Application Programmer Interface (API) Reference Guide

Cisco TelePresence SX20 Codec
What’s in this guide?

The top menu bar and the entries in the table of contents are all hyperlinks, just click on them to go to the topic.

We recommend you visit our web site regularly for updated versions of the user documentation.

Go to: http://www.cisco.com/go/sx-docs

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Chapter 1

Introduction
About this guide

This guide introduces you to the Application Programmer Interface (API) for the TC software in general, and serve as a reference guide for the command line commands for the following product:

- Cisco TelePresence SX20 Codec

Downloading the user documentation

You can download the user documentation from the Cisco web site, go to:  http://www.cisco.com/go/sx-docs

Guidelines for how to find the documentation on the Cisco web site are included in the User documentation on the Cisco web site appendix.
What's new in CE8.1

This section provides an overview of the new and changed system settings, and the new features and improvements in the Cisco Collaboration Endpoint software version 8.1 (CE8.1) compared to CE8.0.

The list of new commands includes all changes from CE8.0 to CE8.1.

As CE software is based on TC7, the structure and main functionality remains the same as in TC software.

For more details, we recommend reading the Software release notes:


It is important to consider the upgrade requirements of CE8 before upgrading, otherwise upgrading to CE8 can leave you with a non-functioning deployment that requires you to downgrade.

New features and improvements

In-Room Control

With the In-Room Control feature you can customize the Touch 10 user interface to allow control of peripherals in your meeting room, for example lights and blinds. You get a consistent user experience when the video system and other peripherals in the room are controlled from the same device.

You can create the user interface extensions for Touch 10 with the In-Room Control Editor. This is an easy to use drag-and-drop editor that you launch from the video system's web interface. You can also work offline with a stand-alone version of the editor. The editor is available free of charge; no option key is required.

A third-party control system with hardware drivers for the peripherals, for example Crestron, AMX, Apple HomeKit, or Android is required to control the peripherals. The control system connects to the video system's API, listens for events and executes the programmed actions.

For more information about setting up the In-Room control feature, refer to the user guide: ▶ www.cisco.com/go/in-room-control-docs

User interface update

A new visual design for the Touch 10 and on-screen display user interfaces is introduced.

Overscan adjustment from then on-screen display

You can now adjust overscan settings from the on-screen display in addition to the web and command line interfaces. On systems used with a TRC6 remote control, you can adjust the screens overscan values in the setup wizard, or from the settings menu by selecting "Screen Adjustment". This way you can adjust the image to fit the screen in scenarios where parts of the image are not visible. Most screens have built-in settings to adjust the image and these should be attempted first.

Change in audio only avatar behavior

Full screen avatar for audio only participants has been removed. The audio only participants continue to be visible in the filmstrip during a call.

Intelligent Proximity updates

Sharing a presentation with Cisco Intelligent Proximity desktop application renders the laptop's mouse pointer on screen. This feature requires the latest version of Cisco Intelligent Proximity for Desktop together with CE8.1.

When using a video system with the TRC6 remote control, users can temporarily enable and disable the Intelligent Proximity services. This was previously only available on the Touch 10.

Direct content sharing

You can configure a video system to automatically share a presentation with the far-end participants when connecting a presentation source during a call. In previous software versions sharing a presentation with the far-end always required you to manually select "Share" with the remote control or the Touch controller.

If a presentation source is already connected when a call starts, you must manually select "Share" to share the presentation with the far-end.

For further details, refer to xConfiguration Video Input Connector [n] PresentationSelection.
xConfiguration changes in CE8.1

New configurations
Audio Output Line [n] Delay DelayMs
Audio Output Line [n] Delay Mode
Cameras Camera [n] Flip
NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyClientCertificate
NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate
SIP Ice OfferTcpCandidates

Configurations that are removed
None

Configurations that are modified
All configurations that were associated with the USER user role in CE8.0, are now associated with both the USER and ADMIN user roles. So all configurations that were designated for the USER user role, are now included with the ADMIN role too.

- **OLD**: User role: USER
  - **NEW**: User role: USER, ADMIN

  - **Conference DefaultCall Rate**
    - **OLD**: Default value: 1920
    - **NEW**: Default value: 3072

  - **Conference DoNotDisturb DefaultTimeout**
    - **OLD**: Integer (0..1440)
    - **NEW**: Integer (1..1440)

  - **Conference MaxTotalReceiveCallRate**
    - **OLD**: Integer (64..10000)
      - Default value: 10000
    - **NEW**: Integer (64..6000)
      - Default value: 6000

  - **SIP DisplayName**
    - **OLD**: String (0, 255)
    - **NEW**: String (0, 550)

  - **Standby BootAction**
    - **OLD**: Default value: DefaultCameraPosition
    - **NEW**: Default value: RestoreCameraPosition

  - **Time Zone**
    - **Change**: The list of time zones is updated. The information in the value space is from the tz database, also called the IANA Time Zone Database.

  - **Video Input Connector [n] PresentationSelection**
    - **OLD**: <Manual / OnConnect>
    - **NEW**: <AutoShare / Manual / OnConnect>
xCommand changes in CE8.1

New commands
Bookings Get
Cameras PresenterTrack ClearPosition
Cameras PresenterTrack Set
Cameras PresenterTrack StorePosition
SystemUnit OptionKey List
SystemUnit SoftReset
UserInterface Extensions Clear
UserInterface Extensions List
UserInterface Extensions Widget SetValue
UserInterface Extensions Widget UnsetValue
Video PresentationView Set

Commands that are removed
Provisioning CUCM CTL Delete
Provisioning CUCM CTL Show

Commands that are modified
All commands that were associated with the USER user role in CE8.0, are now associated with both the USER and ADMIN user roles. So all commands that were designated for the USER user role, are now included with the ADMIN role too.

Camera Position Control
OLD: Pan: <-65535 – 65535>
NEW: Pan: <-10000 – 10000>
OLD: Tilt: <-65535 – 65535>
NEW: Tilt: <-2500 – 2500>
OLD: Zoom: <0-65535>
NEW: Zoom: <0-8000>

Conference DoNotDisturb Activate
OLD: Timeout: <0 – 1440>
NEW: Timeout: <1 – 1440>

SystemUnit SoftwareUpgrade
NEW: Forced <False/True>

UserInterface OSD Key Click
OLD: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut>
NEW: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+->

UserInterface OSD Key Press
OLD: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut>
NEW: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+->

UserInterface OSD Key Release
OLD: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut>
NEW: Key <0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+->
xStatus changes in CE8.1

**New statuses**

- Audio Output Connectors Line[n] DelayMs
- Bookings Current Id
- SystemUnit Software DisplayName
- UserInterface Extensions Widget[n] Value
- UserInterface Extensions Widget[n] WidgetId
- USB Device[n] State
- USB Device[n] Type

**Statuses that are removed**

- SIP Proxy[n] Secure
- SIP Proxy[n] Verified

**Statuses that are modified**

- Diagnostics Message[n] Type

OLD: `<CAPFOperationState/CTLinstallation/CUCMVendorConfigurationFile/CallProtocolDualStackConfig/CallProtocolIPStackPlatformCompatibility/CallProtocolVs ProvisioningCompatibility/CameraId/CameraPairing/CameraSerial/ CameraSoftwareVersion/CameraStatus/CamerasDetected/ConfigurationFile/DefaultCallProtocolRegistered/EthernetDuplexMatches/FanStatus/PresenterTrack/ H320GatewayStatus/H323GatekeeperStatus/HasValidReleaseKey/IpCameraStatus/IPv4Assignment/IPv6Assignment/IPv6Mtu/ISDNLinkCompatibility/ISDNLinkIpStack/ITLinstallation/InvalidSIPTransportConfig/LockDown/RoomControl/MediaBlockingDetected/NetLinkStatus/NetSpeedAutoNegotiated/NetworkQuality/NTPSStatus/OSDVideoOutput/OutputConnectorLocations/ProvisioningStatus/SIPEncryption/SIPListenPortAndOutboundMode/SIPProfileRegistration/SIPProfileType/SelectedVideoInputSourceConnected/SipIceAndAnatConflict/TCPMediaFallback/TemperatureCheck/TLSVerifyRequiredCerts/TouchPanelConnection/TurnBandwidth/UdpPortRangeViolation/UltrasoundSpeakerAvailability/ValidPasswords/VideoFromInternalCamera/VideoInputStability/SparkSoftwareCompatibility/SparkConnectivity/SpeakerTrackFrontPanelMountedCorrectly/SpeakerTrackMicrophoneConnection/SpeakerTrackVideoInputs/SpeakerTrackEthernetConnection/ANATOnVCS/ECReferenceDelay/AudioPairingNoise/AudioPairingRate/AudioPairingSNR/AudioPairingInterference/AudioPairingTokenDecode/AudioInternalSpeakerDisabled/AbnormalCallTermination/HasActiveCallProtocol/SipOrH323ButNotBothEnabled/PresentationSourceSelection/SoftwareUpgrade/PlatformSanity/ContactInfoMismatch/ProximityContentShareToClientsWithMultistream/>

NEW: `<CAPFOperationState/CTLinstallation/CUCMVendorConfigurationFile/CallProtocolDualStackConfig/CallProtocolIPStackPlatformCompatibility/CallProtocolVs ProvisioningCompatibility/CameraId/CameraPairing/CameraSerial/CameraSoftwareVersion/CameraStatus/CamerasDetected/ConfigurationFile/DefaultCallProtocolRegistered/EthernetDuplexMatches/FanStatus/PresenterTrack/H320GatewayStatus/H323GatekeeperStatus/HasValidReleaseKey/IpCameraStatus/IPv4Assignment/IPv6Assignment/IPv6Mtu/ISDNLinkCompatibility/ISDNLinkIpStack/ITLinstallation/InvalidSIPTransportConfig/LockDown/RoomControl/MediaBlockingDetected/NetLinkStatus/NetSpeedAutoNegotiated/NetworkQuality/NTPSStatus/OSDVideoOutput/OutputConnectorLocations/ProvisioningStatus/SIPEncryption/SIPListenPortAndOutboundMode/SIPProfileRegistration/SIPProfileType/SelectedVideoInputSourceConnected/SipIceAndAnatConflict/TCPMediaFallback/TemperatureCheck/TLSVerifyRequiredCerts/TouchPanelConnection/TurnBandwidth/UdpPortRangeViolation/UltrasoundSpeakerAvailability/ValidPasswords/VideoFromInternalCamera/VideoInputStability/SparkSoftwareCompatibility/SparkConnectivity/SpeakerTrackFrontPanelMountedCorrectly/SpeakerTrackMicrophoneConnection/SpeakerTrackVideoInputs/SpeakerTrackEthernetConnection/ANATOnVCS/ECReferenceDelay/AudioPairingNoise/AudioPairingRate/AudioPairingSNR/AudioPairingInterference/AudioPairingTokenDecode/AudioInternalSpeakerDisabled/AbnormalCallTermination/HasActiveCallProtocol/SipOrH323ButNotBothEnabled/PresentationSourceSelection/SoftwareUpgrade/PlatformSanity/ContactInfoMismatch/ProximityContentShareToClientsWithMultistream/>

**Standby State**

OLD: `<Standby/Off>

NEW: `<Standby/EnteringStandby/Off>

**Video Monitors**

OLD: `<Dual/DualPresentationOnly/Quadruple/Single/Triple>

NEW: `<Dual/DualPresentationOnly/Quadruple/Single/Triple/TriplePresentationOnly>
What's new in this version

This section provides an overview of the new and changed system settings, and the new features and improvements in the Cisco Collaboration Endpoint software version 8.0 (CE8.0) compared to TC7.3.

As CE software is based on TC7, the structure and main functionality remains the same as in TC software.

For more details, we recommend reading the Software release notes:


It is important to consider the upgrade requirements of CE8 before upgrading; otherwise upgrading to CE8 can leave you with a non-functioning deployment that requires you to downgrade.

New features and improvements

Products

CE8.0 supports the following products:
- MX200 G2
- MX300 G2
- MX700
- MX800
- SX10 Quick Set
- SX20 Quick Set
- SX80

Cisco TelePresence products in EX Series, C Series, and Profile Series are not supported in CE software; use software version TC7.3 or earlier for these products.

User interfaces

Products running CE software, must use the following user interfaces:
- Touch 10 controller, available for all products.
- TRC6 remote control, available for SX10 and SX20.

Touch 8 controller and remote control TRC5 are not supported.

SX20 has a new on-screen display due to the introduction of the TRC6 remote control. The on-screen display for SX20 is now aligned with SX10.

If you upgrade an SX20 with a Touch 8 controller or TRC5 remote control to CE8.0, you will receive a notice to downgrade back to TC7.3 or earlier.

API changes

The number of API commands has been reduced. Some commands have been removed entirely while others are different syntactically to cater for underlying architectural changes.

It is important to consider that current integrations that use the API are likely to need to be reprogrammed in order to work with the new API.

The full list of the changes, as well as a list of new commands are available in this chapter.

Intelligent Proximity for content sharing

Cisco Proximity allows you to automatically pair your device (smartphone, tablet, or laptop) with the video system when the device comes within range. This feature is disabled by default.

Cisco Proximity offers three services: Content sharing to clients, content sharing from clients and basic call control. These services are disabled by default.

The Cisco Proximity clients for smartphones and tablets (Android and iOS), and laptops (Windows and OS X) can be downloaded from http://proximity.cisco.com. Clients for smartphones and tablets are also available through Google Play (Android) and Apple App Store (iOS).

Multistream

The Multistream feature enables the video system to send and receive multiple streams of video in different resolutions simultaneously. The video systems compose layouts locally, to better adapt the layout to all available screens.

While in a conference with multiple participants, this feature enhances the user experience in terms of layout control. A multi-screen system is able to utilize all screens when participating in a Multistream enabled conference, and the layout is improved when presenting and sharing content on all systems.

In this release Multistream is switched Off by default.

We recommend the Cisco UCM 11.0.0 and later, and the latest versions of TelePresence Server and TelePresence Conductor for optimal experience.
PIN code protection

The on-screen Advanced Settings menu can be PIN code protected to prevent unauthorized users from changing the configuration of the video system.

Resolution changes

Collaboration Endpoint Software only supports displays that support 16:9 resolution.

Remote monitoring

For increased security, it is only possible to take snapshots of the local and far end video streams from the video system’s web interface, when a Remote Monitoring option key is installed on the video system.

Remote monitoring is enabled once the option key is added, and the video system is rebooted.

No warning messages or indicators are sent to the users of the video system. Please provide adequate notice to the users that the system administrator may monitor and control the camera and screen.

Removed features

- MultiWay is no longer supported. CUCM ad hoc conferencing or hosted conferences may be used instead.
- Cisco CTMS is no longer supported. Other multipoint conferencing solutions (Involving Cisco TelePresence Server, Cisco TelePresence MCU, and/or Cisco TelePresence Conductor) may be used instead.
- MediaNet is no longer supported.
xConfiguration changes in CE8.0

New configurations
Conference MultiStream Mode
Proximity Mode
Proximity Services CallControl
Proximity Services ContentShare FromClients
Proximity Services ContentShare ToClients

Configurations that are removed
<path> * means that all configurations starting with <path> are removed.

Audio Input HDMI [1] Mode
Audio Microphones Mute Enabled
Audio Volume
Cameras Camera [n] DHCP
Cameras Camera [n] Flip
Cameras Camera [n] MotorMoveDetection
Cameras PowerLine Frequency
Conference [1] ActiveControl Mode
Conference [1] CallProtocolIPStack
Conference [1] FarEndControl SignalCapability
Conference [1] IncomingMultisiteCall Mode
Conference [1] Multipoint Mode
Conference [1] Presentation *
Conference [1] VideoBandwidth *
Experimental *
FacilityService *
H323 Profile [1] Gatekeeper Discovery
H323 Profile [1] PortAllocation
Logging Mode
Network [1] DHCP RequestTFTPServerAddress
Network [1] TrafficControl Mode
NetworkServices CTMS Encryption
NetworkServices CTMS Mode
NetworkServices HTTPS Mode
NetworkServices HTTPS OCSP *
NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyClientCertificate
NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate
NetworkServices Medianet Metadata
NetworkServices MultiWay *
NetworkServices SSH AllowPublicKey
NetworkServices XMLAPI Mode
Peripherals Pairing *
RTP *
Security *
SIP ANAT
SIP AuthenticateTransferror
SIP OCSP *
SIP PreferredIPMedia
SIP PreferredIPSignaling
SIP Profile [1] Line
SIP Profile [1] Mailbox
SIP Profile [1] Outbound
SIP Profile [1] Proxy [n] Discovery
SIP Profile [1] TlsVerify
SIP Profile [1] Turn BandwidthProbe
SIP Profile [1] Turn DiscoverMode
SIP Profile [1] Turn DropRflx
SIP Profile [1] Type
SystemUnit CallLogging Mode
SystemUnit MenuLanguage

Time OlsonZone
UserService OSD EncryptionIndicator
UserService OSD InputMethod Cyrillic
UserService OSD InputMethod InputLanguage
UserService TouchPanel DefaultPanel
UserService UserPreferences
UserService Wallpaper
Video AllowWebSnapshots
Video Input Connector [n] DviType
Video Input Connector [n] OptimalDefinition *
Video Input Connector [n] RGBQuantizationRange
Video Input Source [n] Connector
Video Layout DisableDisconnectedLocalOutputs
Video Layout LocalLayoutFamily
Video Layout PresentationDefault View
Video Layout RemoteLayoutFamily
Video Layout ScaleToFrame
Video Layout ScaleToFrameThreshold
Video Layout Scaling
Video OSD AutoSelectPresentationSource
Video OSD CallSettingsSelection
Video OSD LanguageSelection

Video OSD LoginRequired
Video OSD MenuStartupMode
Video OSD MissedCallsNotification
Video OSD Mode
Video OSD MyContactsExpanded
Video OSD TodaysBookings
Video OSD VirtualKeyboard
Video OSD WallpaperSelection
Video Output Connector [n] Location HorizontalOffset
Video Output Connector [n] Location VerticalOffset
Video Output Connector [n] RGBQuantizationRange
Video PIP *
Video Selfview
Video SelfviewPosition

Configurations that are modified

NetworkServices HTTP Mode
OLD: <Off / On>
Default value: On
NEW: <Off / HTTP+HTTPS / HTTPS>
Default value: HTTP+HTTPS

Phonebook Server[n] Type
OLD: <VCS / TMS / Callway / CUCM>
Default value: TMS
NEW: <Off / VCS / TMS / CUCM>
Default value: Off

Provisioning Mode
OLD: <Off / TMS / VCS / Callway / CUCM / Auto / Edge>
NEW: <Off / TMS / VCS / CUCM / Auto / Edge>
Standby BootAction

OLD: <None / Preset1 / Preset2 / Preset3 / Preset4 / Preset5 / Preset6 / Preset7 / Preset8 / Preset9 / Preset10 / Preset11 / Preset12 / Preset13 / Preset14 / Preset15 / RestoreCameraPosition / DefaultCameraPosition>

NEW: <None / RestoreCameraPosition / DefaultCameraPosition>

Standby WakeupAction

OLD: <None / Preset1 / Preset2 / Preset3 / Preset4 / Preset5 / Preset6 / Preset7 / Preset8 / Preset9 / Preset10 / Preset11 / Preset12 / Preset13 / Preset14 / Preset15 / RestoreCameraPosition / DefaultCameraPosition>

NEW: <None / RestoreCameraPosition / DefaultCameraPosition>

Time Zone

Change: The list of time zones is updated. The information in the value space is from the tz database, also called the IANA Time Zone Database.

Video Input Connector [n] InputSourceType

OLD: <other / camera / PC / DVD / document_camera / whiteboard>

NEW: <other / camera / PC / mediaplayer / document_camera / whiteboard>

Video Input Connector [n] PresentationSelection

OLD: <Manual / Automatic / OnConnect>

NEW: <Manual / OnConnect>

Video Output Connector [n] Resolution

OLD: <Auto / 1024_768_60 / 1280_1024_60 / 1280_720_50 / 1280_720_60 / 1920_1080_50 / 1920_1080_60 / 1280_768_60 / 1360_768_60 / 1366_768_60>

NEW: <Auto / 1280_720_50 / 1280_720_60 / 1920_1080_50 / 1920_1080_60>

Configurations that are renamed

Audio SoundsAndAlerts KeyTones Mode

Renamed to: UserInterface KeyTones Mode

Cameras Camera [n] Backlight

Renamed to: Cameras Camera [n] Backlight DefaultMode

Cameras Camera [n] Brightness Level

Renamed to: Cameras Camera [n] Brightness DefaultLevel

Conference [1] AutoAnswer Delay

Renamed to: Conference AutoAnswer Delay

Conference [1] AutoAnswer Mode

Renamed to: Conference AutoAnswer Mode

Conference [1] AutoAnswer Mute

Renamed to: Conference AutoAnswer Mute

Conference [1] DefaultCall Protocol

Renamed to: Conference DefaultCall Protocol

Conference [1] DefaultCall Rate

Renamed to: Conference DefaultCall Rate

Conference [1] DoNotDisturb DefaultTimeout

Renamed to: Conference DoNotDisturb DefaultTimeout

Conference [1] Encryption Mode

Renamed to: Conference Encryption Mode

Conference [1] FarEndControl Mode

Renamed to: Conference FarEndControl Mode

Conference [1] MaxReceiveCallRate

Renamed to: Conference MaxReceiveCallRate

Conference [1] MaxTotalReceiveCallRate

Renamed to: Conference MaxTotalReceiveCallRate

Conference [1] MaxTransmitCallRate

Renamed to: Conference MaxTransmitCallRate

H323 Profile [1] Authentication LoginName

Renamed to: H323 Authentication LoginName

H323 Profile [1] Authentication Mode

Renamed to: H323 Authentication Mode

H323 Profile [1] Authentication Password

Renamed to: H323 Authentication Password

H323 Profile [1] CallSetup Mode

Renamed to: H323 CallSetup Mode
<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Renamed to: H323 Encryption KeySize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Renamed to: H323 Gatekeeper Address</td>
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<td>H323 Profile [1] H323Alias E164</td>
<td>Renamed to: H323 H323Alias E164</td>
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<td>H323 Profile [1] H323Alias ID</td>
<td>Renamed to: H323 H323Alias ID</td>
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<td>NetworkServices NTP Address</td>
<td>Renamed to: NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address</td>
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<td>SIP Profile [1] Authentication [1] LoginName</td>
<td>Renamed to: SIP Authentication UserName</td>
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<td>Renamed to: SIP DefaultTransport</td>
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<td>Renamed to: SIP Ice DefaultCandidate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Video Input Source [n] PresentationSelection</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Input Connector [n] PresentationSelection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Input Source [n] Quality</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Input Connector [n] Quality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Input Source [n] Type</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Input Connector [n] InputSourceType</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Input Source [n] Visibility</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Input Connector [n] Visibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video MainVideoSource</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video DefaultMainSource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video OSD Output</td>
<td>Renamed to: UserInterface OSD Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Output HDMI [n] CEC Mode</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Output Connector [n] CEC Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video Output HDMI [n] MonitorRole</td>
<td>Renamed to: Video Output Connector [n] MonitorRole</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Video Output HDMI \([n]\) OverscanLevel
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Output Connector \([n]\) OverscanLevel

Video Output HDMI \([n]\) Resolution
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Output Connector \([n]\) Resolution

Video SelfviewDefault FullscreenMode
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Selfview Default FullscreenMode

Video SelfviewDefault Mode
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Selfview Default Mode

Video SelfviewDefault OnMonitorRole
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Selfview Default OnMonitorRole

Video SelfviewDefault PIPPosition
  \textit{Renamed to}: Video Selfview Default PIPPosition
xCommand changes in CE8.0

New commands
- Camera Preset ActivateDefaultPosition
- Camera Preset Show
- Proximity Services Activate
- Proximity Services Deactivate
- SystemUnit OptionKey Remove
- SystemUnit OptionKey RemoveAll
- UserManagement User Passphrase Change
- UserManagement User Passphrase Set

Commands that are removed
- Audio Sound Play
- Audio Sound Stop
- Audio VuMeter *
- Camera PanTiltReset
- Camera PositionActivateFromPreset
- Camera PositionSet
- Camera Preset Snapshot *
- CamCtrlPip
- Experimental *
- FacilityService Dial
- FarEndControl Preset Store
- Key *
- Logging ExtendedLogging *
- Message Echo
- Message FarendMessage

Presentation Byod *
- Provisioning CUCM CAPF OperationStart
- Provisioning CUCM ExtensionMobility *
- Provisioning CUCM ITL Show
- Security FIPSMode Activate
- SystemUnit AdminPassword Set
- SystemUnit ConfigurationProfile *
- UserInterface OSD Close
- UserInterface ScreenShot *
- Video AutoPresentationStart *
- Video Layout SetPresentationView
- Video OSD Close

Commands that are modified
- Call Accept
  - **REMOVED**: CallType
- Call Disconnect
  - **OLD**: CallId (r): <0 – 65534>
  - **NEW**: CallId: <0 – 65534>
- Call Hold
  - **OLD**: CallId (r): <0 – 65534>
  - **NEW**: CallId: <0 – 65534>
- Camera PositionReset
  - **NEW**: Axis: <All/Focus/PanTilt/Zoom>
- Camera Preset Edit
  - **NEW**: DefaultPosition: <False/True>
Camera Preset List
   NEW: CameraId: <1 – 7>
   NEW: DefaultPosition: <False/True>
   REMOVED: PresetId

Camera Preset Store
   NEW: DefaultPosition: <False/True>

HttpFeedback Deregister
   OLD: Required user role: ADMIN
   NEW: Required user role: USER

HttpFeedback Register
   OLD: Required user role: ADMIN
   NEW: Required user role: USER

Peripherals List
   OLD: Type: <All/BluetoothHeadset/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/TouchPanel>
   NEW: Type: <All/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/TouchPanel>

Presentation Stop
   NEW: PresentationSource: <1 – 4>

UserInterface Message Alert Clear
   OLD: Required user role: ADMIN
   NEW: Required user role: USER

UserInterface Message Prompt Clear
   OLD: Required user role: ADMIN
   NEW: Required user role: USER

UserInterface Message TextLine Clear
   OLD: Required user role: ADMIN
   NEW: Required user role: USER

UserManagement User Passphrase Set
   NEW: YourPassphrase: <S: 0, 255>

Commands that are renamed or replaced

Boot
   Renamed to: SystemUnit Boot

Call DisconnectAll
   Included in: Call Disconnect

Call HoldAll
   Included in: Call Hold

Conference ActiveSpeaker Reset
   Renamed to: Conference SpeakerLock Release

Conference ActiveSpeaker Set
   Renamed to: Conference SpeakerLock Set

DTMFSend
   Renamed to: Call DTMFSend

FarEndControl Camera Move
   Renamed to: Call FarEndControl Camera Move

FarEndControl Camera Stop
   Renamed to: Call FarEndControl Camera Stop

FarEndControl Preset Activate
   Renamed to: Call FarEndControl RoomPreset Activate

FarEndControl Source Select
   Renamed to: Call FarEndControl Source Select

Message *
   Renamed to: UserInterface Message *

Preset *
   Renamed to: RoomPreset *

SystemUnit DateTime Get
   Renamed to: Time DateTime Get

SystemUnit DateTime Set
   Renamed to: Time DateTime Set

   OLD: Year: <2008..2037>
   NEW: Year: <2015..2037>

xCommand SystemUnit Diagnostics Run
   Renamed to: xCommand Diagnostics Run

xCommand Video Presentation Set
   Renamed to: xCommand Video PresentationPIP Set
xCommand Video PictureLayoutSet
   Rename to: xCommand Video Layout LayoutFamily Set
xCommand Video PIP ActiveSpeaker Set
   Rename to: xCommand Video ActiveSpeakerPIP Set
xCommand Video PIP Presentation Set
   Rename to: xCommand Video PresentationPIP Set
xStatus changes in CE8.0

New statuses
Call [n] HoldReason
Conference Call [n] Capabilities FarendMessage Mode
Conference Call [n] Capabilities lxChannel Status
H323 Mode Reason
Proximity Services Availability
Standby State
SiP Mailbox URI
SystemUnit Software OptionKeys RemoteMonitoring
UserInterface ContactInfo ContactMethod [n] Number
UserInterface ContactInfo Name

Statuses that are removed
xStatus <path> * means that all configurations starting with xStatus <path> are removed.
Call [n] CallPriority
Call [n] ModifyState
Call [n] SecurityStatus
CallDiagnostics [n] * (was Diagnostics Call [n] * )
Cameras Camera [n] DownloadProgress (was Camera [n] DownloadProgress)
Cameras Camera [n] HardwareID (was Camera [n] HardwareID)
Cameras Camera [n] IpAddress (was Camera [n] IpAddress)
Cameras Camera [n] Position * (was Camera [n] Position *)
Cameras Camera [n] UpgradeStatus (was Camera [n] UpgradeStatus)
Conference Call [n] Appearance (was Conference Site [n] Appearance)
Conference Call [n] AttendedTransfer (was Conference Site [n] AttendedTransfer)
Conference Call [n] CalText (was Conference Site [n] CalText)
Conference Call [n] Preserved (was Conference Site [n] Preserved)
Conference Call [n] SecurityStatus (was Conference Site [n] SecurityStatus)
Conference Call [n] UnattendedTransfer (was Conference Site [n] UnattendedTransfer)
Conference Line [n] Appearance [n] *
Conference LoudestSite
Conference Presentation LastLocalSource
Conference Presentation LocalSendingMode
Conference Presentation LocalSource
Conference Presentation Protocol
Conference Presentation Resolution *
Conference SelectedCallProtocol
Conference Site [n] ConferenceExtended
Diagnostics LastRun (was SystemUnit Diagnostics LastRun)
Experimental *
H320 *
ICE *
Logging *
MediaChannels Call [n] *
Network [n] IPv4 DHCP *
Network [n] IPv4 DNS *
Network [n] MTU
Peripherals ConnectProgress [n] *
Peripherals ControllableDevice [n] *
Provisioning CUCM *
Provisioning NextRetry
Provisioning Reason
Provisioning Server
Provisioning Software PreviousUpgrade *
Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus SecondsUntilUpgrade
RoomPreset [n] * (was Preset [n] *)
Security Audit Server Port
SystemUnit Hardware BootSoftware
SystemUnit Hardware MainBoard *
SystemUnit Hardware Module CompatibilityLevel
SystemUnit Hardware Module Identifier
SystemUnit Hardware MonitoringSoftware
SystemUnit Hardware TemperatureThreshold
SystemUnit Hardware UDI
SystemUnit MenuLogo
SystemUnit Software Application
SystemUnit State Subsystem Application
SystemUnit State System
Time ZoneOlson

Video Input LastConnectedSource
Video Layout *

Statuses that are modified
Call [n] Protocol
OLD: String
NEW: <H320/H323/SIP>
Conference Multipoint Mode
OLD: <Auto/CUCMMediaResourceGroupList/MultiSite/MultiWay/Off>
NEW: <Auto/CUCMMediaResourceGroupList/MultiSite/Off>
Diagnostics Message [n] Type
NEW: TemperatureCheck, AudioInternalSpeakerDisabled, and ContactInfoMismatch added to the value space

H323 Mode Status
OLD: String
NEW: <Enabled/Disabled>

Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Status
OLD: <Connected/ResponseTimedOut>
NEW: <Connected/ResponseTimedOut/Unpairing/LostConnection>

Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Type
OLD: <BluetoothHeadset/Byod/Camera/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/SpeakerTrack Byod/TouchPanel>
NEW: <Byod/Camera/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/SpeakerTrack Byod/TouchPanel>

Provisioning Status
OLD: <AuthenticationFailed/ConfigError/Failed/Idle/NeedConfig/Provisioned>
NEW: <AuthenticationFailed/ConfigError/Failed/Idle/NeedConfig/Provisioning/Provisioned>

SystemUnit Software OptionKeys MultiSite
OLD: String
NEW: <False/True>

SystemUnit Software OptionKeys PremiumResolution
OLD: String
NEW: <False/True>

Statuses that renamed
xStatus <path> * means that all configurations starting with xStatus <path> are removed.

Camera [n] *
Renamed to: Cameras Camera [n] *
Conference ActiveSpeaker Manual SiteId
Renamed to: Conference SpeakerLock CallId
Conference ActiveSpeaker Mode
Renamed to: Conference SpeakerLock Mode
Conference ActiveSpeaker SiteId
    Renamed to: Conference ActiveSpeaker CallId
Conference Presentation Instance[n] LocalSendingMode
    Renamed to: Conference Presentation LocalInstance[n] SendingMode
Conference Presentation Instance[n] LocalSource
    Renamed to: Conference Presentation LocalInstance[n] Source
Conference Presentation SiteId
    Renamed to: Conference Presentation CallId
Conference Site [n] *
    Renamed to: Conference Call [n] *
Conference Site [n] Hold
    Renamed to: Conference Call [n] Capabilities Hold
NetworkServices NTP Address
    Renamed to: NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address
SIP Profile [n] *
    Renamed to: SIP *
SIP Profile [n] DirectoryURI Alias [n] URI
    Renamed to: SIP AlternateURI Alias [n] URI
SIP Profile [n] DirectoryURI Primary URI
    Renamed to: SIP AlternateURI Primary URI
SystemUnit ContactInfo
    Renamed to: UserInterface ContactInfo ContactMethod [n] Number
SystemUnit ContactName
    Renamed to: UserInterface ContactInfo Name
SystemUnit Diagnostics Message [n] *
    Renamed to: Diagnostics Message [n] *
SystemUnit Software MaxAudioCalls
    Renamed to: Capabilities Conference MaxAudioCalls
SystemUnit Software MaxVideoCalls
    Renamed to: Capabilities Conference MaxVideoCalls
SystemUnit State MaxNumberOfActiveCalls
    Renamed to: Capabilities Conference MaxActiveCalls
SystemUnit State MaxNumberOfCalls
    Renamed to: Capabilities Conference MaxCalls
Video Input Source [n] Resolution FormatStatus
    Renamed to: Video Input Source [n] FormatStatus
Video Input Source [n] Resolution FormatType
    Renamed to: Video Input Source [n] FormatType
Video PIP ActiveSpeaker Position
    Renamed to: Video ActiveSpeaker PIPPosition
Video PIP Presentation Position
    Renamed to: Video Presentation PIPPosition
Chapter 2

About the API
API fundamentals

This chapter contains a top-level view of the mechanisms supported by the codec API.

Here you can read about how to access the API, how to use the command line and what the different parts of the API can be used for. Information on how to use the feedback functions that are available for the codec is included in this chapter.

The API consists of four major groups:

- Commands
- Configurations
- Status
- Events

These four groups are hierarchically organized, which makes it easier to find related functionality. You can find the complete lists of all commands, configurations and statuses in the following chapters.

Connecting to the API

There are several ways to access the codec API. Regardless of which method you choose, the structure of the API stays the same. Choose the connection method that suits your application best. Before you start, please read this section about the different methods, as some of those may require additional configuration changes before being enabled.

The following configurations, apart from password, can be set from the System configuration menu on the web interface or from the command line interface. All of the examples are for the command line interface.

Password

The video system is delivered with a default user account with full credentials. The user name is admin, and initially, no password is set for the default user.

It is mandatory to set a password for the admin user in order to restrict access to system configuration. You should in addition set a password for any other user with similar credentials.

You can set the password on the codec's web interface. Open a web browser and enter the IP address of the video system in the address bar and log in. Click your user name in the upper right corner and choose Change password in the drop down menu.

RS-232/serial connection

This is one of the most used connections to our products for integrators, as it can be used without an IP address, DNS or a network.

Codec configurations

There are two different configurations that can be changed for serial connections; the baud-rate and whether login is required or not. A reboot of the codec is required for these settings to take effect.

```plaintext
xConfiguration SerialPort BaudRate: <9600/19200/38400/57600/115200>
```

```plaintext
xConfiguration SerialPort LoginRequired: <Off/On>
```

Connecting

For the SX20 codec you need a USB to RS-232 adapter to connect to the USB port.

**NOTE:**

- For security reasons the password prompting is turned on by default, but it can be turned off if preferred.
- The default baud rate is set to 38400. The reason for this is that the codec can give very much feedback. When using 9600 baud it may cause your integration to appear sluggish. We therefore recommend keeping the connection at this speed or higher.
- During the initial boot sequence, the codec uses a baud rate of 38400 regardless of the application baud rate you have set.
Telnet

Telnet can be viewed as the equivalent of the serial protocol in the TCP/IP world. Telnet is disabled by default. Before connecting to the codec with Telnet you have to enable it.

Codec configuration

To enable Telnet service, configure the following setting on the codec. Changing this setting does not require a reboot of the device, but it may take some time to take effect.

```
Configuration NetworkServices Telnet Mode: On
```

SSH

SSH is a secure TCP/IP connection and it is enabled by default on the codec. It can be disabled. You need a SSH client, such as PuTTY, to access the API over SSH.

HTTP/HTTPS

As HTTP/HTTPS are connectionless protocols, there is no persistent connection. There are several ways of communicating with the API over HTTP.

Codec configuration

In order to enable or disable the HTTP and HTTPS services, configure the following settings on the codec. Changing these settings requires a reboot of the device.

```
Configuration NetworkServices HTTP Mode: <Off/On>
Configuration NetworkServices HTTPS Mode: <Off/On>
```

Connecting

You can inspect the API by entering the IP-address or host name of the codec in your favorite web browser. In the web interface, you can find the API documents under the menu section Integration > Developer API. The HTTP POST and GET methods are used to execute commands and get feedback from the codec. This is described in "Using HTTP" on page 32 in this document.
API output

The xPreferences is used to set preferences for the RS-232, Telnet and SSH sessions.

The output modes

- **Terminal**: Line based output for use with line based control systems
- **XML**: XML output for use with control systems that understand XML.
- **JSON**: JSON format is convenient when integrating with web based systems.

The default output mode is **terminal**. To change this you have to define your preferences for each session individually. Examples in this guide are in terminal mode.

To set output mode to XML, issue the command:

```
xPreferences outputmode xml
```

To revert to terminal mode, issue the command:

```
xPreferences outputmode terminal
```

**Example**: Layout command in terminal mode

```
xCommand Video Layout AssignCall CallId: 2 LayoutId: 1
```

**Example**: Layout command in XML mode

```
<Command>
 <Video>
  <Layout>
   <AssignCall command="True">
    <CallId>2</CallId>
    <LayoutId>1</LayoutId>
   </AssignCall>
  </Layout>
 </Video>
</Command>
```
Using the command line

Help

To get a list of all supported top level commands you can type ? or help after connecting to the TelePresence System using RS-232, Telnet or SSH (Example 1).

Example 1:

```
? - User Commands -
  help          xcommand       xconfiguration  xevent          xfeedback
  xgetxml       xdocument       xpreferences    xtransaction    xstatus
  bye           echo            log             systemtools
OK
```

Bye

Typing the bye command closes the command line interface.

API commands

xConfiguration

Configurations are system settings, such as system name and network settings. These are persistent across boots. Refer to "Configurations" on page 28.

xCommand

Commands instruct the codec to execute actions, such as to dial a number or to search the phone book. Refer to "Commands" on page 28.

xStatus

A status contains the current state of the codec, such as connected calls, the status of the gatekeeper registration, connected inputs and output sources. Refer to "Status" on page 28.

xFeedback

The Feedback commands are used to specify what parts of the configuration and status hierarchies to monitor. Feedback is only issued on the RS-232, Telnet or SSH session for which it is specified. If you are connecting to the codec with multiple sessions, you have to define feedback individually for each session. Refer to "Feedback mechanism" on page 30.

xPreferences

The xPreferences command is used to set preferences for the RS-232, Telnet and SSH sessions. Refer to "API output" on page 25.

Echo <on/off>

If echo is set to On the key inputs are displayed when entering text in a command line interface.

If echo is set to Off user input is not displayed when entering text in a command line interface.

xEvent

The xEvent command returns information on which events are available for feedback. Refer to "Events" on page 29.

xGetxml

The xGetxml request returns an XML document based on the location parameter attached to the request. The elements (or a complete document) matching the expression will be returned. Refer to "Feedback mechanism" on page 30.

Other commands

Systemtools

The systemtools commands are a set of command line tools for administrative control and diagnostics. The commands can be used for advanced troubleshooting together with Cisco technical support. Systemtools are not a part of the programming API. Refer to "The SystemTools commands" on page 176.

Log

The log command is used to enable advanced logs. It is only used for debugging the system.
Command line shortcuts

If your client supports it, there are some timesaving shortcuts you can use:

- Tab-completion to complete the commands and arguments.
- Arrow up and arrow down keys to navigate your command history.
- <CTRL-a>: Jump to the beginning of the line.
- <CTRL-e>: Jump to the end of the line.
- <CTRL-r>: Incremental command history search.
- <CTRL-w>: Erase the current line.

Searching

You can use // to search for elements anywhere in the status or configuration hierarchy (Example 1).

You can also combine multiple //</>s (Example 2).

**NOTE:** The search shortcuts work well for inspecting the API, but should not be used in applications. We recommend that you always use the complete paths to avoid command ambiguity when upgrading to newer firmware releases.

**Example 1:**
List all configurations that include words that starts with OUT and HDMI:

```shell
xconfiguration //out//hdmi
```

* configuration Audio Output HDMI 1 Level: 0
* configuration Audio Output HDMI 1 Mode: On
* configuration Audio Output HDMI 2 Level: 0
* configuration Audio Output HDMI 2 Mode: Off
** end

**Example 2:**
Get the resolution width of all connected sources for both inputs and outputs:

```shell
xStatus //vid//res//wid
```

* video Input Source 1 Resolution Width: 1920
* video Input Source 2 Resolution Width: 0
* video Input Source 3 Resolution Width: 0
* video Input Source 4 Resolution Width: 0
* video Output Connector 1 Resolution Width: 1920
* video Output Connector 2 Resolution Width: 1280
* video Output Connector 3 Resolution Width: 1280
** end

Value types and formats

The system supports the following value types:

- **Integer values:** <x..y>
  Defines the valid range for an integer input. x = min value, y = max value.
- **Literal values:** <X/Y/Z>
  Defines the possible values for a given configuration.
- **String values:** <S: x, y>
  Defines that the valid input for this configuration is a string with minimum length of x and maximum length of y characters. Strings can have rules that further specify their format and length.

Input values that contain spaces need to be quoted

Any values for configurations and commands containing spaces must be enclosed in quotes. Quotes are not necessary for values without spaces.

**Example:**
Correct: `xCommand dial number: "my number contains spaces"`
Correct: `xCommand dial number: 12345`
Incorrect: `xCommand dial number: my number contains spaces`

Case sensitivity

All commands are case-insensitive. All of the following commands will work.

```shell
xCOMMAND DIAL NUMBER: foo@bar.org
xcommand dial number: foo@bar.org
xCommand Dial Number: foo@bar.org
```
Commands

Commands instruct the codec to execute actions, such as to dial a number or to search the phone book. All commands start with the prefix xCommand followed by a command path.

Writing xCommand ? on the command line will list all the top level commands.

To view the complete list of commands and their parameters, write xCommand ?? on the command line.

Command arguments are key-value pairs.

When issuing a xCommand, the command consists of one argument and one required parameter. In this document the command usage is described for all xCommands, with both required and optional parameters. The optional parameters are in brackets.

Example: xCommand Dial Number: 123
- xCommand is the command prefix. The command to be executed is Dial.
- The example contains one argument, Number: 123. Number is the key and 123 is its value. The key/value pair is separated with ':'.

Configurations

Configurations are system settings that are persistent across boots. Like commands, also configurations are structured in a hierarchy.

Writing xConfiguration ? on the command line lists all the top level configurations.

Writing xConfiguration ?? lists all configurations and their value spaces.

Writing xConfiguration lists all configurations and their current values. To list out only some of the configurations, write xConfiguration followed by one or more parts of the configuration paths.

Example: Set the H323 Alias ID
Write in:

xConfiguration H323 Profile 1 H323Alias ID: "changed@company.com"

Example: Get the H323 Alias ID
Write in:

xConfiguration H323 Profile 1 H323Alias ID

Result:
*c xConfiguration H323 Profile 1 H323Alias ID: "changed@company.com"
**end

Status

A status contains the current state of the codec, such as connected calls, the status of the gatekeeper registration, connected inputs and output sources.

Writing xStatus ? on the command line lists all top level statuses.

Writing xStatus lists all statuses and their current values.

To list out only some of the statuses, write xstatus followed by the relevant part of the status path (address expression):

xStatus <address expression>
Events

Event returns information about the events that are available for feedback. This overview presents examples of some of the events that are available on the API.

To get an overview of the supported events type ?, ?? or help after xEvent:
- xEvent ? Lists the top level events
- xEvent ?? List all of the available events
- xEvent help Lists the top level events

The result for events depends on the state of the codec.

Example 1: Outgoing Call Indication
Outgoing Call Indication is an event reported when an outgoing call is about to be dialled. Returns the CallId the call has been assigned.

```
*e OutgoingCallIndication CallId: x
** end
```

Example 2: Call Disconnect
Call Disconnect is an event reported when a call is disconnected. Returns the CallId of the disconnected call and reason for the call's disconnection.

```
*e CallDisconnect CallId: x CauseValue: 0
  CauseString: "" CauseType: LocalDisconnect
  OrigCallDirection: "outgoing"
** end
```

Example 3: Call Successful
Call Successful is an event reported when a call is connected successfully, that is when all channels are up and established.

```
*e CallSuccessful CallId: 132 Protocol: "h223"
  Direction: "outgoing" CallRate: 768 RemoteURI:
  "h223:integratorHQ@company.com" EncryptionIn:
  "off" EncryptionOut: "off"
** end
```

Example 4: FECC Action request
FECC Action request is an event reported when far end is sending FECC commands.

```
*e FeccActionInd Id: 132 Req: 1 Pan: 1 PanRight:
  1 Tilt: 0 TiltUp: 0 Zoom: 0 ZoomIn: 0 Focus: 0
  FocusIn: 0 Timeout: 300 VideoSrc: 0 m: 0
** end
```

Example 5: TString message received
TString message received is an event reported when far end has sent a TString message.

```
*e TString CallId: 132 Message: "ee"
** end
```

Example 6: SString message received
SString message received is an event reported when far end has sent a SString message.

```
*e SString String: "ee" Id: 132
** end
```
Feedback mechanism

To build solutions that can reliably keep the state between the application and the codec synchronized, you need to set up a notification system to report the changes in the state of the codec.

The API supports notifications on the following:
- Configuration changes
- Status changes
- Event notifications

These notifications will not be sent unless the user has explicitly told the codec to do so. The user is required to subscribe to all the feedback the application needs. This is done by registering feedback expressions. The way of registering feedback expressions varies according to the connection method used.

When using HTTP, the method of handling feedback differs slightly from what is presented in this section. See "Feedback from codec over HTTP" on page 33 for more information.

WARNING: A codec may give very much feedback, especially when calls are connected and disconnected. Therefore, you should only subscribe to the feedback that you need.

Never register for all status feedback by issuing xFeedback register /Status. This may give the control application too much data to handle, which may lead to sluggish or unpredictable behavior.

Feedback expressions

The expression used when registering for feedback is a variant of the XPath language. This language describes a way to select nodes from an XML document. CE software contains three main feedback documents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document</th>
<th>API command</th>
<th>Path</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>xStatus</td>
<td>/Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>xConfiguration</td>
<td>/Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event</td>
<td>xEvent</td>
<td>/Event</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The syntax for feedback registering is:

    xFeedback register <path>

Never register for all status feedback by issuing xFeedback register /Status.

It is safe to register for all configuration changes using xFeedback register /Configuration, as configuration changes will most likely not occur that often.

By going through some examples, we can see how this information can be used to build feedback expressions. A good way to verify the expressions is to point your browser to http://<ip-address>/getxml?location=path or to execute xgetxml <path> from the terminal, and check that the output matches the nodes you want feedback on.

Example 1: Microphones Mute status.

Terminal query

    xStatus Audio Microphones Mute
    *s Audio Microphones Mute: Off
    ** end

Equivalent feedback expression

    xFeedback register /Status/Audio/Microphones/Mute

Example 2: Name of all video input connectors.

Terminal query

    xConfiguration Video Input Connector Name
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 1 Name: "NameA"
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 2 Name: "NameB"
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 3 Name: "NameC"
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 4 Name: "NameD"
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 5 Name: "NameE"
    ** end

Equivalent feedback expression

    xFeedback register /Configuration/Video/Input/Connector/Name

Example 3: Name of video input connector 3.

Terminal query

    xConfiguration Video Input Connector 3 Name
    *c xConfiguration Video Input Connector 3 Name: "NameE"
    ** end

Equivalent feedback expression

    xFeedback register /Configuration/Video/Input/Connector[@item='3']/Name
Terminal connections

Managing feedback subscriptions

To register, list and deregister feedback expressions you use the command `xFeedback` and its corresponding subcommands.

The registered expressions are only valid for the currently active connection. If you open two Telnet sessions and register to get feedback in one session, you do not receive feedback in the other session. This also means that if you disconnect from a session, you have to re-register all expressions after reconnecting.

You can register up to 38 expressions.

Feedback output

The feedback output is exactly the same as you get when querying the system using the `xConfiguration` and `xStatus` commands. E.g., if you issue the command `xStatus Standby Active` on the command line the result is:

```
*s Standby Active: On
** end
```

If you have registered for feedback on status changes the feedback you get when the system goes to standby-mode will be exactly the same:

```
*s Standby Active: On
** end
```

This means that when you are programming against the device you only need to handle one format.

Example: Managing feedback subscriptions

**A:** Register feedback expressions.

Write in: `xFeedback register /Status/Audio`

Result: `** end OK`

Write in: `xFeedback register /Event/CallDisconnect`

Result: `** end OK`

Write in: `xFeedback register /Configuration/Video/MainVideoSource`

Result: `** end OK`

**B:** List out currently registered expressions.

Write in: `xFeedback list`

Result: `/Configuration/Video/MainVideoSource
/Event/CallDisconnect
/Status/Audio`

```
**  end
OK
```

**C:** Deregister feedback expressions.

Write in: `xFeedback deregister /Event/CallDisconnect`

Result: `** end OK`

Write in: `xFeedback deregister /Status/Audio`

Result: `** end OK`

**D:** List the new feedback expressions.

Write in: `xFeedback list`

Result: `/Configuration/Video/MainVideoSource`

```
**  end
OK
```
Using HTTP

The codec supports sending commands and configurations over HTTP and HTTPS. It is also possible to retrieve configurations and statuses this way. This interface exposes the same API as the command line, but in XML format.

URL cheat sheet

The following table contains the main URLs used when accessing the API over HTTP.

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<td>Configurations and commands in HTTP body</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Getting status and configurations

**Example 1:** Get all status entries on the codec.
http://<ip-address>/getxml?location=/Status

**Example 2:** Get just the audio statuses of the codec.
http://<ip-address>/getxml?location=/Status/Audio

**Example 3:** Get all configurations of the codec.
http://<ip-address>/getxml?location=/Configuration

**Example 4:** Get all video configurations of the codec.
http://<ip-address>/getxml?location=/Configuration/Video

Sending commands and configurations

Using HTTP POST

When sending configurations and commands to the codec, it is important that the HTTP header Content-Type is set to text/xml, i.e. Content-Type: text/xml. The body of the POST should contain the XML content.

**Example 1:** Changing the system name.

Request

```
POST /putxml HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: text/xml

<Configuration>
  <SystemUnit>
    <Name>newName</Name>
  </SystemUnit>
</Configuration>
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/xml
Content-Length: 91

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<Command>
  <CameraPositionSetResult item="1" status="OK"/>
</Command>
```

**Example 2:** Setting the camera position.

Request

```
POST /putxml HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: text/xml

<Command>
  <Camera>
    <PositionSet command="True">
      <CameraId>1</CameraId>
      <Pan>200</Pan>
      <Tilt>200</Tilt>
    </PositionSet>
  </Camera>
</Command>
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/xml
Content-Length: 91

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<Command>
  <CameraPositionSetResult item="1" status="OK"/>
</Command>
```
Feedback from codec over HTTP

To get notifications from the codec, you need to register HTTP feedback expressions. The codec then uses HTTP POST to send feedback messages to the URL supplied in ServerUrl. This means that you have to have a HTTP server running for your application to receive updates from the codec.

Registering for feedback

The command for registering is xCommand HttpFeedback Register. The syntax for this command and its arguments are described in this section.

HttpFeedback Register syntax:

```
xCommand HttpFeedback Register
  FeedbackSlot: <1..4>
  ServerUrl(r): <S: 1, 2048>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
  Expression: <S: 1, 255>
```

Feedback output

When the codec notifies the registered HTTP server about changes, the body contains the same XML as when polling. There is however one small difference. The root-node contains an Identification node with children that specify the codec from which the notification originated. This means that you can handle multiple codecs with a single HTTP server URI.

Example: Audio volume changed.

```
<Configuration xmlns="http://www.company.com/XML/CUIL/2.0">
  <Identification>
    <SystemName>integrator</SystemName>
    <MACAddress>00:00:de:ad:be:ef</MACAddress>
    <IPAddress>192.168.1.100</IPAddress>
    <ProductType>Cisco Codec</ProductType>
    <ProductID>Cisco Codec C90</ProductID>
    <SWVersion>TC6.0.0.199465</SWVersion>
    <HWBoard>101401-5 [08]</HWBoard>
    <SerialNumber>PH0000000</SerialNumber>
  </Identification>
  <Audio item="1">
    <Volume item="1">60</Volume>
  </Audio>
</Configuration>
```
Translating from terminal mode to XML

Translating commands

The XML commands maintain the same structure as the terminal commands, but they use a parent-child relationship to describe the hierarchy. You can see this structure in the examples below.

**Example 1:** Setting up a call.

**Terminal**

```
xCaption Dial Number: "12345" Protocol: H323
```

**XML**

```
<Command>
    <Dial command="True">
        <Number>12345</Number>
        <Protocol>H323</Protocol>
    </Dial>
</Command>
```

**Example 2:** Assigning video layout to a call.

**Terminal**

```
xCommand Video Layout AssignCall CallId: 2 LayoutId: 1
```

**XML**

```
<Command>
    <Video>
        <Layout>
            <AssignCall command="True">
                <CallId>2</CallId>
                <LayoutId>1</LayoutId>
            </AssignCall>
        </Layout>
    </Video>
</Command>
```

Translating configurations

Translating from xConfiguration to XML is similar to commands, but with the addition of a special attribute `item="NN"` for specifying the index in arrays.

**Example:** Configuring the input source type for video input connector 2.

**Terminal**

```
xConfiguration Video Input Connector 2
    InputSourceType: camera
```

**XML**

```
<Configuration>
    <Video>
        <Input>
            <Connector item="2">
                <InputSourceType>camera</InputSourceType>
            </Connector>
        </Input>
    </Video>
</Configuration>
```
Dos and don’ts
Here are some best practices when programming the Cisco SX series API.

AVOID remote control emulation
The use of xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Click and xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Press commands is highly discouraged. The commands are still available in the API, but we recommend the use of direct commands, as this ensures backwards compatibility in your integrations. Program against the codec, not the on-screen-display.

DO use complete commands
You should always use complete commands when programming, i.e. always use xConfiguration Video instead of xconf vid. The shortcuts can be used for searches in the API on the command line, but not for programming. The reason for this is that you might end up with ambiguous code when additional commands are added to the API.

DO NOT subscribe to unnecessary feedback
Subscribing to too much feedback may congest the control application. Although the amount of feedback may seem fine in the current version, the amount of feedback may grow in future releases.
Chapter 3

xConfiguration commands
Description of the xConfiguration commands

In this chapter, you can find a complete list of the xConfiguration commands. The examples show either the default value or an example of a value.

We recommend you visit our web site regularly for updated versions of the manual.
Go to: http://www.cisco.com/go/sx-docs

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Audio configuration

xConfiguration Audio DefaultVolume
Define the default volume for the speakers. The volume is set to this value when you switch on or restart the video system. Use the Touch controller or remote control to change the volume while the video system is running. You may also use API commands (xCommand Audio Volume) to change the volume while the video system is running, and to reset to default value.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 50

USAGE:

xConfiguration Audio DefaultVolume: \texttt{DefaultVolume}
where

\texttt{DefaultVolume}: Integer (0..100)
Select a value between 1 and 100. This corresponds to the dB range from -34.5 dB to 15 dB, in steps of 0.5 dB). If set to 0 the audio is switched off.

xConfiguration Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone
Define which ringtone to use for incoming calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Sunrise

USAGE:

xConfiguration Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone: \texttt{RingTone}
where

\texttt{RingTone}: Sunrise/Mischief/Ripples/Reflections/Vibes/Delight/ Evolve/Playful/Ascent/Calculation/Mellow/Ringer
Select a ringtone from the list.

xConfiguration Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume
Define the ring volume for incoming calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 50

USAGE:

xConfiguration Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume: \texttt{RingVolume}
where

\texttt{RingVolume}: Integer (0..100)
The value goes in steps of 5 from 0 to 100 (from -34.5 dB to 15 dB). Volume 0 = Off.

xConfiguration Audio Input Line \texttt{[1]} VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo
The audio source can be associated with a video source on the video input connector, and you can determine whether to play or mute audio depending on whether the video source is presented or not.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

USAGE:

xConfiguration Audio Input Line \texttt{[n]} VideoAssociation MuteOnInactiveVideo:
\texttt{MuteOnInactiveVideo}
where

\texttt{MuteOnInactiveVideo}: Off/On
- Off: The audio source is not associated with a video source. The audio will be played locally and to far end regardless of whether the video source is presented.
- On: The audio source is associated with a video source. The audio will be played (locally and to far end) when the associated video source is presented. The audio will be muted when the video source is not presented.
xConfiguration Audio Input Line [1] VideoAssociation VideoInputSource
The audio source can be associated with a video source on the video input connector.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 2

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Audio Input Line $n$ VideoAssociation VideoInputSource:
VideoInputSource
where
$n$: Unique ID that identifies the audio line input. Range: 1..1
VideoInputSource: 1/2
  Select the video input connector to associate the audio source with.

xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone [1..2] EchoControl Mode
The echo canceller continuously adjusts itself to the audio characteristics of the room, and compensates for any changes it detects in the audio environment. If the changes in the audio conditions are significant, the echo canceller may take a second or two to re-adjust.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone $n$ EchoControl Mode: Mode
where
$n$: Unique ID that identifies the microphone input. Range: 1..2
Mode: Off/On
  Off: Turn off the echo control. Recommended if external echo cancellation or playback equipment is used.
  On: Turn on the echo control. Recommended, in general, to prevent the far end from hearing their own audio. Once selected, echo cancellation is active at all times.

xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone [1..2] EchoControl NoiseReduction
The system has built-in noise reduction, which reduces stationary background noise, for example noise from air-conditioning systems, cooling fans etc. In addition, a high pass filter (Humfilter) reduces very low frequency noise. Noise reduction requires that Audio Input Microphone $n$ EchoControl Mode is enabled.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone $n$ EchoControl NoiseReduction: NoiseReduction
where
$n$: Unique ID that identifies the microphone input. Range: 1..2
NoiseReduction: Off/On
  Off: Turn off the noise reduction.
  On: Turn on the noise reduction. Recommended in the presence of low frequency noise.

xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone [1..2] EchoControl Dereverberation
The system has built-in signal processing to reduce the effect of room reverberation. Dereverberation requires that Audio Input Microphone [n] EchoControl Mode is enabled.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone $n$ EchoControl Dereverberation: Dereverberation
where
$n$: Unique ID that identifies the microphone input. Range: 1..2
Dereverberation: Off/On
  Off: Turn off the dereverberation.
  On: Turn on the dereverberation.
**xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone [1..2] Level**

Define the audio level of the Microphone input connector.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: 14

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone \( n \) Level: Level
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the microphone input. Range: 1..2
- \( Level \): Integer (0..24)

Select a value between 0 and 24, in steps of 1 dB.

**xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone [1..2] Mode**

Disable or enable audio on the microphone connector.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Audio Input Microphone \( n \) Mode: Mode
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the microphone input. Range: 1..2
- \( Mode \): Off/On

Off: Disable the audio input microphone connector.

On: Enable the audio input microphone connector.

---

**xConfiguration Audio Output Line [1] Delay DelayMs**

To obtain lip-synchronization, you can configure each audio line output with an extra delay that compensates for delay in other connected devices, for example TVs. The delay that you set here is either fixed or relative to the delay on the HDMI output, as defined in the Audio Output Line [n] Delay Mode setting.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: 0

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Audio Output Line \( n \) Delay DelayMs: DelayMs
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the audio line output. Range: 1..6
- \( DelayMs \): Integer (0..290)

The delay in milliseconds.

**xConfiguration Audio Output Line [1] Delay Mode**

You may add extra delay to an audio line output with the Audio Output Line [n] Delay DelayMs setting. The extra delay added is either a fixed number of milliseconds, or a number of milliseconds relative to the detected delay on the HDMI output (typically introduced by the connected TV).

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: RelativeToHDMI

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Audio Output Line \( n \) Delay Mode: Mode
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the audio line output. Range: 1..6
- \( Mode \): Fixed/RelativeToHDMI

Fixed: Any extra delay (DelayMs) added to the output, will be a fixed number of millisecond.

RelativeToHDMI: Any extra delay (DelayMs) added to the output, will be relative to the detected delay on the HDMI output. The actual delay is HDMI-delay + DelayMs. The Audio Output Connectors Line [n] DelayMs status reports the actual delay.
Cameras configuration

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Backlight DefaultMode
This configuration turns backlight compensation on or off. Backlight compensation is useful when there is much light behind the persons in the room. Without compensation the persons will easily appear very dark to the far end.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Backlight DefaultMode: DefaultMode
```
where
- n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- DefaultMode: Off/On
  - Off: Turn off the camera backlight compensation.
  - On: Turn on the camera backlight compensation.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Brightness Mode
Define the camera brightness mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Brightness Mode: Mode
```
where
- n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- Mode: Auto/Manual
  - Auto: The camera brightness is automatically set by the system.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Brightness DefaultLevel
Define the brightness level. Requires the Cameras Camera [n] Brightness Mode to be set to Manual.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 20

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Brightness DefaultLevel: DefaultLevel
```
where
- n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- DefaultLevel: Integer (1..31)
  - The brightness level.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Flip
With Flip mode (vertical flip) you can flip the image upside down. Flipping applies both to the self-view and the video that is transmitted to the far end.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Flip: Flip
```
where
- n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- Flip: Auto/Off/On
  - Auto: If the camera detects that it is mounted upside down, the image is automatically flipped. If the camera cannot auto-detect whether it is mounted upside down or not, the image is not changed.
  - Off: Display the image on screen the normal way.
  - On: Display the image flipped upside down. This setting is used when a camera is mounted upside down, but cannot automatically detect which way it is mounted.
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Focus Mode
Define the camera focus mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Focus Mode: Mode
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
Mode: Auto/Manual
Auto: The camera will auto focus once a call is connected, as well as after moving the camera (pan, tilt, zoom). The system will use auto focus only for a few seconds to set the right focus; then auto focus is turned off to prevent continuous focus adjustments of the camera.
Manual: Turn the autofocus off and adjust the camera focus manually.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Gamma Mode
This setting enables gamma corrections, and applies only to cameras which support gamma mode. Gamma describes the nonlinear relationship between image pixels and monitor brightness.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Gamma Mode: Mode
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
Mode: Auto/Manual
Auto: The camera will auto focus once a call is connected, as well as after moving the camera (pan, tilt, zoom). The system will use auto focus only for a few seconds to set the right focus; then auto focus is turned off to prevent continuous focus adjustments of the camera.
Manual: Turn the autofocus off and adjust the camera focus manually.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Gamma Level
By setting the Gamma Level you can select which gamma correction table to use. This setting may be useful in difficult lighting conditions, where changes to the brightness setting does not provide satisfactory results. Requires the Cameras Camera [n] Gamma Mode to be set to Manual.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 0

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Gamma Level: Level
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
Level: Integer (0..7)
Define the gamma level.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Mirror
With Mirror mode (horizontal flip) you can mirror the image on screen. Mirroring applies both to the self-view and the video that is transmitted to the far end.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Mirror: Mirror
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
Mirror: Auto/Off/On
Auto: If the camera detects that it is mounted upside down, the image is automatically mirrored. If the camera cannot auto-detect whether it is mounted upside down or not, the image is not changed.
Off: Display the image as other people see you.
On: Display the image as you see yourself in a mirror.
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Whitebalance Mode

Define the camera white balance mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [n] Whitebalance Mode: Mode
```

where

- `n`: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- `Mode`: Auto/Manual
  - Auto: The camera will continuously adjust the white balance depending on the camera view.

xConfiguration Cameras Camera [1] Whitebalance Level

Define the white balance level. Requires the Cameras Camera [n] Whitebalance Mode to be set to manual.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 1

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Cameras Camera [n] Whitebalance Level: Level
```

where

- `n`: Unique ID that identifies the camera. Range: 1..1
- `Level`: Integer (1..16)
  - The white balance level.

xConfiguration Cameras Preset TriggerAutofocus

The current position (pan and tilt), zoom and focus are stored with a preset. Use this setting to determine if the camera should refocus or use the focus value that is stored with the preset.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Cameras Preset TriggerAutofocus: TriggerAutofocus
```

where

- `TriggerAutofocus`: Auto/Off/On
  - Auto: Whether the camera refocuses or not when selecting a preset, depends on the camera type.
  - Off: The focus value that is stored with the preset will be used. The camera will not refocus when selecting a preset.
  - On: The camera will refocus when selecting a preset. The focus value that is stored with the preset may be overridden.
Conference configuration

xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Mode
Define the auto answer mode. Use the Conference AutoAnswer Delay setting if you want the system to wait a number of seconds before answering the call, and use the Conference AutoAnswer Mute setting if you want your microphone to be muted when the call is answered.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Mode: Mode
```
where
```
Mode: Off/On
```
- Off: You must answer incoming calls manually by pressing the OK key or the green Call key on the remote control, or by tapping Answer on the Touch controller.
- On: The system automatically answers incoming calls, except if you are already in a call. You must always answer or decline incoming calls manually when you are already engaged in a call.

xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Mute
Define if the microphone shall be muted when an incoming call is automatically answered. Requires that AutoAnswer Mode is switched on.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Mute: Mute
```
where
```
Mute: Off/On
```
- Off: The incoming call will not be muted.
- On: The incoming call will be muted when automatically answered.

xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Delay
Define how long (in seconds) an incoming call has to wait before it is answered automatically by the system. Requires that AutoAnswer Mode is switched on.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Conference AutoAnswer Delay: Delay
```
where
```
Delay: Integer (0..50)
```
- The auto answer delay (seconds).

xConfiguration Conference DefaultCall Protocol
Define the Default Call Protocol to be used when placing calls from the system.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Conference DefaultCall Protocol: Protocol
```
where
```
Protocol: Auto/H323/Sip/H320
```
- Auto: Enables auto-selection of the call protocol based on which protocols are available. If multiple protocols are available, the order of priority is: 1) SIP; 2) H323; 3) H320. If the system cannot register, or the call protocol is not enabled, the auto-selection chooses H323.
- H323: All calls are set up as H.323 calls.
- Sip: All calls are set up as SIP calls.
- H320: All calls are set up as H.320 calls (only applicable if connected to Cisco TelePresence ISDN Link).
xConfiguration Conference DefaultCall Rate
Define the Default Call Rate to be used when placing calls from the system.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 3072

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference DefaultCall Rate: Rate
```
where
```
Rate: Integer (64..6000)
```
The default call rate (kbps).

xConfiguration Conference DoNotDisturb DefaultTimeout
This setting determines the default duration of a Do Not Disturb session, i.e. the period when incoming calls are rejected and registered as missed calls. The session can be terminated earlier by using the user interface (remote control or Touch controller). The default value is 60 minutes.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 60

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference DoNotDisturb DefaultTimeout: DefaultTimeout
```
where
```
DefaultTimeout: Integer (1..1440)
```
The number of minutes (maximum 1440 minutes = 24 hours) before the Do Not Disturb session times out automatically.

xConfiguration Conference Encryption Mode
Define the conference encryption mode. A padlock with the text “Encryption On” or “Encryption Off” displays on screen for a few seconds when the conference starts.
NOTE: If the CE-NC software (no crypto) is installed on the video system, the encryption mode is always Off.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: BestEffort

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference Encryption Mode: Mode
```
where
```
Mode: Off/On/BestEffort
```
- Off: The system will not use encryption.
- On: The system will only allow calls that are encrypted.
- BestEffort: The system will use encryption whenever possible.

> In Point to point calls: If the far end system supports encryption (AES-128), the call will be encrypted. If not, the call will proceed without encryption.
> In MultiSite calls: In order to have encrypted MultiSite conferences, all sites must support encryption. If not, the conference will be unencrypted.

xConfiguration Conference FarEndControl Mode
Lets you decide if the remote side (far end) should be allowed to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom).
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference FarEndControl Mode: Mode
```
where
```
Mode: Off/On
```
- Off: The far end is not allowed to select your video sources or to control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom).
- On: Allows the far end to be able to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom). You will still be able to control your camera and select your video sources as normal.
xConfiguration Conference MaxReceiveCallRate
Define the maximum receive bit rate to be used when placing or receiving calls. Note that this is the maximum bit rate for each individual call; use the Conference MaxTotalReceiveCallRate setting to set the aggregated maximum for all simultaneous active calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 6000

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference MaxReceiveCallRate: MaxReceiveCallRate
where
  MaxReceiveCallRate: Integer (64..6000)
  The maximum receive call rate (kbps).
```

xConfiguration Conference MaxTransmitCallRate
Define the maximum transmit bit rate to be used when placing or receiving calls. Note that this is the maximum bit rate for each individual call; use the Conference MaxTotalTransmitCallRate setting to set the aggregated maximum for all simultaneous active calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 6000

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference MaxTransmitCallRate: MaxTransmitCallRate
where
  MaxTransmitCallRate: Integer (64..6000)
  The maximum transmit call rate (kbps).
```

xConfiguration Conference MaxTotalReceiveCallRate
This configuration applies when using a video system's built-in MultiSite feature (optional) to host a multipoint video conference.
Define the maximum overall receive bit rate allowed. The bit rate will be divided fairly among all active calls at any time. This means that the individual calls will be up-speeded or down-speeded as appropriate when someone leaves or enters a multipoint conference, or when a call is put on hold (suspended) or resumed.
The maximum receive bit rate for each individual call is defined in the Conference MaxReceiveCallRate setting.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 6000

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference MaxTotalReceiveCallRate: MaxTotalReceiveCallRate
where
  MaxTotalReceiveCallRate: Integer (64..6000)
  The maximum receive call rate (kbps).
```

xConfiguration Conference MaxTotalTransmitCallRate
This configuration applies when using a video system's built-in MultiSite feature (optional) to host a multipoint video conference.
Define the maximum overall transmit bit rate allowed. The bit rate will be divided fairly among all active calls at any time. This means that the individual calls will be up-speeded or down-speeded as appropriate when someone leaves or enters a multipoint conference, or when a call is put on hold (suspended) or resumed.
The maximum transmit bit rate for each individual call is defined in the Conference MaxTransmitCallRate setting.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 6000

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration Conference MaxTotalTransmitCallRate: MaxTotalTransmitCallRate
where
  MaxTotalTransmitCallRate: Integer (64..6000)
  The maximum transmit call rate (kbps).
```
xConfiguration Conference MultiStream Mode
The video system supports multistream video for conferences, provided that the conference infrastructure supports the feature (Cisco TelePresence Server 4.2 or later). This means that the video system can compose the video streams locally into a conference layout which utilizes all available screens. This results in an enhanced user experience.

Multistream video is supported only via SIP.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

 USAGE:
 xConfiguration Conference MultiStream Mode: Mode
 where
 Mode: Auto/Off
   Auto: Use local composition of video streams if the feature is supported by the conference infrastructure.
   Off: Local composition is disabled. Layouts will be transcoded by the conference infrastructure (Cisco TelePresence Server).

H323 configuration

xConfiguration H323 Authentication Mode
Define the authentication mode for the H.323 profile.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

 USAGE:
 xConfiguration H323 Authentication Mode: Mode
 where
 Mode: Off/On
   Off: The system will not try to authenticate itself to a H.323 Gatekeeper, but will still try a normal registration.
   On: If an H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that it requires authentication, the system will try to authenticate itself to the gatekeeper. Requires the H323 Authentication LoginName and H323 Authentication Password settings to be defined on both the codec and the Gatekeeper.

xConfiguration H323 Authentication LoginName
The system sends the H323 Authentication Login Name and the H323 Authentication Password to an H.323 Gatekeeper for authentication. The authentication is a one way authentication from the codec to the H.323 Gatekeeper, i.e. the system is authenticated to the gatekeeper. If the H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that no authentication is required, the system will still try to register.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value:"

 USAGE:
 xConfiguration H323 Authentication LoginName: "LoginName"
 where
 LoginName: String (0, 50)
   The authentication login name.
Cisco TelePresence SX20 Codec

**xConfiguration H323 Authentication Password**

The system sends the H323 Authentication Login Name and the H323 Authentication Password to an H.323 Gatekeeper for authentication. The authentication is a one way authentication from the codec to the H.323 Gatekeeper, i.e. the system is authenticated to the gatekeeper. If the H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that no authentication is required, the system will still try to register. Requires the H.323 Authentication Mode to be enabled.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration H323 Authentication Password: "Password"
```

where

- **Password**: String (0, 50)
  - The authentication password.

---

**xConfiguration H323 CallSetup Mode**

Defines whether to use a Gatekeeper or Direct calling when establishing H.323 calls. Direct H.323 calls can be made also when H323 CallSetup Mode is set to Gatekeeper.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Gatekeeper

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration H323 CallSetup Mode: Mode
```

where

- **Mode**: Direct/Gatekeeper
  - Direct: You can only make an H.323 call by dialing an IP address directly.
  - Gatekeeper: The system uses a Gatekeeper to make an H.323 call. When choosing this option, the H.323 Gatekeeper Address must also be configured.

---

**xConfiguration H323 Encryption KeySize**

Define the minimum or maximum key size for the Diffie-Hellman key exchange method, which is used when establishing the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption key.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Max1024bit

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration H323 Encryption KeySize: KeySize
```

where

- **KeySize**: Min1024bit/Max1024bit/Min2048bit
  - Min1024bit: The minimum size is 1024 bit.
  - Max1024bit: The maximum size is 1024 bit.
  - Min2048bit: The minimum size is 2048 bit.

---

**xConfiguration H323 Gatekeeper Address**

Define the IP address of the Gatekeeper. Requires H323 CallSetup Mode to be set to Gatekeeper.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration H323 Gatekeeper Address: "Address"
```

where

- **Address**: String (0, 255)
  - A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.
xConfiguration H323 H323Alias E164

The H.323 Alias E.164 defines the address of the system, according to the numbering plan implemented in the H.323 Gatekeeper. The E.164 alias is equivalent to a telephone number, sometimes combined with access codes.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration H323 H323Alias E164: "E164"
```

where
```
    E164: String (0, 30)
```

- The H.323 Alias E.164 address. Valid characters are 0-9, *, and #.

xConfiguration H323 H323Alias ID

Define the H.323 Alias ID, which is used to address the system on a H.323 Gatekeeper and will be displayed in the call lists.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration H323 H323Alias ID: "ID"
```

where
```
    ID: String (0, 49)
```

- The H.323 Alias ID. Example: "firstname.lastname@company.com", "My H.323 Alias ID"

xConfiguration H323 NAT Mode

The firewall traversal technology creates a secure path through the firewall barrier, and enables proper exchange of audio/video data when connected to an external video conferencing system (when the IP traffic goes through a NAT router). NOTE: NAT does not work in conjunction with gatekeepers.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration H323 NAT Mode: Mode
```

where
```
    Mode: Auto/Off/On
```

- Auto: The system will determine if the H323 NAT Address or the real IP address should be used in signaling. This makes it possible to place calls to endpoints on the LAN as well as endpoints on the WAN. If the H323 NAT Address is wrong or not set, the real IP address will be used.
- Off: The system will signal the real IP address.
- On: The system will signal the configured H323 NAT Address instead of its real IP address in Q.931 and H.245. The NAT server address will be shown in the startup-menu as: "My IP Address: 10.0.2.1". If the H323 NAT Address is wrong or not set, H.323 calls cannot be set up.
xConfiguration H323 NAT Address
Define the external/global IP address to the router with NAT support. Packets sent to the router will then be routed to the system. Note that NAT cannot be used when registered to a gatekeeper.
In the router, the following ports must be routed to the system's IP address:
* Port 1720
* Port 5555-6555
* Port 2326-2487
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value:"

USAGE:
xConfiguration H323 NAT Address: "Address"
where
   Address: String (0, 64)
       A valid IPv4 address or IPv6 address.

Network configuration

xConfiguration Network [1] DNS Domain Name
The DNS Domain Name is the default domain name suffix which is added to unqualified names.
Example: If the DNS Domain Name is "company.com" and the name to lookup is "MyVideoSystem", this will result in the DNS lookup "MyVideoSystem.company.com".
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value:"

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network n DNS Domain Name: "Name"
where
   n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
   Name: String (0, 64)
       The DNS domain name.

Define the network addresses for DNS servers. Up to three addresses may be specified. If the network addresses are unknown, contact your administrator or Internet Service Provider.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value:"

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network n DNS Server m Address: "Address"
where
   n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
   m: Index that identifies the DNS server. Maximum three DNS servers are allowed. Range: 1..3
   Address: String (0, 64)
       A valid IPv4 address or IPv6 address.
xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Mode

The system can be connected to an IEEE 802.1X LAN network, with a port-based network access control that is used to provide authenticated network access for Ethernet networks.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

USAGE:
\[
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Mode: \text{Mode}
\]
\[
\text{where}
\]
\[
\quad \text{n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\quad \text{Mode: Off/On}
\]
\[
\quad \text{Off: The 802.1X authentication is disabled (default).}
\]
\[
\quad \text{On: The 802.1X authentication is enabled.}
\]

xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X TlsVerify

Verification of the server-side certificate of an IEEE802.1x connection against the certificates in the local CA-list when TLS is used. The CA-list must be uploaded to the video system. This can be done from the web interface.

This setting takes effect only when Network [1] IEEE8021X Eap Tls is enabled (On).

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

USAGE:
\[
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X TlsVerify: \text{TlsVerify}
\]
\[
\text{where}
\]
\[
\quad \text{n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\quad \text{TlsVerify: Off/On}
\]
\[
\quad \text{Off: When set to Off, TLS connections are allowed without verifying the server-side X.509 certificate against the local CA-list. This should typically be selected if no CA-list has been uploaded to the codec.}
\]
\[
\quad \text{On: When set to On, the server-side X.509 certificate will be validated against the local CA-list for all TLS connections. Only servers with a valid certificate will be allowed.}
\]

xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X UseClientCertificate

Authentication using a private key/certificate pair during an IEEE802.1x connection. The authentication X.509 certificate must be uploaded to the video system. This can be done from the web interface.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

USAGE:
\[
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X UseClientCertificate: \text{UseClientCertificate}
\]
\[
\text{where}
\]
\[
\quad \text{n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\quad \text{UseClientCertificate: Off/On}
\]
\[
\quad \text{Off: When set to Off client-side authentication is not used (only server-side).}
\]
\[
\quad \text{On: When set to On the client (video system) will perform a mutual authentication TLS handshake with the server.}
\]

xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Identity

Define the user name for 802.1X authentication.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
\[
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Identity: \text{Identity}
\]
\[
\text{where}
\]
\[
\quad \text{n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\quad \text{Identity: String (0, 64)}
\]
\[
\quad \text{The user name for 802.1X authentication.}
\]
xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Password

Define the password for 802.1X authentication.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Password: "Password"

where

- n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
- Password: String (0, 32)
  
  The password for 802.1X authentication.


The 802.1X Anonymous ID string is to be used as unencrypted identity with EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) types that support different tunneled identity, like EAP–PEAP and EAP–TTLS. If set, the anonymous ID will be used for the initial (unencrypted) EAP Identity Request.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X AnonymousIdentity: "AnonymousIdentity"

where

- n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
- AnonymousIdentity: String (0, 64)
  
  The 802.1X Anonymous ID string.


Define the Md5 (Message-Digest Algorithm 5) mode. This is a Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol that relies on a shared secret. Md5 is a Weak security.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Eap Md5: Md5

where

- n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
- Md5: Off/On
  
  Off: The EAP–MD5 protocol is disabled.
  
  On: The EAP–MD5 protocol is enabled (default).

xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Eap Ttls

Define the TTLS (Tunneled Transport Layer Security) mode. Authenticates LAN clients without the need for client certificates. Developed by Funk Software and Certicom. Usually supported by Agere Systems, Proxim and Avaya.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Eap Ttls: Ttls

where

- n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
- Ttls: Off/On
  
  Off: The EAP–TTLS protocol is disabled.
  
  On: The EAP–TTLS protocol is enabled (default).
xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Eap Tls

Enable or disable the use of EAP-TLS (Transport Layer Security) for IEEE802.1x connections. The EAP-TLS protocol, defined in RFC 5216, is considered one of the most secure EAP standards. LAN clients are authenticated using client certificates.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Eap Tls: Tls
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Tls: Off/On
    - Off: The EAP-TLS protocol is disabled.
    - On: The EAP-TLS protocol is enabled (default).

xConfiguration Network [1] IEEE8021X Eap Peap

Define the Peap (Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol) mode. Authenticates LAN clients without the need for client certificates. Developed by Microsoft, Cisco and RSA Security.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IEEE8021X Eap Peap: Peap
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Peap: Off/On
    - Off: The EAP-PEAP protocol is disabled.
    - On: The EAP-PEAP protocol is enabled (default).

xConfiguration Network [1] IPStack

Select if the system should use IPv4, IPv6, or dual IP stack, on the network interface. NOTE: After changing this setting you may have to wait up to 30 seconds before it takes effect.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Dual

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPStack: IPStack
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  IPStack: Dual/IPv4/IPv6
    - Dual: When set to Dual, the network interface can operate on both IP versions at the same time, and can have both an IPv4 and an IPv6 address at the same time.
    - IPv4: When set to IPv4, the system will use IPv4 on the network interface.
    - IPv6: When set to IPv6, the system will use IPv6 on the network interface.

xConfiguration Network [1] IPv4 Assignment

Define how the system will obtain its IPv4 address, subnet mask and gateway address. This setting only applies to systems on IPv4 networks.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: DHCP

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv4 Assignment: Assignment
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Assignment: Static/DHCP
    - Static: The addresses must be configured manually using the Network IPv4 Address, Network IPv4 Gateway and Network IPv4 SubnetMask settings (static addresses).
    - DHCP: The system addresses are automatically assigned by the DHCP server.
xConfiguration Network [1] IPv4 Address

Define the static IPv4 network address for the system. Applicable only when Network IPv4 Assignment is set to Static.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv4 Address: "Address"
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Address: String (0, 64)
    A valid IPv4 address.

xConfiguration Network [1] IPv4 Gateway

Define the IPv4 network gateway address. Applicable only when the Network IPv4 Assignment is set to Static.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv4 Gateway: "Gateway"
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Gateway: String (0, 64)
    A valid IPv4 address.

xConfiguration Network [1] IPv4 SubnetMask

Define the IPv4 network subnet mask. Applicable only when the Network IPv4 Assignment is set to Static.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv4 SubnetMask: "SubnetMask"
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  SubnetMask: String (0, 64)
    A valid IPv4 address.

xConfiguration Network [1] IPv6 Assignment

Define how the system will obtain its IPv6 address and the default gateway address. This setting only applies to systems on IPv6 networks.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Autoconf

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv6 Assignment: Assignment
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Assignment: Static/DHCPv6/Autoconf
    Static: The codec and gateway IP addresses must be configured manually using the Network IPv6 Address and Network IPv6 Gateway settings. The options, for example NTP and DNS server addresses, must either be set manually or obtained from a DHCPv6 server. The Network IPv6 DHCPOptions setting determines which method to use.
    DHCPv6: All IPv6 addresses, including options, will be obtained from a DHCPv6 server. See RFC 3315 for a detailed description. The Network IPv6 DHCPOptions setting will be ignored.
    Autoconf: Enable IPv6 stateless autoconfiguration of the IPv6 network interface. See RFC 4862 for a detailed description. The options, for example NTP and DNS server addresses, must either be set manually or obtained from a DHCPv6 server. The Network IPv6 DHCPOptions setting determines which method to use.
xConfiguration Network [1] IPv6 Address
Define the static IPv6 network address for the system. Applicable only when the Network IPv6 Assignment is set to Static.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv6 Address: "Address"
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Address: String (0, 64)
    A valid IPv6 address.

Define the IPv6 network gateway address. This setting is only applicable when the Network IPv6 Assignment is set to Static.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: **

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv6 Gateway: "Gateway"
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  Gateway: String (0, 64)
    A valid IPv6 address.

xConfiguration Network [1] IPv6 DHCPOptions
Retrieve a set of DHCP options, for example NTP and DNS server addresses, from a DHCPv6 server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n IPv6 DHCPOptions: DHCPOptions
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  DHCPOptions: Off/On
    Off: Disable the retrieval of DHCP options from a DHCPv6 server.
    On: Enable the retrieval of a selected set of DHCP options from a DHCPv6 server.

xConfiguration Network [1] MTU
Define the Ethernet MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit).

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 1500

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Network n MTU: MTU
where
  n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
  MTU: Integer (576..1500)
    Set a value for the MTU (bytes).
xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Mode

The QoS (Quality of Service) is a method which handles the priority of audio, video and data in the network. The QoS settings must be supported by the infrastructure. Diffserv (Differentiated Services) is a computer networking architecture that specifies a simple, scalable and coarse-grained mechanism for classifying, managing network traffic and providing QoS priorities on modern IP networks.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Diffserv

Usage:

xConfiguration Network n QoS Mode: Mode
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Mode: Off/Diffserv

Off: No QoS method is used.

Diffserv: When you set the QoS Mode to Diffserv, the Network QoS Diffserv Audio, Network QoS Diffserv Video, Network QoS Diffserv Data, Network QoS Diffserv Signalling, Network QoS Diffserv ICMPv6 and Network QoS Diffserv NTP settings are used to prioritize packets.

xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv Audio

This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.

Define which priority Audio packets should have in the IP network.

The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The recommended class for Audio is CS4, which equals the decimal value 32. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

Usage:

xConfiguration Network n QoS Diffserv Audio: Audio
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Audio: Integer (0..63)

Set the priority of the audio packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).
xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv Video

This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.
Define which priority Video packets should have in the IP network. The packets on the presentation channel (shared content) are also in the Video packet category. The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The recommended class for Video is CS4, which equals the decimal value 32. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network n QoS Diffserv Video: Video
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Video: Integer (0..63)
Set the priority of the video packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).

xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv Data

This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.
Define which priority Data packets should have in the IP network. The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The recommended value for Data is 0, which means best effort. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network n QoS Diffserv Data: Data
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Data: Integer (0..63)
Set the priority of the data packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).
xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv Signalling
This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.
Define which priority Signalling packets that are deemed critical (time-sensitive) for the real-time operation should have in the IP network.
The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority.
The recommended class for Signalling is CS3, which equals the decimal value 24. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.
The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

USAGE:
\[
\text{xConfiguration Network}\ n\ \text{QoS Diffserv Signalling: Signalling}
\]
where
\[
n: \text{Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\text{Signalling: Integer (0..63)}
\]
Set the priority of the signalling packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).

xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv ICMPv6
This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.
Define which priority ICMPv6 packets should have in the IP network.
The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority.
The recommended value for ICMPv6 is 0, which means best effort. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.
The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

USAGE:
\[
\text{xConfiguration Network}\ n\ \text{QoS Diffserv ICMPv6: ICMPv6}
\]
where
\[
n: \text{Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1}
\]
\[
\text{ICMPv6: Integer (0..63)}
\]
Set the priority of the ICMPv6 packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).
xConfiguration Network [1] QoS Diffserv NTP
This setting will only take effect if Network QoS Mode is set to Diffserv.
Define which priority NTP packets should have in the IP network.
The priority for the packets ranges from 0 to 63 - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The recommended value for NTP is 0, which means best effort. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.
The priority set here might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network [n] QoS Diffserv NTP: NTP
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
NTP: Integer (0..63)
Set the priority of the NTP packets in the IP network - the higher the number, the higher the priority. The default value is 0 (best effort).

xConfiguration Network [1] Speed
Define the Ethernet link speed.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network [n] Speed: Speed
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Speed: Auto/10half/10full/100half/100full/1000full
Auto: Autonegotiate link speed.
10half: Force link to 10 Mbps half-duplex.
10full: Force link to 10 Mbps full-duplex.
100half: Force link to 100 Mbps half-duplex.
100full: Force link to 100 Mbps full-duplex.
1000full: Force link to 1 Gbps full-duplex.

Define which IP addresses (IPv4/IPv6) are allowed for remote access to the codec from SSH/Telnet/HTTP/HTTPS. Multiple IP addresses are separated by a white space.
A network mask (IP range) is specified by <ip address>/N, where N is 1-32 for IPv4, and N is 1-128 for IPv6. The /N is a common indication of a network mask where the first N bits are set. Thus 192.168.0.0/24 would match any address starting with 192.168.0, since these are the first 24 bits in the address.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
xConfiguration Network [n] RemoteAccess Allow: "Allow"
where
n: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Allow: String (0, 256)
A valid IPv4 address or IPv6 address.
**xConfiguration Network [1] VLAN Voice Mode**

Define the VLAN voice mode. The VLAN Voice Mode will be set to Auto automatically if you have Cisco UCM (Cisco Unified Communications Manager) as provisioning infrastructure. Note that Auto mode will NOT work if the NetworkServices CDP Mode setting is Off.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Network [1] VLAN Voice Mode: Mode
where
p: Index that identifies the network. Range: 1..1
Mode: Auto/Manual/Off
  - Auto: The Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP), if available, assigns an id to the voice VLAN. If CDP is not available, VLAN is not enabled.
  - Manual: The VLAN ID is set manually using the Network VLAN Voice VlanId setting. If CDP is available, the manually set value will be overruled by the value assigned by CDP.
  - Off: VLAN is not enabled.
```

**NetworkServices configuration**

**xConfiguration NetworkServices CDP Mode**

Enable or disable the CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) daemon. Enabling CDP will make the endpoint report certain statistics and device identifiers to a CDP-enabled switch. If CDP is disabled, the Network VLAN Voice Mode: Auto setting will not work.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration NetworkServices CDP Mode: Mode
where
  Mode: Off/On
  - Off: The CDP daemon is disabled.
  - On: The CDP daemon is enabled.
```

**xConfiguration NetworkServices H323 Mode**

Define whether the system should be able to place and receive H.323 calls or not.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration NetworkServices H323 Mode: Mode
where
  Mode: Off/On
  - Off: Disable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls.
  - On: Enable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls (default).
```
xConfiguration NetworkServices HTTP Mode

Define whether or not to allow access to the video system using the HTTP or HTTPS (HTTP Secure) protocols. Note that the video system's web interface use HTTP or HTTPS. If this setting is switched Off, you cannot use the web interface.

If you need extra security (encryption and decryption of requests, and pages that are returned by the web server), allow only HTTPS.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: HTTP+HTTPS

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration NetworkServices HTTP Mode: Mode
where
    Mode: Off/HTTP+HTTPS/HTTPS
    Off: Access to the video system not allowed via HTTP or HTTPS.
    HTTP+HTTPS: Access to the video system allowed via both HTTP and HTTPS.
    HTTPS: Access to the video system allowed via HTTPS, but not via HTTP.
```

xConfiguration NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate

When the video system connects to an external HTTPS server (like a phone book server or an external manager), this server will present a certificate to the video system to identify itself.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration NetworkServices HTTPS VerifyServerCertificate: VerifyServerCertificate
where
    VerifyServerCertificate: Off/On
    Off: Do not verify client certificates.
    On: Requires the client to present a certificate that is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority (CA). This requires that a list of trusted CAs are uploaded to the system in advance.
```

xConfiguration NetworkServices NTP Mode

The Network Time Protocol (NTP) is used to synchronize the system's time and date to a reference time server. The time server will be queried regularly for time updates.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:
```
xConfiguration NetworkServices NTP Mode: Mode
where
    Mode: Auto/Manual/Off
    Auto: The system will use an NTP server for time reference. As default, the server address will be obtained from the network's DHCP server. If a DHCP server is not used, or if the DHCP server does not provide an NTP server address, the NTP server address that is specified in the NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address setting will be used.
    Manual: The system will use the NTP server that is specified in the NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address setting for time reference.
    Off: The system will not use an NTP server. The NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address setting will be ignored.
```
xConfiguration NetworkServices NTP Server [1..3] Address
The address of the NTP server that will be used when NetworkServices NTP Mode is set to Manual, and when NetworkServices NTP Mode is set to Auto and no address is supplied by a DHCP server.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 0.tandberg.pool.ntp.org

 USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices NTP Server n Address: "Address"
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the NTP server. Range: 1..3
Address: String (0, 64)
A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.

xConfiguration NetworkServices SIP Mode
Define whether the system should be able to place and receive SIP calls or not.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

 USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SIP Mode: Mode
where
Mode: Off/On
Off: Disable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls.
On: Enable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls (default).

xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP Mode
SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is used in network management systems to monitor network-attached devices (routers, servers, switches, projectors, etc) for conditions that warrant administrative attention. SNMP exposes management data in the form of variables on the managed systems, which describe the system configuration. These variables can then be queried (set to ReadOnly) and sometimes set (set to ReadWrite) by managing applications.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ReadOnly

 USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP Mode: Mode
where
Mode: Off/ReadOnly/ReadWrite
Off: Disable the SNMP network service.
ReadOnly: Enable the SNMP network service for queries only.
ReadWrite: Enable the SNMP network service for both queries and commands.

xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP Host [1..3] Address
Define the address of up to three SNMP Managers.
The system's SNMP Agent (in the codec) responds to requests from SNMP Managers (a PC program etc.), for example about system location and system contact. SNMP traps are not supported.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

 USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP Host n Address: "Address"
where
n: Identifies the SNMP host. Maximum three SNMP hosts are allowed. Range: 1..3
Address: String (0, 64)
A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName
Define the name of the Network Services SNMP Community. SNMP Community names are used to authenticate SNMP requests. SNMP requests must have a password (case sensitive) in order to receive a response from the SNMP Agent in the codec. The default password is "public". If you have the Cisco TelePresence Management Suite (TMS) you must make sure the same SNMP Community is configured there too. NOTE: The SNMP Community password is case sensitive.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName: "CommunityName"
where
   CommunityName: String (0, 50)
      The SNMP community name.

xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact
Define the name of the Network Services SNMP System Contact.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact: "SystemContact"
where
   SystemContact: String (0, 50)
      The name of the SNMP system contact.

xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation
Define the name of the Network Services SNMP System Location.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation: "SystemLocation"
where
   SystemLocation: String (0, 50)
      The name of the SNMP system location.

xConfiguration NetworkServices SSH Mode
SSH (or Secure Shell) protocol can provide secure encrypted communication between the codec and your local computer.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

USAGE:
xConfiguration NetworkServices SSH Mode: Mode
where
   Mode: Off/On
      Off: The SSH protocol is disabled.
      On: The SSH protocol is enabled.
xConfiguration NetworkServices Telnet Mode

Telnet is a network protocol used on the Internet or Local Area Network (LAN) connections.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration NetworkServices Telnet Mode: __Mode__
where
- Mode: Off/On
  - Off: The Telnet protocol is disabled. This is the factory setting.
  - On: The Telnet protocol is enabled.

xConfiguration NetworkServices WelcomeText

Choose which information the user should see when logging on to the codec through Telnet/SSH.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration NetworkServices WelcomeText: __WelcomeText__
where
- WelcomeText: Off/On
  - Off: The welcome text is: Login successful
  - On: The welcome text is: Welcome to <system name>; Software version; Software release date; Login successful.

**Peripherals configuration**

xConfiguration Peripherals Profile TouchPanels

Define the number of touch panels that are expected to be connected to the video system. This information is used by the video system's diagnostics service. If the number of connected touch panels does not match this setting, the diagnostics service will report it as an inconsistency. Note that only one Cisco Touch controller is supported in this version.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: NotSet

**USAGE:**
xConfiguration Peripherals Profile TouchPanels: __TouchPanels__
where
- TouchPanels: NotSet/Minimum1/0/1/2/3/4/5
  - NotSet: No touch panel check is performed.
  - Minimum1: At least one touch panel should be connected to the video system.
  - 0-5: Select the number of Touch controllers that are expected to be connected to the video system.
Phonebook configuration

xConfiguration Phonebook Server [1] ID
Define a name for the external phone book.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

 USAGE:
xConfiguration Phonebook Server n ID: "ID"
where
 n: Unique ID that identifies the phonebook server. Range: 1..1
 ID: String (0, 64)
 The name for the external phone book.

xConfiguration Phonebook Server [1] Type
Select the phonebook server type.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

 USAGE:
xConfiguration Phonebook Server n Type: Type
where
 n: Unique ID that identifies the phonebook server. Range: 1..1
 Type: Off/CUCM/TMS/VCS
 Off: Do not use a phonebook.
 CUCM: The phonebook is located on the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.
 TMS: The phonebook is located on the Cisco TelePresence Management Suite server.
 VCS: The phonebook is located on the Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server.

xConfiguration Phonebook Server [1] URL
Define the address (URL) to the external phone book server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

 USAGE:
xConfiguration Phonebook Server n URL: "URL"
where
 n: Unique ID that identifies the phonebook server. Range: 1..1
 URL: String (0, 255)
 A valid address (URL) to the phone book server.
Provisioning configuration

xConfiguration Provisioning Connectivity

This setting controls how the device discovers whether it should request an internal or external configuration from the provisioning server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:

xConfiguration Provisioning Connectivity: Connectivity
where

Connectivity: Internal/External/Auto
- Internal: Request internal configuration.
- External: Request external configuration.
- Auto: Automatically discover using NAPTR queries whether internal or external configurations should be requested. If the NAPTR responses have the "e" flag, external configurations will be requested. Otherwise internal configurations will be requested.

xConfiguration Provisioning Mode

It is possible to configure a video system using a provisioning system (external manager). This allows video conferencing network administrators to manage many video systems simultaneously. With this setting you choose which type of provisioning system to use. Provisioning can also be switched off. Contact your provisioning system provider/representative for more information.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:

xConfiguration Provisioning Mode: Mode
where

Mode: Off/Auto/CUCM/Edge/TMS/VCS
- Off: The video system is not configured by a provisioning system.
- Auto: Automatically select the provisioning server.
- CUCM: Push configurations to the video system from CUCM (Cisco Unified Communications Manager).
- Edge: Push configurations to the video system from CUCM (Cisco Unified Communications Manager). The system connects to CUCM via the Collaboration Edge infrastructure.
- TMS: Push configurations to the video system from TMS (Cisco TelePresence Management System).
- VCS: Push configurations to the video system from VCS (Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server).
xConfiguration Provisioning LoginName
This is the username part of the credentials used to authenticate the video system with the provisioning server. This setting must be used when required by the provisioning server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Provisioning LoginName: "LoginName"
  where
    LoginName: String (0, 80)
      A valid username.
```

xConfiguration Provisioning Password
This is the password part of the credentials used to authenticate the video system with the provisioning server. This setting must be used when required by the provisioning server.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Provisioning Password: "Password"
  where
    Password: String (0, 64)
      A valid password.
```

xConfiguration Provisioning HttpMethod
Select the HTTP method to be used for the provisioning.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: POST

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Provisioning HttpMethod: HttpMethod
  where
    HttpMethod: GET/POST
      GET: Select GET when the provisioning server supports GET.
      POST: Select POST when the provisioning server supports POST.
```

xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Address
Define the IP Address or DNS name of the external manager / provisioning system.
If an External Manager Address (and Path) is configured, the system will send a message to this address when starting up. When receiving this message the external manager / provisioning system can return configurations/commands to the unit as a result.
When using CUCM or TMS provisioning, the DHCP server can be set up to provide the external manager address automatically (DHCP Option 242 for TMS, and DHCP Option 150 for CUCM). An address set in the Provisioning ExternalManager Address setting will override the address provided by DHCP.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Address: "Address"
  where
    Address: String (0, 64)
      A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.
```
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager AlternateAddress

Only applicable when the endpoint is provisioned by Cisco Unified Communication Manager (CUCM) and an alternate CUCM is available for redundancy. Define the address of the alternate CUCM. If the main CUCM is not available, the endpoint will be provisioned by the alternate CUCM. When the main CUCM is available again, the endpoint will be provisioned by this CUCM.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager AlternateAddress: "AlternateAddress"
```

where

- `AlternateAddress`: String (0, 64)
  - A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.

xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol

Define whether to use the HTTP (unsecure communication) or HTTPS (secure communication) protocol when sending requests to the external manager / provisioning system. The chosen protocol must be enabled in the NetworkServices HTTP Mode setting.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: HTTP

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol: Protocol
```

where

- `Protocol`: HTTPS/HTTP
  - HTTPS: Send requests via HTTPS.
  - HTTP: Send requests via HTTP.

xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Path

Define the Path to the external manager / provisioning system. This setting is required when several management services reside on the same server, i.e. share the same External Manager address.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Path: "Path"
```

where

- `Path`: String (0, 255)
  - A valid path to the external manager or provisioning system.

xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Domain

Define the SIP domain for the VCS provisioning server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Provisioning ExternalManager Domain: "Domain"
```

where

- `Domain`: String (0, 64)
  - A valid domain name.
Proximity configuration

xConfiguration Proximity Mode
Determine whether the video system will emit ultrasound pairing messages or not. When the video system emits ultrasound, Proximity clients can detect that they are close to the video system. In order to use a client, at least one of the Proximity services must be enabled (refer to the Proximity Services settings). In general, Cisco recommends enabling all the Proximity services.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Proximity Mode: Mode
where
    Mode: Off/On
```
- Off: The video system does not emit ultrasound, and Proximity services cannot be used.
- On: The video system emits ultrasound, and Proximity clients can detect that they are close to the video system. Enabled Proximity services can be used.

xConfiguration Proximity Services CallControl
Enable or disable basic call control features on Proximity clients. When this setting is enabled, you are able to control a call using a Proximity client (for example dial, mute, adjust volume and hang up). This service is supported by mobile devices (iOS and Android). Proximity Mode must be On for this setting to take any effect.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Disabled

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Proximity Services CallControl: CallControl
where
    CallControl: Enabled/Disabled
```
- Enabled: Call control from a Proximity client is enabled.
- Disabled: Call control from a Proximity client is disabled.

xConfiguration Proximity Services ContentShare FromClients
Enable or disable content sharing from Proximity clients. When this setting is enabled, you can share content from a Proximity client wirelessly on the video system, e.g. share your laptop screen. This service is supported by laptops (OS X and Windows). Proximity Mode must be On for this setting to take any effect.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Disabled

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Proximity Services ContentShare FromClients: FromClients
where
    FromClients: Enabled/Disabled
```
- Enabled: Content sharing from a Proximity client is enabled.
- Disabled: Content sharing from a Proximity client is disabled.

xConfiguration Proximity Services ContentShare ToClients
Enable or disable content sharing to Proximity clients. When enabled, Proximity clients will receive the presentation from the video system. You can zoom in on details, view previous content and take snapshots. This service is supported by mobile devices (iOS and Android). Proximity Mode must be On for this setting to take any effect.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Disabled

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Proximity Services ContentShare ToClients: ToClients
where
    ToClients: Enabled/Disabled
```
- Enabled: Content sharing to a Proximity client is enabled.
- Disabled: Content sharing to a Proximity client is disabled.
SerialPort configuration

xConfiguration SerialPort Mode
Enable/disable the serial port (connection via USB and RS-232 adapter).
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SerialPort Mode: Mode
```

where

```
Mode: Off/On
```

Off: Disable the serial port.
On: Enable the serial port.

xConfiguration SerialPort BaudRate
Define the baud rate (data transmission rate, bits per second) for the serial port. The default value is 38400.
Other connection parameters for the serial port are: Data bits: 8; Parity: None; Stop bits: 1; Flow control: None.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 115200

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SerialPort BaudRate: BaudRate
```

where

```
BaudRate: 9600/19200/38400/57600/115200
```

Set a baud rate from the baud rates listed (bps).

xConfiguration SerialPort LoginRequired
Define if login shall be required when connecting to the serial port.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SerialPort LoginRequired: LoginRequired
```

where

```
LoginRequired: Off/On
```

Off: The user can access the codec via the serial port without any login.
On: Login is required when connecting to the codec via the serial port.
SIP configuration

**xConfiguration SIP Authentication UserName**
This is the user name part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration SIP Authentication UserName: "UserName"
```
where
- `UserName`: String (0, 128)
  - A valid username.

**xConfiguration SIP Authentication Password**
This is the password part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration SIP Authentication Password: "Password"
```
where
- `Password`: String (0, 128)
  - A valid password.

**xConfiguration SIP DefaultTransport**
Select the transport protocol to be used over the LAN.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration SIP DefaultTransport: DefaultTransport
```
where
- `DefaultTransport`: TCP/UDP/Tls/Auto
  - TCP: The system will always use TCP as the default transport method.
  - UDP: The system will always use UDP as the default transport method.
  - Tls: The system will always use TLS as the default transport method. For TLS connections a SIP CA-list can be uploaded to the video system. If no such CA-list is available on the system then anonymous Diffie Hellman will be used.
  - Auto: The system will try to connect using transport protocols in the following order: TLS, TCP, UDP.

**xConfiguration SIP DisplayName**
When configured the incoming call will report the display name instead of the SIP URI.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration SIP DisplayName: DisplayName
```
where
- `DisplayName`: String (0, 550)
  - The name to be displayed instead of the SIP URI.
xConfiguration SIP Ice Mode

ICE (Interactive Connectivity Establishment, RFC 5245) is a NAT traversal solution that the video systems can use to discover the optimized media path. Thus the shortest route for audio and video is always secured between the video systems.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Ice Mode: Mode
```

where

- **Mode**: Auto/Off/On
  - Auto: ICE is enabled if a TURN server is provided, otherwise ICE is disabled.
  - Off: ICE is disabled.
  - On: ICE is enabled.

xConfiguration SIP Ice DefaultCandidate

The ICE protocol needs some time to reach a conclusion about which media route to use (up to the first 5 seconds of a call). During this period media for the video system will be sent to the Default Candidate as defined in this setting.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Host

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Ice DefaultCandidate: DefaultCandidate
```

where

- **DefaultCandidate**: Host/Rflx/Relay
  - Host: Send media to the video system's private IP address.
  - Rflx: Send media to the video system's public IP address, as seen by the TURN server.
  - Relay: Send media to the IP address and port allocated on the TURN server.

xConfiguration SIP Ice OfferTcpCandidates

Define whether or not the video system supports sending and receiving media over TCP connections.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Ice OfferTcpCandidates: OfferTcpCandidates
```

where

- **OfferTcpCandidates**: Off/On
  - Off: The video system does not allow media over TCP connections.
  - On: The video system allows media over TCP connections.

xConfiguration SIP ListenPort

Turn on or off the listening for incoming connections on the SIP TCP/UDP ports. If turned off, the endpoint will only be reachable through the SIP registrar (CUCM or VCS). It is recommended to leave this setting at its default value.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP ListenPort: ListenPort
```

where

- **ListenPort**: Off/On
  - Off: Listening for incoming connections on the SIP TCP/UDP ports is turned off.
  - On: Listening for incoming connections on the SIP TCP/UDP ports is turned on.
xConfiguration SIP Proxy [1..4] Address

The Proxy Address is the manually configured address for the outbound proxy. It is possible to use a fully qualified domain name, or an IP address. The default port is 5060 for TCP and UDP but another one can be provided.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Proxy n Address: "Address"
```

where

- **n**: Index that identifies the proxy (maximum 4 proxys can be defined). Range: 1..4
- **Address**: String (0, 255)

A valid IPv4 address, IPv6 address or DNS name.

xConfiguration SIP Turn Server

Define the address of the TURN (Traversal Using Relay NAT) server. It is used as a media relay fallback and it is also used to discover the endpoint’s own public IP address.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Turn Server: "Server"
```

where

- **Server**: String (0, 255)

The preferred format is DNS SRV record (e.g. _turn._udp.<domain>), or it can be a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address.

xConfiguration SIP Turn UserName

Define the user name needed for accessing the TURN server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Turn UserName: "UserName"
```

where

- **UserName**: String (0, 128)

A valid user name.

xConfiguration SIP Turn Password

Define the password needed for accessing the TURN server.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP Turn Password: "Password"
```

where

- **Password**: String (0, 128)

A valid password.

xConfiguration SIP URI

The SIP URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) is the address that is used to identify the video system. The URI is registered and used by the SIP services to route inbound calls to the system. The SIP URI syntax is defined in RFC 3261.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration SIP URI: "URI"
```

where

- **URI**: String (0, 255)

An address (URI) that is compliant with the SIP URI syntax.
Standby configuration

xConfiguration Standby Control
Define whether the system should go into standby mode or not.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Standby Control: Control
```
where
```
Control: Off/On
  Off: The system will not enter standby mode.
  On: The system will enter standby mode when the Standby Delay has timed out.
  Requires the Standby Delay to be set to an appropriate value.
```

xConfiguration Standby Delay
Define how long (in minutes) the system shall be in idle mode before it goes into standby mode.
Requires the Standby Control to be enabled.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 10

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Standby Delay: Delay
```
where
```
Delay: Integer (1..480)
  Set the standby delay (minutes).
```

xConfiguration Standby BootAction
Define the camera position after a restart of the codec.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: RestoreCameraPosition

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Standby BootAction: BootAction
```
where
```
BootAction: None/DefaultCameraPosition/RestoreCameraPosition
  None: No action.
  RestoreCameraPosition: When the video system restarts, the camera returns to the position that it had before the restart.
  DefaultCameraPosition: When the video system restarts, the camera moves to the factory default position.
```

xConfiguration Standby StandbyAction
Define the camera position when going into standby mode.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: PrivacyPosition

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Standby StandbyAction: StandbyAction
```
where
```
StandbyAction: None/PrivacyPosition
  None: No action.
  PrivacyPosition: When the video system enters standby, the camera turns to a sideways position for privacy.
```
xConfiguration Standby WakeupAction
Define the camera position when leaving standby mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: RestoreCameraPosition

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration Standby WakeupAction: WakeupAction
```
where
```
WakeupAction: None/RestoreCameraPosition/DefaultCameraPosition
```

None: No action.

RestoreCameraPosition: When the video system leaves standby, the camera returns to the position that it had before entering standby.

DefaultCameraPosition: When the video system leaves standby, the camera moves to the factory default position.

---

SystemUnit configuration

xConfiguration SystemUnit Name
Define the system name. The system name will be sent as the hostname in a DHCP request and when the codec is acting as an SNMP Agent.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

**USAGE:**
```
xConfiguration SystemUnit Name: "Name"
```
where
```
Name: String (0, 50)
```

Define the system name.
Time configuration

xConfiguration Time TimeFormat
Define the time format.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 24H

USAGE:
```plaintext
xConfiguration Time TimeFormat: TimeFormat
where
   TimeFormat: 24H/12H
   24H: Set the time format to 24 hours.
   12H: Set the time format to 12 hours (AM/PM).
```

xConfiguration Time DateFormat
Define the date format.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: DD_MM_YY

USAGE:
```plaintext
xConfiguration Time DateFormat: DateFormat
where
   DateFormat: DD_MM_YY/MM_DD_YY/YY_MM_DD
   DD_MM_YY: The date January 30th 2010 will be displayed: 30.01.10
   MM_DD_YY: The date January 30th 2010 will be displayed: 01.30.10
   YY_MM_DD: The date January 30th 2010 will be displayed: 10.01.30
```

xConfiguration Time Zone
Define the time zone for the geographical location of the video system. The information in the value space is from the tz database, also called the IANA Time Zone Database.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: Etc/UTC

USAGE:
```plaintext
xConfiguration Time Zone: Zone
where
UserInterface configuration

xConfiguration UserInterface ContactInfo Type
Choose which type of contact information to show in the status field in the upper left corner of the display and Touch controller.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:
xConfiguration UserInterface ContactInfo Type: Type

where
Type: Auto/None/IPv4/IPv6/H323Id/H320Number/E164Alias/SipUri/SystemName/DisplayName

Auto: Show the address which another system should dial to reach this video system. The address depends on the default call protocol and system registration.

None: Do not show any contact information.

IPv4: Show the system's IPv4 address.

IPv6: Show the system's IPv6 address.

H323Id: Show the system's H.323 ID (refer to the H323 H323Alias ID setting).

H320Number: Show the system's H.320 number as contact information (only applicable if connected to Cisco TelePresence ISDN Link).

E164Alias: Show the system's H.323 E164 Alias as contact information (refer to the H323 H323Alias E164 setting).

SipUri: Show the system's SIP URI (refer to the Sip URI setting).

SystemName: Show the system's name (refer to the SystemUnit Name setting).

DisplayName: Show the system's display name (refer to the SIP DisplayName setting).

xConfiguration UserInterface KeyTones Mode
You can configure the system to make a keyboard click sound effect (key tone) when pressing a key on the remote control, or when typing text or numbers on the Touch controller.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: On

USAGE:
xConfiguration UserInterface KeyTones Mode: Mode

where
Mode: Off/On

Off: There is no key tone sound effect.
On: The key tone sound effect is turned on.

xConfiguration UserInterface Language
Select the language to be used in menus and messages on the screen and Touch controller. The default language is English.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: English

USAGE:
xConfiguration UserInterface Language: Language

where
Language: English/ChineseSimplified/ChineseTraditional/Catalan/Czech/Danish/Dutch/Finnish/French/German/Hungarian/Italian/Japanese/Korean/Norwegian/Polish/PortugueseBrazilian/Russian/Spanish/Swedish/Turkish/Arabic/Hebrew

Select a language from the list.
xConfiguration UserInterface OSD Output
Define on which monitor the on-screen information and indicators (OSD) should be displayed.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

USAGE:
xConfiguration UserInterface OSD Output: \texttt{Output}

where

\texttt{Output}: Auto/1/2

Auto: The system detects when a monitor is connected to a video output, and sends the on-screen information and indicators to the first monitor you connect. If you have a multi-monitor setup, and all monitors are connected before switching on the system, the on-screen information and indicators are sent to the video output with the lowest number, starting with Output Connector 1 (HDMI 1).

Range 1-2: The system sends the on-screen information and indicators to the specified output. Choose \( n \) to send the on-screen information and indicators to the system's Output Connector \( n \).

Typical resolutions used for different optimal definition profiles, call rates and frame rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame rate</th>
<th>Optimal Definition Profile</th>
<th>256 kbps</th>
<th>768 kbps</th>
<th>1152 kbps</th>
<th>1472 kbps</th>
<th>2560 kbps</th>
<th>4 Mbps</th>
<th>6 Mbps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30 fps</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>512 x 288</td>
<td>1024 x 576</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>640 x 360</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>768 x 448</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 fps</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>256 x 144</td>
<td>512 x 288</td>
<td>768 x 448</td>
<td>1024 x 576</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>256 x 144</td>
<td>768 x 448</td>
<td>1024 x 576</td>
<td>1024 x 576</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>512 x 288</td>
<td>1024 x 576</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1280 x 720</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
<td>1920 x 1080</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Video configuration

xConfiguration Video DefaultMainSource
Define which video input source shall be used as the main video source.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER
Default value: 1

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video DefaultMainSource: \texttt{DefaultMainSource}

where

\texttt{DefaultMainSource}: 1/2

Set the source to be used as the main video source.

xConfiguration Video Input Connector \([1..2]\) CameraControl Mode
Define whether the camera that is connected to this video input connector can be controlled or not.

Note that camera control is not available for Connector 2 (DVI-I)

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector 1: On  Connector 2: Off

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video Input Connector \( n \) CameraControl Mode: \texttt{Mode}

where

\( n \): Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2

\texttt{Mode}: Connector 1: Off/On  Connector 2: Off

Off: Disable camera control.

On: Enable camera control.
xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] CameraControl CameraId
The camera ID is a unique identifier of the cameras that are connected to the video input.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 1

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n CameraControl CameraId: CameraId
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2
CameraId: 1
The camera ID is fixed and cannot be changed.

xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] InputSourceType
Select which type of input source is connected to the video input.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector 1: camera Connector 2: PC

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n InputSourceType: InputSourceType
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2
InputSourceType: camera/PC/mediaplayer/document_camera/whiteboard/other
camera: Use this when a camera is connected to the video input.
PC: Use this when a computer is connected to the video input.
mediaplayer: Use this when a media player is connected to the video input.
document_camera: Use this when a document camera is connected to the video input.
whiteboard: Use this when a whiteboard camera is connected to the video input.
other: Use this when the other options do not match.

xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] Name
Define a name for the video input connector.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: ""

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n Name: "Name"
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2
Name: String (0, 50)
Name for the video input connector.

xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] Quality
When encoding and transmitting video there is a trade-off between high resolution and high frame rate. For some video sources it is more important to transmit high frame rate than high resolution and vice versa. This setting specifies whether to give priority to high frame rate or to high resolution.
Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector 1: Motion Connector 2: Sharpness

USAGE:
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n Quality: Quality
where
n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2
Quality: Motion/Sharpness
Motion: Gives the highest possible frame rate. Used when there is a need for higher frame rates, typically when a large number of participants are present or when there is a lot of motion in the picture.
Sharpness: Gives the highest possible resolution. Used when you want the highest quality of detailed images and graphics.
xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] PresentationSelection

Define how the video system will behave when you connect a presentation source to the video input. In general, any input source can be used as a presentation source; normally, the main camera will not be used as a presentation source.

If the video system is in standby mode, it will wake up when you connect a presentation source. Sharing the presentation with the far end requires additional action (select Share on the user interface) except when this setting is set to AutoShare.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector 1: Manual Connector 2: OnConnect

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n PresentationSelection:

where

n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2

PresentationSelection: Manual/OnConnect
```

- **AutoShare:** While in a call, the content on the video input will automatically be presented to the far end as well as on the local screen when you connect the cable. You do not have to select Share on the user interface. If a presentation source is already connected when you make or answer a call, you have to manually select Share on the user interface.

- **Manual:** The content on the video input will not be presented on the screen until you select Share from the user interface.

- **OnConnect:** The content on the video input will be presented on screen when a cable is connected. Otherwise, the behavior is the same as in manual mode.

xConfiguration Video Input Connector [1..2] Visibility

Define the visibility of the video input connector in the menus on the user interface.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector 1: IfSignal Connector 2: Always

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Video Input Connector n Visibility: Visibility

where

n: Unique ID that identifies the video input connector. Range: 1..2

Visibility: Never/Always/IfSignal
```

- **Never:** When the input source is not expected to be used as a presentation source, set to Never.

- **Always:** When set to Always, the menu selection for the video input connector will always be visible on the graphical user interface.

- **IfSignal:** When set to IfSignal, the menu selection for the video input connector will only be visible when something is connected to the video input.
xConfiguration Video Monitors

A role is assigned to each monitor using the Video Output Connector [n] MonitorRole setting. The monitor role decides which layout (call participants and presentation) will appear on the monitor that is connected to this output. Monitors with different monitor roles will have different layouts. Both monitors can not have monitor role First.

The monitor layout mode that is set in the Video Monitors setting should reflect the number of different layouts you want in your room setup. Note that some monitors can be reserved for presentations.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Auto

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Video Monitors: \texttt{Monitors}

where

\texttt{Monitors: Auto/Single/Dual/DualPresentationOnly}

- **Auto:** The number of monitors connected to the codec is automatically detected, and the layout is distributed on the monitors according to the MonitorRole settings.
- **Single:** The layout is shown on one monitor. If two monitors are connected to the codec, one of them will be disabled.
- **Dual:** The layout is distributed on monitors with monitor role First and Second. If a presentation is part of the layout, all participants in the call are shown on the monitor with monitor role First, and the presentation is shown on the monitor with monitor role Second.
- **DualPresentationOnly:** All participants in the call are shown on the monitor with monitor role First. If a presentation is part of the layout, the presentation is shown on the monitor with monitor role Second.

xConfiguration Video Output Connector [1..2] CEC Mode

This video output (HDMI) supports Consumer Electronics Control (CEC). When this setting is On (default is Off), the system will use CEC to set the monitor in standby when the system itself enters standby. Likewise the system will wake up the monitor when the system itself wakes up from standby. For this to happen, the monitor that is connected to the output must be CEC compatible and CEC must be configured on the monitor.

Note that the different manufacturers use different marketing names for CEC, for example Anynet+ (Samsung); Aquos Link (Sharp); BRAVIA Sync (Sony); HDMI-CEC (Hitachi); Kuro Link (Pioneer); CE-Link and Regza Link (Toshiba); RIHD (Onkyo); HDAVI Control, EZ-Sync, VIERA Link (Panasonic); EasyLink (Philips); and NetCommand for HDMI (Mitsubishi).

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Off

**USAGE:**

xConfiguration Video Output Connector \texttt{n} CEC Mode: \texttt{Mode}

where

\texttt{n:} Unique ID that identifies the video output connector. Range: 1..2

\texttt{Mode: Off/On}

- **Off:** Disable CEC control
- **On:** Enable CEC control
xConfiguration Video Output Connector [1..2] MonitorRole

The monitor role describes which video streams will be shown on the monitor connected to this video output connector. Together the Video Monitors setting and the MonitorRole settings for all outputs define which layout (video streams) will be shown on each monitor.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Connector [1]: First  Connector [2]: Second

**USAGE:**

```
xcConfiguration Video Output Connector n MonitorRole: MonitorRole
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the video output connector. Range: 1..2
- \( MonitorRole \): Auto/First/Second/PresentationOnly
  - Auto: The system will detect when a monitor is connected, and a monitor role (First, Second) that corresponds with the Video Monitors setting will be assigned automatically.
  - First/Second: Define the role of the monitor in a multi-monitor setup. In a single-monitor setup, there is no difference between First and Second.
  - PresentationOnly: Show presentation video stream if active, and nothing else. Monitors/outputs with this monitor role are disregarded by the Video Monitors setting.

xConfiguration Video Output Connector [1..2] OverscanLevel

Some monitors may not present the entire image that they receive. This means that the outer parts of the image that is sent from the video system may be cut off when displayed on the monitor.

Use this setting to instruct the video system not to use the outer part of the available frame. This part might be cut off by the monitor. Both the video and messages on screen will be scaled in this case.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: None

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Video Output Connector n OverscanLevel: OverscanLevel
```

where

- \( n \): Unique ID that identifies the video output connector. Range: 1..2
- \( OverscanLevel \): None/Medium/High
  - None: The video system will use all of the output resolution.
  - Medium: The video system will not use the outer 3% of the output resolution.
  - High: The video system will not use the outer 6% of the output resolution.
xConfiguration Video Output Connector [1..2] Resolution

Define the resolution and refresh rate for the connected screen.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: Auto

 USAGE:

xConfiguration Video Output Connector \[n\] Resolution: \[Resolution\]

 where

\[n\]: Unique ID that identifies the video output connector. Range: 1..2

\[Resolution\]: Auto/1280_720_50/1280_720_60/1920_1080_50/1920_1080_60

 Auto: The system will automatically try to set the optimal resolution based on negotiation with the connected monitor.

 1280_720_50: The resolution is 1280 x 720, and the refresh rate is 50 Hz.

 1280_720_60: The resolution is 1280 x 720, and the refresh rate is 60 Hz.

 1920_1080_50: The resolution is 1920 x 1080, and the refresh rate is 50 Hz.

 1920_1080_60: The resolution is 1920 x 1080, and the refresh rate is 60 Hz.

xConfiguration Video Presentation DefaultSource

Define which video input source to use as a default presentation source. This setting may be used by the API and 3rd party user interfaces, but is not relevant when using Touch 10 or the TRC6 remote control.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

Default value: 2

 USAGE:

xConfiguration Video Presentation DefaultSource: \[DefaultSource\]

 where

\[DefaultSource\]: 1/2

The video input source to use as default presentation source.

xConfiguration Video Selfview Default Mode

Define if the main video source (self-view) shall be displayed on screen after a call. The position and size of the self-view window is determined by the Video Selfview Default PiPPosition and the Video Selfview Default FullscreenMode settings respectively.

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: Current

 USAGE:

xConfiguration Video Selfview Default Mode: \[Mode\]

 where

\[Mode\]: Off/Current/On

 Off: self-view is switched off when leaving a call.

 Current: self-view is left as is, i.e. if it was on during the call, it remains on after the call; if it was off during the call, it remains off after the call.

 On: self-view is switched on when leaving a call.

xConfiguration Video Selfview Default FullscreenMode

Define if the main video source (self-view) shall be shown in full screen or as a small picture-in-picture (PiP) after a call. The setting only takes effect when self-view is switched on (see the Video Selfview Default Mode setting).

Requires user role: ADMIN

Default value: Current

 USAGE:

xConfiguration Video Selfview Default FullscreenMode: \[FullscreenMode\]

 where

\[FullscreenMode\]: Off/Current/On

 Off: self-view will be shown as a PiP.

 Current: The size of the self-view picture will be kept unchanged when leaving a call, i.e. if it was a PiP during the call, it remains a PiP after the call; if it was fullscreen during the call, it remains fullscreen after the call.

 On: The self-view picture will be shown in fullscreen.
xConfiguration Video Selfview Default OnMonitorRole

Define which monitor/output to display the main video source (self-view) on after a call. The value reflects the monitor roles set for the different outputs in the Video Output Connector [n] MonitorRole settings.

The setting applies both when self-view is displayed in full screen, and when it is displayed as picture-in-picture (PiP), but only if the Video Monitors setting is set to Dual.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Current

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Video Selfview Default OnMonitorRole: OnMonitorRole
```

where

- **OnMonitorRole**:
  - First: The self-view picture will be shown on outputs with the Video Output HDMI MonitorRole set to First.
  - Second: The self-view picture will be shown on outputs with the Video Output HDMI MonitorRole set to Second.
  - Current: When leaving a call, the self-view picture will be kept on the same output as it was during the call.

xConfiguration Video Selfview Default PIPPosition

Define the position on screen of the small self-view picture-in-picture (PiP) after a call. The setting only takes effect when self-view is switched on (see the Video Selfview Default Mode setting) and fullscreen view is switched off (see the Video Selfview Default FullscreenMode setting).

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: Current

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xConfiguration Video Selfview Default PIPPosition: PIPPosition
```

where

- **PIPPosition**:
  - Current/UpperLeft/UpperCenter/UpperRight/CentreLeft/CentreRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight
  - Current: The position of the self-view PiP will be kept unchanged when leaving a call.
  - UpperLeft: The self-view PiP will appear in the upper left corner of the screen.
  - UpperCenter: The self-view PiP will appear in the upper center position.
  - UpperRight: The self-view PiP will appear in the upper right corner of the screen.
  - CentreLeft: The self-view PiP will appear in the center left position.
  - CentreRight: The self-view PiP will appear in the center right position.
  - LowerLeft: The self-view PiP will appear in the lower left corner of the screen.
  - LowerRight: The self-view PiP will appear in the lower right corner of the screen.
xConfiguration Video Selfview OnCall Mode

This setting is used to switch on self-view for a short while when setting up a call. The Video Selfview OnCall Duration setting determines for how long it remains on. This applies when self-view in general is switched off.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: On

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Video Selfview OnCall Mode: Mode
```
where

- **Mode**: Off/On
  - Off: self-view is not shown automatically during call setup.
  - On: self-view is shown automatically during call setup.

xConfiguration Video Selfview OnCall Duration

This setting only has an effect when the Video Selfview OnCall Mode setting is switched On. In this case, the number of seconds set here determines for how long self-view is shown before it is automatically switched off.

Requires user role: ADMIN
Default value: 10

**USAGE:**

```
xConfiguration Video Selfview OnCall Duration: Duration
```
where

- **Duration**: Integer (1..60)
  - Range: Choose for how long self-view remains on. The valid range is between 1 and 60 seconds.
Chapter 4

xCommand commands
Description of the xCommand commands

In this chapter, you can find a complete list of all xCommand type commands with parameters. We recommend you visit our web site regularly for updated versions of the manual.

Go to: http://www.cisco.com/go/sx-docs

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Audio commands

**xCommand Audio Microphones Mute**
Mute all microphones.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio Microphones Mute

**xCommand Audio Microphones Unmute**
Unmute microphones.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio Microphones Unmute

**xCommand Audio SoundsAndAlerts Ringtone List**
Lists all available ringtones that can be configured using xConfiguration Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio SoundsAndAlerts Ringtone List

**xCommand Audio SoundsAndAlerts Ringtone Play**
Play one of the available ringtones. To get a list of the available ringtones use the command xCommand Audio SoundsAndAlerts Ringtone List.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio SoundsAndAlerts Ringtone Play RingTone: "RingTone"

  **RingTone:** String (1, 100)
  The name of the ringtone.

**xCommand Audio Volume Decrease**
Decrease the volume on the endpoint.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio Volume Decrease [Steps: Steps]

  **Steps:** Integer (1..10)
  One step equals 0.5dB decrease in volume.

**xCommand Audio Volume Increase**
Increase the volume on the endpoint.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio Volume Increase [Steps: Steps]

  **Steps:** Integer (1..10)
  One step equals 0.5dB increase in volume.

**xCommand Audio Volume Mute**
Mute the volume on the endpoint.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Audio Volume Mute
xCommand Audio Volume Set
Set the volume on the endpoint to a specified level.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
- `xCommand Audio Volume Set Level: Level`
  - **Level:** Integer (0..100)
  - Select gain level. The default level 70 equals 0dB gain. Level 100 equals 15db gain.

xCommand Audio Volume SetToDefault
Set the current volume level as the default for the endpoint.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
- `xCommand Audio Volume SetToDefault`

xCommand Audio Volume Unmute
Set the volume on the endpoint back on after muting.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
- `xCommand Audio Volume Unmute`

---

**Bookings commands**

xCommand Bookings Clear
Clear the current stored list of bookings.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
- `xCommand Bookings Clear`

xCommand Bookings Get
Get the booking information for a specific ID.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
- `xCommand Bookings Get Id: "Id"
  - **Id:** String (0, 128)
  - The booking ID of a call or conference.
xCommand Bookings List

List the stored bookings for the system. The list of booking details is received from the management system. All parameters are optional, and can be used to limit the search result. If no parameters are set, past, present and future bookings are all listed. To avoid listing bookings from yesterday and before, use DayOffset = 0.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Bookings List [Days: Days] [DayOffset: DayOffset] [Limit: Limit] [Offset: Offset]
```

where

- **Days:** Integer (1..365)
  - Number of days to retrieve bookings from.
- **DayOffset:** Integer (0..365)
  - Which day to start the search from (today: 0, tomorrow: 1...).
- **Limit:** Integer (1..65534)
  - Max number of bookings to list.
- **Offset:** Integer (0..65534)
  - Offset number of bookings for this search.

---

**Call commands**

**xCommand Call Accept**

Accept an incoming call. If no CallId is specified, all incoming calls are accepted.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call Accept [CallId: CallId]
```

where

- **CallId:** Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallId is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During the call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

---

**xCommand Call DTMFSend**

Send DTMF tones to the far end.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call DTMFSend [CallId: CallId] DTMFString: "DTMFString"
```

where

- **CallId:** Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallId is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During the call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

- **DTMFString:** String (0, 32)
  - Enter the DTMF string.
xCommand Call Disconnect
Disconnect a call.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand Call Disconnect [CallId: CallId]
where
CallId: Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During the call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

xCommand Call FarEndControl Camera Move
Move the far end camera (the remote camera).
NOTE: The far end camera moves in the specified direction until the stop command (ref: xCommand FarEndControl Camera Stop) is issued.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand Call FarEndControl Camera Move [CallId: CallId] Value: Value
where
CallId: Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During the call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

Value: Left/Right/Up/Down/ZoomIn/ZoomOut
Select the action for how to move the camera.

xCommand Call FarEndControl Camera Stop
Stop the far end camera after the xCommand FarEndControl Camera Move has been issued.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand Call FarEndControl Camera Stop [CallId: CallId]
where
CallId: Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

xCommand Call FarEndControl RoomPreset Activate
While in a call, this command is used to activate a preset on the far end codec. The preset covers the far end codec’s camera positions and input video switcher settings.
The preset must be stored on the far end codec beforehand, either by using the xCommand Preset Store command locally on the far end codec, or by using the xCommand FarEndControl Preset Store command from a remote codec.
Note: The far end codec’s xConfiguration Conference FarEndControl Mode setting must be switched On for the FarEndControl commands to work.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand Call FarEndControl RoomPreset Activate [CallId: CallId] PresetId: PresetId
where
CallId: Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is required to identify the far end codec only when in a Multipoint call. The CallId is returned when issuing the xCommand Dial command. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

PresetId: Integer (1..15)
The ID of the preset that is stored on the far end codec.
xCommand Call FarEndControl Source Select

Select which video input source to use as the main source on the far end system.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call FarEndControl Source Select [CallId: CallId] SourceId: SourceId
```

Where:

- **CallId**: Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallID is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

- **SourceId**: Integer (0..15)
  - Select a video input source on the far end.

xCommand Call Hold

Put a call on hold.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call Hold [CallId: CallId] [Reason: Reason]
```

Where:

- **CallId**: Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallID is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

- **Reason**: Conference/Transfer/Other
  - Internal usage only.

xCommand Call Ignore

Turns off the ringtone for the incoming call. The call can still be answered.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call Ignore CallId: CallId
```

Where:

- **CallId**: Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallID is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

xCommand Call Join

Internal usage only.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call Join CallId: CallId
```

Where:

- **CallId**: Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallID is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.

xCommand Call Reject

Reject incoming call. If no call id is specified, all incoming calls are rejected.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Call Reject [CallId: CallId]
```

Where:

- **CallId**: Integer (0..65534)
  - The CallID is returned when the xCommand Dial command is run. During a call you can run the xStatus Call command to see the CallId.
**xCommand Call Resume**
Resume a call that have been put on hold.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Call Resume CallId: CallId
```

**CallId:** Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is returned when the `xCommand Dial` command is run. During a call you can run the `xStatus Call` command to see the CallId.

**xCommand Call UnattendedTransfer**
Transfers an ongoing call to another participant. Fully supported for SIP calls only.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Call UnattendedTransfer CallId: CallId
    Number: "Number"
```

**CallId:** Integer (0..65534)
The CallId is returned when the `xCommand Dial` command is run. During a call you can run the `xStatus Call` command to see the CallId.

**Number:** String (0, 255)
The number the call is transferred to.

**CallHistory commands**

**xCommand CallHistory AcknowledgeAllMissedCalls**
Turns off the missed calls indicator on the touch controller for all missed calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand CallHistory AcknowledgeAllMissedCalls
```

**xCommand CallHistory AcknowledgeMissedCall**
Turns off the missed calls indicator on the touch controller for the specified call.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand CallHistory AcknowledgeMissedCall CallHistoryId: CallHistoryId
    [AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates: AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates]
```

**CallHistoryId:** Integer (1..2147483647)
The CallHistoryId for the call in question. Run `xCommand CallHistory Get` to get the id number.

**AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates:** False/True
You can include or exclude all surrounding calls with duplicate information.

**xCommand CallHistory DeleteAll**
Deletes all information on previous calls.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand CallHistory DeleteAll [Filter: Filter]
```

**Filter:** All/Missed/Placed/Received
You can filter which calls to delete.
**xCommand CallHistory DeleteEntry**

Deletes all information on the specified call.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand CallHistory DeleteEntry CallHistoryId: CallHistoryId
[AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates: AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates]
```

where

**CallHistoryId:** Integer (1..2147483647)
CallHistoryId for the call in question. Run xCommand CallHistory Get to get the id number.

**AcknowledgeConsecutiveDuplicates:** False/True
You can include or exclude all surrounding calls with duplicate information.

**xCommand CallHistory Get**

Retrieve all information on previous calls made on the video system.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand CallHistory Get [Filter: Filter] [Offset: Offset] [Limit: Limit]
[DetailLevel: DetailLevel] [SearchString: "SearchString"] [CallHistoryId: CallHistoryId]
```

where

**Filter:** All/Missed/AnsweredElsewhere/Forwarded/Placed/NoAnswer/Received/Rejected/UnacknowledgedMissed
You can filter which calls to retrieve.

**Offset:** Integer (0..65534)
Sets the call from which to start.

**Limit:** Integer (0..65534)
Defines the amount of calls in the output.

**DetailLevel:** Basic/Full
Sets the level of detail for the information on these calls.

**SearchString:** String (0, 255)
Allows you to set the command to apply to a specified display name or call back number.

**CallHistoryId:** Integer (0..65534)
CallHistoryId for the call in question.
xCommand CallHistory Recents
Retrieve aggregated information on previous calls made on the video system.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```plaintext
xCommand CallHistory Recents [Filter: Filter] [Offset: Offset] [Limit: Limit] [DetailLevel: DetailLevel] [SearchString: "SearchString"] [CallHistoryId: CallHistoryId] [Order: Order]
```
where
- **Filter:** All/Missed/AnsweredElsewhere/Forwarded/Placed/NoAnswer/Received/Rejected/UnacknowledgedMissed
  - You can filter which calls to retrieve.
- **Offset:** Integer (0..65534)
  - Sets the call from which to start.
- **Limit:** Integer (0..65534)
  - Defines the amount of calls in the output.
- **DetailLevel:** Basic/Full
  - Sets the level of detail for the information on these calls.
- **SearchString:** String (0, 255)
  - Allows you to set the command to apply to a specified display name or call back number.
- **CallHistoryId:** Integer (0..65534)
  - CallHistoryId for the call in question.
- **Order:** OccurrenceTime/OccurrenceFrequency
  - Define the order in which the previous calls are presented.

Camera commands

xCommand Camera PositionReset
Reset the camera position to default position.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```plaintext
xCommand Camera PositionReset [Axis: Axis] CameraId: CameraId
```
where
- **Axis:** All/Focus/PanTilt/Zoom
  - Select which motor to reset. If not specified all are reset.
- **CameraId:** Integer (1..1)
  - The ID of the camera preset you want to reset.
xCommand Camera PositionSet
Set the camera position.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Camera PositionSet CameraId: **CameraId** [Focus: **Focus**] [Pan: **Pan**] [Tilt: **Tilt**] [Zoom: **Zoom**]

where

**CameraId:** Integer (1..1)
The ID of the camera preset you want to reset.

**Focus:** Integer (0..65535)
Focus the camera near or far.

**Pan:** Integer (-10000..10000)
Move the camera to the left or right.

**Tilt:** Integer (-2500..2500)
Move the camera up or down.

**Zoom:** Integer (0..8500)
Zoom in or out.

xCommand Camera Preset Activate
Activate one of the stored camera presets.

Note that the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to an individual camera. This is in contrast to the xCommand Preset commands where a single preset covers ALL connected cameras plus the Video Input switcher settings.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Camera Preset Activate PresetId: **PresetId**

where

**PresetId:** Integer (1..35)
The ID of the camera preset you want to activate.

xCommand Camera Preset ActivateDefaultPosition
Sets the cameras to their default position, if one is defined. The default position is defined by xCommand Camera Preset Store or by xCommand Camera Preset Edit. Only one default position can be defined per camera.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
xCommand Camera Preset ActivateDefaultPosition [CameraId: **CameraId**]

where

**CameraId:** Integer (1..1)
The ID of the camera preset you want to activate. If CameraId is not specified, all cameras will be set in their respective default position, if one is defined.
xCommand Camera Preset Edit

Edit a stored camera preset. You can change the name of the camera preset and its position in the list that is returned by the xCommand Camera Preset List command. You can also change whether or not this preset is the default position for the associated camera.

Note that the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to an individual camera. This is in contrast to the xCommand Preset commands where a single preset covers ALL connected cameras and the Video Input switcher settings.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```bash
xCommand Camera Preset Edit PresetId: PresetId [ListPosition: ListPosition] [Name: "Name"] [DefaultProsition: DefaultProsition]
```

where

- **PresetId:** Integer (1..35)
  
  The ID of the camera preset you want to edit.

- **ListPosition:** Integer (1..35)
  
  The position in the list returned by the xCommand Camera Preset List command.

- **Name:** String (0, 255)
  
  The name of the camera preset. It will be used in the list returned by the xCommand Camera Preset List command.

- **DefaultProsition:** False/True
  
  Defines whether or not this preset is the default position for the associated camera. Note that each camera can only have one default position, so if set, the old default preset will automatically be marked as not default.

xCommand Camera Preset List

List information about available camera presets.

Note that the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to an individual camera. This is in contrast to the xCommand Preset commands where a single preset covers ALL connected cameras plus the Video Input switcher settings.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```bash
xCommand Camera Preset List CameraId: CameraId [DefaultPosition: DefaultPosition]
```

where

- **CameraId:** Integer (1..1)
  
  Only list presets for the specified camera.

- **DefaultPosition:** False/True
  
  List default positions only, or only those that are not default positions.

xCommand Camera Preset Remove

Remove a camera preset.

Note that the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to an individual camera. This is in contrast to the xCommand Preset commands where a single preset covers ALL connected cameras plus the Video Input switcher settings.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```bash
xCommand Camera Preset Remove PresetId: PresetId
```

where

- **PresetId:** Integer (1..35)
  
  The ID of the camera preset you want to remove.
xCommand Camera Preset Show
Shows the preset details for the requested PresetId.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

 USAGE:

 xCommand Camera Preset Show PresetId: PresetId
 where
 PresetId: Integer (1..35)
   The ID of the camera preset you wish to see.

xCommand Camera Preset Store
Store the current position (pan and tilt), zoom and focus of the chosen camera. The camera is identified by the CameraId parameter.
Note that the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to an individual camera. This is in contrast to the xCommand Preset commands where a single preset covers ALL connected cameras plus the Video Input switcher settings. The xCommand Camera Preset commands are useful when you want to handle multiple camera positions individually per camera, rather than working with complete sets of camera positions. The individual camera presets are not available for far end control.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

 USAGE:

 xCommand Camera Preset Store [PresetId: PresetId] CameraId: CameraId
 [ListPosition: ListPosition] [Name: "Name"] [TakeSnapshot: TakeSnapshot] [DefaultProsition: DefaultProsition]
 where
 PresetId: Integer (1..35)
   The ID of this camera preset. If not set explicitly, the codec will assign a preset ID automatically.
 CameraId: Integer (1..1)
   Select the camera for which to store the preset position.
 ListPosition: Integer (1..35)
   The new camera preset’s position in the list returned by the xCommand Camera Preset List command.
 Name: String (0, 255)
   The name of the new camera preset. It will be used in the list returned by the xCommand Camera Preset List command.
 TakeSnapshot: False/True
   Allow or disallow snapshot of the preview.
 DefaultProsition: False/True
   Defines whether or not this preset shall be the default position of the associated camera. Note that each camera can hold only one default position, so if set, the old default preset will automatically be marked as not default.
xCommand Camera Ramp
Move the camera in a specified direction. The camera moves at specified speed until a stop command is issued. In a daisy chain, you need to know the CameraId for the camera you want to address. Be aware that pan and tilt can be operated simultaneously, but no other combinations. In the latter case only the first operation specified is executed. For example, if you try to run both zoom and pan at the same time, only zoom is executed.

NOTE: You must run a stop command to stop the camera, see the example below. 

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
```
xCommand Camera Ramp CameraId: CameraId [Pan: Pan] [PanSpeed: PanSpeed] [Tilt: Tilt] [TiltSpeed: TiltSpeed] [Zoom: Zoom] [ZoomSpeed: ZoomSpeed] [Focus: Focus]
```

where 

CameraId: Integer (1..1)
Select the camera.

Pan: Left/Right/Stop
Move the camera to the Left or Right, followed by Stop.

PanSpeed: Integer (1..15)
Set the pan speed.

Tilt: Down/Up/Stop
Move the camera Up or Down, followed by Stop.

TiltSpeed: Integer (1..15)
Set the tilt speed.

Zoom: In/Out/Stop
Zoom the camera In or Out, followed by Stop.

ZoomSpeed: Integer (1..15)
Set the zoom speed.

Focus: Far/Near/Stop
Focus the camera Far or Near, followed by Stop.

xCommand Camera TriggerAutofocus
Trigger the auto-focus functionality. The camera must support auto-focus functionality. If the camera is daisy chained, the CameraId is given by its place in the chain.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
```
xCommand Camera TriggerAutofocus CameraId: CameraId
```

CameraId: Integer (1..1)
Select the camera to auto-focus.
Conference commands

xCommand Conference DoNotDisturb Activate

This command switches on the Do Not Disturb mode, and the Timeout parameter allows you to control when it is switched off again. When Do Not Disturb is switched on, all incoming calls are rejected and registered as missed calls. The calling side receives a busy signal.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Conference DoNotDisturb Activate [Timeout: Timeout]

where

Timeout: Integer (1..1440)

Set the number of minutes before Do Not Disturb is switched off. If not set, Do Not Disturb times out after 1440 minutes (24 hours).

xCommand Conference DoNotDisturb Deactivate

Switch off the Do Not Disturb mode. When Do Not Disturb is switched off incoming calls come through as normal.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Conference DoNotDisturb Deactivate

xCommand Conference SpeakerLock Set

For manually locking one of the speakers to the prominent speaker position. This overrides the default voice switching.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Conference SpeakerLock Set Target: Target [CallId: CallId]

where

Target: local/remote

Identifies local or remote participant.

CallId: Integer (0..65534)

Identify CallID for the remote participant. Only relevant if Target is set to "remote".

xCommand Conference SpeakerLock Release

Releases locked speaker set by xCommand Conference SpeakerLock Set. Default voice switching is switched back on.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Conference SpeakerLock Release
Diagnostics commands

xCommand Diagnostics Run
This command runs self-diagnostics commands on the system.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
xCommand Diagnostics Run [ResultSet: ResultSet]
where
ResultSet: Alerts/All/None
You can filter the diagnostics results to alerts, all or none. If not set, the result will show all results.

Dial commands

xCommand Dial
Dial out from the system. Returns information about the CallId and ConferenceId, which are required for some of the other commands.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand Dial Number: "Number" [Protocol: Protocol] [CallRate: CallRate] [CallType: CallType] [BookingId: "BookingId"] [Appearance: Appearance] [DisplayName: "DisplayName"]
where
Number: String (0, 255)
Enter the number or address.
Protocol: H320/H323/Sip
Select the call protocol.
CallRate: Integer (64..6000)
Set the call rate.
CallType: Audio/Video
Select the call type.
BookingId: String (0, 255)
Any identifier that an external booking system (e.g. TMS, CTS-MAN) can use for its own references to match placed calls with the booking systems internal identifier for a meeting. This can be any string, e.g. a GUID. The booking Id is supplied in call logs, call events etc for the call.
Appearance: Integer (1..999999999)
Internal usage only.
DisplayName: String (0, 255)
The display name of the remote participant.
HttpFeedback commands

xCommand HttpFeedback Deregister
Deregister XML feedback over HTTP(S).
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand HttpFeedback Deregister FeedbackSlot: FeedbackSlot
```

*FeedbackSlot:* Integer (1..4)
You can have from 1 to 4 slots for feedback.

xCommand HttpFeedback Register
Register the system to a HTTP(S) server to return XML feedback over HTTP(S) to specific URLs.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand HttpFeedback Register [FeedbackSlot: FeedbackSlot] ServerUrl: ServerUrl [Expression[1..15]: Expression[1..15]]
```

*FeedbackSlot:* Integer (1..4)
You can have from 1 to 4 slots for feedback.

*ServerUrl:* String (1, 2048)
Define the URL for the HTTP(S) server.

*Expression*[1..15]: String (1, 255)
XPath expressions specify which parts of the Status and Configuration XML documents are monitored. You can have from 1 to 15 XPath expressions.

Peripherals commands

xCommand Peripherals Connect
Register peripherals that are connected to the codec, such as control systems and touch panels. The registered peripherals are displayed on the web interface under Configuration > Peripherals.
This command should be used when the peripheral connects to the codec for the first time or when the software version on the peripheral has changed. The list of connected devices is available with the command xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Status.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Peripherals Connect [HardwareInfo: HardwareInfo] ID: ID [Name: Name] [NetworkAddress: NetworkAddress] [SerialNumber: SerialNumber] [SoftwareInfo: SoftwareInfo] Type: Type
```

*HardwareInfo:* String (0, 100)
The device’s hardware number.

*ID:* String (1, 100)
A unique ID for the device you are connecting to, typically a MAC address.

*Name:* String (0, 100)
Define a name for the device.

*NetworkAddress:* String (0, 100)
Network address for the device you are connecting to.

*SerialNumber:* String (0, 100)
The device’s serial number.

*SoftwareInfo:* String (0, 100)
Software version the device is running.

*Type:* Byod/ControlSystem/Other/TouchPanel
Define the type of device you are connecting to.
xCommand Peripherals HeartBeat
When a peripheral is registered as a connected device, you can set it to send a heartbeat to the codec to let the codec know that it is still connected. This will keep the device on the xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice list. If the peripheral is not set to send a heartbeat, the device will disappear from the list after a while. Note: Does not apply to cameras.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Peripherals HeartBeat ID: "ID" [Timeout: Timeout]
```
where
- **ID:** String (1, 100)
  - A unique ID for the device you are connecting to, typically a MAC address.
- **Timeout:** Integer (1..65535)
  - Set how long the device will send heartbeat.

xCommand Peripherals List
Lists all currently and previously connected peripherals.

Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Peripherals List [Connected: Connected] [Type: Type]
```
where
- **Connected:** False/True
  - Limit the search to currently connected devices.
- **Type:** All/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/TouchPanel
  - Limit the search by device type.

xCommand Peripherals Pairing DeviceDiscovery Start
Start device discovery to detect ISDN Links in the same network.

Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Peripherals Pairing DeviceDiscovery Start [AutoPairing: AutoPairing] [DeviceType: DeviceType] [Timeout: Timeout]
```
where
- **AutoPairing:** On/Off
  - You can select to automatically pair the detected device to the endpoint.
- **DeviceType:** ISDNLink
  - Only look for ISDN Link.
- **Timeout:** Integer (3..60)
  - Set a maximum time for the search from 3 to 60 seconds.

xCommand Peripherals Pairing Pair
Pair an ISDN Link to an endpoint.

Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Peripherals Pairing Pair MacAddress: "MacAddress"
```
where
- **MacAddress:** String (1, 1450)
  - Enter the MAC address for the ISDN Link you wish to pair to the endpoint.
xCommand Peripherals Pairing Unpair

Unpair endpoint from an ISDN Link, when the two have contact.

Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**

xCommand Peripherals Pairing Unpair MacAddress: "MacAddress"

where

**MacAddress:** String (1, 100)

MacAddress: Enter the MAC address for the ISDN Link you wish to unpair from the endpoint.

xCommand Peripherals Purge

Force unpair an endpoint from an ISDN Link when a connection has been lost. Note: You must also unpair the ISDN Link to be able to pair it to another endpoint.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

xCommand Peripherals Purge ID: "ID"

where

**ID:** String (1, 100)

ID: Mac address of the ISDN Link in the format "xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx".

Phonebook commands

xCommand Phonebook Contact Add

Add a new contact to the local phonebook. The command returns the ContactId, which is a unique string that identifies the contact; typically the format is "localContactId-n".

You can add several contact methods to a contact using the xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Add command. Note that only the first contact method will appear in the Favorites list on the Cisco TelePresence Touch controller. All contact methods are available in the API, on the web interface and when using the remote control.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

xCommand Phonebook Contact Add Name: "Name" [FolderId: "FolderId"] [ImageURL: "ImageURL"] [Title: "Title"] [Number: "Number"] [Protocol: Protocol] [CallRate: CallRate] [CallType: CallType] [Device: Device] [Tag: Tag]

where

**Name:** String (0, 255)

The name of the contact.

**FolderId:** String (0, 255)

The unique identifier for the folder that you want to store the contact in. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued to make the folder.

**ImageURL:** String (0, 255)

Currently not in use.

**Title:** String (0, 255)

The title of the contact.

**Number:** String (0, 255)

The phone number or address of the contact.

**Protocol:** Auto/H320/H323/SIP

Select the Auto, SIP, H323 or H320 protocol.

**CallRate:** Integer (0..6000)

Set a call rate.
**CallType:** Audio/Video
Select a call type (audio or video).

**Device:** Mobile/Other/Telephone/Video
Select the device type.

**Tag:** Untagged/Favorite
Tag the contact as a Favorite, or untag an already tagged contact.

---

**xCommand Phonebook Contact Delete**
Delete an existing contact from the local phonebook.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Phonebook Contact Delete ContactId: "ContactId"
```

where

- **ContactId:** String (0, 255)
  The unique identifier for the contact. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command was issued to make the contact.

---

**xCommand Phonebook Contact Modify**
Modify contact details of an existing contact in the local phonebook. The following parameters can be changed using this command: Name, FolderId, ImageURL and Title. You must use the xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Modify command to change the other parameters: Number, Protocol, CallRate, CallType and Device.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Phonebook Contact Modify ContactId: "ContactId" [Name: "Name"] [FolderId: "FolderId"] [ImageURL: "ImageURL"] [Title: "Title"] [Tag: Tag]
```

where

- **ContactId:** String (0, 255)
  The unique identifier for the contact you want to modify. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command was issued to make the contact.

- **Name:** String (0, 255)
  The name of the contact.

- **FolderId:** String (0, 255)
  A unique identifier for the folder. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued.

- **ImageURL:** String (0, 255)
  Currently not in use.

- **Title:** String (0, 255)
  The title of the contact.

- **Tag:** Untagged/Favorite
  Tag the contact as a Favorite, or untag an already tagged contact.
xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Add

Add contact details for an existing contact in the local phonebook. The command returns the ContactMethodId, which is a unique string that identifies the contact method, typically the format is "n".

You can add several contact methods to a contact. Note that only the first contact method will appear in the Favorites list on the Cisco TelePresence Touch controller. The first contact method may have been created when issuing the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command to make the contact. All contact methods are available in the API, on the web interface and when using the remote control.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Add ContactId: "ContactId" [Device: Device] Number: "Number" [Protocol: Protocol] [CallRate: CallRate] [CallType: CallType] where

ContactId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the contact that you want to add a contact method to. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command was issued to make the contact.

Device: Mobile/Other/Telephone/Video
Set which type of device to call to.

Number: String (0, 255)
The phone number or address of the contact.

Protocol: Auto/H320/H323/SIP
Select protocol.

CallRate: Integer (0..6000)
Set a call rate.

CallType: Audio/Video
Select a call type (audio or video).

xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Delete

Delete a contact method from an existing contact in the local phonebook.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Delete ContactId: "ContactId" ContactMethodId: "ContactMethodId" where

ContactId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the contact you want to change. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command was issued to make the contact.

ContactMethodId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the contact method you want to delete. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Add command was issued to make the contact method.
xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Modify

Modify details about the contact method for an existing contact in the local phonebook.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Modify ContactId: "ContactId" ContactMethodId: "ContactMethodId" [Device: Device] [Number: "Number"] [Protocol: Protocol] [CallRate: CallRate] [CallType: CallType]

where

ContactId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the contact. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Contact Add command was issued to make the contact.

ContactMethodId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the contact method you want to modify. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook ContactMethod Add or xCommand Phonebook Contact Add commands were issued to make the contact method.

Device: Mobile/Other/Telephone/Video
Set which type of device to call to.

Number: String (0, 255)
The phone number or address of the contact.

Protocol: Auto/H320/H323/SIP
Select protocol.

CallRate: Integer (0..6000)
Set a call rate.

CallType: Audio/Video
Select a call type (audio or video).

xCommand Phonebook Folder Add

Phonebook entries can be stored in folders. Use this command to add a folder to the local phonebook. The command returns the FolderId, which is a unique string that identifies the folder; typically the format is "localGroupid-n".

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Phonebook Folder Add Name: "Name" [ParentFolderId: "ParentFolderId"]

where

Name: String (0, 255)
The name of the folder.

ParentFolderId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the parent folder. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued to make the parent folder.

xCommand Phonebook Folder Delete

Delete an existing folder from the local phonebook.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Phonebook Folder Delete FolderId: "FolderId"

where

FolderId: String (0, 255)
The unique identifier for the folder. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued to make the folder.
xCommand Phonebook Folder Modify

Modify an existing phonebook folder.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Phonebook Folder Modify FolderId: "FolderId" [Name: "Name"]
[ParentFolderId: "ParentFolderId"]
```

where

- **FolderId**: String (0, 255)
  - The unique identifier for the folder. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued to make the folder.

- **Name**: String (0, 255)
  - The name of the contact.

- **ParentFolderId**: String (0, 255)
  - The unique identifier for the parent folder. The identifier will be returned by an xCommand Phonebook Search command. It was also returned when the xCommand Phonebook Folder Add command was issued to make the parent folder.

xCommand Phonebook Search

The search command lets you search in both the local and corporate phone books. A search gives a ResultSet.

The total number of folders and contacts (TotalRows) is always included in the result set when searching the local phone book. When searching a corporate phonebook the total number of folders and contacts may not be included. Whether it is included or not depends on the backend corporate phonebook service (e.g. CUCM, VCS, TMS) and its version.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Phonebook Search [PhonebookId: "PhonebookId"] [PhonebookType: PhonebookType] [SearchString: "SearchString"] [SearchField: SearchField] [Offset: Offset] [FolderId: "FolderId"] [Limit: Limit] [Recursive: Recursive] [ContactType: ContactType] [Tag: Tag]
```

where

- **PhonebookId**: String (0, 255)
  - The identifier of the phonebook server that will be searched. See the xConfiguration Phonebook Server ID setting.

- **PhonebookType**: Corporate/Local
  - Define whether to search the local phone book or the corporate phonebook.

- **SearchString**: String (0, 255)
  - Search for entries containing this string (note that the entry does not have to begin with the string). If no FolderId is specified, all folders / phonebook directories will be searched.

- **SearchField**: Name/Number
  - Currently not in use.

- **Offset**: Integer (0..65534)
  - Get records starting with this offset in a search. The default value is 0. Offset is used together with Limit to support paging.

- **FolderId**: String (0, 255)
  - Search only in the specified folder. The FolderId (string) is listed in the ResultSet of a search result containing folders.

- **Limit**: Integer (0..65534)
  - Limit the number of records in the result set to this number. For example, if the limit is
set to 10, the ResultSet will contain only 10 entries (Contacts and Folders) even if the total number of hits is larger. The maximum limit is 1000.

Recursive: False/True
This parameter will only have effect when searching the local phone book. The setting determines whether a local phone book search should be limited to the given FolderId, or also recursively search in its subfolders. If not specified, the search will be recursive.

When issuing the command without specifying any parameters, all folders, contacts and contact methods in the local phone book will be returned.

ContactType: Any/Folder/Contact
Search all contact types, or limit the search to folders or individual contacts.

Tag: Untagged/Favorite
Limits the search to either contacts that have been tagged as favorite or the untagged contacts.

Presentation commands

xCommand Presentation Start
Open a media stream from the selected presentation source.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

 USAGE:
```
xCommand Presentation Start [PresentationSource: PresentationSource] [SendingMode: SendingMode] [ConnectorId: ConnectorId] [Instance: Instance]
```
where
- **PresentationSource**: Integer (1..2)
  Select the video input source to be used for presentation, identified by source number.
- **SendingMode**: LocalRemote/LocalOnly
  Select whether the presentation is shown locally or locally and remotely.
- **ConnectorId**: Integer (1..2)
  Select the video input source to be used for presentation, identified by connectorId.
- **Instance**: New/1/2/3/4/5/6
  Select which local presentation instance you wish to start.

xCommand Presentation Stop
Stop the media stream from the presentation source.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

 USAGE:
```
xCommand Presentation Stop [Instance: Instance] [PresentationSource: PresentationSource]
```
where
- **Instance**: 1/2/3/4/5/6
  Select which local presentation you wish to stop, identified by presentation instance.
- **PresentationSource**: Integer (1..2)
  Select which local presentation you wish to stop, identified by source number.
Provisioning commands

**xCommand Provisioning CompleteUpgrade**
Stops installing the software upgrade if you wish to install it before it is set to do so.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```text
xCommand Provisioning CompleteUpgrade
```

**xCommand Provisioning PostponeUpgrade**
Postpones the installing of the software upgrade.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```text
xCommand Provisioning PostponeUpgrade SecondsToPostpone: SecondsToPostpone
```

Where

**SecondsToPostpone**: Integer (0..65534)
Set how long to postpone the upgrade. The value is in seconds.

**xCommand Provisioning StartUpgrade**
The codec software can be upgraded from the provisioning server. When starting the upgrade the software is automatically downloaded and installed. The codec reboots to complete the software upgrade.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```text
xCommand Provisioning StartUpgrade
```

Proximity commands

**xCommand Proximity Services Activate**
Reactivate the Proximity services that were deactivated with xCommand Proximity Services Deactivate.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```text
xCommand Proximity Services Activate
```

**xCommand Proximity Services Deactivate**
This command deactivates all proximity services on the endpoint. To reactivate proximity services use the command xCommand Proximity Services Activate.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```text
xCommand Proximity Services Deactivate
```
RoomPreset commands

xCommand RoomPreset Activate

Activate one of the locally stored presets. Note that information about all video input sources, and pan, tilt, zoom and focus values for all cameras are included in the same preset. In contrast, the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to individual cameras only.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

    xCommand RoomPreset Activate PresetId: PresetId

where

PresetId: Integer (1..15)

    The ID of the preset you want to activate.

xCommand RoomPreset Clear

Delete a preset. Note that information about all video input sources, and pan, tilt, zoom and focus values for all cameras are included in the same preset. In contrast, the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to individual cameras only.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

    xCommand RoomPreset Clear PresetId: PresetId

where

PresetId: Integer (1..15)

    The ID of the preset you want to delete.

xCommand RoomPreset Store

Store the connector selections for all video input sources and the current position (pan and tilt), zoom and focus values for all cameras. Note that information about all video input sources, and pan, tilt, zoom and focus values for all cameras are included in the same preset. The system may hold 15 such predefined video input presets. These presets are available for far end control, i.e. they are referred in the PresetId parameter of the xCommand FarEndControl Preset Activate command. In contrast, the xCommand Camera Preset commands applies to individual cameras only. Those presets are not available for far end control.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

    xCommand RoomPreset Store [Description: "Description"] PresetId: PresetId Type: Type

where

Description: String (0, 255)

      Enter a description of the camera preset.

PresetId: Integer (1..15)

      The ID of this preset.

Type: All/Camera

      Not applicable. If you want to ensure that a preset only affects camera positions we recommend that you select Camera.
Security commands

xCommand Security Persistency
Set the following features to persistent or non-persistent mode. In non-persistent mode the information gathered by the specified feature does not persist a reboot of the system. Persistent mode is the default. This command reboots the system.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
```
xCommand Security Persistency Configurations: Configurations CallHistory: CallHistory InternalLogging: InternalLogging LocalPhonebook: LocalPhonebook DHCP: DHCP ConfirmAndReboot: ConfirmAndReboot
```

where

**Configurations**: NonPersistent/Persistent
In non-persistent mode, all configurations are set back to default when the system reboots.

**CallHistory**: NonPersistent/Persistent
In non-persistent mode call history is deleted when the system reboots.

**InternalLogging**: NonPersistent/Persistent
In non-persistent mode eventlog is deleted when the system reboots.

**LocalPhonebook**: NonPersistent/Persistent
In non-persistent mode local phone book is deleted when the system reboots.

**DHCP**: NonPersistent/Persistent
In non-persistent mode all IP related information is deleted when the system reboots.

**ConfirmAndReboot**: Yes
Reboots the system.

Standby commands

xCommand Standby Activate
Set the system in standby mode, which turns off the video outputs and put the camera into sleep mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
```
xCommand Standby Activate
```

xCommand Standby Deactivate
Bring the system out of standby mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
```
xCommand Standby Deactivate
```

xCommand Standby ResetTimer
Set a temporary standby delay. If the system is in standby mode when the reset timer is set, the system is brought out of standby mode. When left idle for the given delay the system goes into standby mode. Setting the reset timer does not affect the Standby Delay in the Advanced configuration menu (or by xConfiguration Standby Delay). Next time this delay is the valid standby delay.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
```
xCommand Standby ResetTimer Delay: Delay
```

where

**Delay**: Integer (1..480)
Set the delay in minutes.
SystemUnit commands

xCommand SystemUnit Boot
Reboot the system.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand SystemUnit Boot [Action: <Action>]
```
where

**Action:** Restart/Shutdown
As a default the system restarts after a reboot. By selecting Shutdown, the system will not restart.

xCommand SystemUnit FactoryReset
Reset the codec to factory default settings. The call logs are deleted and all system parameters are reset to default values. All files that have been uploaded to the codec are deleted. Option key(s) are not affected.
As a default the system restarts after the factory reset, but other behaviour can be forced by selecting a different TrailingAction.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand SystemUnit FactoryReset Confirm: <Confirm> [TrailingAction: <TrailingAction>]
```
where

**Confirm:** Yes

**TrailingAction:** NoAction/Restart/Shutdown
Select Shutdown or NoAction to override the default behaviour (Restart).

xCommand SystemUnit Notifications RemoveAll
Clears the list of system notifications that are reported by xStatus SystemUnit Notifications Text/Type.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand SystemUnit Notifications RemoveAll
```

xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey Add
Add an option key to support additional features.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey Add Key: "<Key>
```
where

**Key:** String (16, 24)
The key you have received for the option you wish to switch on.

xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey List
List all option keys.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey List
```

xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey Remove
Remove a specified option key.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey Remove Type: Type
where

**Type:** DualDisplay/MultiSite/NaturalPresenter/PremiumResolution/RemoteMonitoring

xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey RemoveAll
Remove all option keys.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
xCommand SystemUnit OptionKey RemoveAll Confirm: Confirm
where

**Confirm:** Yes

xCommand SystemUnit SoftReset
Reset most parameters to their default values. This does not include parameters associated with room setup, such as camera position, language, and volume.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
xCommand SystemUnit SoftReset Confirm: Confirm
where

**Confirm:** Yes

xCommand SystemUnit SoftwareUpgrade
Initiate a software upgrade by fetching the software from a given URL. If the server requires username and password these parameters must be included.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
xCommand SystemUnit SoftwareUpgrade URL: "URL" [UserName: "UserName"] [Password: "Password"] [Forced: Forced]
where

**URL:** String (0, 255)
The software package location

**UserName:** String (0, 255)
User name to access the server location, if needed.

**Password:** String (0, 255)
Password to access the server location, if needed.

**Forced:** False/True
You can force a system to accept a software upgrade immediately, without giving users a chance to acknowledge or postpone the update.
Time commands

**xCommand Time DateTime Get**
Read the time and date from the system.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Time DateTime Get
```

**xCommand Time DateTime Set**
Set the date and time for the system, if not available from NTP (Network Time Protocol).
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Time DateTime Set [Year: Year] [Month: Month] [Day: Day] [Hour: Hour] [Minute: Minute] [Second: Second]
```

**Year:** Integer (2015..2037)

**Month:** Integer (1..12)

**Day:** Integer (1..31)

**Hour:** Integer (0..23)

**Minute:** Integer (0..59)

**Second:** Integer (0..59)

UserInterface commands

**xCommand UserInterface Extensions Widget SetValue**
Set the value of the given widget. Updates the UserInterface Extensions status tree. Returns an error if the value is out of range.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand UserInterface Extensions Widget SetValue Value: "Value" WidgetId: "WidgetId"
```

**Value:** String (0, 255)
The value of the widget. The range of values depends on the widget type.

**WidgetId:** String (0, 40)
The unique identifier for the widget.

**xCommand UserInterface Extensions Widget UnsetValue**
Empties the value of the given widget. Updates the UserInterface Extensions status tree and notifies the user interface that this widget is no longer selected.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand UserInterface Extensions Widget UnsetValue WidgetId: "WidgetId"
```

**WidgetId:** String (0, 40)
The unique identifier for the widget.

**xCommand UserInterface Extensions Clear**
Delete all user interface extensions (widgets) from the video system.
Requires user role: ADMIN

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand UserInterface Extensions Clear
```
xCommand UserInterface Extensions List
List all user interface extensions (widgets) that exist on the video system.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
   xCommand UserInterface Extensions List

xCommand UserInterface Message Alert Clear
Remove the message which was displayed using the xCommand Message Alert Display command. This is required when the Duration parameter is not set.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
   xCommand UserInterface Message Alert Clear

xCommand UserInterface Message Alert Display
Display a message on screen, for a specified duration of time (in seconds).
NOTE: If Duration is not set, the command must be followed by xCommand Message Alert Clear.
Use the xFeedback commands to monitor the feedback from the user. Read more about the xFeedback commands in the API introduction section in this guide.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
   xCommand UserInterface Message Alert Display [Title: "Title"] Text: "Text" [Duration: Duration]
   where
   Title: String (0, 255)
   Enter a message title.
   Text: String (0, 255)
   Enter the message to be displayed. The <p> and <br> HTML tags will result in line breaks as normal; any other tags will appear as plain text.
   Duration: Integer (0..3600)
   Set how long (in seconds) the message is to be displayed on the screen. If set to 0 (zero) the message does not disappear until a xCommand Message Alert Clear message has been sent.

xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Clear
Remove the window displayed using the xCommand Message Alert Display command.
Use the xFeedback commands to monitor the feedback from the user. Read more about the xFeedback commands in the API introduction section in this guide.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
   xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Clear [FeedbackId: "FeedbackId"]
   where
   FeedbackId: String (0, 255)
   The FeedbackId corresponds to the FeedbackId given by the xCommand Message Prompt Display command.
xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Display

Display a small window on screen with a title, text and up to five options for response from the user. The message is displayed on screen until the user gives a response, or until the system receives the following command xCommand Message Prompt Clear.

Use the xFeedback commands to monitor the feedback from the user. Read more about the xFeedback commands in the API introduction section in this guide.

Title:
Text:
FeedbackId:
Option.1 to Option.5:

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Display [Title: "Title"] Text: "Text" [FeedbackId: "FeedbackId"] [Option.1: "Option.1"] [Option.2: "Option.2"] [Option.3: "Option.3"] [Option.4: "Option.4"] [Option.5: "Option.5"]

xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Response

Give a response to the xCommand Message Prompt Display.

Use the xFeedback commands to monitor the feedback from the user. Read more about the xFeedback commands in the API introduction section in this guide.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand UserInterface Message Prompt Response [FeedbackId: "FeedbackId"]
OptionId: OptionId

where

FeedbackId:
OptionId:

xCommand UserInterface Message TextLine Clear

Clears the text line which was defined by the xCommand Message TextLine Display command.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand UserInterface Message TextLine Clear
xCommand UserInterface Message TextLine Display

Display a text line on screen. Optionally you can place the text line at a specified location and for a specified duration of time (in seconds).

NOTE: If Duration is not set, the command must be followed by xCommand Message TextLine Clear.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:

```
xCommand UserInterface Message TextLine Display Text: "Text" [X: X] [Y: Y] [Duration: Duration]
```

where

Text: String (0, 140)

Enter the text line to be displayed. The `<p>` and `<br>` HTML tags will result in line breaks as normal; any other tags will appear as plain text.

X: Integer (1..10000)

Enter the X-coordinate (horizontal) on screen. X=0 is in the upper left corner.

Y: Integer (1..10000)

Enter the Y-coordinate (vertical) on screen. Y=0 is in the upper left corner.

Duration: Integer (0..3600)

Set how long (in seconds) the text line is to be displayed on the screen. If set to 0 (zero) the text line is displayed until a xCommand Message TextLine Clear command has been sent.

xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Click

Emulates a remote control key press, followed by a key release.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:

```
xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Click Key: Key
```

where

Key: 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/ Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+/-

Define the remote key to press.

xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Press

Emulates a remote control key press without releasing it. The Key Press command must be followed by a Key Release command to emulate releasing the key.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:

```
xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Press Key: Key
```

where

Key: 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/ Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+/-

Define the remote key to press.

xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Release

Emulates a remote control key release. The Key Release command is issued after a Key Press command.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:

```
xCommand UserInterface OSD Key Release Key: Key
```

where

Key: 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/C/Call/Disconnect/Down/F1/F2/F3/F4/F5/Grab/Home/Layout/Left/ Mute/MuteMic/Ok/PhoneBook/Presentation/Right/Selfview/Square/SrcAux/SrcCamera/SrcDocCam/SrcPc/SrcVcr/Star/Up/VolumeDown/VolumeUp/ZoomIn/ZoomOut/+/-

Define the remote control key to release.
UserManagement commands

xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser Create
Create a remote support user passphrase that Technical Assistance Center (TAC) can use to access the system for troubleshooting.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
where
ExpiryDays: Integer (1..31)
Define the duration for the passphrase validity. Default is 7 days.

xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser Delete
Delete the remote support user created with the command xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser Create.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser Delete

xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser DisablePermanently
Disable the creation of new remote support users. To enable the remote support user again you must factory reset your system.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser DisablePermanently Confirm: Confirm
where
Confirm: Yes

xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser GetState
Retrieves the state of the generated remote support user, if one exists.
Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:
xCommand UserManagement RemoteSupportUser GetState

xCommand UserManagement User Passphrase Change
Change the passphrase for the user you logged in as. If you are logged in as the administrator, this will change the administrator passphrase.
Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:
xCommand UserManagement User Passphrase Change NewPassphrase: NewPassphrase
OldPassphrase: OldPassphrase
where
NewPassphrase: String (0, 255)
OldPassphrase: String (0, 255)
xCommand UserManagement User Passphrase Set

Set a user passphrase for the specified user. You must be logged in as an administrator to set a user passphrase.

Requires user role: ADMIN

USAGE:


where

NewPassphrase: String (0, 255)

Username: String (0, 127)

YourPassphrase: String (0, 255)

Video commands

xCommand Video ActiveSpeakerPIP Set

Sets position for the active speakers PiP (picture in picture).

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Video ActiveSpeakerPIP Set Position: Position

where

Position: CenterLeft/CenterRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight/UpperCenter/UpperLeft/UpperRight

Select one of the predefined positions.

xCommand Video Input SetMainVideoSource

Set which input source is the main video source. You can identify the source either by the identifier of the connector that it is connected to; or by the identifier of the source itself.

This command requires the use of one, and only one, of these parameters: ConnectorId or SourceId.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

USAGE:

xCommand Video Input SetMainVideoSource [ConnectorId: ConnectorId] [SourceId: SourceId]

where

ConnectorId: Integer (1..3)

The identifier (ID) of the connector. Connector [n] has ID n. Run the following API command to find the ID: xStatus Video Input Connector. The connector ID is also printed on the codec connector panel.

SourceId: Integer (1..3)

The identifier (ID) of the input source. Input Source [n] has ID n. Run the following API command to find the ID: xStatus Video Input Source.
xCommand Video Input Source SetActiveConnector

Select which connector is active.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xCommand Video Input Source SetActiveConnector [ConnectorId: ConnectorId]
```

where

**ConnectorId:** Integer (2..4)

The identifier (ID) of the connector. Connector [n] has ID n. Run the following API command to find the ID: `xStatus Video Input Connector`. The connector ID is also printed on the codec connector panel.

xCommand Video Layout LayoutFamily Set

Select the screen layout mode.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xCommand Video Layout LayoutFamily Set [Target: Target] [: ] LayoutFamily: LayoutFamily [CustomLayoutName: "CustomLayoutName"]
```

where

**Target:** local/remote

Select if the target is the local layout or the remote layout.

**LayoutFamily:** auto/custom/equal/overlay/prominent/single

Select a layout family.

**CustomLayoutName:** String (1, 128)

Enter a name for the layout.

xCommand Video Matrix Assign

xCommand Video Matrix commands are a smart overlay to the xCommand Video Layout commands to make it easy to do simple video compositions.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xCommand Video Matrix Assign [Mode: Mode] Output: Output SourceId: SourceId
```

where

**Mode:** Add/Replace

Choose whether to replace the existing source on that output rendered full screen or to add it. Using Add, the layout engine will recompose the multiple sources automatically. Replace is the default value.

**Output:** Integer (1..2)

Choose the output you wish to use for this layout.

**SourceId:** Integer (1..3)

The identifier (ID) of the input source. Input Source [n] has ID n. Run the following API command to find the ID: `xStatus Video Input Source`.

xCommand Video Matrix Reset

Reset the content on the output to the default layout

xCommand Video Matrix commands are a smart overlay to the xCommand Video Layout commands to make it easy to do simple video compositions.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```plaintext
xCommand Video Matrix Reset [Output: Output]
```

where

**Output:** Integer (1..2)

Choose the output you want to reset.
xCommand Video Matrix Swap
Swap the content defined with xCommand Video Matrix Assign between two outputs.
xCommand Video Matrix commands are a smart overlay to the xCommand Video Layout commands to make it easy to do simple video compositions.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Video Matrix Swap OutputA: OutputA OutputB: OutputB
```
where

**OutputA:** Integer (1..2)
The output you are swapping from.

**OutputB:** Integer (1..2)
The output you are swapping to.

xCommand Video Matrix Unassign
Remove a source from an output. Just as with xCommand Video Matrix Assign the layout engine will recompose the remaining sources automatically.
xCommand Video Matrix commands are a smart overlay to the xCommand Video Layout commands to make it easy to do simple video compositions.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Video Matrix Unassign Output: Output SourceId: SourceId
```
where

**Output:** Integer (1..2)
Choose the output you wish to remove the source from.

**SourceId:** Integer (1..3)
The identifier (ID) of the input source. Input Source [n] has ID n. Run the following API command to find the ID: xStatus Video Input Source.

xCommand Video PresentationPIP Set
Sets position for the presentation PiP (picture in picture).

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Video PresentationPIP Set Position: Position
```
where

**Position:** CenterLeft/CenterRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight/UpperCenter/UpperLeft/UpperRight
Select one of the predefined positions.

xCommand Video PresentationView Set
Set the presentation view mode

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**
```
xCommand Video PresentationView Set View: View
```
where

**View:** Default/Maximized/Minimized
Select Default when you want the presentation to be viewed with the default settings for the codec. Select Maximized when you want the presentation to be displayed in full screen. Select Minimized when you want the presentation to be displayed in a small picture on screen.
xCommand Video Selfview Set

Sets self-view on/off and specifies its size and position. If the parameter is not specified, current value is used.

Requires user role: ADMIN, USER

**USAGE:**

```
xCommand Video Selfview Set [Mode: Mode] [FullscreenMode: FullscreenMode] [PIPPosition: PIPPosition] [OnMonitorRole: OnMonitorRole]
```

where

- **Mode:** On/Off
  - Selfview is set to on or off.

- **FullscreenMode:** On/Off
  - Choose between displaying the self-view in full screen or as picture-in-picture.

- **PIPPosition:** CenterLeft/CenterRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight/UpperCenter/UpperLeft/UpperRight
  - Select the position for the self-view image.

- **OnMonitorRole:** First/Fourth/Second/Third
  - Displays self-view on monitors with this role.
Chapter 5

xStatus commands
Description of the xStatus commands

In this chapter, you can find all of the xStatus commands and the responses. Status type commands return information about the system and system processes. You can query all information or just some of it.

We recommend you visit our web site regularly for updated versions of the manual.

Go to: http://www.cisco.com/go/sx-docs

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- xStatus Audio Input Connectors HDMI [n] EcReferenceDelay
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Audio status

xStatus Audio
Shows the top level overview of the audio status. The identities of the LocalInput, RemoteInput, LocalOutput and RemoteOutput are used when querying additional information.

xStatus Audio Input Connectors HDMI [n] EcReferenceDelay
Returns the detected latency for each loudspeaker to microphone path for systems supporting HDMI input used as microphone input. The result is in milliseconds.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus Audio Input Connectors HDMI 1 EcReferenceDelay
*s Audio Connectors HDMI 1 EcReferenceDelay: 0
** end
```

xStatus Audio Input Connectors Microphone [n] ConnectionStatus
Indicates whether a microphone is detected on the microphone input connector.

Value space of the result returned:
Connected/NotConnected/Unknown

Example:
```
xStatus Audio Input Connectors Microphone ConnectionStatus
*s Audio Input Connectors Microphone 1 ConnectionStatus: NotConnected
*s Audio Input Connectors Microphone 2 ConnectionStatus: Connected
** end
```

xStatus Audio Input RemoteInput [n] CallId
Shows the CallId for the remote audio input. You can run the command xStatus Audio Input RemoteInput to find the identity [n] of the input.

Value space of the result returned:
0..65534

Example:
```
xStatus Audio Input RemoteInput CallId
*s Audio Input RemoteInput 8 CallId: 28
** end
```

xStatus Audio Microphones Mute
Shows whether the microphones are muted.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Audio Microphones Mute
*s Audio Microphones Mute: Off
** end
```
xStatus Audio Output Connectors Line [n] DelayMs
Shows the delay in milliseconds.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer (0..290)

Example:
xStatus Audio Output Connectors Line 1
  *s Audio Output Connectors Line 1 DelayMs: 60
** end

xStatus Audio Volume
Shows the volume level (dB) of the loudspeaker output.

Value space of the result returned:
0..100

Example:
xStatus Audio Volume
  *s Audio Volume: 70
** end

xStatus Audio VolumeMute
Shows whether the endpoint volume is set to mute.

Value space of the result returned:
Off/On

Example:
xStatus Audio VolumeMute
  *s Audio VolumeMute: Off
** end

Bookings status

xStatus Bookings Current
The ID of the on going booking event, if any.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Bookings Current Id
  *s Bookings Current Id: "123"
** end
Call status

xStatus Call [n]
Shows the top level overview of the call status. The call identity is used when query for additional information about the call.

xStatus Call [n] AnswerState
Indicates if a call is answered, ignored or has been automatically answered by a system.

Value space of the result returned:
Unanswered/Ignored/Autoanswered/Answered

Example:
xStatus Call AnswerState
*s Call 5 AnswerState: Answered
** end

xStatus Call [n] AttendedTransferFrom
Shows the CallId for the call the current call was transferred from.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
xStatus Call 1 AttendedTransferFrom
*s Call 1 AttendedTransferFrom: 1234
** end

xStatus Call [n] CallbackNumber
Shows the remote (far end) number or URI of an incoming or outgoing call, including the call protocol, for call back. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Call 27 CallbackNumber
*s Call 27 CallbackNumber: "h323:firstname.lastname@company.com"
** end

xStatus Call [n] CallType
Shows the call type of the incoming or outgoing call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Video/Audio/AudioCanEscalate/ForwardAllCall/Unknown

Example:
xStatus Call 27 CallType
*s Call 27 CallType: Video
** end

xStatus Call [n] DeviceType
Indicates whether the remote system is a single endpoint or an MCU. Some Cisco endpoints (SX20, SX80, MX200 G2, MX300 G2) have built-in MCU capabilities.

Value space of the result returned:
Endpoint/MCU

Example:
xStatus Call DeviceType
*s Call 4 DeviceType: Endpoint
** end

xStatus Call [n] Direction
States the direction of the call initiation. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Incoming/Outgoing

Example:
xStatus Call 27 Direction
*s Call 27 Direction: Outgoing
** end
xStatus Call [n] DisplayName
Shows the name of the remote (far end) participant in an incoming or outgoing call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call 27 DisplayName
*s Call 27 DisplayName: "firstname.lastname@company.com"
** end
```

xStatus Call [n] Duration
Shows the duration of a call (in seconds). You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call 27 Duration
*s Call 27 Duration: 2354
** end
```

xStatus Call [n] Encryption Type
Shows the encryption type of the call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
None/Aes-128

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call 27 Encryption Type
*s Call 27 Encryption Type: "None"
** end
```

xStatus Call [n] FacilityServiceId
When calling a facility service, the facility service id is shown. Otherwise the value 0 is returned.

Value space of the result returned:
0..5

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call FacilityServiceId
*s Call FacilityServiceId: 1
** end
```

xStatus Call [n] HoldReason
Shows the reason the current outgoing call was put on hold.
Conference: On hold while the call is being merged into a conference.
Transfer: On hold while the call is being transferred.
None: All other instances.

Value space of the result returned:
Conference/Transfer/None

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call 2 HoldReason
*s Call 2 HoldReason: None
** end
```

xStatus Call [n] PlacedOnHold
Shows the placed on hold status of the call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```bash
xStatus Call 27 PlacedOnHold
*s Call 27 PlacedOnHold: False
** end
```
xStatus Call [n] Protocol
Shows the call protocol of the incoming or outgoing call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
H320/H323/SIP

Example:
  xStatus Call 27 Protocol
  *s Call 27 Protocol: "h323"
  ** end

xStatus Call [n] ReceiveCallRate
Shows the receive bandwidth in the call in kilobits per second (kbps). You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Call 27 ReceiveCallRate
  *s Call 27 ReceiveCallRate: 4000
  ** end

xStatus Call [n] RemoteNumber
Shows the remote (far end) number or URI of an incoming or outgoing call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Call 27 RemoteNumber
  *s Call 27 RemoteNumber: "5585232"
  ** end

xStatus Call [n] Status
Shows the status of a call. You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Idle/Dialling/Ringing/Connecting/Connected/Disconnecting/OnHold/EarlyMedia/Preserved/RemotePreserved

Example:
  xStatus Call 27 Status
  *s Call 27 Status: Connected
  ** end

xStatus Call [n] TransmitCallRate
Shows the transmit bandwidth in the call in kilobits per second (kbps). You can run the command xStatus Call to find the call identity.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Call 27 TransmitCallRate
  *s Call 27 TransmitCallRate: 768
  ** end
Cameras status

xStatus Cameras Camera
Shows the top level overview of the camera status.

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] Capabilities Options
Shows the camera capabilities (ptzf = pan, tilt, zoom, focus).
**Value space of the result returned:**
String
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 Capabilities Options
's Camera 1 Capabilities Options: "ptzf"
** end

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] Connected
Shows if the camera is connected or not.
**Value space of the result returned:**
True/False
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 Connected
's Camera 1 Connected: True
** end

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] Flip
In Flip mode (vertical flip) the image can be flipped upside down.
**Value space of the result returned:**
Auto/On/Off
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 Flip
's Camera 1 Flip: "Off"
** end

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] MacAddress
Shows the MAC (Media Access Control) address for the camera.
**Value space of the result returned:**
String
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 MacAddress
's Camera 1 MacAddress: ""
** end

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] Manufacturer
Shows the manufacturer of the camera.
**Value space of the result returned:**
String
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 Manufacturer
's Camera 1 Manufacturer: "Cisco"
** end

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] Model
Shows the camera model.
**Value space of the result returned:**
String
**Example:**
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 Model
's Camera 1 Model: "Precision 40"
** end
xStatus Cameras Camera [n] SerialNumber
Shows the camera serial number.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 SerialNumber
's Camera 1 SerialNumber: "B1AB26B00010"
** end
```

xStatus Cameras Camera [n] SoftwareID
Shows the software identity of the camera.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus Cameras Camera 1 SoftwareID
's Camera 1 SoftwareID: "S01718-4.0FINAL [ID:40063] 2014-10-20"
** end
```

## Capabilities status

### xStatus Capabilities
Shows the top level overview of the capabilities status.

### xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxActiveCalls
Shows the the maximum number of simultaneous active calls. Calls that are set on hold/transfer are not counted as active.

**Value space of the result returned:**
0..5

**Example:**
```
xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxNumberOfActiveCalls
's Capabilities Conference MaxNumberOfActiveCalls: 3
** end
```

### xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxAudioCalls
Shows the the maximum number of simultaneous audio calls that is supported.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Integer

**Example:**
```
xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxAudioCalls
's Capabilities Conference MaxAudioCalls: 3
** end
```

### xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxCalls
Shows the the maximum number of simultaneous calls.

**Value space of the result returned:**
0..5

**Example:**
```
xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxCalls
's Capabilities Conference MaxCalls: 3
** end
```
xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxVideoCalls
Shows the the maximum number of simultaneous video calls that is supported.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Capabilities Conference MaxVideoCalls
  " Capabilities Conference MaxVideoCalls: 3
  ** end

Conference status

xStatus Conference
Shows the top level overview of the conference status. The identity of the Conference Call can only be read during a call.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Conference ActiveSpeaker CallId
  " Conference ActiveSpeaker CallId: 3
  ** end

xStatus Conference Call [n] BookingId
Shows the booking ID of a conference (if assigned). The booking ID can be used for easy identification of a call or conference.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Conference Call 2 BookingId
  " Conference Call 2 BookingId: "MyConference"
  ** end

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FarendMessage Mode
Not applicable in this release.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
  xStatus Conference Call Capabilities FarendMessage Mode
  " Conference Call 4 Capabilities FarendMessage Mode: Off
  ** end
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xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC Mode
Shows whether or not you have permission to control the input sources at a far end site.
On: Far end input source control is permitted.
Off: Far end input source control is not permitted.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Mode
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Mode: On
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC NumberOfPresets
Shows the number of presets available for the input sources at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
1..15

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC NumberOfPresets
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC NumberOfPresets: 15
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC NumberOfSources
Shows the number of input sources that can be connected at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
1..5

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC NumberOfSources
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC NumberOfSources: 5
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC Source [n] Name
Shows the name of an input source that can be connected at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 Name
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 Name: "Main camera"
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC Source [n] Options
Shows available options for an input source that can be connected at a far end site (for a camera: p=pan; t=tilt; z=zoom; f=focus).

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 Options
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 Options: "ptzf"
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities FECC Source [n] SourceId
Shows the ID of an input source that can be connected at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 SourceId
*s Conference Call 2 Capabilities FECC Source 1 SourceId: 6
** end
```
xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities Hold
Indicates whether the far-end site can be placed on hold or not.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities Hold
's Conference Call 2 Capabilities Hold: True
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities IXChannel Status
Not applicable in this release.

Value space of the result returned:
Active/Failed/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities IXChannel Status
's Conference Call 4 Capabilities IXChannel Status: Active
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Capabilities Presentation
Lists the presentation capabilities for other participants in the conference.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities Presentation
's Conference Call 2 Capabilities Presentation: True
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] Manufacturer
Shows the manufacturer of the video system at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities Hold
's Conference Call 2 Manufacturer: "Cisco"
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] MicrophonesMuted
Lists the audio mute status for other participants in the conference.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities MicrophonesMuted
's Conference Call 2 MicrophonesMuted: True
** end
```

xStatus Conference Call [n] SoftwareID
Shows the ID of the software running of the video system at a far end site.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Call Capabilities SoftwareID
's Conference Call 2 SoftwareID: "CE8"
** end
```
xStatus Conference DoNotDisturb
Shows whether DoNotDisturb mode is switched on or not.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Active/Inactive

**Example:**
xStatus Conference DoNotDisturb
*s Conference DoNotDisturb: Inactive
** end

xStatus Conference Line [n] Mode
Indicates whether the system is configured as private or shared line on CUCM.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Shared/Private

**Example:**
xStatus Conference Line Mode
*s Conference Line 1 Mode: Private
** end

xStatus Conference Multipoint Mode
Shows how the Multipoint video conferences are handled.

**Auto:** The multipoint method available will be chosen automatically; if none are available the Multipoint Mode will automatically be set to Off. If both MultiWay and MultiSite are available, the MultiWay service takes priority over the built-in MultiSite.

**Off:** Multiparty conferences are not allowed.

**MultiSite:** Multiparty conferences are set up using the built-in MultiSite feature. If MultiSite is chosen when the MultiSite feature is not available, the Multipoint Mode will automatically be set to Off.

**CUCMMediaResourceGroupList:** Multiparty conferences (ad hoc conferences) are hosted by the CUCM configured conference bridge. This setting is provisioned by CUCM in a CUCM environment and should never be set manually by the user.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Auto/CUCMMediaResourceGroupList/MultiSite/Off

**Example:**
xStatus Conference Multipoint Mode
*s Conference Multipoint Mode: "Auto"
** end

xStatus Conference Presentation CallId
Shows the identity of the system that sends the presentation.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Integer

**Example:**
xStatus Conference Presentation CallId
*s Conference Presentation CallId: 0
** end
xStatus Conference Presentation LocalInstance[n] SendingMode
Shows whether a presentation source is shared locally or with a remote participant. There can be multiple local presentations which all have their own instance.

Value space of the result returned:
LocalOnly/LocalRemote/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Presentation LocalInstance 1 SendingMode
's Conference Presentation LocalInstance 1 SendingMode: LocalOnly
** end
```

xStatus Conference Presentation LocalInstance[n] Source
Shows the SourceId for a current presentation. There can be multiple local presentations which all have their own instance.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Presentation LocalInstance 1 Source
's Conference Presentation LocalInstance 1 Source: 1
** end
```

xStatus Conference Presentation Mode
Shows the status of the secondary video stream.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Conference Presentation Mode
's Conference Presentation Mode: Off
** end
```

xStatus Conference SpeakerLock CallId
Shows the CallId for the participant locked as the prominent speaker in the conference.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus Conference SpeakerLock CallId
's Conference SpeakerLock CallId: 0
** end
```

xStatus Conference SpeakerLock Mode
Shows whether a speaker lock is set or not.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```
xStatus Conference SpeakerLock Mode
's Conference SpeakerLock Mode: Off
** end
```

Diagnostics status

xStatus Diagnostics
Shows the top level overview of the diagnostics. The example shows the status for an ongoing call. The identities of the call and channels are used when querying additional information.

xStatus Diagnostics Message [n] Description
A description of the current diagnostics alerts.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Diagnostics Message Description
*s DiagnosticsResult Message 1 Description: "IP configuration incomplete"
** end

xStatus Diagnostics Message [n] Level
Returns information on the level of the diagnostics message.
Error: There is an error in the system. The system can still be used, but there can be some restrictions.
Warning: A problem is detected and a more specific report follows indicating the exact problem.
Critical: The warning level is critical. The system cannot be used.

Value space of the result returned:
Error/Warning/Critical

Example:
xStatus Diagnostics Message 4 Level
*s Diagnostics Message 4 Level: Warning
** end

xStatus Diagnostics Message [n] References
Additional information on the diagnostics alert, if available.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Diagnostics Message 10 References
*s Diagnostics Message 10 References: "delay=190"
** end

xStatus Diagnostics Message [n] Type
Returns information on the results of the latest diagnostics on the system.

Value space of the result returned:
CAPFOperationState/CTLInstallation/CUCMVendorConfigurationFile/
CallProtocolDualStackConfig/CallProtocolIPStackPlatformCompatibility/
CallProtocolVsProvisioningCompatibility/Camerald/CameraPairing/CameraSerial/
CameraSoftwareVersion/CameraStatus/CamerasDetected/ConfigurationFile/
DefaultCallProtocolRegistered/EthernetDuplexMatches/FanStatus/PresenterTrack/
H320GatewayStatus/H323GatekeeperStatus/HasValidReleaseKey/
IpCameraStatus/IPv4Assignment/IPv6Assignment/IPv6Mtu/ISDNLinkCompatibility/
ISDNLinkIpStack/ITLInstallation/InvalidSTransportConfig/LockDown/RoomControl/
MediaBlockingDetected/NetLinkStatus/NetSpeedAutoNegotiated/NetworkQuality/
NTPStatus/ODSVideoOutput/OutputConnectorLocations/ProvisioningStatus/
SIPEncapsulation/SPITransportAndOutboundMode/SIPProfileRegistration/SIPProfileType/
SelectedVideoInputSourceConnected/SpliceAndANATConflict/TCPMediaFallback/
TemperatureCheck/TLSVerifyRequiredCerts/TouchPanelConnection/TurnBandwidth/
UdpPortRangeViolation/UnsuisuedSpeakerAvailability/ValidPasswords/
VideoFromInternalCamera/VideoInputStability/SparkSoftwareCompatibility/SparkConnectivity/
SpeakerTrackFrontPanelMountedCorrectly/SpeakerTrackMicrophoneConnection/
SpeakerTrackVideoInputs/SpeakerTrackEthernetConnection/ANATonVCS/
ECReferenceDelay/AudioPairingNoise/AudioPairingRate/AudioPairingSNR/
AudioPairingInterference/AudioPairingTokenDecode/AudioInternalSpeakerDisabled/
AbnormalCallTermination/HasActiveCallProtocol/SipOrH323ButNotBothEnabled/
PresentationSourceSelection/SoftwareUpgrade/PlatformSanity/ContactInfoMismatch/
ProximityContentShareToClientsWithMultistream
Example:
```
xStatus Diagnostics Message type
*s Diagnostics Message 1 Type: InvalidAdminPassword
** end
```

**H323 status**

**xStatus H323**
Shows the top level overview of the H323 status.

**xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Address**
Displays the IP address of the gatekeeper where the system is registered.

*Value space of the result returned:*
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Address
*s H323 Gatekeeper Address: "192.0.1.20"
** end
```

**xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Port**
Shows the port which is used when connecting to on the gatekeeper.

*Value space of the result returned:*
Integer

**Example:**
```
xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Port
*s H323 Gatekeeper Port: 1719
** end
```

**xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Reason**
Shows the reason for rejected registration.

*Value space of the result returned:*
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Reason
*s H323 Gatekeeper Reason: ""
** end
```
xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Status
Shows the gatekeeper registration status.

Value space of the result returned:
- Required
- Discovering
- Discovered
- Authenticating
- Registered
- Registering
- Registered
- Inactive
- Rejected

Example:
```
xStatus H323 Gatekeeper Status
*s H323 Gatekeeper Status: Registered
** end
```

xStatus H323 Mode Reason
Shows whether there is a conflict between H.323 settings and xStatus H323 Mode Status.

- **": When H.323 is set to On and there is no conflict between H.323 Mode configuration and the rest of the system settings.
- "SIP is enabled": When H.323 Mode is set to On and SIP is enabled on a system that does not support the two simultaneously.
- "Not available": When a system does not support H.323.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus H323 Mode Reason
*s H323 Mode Reason: 
** end
```

xStatus H323 Mode Status
Shows the status for H.323 registration.

- Enabled: Registration is enabled.
- Disabled: Registration is disable, because SIP is enabled.

Value space of the result returned:
- Enabled
- Disabled

Example:
```
xStatus H323 Mode Status
*s H323 Mode Status: "Disabled"
** end
```

HttpFeedback status

xStatus HttpFeedback
Shows the top level overview of the HTTP status.

xStatus HttpFeedback [1..4] Expression [1..15]
Shows the feedback from the HTTP server. There can be up to 15 expressions for each URL. See the xCommand HttpFeedback commands for more information.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus HttpFeedback 1 URL
** end
```
Network status

xStatus Network
Shows the top level overview of the network status.

xStatus Network 1 CDP Address
Returns the first network address of both receiving and sending devices.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP Address
  *s Network 1 CDP Address: "192.0.1.20"
  ** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP Capabilities
Describes the functional capability for the switch in form of a device type. See documentation for CDP protocol for more information.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP Capabilities
  *s Network 1 CDP Capabilities: "0x0029"
  ** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP DeviceId
Identifies the name of the switch in form of a character string.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP DeviceId
  *s Network 1 CDP DeviceId: "123456.company.com"
  ** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP Duplex
Indicates the status (duplex configuration) of the CDP broadcast interface. Used by network operators to diagnose connectivity problems between adjacent network elements.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP Duplex
  *s Network 1 CDP Duplex: "Full"
  ** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP Platform
Returns the hardware platform name of the switch connected to the endpoint.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP Platform
  *s Network 1 CDP Platform: "cisco WS-C3750X-48P"
  ** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP PortId
Returns the identification the switch uses of the port the endpoint is connected to.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
  xStatus Network CDP PortId
  *s Network 1 CDP PortId: "GigabitEthernet1/0/23"
  ** end
xStatus Network 1 CDP PrimaryMgmtAddress
Returns the management address used to configure and monitor the switch the endpoint is connected to.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network CDP PrimaryMgmtAddress
's Network 1 CDP PrimaryMgmtAddress: "10.1.1.2"
** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP SysName
Returns the SysName as configured in the switch the endpoint is connected to.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network CDP SysName
's Network 1 CDP SysName: ""
** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP SysObjectID
Returns the SysObjectID as configured in the switch the endpoint is connected to.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network CDP SysObjectID
's Network 1 CDP SysObjectID: ""
** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP Version
Returns information about the software release version the switch is running.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 CDP Version
** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP VoIPApplianceVlanID
Identifies the VLAN used for VoIP traffic from the endpoint to the switch. For more information see documentation of the IEEE 802.1Q protocol.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network CDP VoIPApplianceVlanID
's Network 1 CDP VoIPApplianceVlanID: "300"
** end

xStatus Network 1 CDP VTPMgmtDomain
Returns the switch’s configured VTP management domain name–string.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network CDP VTPMgmtDomain
's Network 1 CDP VTPMgmtDomain: "anyplace"
** end
xStatus Network 1 DNS Domain Name
Shows the domain name.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 DNS Domain Name
's Network 1 DNS Domain Name: "www.example.com www.example.int"
** end

xStatus Network 1 DNS Server [1..5] Address
Shows the IP address of the DNS server.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 DNS Server 1 Address
's Network 1 DNS Server 1 Address: "192.0.2.60"
** end

xStatus Network 1 Ethernet MacAddress
Shows the MAC (Media Access Control) address for the Ethernet interface.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 Ethernet MacAddress
's Network 1 Ethernet MacAddress: "00:50:60:02:FD:C7"
** end

xStatus Network 1 Ethernet Speed
Shows the Ethernet speed in Mbps. The speed can be in full-duplex or half-duplex.

Value space of the result returned:
10half/10full/100half/100full/1000full

Example:
xStatus Network 1 Ethernet Speed
's Network 1 Ethernet Speed: "100full"
** end

xStatus Network 1 IPv4 Address
Shows the IPv4 address that uniquely identifies this system.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 IPv4 Address
's Network 1 IPv4 Address: "192.0.2.149"
** end

xStatus Network 1 IPv4 Gateway
Shows the address of the IPv4 gateway.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Network 1 IPv4 Gateway
's Network 1 IPv4 Gateway: "192.0.2.149"
** end
**xStatus Network 1 IPv4 SubnetMask**
Shows the subnet mask which determines which subnet an IPv4 address belongs to.

*Value space of the result returned:*
String

*Example:*
```
xStatus Network 1 IPv4 SubnetMask
*s Network 1 IPv4 SubnetMask: "255.255.255.0"
** end
```

**xStatus Network 1 IPv6 Address**
Shows the IPv6 address that uniquely identifies this system.

*Value space of the result returned:*
String

*Example:*
```
xStatus Network 1 IPv6 Address
*s Network 1 IPv6 Address: ""
** end
```

**xStatus Network 1 IPv6 Gateway**
Shows the address of the IPv6 gateway.

*Value space of the result returned:*
String

*Example:*
```
xStatus Network 1 IPv6 Gateway
*s Network 1 IPv6 Gateway: ""
** end
```

**xStatus Network 1 VLAN Voice VlanId**
The feedback shows the VLAN Voice ID; or Off if the VLAN Voice Mode is not enabled.

*Value space of the result returned:*
Off/1..4094

*Example:*
```
xStatus Network 1 VLAN Voice VlanId
*s Network 1 VLAN Voice VlanId: "Off"
** end
```
NetworkServices status

xStatus NetworkServices
Shows the top level overview of the network services status.

xStatus NetworkServices NTP CurrentAddress
Returns the address of the NTP server that is currently in use.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus NetworkServices NTP CurrentAddress
*s NetworkServices NTP CurrentAddress: "123.254.15.121"
** end
```

xStatus NetworkServices NTP Server [n] Address
Returns the address of the NTP server(s) the codec is using.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus NetworkServices NTP Address
*s NetworkServices NTP Address: "12.104.193.12 64.104.222.16 144.254.15.121"
** end
```

xStatus NetworkServices NTP Status
Returns the status of the endpoints synchronizing with the NTP server.
Unknown: State of the synchronization is unknown.
Synced: The system is in sync with the NTP server
Discarded: The NTP result has been discarded.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Unknown/Synced/Discarded

**Example:**
```
xStatus NetworkServices NTP Status
*s NetworkServices NTP Status: Synced
** end
```
Peripherals status

xStatus Peripherals
Shows the top level overview of the peripherals status.

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] HardwareInfo
Shows hardware information about connected device.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 HardwareInfo
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 HardwareInfo: "1122330-0"
** end
```

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] ID
Shows the MAC-address of the connected device.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 ID
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 ID: "00:10:20:20:be:21"
** end
```

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Name
Shows the product name of connected device.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 Name
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 Name: "Cisco TelePresence Touch"
** end
```

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] SoftwareInfo
Shows information of the software version running on the connected device.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 SoftwareInfo
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1007 SoftwareInfo: "TI7.2.0"
** end
```

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Status
Shows peripheral devices that are currently connected to the endpoint.
Value space of the result returned:
Connected/ResponseTimedOut
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 Status
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 Status: Connected
** end
```

xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] Type
Shows the peripheral types that are connected to the endpoint.
Note: The value space Camera only shows Precision 60 cameras.
Value space of the result returned:
Byod/Camera/ControlSystem/ISDNLink/Other/SpeakerTrack/TouchPanel
Example:
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 Type
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 Type: TouchPanel
** end
```
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice [n] UpgradeStatus
Shows the status of the previous software upgrade on the currently connected peripherals.

**Value space of the result returned:**
- Downloading/Failed/Installing/InstallationReady/None/Succeeded/Rebooting/Retrying/Aborted/Paused

**Example:**
xStatus Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 UpgradeStatus
*s Peripherals ConnectedDevice 1001 UpgradeStatus: None
** end

---

**Provisioning status**

xStatus Provisioning
Shows the top level overview of the provisioning status.

xStatus Provisioning Software Current CompletedAt
Shows date and time for when the current software upgrade was completed.

**Value space of the result returned:**
- String

**Example:**
xStatus Provisioning Software Current CompletedAt
*s Provisioning Software Current CompletedAt: "2011-06-07T07:20:03Z"
** end

xStatus Provisioning Software Current URL
Shows the URL that the current software was uploaded from.

**Value space of the result returned:**
- String

**Example:**
xStatus Provisioning Software Current URL
*s Provisioning Software Current URL: "http://.../s52020ce8_0_0.pkg"
** end

xStatus Provisioning Software Current VersionId
Shows the version ID of the current software.

**Value space of the result returned:**
- String

**Example:**
xStatus Provisioning Software Current VersionId
*s Provisioning Software Current VersionId: "s52020ce8_0_0.pkg"
** end
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus LastChange
Shows the date and time for the latest software upgrade.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus LastChange
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus LastChange: "2011-06-07T07:20:03Z"
** end
```

xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Message
Shows the system message for the software upgrade.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Message
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Message: ""
** end
```

xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Phase
Shows the phase of the software upgrade.

Value space of the result returned:
None/DownloadPending/FormingHierarchy/Downloading/DownloadPaused/DownloadDone/seeding/AboutToInstallUpgrade/Postponed/PeripheralsReady/UpgradingPeripherals/Installing/InstallingPeripherals

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Phase
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Phase: None
** end
```

xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus SessionId
Shows the ID of the session for the software upgrade.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus SessionId
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus SessionId: ""
** end
```

xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Status
Shows the status of the software upgrade.

Value space of the result returned:
None/InProgress/Failed/InstallationFailed/Succeeded

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Status
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus Status: None
** end
```

xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus URL
Shows the URL that the new software currently is being uploaded and installed from.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus URL
's Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus URL: "http://.../s52020ce8_0_0.pkg"
** end
```
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus VersionId

Shows the version ID of the software currently being uploaded and installed.

**Value space of the result returned:**

- String

**Example:**

```
xStatus Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus VersionId
*s Provisioning Software UpgradeStatus VersionId: "s52010ce8_0_0.pkg"
```

xStatus Provisioning Status

Shows the status of the provisioning.

- Failed: The provisioning failed.
- AuthenticationFailed: The authentication failed.
- Provisioned: The endpoint is provisioned.
- Idle: The provisioning is not active.
- NeedConfig: The endpoint needs to be configured.
- ConfigError: An error occurred during configuration.

**Value space of the result returned:**

- Failed/AuthenticationFailed/Provisioned/Idle/NeedConfig/ConfigError

**Example:**

```
xStatus Provisioning Status
*s Provisioning Status: Provisioned
```

Proximity status

xStatus Proximity

Shows the top level overview of the proximity status.

xStatus Proximity Services Availability

Shows whether proximity services are available on the endpoint.

- Available: Proximity mode has been enabled with the command xConfiguration Proximity Mode and one or more of the proximity services have been enabled with xConfiguration Proximity Services commands.
- Disabled: Proximity mode has been disabled with xConfiguration Proximity Mode, or none of the services have been enabled with the xConfiguration Proximity Services commands.
- Deactivated: Proximity services have been deactivated with the command xCommand Proximity Services Deactivate.

**Example:**

```
xStatus Proximity Services Availability
*s Proximity Services Availability: Disabled
```

** end
Security status

xStatus Security
Shows the top level overview of the security status.

xStatus Security FIPS Mode
Shows the FIPS mode status.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
xStatus Security FIPS Mode
*s Security FIPS Mode: Off
** end

xStatus Security Persistency CallHistory
Shows whether call history logging is set to persistent or non-persistent mode. Persistent is the default mode.

Value space of the result returned:
NonPersistent/Persistent

Example:
xStatus Security Persistency CallHistory
*s Security Persistency CallHistory: Persistent
** end

xStatus Security Persistency Configurations
Shows whether the systems all configurations are set to persistent or non-persistent mode. Persistent is the default mode.

Value space of the result returned:
NonPersistent/Persistent

Example:
xStatus Security Persistency Configurations
*s Security Persistency Configurations: Persistent
** end

xStatus Security Persistency DHCP
Shows whether DHCP logging is set to persistent or non-persistent mode. Persistent is the default mode.

Value space of the result returned:
NonPersistent/Persistent

Example:
xStatus Security Persistency DHCP
*s Security Persistency DHCP: Persistent
** end

xStatus Security Persistency InternalLogging
Shows whether internal logging is set to persistent or non-persistent mode. Persistent is the default mode.

Value space of the result returned:
NonPersistent/Persistent

Example:
xStatus Security Persistency InternalLogging
*s Security Persistency InternalLogging: Persistent
** end

xStatus Security Persistency LocalPhonebook
Shows whether local phone book is set to persistent or non-persistent mode. Persistent is the default mode.

Value space of the result returned:
NonPersistent/Persistent

Example:
xStatus Security Persistency LocalPhonebook
*s Security Persistency LocalPhonebook: Persistent
** end
SIP status

xStatus SIP
Shows the top level overview of the SIP status.

xStatus SIP AlternateURI Alias [n] URI
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
xStatus SIP AlternateURI Alias
*s SIP AlternateURI Alias URI: ""
** end

xStatus SIP AlternateURI Primary [n] URI
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
xStatus SIP AlternateURI Primary
*s SIP AlternateURI Primary URI: ""
** end

xStatus SIP Authentication
Shows which authentication mechanism is used when registering to the SIP Proxy Server.
Digest: Uses the Digest access authentication method, as specified by RFC 2069.
NTLM: Uses the NTLM authentication method, which is a Microsoft authentication protocol.
Off: No authentication mechanism is used.
Value space of the result returned:
Digest/Off
Example:
xStatus SIP Authentication
*s SIP Authentication: Off
** end

xStatus SIP CallForward DisplayName
Returns the URI that is displayed on the user interface for the forwarded call.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
xStatus SIP CallForward DisplayName
*s SIP CallForward DisplayName: ""
** end

xStatus SIP CallForward Mode
Indicates whether the call forward mode for SIP is set to on or off.
Value space of the result returned:
On/Off
Example:
xStatus SIP CallForward Mode
*s SIP CallForward Mode: Off
** end

xStatus SIP CallForward URI
Indicates the address the incoming calls are directed to when call forward mode is set on.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
xStatus SIP CallForward URI
*s SIP CallForward URI: ""
** end
xStatus SIP Mailbox MessagesWaiting
Indicates how many new messages are in the mailbox.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Integer

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SIP Mailbox MessagesWaiting
*s SIP Mailbox MessagesWaiting: 0
** end
```

xStatus SIP Mailbox URI
Returns the URI for your SIP mailbox.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SIP Mailbox URI
*s SIP Mailbox URI: "12345678"
** end
```

xStatus SIP Proxy [n] Address
Shows the address of the SIP Proxy that the system communicates with.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SIP Proxy 1 Address
*s SIP Proxy 1 Address: "192.0.2.50"
** end
```

xStatus SIP Proxy [n] Status
Shows the status of the communication between the endpoint and the SIP Proxy server.
Active: The communication between the endpoint and the SIP Proxy is active.
DNSFailed: The attempt to establish communication to the DNS server failed.
Off: There is no communication between the endpoint and the SIP Proxy.
Timeout: The attempt to establish communication to the SIP Proxy timed out.
UnableTCP: The system is unable to use TCP as the transport method.
UnableTLS: The system is unable to use TLS as the transport method.
Unknown: The status of the communication is not known.
AuthenticationFailed: Wrong user name or password.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Active/DNSFailed/Off/Timeout/UnableTCP/UnableTLS/Unknown/AuthenticationFailed

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SIP Proxy 1 Status
*s SIP Proxy 1 Status: Active
** end
```

xStatus SIP Registration [n] Authentication
Shows which authentication mechanism is used when registering to the SIP Proxy Server.
Digest: Uses the Digest access authentication method, as specified by RFC 2069.
NTLM: Uses the NTLM authentication method, which is a Microsoft authentication protocol.
Off: No authentication mechanism is used.

**Value space of the result returned:**
Digest/Off

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SIP Registration 1 Authentication
*s SIP Registration 1 Authentication: Off
** end
```
xStatus SIP Registration [n] Reason
Shows a message to explain the reason why the SIP registration failed.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus SIP Registration 1 Reason
  *s SIP Registration 1 Reason: "404 Not Found"
** end
```

xStatus SIP Registration [n] Status
Shows the status of the registration to the SIP Proxy Server.

Deregister: The system is in the process of de-registering to the SIP Proxy.
Failed: The system failed to register to the SIP Proxy.
Inactive: The system is not registered to any SIP Proxy.
Registered: The system is registered to the SIP Proxy.
Registering: The system is in the process of registering to the SIP Proxy.

Value space of the result returned:
Deregister/Failed/Inactive/Registered/Registering

Example:
```
xStatus SIP Registration 1 Status
  *s SIP Registration 1 Status: Registered
** end
```

xStatus SIP Registration [n] URI
Shows the URI used for registration to the SIP Proxy server.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus SIP Registration 1 URI
  *s SIP Registration 1 URI: "firstname.lastname@company.com"
** end
```

xStatus SIP Secure
Shows the encryption status of the signaling with the SIP Proxy server.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```
xStatus SIP Secure
  *s SIP Secure: True
** end
```

xStatus SIP Verified
Shows whether or not the SSL certificate of the server that the video system / codec tries to register to is included in the codec's trusted CA-list. The server is typically a Cisco VCS or CUCM.

True: The server’s SIP certificate is checked against the trusted CA-list on the codec and found valid. Additionally, the fully qualified domain name of the server matches the valid certificate.
False: A TLS connection is not set up because the SIP certificate verification failed or the domain name did not match. Note that the status also returns False when TLS is not used (xConfiguration SIP DefaultTransport not set to TLS) or certificate verification is switched off (SIP TlsVerify: Off. This setting is accessible through your products web interface).

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
```
xStatus SIP Verified
  *s SIP Verified: False
** end
```
Standby status

xStatus Standby
Shows the top level overview of the standby status.

xStatus Standby State
Shows whether the system is in standby mode or not.

Value space of the result returned:
  Standby/EnteringStandby/Off

Example:
  xStatus Standby State
  *s Standby State: Off
  ** end

SystemUnit status

xStatus SystemUnit
Shows the top level overview of the system unit status.

xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Module SerialNumber
Shows the serial number of the hardware module in the codec.

Value space of the result returned:
  String

Example:
  xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Module SerialNumber
  *s SystemUnit Hardware Module SerialNumber: "F9A99A00090"
  ** end

xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Monitoring Fan [n] Status
The feedback shows the speed (rpm) for the specified fan.

Value space of the result returned:
  String

Example:
  xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Monitoring Fan 1 Status
  *s SystemUnit Hardware Monitoring Fan 1 Status: "locked on 1096 rpm"
  ** end

xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Temperature
Shows the current maximum temperature (degree Celsius) measured in the codec/system.

Value space of the result returned:
  String

Example:
  xStatus SystemUnit Hardware Temperature
  *s SystemUnit Hardware Temperature: "64.0"
  ** end
xStatus SystemUnit Notifications Notification [n] Text
Lists text related to important system notifications. Notifications are issued e.g. when a system was rebooted because of a software upgrade, or when a factory reset has been performed.
All the notifications can be removed from the list by issuing the xCommand SystemUnit Notifications RemoveAll command.

Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit Notifications Notification 1 Text
  *s SystemUnit Notifications Notification 1 Text: "OK"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Notifications Notification [n] Type
Lists the system notification types. Notifications are issued e.g. when a system is rebooted because of a software upgrade, or when a factory reset is performed.
FactoryResetOK: This value is returned after a successful factory reset.
FactoryResetFailed: This value is returned after a failed factory reset attempt.
SoftwareUpgradeOK: This value is returned after a successful software upgrade.
SoftwareUpgradeFailed: This value is returned after a failed software upgrade attempt.
RebootRequired: This value is returned when a reboot is required.
Other: This value is returned for any other notifications.
All the notifications can be removed from the list by issuing the xCommand SystemUnit Notifications RemoveAll command.

Value space of the result returned:
FactoryResetOK, FactoryResetFailed, SoftwareUpgradeOK, SoftwareUpgradeFailed, RebootRequired, Other

Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit Notifications Notification 1 Type
  *s SystemUnit Notifications Notification 1 Type: SoftwareUpgradeOK
  ** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit ProductId
Shows the product identity.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit ProductId
  *s SystemUnit ProductId: "Cisco TelePresence Codec SX80"
  ** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit ProductPlatform
Shows the product platform.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit ProductPlatform
  *s SystemUnit ProductPlatform: "SX80"
  ** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit ProductType
Shows the product type.
Value space of the result returned:
String
Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit ProductType
  *s SystemUnit ProductType: "Cisco Codec"
  ** end
```
xStatus SystemUnit Software DisplayName
Shows the name of the software that is installed on the codec, as it is displayed in the UI.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software DisplayName
'\'$ SystemUnit Software DisplayName: "Display Name"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Software Name
Shows the name of the software that is installed on the codec.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software Name
'\'$ SystemUnit Software Name: "s52010"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys DualDisplay
Shows if the system has the option key installed that supports the DualDisplay functionality.

**Value space of the result returned:**
False/True

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys DualDisplay
'\'$ SystemUnit Software OptionKeys DualDisplay: "true"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys HighDefinition
Shows if the system has the option key installed that supports the HighDefinition functionality.

**Value space of the result returned:**
False/True

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys HighDefinition
'\'$ SystemUnit Software OptionKeys HighDefinition: "true"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys MultiSite
Shows if the system has the option key installed that supports the MultiSite functionality.

**Value space of the result returned:**
False/True

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys MultiSite
'\'$ SystemUnit Software OptionKeys MultiSite: "true"
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys NaturalPresenter
Shows if the system has the option key installed that supports the NaturalPresenter functionality.

**Value space of the result returned:**
False/True

**Example:**
```plaintext
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys NaturalPresenter
'\'$ SystemUnit Software OptionKeys NaturalPresenter: "true"
** end
```
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys PremiumResolution

Shows if the system has the option key installed that supports the PremiumResolution functionality.

Value space of the result returned:
False/True

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys PremiumResolution
's SystemUnit Software OptionKeys PremiumResolution: "true"
** end

xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys RemoteMonitoring

Shows whether the system has the remote monitoring option key installed. Remote monitoring option key enables snapshots from the web interface, and from a remote paired Touch 10.

Value space of the result returned:
False/True

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit Software OptionKeys RemoteMonitoring
's SystemUnit Software OptionKeys RemoteMonitoring: "true"
** end

xStatus SystemUnit Software ReleaseDate

Shows the release date of the software installed on the codec.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit Software ReleaseDate
's SystemUnit Software ReleaseDate: "2015-05-05"
** end

xStatus SystemUnit Software Version

Shows the software version installed on the codec.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit Software Version
's SystemUnit Software Version: "CE8.0.0"
** end

xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfActiveCalls

Shows the number of active calls.

Value space of the result returned:
0..5

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfActiveCalls
's SystemUnit State NumberOfActiveCalls: 0
** end

xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfInProgressCalls

Shows the number of calls in progress.

Value space of the result returned:
0..5

Example:
xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfInProgressCalls
's SystemUnit State NumberOfInProgressCalls: 0
** end
xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfSuspendedCalls

Shows the number of suspended calls.

Value space of the result returned:
0..5

Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit State NumberOfSuspendedCalls
*s SystemUnit State NumberOfSuspendedCalls: 0
** end
```

xStatus SystemUnit Uptime

Shows the number of seconds since the last restart of the codec.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus SystemUnit Uptime
*s SystemUnit Uptime: 597095
** end
```

Time status

xStatus Time

Shows the top level overview of the time status.

xStatus Time SystemTime

Returns the date and time set on the system.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
```
xStatus Time SystemTime
*s Time SystemTime: "2014-04-25T10:04:03Z"
** end
```
USB status

**xStatus USB Device [n] State**
Shows the USB device state.

*Value space of the result returned:
  Empty/Unsupported/Supported*

*Example:*
```
xStatus USB Device 1 State
*s USB Device 1 State: Supported
** end
```

**xStatus USB Device [n] Type**
Shows the USB device type.

*Value space of the result returned:
  Ethernet/Unknown/None*

*Example:*
```
xStatus USB Device 1 Type
*s USB Device 1 Type: Ethernet
** end
```

UserInterface status

**xStatus UserInterface**
Shows the top level overview of the video status.

**xStatus UserInterface ContactInfo ContactMethod [n] Number**
Returns the system’s active contact information. This address is used to reach this endpoint.

*Value space of the result returned:
  String*

*Example:*
```
xStatus UserInterface ContactInfo ContactMethod Number
*s UserInterface ContactInfo ContactMethod 1 Number: "12345678"
** end
```

**xStatus UserInterface ContactInfo Name**
Returns the system’s active contact name. The result depends on which protocol, if any, the system is registered on. The automatically set contact name may have been overridden with the command xConfiguration UserInterface ContactInfo Type. This results in a diagnostics warning about contact mismatch.

*Value space of the result returned:
  String*

*Example:*
```
xStatus UserInterface ContactInfo Name
*s UserInterface ContactInfo Name: "MySystem"
** end
```

**xStatus UserInterface Extensions Widget [n] WidgetId**
Returns the unique identifier for a widget in the touch controller user interface.
value space of the result returned:
String

xStatus UserInterface Extensions Widget [n] Value

Returns the value for a widget in the touch controller user interface. The value space depends on the widget type. The value is an empty string until a value is set with the UserInterface Extensions Widget SetValue command.

value space of the result returned:
String

Video status

xStatus Video

Shows the top level overview of the video status.

Example:

xStatus Video ActiveSpeaker PIPPosition
*s Video PIP ActiveSpeaker Position: UpperCenter
** end

xStatus Video Input

Shows the top level overview of the video input status.

xStatus Video Input Connector [n] Connected

Shows whether is something is connected to the specified connector. Not all connections can be detected.

value space of the result returned:
False/True/Unknown

Example:

xStatus Video Input Connector 1 Connected
*s Video Input Connector 1 Connected: True
** end
xStatus Video Input Connector [n] SignalState
Shows the signal state for the specified input.
Unknown: The signal format is unknown.
OK: A signal is detected and the signal format is supported.
Unsupported: A signal is detected, but the signal format is not supported.

Value space of the result returned:
OK/Unknown/Unsupported

Example:
  xStatus Video Input Connector 1 SignalState
  *s Video Input Connector 1 SignalState: OK
  ** end

xStatus Video Input Connector [n] SourceId
Shows the identifier of the input source that the connector is associated with.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Video Input Connector 1 SourceId
  *s Video Input Connector 1 SourceId: 1
  ** end

xStatus Video Input Connector [n] Type
Shows which connector type it is.

Value space of the result returned:
Composite/DVI/HDMI/Unknown/YC

Example:
  xStatus Video Input Connector 1 Type
  *s Video Input Connector 1 Type: HDMI
  ** end

xStatus Video Input MainVideoSource
Returns the local video input currently used as the main source. The main video source is set with the xConfiguration Video DefaultMainSource command.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Video Input MainVideoSource
  *s Video Input MainVideoSource: 1
  ** end

xStatus Video Input Source [n] ConnectorId
Shows the identifier of the connector that is associated with the input source.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
  xStatus Video Input Source 1 ConnectorId
  *s Video Input Source 1 ConnectorId: 1
  ** end

xStatus Video Input Source [n] FormatStatus
Shows the resolution format status for the video input source.

Value space of the result returned:
Ok/OutOfRange/NotFound/Interlaced/Error/Unknown

Example:
  xStatus Video Input Source 1 FormatStatus
  *s Video Input Source 1 Resolution FormatStatus: Ok
  ** end
xStatus Video Input Source [n] FormatType
Shows the resolution format type for the video input source.

Value space of the result returned:
Unknown/AnalogCVTBlanking/AnalogCVTReducedBlanking/AnalogGTFDefault/
AnalogGTFSecondary/AnalogDiscreteTiming/AnalogDMTBlanking/AnalogCEABlanking/Digital

Example:
```
xStatus Video Input Source 1 FormatType
*s Video Input Source 1 Resolution FormatType: Digital
** end
```

xStatus Video Input Source [n] MediaChannelId
For internal use only.

Value space of the result returned:
Integer

Example:
```
xStatus Video Input Source MediaChannelId
*s Video Input Source 1 MediaChannelId: 2
*s Video Input Source 2 MediaChannelId: 3
** end
```

xStatus Video Input Source [n] Resolution Height
Shows the resolution height (in pixels) for the video input source.

Value space of the result returned:
0..3000

Example:
```
xStatus Video Input Source 1 Resolution Height
*s Video Input Source 1 Resolution Height: 1080
** end
```

xStatus Video Input Source [n] Resolution RefreshRate
Shows the resolution refresh rate (Hz) for the video input source.

Value space of the result returned:
0..300

Example:
```
xStatus Video Input Source 1 Resolution RefreshRate
*s Video Input Source 1 Resolution RefreshRate: 50
** end
```

xStatus Video Input Source [n] Resolution Width
Shows the resolution width (in pixels) for the video input source.

Value space of the result returned:
0..4000

Example:
```
xStatus Video Input Source 1 Resolution Width
*s Video Input Source 1 Resolution Width: 1920
** end
```

xStatus Video Monitors
Returns the monitor layout mode.

Single: The same layout is shown on all monitors.
Dual: The layout is distributed on two monitors.
DualPresentationOnly: All participants in the call will be shown on the first monitor, while the
presentation (if any) will be shown on the second monitor.
Quadruple: The layout is distributed on four monitors, so that each remote participant and the
presentation will be shown on separate monitors.

Value space of the result returned:
Single/Dual/DualPresentationOnly/Triple/TriplePresentationOnly/Quadruple

Example:
```
xStatus Video Monitors
*s Video Monitors: Single
** end
```
xStatus Video Output
Shows the top level overview of the video output status.

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] Connected
Describes whether a device (for example a display) is connected to the output connector or not. When a display enters standby mode, the endpoint may not be able to detect it. The connector status will then return False/Unknown even if the display is physically connected.
True: A device is connected to the video output connector.
False: Nothing is connected to the video output connector.

Value space of the result returned:
True/False

Example:
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 Connected
*s Video Output Connector 1 Connected: True
** end

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] ConnectedDevice CEC DeviceType
Shows the type of CEC enabled device connected to the HDMI output the codec has detected.
This information is only available when the device connected to the HDMI output has the CEC feature configured on and the codec has the configuration xConfiguration Video Output Connector [n] CEC Mode set to on.

Value space of the result returned:
Unknown/TV/Reserved/Recorder/Tuner/Playback/Audio

Example:
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC DeviceType
*s Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC DeviceType: TV
** end

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] ConnectedDevice CEC PowerControl
Shows whether the codec is controlling the CEC enabled device connected to the HDMI output.
This information is only available when the device connected to the HDMI output has the CEC feature configured on and the codec has the configuration xConfiguration Video Output Connector CEC Mode set to on.

Value space of the result returned:
Unknown/Ok/In progress/Failed to power on/Failed to standby

Example:
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC PowerControl
*s Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC PowerControl: Ok
** end

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] ConnectedDevice CEC PowerStatus
Shows the state of the CEC enabled device connected to the HDMI output.
This information is only available when the device connected to the HDMI output has the CEC feature configured on and the codec has the configuration xConfiguration Video Output Connector CEC Mode set to on.

Value space of the result returned:
Unknown/Ok/In progress/Failed to power on/Failed to standby

Example:
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC PowerStatus
*s Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice CEC PowerStatus: Ok
** end

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] ConnectedDevice Name
Shows the name of the monitor connected to the HDMI port as defined in the monitors EDID.

Value space of the result returned:
String

Example:
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice Name
*s Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice Name: "G2420HDBL"
** end
xStatus Video Output Connector [n] ConnectedDevice PreferredFormat
Shows the preferred input format of the monitor connected to the HDMI port as defined in the monitors EDID. This is not necessarily the format the codec is sending out.

**Value space of the result returned:**
String

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice PreferredFormat
*s Video Output Connector 1 ConnectedDevice PreferredFormat: "1920x1080@60Hz"
** end
```

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] MonitorRole
Describes which video stream is shown on the device that is connected to the video output connector.
First/Second/Third: The role of the monitor in a multimonitor setup. In a singlemonitor setup, there is no difference between First, Second and Third.
PresentationOnly: Shows presentation video stream if active.
Recorder: Shows all participants, including the local main video. If active, shows also the presentation.

**Value space of the result returned:**
First/Second/Third/PresentationOnly/Recorder

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 MonitorRole
*s Video Output Connector 1 MonitorRole: First
** end
```

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] Resolution Height
Shows the resolution height (in pixels) for the video output connector.

**Value space of the result returned:**
120..3000

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 Resolution Height
*s Video Output Connector 1 Resolution Height: 1080
** end
```

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] Resolution RefreshRate
Shows the resolution refresh rate (Hz) for the video output connector.

**Value space of the result returned:**
1..300

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 Resolution RefreshRate
*s Video Output Connector 1 Resolution RefreshRate: 60
** end
```

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] Resolution Width
Shows the resolution width (in pixels) for the video output connector.

**Value space of the result returned:**
176..4000

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 Resolution Width
*s Video Output Connector 1 Resolution Width: 1920
** end
```

xStatus Video Output Connector [n] Type
Shows the type of connector.
HDMI: It is an HDMI connector.
DVI: It is an DVI connector.

**Value space of the result returned:**
HDMI/DVI

**Example:**
```
xStatus Video Output Connector 1 Type
*s Video Output Connector 1 Type: HDMI
** end
```
xStatus Video Presentation PIPPosition
Shows the position of the presentation image on the screen.

Value space of the result returned:
UpperLeft/UpperCenter/UpperRight/CenterLeft/CenterRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Video Presentation PIPPosition
*s Video PIP Presentation Position: CenterLeft
** end
```

xStatus Video Selfview FullscreenMode
Shows whether selfview is set on full screen mode or not.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Video Selfview FullscreenMode
*s Video Selfview FullscreenMode: Off
** end
```

xStatus Video Selfview Mode
Shows whether selfview mode is set on or not.

Value space of the result returned:
On/Off

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Video Selfview Mode
*s Video Selfview Mode: Off
** end
```

xStatus Video Selfview OnMonitorRole
Identifies which monitor(s) contains the selfview, if present.

Value space of the result returned:
First/Second/Third/Fourth

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Video Selfview OnMonitorRole
*s Video Selfview OnMonitorRole: First
** end
```

xStatus Video Selfview PIPPosition
Shows the position of the selfview image on the screen.

Value space of the result returned:
UpperLeft/UpperCenter/UpperRight/CenterLeft/CenterRight/LowerLeft/LowerRight

Example:
```plaintext
xStatus Video Selfview PIPPosition
*s Video Selfview PIPPosition: LowerRight
** end
```
Chapter 6

Appendices
About startup scripts

You can add one or more startup scripts to the codec. A startup script contains commands (xCommand) and configurations (xConfiguration) that will be executed as part of the start up procedure every time the codec boots. A few commands and configurations cannot be placed in a startup script, e.g. xCommand SystemUnit Boot.

Use the codec’s web interface to create and manage startup scripts.

Read more about the web interface and startup scripts in the Administrator guide for your product.
The SystemTools commands

NOTE: The systemtools commands are used for administrative control of the codec and is only available from a command line interface. Systemtools should not be used to program the codec.

Required parameters in angle brackets: <text>
Optional parameters in square brackets: [text]
To get an overview of the supported commands type “systemtools ?”.

Example:

systemtools ?
boothalt
 camerarescue
 idefixversion
 touchpanelversion
 license
 network
 ntp
 pairing
 passwd
 pki
 rootsettings
 securitysettings
 securitystatus
 selectsw
 sudo
 whoami

To see the usage of the commands add a question mark after the command.

Example:

systemtools network ?
usage: network ping <hostname> | traceroute <hostname> | netstat | addr | ifconfig

systemtools boothalt allow
Allow the user to stop the system during the boot loader startup sequence using a serial console.

systemtools boothalt prevent
Prevent the user from stopping the system during the boot loader startup sequence using a serial console.

systemtools boothalt status
Show whether or not the system can be stopped during a boot loader startup sequence.

systemtools license list
Lists all the licenses for the codec.

systemtools license show <name>
Shows the content of a license file, defined by the name. <name>: The name of the license file.

systemtools network ping <hostname>
Network debug command. <hostname>: The IP address or URL of the host.

systemtools network traceroute <hostname>
Network debug command. <hostname>: The IP address or URL of the host.

systemtools network netstat
Network debug command.

systemtools network addr
Check the system's IP address.

systemtools pairing unpair
Remove association with Cisco TelePresence Touch controller.

systemtools passwd
Change the password for the logged in user.

systemtools pki list
Lists the codec certificate and CA list if they exist.
<cert-name>: The name of the certificate.

systemtools pki delete <cert-name>
Delete the codec certificate and CA list if they exist.

systemtools securitysettings jitc
Set up security requirements so they meet JITC.
Set password and PIN polices enforced on the codec.

systemtools securitysettings isjitc
Check if the current settings are JTIC compliant.

systemtools securitysettings default
Revert to default security settings.

systemtools securitysettings ask
Query for the separate configurations. When issuing this command you can see each policy separately.
• Press enter to keep the current value.
• Enter a number and press enter to change the given policy.
• The default value "0" indicates no restrictions.

Max failed login attempts [0]?
• Number of failed logins until a user is set inactive.
Suspend-time after max failed login attempts (minutes) [0]?
- Number of minutes the user is set inactive after maximum failed login attempts have been exceeded.

Max simultaneous sessions total [0]?
- Maximum number of users that can be logged in simultaneously to web and maximum number of users that can be logged in simultaneously to ssh/Telnet.

Max simultaneous sessions per user [0]?
- Maximum number of simultaneous sessions per user.

Number of passwords to remember [0]?
- Number of previous passwords that the new password must differ from.

Number of PINs to remember [0]?
- Number of previous PINs that the new PIN must differ from.

Maximum time between password renewals (days) [0]?
- If the user has not changed the password within the renewal time the user will be set inactive.

Minimum time between password renewals (hours) [0]?
- The user can only change password once within this limit.

Maximum time between PIN renewals (days) [0]?
- If the user has not changed the PIN within the renewal time the user will be set inactive.

Minimum time between PIN renewals (hours) [0]?
- The user can only change PIN once within this limit.

Maximum time between logins (days) [0]?
- If the user has not logged in within this limit the user will be set inactive.

Max consecutive equal digits in PINs [0]?
- Maximum consecutive equal digits in PINs.

Minimum number of digits in PINs [0]?
- Minimum number of digits in PINs.

Maximum number of characters in passwords [0]?
- Maximum number of characters in passwords.

Minimum number of characters in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of characters in passwords.

Maximum number of characters in passwords [0]?
- Maximum number of characters in passwords.

Minimum number of lower-case letters in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of lower-case letters in passwords.

Minimum number of upper-case letters in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of upper-case letters in passwords.

Minimum number of numerical characters in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of numerical characters in passwords.

Minimum number of special characters in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of special characters in passwords.

Minimum number of character groups in passwords [0]?
- Minimum number of character groups in passwords.

Minimum number of character changed from previous password [0]?
- Minimum number of character changed from previous password.

systemtools securitystatus
Shows the security status for the codec.
## About disconnect cause types

The following parameters are logged when a call is disconnected. The disconnect cause types are used in disconnect events (xEvent) and also logged in xHistory CallLogs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value Space</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CauseType</td>
<td>Describes why the call was disconnected.</td>
<td>{ OtherLocal, LocalDisconnect, UnknownRemoteSite, LocalBusy, LocalReject, InsufficientSecurity, OtherRemote, RemoteDisconnect, RemoteBusy, RemoteRejected, RemoteNoAnswer, CallForwarded, NetworkRejected }</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CauseString</td>
<td>Describes the Cause Code.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CauseCode</td>
<td>The disconnect Cause Codes are defined in SIP and Q.850.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CauseOrigin</td>
<td>SIP, Q.850, internal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Example 1:

```plaintext
xHistory CallLogs Call 694
...
*h xHistory CallLogs Call 694 DisconnectCause: "Normal"
*h xHistory CallLogs Call 694 DisconnectCauseType: RemoteDisconnect
*h xHistory CallLogs Call 694 DisconnectCauseCode: 16
*h xHistory CallLogs Call 694 DisconnectCauseOrigin: Q850
...
** end
```
User documentation on the Cisco web site

The documents are organized in the following categories:

**Install and Upgrade > Install and Upgrade Guides**
- Installation guides: How to install the product
- Getting started guide: Initial configurations required to get the system up and running
- RCSi guide: Regulatory compliance and safety information

**Maintain and Operate > Maintain and Operate Guides**
- Getting started guide: Initial configurations required to get the system up and running
- Administrator guide: Information required to administer your product
- Administering CE Endpoints on CUCM: Tasks to perform to start using the product with the Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM)

**Maintain and Operate > End-User Guides**
- User guides: How to use the product
- Quick reference guides: How to use the product

**Reference Guides | Command references**
- API reference guides: Reference guide for the Application Programmer Interface (API)

**Reference Guides > Technical References**
- CAD drawings: 2D CAD drawings with measurements