat frequency response. This can be done by setting the filter type to “none” or by setting the filter type to “peaking” and the gain to “0” (zero).

The filter types

The illustrations below show the 5 different filter types and frequency response variations dependent on some of the parameter variations. The Q-value for low pass, high pass, low shelf and high shelf filters should be set to 1/sqrt(2) in order to get maximally flat responses. The Q-value (or Q-factor) is defined as Q=f0/bw. Where f0=resonance frequency in Hz; and bw=filter bandwidth in Hz.

The equalizer IIR filter

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<th>Section 2</th>
<th>Section 3</th>
<th>Section 4</th>
<th>Section 5</th>
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| ![Diagram](image7.png) | ![Diagram](image8.png) | ![Diagram](image9.png) | ![Diagram](image10.png) | ![Diagram](image11.png) | ![Diagram](image12.png) |

| ![Diagram](image13.png) | ![Diagram](image14.png) | ![Diagram](image15.png) | ![Diagram](image16.png) | ![Diagram](image17.png) | ![Diagram](image18.png) |

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| ![Diagram](image25.png) | ![Diagram](image26.png) | ![Diagram](image27.png) | ![Diagram](image28.png) | ![Diagram](image29.png) | ![Diagram](image30.png) |

| ![Diagram](image31.png) | ![Diagram](image32.png) | ![Diagram](image33.png) | ![Diagram](image34.png) | ![Diagram](image35.png) | ![Diagram](image36.png) |
Stereo

Stereo in point to point call

Receive stereo
If the other participant sends stereo the codec will receive stereo. To play stereo the local output still needs to be configured correctly (see local stereo circuit example).

Transmit stereo
In order to send stereo, the other participant must be able to receive stereo. Also, the local input with the stereo signal must be configured correctly (see local stereo circuit example). In addition, there must be a signal on one of the connectors connected to the local input.

Stereo in Multisite
The TANDBERG Codec C60 will only send and receive mono signals in multisite.

Example of local stereo configuration
When you want to record a stereo presentation the audio system can be configured as shown in the illustration.

In the example the local input has two connectors: Line 1 and Line 2. When these two connectors are mixed together as a stereo signal, Line 1 is the left channel and Line 2 is the right channel.

And the local output has two connectors: Line 1 and Line 2. The local output pans the stereo signal according to the channel configuration of the connectors. Line 1 receives the left channel and Line 2 receives the right channel.

Local stereo circuit example with API commands

The graphic gives a picture of how to configure the audio system for recording a stereo presentation. You can do the same from the API. The belonging xCommands and xConfigurations are listed below.

In this example there is a local input with input id 5 and a local output with output id 6. Both are set to stereo by the channels parameter.

- xCommand Audio LocalInput Update Inputid:5 Name:“Presentation” MixerMode:Fixed AGC:On Mute:Off Channels:2
- xCommand Audio LocalOutput Update Outputid:6 Name:“Recorder” Loudspeaker:No Channels:2
- xConfiguration Audio Input Line 1 Channel: Left
- xConfiguration Audio Input Line 2 Channel: Right
- xConfiguration Audio Output Line 1 Channel: Left
- xConfiguration Audio Output Line 2 Channel: Right
Chapter 6

Appendices
Optimal Definition Profiles

Under ideal lighting conditions the bandwidth requirements can be substantially reduced with the optimal definitions profiles. Generally, we recommend the Optimal Definition set at Normal. If lighting condition is conducive TANDBERG recommends that you test the endpoint on the various Optimal Definition setting prior to implementation.

To set the optimal definition profile

- Go to: Settings > Advanced > Advanced settings > Video > Input > Source [1..n] > OptimalDefinition > Profile
- Go to: Settings > Advanced > Advanced settings > Video > Input > Source [1..n] > OptimalDefinition > Threshold60fps

The Camera settings must be set to Motion to ensure the Optimal Definition to work. With the Camera settings set to Sharpness, the endpoint will transmit the highest resolution possible, regardless of frames per second.

To set the camera settings:

- Go to: Settings > Advanced > Advanced settings > Camera.

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<td>High</td>
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Optimal definition profiles for systems supporting 1080p30

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Optimal definition profiles for systems supporting 720p60

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<tr>
<td>High</td>
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High (720p60)

Typically used in dedicated video conferencing rooms. Requires good lighting conditions for a good overall experience. Under ideal conditions the bandwidth requirements can be reduced by up to 50%.

Medium (w576p60)

Typically used in rooms with better than normal, and consistent lighting. The bandwidth requirements can be reduced by up to 25%.

Normal (w448p60)

This setting is typically used in office environments where the environment is normal to poorly lit. Generally, we recommend the Optimal Definition set at Normal.
TANDBERG DNAM for Profile 42”/52”

The TANDBERG DNAM – Digital Natural Audio Module – is built on two specially designed and separate modules, the amplifier and the loudspeaker cabinet.

The DNAM Loudspeaker
- 3-way Center Loudspeaker system
- Frequency range 50Hz - 20kHz
- 2 x 100 mm low- and midrange loudspeaker 8 Ohms nominal, excellent quality (SEAS Prestige series)
- 1 x 25mm dome tweeter, 6 ohms nominal, excellent quality
- Active crossover filtered audio signals received from DNAM amplifier
- Long time max power 70 Watt on all loudspeakers
- Enclosed MDF loudspeaker cabinet

Integrated Left / Right Stereo Loudspeaker
Stereo Loudspeaker System, each side has:
- 1 x 90 mm fullrange loudspeaker, 8 Ohms nominal, excellent quality
- Frequency range 70 Hz - 20 kHz
- Enclosed MDF Loudspeaker cabinet

The DNAM Amplifier
- 3 x 50W continuous average Center Output Power (load specified by DNAM Center Loudspeakers)
- 2 x 50W continuous average Stereo Output Power (load specified by DNAM Stereo Loudspeakers)
- Full dynamic range for audio (20Hz–20kHz)
- Digital Signal Processing and Filtering on all channels for best audio detail clarity
- Digital Crossover Filtering on center channels
- In/out:
  Audio In - SPDIF (stereo) or Analog (mono), using the same connector.
  Audio Differential In - (female XLR pinout: 1 - GND, 2 – Signal (+), 3 – Signal (-))
  Audio Loop Out - line out directly from the input, always analog even with SPDIF in.
  Audio Stereo Out - (male XLR, common GND configuration)
- Fuse 2A 250V Slow, 5 x 20mm, Littelfuse type 215002. Push and twist anti-clockwise to release.
The TANDBERG DNAM (Digital Natural Audio Module) used in Profile 65”, is built on two specially designed and separate modules, which is the amplifier and the loudspeaker cabinet.

The DNAM Loudspeaker
- 3-way Center Speaker system
- Frequency range 50Hz - 20kHz
- 2 x 100mm low- and midrange loudspeakers, 8 ohms nominal, reference quality (SEAS Excel series)
- 1 x 25mm dome tweeter, 6 ohms nominal, excellent quality
- Crossover filtered audio signals received from DNAM amplifier
- Long time max power 70 Watt on all loudspeakers
- Enclosed MDF speaker cabinet

Integrated Stereo Speaker
2-way Stereo Speaker System, each side has:
- 1 x 100mm low- and midrange loudspeaker, 8 ohms nominal, reference quality (SEAS Excel series)
- 1 x 25mm dome tweeter, 6 ohms nominal, excellent quality
- Passive crossover filter
- Frequency range 70 Hz - 20 kHz
- Long time max power 70 Watt
- Enclosed MDF speaker cabinet

The DNAM Amplifier
- 3 x 50W continuous average Center Output Power (load specified by DNAM Center Speakers).
- 2 x 50W continuous average Stereo Output Power (load specified by TANDBERG Loudspeaker Stereo Kit).
- Full dynamic range for audio (high fidelity range) or integrated stereo speakers.
- Digital Signal Processing and Filtering on all channels for best audio detail clarity.
- Digital Crossover Filtering on center channels.
- In/out:
  - Audio In - SPDIF (stereo) or Analog (mono), using the same connector.
  - Differential In - (female XLR pinout: 1 - GND, 2 – Signal (+), 3 – Signal (-))
  - Loop Out - line out directly from the input, always analog even with SPDIF in.
  - Stereo Out - (male XLR, common GND configuration)
- Fuse 2A 250V Slow, 5 x 20mm, Littelfuse type 215002.
CE Declarations

TANDBERG Codec C60 and Codec C40

For an official, signed version of this document, or details regarding documentation from the technical construction file, please contact TANDBERG.

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# CE Declarations, continued...

**TANDBERG Profiles using Codec C60**

For an official, signed version of the document, or details regarding documentation from the technical construction file, please contact TANDBERG.

## EC Declaration of conformity

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<td>Report/Certificates No: LVD (Nemko AS) 118330, 119330, 120725 and 123953 EMC (Nemko AS) E09640.00 (123774)</td>
<td>Report/Certificates No: LVD (Nemko AS) 118330 and 119330 EMC (Nemko AS) E08604.00 (11830), E09630.00 (11930) R&amp;TTE (Comlab) 03/559/3, 03/559/4, 03/560/3, 03/560/4</td>
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<td>Report/Certificates No: LVD (Nemko AS) 121982, LVD (Nemko AS) 136312 (Profile 65 w. C60 only) EMC (Nemko AS) E08564.00, EMC (Nemko AS) E08564.01 (Profile 65 w. C60 only)</td>
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<td>X14475</td>
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### China RoHS table

This product described in this guide complies with the Chinese RoHS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>部件名称</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>铅</td>
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<tr>
<td>金属部件</td>
<td>X</td>
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<tr>
<td>印刷电路板及组件</td>
<td>X</td>
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<tr>
<td>线缆和线缆组装</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>显示器（包括照明灯）</td>
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### 说明：

0：表示该有毒有害物质在此部件所有均质材料中的含量均在中国标准《电子信息产品中有毒有害物质的限量要求》(SJ/T 11363 2006) 所规定的限量要求以下。

X：表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出中国标准《电子信息产品中有毒有害物质的限量要求》(SJ/T 11363-2006) 所规定的限量要求。

注意，在所售产品中未必包含所有上述所列部件。

除非在产品上有另外特别的标注，以下标志为针对所涉及产品的环保使用期限标志。环保使用期限只适用于产品在产品手册中所规定的使用条件。
Supported RFCs in SIP

The RFC (Request for Comments) series contains technical and organizational documents about the Internet, including the technical specifications and policy documents produced by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

Current RFCs and drafts supported in SIP

- RFC 1889 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-time Applications
- RFC 2190 RTP Payload Format for H.263 Video Streams
- RFC 2327 SDP: Session Description Protocol
- RFC 2396 Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax
- RFC 2617 Digest Authentication
- RFC 2782 DNS RR for specifying the location of services (DNS SRV)
- RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals
- RFC 2976 The SIP INFO Method
- RFC 3016 RTP Payload Format for MPEG-4 Audio/Visual Streams
- RFC 3047 RTP Payload Format for ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1
- RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol
- RFC 3262 Reliability of Provisional Responses in SIP
- RFC 3263 Locating SIP Servers
- RFC 3264 An Offer/Answer Model with SDP
- RFC 3311 UPDATE method
- RFC 3361 DHCP Option for SIP Servers
- RFC 3420 Internet Media Type message/sipfrag
- RFC 3515 Refer method
- RFC 3550 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications
- RFC 3581 Symmetric Response Routing
- RFC 3605 RTCP attribute in SDP
- RFC 3711 The Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP)
- RFC 3840 Indicating User Agent Capabilities in SIP
- RFC 3890 A Transport Independent Bandwidth Modifier for SDP
- RFC 3891 The SIP "Replaces" Header
- RFC 3892 Referred-By Mechanism
- RFC 3960 Early Media

- RFC 3984 RTP Payload Format for H.264 Video
- RFC 4028 Session Timers in SIP
- RFC 4145 TCP-Based Media Transport in the SDP
- RFC 4568 SDP: Security Descriptions for Media Streams
- RFC 4574 The Session Description Protocol (SDP) Label Attribute
- RFC 4582 The Binary Floor Control Protocol
- RFC 4585 Extended RTP Profile for RTCP-Based Feedback
- RFC 4587 RTP Payload Format for H.261 Video Streams
- RFC 4629 RTP Payload Format for ITU-T Rec. H.263 Video
- RFC 5168 XML Schema for Media Control
- RFC 4796 The SDP Content Attribute
- RFC 4853 SDP Format for BFCP Streams
- RFC 5589: SIP Call Control Transfer
- draft-ietf-avt-rtp-h264-rcdo-02
- draft-ietf-avt-rtp-rfc3984bis-06
- draft-ietf-sip-outbound-20: Managing Client Initiated Connections

Media capabilities supported in SIP

The audio and video media capabilities supported in SIP are the same as for H.323.
Technical specifications

TANDBERG Profile 42"/52" using C60

UNIT DELIVERED COMPLETE WITH:

- Full HD LCD display, Codec C60, remote control, PrecisionHD 1080p Camera, microphone (3x with single screen, 4x with dual screen), Digital Audio Module, integrated speakers and integrated cabling.
- Choice of installation configuration: floor stand, wheel base or wall mount on pedestal. Choice of screen size and configuration.

MONITOR Available with:

- 52" Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080x1920 resolution
- 42" Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080x1920 resolution

BASE Available with:

- Floor standing foot plate
- Wheel base (not available on 52" dual)
- Wall mount on pedestal

BANDWIDTH

- H.323/SIP up to 6 Mbps point-to-point
- H.323/SIP up to 10 Mbps MultiSite

FIREWALL TRAVERSAL

- TANDBERG Expressway™ Technology
- H.460.18, H.460.19 Firewall Traversal
- SIP ICE

VIDEO STANDARDS

- H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264

VIDEO FEATURES

- Native 16:9 Widescreen
- Advanced Screen Layouts
- Intelligent Video Management
- Local Auto Layout

VIDEO INPUTS (5 INPUTS)

2 X HDMI inputs, supported formats:

- 1600 x 1200 @ 60 Hz (UXGA)
- 1440 x 900 @ 60 Hz (WXGA+)
- 1400 x 1050 @ 60 Hz, 75 Hz
- 1366 x 768 @ 60 Hz
- 1360 x 768 @ 60 Hz
- 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz, 75 Hz
- 1280 x 768 @ 60 Hz (WXGA)
- 1280 x 600 @ 60 Hz, 72, 75, 75 Hz (SVGA)
- 1280 x 800 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
- 1280 x 768 @ 60 Hz (WXGA)
- 1280 x 720 @ 75 Hz (1080p30)
- 1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz (720p60)
- 1280 x 576 @ 60 Hz (576p60)
- 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (576p50)
- 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
- 1280 x 768 @ 60 Hz (WXGA)
- 1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz (720p30)
- 1280 x 768 @ 60 Hz (WXGA)
- 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (480p60)
- 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
- 1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz (720p30)
- 1280 x 576 @ 60 Hz (576p50)
- 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (576p50)
- 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
- 1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz (1080p30)

1280 x 768 @ 30 fps (1080p30)*
- 1280 x 768 @ 50 Hz
- 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
- 1280 x 768 @ 60 Hz (WXGA)
- 1280 x 768 @ 50 Hz (576p60)
- 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (480p60)

2 X DVI-I inputs, supported formats:

- Digital (DVI-D):
  - Same as HDMI, ref. above.
- Analog RGB (DVI-A):
  - 1920 x 1080 @ 60 Hz (1080p60)
  - 1920 x 1200 @ 60 Hz (UXGA)
  - 1920 x 1080 @ 50 Hz (1080p50)
  - 1920 x 1080 @ 25 Hz (1080p25)
  - 1280 x 720 @ 60 Hz (720p60)
  - 1280 x 720 @ 50 Hz (720p50)
  - 1280 x 720 @ 30 Hz (720p30)
  - 1280 x 768 @ 50 Hz (576p50)
  - 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (576p50)
  - 1280 x 1024 @ 60 Hz (SXGA)
  - 1280 x 768 @ 50 Hz (576p50)
  - 1280 x 480 @ 60 Hz (576p50)

2 X HDMI inputs, supported formats:

- H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264
- Encryption, Dual Stream from any site
- Best Impression (Automatic CP Layouts)
- H.323/SIP/VoIP in the same conference
- Individual layouts in MultiSite CP (Takes out SelfView)
- 4-way 720p30 High Definition SIP/H.323 MultiSite
- Support for resolutions up to 1080p30 in both main stream and dual stream
- BFCP (SIP) dual stream
- H.239 (H.323) dual stream
- DUAL STREAM
- MPEG4 AAC-LD, AAC-LD Stereo
- Audio features
- CD-Quality 20KHz Mono and Stereo
- Four separate acoustic echo cancellers
- 4-port Audio mixer
- Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
- Automatic Noise Reduction
- Active lip synchronization
- ALD (Assistive Listening Devices) support with acoustic echo cancellation

AUDIO INPUTS (7 INPUTS)

- 4 x microphone, 48V phantom powered, XLR connector each with separate echo cancellers and noise reduction, all microphones can be set for balanced line level
- 2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Stereo PC input, configurable to 2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Mono auxiliary/DVD input
- 1 x HDMI, digital: Stereo PC/DVD inputs

MULTISITE FEATURES*

- Support for resolutions up to 1080p30 in both main stream and dual stream simultaneously

4-way 720p30 High Definition SIP/H.323 MultiSite
- Full individual audio and video transcoding
- Individual layouts in MultiSite CP (Takes out SelfView)
- Best Impression (Automatic CP Layouts)
- H.323/SIP/VoIP in the same conference
- Encryption, Dual Stream from any site

www.tandberg.com
TANDBERG Profile 42''/52'', continued...

POWER
Profile 42''
Auto-sensing power supply
100-120/200-240 VAC, 60/50Hz, 4.5A max
Maximum power rating 365W

Profile 52''
Auto-sensing power supply
100-120/200-240 VAC, 60/50Hz, 6A max
Maximum power rating 526W

Profile 52'' Dual
Auto-sensing power supply
100-120/200-240 VAC, 60/50Hz, 10/5A max
Maximum power rating 870W

OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
0° C to 35° C (32° F to 95° F) ambient temperature
10% to 90% Relative Humidity (RH)

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT TEMPERATURE
-20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F) at RH 10–90% (non-condensing)

MTBF PRODUCT RELIABILITY/MTBF
The predicted reliability is expressed in the expected random Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) for the electronic components based on the Power On Hours:
Power On Hours (POH) > 69 000 hours
Useful Life Cycle > 6 years

ISO 9001 certificate is available upon request

March 2010
Technical specifications

TANDBERG Profile 65" using C60

UNIT DELIVERED COMPLETE WITH:
Full HD LCD display, Codec C60, remote control, PrecisionHD 1080p Camera, microphone, Digital Audio Module, integrated speakers and integrated cabling.

MONITOR Available with:
65” Full HD LCD, 16:9, 1080x1920 resolution

BASE Available with:
Floor standing foot plate
Wall mount on pedestal

BANDWIDTH
H.323/SIP up to 6 Mbps point-to-point
H.323/SIP up to 10 Mbps Multisite*

FIREWALL TRAVERSAL
TANDBERG Expressway™ Technology
H.460.18, H.460.19 Firewall Traversal
SIP ICE

VIDEO STANDARDS
H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264

VIDEO FEATURES
H.239 (H.323) dual stream
DUAL STREAM
H.239 (H.323) dual stream

AUDIO FEATURES
CD-Quality 20KHz Mono and Stereo
Four separate acoustic echo cancellers
4-port Audio mixer
Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
Automatic Noise Reduction
Active lip synchronization
ALD (Assistive Listening Devices) support with acoustic echo cancellation

AUDIO OUTPUTS (3 INPUTS)
2 x RCA/Phono, line level, stereo main audio, configurable to S/PDIF or 2 x RCA/Phono, line level, mono to recording device
1 x HDMI, digital: Stereo PC/DVD inputs

MULTISITE FEATURES*
4-way 720p30 High Definition SIP/H.323 MultiSite
Full individual audio and video transcoding
Individual layouts in MultiSite CP (Takes out SelfView)
H.323/SIP VoIP in the same conference
Best Impression (Automatic CP Layouts)
H.264, Encryption, Dual Stream from any site
IP Downspeeding
Dial in/Dial out
Conference rates up to 10 Mbps
TANDBERG Profile 65", continued...

**PROTOCOLS**
- H.323
- SIP

**EMBEDDED ENCRYPTION**
- H.323/SIP point-to-point
- Standards-based: H.235 v2 & v3 and AES
- Automatic key generation and exchange
- Supported in Dual Stream

**IP NETWORK FEATURES**
- DNS lookup for service configuration
- Differentiated Services (QoS)
- IP adaptive bandwidth management (including flow control)
- Auto gatekeeper discovery
- Dynamic playout and lip-sync buffering
- H.245 DTMF tones in H.323
- Date and Time support via NTP
- Packet Loss based Downsampling
- URI Dialing
- TCP/IP
- DHCP
- Direct DNS dialing
- 802.1x network authentication

**SECURITY FEATURES**
- Management via HTTPS and SSH
- IP Administration Password
- Menu Administration Password
- Disable IP services
- Network Settings protection

**NETWORK INTERFACES**
- 1 x LAN/Ethernet (RJ-45) 10/100/1000 Mbit
- **GPIO**
  - GPIO–General purpose Input/Output
- **OTHER INTERFACES**
  - USB host for future usage
  - USB device for future usage
- **PRECISIONHD 1080P CAMERA**
  - 1/3"cmOS
  - 12 x zoom
  - +15°/-25° tilt, +/- 90° pan
  - 43.5° vertical field of view
  - 72° horizontal field of view
  - Focus distance 0.3m–infinity
  - 1920 x 1080 pixels progressive @ 60fps
  - Other formats supported (configurable through Dip-switch):
    - 1920 x 1080@60 Hz (HDMI only)
    - 1920 x 1080@50 Hz (HDMI only)
    - 1920 x 1080@30 Hz
    - 1280 x 720@60 Hz
    - 1280 x 720@50 Hz
    - 1280 x 720@30 Hz
    - 1280 x 720@25 Hz
  - Automatic or manual focus/brightness/white balance
  - Far-end camera control
  - Daisy-chain support (Visca protocol camera)
  - Dual HDMI and HD-SDI output
  - Upside-down mounting with automatic flipping of picture

**SYSTEM MANAGEMENT**
- Support for the TANDBERG Management Suite
- Total management via embedded SNMP, Telnet, SSH, XML, SOAP
- Remote software upload: via web server, SCP, HTTP, HTTPS
- 1 x RS-232 for local control and diagnostics
- Remote control and on-screen menu system

**DIRECTORY SERVICES**
- Support for Local directories (My Contacts)
- Corporate Directory
- Unlimited entries using Server directory supporting LDAP and H.350
- Unlimited number for Corporate directory (through TMS)
- 200 number local directory
- Received Calls with Date and Time
- Placed Calls with Date and Time
- Missed Calls with Date and Time

**POWER**
- Auto-sensing power supply
- 100-120/200-240 VAC, 60/50Hz
- Maximum power rating 800 Watt
- Normal operation 650 Watt

**OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**
- 0° C to 35° C (32° F to 95° F) ambient temperature
- 10% to 90% Relative Humidity (RH)

**STORAGE AND TRANSPORT TEMPERATURE**
- -20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F) at RH 10–90% (non-condensing)

**APPROVALS**
- Directive 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive)
  - — Standard EN 60950-1
  - — Standard EN 55022, Class B
  - — Standard EN 55024
  - — Standard EN 61000-3-2/-3-3
- Approved according to UL 60950-1 and CSA 60950-1-07
- Complies with FCC15B Class B

**DIMENSIONS**
- Height: 65.6in/167cm
- Width: 60.3in/153cm
- Depth: 6.8in/17cm

**WEIGHT**
- With foot base: 330lbs/150kg

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All other trademarks are property of their respective owners.

**MTBF PRODUCT RELIABILITY/MTBF**
The predicted reliability is expressed in the expected random Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) for the electronic components based on the Power On Hours:
Power On Hours (POH) > 69 000 hours
Useful Life Cycle > 6 years

ISO 9001 certificate is available upon request

March 2010

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* requires option
** only one LAN/Ethernet interface supported
Technical specifications

TANDBERG Codec C60

UNIT DELIVERED COMPLETE WITH:
Video conferencing codecs, remote control, rack mounting rails, LAN cable, power cable

BANDWIDTH
H.323/SIP up to 6 Mbps point-to-point

FIREWALL TRAVERSAL
TANDBERG Expressway™ Technology
H.460.18, H.460.19 Firewall Traversal

VIDEO STANDARDS
H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264

VIDEO FEATURES
Native 16:9 Widescreen
Advanced Screen Layouts
Intelligent Video Management
Local Auto Layout

VIDEO INPUTS (5 INPUTS)
2 X HDMI inputs, supported formats:
1920 x 1080@60 Hz (1080p60)
1280 x 720@60 Hz (720p60)
1024 x 768@60 Hz (WXGA)
960 x 576@50 Hz
720 x 480@50 Hz (480p50)

LIVE VIDEO RESOLUTIONS (ENCODE/DECODE)
176 x 144@30 fps (QCIF)
352 x 288@30 fps (CIF)
704 x 576@30 fps (4CIF)
768 x 448@30 fps (w448p)
576 x 448@30 fps (448p)
512 x 288@30 fps (w288p)
352 x 288@30 fps (CIF)
176 x 144@30 fps (QCIF)

VIEWER SUPPORTED RESOLUTIONS:
PAL/NTSC

AUDIO FEATURES
CD-Quality 20KHz Mono and Stereo
Four separate acoustic echo cancellers
4-port Audio mixer
Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
Automatic Noise Reduction
Active lip synchronization
ALD (Assistive Listening Devices) support with acoustic echo cancellation

AUDIO INPUTS (7 INPUTS)
4 x microphone, 4V phantom powered, XLR connector each with separate echo cancellers and noise reduction, all microphones can be set for balanced line level
2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Stereo PC input, configurable to 2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Mono auxiliary/DVD input
1 x HDMI, digital: Stereo PC/DVD inputs

AUDIO OUTPUTS (3 OUTPUTS)
2 x RCA/Phono, line level, stereo main audio, configurable to S/PDIF or 2 x RCA/Phono, line level, mono to recording device
1 x HDMI, digital, stereo main audio

PROTOCOLS
H.323
SIP

EMBEDDED ENCRYPTION
H.323/SIP point-to-point
Standards-based: H.235 v2 & v3 and AES
Automatic key generation and exchange
Supported in Dual Stream
POWER
Auto-sensing power supply
100–240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
175 watts max. for codec and main camera

OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
0° C to 35° C (32° F to 95° F) ambient temperature
10% to 90% Relative Humidity (RH)

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT TEMPERATURE
-20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F) at RH 10–90% (non-condensing)

APPROVALS
Directive 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive)– Standard EN 60950-1
Approved according to UL 60950-1 and CSA 60950-1-07
Complies with FCC15B Class B

DIMENSIONS
Length: 17.36"/44.1 cm
Height: 3.67"/9.3 cm
Depth: 11.8"/30 cm
Weight: 11.22 lbs/5.1 kg

EMBEDDED ENCRYPTION
H.323/SIP point-to-point
Standards-based: H.235 v2 & v3 and AES
Automatic key generation and exchange
Supported in Dual Stream

IP NETWORK FEATURES
DNS lookup for service configuration
Differentiated Services (QoS)
IP adaptive bandwidth management (including flow control)
Auto gatekeeper discovery
Dynamic playout and lip-sync buffering
H.245 DTMF tones in H.323
Date and Time support via NTP
Packet Loss based Downspeeding
URI Dialing
TCP/IP
DHCP
Direct DNS dialing

SECURITY FEATURES
Management via HTTPS and SSH
IP Administration Password
Menu Administration Password
Disable IP services
Network Settings protection

NETWORK INTERFACES **
1 x LAN/Ethernet (RJ-45) 10/100/1000 Mbit

GPIO
GPIO–General purpose Input/Output

OTHER INTERFACES
USB host for future usage
USB device for future usage

PRECISIONHD 1080P CAMERA
1/3" CMOS
12 x zoom
+515°/-25° tilt, +/- 90° pan
43.5° vertical field of view
72° horizontal field of view
Focus distance 0.3m–infinity
1920 x 1080 pixels progressive @ 60fps
Other formats supported (configurable through Dip-switch):
1920 x 1080@60 Hz (HDMI only)
1920 x 1080@50 Hz (HDMI only)
1920 x 1080@30 Hz
1280 x 720@60 Hz
1280 x 720@30 Hz
1280 x 720@25 Hz
Automatic or manual focus/brightness/white balance
Far-end camera control
Daisy-chain support (Visca protocol camera)
Dual HDMI and HD-SDI output
Upside-down mounting with automatic flipping of picture

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT
Support for the TANDBERG Management Suite
Total management via embedded SNMP, Telnet, SSH, XML, SOAP
Remote software upload: via web server, SCP, HTTP, HTTPS
1 x RS-232 for local control and diagnostics
Remote control and on-screen menu system

DIRECTORY SERVICES
Support for Local directories (My Contacts)
Corporate Directory
Unlimited entries using Server directory supporting LDAP
200 number local directory
Received Calls with Date and Time
Placed Calls with Date and Time
Missed Calls with Date and Time

MTBF PRODUCT RELIABILITY/MTBF
The predicted reliability is expressed in the expected random Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) for the electronic components based on the Power On Hours: Power On Hours (POH) > 69 000 hours
Useful Life Cycle > 6 years

ISO 9001 certificate is available upon request

March 2010

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All other trademarks are property of their respective owners.

* requires option
** only one LAN/Ethernet interface supported
Technical specifications

TANDBERG Codec C40

UNIT DELIVERED COMPLETE WITH:
Video conferencing codec, remote control, rack mounting rails, LAN cable, power cable

BANDWIDTH
H.323/SIP up to 6 Mbps point-to-point

FIREWALL TRAVERSAL
TANDBERG Expressway™ Technology
H.460.18, H.460.19 Firewall Traversal

VIDEO STANDARDS
H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264

AUDIO INPUTS (5 INPUTS)
Native 16:9 Widescreen
Advanced Screen Layouts
Intelligent Video Management
Local Auto Layout

VIDEO FEATURES
Extended Display Identification Data (EDID)

VIDEO OUTPUTS (2 OUTPUTS)
1 x DVI-I inputs, supported formats:
Digital (DVI-D):
Same as HDMI, ref. above.
Analog (VGA):
x1920 x 1080i@60 Hz (1080p60)
x1920 x 1080@50 Hz (1080p50)
x1920 x 1080@30 Hz (1080p30)
x1920 x 1080@25 Hz (1080p25)
x1280 x 720i@60 Hz (720p60)
x1280 x 720@50 Hz (720p50)
x1280 x 720@30 Hz (720p30)
x720 x 576i@50 Hz (576p50)
x720 x 576@50 Hz (576p50)
x720 x 480i@60 Hz (480p60)
x720 x 480@60 Hz (480p60)

1 x HDMI output, 1 x DVI-I output, supported formats:
Analog (YPbPr):
1920 x 1080@60 Hz (1080p60)
1920 x 1080@50 Hz (1080p50)
1920 x 1080@30 Hz (1080p30)
1920 x 1080@25 Hz (1080p25)
x1280 x 720@60 Hz (720p60)
x1280 x 720@50 Hz (720p50)
x1280 x 720@30 Hz (720p30)
x720 x 576@50 Hz (576p50)
x720 x 480@60 Hz (480p60)

1 x DVI-I inputs, supported formats:
Digital (DVI-D):
Same as HDMI, ref. above.
Analog (VGA):
x1920 x 1080@60 Hz (1080p60)
x1920 x 1080@50 Hz (1080p50)
x1920 x 1080@30 Hz (1080p30)
x1920 x 1080@25 Hz (1080p25)
x1280 x 720@60 Hz (720p60)
x1280 x 720@50 Hz (720p50)
x1280 x 720@30 Hz (720p30)
x720 x 576@50 Hz (576p50)
x720 x 480@60 Hz (480p60)

1 X Composite input (BNC connector), supported formats:
PAL/NTSC

VIDEO OUTPUTS (2 OUTPUTS)
1 X HDMI output, 1 X DVI-I output, supported formats:
1920 x 1080@60 Hz (1080p60)
x1920 x 1080@50 Hz (1080p50)
x1920 x 1080@30 Hz (1080p30)
x1920 x 1080@25 Hz (1080p25)
x1280 x 720@60 Hz (720p60)
x1280 x 720@50 Hz (720p50)
x1280 x 720@30 Hz (720p30)
x720 x 576@50 Hz (576p50)
x720 x 480@60 Hz (480p60)

1 x HDMI, digital, stereo main audio

DUAL STREAM
H.239 (H.332) dual stream
BFCP (SIP) dual stream
Support for resolutions up to 1080p30 in both main stream and dual stream simultaneously

MULTISITE FEATURES
4-way SIP/H.323 MultiSite, Resolution up to 1080p30
Full audio and video transcoding
Individual layouts in MultiSite CP (Takes out SelfView)
H.323/SIP/VoIP in the same conference
Support for Presentation (H.239/BFCP) from any participant at resolutions up to WXGA
Best Impression (Automatic CP Layouts)
H.264, Encryption, Dual Stream from any site
IP Downspeeding
Dial In/Dial Out
Conference rates up to 10 Mbps

PROTOCOLS
H.323
SIP

EMBEDDED ENCRYPTION
H.323/SIP point-to-point
Standards-based: H.235 v2 & v3 and AES
Automatic key generation and exchange
Supported in Dual Stream

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IP NETWORK FEATURES
DNS lookup for service configuration
Differentiated Services (QoS)
IP adaptive bandwidth management (including flow control)
Auto gatekeeper discovery
Dynamic playout and IP-sync buffering
H.245 DTMF tones in H.323
Date and Time support via NTP

Technical specifications

TANDBERG Codec C60/C40 and Profiles using C60

D14636.02—MARCH 2010
www.tandberg.com
Packet Loss based Downspreedng
URI Dialing
TCP/IP
DHCP
802.1x Network authentication

SECURITY FEATURES
Management via HTTPS and SSH
IP Administration Password
Menu Administration Password
Disable IP services
Network Settings protection

NETWORK INTERFACES**
1 x LAN/Ethernet (RJ-45) 10/100/1000 Mbit

OTHER INTERFACES
USB device for future usage

PRECISIONHD 1080P CAMERA
1/3" CMOS
12 x zoom / 4 x zoom
+15°/-25° tilt, +/- 90° pan
43.5° vertical field of view
72° horizontal field of view
Focus distance 0.3m-infinity
1920 x 1080 pixels progressive @ 60fps (12 x version)
1920 x 1080 pixels progressive @ 30fps (4 x version)
Other formats supported (configurable through Dip-switch):
1920x1080@60fps (HDMI only)***
1920x1080@50fps (HDMI only)***
1920x1080@30fps
1920x1080@25fps
1280x720@60fps***
1280x720@50fps***
1280x720@30fps
1280x720@25fps
Automatic or manual focus/brightness/white balance
Far-end camera control
Daisy-chain support (Visca protocol camera)***
Dual HDMI and HD-SDI output
Upside-down mounting with automatic flipping of picture

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT
Support for the TANDBERG Management Suite
Total management via embedded SNMP, Telnet, SSH, XML, SOAP
Remote software upload: via web server, SCP, HTTP, HTTPS
1 x RS-232 for local control and diagnostics
Remote control and on-screen menu system

DIRECTORY SERVICES
Support for Local directories (My Contacts)
Corporate Directory
Unlimited entries using Server directory supporting LDAP and H.350
Unlimited number for Corporate directory (through TMS)
200 number local directory
Received Calls with Date and Time
Placed Calls with Date and Time
Missed Calls with Date and Time

POWER
Auto-sensing power supply
100–240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
175 watts max. for codec and main camera

OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
0° C to 35° C (32° F to 95° F) ambient temperature
10% to 90% Relative Humidity (RH)

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT TEMPERATURE
-20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F) at RH 10–90% (non-condensing)

APPROVALS
Directive 2006/95/EC (Low-Voltage Directive) — Standard EN 60950-1
Approved according to UL 60950-1 and CSA 60950-1-07
Complies with FCC15B Class B

DIMENSIONS
Length: 17.4in/44.1cm
Height: 1.7in./4.4cm
Depth: 10.9in/27.8cm

WEIGHT
Weight: 8.8lbs/4kg

All specifications are subject to change without notice, system specifics may vary.
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MTBF PRODUCT RELIABILITY/MTBF
The predicted reliability is expressed in the expected random Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) for the electronic components based on the Power On Hours:
Power On Hours (POH) > 69 000 hours
Useful Life Cycle > 6 years

ISO 9001 certificate is available upon request

March 2010