



# Open Source Used In Cloud Services Platform Release 2.3.1

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## 1.4 alsa-tools 1.1.0 :1.e17

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```

```
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## 1.5 at-spi2-atk 2.14.1 :1.el7

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## 1.6 at-spi2-core 2.14.1 :2.e17

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one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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## 1.7 atk 2.14.0 :1.e17

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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## 1.12 avahi 0.6.31 :17.e17

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```

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```
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```

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From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP  
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with  
SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>  
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700  
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>  
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)  
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/  
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)  
To: chet@po.cwru.edu  
Subject: Re: ksh scripts  
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deephought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
```

-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey

From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

-----

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST



>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on  
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let  
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in  
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and  
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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\* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

\* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

\* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

\* `admin/check-style.sh`, `admin/check-style-common.awk`, `admin/check-style-cpp.awk`, `admin/check-style-shell.awk`: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project.

They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

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<!-- Generate ISC copyright comments from Docbook copyright metadata. -->

<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version="1.0">

<xsl:template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:param name="text"/>

<xsl:value-of select="\$isc.copyright.leader"/>

<xsl:value-of select="normalize-space(substring-before(\$text, '#10;'))"/>

<xsl:text>#10;</xsl:text>

<xsl:variable name="rest" select="substring-after(\$text, '#10;')"/>

<xsl:if test="translate(\$rest, '#9;#32;', '')">

<xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">



```

    <xsl:with-param name="text" select="$rest"/>
  </xsl:call-template>
</xsl:if>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright.text">
  <xsl:text>
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  </xsl:text>
</xsl:variable>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright">
  <xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">
    <xsl:with-param name="text">
<xsl:for-each select="/refentry/docinfo/copyright | /book/bookinfo/copyright">
  <xsl:text>Copyright (C) </xsl:text>
  <xsl:call-template name="copyright.years">
    <xsl:with-param name="years" select="year"/>
  </xsl:call-template>
  <xsl:text> </xsl:text>
  <xsl:value-of select="holder"/>
  <xsl:text> &#10;</xsl:text>
</xsl:for-each>
  <xsl:value-of select="$isc.copyright.text"/>
  </xsl:with-param>
</xsl:call-template>
</xsl:variable>

</xsl:stylesheet>

<!--
- Local variables:
- mode: sgml
- End:
-->

```

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1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the



entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood

that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.



We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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licensee is addressed as ``you".

A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A

suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@page

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```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@end smallexample
```

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```
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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!  
(This file is under construction.) \*- text -\*

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is  
not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me,  
nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into  
the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS  
file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for  
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of  
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,  
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various  
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several  
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format  
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff  
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and  
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,  
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added  
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a  
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a  
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host  
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other  
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of

Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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## 1.16 biosdevname 0.7.2 :1.e17

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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# 1.17 boost 1.53.0 :26.e17

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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE article PUBLIC "-//Boost//DTD BoostBook XML V1.0//EN"
"http://www.boost.org/tools/boostbook/dtd/boostbook.dtd">
<article id="copyright_test" last-revision="DEBUG MODE Date: 2000/12/20 12:00:00 $"
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude">
<title>Copyright Test</title>
<articleinfo>
<copyright>
<year>1963</year> <year>1964</year> <year>1965</year> <holder>Jane Doe</holder>
</copyright>
<copyright>
<year>2018</year> <holder>Joe Blow, John Coe</holder>
</copyright>
<copyright>
<year>1977</year> <year>1985</year> <holder>Someone else</holder>
</copyright>
</articleinfo>
</article>
```

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

## HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and

Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.  
Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.  
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.  
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to  
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).  
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to  
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).  
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.  
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.  
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the  
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.  
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.  
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the  
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't  
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)  
This package was debianized by Vladimir Prus <ghost@cs.msu.su> on  
Wed, 17 July 2002, 19:27:00 +0400.

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```

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```
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```

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## 1.22 cdrkit 1.1.11 :23.el7

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```

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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```

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# contribution to the Google C++ Testing Framework project. People  
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# 1.34 curl 7.29.0 :35.e17

## 1.34.1 Available under license :

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

---

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl <http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL <http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS <http://www.gnutls.org/>

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yassl <http://www.yassl.com/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS <http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/>

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axTLS <http://axtls.sourceforge.net/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares <http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html>

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib [http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib\\_license.html](http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html)

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/>

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Heimdal <http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/>

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fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn <http://josefsson.org/libidn/>

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP <http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html>

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 <http://www.libssh2.org/>

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

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[2] = <http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs> details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

[3] = LGPL - GNU Lesser General Public License:

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## 1.35 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :21.e17

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```

```
#define _KERBEROS_MIT_COPYRIGHT_H
```

```
#pragma ident "@(#)mit-sipb-copyright.h 1.5 93/02/04 SMI"
```

```
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```

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```

```
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```

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/* CMU libsasl
```

```
 * Tim Martin
```

```
 * Rob Earhart
```

```
 * Rob Siemborski
```

```
*/
```

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*/
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# 1.38 desktop-file-utils 0.22 :1.el7

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the

users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from

such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in

themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the



Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under

Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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#### END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

#### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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MA 02111-1307, USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

# 1.40 device-mapper-persistent-data 0.6.3 :1.el7

## 1.40.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

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For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### 0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

#### 1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.



The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

## 2. Basic Permissions.

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### 3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

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You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

### 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is

released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".

c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

#### 6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this

conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

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"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must

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## 1.41 dhcp 4.2.5 :47.el7

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Automated Testing Framework

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\* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

\* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

\* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

\* admin/check-style.sh, admin/check-style-common.awk,  
admin/check-style-cpp.awk, admin/check-style-shell.awk: These files,  
except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project.  
They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that  
process, the shell script was created.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

```
=====
vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2
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## 1.42 ding-libs 0.6.0 :27.el7

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## 1.47 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :9.e17

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

-----  
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

\*/

/\*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version
  
- trivial database library - private includes
- 
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell           2005
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\*\* NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb  
 \*\* library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released

```
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::

\$(RM) -f \$(DESTDIR)\$(BSDLIB\_INSTALL\_DIR)/\$(BSD\_LIB)

clean::

\$(RM) -rf pic

\$(RM) -f \$(BSD\_LIB)

\$(RM) -f ../\$(BSD\_LIB)

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Follows the GNU license.

Gadi Oxman, August 1995

---

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```
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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by  
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

The GNU General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read <<http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html>>.

;ELC

```
;;; Compiled by gm@skiddaw on Fri Mar 8 00:17:33 2013
;;; from file /misc/emacs/bzr/emacs24-merge/lisp/emacs-lisp/copyright.el
;;; in Emacs version 24.3.1
;;; with all optimizations.
```

```
;;; This file contains utf-8 non-ASCII characters,
;;; and so cannot be loaded into Emacs 22 or earlier.
(and (boundp 'emacs-version)
  (< (aref emacs-version (1- (length emacs-version))) ?A)
  (string-lessp emacs-version "23")
  (error "%s' was compiled for Emacs 23 or later" #)))
```

```
.....
```

(byte-code

```
"\300\301\302\303\304\305%\210\306\307\310\311\304\301\312\313&\210\306\314\302\315\304\301\312\316\317\320&\210\306\321\322\323\304\301\312\324&\210\306\325\326\327\304\301\312\324&\210\306\330\331\332\304\301\312\324&\210\306\333\302\334\304\301\312\316\317\335&\210\306\336\337\340\304\301\312\341&\207" [custom-
```

```

declare-group copyright nil "Update the copyright notice in current buffer." :group tools custom-declare-variable
copyright-limit 2000 "Don't try to update copyright beyond this position unless interactive.\nA value of nil means to
search whole buffer." :type (choice (integer :tag "Limit") (const :tag "No limit")) copyright-at-end-flag "Non-nil
means to search backwards from the end of the buffer for copyright.\nThis is useful for ChangeLogs." boolean
:version "23.1" copyright-regexp "\\(\\|@copyright{ }\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\s *?:?\\s *\\(?:C)\\)?\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\s *?:?\\s
*\\|\\s *\\(?:[:^0-9\\n]*\\s *\\|)?\\|\\([1-9]\\|\\([-0-9, '/*%#\\n ]\\|\\s<\\|\\s>\\|)*[0-9]+\\|)" "What your copyright notice looks
like.\n\nThe second \\( \\) construct must match the years." regexp copyright-names-regexp "" "Regex matching the
names which correspond to the user.\n\nOnly copyright lines where the name matches this regexp will be
updated.\n\nThis allows you to avoid adding years to a copyright notice belonging to\nsomeone else or to a group for
which you do not work." copyright-years-regexp "\\(\\s *\\|\\([1-9]\\|\\([-0-9, '/*%#\\n ]\\|\\s<\\|\\s>\\|)*[0-9]+\\|)" "Match
additional copyright notice years.\n\nThe second \\( \\) construct must match the years." copyright-year-ranges "Non-
nil if individual consecutive years should be replaced with a range.\n\nFor example: 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 might be
replaced with 2005-2008.\n\nIf you use ranges, you should add an explanatory note in a README file.\n\nThe function
`copyright-fix-years' respects this variable." "24.1" copyright-query 'function "If non-nil, ask user before changing
copyright.\n\nWhen this is `function', only ask when called non-interactively." (choice (const :tag "Do not ask") (const
:tag "Ask unless interactive" function) (other :tag "Ask" t))] 10
#@60 String representing the current version of the GPL or nil.
(defconst copyright-current-gpl-version "3" (#$ . 2656))
#@75 The function `copyright-update' sets this to nil after updating a buffer.
(defvar copyright-update t (#$ . 2778))
#@39 String representing the current year.
(defvar copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y") (#$ . 2898))
(defalias 'copyright-limit #[nil "\205\203\207\207" [copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag] 2])
(put 'copyright-limit 'byte-optimizer 'byte-compile-inline-expand)
#@69 Re-search forward or backward depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'.
(defalias 'copyright-re-search #[(regexp &optional bound noerror count) "\203\305\n\207\306\n\207"
[copyright-at-end-flag regexp bound noerror count re-search-backward re-search-forward] 5 (#$ . 3189))]
#@70 Return point-min or point-max, depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'.
(defalias 'copyright-start-point #[nil "\203d\207e\207" [copyright-at-end-flag] 1 (#$ . 3479))]
#@65 Return non-nil if point is too far from the edge of the buffer.
(defalias 'copyright-offset-too-large-p #[nil "\205\203dZW\207e\\V\207" [copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag] 3
(#$ . 3653))]
#@218 Return non-nil if a copyright header suitable for updating is found.
The header must match `copyright-regexp' and `copyright-names-regexp', if set.
This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year' uses.
(defalias 'copyright-find-copyright #[nil "~\210\300 b\210\301\302\303\217\207" [copyright-start-point err (byte-
code "\304\305\306\307\260\n\205\203\nZ\202\n\\310#\207" [copyright-regexp copyright-names-regexp
copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag copyright-re-search "\\(" "\\|\\([ ]*\n\\)?.*\\(?::" "\\)" t] 6) ((error (message
"Can't update copyright: %s" err) nil))] 3 (#$ . 3862))]
#@175 Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.
If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments,
skips to the end of all the years.
(defalias 'copyright-find-end #[nil "\212g\305=\2053\306u\210\307\310w\210\2053\2053\311
\312\216\306y\210\313!\205\314\225b*\2053\n\315\313!*)\205H\306y\210\316!\210\316\317\320\n"! \210\202\20
7" [comment-start-skip save-match-data-internal copyright-years-regexp regexp inhibit-changing-match-data 44 1 "
nil match-data ((byte-code "\301\302"\207" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) looking-at 0 t
re-search-forward format "\\(%s\\|)" 4 (#$ . 4487))]
(defalias 'copyright-update-year #[(replace noquery) "\305\225b\210\306

```

```

\210\307\310!\311\225\312Z\311\225{\313\314O\230?\205\247 \204>\315
\316\216\317p!\210\212\320\2035\321\322Q\2029\323\324Q!+\205\247\203J\325\326\211\314\311%\207\212\327\
314x)\330!\330\`f\`{!Z\331\246\305=\203\332`\f\333#\334=\204x\332`\f\313#\334=\203\335\`f!\210\202\241\212\
336\337\340 \326#\203\217\341\305!\202\220\342)c\210\332`\f\343#\344=\203\241\344c\210\`f\314Oc)\207"
[copyright-current-year noquery #1=#:wconfig replace size 1 copyright-find-end format-time-string "%Y" 3 2 -2 nil
current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1#)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p "Replace copyright
year(s) by " " " "Add " " to copyright?" replace-match t "0-9" string-to-number 100 + -1 45 delete-char re-search-
backward "[0-9]\\\ ( *, *\\)[0-9]" line-beginning-position match-string " , " -3 39] 6)
#@369 Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.
With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding
the current year after them. If necessary, and
`copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions
following the copyright are updated as well.
If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called
interactively.
(defalias 'copyright-update #[(&optional arg interactivep) "\204 \205\207\n?\206\n\306=\205 \212\214\307
\203~\310\`f"\210\311 b\210
\203~\312\313\205@\203<`Z\202@`\\314#\203~\315\316\317!!\315
!W\203~\204v\320 \321\216\317\225b\210\322 \323\216\324p!\210\325\326\327\330\317!
#!,\203~\331
\314\211\332\317%\210)\333\300!\210\332*\332\207" [copyright-update interactivep copyright-query noquery arg
copyright-current-gpl-version function copyright-find-copyright copyright-update-year copyright-start-point
copyright-re-search "the Free Software Foundation[;,n].*either version \\([0-9]+\)\)\(?: of the License\)\)?, or[
\n].*any later version" t string-to-number match-string 1 match-data ((byte-code "\301\302"\207" [save-match-data-
internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig))
switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s?" match-string-no-properties replace-
match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067)
"*P\nnd"])
#@208 Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.
Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also
independently replaces consecutive years with a range.
(defalias 'copyright-fix-years #[nil "\306 \203 \307\224\310
\311\224\312\211\211\211\211\211\211\211\`"#$%&\313\225b\210\314
\210\315\307\225T!#&b\210\316\317#\320#\203\331%\` \312\223\210\311\224b\210\321\322\311!!`Sf\211\203f
z\323U\204f
\324U\204f\325c\210\`f\326W\203\207\`f\327Y\203v\330\202w\331c\210\`f\211\327Y\203\204\332\202\205\333\`%b
\210\203\320
\324=\203\235\312\211\202\320\203\255\`fTU\203\255`\202\320\n\203\314\203\314\nV\203\314b\210
|\210\334\335" c\210%b\210\`f\`f%\`"\2025\`"\203\203\376\n\203\376\203\376\nV\203\376b\210
|\210\334\335" c\210" b\210\336\312x\210\214$` } \210\337ed"\210)#\312\211\223\210%\312\211\223.\207\340\34
1!\207" [range-end range-start first-year prev-year year sep copyright-find-copyright 3 make-marker 0 nil 1
copyright-find-end copy-marker re-search-forward "[0-9]+" t string-to-number match-string 32 45 " " 100 50 "19"
"20" 1900 2000 format "-%d" " " fill-region message "No copyright message" last e copystart p s copyright-year-
ranges] 12 (#$ . 7556) nil)
(put 'copyright 'no-self-insert t)
#@558 Insert a copyright by $ORGANIZATION notice at cursor.

```

This is a skeleton command (see `skeleton-insert').  
Normally the skeleton text is inserted at point, with nothing "inside".  
If there is a highlighted region, the skeleton text is wrapped  
around the region text.

A prefix argument ARG says to wrap the skeleton around the next ARG words.  
A prefix argument of -1 says to wrap around region, even if not highlighted.  
A prefix argument of zero says to wrap around zero words---that is, nothing.  
This is a way of overriding the use of a highlighted region.

```
(defalias 'copyright #[(&optional str arg) "\302\303#\207" [str arg skeleton-proxy-new ("Company: " comment-start
"Copyright (C) " `(format-time-string "%Y") " by " (or (getenv "ORGANIZATION") str) '(if (copyright-offset-too-
large-p) (message "Copyright extends beyond `copyright-limit' and won't be updated automatically.))) comment-end
n)] 4 (#$ . 8883) "*P\nP"])
```

```
#@122 Update copyright notice for all files in DIRECTORY matching MATCH.
```

If FIX is non-nil, run `copyright-fix-years' instead.

```
(defalias 'copyright-update-directory #[(directory match &optional fix) "\306\307
\310$\310\211\205E@\311\n!\204=\312\313\n"\210\314\310\315\n!\210*\307\2032\316 \210\2025\317 \210)\320
\210\321p!\210A\211\204
\310*\207" [directory match file --dolist-tail-- enable-local-eval enable-local-variables directory-files t nil file-
directory-p message "Updating file `%s'" :safe find-file copyright-fix-years copyright-update save-buffer kill-buffer
inhibit-read-only fix] 6 (#$ . 9815) "DDirectory: \nMFileNames matching (regexp: ')]
(provide 'copyright)
;;; copyright.el --- update the copyright notice in current buffer
```

```
:: Copyright (C) 1991-1995, 1998, 2001-2013 Free Software Foundation,
:: Inc.
```

```
:: Author: Daniel Pfeiffer <occitan@esperanto.org>
```

```
:: Keywords: maint, tools
```

```
:: This file is part of GNU Emacs.
```

```
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:: the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
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:: GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
:: You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
:: along with GNU Emacs. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
```

```
;;; Commentary:
```

```
:: Allows updating the copyright year and above mentioned GPL version manually
```

```
:: or when saving a file.
:: Do (add-hook 'before-save-hook 'copyright-update), or use
:: M-x customize-variable RET before-save-hook RET.
```

```
::: Code:
```

```
(defgroup copyright nil
  "Update the copyright notice in current buffer."
  :group 'tools)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-limit 2000
  "Don't try to update copyright beyond this position unless interactive.
  A value of nil means to search whole buffer."
  :group 'copyright
  :type '(choice (integer :tag "Limit")
              (const :tag "No limit")))
```

```
(defcustom copyright-at-end-flag nil
  "Non-nil means to search backwards from the end of the buffer for copyright.
  This is useful for ChangeLogs."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'boolean
  :version "23.1")
:::###autoload(put 'copyright-at-end-flag 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-regexp
  "\\(\\|@copyright{ }\\|\\[Cc]opyright\\|s *?:?\\|s *\\(?:C)\\|)?"
  "\\[Cc]opyright\\|s *?:?\\|s *\\|)?"
  "\\|s *\\(?:[0-9\\n]*\\|s *\\|)?"
  "\\([1-9]\\|\\([-0-9,;/%#\n\t]\\|\\|s<\\|\\|s>\\|)*[0-9]+\\|)"
  "What your copyright notice looks like.
  The second \\( \\) construct must match the years."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)
```

```
(defcustom copyright-names-regexp ""
  "Regex matching the names which correspond to the user.
  Only copyright lines where the name matches this regexp will be updated.
  This allows you to avoid adding years to a copyright notice belonging to
  someone else or to a group for which you do not work."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)
```

```
:: The worst that can happen is a malicious regexp that overflows in
:: the regexp matcher, a minor nuisance. It's a pain to be always
:: prompted if you want to put this in a dir-locals.el.
:::###autoload(put 'copyright-names-regexp 'safe-local-variable 'stringp)
```

```

(defcustom copyright-years-regexp
  "\\(\\s *\\)\\([1-9]\\([-0-9, '/*%#\\n\\t]\\|\\s<\\|\\s>\\))*[0-9]+\\)"
  "Match additional copyright notice years.
The second \\( \\) construct must match the years."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'regexp)

;; See "Copyright Notices" in maintain.info.
;; TODO? 'end only for ranges at the end, other for all ranges.
;; Minimum limit on the size of a range?
(defcustom copyright-year-ranges nil
  "Non-nil if individual consecutive years should be replaced with a range.
For example: 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 might be replaced with 2005-2008.
If you use ranges, you should add an explanatory note in a README file.
The function `copyright-fix-years' respects this variable."
  :group 'copyright
  :type 'boolean
  :version "24.1")

;;;###autoload(put 'copyright-year-ranges 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)

(defcustom copyright-query 'function
  "If non-nil, ask user before changing copyright.
When this is `function', only ask when called non-interactively."
  :group 'copyright
  :type '(choice (const :tag "Do not ask")
               (const :tag "Ask unless interactive" function)
               (other :tag "Ask" t)))

;; when modifying this, also modify the comment generated by autoinsert.el
(defconst copyright-current-gpl-version "3"
  "String representing the current version of the GPL or nil.")

(defvar copyright-update t
  "The function `copyright-update' sets this to nil after updating a buffer.")

;; This is a defvar rather than a defconst, because the year can
;; change during the Emacs session.
(defvar copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y")
  "String representing the current year.")

(defsubst copyright-limit ()      ; re-search-forward BOUND
  (and copyright-limit
   (if copyright-at-end-flag
       (- (point) copyright-limit)
       (+ (point) copyright-limit))))

```

```
(defun copyright-re-search (regexp &optional bound noerror count)
  "Re-search forward or backward depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
  (if copyright-at-end-flag
      (re-search-backward regexp bound noerror count)
      (re-search-forward regexp bound noerror count)))
```

```
(defun copyright-start-point ()
  "Return point-min or point-max, depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
  (if copyright-at-end-flag
      (point-max)
      (point-min)))
```

```
(defun copyright-offset-too-large-p ()
  "Return non-nil if point is too far from the edge of the buffer."
  (when copyright-limit
    (if copyright-at-end-flag
        (< (point) (- (point-max) copyright-limit))
        (> (point) (+ (point-min) copyright-limit))))))
```

```
(defun copyright-find-copyright ()
  "Return non-nil if a copyright header suitable for updating is found.
The header must match `copyright-regexp' and `copyright-names-regexp', if set.
This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year' uses."
  (widen)
  (goto-char (copyright-start-point))
  (condition-case err
    ;; (1) Need the extra \\( \\) around copyright-regexp because we
    ;; goto (match-end 1) below. See note (2) below.
    (copyright-re-search (concat "\\(" copyright-regexp
      "\\)\\([ \\t]*\\n\\)?.*\\(?:"
      copyright-names-regexp "\\)"))
    (copyright-limit)
    t)
    ;; In case the regexp is rejected. This is useful because
    ;; copyright-update is typically called from before-save-hook where
    ;; such an error is very inconvenient for the user.
    (error (message "Can't update copyright: %s" err) nil)))
```

```
(defun copyright-find-end ()
  "Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.
If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments,
skips to the end of all the years."
  (while (save-excursion
    (and (eq (following-char) ?,)
      (progn (forward-char 1) t)
      (progn (skip-chars-forward " \\t") (eolp))
      comment-start-skip)
    (save-match-data
```

```

(forward-line 1)
(and (looking-at comment-start-skip)
      (goto-char (match-end 0))))
(looking-at-p copyright-years-regexp)))
(forward-line 1)
(re-search-forward comment-start-skip)
;; (2) Need the extra \\( \\) so that the years are subexp 3, as
;; they are at note (1) above.
(re-search-forward (format "\\(%s\\)" copyright-years-regexp)))

(defun copyright-update-year (replace noquery)
  ;; This uses the match-data from copyright-find-copyright/end.
  (goto-char (match-end 1))
  (copyright-find-end)
  (setq copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y"))
  (unless (string= (buffer-substring (- (match-end 3) 2) (match-end 3))
                  (substring copyright-current-year -2))
    (if (or noquery
            (save-window-excursion
              (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
              ;; Fixes some point-moving oddness (bug#2209).
              (save-excursion
                (y-or-n-p (if replace
                              (concat "Replace copyright year(s) by "
                                      copyright-current-year "? ")
                              (concat "Add " copyright-current-year
                                      " to copyright? "))))))
      (if replace
          (replace-match copyright-current-year t t nil 3)
          (let ((size (save-excursion (skip-chars-backward "0-9"))))
            (if (and (eq (% (- (string-to-number copyright-current-year)
                              (string-to-number (buffer-substring
                                                    (+ (point) size)
                                                    (point))))
                              100)
                    1)
                (or (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -1)) ?-)
                    (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -2)) ?-)))
                ;; This is a range so just replace the end part.
                (delete-char size)
                ;; Insert a comma with the preferred number of spaces.
                (insert
                 (save-excursion
                  (if (re-search-backward "[0-9]\\( *, *\\)[0-9]"
                                          (line-beginning-position) t)
                      (match-string 1)
                      ", ")))
                ;; If people use the '91 '92 '93 scheme, do that as well.

```



```

      (if (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -3)) ?)
          (insert ?)))
    ;; Finally insert the new year.
    (insert (substring copyright-current-year size))))))

;;;###autoload
(defun copyright-update (&optional arg interactivep)
  "Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.
With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding
the current year after them. If necessary, and
`copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions
following the copyright are updated as well.
If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called
interactively."
  (interactive "*P\n")
  (when (or copyright-update interactivep)
    (let ((noquery (or (not copyright-query)
                      (and (eq copyright-query 'function) interactivep))))
      (save-excursion
        (save-restriction
          ;; If names-regexp doesn't match, we should not mess with
          ;; the years _or_ the GPL version.
          ;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should update.
          (when (copyright-find-copyright)
            (copyright-update-year arg noquery)
            (goto-char (copyright-start-point))
            (and copyright-current-gpl-version
                 ;; Match the GPL version comment in .el files.
                 ;; This is sensitive to line-breaks. :(
                 (copyright-re-search
                  "the Free Software Foundation[,\n].*either version \
\\([0-9]+\)\)\(?(?: of the License\)\)?, or[ \n].*any later version"
                  (copyright-limit) t)
                 ;; Don't update if the file is already using a more recent
                 ;; version than the "current" one.
                 (< (string-to-number (match-string 1))
                    (string-to-number copyright-current-gpl-version))
                 (or noquery
                    (save-match-data
                     (goto-char (match-end 1))
                     (save-window-excursion
                      (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
                      (y-or-n-p
                       (format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? "
                               (match-string-no-properties 1)
                               copyright-current-gpl-version))))
                    (replace-match copyright-current-gpl-version t t nil 1))))
            (set (make-local-variable 'copyright-update) nil)))

```

```
;; If a write-file-hook returns non-nil, the file is presumed to be written.
nil))
```

```
;; FIXME heuristic should be within 50 years of present (cf calendar).
```

```
;;;###autoload
```

```
(defun copyright-fix-years ()
```

```
  "Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.
```

```
  Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
```

```
  If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also
  independently replaces consecutive years with a range."
```

```
  (interactive)
```

```
;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should fix.
```

```
(if (copyright-find-copyright)
```

```
    (let ((s (match-beginning 3))
```

```
          (p (make-marker))
```

```
          ;; Not line-beg-pos, so we don't mess up leading whitespace.
```

```
          (copystart (match-beginning 0))
```

```
          e last sep year prev-year first-year range-start range-end)
```

```
;; In case years are continued over multiple, commented lines.
```

```
(goto-char (match-end 1))
```

```
(copyright-find-end)
```

```
(setq e (copy-marker (1+ (match-end 3))))
```

```
(goto-char s)
```

```
(while (re-search-forward "[0-9]+" e t)
```

```
  (set-marker p (point))
```

```
  (goto-char (match-beginning 0))
```

```
  (setq year (string-to-number (match-string 0)))
```

```
  (and (setq sep (char-before))
```

```
        (/= (char-syntax sep) ?\s)
```

```
        (/= sep ?-)
```

```
        (insert " ")))
```

```
(when (< year 100)
```

```
  (insert (if (>= year 50) "19" "20"))
```

```
  (setq year (+ year (if (>= year 50) 1900 2000))))
```

```
(goto-char p)
```

```
(when copyright-year-ranges
```

```
  ;; If the previous thing was a range, don't try to tack more on.
```

```
  ;; Ie not 2000-2005 -> 2000-2005-2007
```

```
  ;; TODO should merge into existing range if possible.
```

```
  (if (eq sep ?-)
```

```
(setq prev-year nil
```

```
      year nil)
```

```
      (if (and prev-year (= year (1+ prev-year)))
```

```
          (setq range-end (point))
```

```
(when (and first-year prev-year
```

```
      (> prev-year first-year))
```

```
(goto-char range-end)
```

```

(delete-region range-start range-end)
(insert (format "-%d" prev-year))
(goto-char p))
(setq first-year year
  range-start (point))))
(setq prev-year year
last p))
(when last
  (when (and copyright-year-ranges
    first-year prev-year
    (> prev-year first-year))
    (goto-char range-end)
    (delete-region range-start range-end)
    (insert (format "-%d" prev-year)))
    (goto-char last)
    ;; Don't mess up whitespace after the years.
    (skip-chars-backward "\t")
    (save-restriction
      (narrow-to-region copystart (point))
      ;; This is clearly wrong, eg what about comment markers?
      ;; (let ((fill-prefix " "))
      ;;   ;; TODO do not break copyright owner over lines.
      ;;   (fill-region (point-min) (point-max))))
      (set-marker e nil)
      (set-marker p nil))
      ;; Simply reformatting the years is not copyrightable, so it does
      ;; not seem right to call this. Also it messes with ranges.
      ;; (copyright-update nil t)
      (message "No copyright message")))

;;;###autoload
(define-skeleton copyright
  "Insert a copyright by $ORGANIZATION notice at cursor."
  "Company: "
  comment-start
  "Copyright (C) " `(format-time-string "%Y") " by "
  (or (getenv "ORGANIZATION")
    str)
  '(if (copyright-offset-too-large-p)
    (message "Copyright extends beyond `copyright-limit' and won't be updated automatically.))
  comment-end \n)

;; TODO: recurse, exclude COPYING etc.
;;;###autoload
(defun copyright-update-directory (directory match &optional fix)
  "Update copyright notice for all files in DIRECTORY matching MATCH.
If FIX is non-nil, run `copyright-fix-years' instead."
  (interactive "DDirectory: \nMFilenames matching (regexp): ")

```

```

(dolist (file (directory-files directory t match nil))
  (unless (file-directory-p file)
    (message "Updating file `%s'" file)
    ;; FIXME we should not use find-file+save+kill.
    (let ((enable-local-variables :safe)
          (enable-local-eval nil))
      (find-file file)
      (let ((inhibit-read-only t))
        (if fix
            (copyright-fix-years)
            (copyright-update)))
        (save-buffer)
        (kill-buffer (current-buffer))))))

(provide 'copyright)

;; For the copyright sign:
;; Local Variables:
;; coding: utf-8
;; End:

;;; copyright.el ends here
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The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ``about box".

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For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see @url{http://www.gnu.org/licenses/}.

The GNU General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read @url{http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html}.

```
<!doctype HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN"><html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Language" content="en-us">
```

```
<meta name="VI60_defaultClientScript" content="JavaScript">
```

```
<meta name="GENERATOR" content="Microsoft FrontPage 5.0">
```

```
<meta name="keywords" content="Unicode Standard, copyright">
```

```
<meta name="ProgId" content="FrontPage.Editor.Document">
```

```
<title>Unicode Terms of Use</title>
```

```
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"
```

```
href="http://www.unicode.org/webscripts/standard_styles.css">
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body text="#330000">
```

```

<table width="100%" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0" border="0">

<tr>

<td colspan="2">

<table width="100%" border="0" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0">

<tr>

<td class="icon"><a href="http://www.unicode.org/"></a>&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;<a class="bar"
href="http://www.unicode.org/copyright.html"><font size="3">Terms of
Use</font></a></td>
<td class="bar"><a href="http://www.unicode.org" class="bar">Home</a>
| <a href="http://www.unicode.org/sitemap/" class="bar">Site Map</a> |
<a href="http://www.unicode.org/search" class="bar">Search </a></td>
</tr>
</table>
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td colspan="2" class="gray">&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td valign="top" width="25%" class="navCol">
<table class="navColTable" border="0" width="100%" cellspacing="4"
cellpadding="0">
<tr>
<td class="navColTitle">Contents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#1">Unicode Copyright</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#2">Restricted Rights
Legend</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#3">Warranties &
Disclaimers</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#4">Waiver of Damages</a></td>
</tr>
</table>

```

```

    <td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#5">Trademarks & Logos</a></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#7">Miscellaneous</a></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell"><a href="#Exhibit1">Data Files and
    Software License Agreement (Exhibit 1)</a></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell">&nbsp;</td>
  </tr>
</table>
<table class="navColTable" border="0" width="100%" cellpadding="4"
cellpadding="0">
  <tr>
    <td class="navColTitle">Related Links</td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell">
<a href="http://www.unicode.org/policies/logo_policy.html">Trademark Policy</a></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell">
<a href="http://www.unicode.org/policies/policies.html">Unicode
Policies</a></td>
  </tr>
  <tr>
    <td valign="top" class="navColCell"></td>
  </tr>
</table>

```

```

<!-- BEGIN CONTENTS -->

```

```

<td>

```

```

<blockquote>

```

```

  <h1>Unicode Terms of Use</h1>

```

```

  <p>For the general privacy policy governing access to this site, see
  the&nbsp;<

```

```

  <a href="http://www.unicode.org/policies/privacy_policy.html">

```

```

  Unicode Privacy Policy</a>. For trademark usage, see

```

```

  <a href="http://www.unicode.org/policies/logo_policy.html">the
  Unicode Consortium Name and Trademark Usage Policy</a>.</p>

```

```

  <table class="sidebar" align="right" width="50%" id="table1">

```

```

<tr>
  <td class="sidebarTitle">Notice to End User: Terms of Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td class="sidebar">Carefully read the following legal agreement
  ("Agreement"). Use or copying of the software and/or codes
  provided with this agreement (The "Software") constitutes your
  acceptance of these terms. If you have any questions about these terms of use, please <a
  href="http://www.unicode.org/contacts.html">contact the Unicode Consortium</a>.</td>
</tr>
</table>

```

```
<ol type="A">
```

```
<li><u><a name="1"></a>Unicode Copyright.</u>
```

```
<ol>
```

```
<li>Copyright 1991-2012 Unicode, Inc. All rights reserved.</li>
```

```
<li>Certain documents and files on this website contain a legend
indicating that "Modification is permitted." Any person is
hereby authorized, without fee, to modify such documents and
files to create derivative works conforming to the Unicode
Standard, subject to Terms and Conditions herein.</li>
```

```
<li>Any person is hereby authorized, without fee, to view, use,
reproduce, and distribute all documents and files solely for
informational purposes in the creation of products supporting
the Unicode Standard, subject to the Terms and Conditions
herein.</li>
```

```
<li>Further specifications of rights and restrictions pertaining
to the use of the particular set of data files known as the
"Unicode Character Database" can be found in <a href="#Exhibit1">
Exhibit 1</a>.</li>
```

```
<li>Each version of the Unicode Standard has further
specifications of rights and restrictions of use. For the book
editions (Unicode 5.0 and earlier), these are found on the back
of the
```

```
<a href="http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode5.0.0/Title.pdf">title page</a>.
```

```
The online code charts carry specific restrictions. All other files, including online documentation of the
core specification for Unicode 6.0 and later, are covered under these general Terms of Use.</li>
```

```
<li>No license is granted to "mirror" the Unicode website where
a fee is charged for access to the "mirror" site.</li>
```

```
<li>Modification is not permitted with respect to this document.
```

```
All copies of this document must be verbatim.</li>
```

```
</ol>
```

```
</li>
```

```
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America, its agencies and/or instrumentalities under this
Agreement is commercial technical data or commercial computer
software developed exclusively at private expense as defined in
FAR&nbsp;2.101, or DFARS 252.227-7014 (June 1995), as applicable. For
```

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</li>

</ol>

</li>

<li><u><a name="7"></a>Miscellaneous</u>.

<ol>

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<li><u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.&nbsp;</li>

</ol>

</li>

</ol>

</blockquote>

<hr width="95%">

<h3 align="center"><a name="Exhibit1">EXHIBIT 1</a><br>

UNICODE, INC. LICENSE AGREEMENT - DATA FILES AND SOFTWARE</h3>

<blockquote>

<p>Unicode Data Files include all data files under the directories

<a href="http://www.unicode.org/Public/">http://www.unicode.org/Public/</a>,</p>

<a href="http://www.unicode.org/reports/">http://www.unicode.org/reports/</a>,</p>

and

<a title="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/" onClick="return top.js.OpenExtLink(window,event,this)" target="\_blank" href="http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/">

http://www.unicode.org/cldr/data/</a>. Unicode Data Files do not include PDF online code charts under the



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</blockquote>

```
<hr width="50%">
<div align="center">
  <center>
    <table cellspacing="0" cellpadding="0" border="0" id="table2">
      <tr>
        <td><a href="http://www.unicode.org/copyright.html">
          </a></td>
      </tr>
    </table>

    <script language="Javascript" type="text/javascript"
      src="http://www.unicode.org/webscripts/lastModified.js">
    </script>

  </center>
</div>
```

</td>

</tr>

</table>

</body>

</html>

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## NOTES ON COPYRIGHTS AND LICENSES

Some terminology:

A "copyright notice" consists of one or a few lines of this format:

"Copyright (C) 2006, 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc."

A "license notice" is a statement of permissions, and is usually much longer, eg the text "GNU Emacs is free software...".

Summary for the impatient:

1. Don't add code to Emacs written by someone other than yourself without thinking about the legal aspect. Even if the changes are trivial, consider if they combine with previous changes by the same author to make a non-trivial total. If so, make sure they have an assignment. If adding a whole file adjust the copyright statements in the file.
2. When installing code written by someone else, the ChangeLog entry should be in the name of the author of the code, not the person who installs it. Also use bzd commit's "--author" option.  
Do not install any of your own changes in the same commit.
3. With images, add the legal info to a README file in the directory containing the image.
4. If you add a lot of text to a previously trivial file that had no legal notices, consider if you should add a copyright statement.
5. Please don't just add an FSF copyright without checking that is the right thing to do.

Every non-trivial file distributed through the Emacs repository should be self-explanatory in terms of copyright and license. This includes files that are not distributed in Emacs releases (for example, the admin/ directory), because the whole Emacs repository is publicly available.

The definition of triviality is a little vague, but a rule of thumb is that any file with less than 15 lines of actual content is trivial. If a file is auto-generated (eg ldefs-boot.el) from another one in the repository, then it does not really matter about adding a copyright statement to the generated file.

Legal advice says that we could, if we wished, put a license notice even in trivial files, because copyright law in general looks at the overall work as a whole. It is not necessary to do so, and rms prefers that we do not. This means one needs to take care that trivial files do not grow and become non-trivial without having a license added. NB consequently, if you add a lot of text to a small file, consider whether your changes have made the file worthy of a copyright notice, and if so, please add one.

It can be helpful to put a reminder comment at the start of a trivial file, eg: "add a license notice if this grows to > 10 lines of code".

The years in the copyright notice should be updated every year (see

file "years" in this directory). The PDF versions of refcards etc should display copyright notices (an exception to the rule about "generated" files), but these can just display the latest year. The full list of years should be kept in comments in the source file. If these are distributed in the repository, check in a regenerated version when the tex files are updated.

Copyright changes should be propagated to any associated repositories (eg Gnus, MH-E), but I think in every case this happens automatically (?).

All README (and other such text files) that are non-trivial should contain copyright statements and GPL license notices, exactly as .el files do (see e.g. README in the top-level directory). Before 2007, we used a simple, short statement permitting copying and modification provided legal notices were retained. In Feb 2007 we switched to the standard GPL text, on legal advice. Some older text files in etc/ should, however, keep their current licenses (see below for list).

For image files, the copyright and license details should be recorded in a README file in each directory with images. (Legal advice says that we need not add notices to each image file individually, if they allow for that.). It is recommended to use the word "convert" to describe the automatic process of changing an image from one format to another (<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00618.html>).

When installing a file with an "unusual" license (after checking first it is ok), put a copy of the copyright and license in the file (if possible. It's ok if this makes the file incompatible with its original format, if it can still be used by Emacs), or in a README file in the relevant directory.

The vast majority of files are copyright FSF and distributed under the GPL. A few files (mainly related to language and charset support) are copyright AIST alone, or both AIST and FSF. (Contact Kenichi Handa with questions about legal issues in such files.) In all these cases, the copyright years in each file should be updated each year.

There are some exceptions to the points in the previous paragraph, and these are listed below for reference, together with any files where the copyright needs to be updated in "unusual" ways.

If you find any other such cases, please consult to check they are ok, and note them in this file. This includes missing copyright notices, and "odd" copyright holders. In most cases, individual authors should not appear in copyright statements. Either the copyright has been assigned (check copyright.list) to the FSF (in which case the original

author should be removed and the year(s) transferred to the FSF); or else it is possible the file should not be in Emacs at all (please report!).

Note that it seems painfully clear that one cannot rely on commit logs, or even ChangeLogs, for older changes. People often installed changes from others, without recording the true authorship.

[For reference, most of these points were established via email with rms, 2007/1, "Copyright years".

In March 2011, information on some files no longer included was removed. Consult older versions of this document if interested.]

```
lisp/version.el      # emacs-copyright
lib-src/ebrowse.c   # version
lib-src/etags.c     # print_version
lib-src/rcs2log     # Copyright
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Info.plist
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Resources/English.lproj/InfoPlist.strings
GNUstep/Emacs.base/Resources/Info-gnustep.plist
`set-copyright' in admin.el will do all the above.
```

aclocal.m4  
configure  
m4/\*.m4  
- copyright FSF, with unlimited permission to copy, distribute and modify

lib/Makefile.in  
- copyright FSF, with MIT-like license

build-aux/install-sh  
- this file is copyright MIT, which is OK. Leave the copyright alone.

etc/refcards/\*.tex  
also update the \def\year macro for the latest year.

etc/future-bug  
- doesn't need a humorless disclaimer, because Karl Fogel says we can consider it part of Emacs, and he has a blander disclaimer for Emacs changes. (email to rgm "[Emacs-commit] emacs/etc future-bug", 2007028)

etc/letter.pbm,letter.xpm  
- trivial, no notice needed.  
<<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00324.html>>

etc/FTP, ORDERS

- trivial (at time of writing), no license needed

etc/GNU, INTERVIEW, LINUX-GNU, MOTIVATION, SERVICE, THE-GNU-PROJECT, WHY-FREE

rms: "These are statements of opinion or testimony. Their licenses should permit verbatim copying only. Please don't change the licenses that they have. They are distributed with Emacs but they are not part of Emacs."

etc/HELLO

standard notices. Just a note that although the file itself is not really copyrightable, in the wider context of it being part of Emacs (and written by those with assignments), a standard notice is fine.

etc/MAILINGLISTS

rms: simple license is fine for this file

leim/CXTERM-DIC/4Corner.tit, ARRAY30.tit, CCDOSPY.tit, ECDICT.tit, ETZY.tit, PY-b5.tit, Punct-b5.tit, Punct.tit, QJ-b5.tit, QJ.tit, SW.tit, TONEPY.tit, ZOZY.tit

- leave the copyrights alone.

leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau-b5.html, CTLau.html, cangjie-table.b5, cangjie-table.cns, pinyin.map, ziranma.cin

- leave the copyright alone.

Note that pinyin.map, ziranma.cin (and hence the generated leim/quail/PY.el, ZIRANMA.el) are under GPLv1 or later.

leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L

ja-dic/ja-dic.el

(the latter is auto-generated from the former). Leave the copyright alone.

lib-src/etags.c

Copyright information is duplicated in etc/ETAGS.README. Update that file too.

Until 2007 etags.c was described as being copyright FSF and Ken Arnold.

After some investigation in Feb 2007, then to the best of our

knowledge we believe that the original 1984 Emacs version was based

on the version in BSD4.2. See for example this 1985 post from Ken Arnold:

<[http://groups.google.com/group/mod.sources/browse\\_thread/thread/ffe5c55845a640a9](http://groups.google.com/group/mod.sources/browse_thread/thread/ffe5c55845a640a9)>

I have received enough requests for the current source to ctags to post it. Here is the latest version (what will go out with 4.3, modulo any bugs fixed during the beta period). It is the 4.2 ctags with recognition of yacc and lex tags added.

See also a 1984 version of ctags (no copyright) posted to net.sources:  
<<http://groups.google.com/group/net.sources/msg/a21b6c21be12a98d>>  
Version of etags.c in emacs-16.56 duplicates comment typos.

Accordingly, in Feb 2007 we added a 1984 copyright for the University of California and a revised BSD license. The terms of this require that the full license details be available in binary distributions - hence the file etc/ETAGS.README. The fact that the --version output just says "Copyright <year> FSF" is apparently OK from a legal point of view.

`lisp/cedet/semantic/imenu.el`

- See <http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2010-03/msg00410.html> in which Eric Ludlam established that the remaining contributions from authors other than himself were negligible.

`lisp/play/tetris.el`

- no special rules about the copyright. We note here that we believe (2007/1) there is no problem with our use of the name "tetris" or the concept.

rms: "My understanding is that game rules as such are not copyrightable."

<<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-01/msg00960.html>>

rms: Legal advice is that we are ok and need not worry about this.

`lisp/net/tramp.el`

- there are also copyrights in the body of the file. Update these too.

`lwlib/`

rms (2007/02/17): "lwlib is not assigned to the FSF; we don't consider it part of Emacs. [...] Therefore non-FSF copyrights are ok in lwlib."

NB don't change the GPL version used for lwlib .c and .h files (see below).

FSF copyrights should only appear in files which have undergone non-trivial cumulative changes from the original versions in the Lucid Widget Library. NB this means that if you make non-trivial changes to a file with no FSF copyright, you should add one. Also, if changes are reverted to the extent that a file becomes basically the same as the original version, the FSF copyright should be removed.

In my (rgm) opinion, as of Feb 2007, all the non-trivial files differ significantly from the original versions, with the exception of lwlib-Xm.h. Most of the changes that were made to this file have subsequently been reverted. Therefore I removed the FSF copyright from this file (which is arguably too trivial to merit a notice anyway). I

added FSF copyright to the following files which did not have them already: Makefile.in, lplib-Xaw.c, lplib-int.h (borderline), lplib-utils.c (borderline), lplib.c, lplib.h.

Copyright years before the advent of public CVS in 2001 were those when I judged (from the CVS logs) that non-trivial amounts of change had taken place. I also adjusted the existing FSF years in xlwmenu.c, xlwmenu.h, and xlwmenuP.h on the same basis.

Note that until Feb 2007, the following files in lplib were lacking notices: lplib-int.h, lplib.h, lplib-Xaw.h, lplib-Xlw.h, lplib-utils.h

The following files did not list a Lucid copyright: xlwmenu.h, xlwmenuP.h.

To the best of our knowledge, all the code files in lplib were originally part of the Lucid Widget Library, even if they did not say so explicitly. For example, they were all present in Lucid Emacs 19.1 in 1992. The exceptions are the two Xaw files, which did not appear till Lucid Emacs 19.9 in 1994. The file lplib-Xaw.h is too trivial to merit a copyright notice, but would presumably have the same one as lplib-Xaw.c. We have been unable to find a true standalone version of LWL, if there was such a thing, to check definitively.

To clarify the situation, in Feb 2007 we added Lucid copyrights and GPL notices to those files lacking either that were non-trivial, namely: lplib-int.h, lplib.h, xlwmenu.h, xlwmenuP.h. This represents our best understanding of the legal status of these files. We also clarified the notices in Makefile.in, which was originally the Makefile auto-generated from Lucid's Imakefile.

As of Feb 2007, the following files are considered too trivial for notices: lplib-Xaw.h, lplib-Xlw.h, lplib-utils.h.

The version of lplib/ first installed in Emacs seems to be the same as that used in Lucid Emacs 19.8 (released 6-sep-93); except the two Xaw files, which did not appear till Athena support was added in Lucid Emacs 19.9. In Lucid Emacs 19.1, all files were under GPLv1 or later, but by Lucid Emacs 19.8, lplib.c and xlwmenu.c had been switched to v2 or later. These are the versions that were first installed in Emacs. So in GNU Emacs, these two files have been under v2 or later since 1994.

It seems that it was the intention of Lucid to use v1 or later (excepting the two files mentioned previously); so this is the license we have used when adding notices to code that did not have notices originally. Although we have the legal right to switch to v2 or later, rms prefers that we do not do so.



doc/\*/doclicense.texi

- leave the copyright alone in this imported file.

doc/\*/\*.texi - All manuals should be under GFDL (but see below), and should include a copy of it, so that they can be distributed separately. `faq.texi` has a different license, for some reason no-one can remember.

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-04/msg00583.html>

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-04/msg00618.html>

`doc/misc/mh-e.texi` is dual-licensed (GPL and GFDL) per agreement with FSF (reconfirmed by rms Aug 25 2008). Discussion with [licensing@fsf.org](mailto:licensing@fsf.org) starting on Thu, 07 Aug 2003 with subject: "[gnu.org #58812] Changing license of MH-E manual"

`msdos/is_exec.c`, `sigaction.c` - these files are copyright DJ Delorie.

Leave the copyrights alone. Leave the Eli Zaretskii copyright in `is_exec.c` alone. See the `msdos/README` file for the legal history of these files.

`msdos/sed*.inp` - These files are copyright FSF and distributed under an MIT-like license.

`oldXMenu/`

Keep the "copyright.h" method used by X11, rather than moving the licenses into the files. Note that the original X10.h did not use `copyright.h`, but had an explicit notice, which we retain.

If you make non-trivial changes to a file which does not have an FSF notice, add one and a GPL notice (as per `Activate.c`). If changes to a file are reverted such that it becomes essentially the same as the original X11 version, remove the FSF notice and GPL.

Only the files which differ significantly from the original X11 versions should have FSF copyright and GPL notices. At time of writing (Feb 2007), this is: `Activate.c`, `Create.c`, `Internal.c`. I (rgm) established this by diff'ing the current files against those in X11R1, and when I found significant differences looking in the `ChangeLog` for the years they originated (the CVS logs are truncated before 1999). I therefore removed the FSF notices (added in 200x) from the other files. There are some borderline cases IMO: `AddSel.c`, `InsSel.c`, `XMakeAssoc.c`, `XMenu.h`. For these I erred on the side of NOT adding FSF notices.

With regards to whether the files we have changed should have GPL added or not, rms says (2007-02-25, "oldXmenu issues"):

It does not make much difference, because oldXmenu is obsolete except for use in Emacs (and it is not normally used in Emacs any more either).

So, to make things simple, please put our changes under the GPL.

insque.c had no copyright notice until 2005. The version of insque.c added to Emacs 1992-01-27 is essentially the same as insremque.c added to glibc three days later by Roland McGrath, with an FSF copyright and GPL, but no ChangeLog entry:

```
<http://sources.redhat.com/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/~checkout~/libc/misc/insremque.c?rev=1.1&cvsroot=glibc>
```

To the best of his recollection, McGrath (who has a copyright assignment) was the author of this file (email from roland at frob.com to rms, 2007-02-23, "Where did insque.c come from?"). The FSF copyright and GPL in this file are therefore correct as far as we understand it.

Imakefile had no legal info in Feb 2007, but was obviously based on the X11 version (which also had no explicit legal info). As it was unused, I removed it. It would have the same MIT copyright as Makefile.in does now.

src/gmalloc.c

- contains numerous copyrights from the GNU C library. Leave them alone.

src/ndir.h

- see comments below. This file is OK to be released with Emacs 22, but we may want to revisit it afterwards.

\*\* Some notes on resolved issues, for historical information only

etc/TERMS

rms: "surely written either by me or by ESR. (If you can figure out which year, I can probably tell you which.) Either way, we have papers for it." It was present in Emacs-16.56 (15-jul-85). rms: "Then I conclude it was written by me."

lisp/term/README

- had no copyright notice till Feb 2007. ChangeLog.3 suggests it was written by Eric Raymond. When asked by rms on 14 Feb 2007 he said:

I don't remember writing it, but it reads like my prose and I believe

I wrote the feature(s) it's describing. So I would have been the likeliest person to write it.

Odds are that I did, but I'm not certain.

Accordingly, FSF copyright was added.

src/unexhp9k800.c

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-02/msg00138.html>

- briefly removed due to legal uncertainty Jan-Mar 2007. The relevant assignment is under "hp9k800" in copyright.list. File was written by John V. Morris at HP, and disclaimed by the author and HP. So this file is public domain.

lisp/progmodes/python.el

Dave Love alerted us to a potential legal problem:

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-pretest-bug/2007-04/msg00459.html>

On consultation with a lawyer, we found there was no problem:

<http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-05/msg00466.html>

\*\* Issues that are "fixed" for the release of Emacs 22, but we may wish to revisit later in more detail

admin/check-doc-strings

File says it's in the public domain, but that might not make it so.

etc/e/eterm-color.ti

src/ndir.h

On legal advice from Matt Norwood, the following comment was added to these files in Feb/Mar 2007:

The code here is forced by the interface, and is not subject to copyright, constituting the only possible expression of the algorithm in this format.

With the addition of this notice, these files are OK for the upcoming Emacs-22 release. Post-release, we can revisit this issue and possibly add a list of all authors who have changed these files. (details in email from Matt Norwood to rms, 2007/02/03).

src/s/aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, irix5-0.h, netbsd.h, usg5-4-2.h

[note some of these have since been merged into other files]

- all these (not obviously trivial) files were missing copyrights till Feb 2007, when FSF copyright was added. Matt Norwood advised:

For now, I think the best policy is to assume that we do have assignments from the authors (I recall many of these header files as having been originally written by rms), and to attach an FSF copyright with GPL notice. We can amend this if and when we complete the code audit. Any additions to these files by non-assigned authors are arguably "de minimis" contributions to Emacs: small changes or suggestions to a work that are subsumed in the main authors' copyright in the entire work.

Here is my (rgm) take on the details of the above files:

? irix5-0.h

I would say started non-trivial (1993, jimb, heavily based on irix4-0.h). A few borderline non-tiny changes since.

usg5-4-2.h

started non-trivial, but was heavily based on usg5-4.h, which was and is copyright FSF. only tiny changes since installed.

aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, netbsd.h

started trivial, grown in tiny changes.

netbsd.h:

Roland McGrath said to rms (2007/02/17): "I don't really remember anything about it. If I put it in without other comment, then probably I wrote it myself."

Someone might want to tweak the copyright years (for dates before 2001) that I used in all these files.

Note: erring on the side of caution, I also added notices to some files I thought might be considered non-trivial (if one includes comment) in s/:

aix4-1.h hpux10.h irix6-5.h

sol2.h

(everything with > 30 non-blank lines, which at least is some kind of system)

\*\*\* These are copyright issues that need not be fixed until after Emacs 22 is released (though if they can be fixed before, that is obviously good):

Is it OK to just `bzip remove' a file for legal reasons, or is

something more drastic needed? A removed file is still available from the repository, if suitable options are applied. (This issue obviously does not affect a release).

rms: will ask lawyer

Make sure that all files with non-standard copyrights or licenses are noted in this file.

REMOVED etc/gnu.xpm, nt/icons/emacs21.ico, nt/icons/sink.ico  
- Restore if find legal info. emacs21.ico is not due to Davenport.  
Geoff Voelker checked but could not find a record of where it came from.

etc/images

Image files from GTK, Gnome are under GPLv2 (no "or later"?). RMS will contact image authors in regards to future switch to v3.

etc/TUTORIAL\* (translations)

switch to GPL (see english TUTORIAL)

rms: "We can leave the TUTORIAL translations alone until their maintainers update them."

Can adapt short license text from end of GPL translations at:

<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/translations.html>

Only a few sentences around the license notice need changing from previous version.

Done: TUTORIAL.eo

\*\*\* These are copyright issues still to be addressed:

None known.

\*\* NOTES ON RELICENSING TO GPL3

The EMACS\_22\_BASE branch was changed to GPLv3 (or later) 2007/07/25.

Some notes:

(see <http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-07/msg01431.html>)

1. There are some files in the Emacs tree which are not part of Emacs (eg those included from Gnulib). These are all copyright FSF and (at time of writing) GPL >= 2. rms says may as well leave the licenses of these alone (may import them from Gnulib again). These are:

Gnulib:  
build-aux/compile  
build-aux/config.guess  
build-aux/config.sub  
build-aux/depcomp  
build-aux/missing  
build-aux/move-if-change  
build-aux/snippet/\_Noreturn.h  
build-aux/snippet/arg-nonnul.h  
build-aux/snippet/c++defs.h  
build-aux/snippet/warn-on-use.h  
doc/man/texinfo.tex  
lib/\*.ch  
lib/gnulib.mk  
src/gmalloc.c  
src/termcap.c  
src/tparam.c

Note `_not_` included in the above are `src/regex.{c,h}` (rms: "That forked version is only in Emacs, so definitely relicense that."), and `oldXMenu/insque.c` (rms: "We wrote that specifically for Emacs, so definitely relicense that.").

2. The files that are copyright FSF and AIST, or AIST alone, should be and were updated, ditto the `oldXMenu` files with FSF copyright, and `msdos/is_exec.c` and `sigaction.c`.

3. `lwl`

Files originally in Lucid Widget Library were left alone (excludes `ChangeLog`, etc), ie remain under GPL v1 or later, or v2 or later. (rms: "We may as well leave this alone, since we are never going to change it much.")

4. There are some files where the FSF holds no copyright. These were left alone:

```
leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau-b5.html >= v2
leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau.html    >= v2
  (above included in lisp/international/titdic-cnv.el)
leim/MISC-DIC/pinyin.map    >= v1
leim/MISC-DIC/ziranma.cin   >= v1
leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L    >= v2
leim/SKK-DIC/README         >= v2
leim/ja-dic/ja-dic.el       >= v2
```

5. At time of writing, some non-Emacs icons included from Gnome remain

under GPLv2 (no "or later"). See:

etc/images/gnus/README  
etc/images/mail/README  
etc/images/README  
nt/icons/README

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## Why Software Should Be Free

by Richard Stallman

(Version of April 24, 1992)

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without royalty; alteration is not permitted.

### Introduction

\*\*\*\*\*

The existence of software inevitably raises the question of how decisions about its use should be made. For example, suppose one individual who has a copy of a program meets another who would like a copy. It is possible for them to copy the program; who should decide whether this is done? The individuals involved? Or another party, called the "owner"?

Software developers typically consider these questions on the

assumption that the criterion for the answer is to maximize developers' profits. The political power of business has led to the government adoption of both this criterion and the answer proposed by the developers: that the program has an owner, typically a corporation associated with its development.

I would like to consider the same question using a different criterion: the prosperity and freedom of the public in general.

This answer cannot be decided by current law--the law should conform to ethics, not the other way around. Nor does current practice decide this question, although it may suggest possible answers. The only way to judge is to see who is helped and who is hurt by recognizing owners of software, why, and how much. In other words, we should perform a cost-benefit analysis on behalf of society as a whole, taking account of individual freedom as well as production of material goods.

In this essay, I will describe the effects of having owners, and show that the results are detrimental. My conclusion is that programmers have the duty to encourage others to share, redistribute, study and improve the software we write: in other words, to write "free" software.(1)

#### How Owners Justify Their Power

\*\*\*\*\*

Those who benefit from the current system where programs are property offer two arguments in support of their claims to own programs: the emotional argument and the economic argument.

The emotional argument goes like this: "I put my sweat, my heart, my soul into this program. It comes from \*me\*, it's \*mine\*!"

This argument does not require serious refutation. The feeling of attachment is one that programmers can cultivate when it suits them; it is not inevitable. Consider, for example, how willingly the same programmers usually sign over all rights to a large corporation for a salary; the emotional attachment mysteriously vanishes. By contrast, consider the great artists and artisans of medieval times, who didn't even sign their names to their work. To them, the name of the artist was not important. What mattered was that the work was done--and the purpose it would serve. This view prevailed for hundreds of years.

The economic argument goes like this: "I want to get rich (usually described inaccurately as `making a living'), and if you don't allow me to get rich by programming, then I won't program. Everyone else is like me, so nobody will ever program. And then you'll be stuck with no programs at all!" This threat is usually veiled as friendly advice



from the wise.

I'll explain later why this threat is a bluff. First I want to address an implicit assumption that is more visible in another formulation of the argument.

This formulation starts by comparing the social utility of a proprietary program with that of no program, and then concludes that proprietary software development is, on the whole, beneficial, and should be encouraged. The fallacy here is in comparing only two outcomes--proprietary software vs. no software--and assuming there are no other possibilities.

Given a system of intellectual property, software development is usually linked with the existence of an owner who controls the software's use. As long as this linkage exists, we are often faced with the choice of proprietary software or none. However, this linkage is not inherent or inevitable; it is a consequence of the specific social/legal policy decision that we are questioning: the decision to have owners. To formulate the choice as between proprietary software vs. no software is begging the question.

#### The Argument against Having Owners

\*\*\*\*\*

The question at hand is, "Should development of software be linked with having owners to restrict the use of it?"

In order to decide this, we have to judge the effect on society of each of those two activities \*independently\*: the effect of developing the software (regardless of its terms of distribution), and the effect of restricting its use (assuming the software has been developed). If one of these activities is helpful and the other is harmful, we would be better off dropping the linkage and doing only the helpful one.

To put it another way, if restricting the distribution of a program already developed is harmful to society overall, then an ethical software developer will reject the option of doing so.

To determine the effect of restricting sharing, we need to compare the value to society of a restricted (i.e., proprietary) program with that of the same program, available to everyone. This means comparing two possible worlds.

This analysis also addresses the simple counterargument sometimes made that "the benefit to the neighbor of giving him or her a copy of a program is cancelled by the harm done to the owner." This counterargument assumes that the harm and the benefit are equal in

magnitude. The analysis involves comparing these magnitudes, and shows that the benefit is much greater.

To elucidate this argument, let's apply it in another area: road construction.

It would be possible to fund the construction of all roads with tolls. This would entail having toll booths at all street corners. Such a system would provide a great incentive to improve roads. It would also have the virtue of causing the users of any given road to pay for that road. However, a toll booth is an artificial obstruction to smooth driving--artificial, because it is not a consequence of how roads or cars work.

Comparing free roads and toll roads by their usefulness, we find that (all else being equal) roads without toll booths are cheaper to construct, cheaper to run, safer, and more efficient to use.<sup>(2)</sup> In a poor country, tolls may make the roads unavailable to many citizens. The roads without toll booths thus offer more benefit to society at less cost; they are preferable for society. Therefore, society should choose to fund roads in another way, not by means of toll booths. Use of roads, once built, should be free.

When the advocates of toll booths propose them as *\*merely\** a way of raising funds, they distort the choice that is available. Toll booths do raise funds, but they do something else as well: in effect, they degrade the road. The toll road is not as good as the free road; giving us more or technically superior roads may not be an improvement if this means substituting toll roads for free roads.

Of course, the construction of a free road does cost money, which the public must somehow pay. However, this does not imply the inevitability of toll booths. We who must in either case pay will get more value for our money by buying a free road.

I am not saying that a toll road is worse than no road at all. That would be true if the toll were so great that hardly anyone used the road--but this is an unlikely policy for a toll collector. However, as long as the toll booths cause significant waste and inconvenience, it is better to raise the funds in a less obstructive fashion.

To apply the same argument to software development, I will now show that having "toll booths" for useful software programs costs society dearly: it makes the programs more expensive to construct, more expensive to distribute, and less satisfying and efficient to use. It will follow that program construction should be encouraged in some other way. Then I will go on to explain other methods of encouraging and (to the extent actually necessary) funding software development.

## The Harm Done by Obstructing Software

---

Consider for a moment that a program has been developed, and any necessary payments for its development have been made; now society must choose either to make it proprietary or allow free sharing and use. Assume that the existence of the program and its availability is a desirable thing.(3)

Restrictions on the distribution and modification of the program cannot facilitate its use. They can only interfere. So the effect can only be negative. But how much? And what kind?

Three different levels of material harm come from such obstruction:

- \* Fewer people use the program.
- \* None of the users can adapt or fix the program.
- \* Other developers cannot learn from the program, or base new work on it.

Each level of material harm has a concomitant form of psychosocial harm. This refers to the effect that people's decisions have on their subsequent feelings, attitudes and predispositions. These changes in people's ways of thinking will then have a further effect on their relationships with their fellow citizens, and can have material consequences.

The three levels of material harm waste part of the value that the program could contribute, but they cannot reduce it to zero. If they waste nearly all the value of the program, then writing the program harms society by at most the effort that went into writing the program. Arguably a program that is profitable to sell must provide some net direct material benefit.

However, taking account of the concomitant psychosocial harm, there is no limit to the harm that proprietary software development can do.

## Obstructing Use of Programs

---

The first level of harm impedes the simple use of a program. A copy of a program has nearly zero marginal cost (and you can pay this cost by doing the work yourself), so in a free market, it would have nearly zero price. A license fee is a significant disincentive to use the program. If a widely-useful program is proprietary, far fewer people will use it.

It is easy to show that the total contribution of a program to society is reduced by assigning an owner to it. Each potential user of the program, faced with the need to pay to use it, may choose to pay, or may forego use of the program. When a user chooses to pay, this is a zero-sum transfer of wealth between two parties. But each time someone chooses to forego use of the program, this harms that person without benefiting anyone. The sum of negative numbers and zeros must be negative.

But this does not reduce the amount of work it takes to \*develop\* the program. As a result, the efficiency of the whole process, in delivered user satisfaction per hour of work, is reduced.

This reflects a crucial difference between copies of programs and cars, chairs, or sandwiches. There is no copying machine for material objects outside of science fiction. But programs are easy to copy; anyone can produce as many copies as are wanted, with very little effort. This isn't true for material objects because matter is conserved: each new copy has to be built from raw materials in the same way that the first copy was built.

With material objects, a disincentive to use them makes sense, because fewer objects bought means less raw materials and work needed to make them. It's true that there is usually also a startup cost, a development cost, which is spread over the production run. But as long as the marginal cost of production is significant, adding a share of the development cost does not make a qualitative difference. And it does not require restrictions on the freedom of ordinary users.

However, imposing a price on something that would otherwise be free is a qualitative change. A centrally-imposed fee for software distribution becomes a powerful disincentive.

What's more, central production as now practiced is inefficient even as a means of delivering copies of software. This system involves enclosing physical disks or tapes in superfluous packaging, shipping large numbers of them around the world, and storing them for sale. This cost is presented as an expense of doing business; in truth, it is part of the waste caused by having owners.

#### Damaging Social Cohesion

=====

Suppose that both you and your neighbor would find it useful to run a certain program. In ethical concern for your neighbor, you should feel that proper handling of the situation will enable both of you to use it. A proposal to permit only one of you to use the program, while

restraining the other, is divisive; neither you nor your neighbor should find it acceptable.

Signing a typical software license agreement means betraying your neighbor: "I promise to deprive my neighbor of this program so that I can have a copy for myself." People who make such choices feel internal psychological pressure to justify them, by downgrading the importance of helping one's neighbors--thus public spirit suffers. This is psychosocial harm associated with the material harm of discouraging use of the program.

Many users unconsciously recognize the wrong of refusing to share, so they decide to ignore the licenses and laws, and share programs anyway. But they often feel guilty about doing so. They know that they must break the laws in order to be good neighbors, but they still consider the laws authoritative, and they conclude that being a good neighbor (which they are) is naughty or shameful. That is also a kind of psychosocial harm, but one can escape it by deciding that these licenses and laws have no moral force.

Programmers also suffer psychosocial harm knowing that many users will not be allowed to use their work. This leads to an attitude of cynicism or denial. A programmer may describe enthusiastically the work that he finds technically exciting; then when asked, "Will I be permitted to use it?", his face falls, and he admits the answer is no. To avoid feeling discouraged, he either ignores this fact most of the time or adopts a cynical stance designed to minimize the importance of it.

Since the age of Reagan, the greatest scarcity in the United States is not technical innovation, but rather the willingness to work together for the public good. It makes no sense to encourage the former at the expense of the latter.

#### Obstructing Custom Adaptation of Programs

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The second level of material harm is the inability to adapt programs. The ease of modification of software is one of its great advantages over older technology. But most commercially available software isn't available for modification, even after you buy it. It's available for you to take it or leave it, as a black box--that is all.

A program that you can run consists of a series of numbers whose meaning is obscure. No one, not even a good programmer, can easily change the numbers to make the program do something different.

Programmers normally work with the "source code" for a program, which

is written in a programming language such as Fortran or C. It uses names to designate the data being used and the parts of the program, and it represents operations with symbols such as '+' for addition and '-' for subtraction. It is designed to help programmers read and change programs. Here is an example; a program to calculate the distance between two points in a plane:

```
float
distance (p0, p1)
    struct point p0, p1;
{
    float xdists = p1.x - p0.x;
    float ydist = p1.y - p0.y;
    return sqrt (xdists * xdists + ydist * ydist);
}
```

Here is the same program in executable form, on the computer I normally use:

```
1314258944  -232267772  -231844864  1634862
1411907592  -231844736  2159150    1420296208
-234880989  -234879837  -234879966 -232295424
1644167167  -3214848    1090581031 1962942495
572518958   -803143692  1314803317
```

Source code is useful (at least potentially) to every user of a program. But most users are not allowed to have copies of the source code. Usually the source code for a proprietary program is kept secret by the owner, lest anybody else learn something from it. Users receive only the files of incomprehensible numbers that the computer will execute. This means that only the program's owner can change the program.

A friend once told me of working as a programmer in a bank for about six months, writing a program similar to something that was commercially available. She believed that if she could have gotten source code for that commercially available program, it could easily have been adapted to their needs. The bank was willing to pay for this, but was not permitted to--the source code was a secret. So she had to do six months of make-work, work that counts in the GNP but was actually waste.

The MIT Artificial Intelligence lab (AI lab) received a graphics printer as a gift from Xerox around 1977. It was run by free software to which we added many convenient features. For example, the software would notify a user immediately on completion of a print job. Whenever the printer had trouble, such as a paper jam or running out of paper, the software would immediately notify all users who had print jobs queued. These features facilitated smooth operation.

Later Xerox gave the AI lab a newer, faster printer, one of the first laser printers. It was driven by proprietary software that ran in a separate dedicated computer, so we couldn't add any of our favorite features. We could arrange to send a notification when a print job was sent to the dedicated computer, but not when the job was actually printed (and the delay was usually considerable). There was no way to find out when the job was actually printed; you could only guess. And no one was informed when there was a paper jam, so the printer often went for an hour without being fixed.

The system programmers at the AI lab were capable of fixing such problems, probably as capable as the original authors of the program. Xerox was uninterested in fixing them, and chose to prevent us, so we were forced to accept the problems. They were never fixed.

Most good programmers have experienced this frustration. The bank could afford to solve the problem by writing a new program from scratch, but a typical user, no matter how skilled, can only give up.

Giving up causes psychosocial harm--to the spirit of self-reliance. It is demoralizing to live in a house that you cannot rearrange to suit your needs. It leads to resignation and discouragement, which can spread to affect other aspects of one's life. People who feel this way are unhappy and do not do good work.

Imagine what it would be like if recipes were hoarded in the same fashion as software. You might say, "How do I change this recipe to take out the salt?", and the great chef would respond, "How dare you insult my recipe, the child of my brain and my palate, by trying to tamper with it? You don't have the judgment to change my recipe and make it work right!"

"But my doctor says I'm not supposed to eat salt! What can I do? Will you take out the salt for me?"

"I would be glad to do that; my fee is only \$50,000." Since the owner has a monopoly on changes, the fee tends to be large. "However, right now I don't have time. I am busy with a commission to design a new recipe for ship's biscuit for the Navy Department. I might get around to you in about two years."

#### Obstructing Software Development

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The third level of material harm affects software development. Software development used to be an evolutionary process, where a person would take an existing program and rewrite parts of it for one new

feature, and then another person would rewrite parts to add another feature; in some cases, this continued over a period of twenty years. Meanwhile, parts of the program would be "cannibalized" to form the beginnings of other programs.

The existence of owners prevents this kind of evolution, making it necessary to start from scratch when developing a program. It also prevents new practitioners from studying existing programs to learn useful techniques or even how large programs can be structured.

Owners also obstruct education. I have met bright students in computer science who have never seen the source code of a large program. They may be good at writing small programs, but they can't begin to learn the different skills of writing large ones if they can't see how others have done it.

In any intellectual field, one can reach greater heights by standing on the shoulders of others. But that is no longer generally allowed in the software field--you can only stand on the shoulders of the other people \*in your own company\*.

The associated psychosocial harm affects the spirit of scientific cooperation, which used to be so strong that scientists would cooperate even when their countries were at war. In this spirit, Japanese oceanographers abandoning their lab on an island in the Pacific carefully preserved their work for the invading U.S. Marines, and left a note asking them to take good care of it.

Conflict for profit has destroyed what international conflict spared. Nowadays scientists in many fields don't publish enough in their papers to enable others to replicate the experiment. They publish only enough to let readers marvel at how much they were able to do. This is certainly true in computer science, where the source code for the programs reported on is usually secret.

#### It Does Not Matter How Sharing Is Restricted

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I have been discussing the effects of preventing people from copying, changing and building on a program. I have not specified how this obstruction is carried out, because that doesn't affect the conclusion. Whether it is done by copy protection, or copyright, or licenses, or encryption, or ROM cards, or hardware serial numbers, if it \*succeeds\* in preventing use, it does harm.

Users do consider some of these methods more obnoxious than others. I suggest that the methods most hated are those that accomplish their objective.



## Software Should be Free

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I have shown how ownership of a program--the power to restrict changing or copying it--is obstructive. Its negative effects are widespread and important. It follows that society shouldn't have owners for programs.

Another way to understand this is that what society needs is free software, and proprietary software is a poor substitute. Encouraging the substitute is not a rational way to get what we need.

Vaclav Havel has advised us to "Work for something because it is good, not just because it stands a chance to succeed." A business making proprietary software stands a chance of success in its own narrow terms, but it is not what is good for society.

## Why People Will Develop Software

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If we eliminate intellectual property as a means of encouraging people to develop software, at first less software will be developed, but that software will be more useful. It is not clear whether the overall delivered user satisfaction will be less; but if it is, or if we wish to increase it anyway, there are other ways to encourage development, just as there are ways besides toll booths to raise money for streets. Before I talk about how that can be done, first I want to question how much artificial encouragement is truly necessary.

## Programming is Fun

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There are some lines of work that few will enter except for money; road construction, for example. There are other fields of study and art in which there is little chance to become rich, which people enter for their fascination or their perceived value to society. Examples include mathematical logic, classical music, and archaeology; and political organizing among working people. People compete, more sadly than bitterly, for the few funded positions available, none of which is funded very well. They may even pay for the chance to work in the field, if they can afford to.

Such a field can transform itself overnight if it begins to offer the possibility of getting rich. When one worker gets rich, others demand the same opportunity. Soon all may demand large sums of money for doing what they used to do for pleasure. When another couple of years go by, everyone connected with the field will deride the idea that work would

be done in the field without large financial returns. They will advise social planners to ensure that these returns are possible, prescribing special privileges, powers and monopolies as necessary to do so.

This change happened in the field of computer programming in the past decade. Fifteen years ago, there were articles on "computer addiction": users were "onlining" and had hundred-dollar-a-week habits. It was generally understood that people frequently loved programming enough to break up their marriages. Today, it is generally understood that no one would program except for a high rate of pay. People have forgotten what they knew fifteen years ago.

When it is true at a given time that most people will work in a certain field only for high pay, it need not remain true. The dynamic of change can run in reverse, if society provides an impetus. If we take away the possibility of great wealth, then after a while, when the people have readjusted their attitudes, they will once again be eager to work in the field for the joy of accomplishment.

The question, "How can we pay programmers?", becomes an easier question when we realize that it's not a matter of paying them a fortune. A mere living is easier to raise.

#### Funding Free Software

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Institutions that pay programmers do not have to be software houses. Many other institutions already exist which can do this.

Hardware manufacturers find it essential to support software development even if they cannot control the use of the software. In 1970, much of their software was free because they did not consider restricting it. Today, their increasing willingness to join consortiums shows their realization that owning the software is not what is really important for them.

Universities conduct many programming projects. Today, they often sell the results, but in the 1970s, they did not. Is there any doubt that universities would develop free software if they were not allowed to sell software? These projects could be supported by the same government contracts and grants which now support proprietary software development.

It is common today for university researchers to get grants to develop a system, develop it nearly to the point of completion and call that "finished", and then start companies where they really finish the project and make it usable. Sometimes they declare the unfinished version "free"; if they are thoroughly corrupt, they instead get an

exclusive license from the university. This is not a secret; it is openly admitted by everyone concerned. Yet if the researchers were not exposed to the temptation to do these things, they would still do their research.

Programmers writing free software can make their living by selling services related to the software. I have been hired to port the GNU C compiler to new hardware, and to make user-interface extensions to GNU Emacs. (I offer these improvements to the public once they are done.) I also teach classes for which I am paid.

I am not alone in working this way; there is now a successful, growing corporation which does no other kind of work. Several other companies also provide commercial support for the free software of the GNU system. This is the beginning of the independent software support industry-an industry that could become quite large if free software becomes prevalent. It provides users with an option generally unavailable for proprietary software, except to the very wealthy.

New institutions such as the Free Software Foundation can also fund programmers. Most of the foundation's funds come from users buying tapes through the mail. The software on the tapes is free, which means that every user has the freedom to copy it and change it, but many nonetheless pay to get copies. (Recall that "free software" refers to freedom, not to price.) Some users order tapes who already have a copy, as a way of making a contribution they feel we deserve. The Foundation also receives sizable donations from computer manufacturers.

The Free Software Foundation is a charity, and its income is spent on hiring as many programmers as possible. If it had been set up as a business, distributing the same free software to the public for the same fee, it would now provide a very good living for its founder.

Because the Foundation is a charity, programmers often work for the Foundation for half of what they could make elsewhere. They do this because we are free of bureaucracy, and because they feel satisfaction in knowing that their work will not be obstructed from use. Most of all, they do it because programming is fun. In addition, volunteers have written many useful programs for us. (Recently even technical writers have begun to volunteer.)

This confirms that programming is among the most fascinating of all fields, along with music and art. We don't have to fear that no one will want to program.

What Do Users Owe to Developers?  
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There is a good reason for users of software to feel a moral obligation to contribute to its support. Developers of free software are contributing to the users' activities, and it is both fair and in the long term interest of the users to give them funds to continue.

However, this does not apply to proprietary software developers, since obstructionism deserves a punishment rather than a reward.

We thus have a paradox: the developer of useful software is entitled to the support of the users, but any attempt to turn this moral obligation into a requirement destroys the basis for the obligation. A developer can either deserve a reward or demand it, but not both.

I believe that an ethical developer faced with this paradox must act so as to deserve the reward, but should also entreat the users for voluntary donations. Eventually the users will learn to support developers without coercion, just as they have learned to support public radio and television stations.

#### What Is Software Productivity?

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If software were free, there would still be programmers, but perhaps fewer of them. Would this be bad for society?

Not necessarily. Today the advanced nations have fewer farmers than in 1900, but we do not think this is bad for society, because the few deliver more food to the consumers than the many used to do. We call this improved productivity. Free software would require far fewer programmers to satisfy the demand, because of increased software productivity at all levels:

- \* Wider use of each program that is developed.
- \* The ability to adapt existing programs for customization instead of starting from scratch.
- \* Better education of programmers.
- \* The elimination of duplicate development effort.

Those who object to cooperation because it would result in the employment of fewer programmers, are actually objecting to increased productivity. Yet these people usually accept the widely-held belief that the software industry needs increased productivity. How is this?

"Software productivity" can mean two different things: the overall productivity of all software development, or the productivity of

individual projects. Overall productivity is what society would like to improve, and the most straightforward way to do this is to eliminate the artificial obstacles to cooperation which reduce it. But researchers who study the field of "software productivity" focus only on the second, limited, sense of the term, where improvement requires difficult technological advances.

### Is Competition Inevitable?

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Is it inevitable that people will try to compete, to surpass their rivals in society? Perhaps it is. But competition itself is not harmful; the harmful thing is \*combat\*.

There are many ways to compete. Competition can consist of trying to achieve ever more, to outdo what others have done. For example, in the old days, there was competition among programming wizards--competition for who could make the computer do the most amazing thing, or for who could make the shortest or fastest program for a given task. This kind of competition can benefit everyone, \*as long as\* the spirit of good sportsmanship is maintained.

Constructive competition is enough competition to motivate people to great efforts. A number of people are competing to be the first to have visited all the countries on Earth; some even spend fortunes trying to do this. But they do not bribe ship captains to strand their rivals on desert islands. They are content to let the best person win.

Competition becomes combat when the competitors begin trying to impede each other instead of advancing themselves--when "Let the best person win" gives way to "Let me win, best or not." Proprietary software is harmful, not because it is a form of competition, but because it is a form of combat among the citizens of our society.

Competition in business is not necessarily combat. For example, when two grocery stores compete, their entire effort is to improve their own operations, not to sabotage the rival. But this does not demonstrate a special commitment to business ethics; rather, there is little scope for combat in this line of business short of physical violence. Not all areas of business share this characteristic. Withholding information that could help everyone advance is a form of combat.

Business ideology does not prepare people to resist the temptation to combat the competition. Some forms of combat have been made banned with anti-trust laws, truth in advertising laws, and so on, but rather than generalizing this to a principled rejection of combat in general, executives invent other forms of combat which are not specifically prohibited. Society's resources are squandered on the economic

equivalent of factional civil war.

### "Why Don't You Move to Russia?"

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In the United States, any advocate of other than the most extreme form of laissez-faire selfishness has often heard this accusation. For example, it is leveled against the supporters of a national health care system, such as is found in all the other industrialized nations of the free world. It is leveled against the advocates of public support for the arts, also universal in advanced nations. The idea that citizens have any obligation to the public good is identified in America with Communism. But how similar are these ideas?

Communism as was practiced in the Soviet Union was a system of central control where all activity was regimented, supposedly for the common good, but actually for the sake of the members of the Communist party. And where copying equipment was closely guarded to prevent illegal copying.

The American system of intellectual property exercises central control over distribution of a program, and guards copying equipment with automatic copying protection schemes to prevent illegal copying.

By contrast, I am working to build a system where people are free to decide their own actions; in particular, free to help their neighbors, and free to alter and improve the tools which they use in their daily lives. A system based on voluntary cooperation, and decentralization.

Thus, if we are to judge views by their resemblance to Russian Communism, it is the software owners who are the Communists.

### The Question of Premises

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I make the assumption in this paper that a user of software is no less important than an author, or even an author's employer. In other words, their interests and needs have equal weight, when we decide which course of action is best.

This premise is not universally accepted. Many maintain that an author's employer is fundamentally more important than anyone else. They say, for example, that the purpose of having owners of software is to give the author's employer the advantage he deserves--regardless of how this may affect the public.

It is no use trying to prove or disprove these premises. Proof requires shared premises. So most of what I have to say is addressed

only to those who share the premises I use, or at least are interested in what their consequences are. For those who believe that the owners are more important than everyone else, this paper is simply irrelevant.

But why would a large number of Americans accept a premise which elevates certain people in importance above everyone else? Partly because of the belief that this premise is part of the legal traditions of American society. Some people feel that doubting the premise means challenging the basis of society.

It is important for these people to know that this premise is not part of our legal tradition. It never has been.

Thus, the Constitution says that the purpose of copyright is to "promote the progress of science and the useful arts." The Supreme Court has elaborated on this, stating in `Fox Film vs. Doyal' that "The sole interest of the United States and the primary object in conferring the [copyright] monopoly lie in the general benefits derived by the public from the labors of authors."

We are not required to agree with the Constitution or the Supreme Court. (At one time, they both condoned slavery.) So their positions do not disprove the owner supremacy premise. But I hope that the awareness that this is a radical right-wing assumption rather than a traditionally recognized one will weaken its appeal.

#### Conclusion

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We like to think that our society encourages helping your neighbor; but each time we reward someone for obstructionism, or admire them for the wealth they have gained in this way, we are sending the opposite message.

Software hoarding is one form of our general willingness to disregard the welfare of society for personal gain. We can trace this disregard from Ronald Reagan to Jim Bakker, from Ivan Boesky to Exxon, from failing banks to failing schools. We can measure it with the size of the homeless population and the prison population. The antisocial spirit feeds on itself, because the more we see that other people will not help us, the more it seems futile to help them. Thus society decays into a jungle.

If we don't want to live in a jungle, we must change our attitudes. We must start sending the message that a good citizen is one who cooperates when appropriate, not one who is successful at taking from others. I hope that the free software movement will contribute to this: at least in one area, we will replace the jungle with a more

efficient system which encourages and runs on voluntary cooperation.

----- Footnotes -----

(1) The word "free" in "free software" refers to freedom, not to price; the price paid for a copy of a free program may be zero, or small, or (rarely) quite large.

(2) The issues of pollution and traffic congestion do not alter this conclusion. If we wish to make driving more expensive to discourage driving in general, it is disadvantageous to do this using toll booths, which contribute to both pollution and congestion. A tax on gasoline is much better. Likewise, a desire to enhance safety by limiting maximum speed is not relevant; a free access road enhances the average speed by avoiding stops and delays, for any given speed limit.

(3) One might regard a particular computer program as a harmful thing that should not be available at all, like the Lotus Marketplace database of personal information, which was withdrawn from sale due to public disapproval. Most of what I say does not apply to this case, but it makes little sense to argue for having an owner on the grounds that the owner will make the program less available. The owner will not make it \*completely\* unavailable, as one would wish in the case of a program whose use is considered destructive.

## 1.51 ethtool 4.8 :7.e17

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```
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```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.57 fipscheck 1.4.1

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## 1.58 firewalld 0.4.3.2 :8.el7

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```



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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate  
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.59 flac 1.3.0 :5.e17\_1

## 1.59.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 1.65 fxload 2002\_04\_11

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.66 gawk 4.0.2

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If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
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# 1.67 gcc 4.8.5 :28.e17\_5.1

## 1.67.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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```
mach_override    lib/interception/mach_override
/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
   (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
   Copyright (C) 1988-2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
```

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```
/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
```

```
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
   underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
   be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
```

```
#define LPREFIX "L"
```

```
/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */
```

```
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
```

```
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
```

```
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
```

```
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */
```

```
/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
```

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */
```

```
/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */
```

```

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
    fprintf (FILE, "\t.space \"HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
    ( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
      fprintf ((FILE), "%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter
   to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
    if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
   the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
   PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
   This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
    sprintf ((BUF), "%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */

```

```

#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gfdl
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.
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@ifnohtml
@comment node-name, next, previous, up
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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
@c man end
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c man end
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@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007
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```
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```
@c man end
```

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

## HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dossier (dossier@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and

Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader

specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and

Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu(hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson(brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen(Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard(beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz(schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)  
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```
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
```

```

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

```

```

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

```

```

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
            sys.stderr.write(string + '\n')

```



```

self.num_errors += 1

def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__ (self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Skip licence files.
        'COPYING',
        'COPYING.LIB',
        'COPYING3',
        'COPYING3.LIB',
        'LICENSE',
        'fdl.texi',
        'gpl_v3.texi',
        'fdl-1.3.xml',
        'gpl-3.0.xml',

        # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
        'aclocal.m4',
        'compile',
        'config.guess',
        'config.sub',
        'depcomp',
        'install-sh',
        'libtool.m4',
        'ltmain.sh',
        'ltoptions.m4',
        'ltsugar.m4',
        'ltversion.m4',
        'lt~obsolete.m4',
        'missing',
        'mkdep',
        'mkinstalldirs',
        'move-if-change',
        'shlibpath.m4',
        'symlink-tree',
        'ylwrap',

        # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
        'gnu.texi',

```

```

    'funding.texi',
    'appendix_free.xml',

    # Skip imported texinfo files.
    'texinfo.tex',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True

```

```

# Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
    return True
return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

    # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
    ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s])\s+and\s+[0-9]'

    # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
    name = '[\w.,-]'

    # Matches one year.
    self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

    # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
    self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

    # Matches a full copyright notice:
    self.copyright_re = re.compile (
        # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
        '([Cc]opyright'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{'
        '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

        # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
        # we can remove any excess.
        '\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?'
        '@value\{[^\}]*\})\s*)'

        # 3: 'by ', if used
        '(by\s+)?'

        # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
        # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
        # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texti).
        '(' + name + '(?:\s?' + name + ')*?)'

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching

```

```

# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                       re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+[*]+;+%+//+|@c |dnl ')
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ' '

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]

```

```

    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line

```

```

after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
if after_years != "":
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'trailing characters in @set: '
                        + after_years)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)
else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break

        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]

```

```

if not canon_form:
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

# Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
line = (line[:match.start (4)]
        + canon_form
        + line[match.end (4):])

# Remove any 'by'
line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
        + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
        + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith (('c')):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)

```

```

with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
    prev = None
    for line in file:
        while line:
            next_line = None
            # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
            if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                if match:
                    res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                file, line, match)
                    (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                    changed = changed or this_changed

            # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
            elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                self.errors.report (pathname,
                                    'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                    % line.strip())
            lines.append (line)
            line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                                % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

```

```
class CmdLine:
```



```

def __init__(self, copyright = Copyright):
    self.errors = Errors()
    self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
    self.dirs = []
    self.default_dirs = []
    self.chosen_dirs = []
    self.option_handlers = dict()
    self.option_help = []

    self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
    self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                    self.o_quilt)
    self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                    self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                    'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s\n'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:

```

```

if arg[:1] != '-':
    self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
elif arg in self.option_handlers:
    self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
else:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
    else:
        for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
            canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, "")
            count = 0
            for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                    count += 1
                    self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
            if count == 0:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                    + chosen_dir)
sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

```

#-----

```

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([

```

```

        # Not part of GCC
        'math-68881.h',
    ])

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
    'ada',

    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
])

self.skip_extensions |= set ([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
])

self.fossilised_files |= set ([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Don't change the tests, which could be woened by anyone.
        '.c',
        '.C',
        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
    ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True

```

```

return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):

```

```

GenericFilter.__init__(self)

self.skip_dirs |= set ([
    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
def __init__(self):
    GenericFilter.__init__(self)

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
        'intro.xml',
    ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([
        # Contains automatically-generated sources.
        'html',

        # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
        'data',

        # Contains imported images
        'images',
    ])

    self.own_files |= set ([
        # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
        'spine.xml',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile ('// \(\C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
def __init__(self, errors):
    Copyright.__init__(self, errors)

    canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
    self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)

```

```

self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

self.add_external_author ('ARM')
self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

```

```

class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # Boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')

```

```

# libffi is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
self.add_dir ('libgomp')
self.add_dir ('libiberty')
self.add_dir ('libitm')
self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
               TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libobjc')
self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir ('libssp')
self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

```

```

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

```

GCCcmdLine().main()

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"><html
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
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href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link
rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%"
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align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"

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[bugs.html](#)>Next</a></td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div

class="titlepage"><div><div><h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a

id="manual.intro.status.license"></a>License</h2></div></div></div><p>

There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code,  
and one for the documentation.

</p><p>

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common <a class="link"

href="..faq.html#faq.license">questions</a>. If you have more

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list</a>.

</p><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h3 class="title"><a  
id="manual.intro.status.license.gpl"></a>The Code: GPL</h3></div></div></div><p>

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as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):

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0.Definitions.<br />

<br />

Afileisan"IndependentModule"ifiteitherrequirestheRuntime<br />

LibraryforexecutionafteraCompilationProcess,ormakesuseofan<br />

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Chapter1.Status	<a accesskey="h" href="index.html">Home</a>	Bugs

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</simpara>

<simpara>

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

</simpara>

</appendix>

<appendix xmlns="http://docbook.org/ns/docbook" version="5.0" xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>

<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3

</title></info>

<?dbhtml filename="appendix\_gpl.html"?>

<para>

Version 3, 29 June 2007

</para>

<para>

Copyright 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.fsf.org">http://www.fsf.org</link>

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">

Preamble

</bridgehead>

<para>

The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is a free, copyleft license for software and other kinds of works.

</para>

<para>

The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast, the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change all versions of a program to make sure it remains free software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation, use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You can apply it to your programs, too.

</para>

<para>

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can

change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do these things.

</para>

<para>

To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

</para>

<para>

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

</para>

<para>

Developers that use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym> protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

</para>

<para>

For the developers and authors protection, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users and authors sake, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

</para>

<para>

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the <acronym>GPL</acronym> to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the <acronym>GPL</acronym>, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

</para>

<para>

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the <acronym>GPL</acronym> assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

</para>

<para>

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

</para>

<bridgehead>

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-definitions" renderas="sect1">

0. Definitions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

This License refers to version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License.

</para>

<para>

Copyright also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

</para>

<para>

The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as you.

Licensees and recipients may be individuals or organizations.

</para>

<para>

To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified version of the earlier work or a work based on the earlier work.

</para>

<para>

A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

</para>

<para>

To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

</para>

<para>

To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.



</para>

<para>

An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">

1. Source Code.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. Object code means any non-source form of a work.

</para>

<para>

A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

</para>

<para>

The System Libraries of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the works System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data

communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">

2. Basic Permissions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.

</para>

<para>

You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

</para>

<para>

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the works users, your or third parties legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

<para>

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from

the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

</para>

<para>

Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

</para>

<para>

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).

</para>

<para>

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

</para>

<para>

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">

7. Additional Terms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work, for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.

</para>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices displayed by works containing it; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in reasonable ways as different from the original version; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those licensors and authors.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

All other non-permissive additional terms are considered further restrictions within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is governed by this License along with a term that is a further restriction, you may remove that term. If a license document contains a further restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this License, you may add to a covered work material governed by the terms of that license document, provided that the further restriction does not survive such relicensing or conveying.

</para>

<para>

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

</para>

<para>

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.



</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">

## 8. Termination.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License (including any patent licenses granted under the third paragraph of section 11).

</para>

<para>

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

</para>

<para>

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

</para>

<para>

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same material under section 10.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">

## 9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">

## 10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

</para>

<para>

An entity transaction is a transaction transferring control of an organization, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organization, or merging organizations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licenses to the work the party's predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">

11. Patents.

</bridgehead>

<para>

A contributor is a copyright holder who authorizes use under this License of the Program or a work on which the Program is based. The work thus licensed is called the contributor's contributor version.

</para>

<para>

A contributor's essential patent claims are all patent claims owned or controlled by the contributor, whether already acquired or hereafter acquired, that would be infringed by some manner, permitted by this License, of making, using, or selling its contributor version, but do not include claims that would be infringed only as a consequence of further modification of the contributor version. For purposes of this definition, control includes the right to grant patent sublicenses in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License.

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<para>

In the following three paragraphs, a patent license is any express agreement or commitment, however denominated, not to enforce a patent (such as an express permission to practice a patent or covenant not to sue for patent infringement). To grant such a patent license to a party means to make such an agreement or commitment not to enforce a patent against the party.

</para>

<para>

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. Knowingly relying means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your recipients use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe are valid.

</para>

<para>

If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement, you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and grant a patent license to some of the parties receiving the covered work authorizing them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the covered work, then the patent license you grant is automatically extended to all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.

</para>

<para>

A patent license is discriminatory if it does not include within the scope of its coverage, prohibits the exercise of, or is conditioned on the non-exercise of one or more of the rights that are specifically granted under this License. You may not convey a covered work if you are a party to an arrangement with a third party that is in the business of distributing software, under which you make payment to the third party based on the extent of your activity of conveying the work, and under which the third party grants, to any of the parties who would receive the covered work from you, a discriminatory patent license (a) in connection with copies of the covered work conveyed by you (or copies made from those copies), or (b) primarily for and in connection with specific products or compilations that contain the covered work, unless you entered into that arrangement, or that patent license was granted, prior to 28 March 2007.

</para>

<para>

Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">

12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot convey a covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">

13. Use with the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License into a single combined work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special requirements of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License, section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="RevisedVersions" renderas="sect1">

14. Revised Versions of this License.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

</para>

<para>

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies that a certain numbered version of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License or any later version applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that numbered version or of any later version published by the Free Software

Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

</para>

<para>

If the Program specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License can be used, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Program.

</para>

<para>

Later license versions may give you additional or different permissions. However, no additional obligations are imposed on any author or copyright holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="WarrantyDisclaimer" renderas="sect1">

15. Disclaimer of Warranty.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="LiabilityLimitation" renderas="sect1">

16. Limitation of Liability.

</bridgehead>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="InterpretationSecs1516" renderas="sect1">

17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing

courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.

</para>

<bridgehead>

END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="HowToApply" renderas="sect1">

How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

</bridgehead>

<para>

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

</para>

<para>

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the copyright line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

</para>

<screen>

<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>  
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

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You should have received a copy of the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License along with this program. If not, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.

</screen>

<para>

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

</para>

<para>

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

</para>

<screen>  
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type <literal>show c</literal> for details.  
</screen>

<para>  
The hypothetical commands <literal>show w</literal> and <literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your programs commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an about box.  
</para>

<para>  
You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a copyright disclaimer for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym>, see <link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</link>.  
</para>

<para>  
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</para>

</para>  
</appendix>

@node Library Copying

@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.



Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run

that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

@item

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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and what the program that uses the Library does.

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@end enumerate

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library''. The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@item

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
```

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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### Preamble

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get

it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

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^L

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\* m4/ax\_func\_which\_gethostbyname\_r.m4

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```
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```

```
import java.util.Map;
```

```
import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;
```

```
import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;
```

```
/**
```

```
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
```

```
 */
```

```

public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
        CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
        tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
    }

    public String toString(Tag tag) {
        return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
    }

    public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
        if (tags.length == 0) {

```

```

        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }

        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        }
        else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects
   Copyright (C) 1998, 2001, 2002, 2005 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

```

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```
package java.security;
```

```
import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;
```

```
import java.io.Serializable;
```

```
/**
```

```
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement  
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name  
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The  
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the  
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions  
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent  
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning  
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no  
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission  
* or you don't.
```

```
*
```

```
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This  
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified  
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the  
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission  
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the  
* file foo.
```

```
*
```

```
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their  
* state after creation.
```

```
*
```

```
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
```

```
* @see Permissions
```

```
* @see PermissionCollection
```

```
* @since 1.1
```



```

* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
/**
* Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
*/
private static final long serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674L;

/**
* This is the name assigned to this permission object.
*
* @serial the name of the permission
*/
private String name;

/**
* Create an instance with the specified name.
*
* @param name the permission name
*/
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
* This method implements the Guard interface for this class.
* It calls the checkPermission method in
* SecurityManager with this Permission as its
* argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
* or throws an exception if it fails.
*
* @param obj the Object being guarded - ignored by this class
* @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
* @see GuardedObject
* @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
*/
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
* This method tests whether this Permission implies that the
* specified Permission is also granted.

```

```

*
* @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
* @return true if perm is implied by this
*/
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide

```

```

* an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
* <code>implies</code>.
*
* @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
*/
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
* This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
* <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
* <code>'( + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
* + ')</code>.
*
* @return this object as a <code>String</code>
*/
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());

    if (!(getActions().equals(""))
        {
            string = string.append(' ');
            string = string.append(getActions());
        }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission
/* Permission.java -- Information about an ACL permission
Copyright (C) 1998 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

```

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```
package java.security.acl;
```

```
/**
```

```
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be  
 * granted. Note that this is not the same as the class  
 * java.security.Permission.
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @version 0.0
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
```

```
 */
```

```
public interface Permission
```

```
{
```

```
 /**
```

```
 * This method tests whether or not a specified Permission  
 * (passed as an Object) is the same as this permission.
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
```

```
 *
```

```
 * @return true if the specified permission is the same as this one, false otherwise
```

```
 */
```

```
boolean equals (Object perm);
```

```
/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 *
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}
```

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified



executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work

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b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of



free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you

distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@c End:
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```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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```

The hypothetical commands `@samp{show w}` and `@samp{show c}` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ```about box"`.

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@c man end

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is  
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

### Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your  
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other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for  
your libraries, too.

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price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you  
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid  
anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights.  
These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if  
you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis  
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave  
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source  
code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide  
complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them  
with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling  
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright  
the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal  
permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The

former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more

than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@node Library Copying

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.



For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice  
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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## 1.69 gdbm 1.10 :8.el7

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@iftex  
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS  
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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@page  
@unnumberedsubsec Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample  
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}  
Copyright (C) @var{yyyy} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

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If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@smallexample  
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it

under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

@end smallexample

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than @samp{show w} and @samp{show c}; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items---whatever suits your program.

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@example

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@node GNU LGPL

@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, GNU Lesser General Public License

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@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@iftex

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@end iftex

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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glennrp at users.sourceforge.net  
March 29, 2012

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Version 1.1 - 26 February 2007

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Date: Mon, 21 Jul 2008 11:43:35 -0600

From: Kevin Hartig <kevin.hartig@gmail.com>

To: "Tom \"spot\" Callaway" <tcallawa@redhat.com>

Subject: Re: Licensing question

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-kevin.

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>

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## 1.77 glib-networking 2.42.0 :1.e17

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## 1.78 glib2 2.46.2 :4.e17

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This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for

your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that

they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under

copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,



in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit

modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you

distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 1.79 glibc 2.17 :157.el7\_3.1

### 1.79.1 Available under license :

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `@dfn{Lesser}` General Public License because it does `@emph{Less}` to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages

are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@enumerate 0

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portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

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@item

The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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## 1.80 glusterfs 3.8.4 :54.6.el7

## 1.81 gmp 6.0.0 :12.el7\_1

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## 1.82 gnome-icon-theme 3.12.0 :1.el7

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## 1.83 gnupg2 2.0.22 :4.e17

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```
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```

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## 1.84 gnutls 3.3.24 :1.e17

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## Constant-time SSSE3 AES core implementation.

## version 0.1

##

## By Mike Hamburg (Stanford University), 2009

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# 1.85 gobject-introspection 1.42.0 :1.e17

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```
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# 1.88 gpm 1.20.7 :5.e17

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```

```
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```

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## 1.89 graphite2 1.3.6 :1.e17\_2

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Please look into `snprintf.c` for the copyright message.

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<http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/> .

. The `gm' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part

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```
src/preproc/grn/gprint.h
src/preproc/grn/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/grn/main.cpp
```

. The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c
```

## Macro Packages

-----

- . The `-mdoc` macro set, using the BSD license.

```
tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man
```

- . The `-me` macro set, using the BSD license.

```
tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meref.me
```

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-----

- . The file ``tmac/hyphen.us'` is identical to the file ``hyphen.tex'`, part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

```
ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex .
```

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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- . The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

```
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```

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- . The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which

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. The files `tmac/hyphen.det' and `tmac/hyphen.den' contain the same patterns as the files `dehyphn.tex' and `dehypht.tex' (for TeX), which can be found at

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. The file `tmac/hyphen.cs' contains the same patterns as the file `czhyphen.tex' (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

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## 1.93 grubby 8.28 :18.e17

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## 1.94 gsettings-desktop-schemas 3.14.2 :1.e17

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## 1.98 gtk3 3.14.13 :20.e17

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## 1.103 hostname 3.13 :3.el7

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hostname -- set the host name or show the host/domain name

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## 1.104 httpd 2.4.6 :67.e17\_4.6

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<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
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XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
    This file is generated from xml source: DO NOT EDIT
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
-->
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<link href="/style/css/manual-print.css" rel="stylesheet" media="print" type="text/css" /><link rel="stylesheet"
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href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a
href="/sitemap.html">Sitemap</a></p>
<p class="apache">Apache HTTP Server Version 2.4</p>
</div>
<div class="up"><a href="/"></a></div>
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<a href="http://www.apache.org/">Apache</a> > <a href="http://httpd.apache.org/">HTTP Server</a> > <a
href="http://httpd.apache.org/docs/">Documentation</a> > <a href="/">Version 2.4</a></div><div id="page-
content"><div id="preamble"><h1>The Apache License, Version 2.0</h1>
<div class="toplant">
<p><span>Available Languages: </span><a href="/en/license.html" title="English">&nbsp;en&nbsp;&nbsp;</a></p>
</div>
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</div>

</div>

<div class="bottomlang">

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</div><div class="top"><a href="#page-header"></a></div><div

class="section"><h2><a id="comments\_section" name="comments\_section">Comments</a></h2><div

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```

href="http://httpd.apache.org/lists.html">mailing lists</a>.</div>
<script type="text/javascript"><!--><![CDATA[//><!--
var comments_shortname = 'httpd';
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    s.type = 'text/javascript';
    s.async = true;
    s.src = 'https://comments.apache.org/show_comments.lua?site=' + comments_shortname + '&page=' +
comments_identifier;
    (d.getElementsByTagName('head')[0] || d.getElementsByTagName('body')[0]).appendChild(s);
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  }
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href="/sitemap.html">Sitemap</a></p></div><script type="text/javascript"><!--><![CDATA[//><!--
if (typeof(prettyPrint) !== 'undefined') {
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 * -----
 */
```

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```
/*
 * NCSA HTTPd Server
 * Software Development Group
 * National Center for Supercomputing Applications
 * University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
 * 605 E. Springfield, Champaign, IL 61820
 * httpd@ncsa.uiuc.edu
 *
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 *
 */
 *
 * md5.c: NCSA HTTPd code which uses the md5c.c RSA Code
 *
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```
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```

For the test\zb.c component:

/\* ZeusBench V1.01

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Written by Adam Twiss (adam@zeus.co.uk). March 1996

Thanks to the following people for their input:

Mike Belshe (mbelshe@netscape.com)

Michael Campanella (campanella@stevms.enet.dec.com)

\*/

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## 1.110 iprutils 2.4.13.1 :1.el7

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# 1.111 ipset 6.19 :6.e17

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## 1.116 iscsi-initiator-utils 6.2.0.873 :35.el7

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```
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```

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```
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## 1.122 json-c 0.11 :4.e17\_0

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## 1.123 json-glib 1.0.2 :1.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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{
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        || strcmp(license, "GPL v2") == 0
        || strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
        || strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
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}

#endif
```

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>  
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holz <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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for his LIRC infrared handler

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for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>  
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>  
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
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Version 1.0

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</appendix>

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Alan Cox <alan@lxorguk.ukuu.org.uk>

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Chris Kleitsch

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Radio card (ITT sound processor)

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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

\* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

\* <http://www.hypermall.com/>

\* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

\* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

\* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)
- \*
- \* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
- \*
- \* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
- \*
- \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- \* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- \* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
- \*
- \* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- \* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- \* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- \* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- \* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- \* SDU, and leave <small\_buffer\_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- \* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- \* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- \* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- \* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle\_buffer
- \* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to
- \* recycle large data buffers
- \* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers
- \* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation
- \* details.
- \*
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- \*
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\*  
\* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996  
\*  
\*  
\*/

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```

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{
return (strcmp(license, "GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL v2") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
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}

#endif

```

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for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>  
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login  
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

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for his LIRC infrared handler

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Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>  
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>  
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their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

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TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>

Andreas 'randy' Weinberger

for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>

for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>

for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

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for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

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for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

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for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

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for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>

for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>

for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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</appendix>

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## 1.126 kexec-tools 2.0.14 :17.el7

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## 1.127 keyutils 1.5.8

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```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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# 1.128 kmod 20 :9.el7

## 1.128.1 Available under license :

LGPL

LGPL

LGPL

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of

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## 1.129 krb5 1.14.1 :27.e17\_3



## 1.129.1 Available under license :

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cmd/krb5/ipropl/ipropl_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/ipropl_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
```

lib/libgss/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_initialize.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_names.c  
lib/libgss/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/libgss/g\_seal.c  
lib/libgss/g\_sign.c  
lib/libgss/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_unseal.c  
lib/libgss/g\_userok.c  
lib/libgss/g\_utils.c  
lib/libgss/g\_verify.c  
lib/libgss/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi\_err\_generic.h  
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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- lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi\_err\_generic.et
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_seal.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_sign.c



lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c  
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego\_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/iprop\_hdr.h  
kadmin/server/ipropd\_svc.c  
lib/kdb/iprop.x  
lib/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/krb5/error\_tables/kdb5\_err.et  
slave/kpropd\_rpc.c  
slave/kproplog.c

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## 1.131 Icms2 2.6 :3.e17

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# 1.133 less 458 :9.e17

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```
@end enumerate
@node Library Copying
@appendix GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 1991, 1999 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place -- Suite 330, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA
```

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

```
@end display
```

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of

any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the `Lesser` General Public License because it does *Less* to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers *Less* of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is *Less* protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

@item

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate



These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample  
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice  
@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

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combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.137 libcacard 2.5.2 :2.e17

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## 1.138 libcap 2.22 :8.e17

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

## 1.141 libconfig 1.4.9 :5.e17

## 1.141.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
@c \input texinfo.tex @c -*-texinfo-*-  
@c  
@c %**start of header
```

```
@c All text is ignored before the setfilename.  
@setfilename LGPL.info
```

```
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE  
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```

```
@sp 1
```

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library''. The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

}

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That's all there is to it!

@c @bye

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## 1.142 libcroco 0.6.8 :5.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General

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However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the



source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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## 1.143 libdaemon 0.14 :7.el7

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## 1.150 libfontenc 1.1.2 :3.el7

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## 1.152 libgnome-keyring 3.8.0

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## 1.153 libgpg-error 1.12

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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# 1.154 libusb 0.1.6 :3.e17

## 1.154.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in



themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under

Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on

the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Libiscsi components fall under two separate licences

The lib and include directories

=====

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The library also contains one file : lib/md5.c that is under Public Domain.

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This is the licence that applies to the libiscsi library and its use.

src/ld\_iscsi.c

=====

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The src, examples and test-tool directories EXCEPT src/ld\_iscsi.c

=====

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To avoid any confusion, every source file also contain a licence boilerplate.

## 1.159 libjpeg-turbo 1.2.90 :5.el7

### 1.159.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:IJG

## 1.160 liblockfile 1.08 :17.el7

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# 1.161 libmnl 1.0.3

## 1.161.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to

encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means

all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any

application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the

copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot

use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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# 1.168 libnl 1.1.4 :3.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the



Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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## 1.170 libogg 1.3.0 :7.e17

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## 1.172 libotf 0.9.13 :4.e!7

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## 1.179 librdmacm 1.1.0 :2.el7

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.184 libSM 1.2.2 :2.e17

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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# 1.186 libsoup 2.48.1 :6.el7

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However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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# 1.187 libssh2 1.4.3 :10.el7\_2.1

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### 1.188.1 Available under license :

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## 1.189 libtasn1 3.8 :3.el7

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# 1.190 libteam 1.25 :4.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.200 libutempter 1.1.6

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.204 libvirt-python 2.0.0 :2.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,

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## 1.211 libxcb 1.11 :4.el7

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# 1.212 libXcomposite 0.4.4

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# 1.213 libXcursor 1.1.14

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# 1.214 libXdamage 1.1.4 :4.1.el7

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## 1.215 libXevie 1.0.3 :7.1.el7

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## 1.216 libXext 1.3.3 :3.el7

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## 1.217 libXfixes 5.0.1

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## 1.218 libXfont 1.5.1 :2.e17

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```
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   written by Mark Eichin <eichin@kitten.gen.ma.us> September 1996.
   intended for inclusion in X11 public releases. */
```

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## 62.2.git6d51311.el7\_5

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iconv (Charset Conversion Library) v2.0

(28) Artem Bityuckiy (--enable-newlib-iconv)

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agere\_sta\_fw.bin -- 9.48 Hermes I  
agere\_ap\_fw.bin -- 9.48 Hermes I

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Hope this helps.

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Chelsio Communication Terminator 4/5 ethernet controller firmware

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The README file from the original package from Micronas appears below. Only the part about the firmware redistribution in section 0 is relevant, all other sections are completely obsolete.

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WIS GO7007SB Public Linux Driver  
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\*\*\* Please see the file RELEASE-NOTES for important last-minute updates \*\*\*

## 0. OVERVIEW AND LICENSING/DISCLAIMER

This driver kit contains Linux drivers for the WIS GO7007SB multi-format video encoder. Only kernel version 2.6.x is supported. The video stream is available through the Video4Linux2 API and the audio stream is available through the ALSA API (or the OSS emulation layer of the ALSA system).

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## 1. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

This driver requires Linux kernel 2.6. Kernel 2.4 is not supported. Using kernel 2.6.10 or later is recommended, as earlier kernels are known to have unstable USB 2.0 support.

A fully built kernel source tree must be available. Typically this will be linked from "/lib/modules/<KERNEL VERSION>/build" for convenience. If this link does not exist, an extra parameter will need to be passed to the `make` command.

All vendor-built kernels should already be configured properly. However, for custom-built kernels, the following options need to be enabled in the kernel as built-in or modules:

CONFIG_HOTPLUG	- Support for hot-pluggable devices
CONFIG_MODULES	- Enable loadable module support
CONFIG_KMOD	- Automatic kernel module loading
CONFIG_FW_LOADER	- Hotplug firmware loading support
CONFIG_I2C	- I2C support
CONFIG_VIDEO_DEV	- Video For Linux
CONFIG_SOUND	- Sound card support
CONFIG_SND	- Advanced Linux Sound Architecture
CONFIG_USB	- Support for Host-side USB
CONFIG_USB_DEVICEFS	- USB device filesystem
CONFIG_USB_EHCI_HCD	- EHCI HCD (USB 2.0) support

Additionally, to use the example application, the following options need to be enabled in the ALSA section:

CONFIG_SND_MIXER_OSS	- OSS Mixer API
CONFIG_SND_PCM_OSS	- OSS PCM (digital audio) API

The hotplug scripts, along with the fxload utility, must also be installed. These scripts can be obtained from <<http://linux-hotplug.sourceforge.net/>>. Hotplugging is used for loading firmware into the Cypress EZ-USB chip using fxload and for loading firmware into the driver using the firmware agent.

## 2. COMPILING AND INSTALLING THE DRIVER

Most users should be able to compile the driver by simply running:

```
$ make
```

in the top-level directory of the driver kit. First the kernel modules will be built, followed by the example applications.

If the build system is unable to locate the kernel source tree for the currently-running kernel, or if the module should be built for a kernel other than the currently-running kernel, an additional parameter will need to be passed to make to specify the appropriate kernel source directory:

```
$ make KERNELSRC=/usr/src/linux-2.6.10-custom3
```

Once the compile completes, the driver and firmware files should be installed by running:

```
$ make install
```

The kernel modules will be placed in "/lib/modules/<KERNEL VERSION>/extra" and the firmware files will be placed in the appropriate hotplug firmware directory, usually /lib/firmware. In addition, USB maps and scripts will be placed in /etc/hotplug/usb to enable fxload to initialize the EZ-USB control chip when the device is connected.

### 3. PAL/SECAM TUNER CONFIGURATION (TV402U-EU only)

The PAL model of the Plextor ConvertX TV402U may require additional configuration to correctly select the appropriate TV frequency band and audio subchannel.

Users with a device other than the Plextor ConvertX TV402U-EU should skip this section.

The wide variety of PAL TV systems used in Europe requires that additional information about the local TV standards be passed to the driver in order to properly tune TV channels. The two necessary parameters are (a) the PAL TV band, and (b) the audio subchannel format in use.

In many cases, the appropriate TV band selection is passed to the driver from applications. However, in some cases, the application only specifies that the driver should use PAL but not the specific information about the appropriate TV band. To work around this issue, the correct TV band may be specified in the "force\_band" parameter to the wis-sony-tuner module:

TV band	force_band
-----	-----
PAL B/G	B
PAL I	I
PAL D/K	D
SECAM L	L

If the "force\_band" parameter is specified, the driver will ignore any TV band specified by applications and will always use the band provided in the module parameter.

The other parameter that can be specified is the audio subchannel format.

There are several stereo audio carrier systems in use, including NICAM and three varieties of A2. To receive audio broadcast on one of these stereo carriers, the "force\_mpx\_mode" parameter must be specified to the wis-sony-tuner module.

TV band	Audio subcarrier	force_mpx_mode
PAL B/G	Mono (default)	1
PAL B/G	A2	2
PAL B/G	NICAM	3
PAL I	Mono (default)	4
PAL I	NICAM	5
PAL D/K	Mono (default)	6
PAL D/K	A2 (1)	7
PAL D/K	A2 (2)	8
PAL D/K	A2 (3)	9
PAL D/K	NICAM	10
SECAM L	Mono (default)	11
SECAM L	NICAM	12

If the "force\_mpx\_mode" parameter is not specified, the correct mono-only mode will be chosen based on the TV band. However, the tuner will not receive stereo audio or bilingual broadcasts correctly.

To pass the "force\_band" or "force\_mpx\_mode" parameters to the wis-sony-tuner module, the following line must be added to the modprobe configuration file, which varies from one Linux distribution to another.

```
options wis-sony-tuner force_band=B force_mpx_mode=2
```

The above example would force the tuner to the PAL B/G TV band and receive stereo audio broadcasts on the A2 carrier.

To verify that the configuration has been placed in the correct location, execute:

```
$ modprobe -c | grep wis-sony-tuner
```

If the configuration line appears, then modprobe will pass the parameters correctly the next time the wis-sony-tuner module is loaded into the kernel.

#### 4. TESTING THE DRIVER

Because few Linux applications are able to correctly capture from Video4Linux2 devices with only compressed formats supported, the new driver

should be tested with the "gorecord" application in the apps/ directory.

First connect a video source to the device, such as a DVD player or VCR. This will be captured to a file for testing the driver. If an input source is unavailable, a test file can still be captured, but the video will be black and the audio will be silent.

This application will auto-detect the V4L2 and ALSA/OSS device names of the hardware and will record video and audio to an AVI file for a specified number of seconds. For example:

```
$ apps/gorecord -duration 60 capture.avi
```

If this application does not successfully record an AVI file, the error messages produced by gorecord and recorded in the system log (usually in /var/log/messages) should provide information to help resolve the problem.

Supplying no parameters to gorecord will cause it to probe the available devices and exit. Use the -help flag for usage information.

## 5. USING THE DRIVER

The V4L2 device implemented by the driver provides a standard compressed format API, within the following criteria:

- \* Applications that only support the original Video4Linux1 API will not be able to communicate with this driver at all.
- \* No raw video modes are supported, so applications like xawtv that expect only uncompressed video will not function.
- \* Supported compression formats are: Motion-JPEG, MPEG1, MPEG2 and MPEG4.
- \* MPEG video formats are delivered as Video Elementary Streams only. Program Stream (PS), Transport Stream (TS) and Packetized Elementary Stream (PES) formats are not supported.
- \* Video parameters such as format and input port may not be changed while the encoder is active.
- \* The audio capture device only functions when the video encoder is actively capturing video. Attempts to read from the audio device when the encoder is inactive will result in an I/O error.
- \* The native format of the audio device is 48Khz 2-channel 16-bit little-endian PCM, delivered through the ALSA system. No audio

compression is implemented in the hardware. ALSA may convert to other uncompressed formats on the fly.

The include/ directory contains a C header file describing non-standard features of the GO7007SB encoder, which are described below:

#### GO7007IOC\_S\_COMP\_PARAMS, GO7007IOC\_G\_COMP\_PARAMS

These ioctls are used to negotiate general compression parameters.

To query the current parameters, call the GO7007IOC\_G\_COMP\_PARAMS ioctl with a pointer to a struct go7007\_comp\_params. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned.

To change the current parameters, initialize all fields of a struct go7007\_comp\_params and call the GO7007\_IOC\_S\_COMP\_PARAMS ioctl with a pointer to this structure. The driver will return the current parameters with any necessary changes to conform to the limitations of the hardware or current compression mode. Any or all fields can be set to zero to request a reasonable default value. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the EINVAL error code will be returned. When I/O is in progress, the EBUSY error code will be returned.

Fields in struct go7007\_comp\_params:

\_\_u32                    The maximum number of frames in each  
gop\_size                Group Of Pictures; i.e. the maximum  
                          number of frames minus one between  
                          each key frame.

\_\_u32                    The maximum number of sequential  
max\_b\_frames            bidirectionally-predicted frames.  
                          (B-frames are not yet supported.)

enum go7007\_aspect\_ratio    The aspect ratio to be encoded in the  
aspect\_ratio                meta-data of the compressed format.

Choices are:

GO7007\_ASPECT\_RATIO\_1\_1  
GO7007\_ASPECT\_RATIO\_4\_3\_NTSC  
GO7007\_ASPECT\_RATIO\_4\_3\_PAL  
GO7007\_ASPECT\_RATIO\_16\_9\_NTSC  
GO7007\_ASPECT\_RATIO\_16\_9\_PAL

\_\_u32                    Bit-wise OR of control flags (below)  
flags

Flags in struct `go7007_comp_params`:

`GO7007_COMP_CLOSED_GOP` Only produce self-contained GOPs, used to produce streams appropriate for random seeking.

`GO7007_COMP_OMIT_SEQ_HEADER` Omit the stream sequence header.

#### `GO7007IOC_S_MPEG_PARAMS`, `GO7007IOC_G_MPEG_PARAMS`

These ioctls are used to negotiate MPEG-specific stream parameters when the pixel format has been set to `V4L2_PIX_FMT_MPEG`.

To query the current parameters, call the `GO7007IOC_G_MPEG_PARAMS` ioctl with a pointer to a struct `go7007_mpeg_params`. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the `EINVAL` error code will be returned.

To change the current parameters, initialize all fields of a struct `go7007_mpeg_params` and call the `GO7007_IOC_S_MPEG_PARAMS` ioctl with a pointer to this structure. The driver will return the current parameters with any necessary changes to conform to the limitations of the hardware or selected MPEG mode. Any or all fields can be set to zero to request a reasonable default value. If the driver is not set to MPEG format, the `EINVAL` error code will be returned. When I/O is in progress, the `EBUSY` error code will be returned.

Fields in struct `go7007_mpeg_params`:

enum `go7007_mpeg_video_standard`  
`mpeg_video_standard` The MPEG video standard in which to compress the video.

Choices are:

`GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG1`

`GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG2`

`GO7007_MPEG_VIDEO_MPEG4`

`__u32` Bit-wise OR of control flags (below)  
`flags`

`__u32` The profile and level indication to be  
`pali` stored in the sequence header. This is only used as an indicator to the decoder, and does not affect the MPEG features used in the video stream. Not valid for MPEG1.

Choices for MPEG2 are:

GO7007\_MPEG2\_PROFILE\_MAIN\_MAIN

Choices for MPEG4 are:

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_S\_L0

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_S\_L1

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_S\_L2

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_S\_L3

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_ARTS\_L1

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_ARTS\_L2

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_ARTS\_L3

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_ARTS\_L4

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L0

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L1

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L2

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L3

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L4

GO7007\_MPEG4\_PROFILE\_AS\_L5

Flags in struct `go7007_mpeg_params`:

`GO7007_MPEG_FORCE_DVD_MODE` Force all compression parameters and bitrate control settings to comply with DVD MPEG2 stream requirements. This overrides most compression and bitrate settings!

`GO7007_MPEG_OMIT_GOP_HEADER` Omit the GOP header.

`GO7007_MPEG_REPEAT_SEQHEADER` Repeat the MPEG sequence header at the start of each GOP.

`GO7007IOC_S_BITRATE`, `GO7007IOC_G_BITRATE`

These ioctls are used to set and query the target bitrate value for the compressed video stream. The bitrate may be selected by storing the target bits per second in an int and calling `GO7007IOC_S_BITRATE` with a pointer to the int. The bitrate may be queried by calling `GO7007IOC_G_BITRATE` with a pointer to an int where the current bitrate will be stored.

Note that this is the primary means of controlling the video quality for all compression modes, including `V4L2_PIX_FMT_MJPEG`. The `VIDIOC_S_JPEGCOMP` ioctl is not supported.

-----



## Installing the WIS PCI Voyager Driver

---

The WIS PCI Voyager driver requires several patches to the Linux 2.6.11.x kernel source tree before compiling the driver. These patches update the in-kernel SAA7134 driver to the newest development version and patch bugs in the TDA8290/TDA8275 tuner driver.

The following patches must be downloaded from Gerd Knorr's website and applied in the order listed:

```
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/i2c-tuner
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/i2c-tuner2
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/v4l2-api-mpeg
http://dl.bytesex.org/patches/2.6.11-2/saa7134-update
```

The following patches are included with this SDK and can be applied in any order:

```
patches/2.6.11/saa7134-voyager.diff
patches/2.6.11/tda8275-newaddr.diff
patches/2.6.11/tda8290-ntsc.diff
```

Check to make sure the CONFIG\_VIDEO\_SAA7134 option is enabled in the kernel configuration, and build and install the kernel.

After rebooting into the new kernel, the GO7007 driver can be compiled and installed:

```
$ make SAA7134_BUILD=y
$ make install
$ modprobe saa7134-go7007
```

There will be two V4L video devices associated with the PCI Voyager. The first device (most likely /dev/video0) provides access to the raw video capture mode of the SAA7133 device and is used to configure the source video parameters and tune the TV tuner. This device can be used with xawtv or other V4L(2) video software as a standard uncompressed device.

The second device (most likely /dev/video1) provides access to the compression functions of the GO7007. It can be tested using the gorecord application in the apps/ directory of this SDK:

```
$ apps/gorecord -vdevice /dev/video1 -noaudio test.avi
```

Currently the frame resolution is fixed at 720x480 (NTSC) or 720x576 (PAL), and the video standard must be specified to both the raw and the compressed video devices (xawtv and gorecord, for example).

-----  
RELEASE NOTES FOR WIS GO7007SB LINUX DRIVER  
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Last updated: 5 November 2005

- Release 0.9.7 includes new support for using udev to run fxload. The install script should automatically detect whether the old hotplug scripts or the new udev rules should be used. To force the use of hotplug, run "make install USE\_UDEV=n". To force the use of udev, run "make install USE\_UDEV=y".
- Motion detection is supported but undocumented. Try the `modet` app for a demonstration of how to use the facility.
- Using USB2.0 devices such as the TV402U with USB1.1 HCDs or hubs can cause buffer overruns and frame drops, even at low framerates, due to inconsistency in the bitrate control mechanism.
- On devices with an SAA7115, including the Plextor ConvertX, video height values of 96, 128, 160, 192, 256, 320, and 384 do not work in NTSC mode. All valid heights up to 512 work correctly in PAL mode.
- The WIS Star Trek and PCI Voyager boards have no support yet for audio or the TV tuner.

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target_firmware/magpie_fw_dev/target/cmnos/cmnos_printf.c
target_firmware/magpie_fw_dev/target/cmnos/k2_fw_cmnos_printf.c
```

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The following XC5000 firmware file "dvb-fe-xc5000-1.6.114.fw" was
created based on "xc5000_firmwares_32000Khz.h".
```

Firmware provided as part of an XC5000 Linux developers kit by Brian Mathews <bmathews@xceive.com> to Devin Heitmueller <dheitmueller@linuxtv.org> on July 1, 2009.

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Firmware provided as part of an XC5000C Linux developers kit by Ramon Cazares <Ramon.Cazares@CrestaTech.com> to Devin Heitmueller <dheitmueller@linuxtv.org> on July 25, 2012.

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Firmware provided by Patrick Boettcher <pboettcher@dibcom.fr> to Devin Heitmueller <dheitmueller@kernellabs.com> on October 8, 2009.

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## :4.20160601gitf9185e5.el7

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That's all there is to it!  
Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

- \* Frodo Looijaard  
Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.
- \* Merlin Hughes  
Original author of sensord.
- \* Bob Schlaermann  
Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in libsensors and sensors.
- \* Mark M. Hoffman  
Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
- \* Jean Delvare  
New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.  
Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.  
Configuration file converter.  
Rewrite of sensors-detect.  
Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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# 1.242 Izop 1.03 :10.e17

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## 1.243 m17n-db 1.6.4 :3.e17

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## 1.244 m17n-lib 1.6.4 :14.e17

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Thu Sep 17, 2009

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.



The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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#### END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

##### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the

"copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could

make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### 0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

### 1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

### 5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".
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- d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

#### 6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

- a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user

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"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

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```
@c Local Variables:  
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"  
@c End:
```

# 1.248 man-db 2.6.3 :9.e17

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That's all there is to it!

== MariaDB ==

The Debian package of MySQL was first debianized on 1997-04-12 by Christian Schwarz <schwarz@debian.org> and ist maintained since 1999-04-20 by Christian Hammers <ch@debian.org>.

The MariaDB packages were initaly made by <http://ourdelta.org/>, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, [maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net](mailto:maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net)

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The manual had to be removed as it is not free in the sense of the Debian Free Software Guidelines (DFSG).

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
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This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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=====

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.250 mesa 11.2.2 :2.20160614.e17

### 1.250.1 Available under license :

```
Subject: RE: Question about Mesa MLAA license
From: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
Date: 01/08/2013 12:50 PM
To: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
CC: "jorge@iryoku.com" <jorge@iryoku.com>
```

Yes to both questions.

Thanks,  
Jorge

```
From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
Sent: January 8, 2013 6:49 PM
To: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
```



CC: jorge@iryoku.com

Subject: Re: Question about Mesa MLAA license

On 01/08/2013 12:39 PM, Jorge Jimenez wrote:

> Hi Tom,

>

> What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2.

> Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name

> the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that

> just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for

> the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.

>

> We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of

> license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not

> please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Okay, a few more questions:

\* If Fedora decides to simply reproduce the quoted statement:

"Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,  
Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."

Specifically, if this is done as part of documentation included with  
Mesa, is that sufficient to meet clause 2 even if the Mesa config option  
is not set as described in your exception?

\* Currently, the Mesa config option for MLAA says: "Morphological  
anti-aliasing based on Jimenez\' MLAA. 0 to disable, 8 for default  
quality". Is this in compliance with your exception?

Thanks again,

~tom

==

Fedora Project

Subject: RE: Question about Mesa MLAA license

From: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>

Date: 01/08/2013 12:39 PM

To: "jorge@iryoku.com" <jorge@iryoku.com>, Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>

Hi Tom,

What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2.

Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name

the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that

just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for

the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.

We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Cheers,  
Jorge

From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>  
Sent: January 8, 2013 6:30 PM  
To: jorge@iryoku.com  
Subject: Question about Mesa MLAA license

Jorge,

Thanks for all of your fantastic graphics work! I have been auditing Fedora (a popular distribution of Linux) for license compliance and I came across your MLAA code in Mesa.

The license says:

- \* 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the following statement:
- \*
- \* "Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,
- \* Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."
- \*
- \* Only for use in the Mesa project, this point 2 is filled by naming the
- \* technique Jimenez's MLAA in the Mesa config options.

That wording is unclear. When you say "Only for use in the Mesa project...", it seems like you could either be saying:

- This code may only be used as part of Mesa.

OR

- In Mesa, you can comply with clause 2 by simply selecting "Jimenez's MLAA" in the Mesa config options.

\*\*\*\*\*

If the first item is true, then we may have to remove the MLAA code from Fedora's copy of Mesa. However, looking at the license on your SMAA code, I do not believe it to be the case. Please let me know either way!

Thanks in advance,

Tom Callaway  
Fedora Legal

==

Fedora Project

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## 1.251 microcode\_ctl 2.1 :29.2.el7\_5

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This kbase <https://access.redhat.com/articles/3436091> includes a table that maps Intel and AMD CPU processor code family names to updated Intel and AMD microcode package versions.

## 1.252 mod\_wsgi 3.4 :12.el7\_0

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# 1.253 mozjs17 17.0.0 :19.e17

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```
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```

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```
# ck-copyright-notice can be run from the tools directory
```

```
dir=`pwd`
```

```
[ -d src ] || [ "`basename "$dir"`" != tools ] || cd ..
```

```
# Note: if paragraphs are reformatted, this may need to be updated.
```

```
lgpl=`sed -n '/version [0-9.]* or any later version/ {
```

```
s/.*version //
```

```
s/ or.*//
```

```
p
```

```
q
```

```
}` doc/mpfr.texi`
```

```
# Do not use "find ... | while read file do ... done" because the "do"
```

```
# part needs to be run in the current shell, and some shells behave in
```

```
# a different way.
```

```
srctests=`find src tests -name '*.[ch]`
```

```
err=0
```

```
for file in $srctests
```

```
do
```

```
y=""
```

```
case $file in
```

```
tests/RRTest.c)
```

```
# This file doesn't have a copyright notice, but isn't distributed.
```

```
continue ;;
```

```
src/mpfr-longlong.h)
```

```
# This file (which comes from GMP) has a specific copyright notice.
```

```
continue ;;
```

```
src/get_patches.c)
```

```

file="tools/get_patches.sh" ;;
*/mparam.h)
y="2005," ;;
esac
grep -q "Copyright $y.* Free Software Foundation" "$file" && \
grep -q "GNU MPFR Library" "$file" && \
grep -q "either version $lgpl of the License" "$file" && continue
echo "Possibly missing or incorrect copyright notice in $file"
err=1
done

exit $err
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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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## 1.261 NetworkManager 1.4.0 :12.e17

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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## 1.263 nfs-utils 1.3.0 :0.33.el7

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```

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description of each third-party package. At the end of this file is the license of each. The license of Nmap itself is in the COPYING file.

On all platforms, Nmap is normally linked with:

- o libpcap: Network packet capture library. Distributed with Nmap in the libpcap subdirectory.  
<http://www.tcpdump.org/>
- o libdnet: Networking library, used for low-level tasks such as sending ethernet frames. A modified version is distributed with Nmap in the libdnet-stripped subdirectory. A summary of Nmap-local modifications is in the file NMAP\_MODIFICATIONS.  
<http://code.google.com/p/libdnet/>
- o PCRE: Perl-compatible regular expressions. PCRE is part of Nmap's version detection and is also made available as an NSE library. Distributed with Nmap in the libpcre subdirectory.  
<http://www.pcre.org/>
- o liblua: Lua programming language. Lua is the implementation language of NSE, the Nmap Scripting Engine. Nmap links with liblua to allow running Lua programs inside Nmap. Distributed with Nmap in the liblua subdirectory. liblua can be omitted by configuring with the `--without-liblua` configuration directive.  
<http://www.lua.org/>
- o OpenSSL: Cryptographic library. OpenSSL is used by service detection and by NSE to connect to SSL services. NSE also provides access to OpenSSL functions such as encryption and digest calculation. OpenSSL can be disabled by configuring with the `--without-openssl` configuration directive.  
<http://www.openssl.org/>
- o LIBLINEAR. Used for IPv6 OS classification.  
<http://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/liblinear/>
- o libsvn. The Subversion library, used by the updater program `nmap-update`. <http://subversion.apache.org/>
- o APR (Apache Portable Runtime). Used by libsvn. <http://apr.apache.org/>

On Windows only, Nmap uses:

- o WinPcap: libpcap for Windows. The libpcap license applies to WinPcap, and it also has its own license. A binary copy of the library is distributed with Nmap in the subdirectory `m32/winpcap`.  
<http://www.winpcap.org/>

Certain Nmap Scripting Engine scripts use the simplified BSD license in `licenses/BSD-simplified`.

Zenmap and Ndiff require:

- o Python. The binary distributions of Nmap include a Python interpreter and various libraries, built using either `py2exe` or `py2app`.  
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The Windows and Mac OS X binary packages include bundled versions of:

- o GLib, GTK+, ATK, Pango: These libraries are licensed under the GNU LGPL 2, a copy of which is in the file licenses/LGPL-2.  
<http://www.gtk.org/>
- o Cairo: graphics library. Dual-licensed under the GNU LGPL 2.1 and the MPL 1.1. See the files licenses/LGPL-2.1 and licenses/MPL-1.1.  
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- o fontconfig: font configuration library.  
<http://www.fontconfig.org/>
- o FreeType: font rendering library.  
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- o PyGTK, PyGObject: bindings for Python. Licensed under the GNU LGPL 2.1.  
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- o Various X.org libraries. These were built using MacPorts.  
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## THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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Written by: Philip Hazel  
Email local part: ph10  
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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o freetype-devel@nongnu.org

Discusses bugs, as well as engine internals, design issues, specific licenses, porting, etc.

Our home page can be found at

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--- end of FTL.TXT ---

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## 1.265 novnc 0.5.1 :2.e17

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  45. [49]Wilfredo Sanchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
  46. [50]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
  47. [51]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
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  51. [55]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
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\$OpenBSD: LICENCE,v 1.19 2004/08/30 09:18:08 markus Exp \$  
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\*/

/\* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h \*/

```
#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
typedef struct pollfd {
```

```

int fd;
short events;
short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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*/
```

```
#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H
```

```
#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED
```

```
/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)
```

```
/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);
```

```
#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
```

```
/* =====
```

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#ifdef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifdef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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*/
```

```
/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */
```

```
#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;
```

```
typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
```

```
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
```

```
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
```

```
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/*
```

```
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```

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```

```

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

```

```

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

```

```

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

```

```

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

```

```

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

```

```

diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100

```

```

+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
.El
.Pp
On some systems,
diff -up openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssl-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */
static u_int version;

+/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
+/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
Attrib a;
char *name;
int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;

if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
    (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) { /* Force perm if -m is set */
+ mode = permforcemode;

```

```

+ old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }
logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
      name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
    }
    }
}
+ if (permforce == 1)
+ (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
    send_status(id, status);
free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
fprintf(stderr,
        "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
        "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
-   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
        "    %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
        __progname, __progname);
exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
pw = pwcopu(user_pw);

while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
-   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
    switch (ch) {
    case 'Q':
        if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
            fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
            (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
            break;
+ case 'm':
+ /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+ permforce = 1;
+ permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
+ if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+     *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+         errno != 0))
+ fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+ break;
    case 'h':
    default:
        sftp_server_usage();

```

# 1.276 openssl 1.0.2k :12.e17

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```
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.\ "
.\ " Written by Eric S. Raymond <esr@thyrsus.com>
.\ "      Werner Lemberg <wl@gnu.org>
.\ "
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#### References

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```

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## 1.282 pam 1.1.8 :18.e17

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## 1.286 passwd 0.79 :4.e17

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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## 1.287 patch 2.7.1

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## 1.288 patchutils 0.3.3

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-----

Written by: Philip Hazel  
Email local part: ph10  
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```
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```

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any later version.
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19xx name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the  
appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the  
commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show  
c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your  
program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your  
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if  
necessary. Here a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the  
program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes  
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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-----  
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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

-----

---

abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'

author:

- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'

- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>."

build\_requires:

File::Temp: 0.15

Test::Harness: 3.16

Test::More: 0.49

generated\_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'

license: gpl

meta-spec:

```

url: http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html
version: 1.4
name: Module-Build
resources:
  MailingList: mailto:module-build@perl.org
  license: http://dev.perl.org/licenses/
  repository: http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/
version: 3
use strict;
use lib 't/lib';
use MBTest;
use DistGen;

plan 'no_plan';

# Ensure any Module::Build modules are loaded from correct directory
blib_load('Module::Build');

#-----#
# Create test distribution
#-----#

{
  my $dist = DistGen->new(
    name => 'Simple::Name',
    version => '0.01',
    license => 'perl'
  );

  $dist->regen;
  $dist->chdir_in;

  my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
  isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
  is( $mb->license, 'perl',
    "license 'perl' is valid"
  );

  my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

  is( $meta->{license} => 'perl', "META license will be 'perl'" );
  is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://dev.perl.org/licenses/",
    "META license URL is correct"
  );

}

{

```



```

my $dist = DistGen->new(
    name => 'Simple::Name',
    version => '0.01',
    license => 'VaporWare'
);

$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'VaporWare',
    "license 'VaporWare' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

is( $meta->{license} => 'unrestricted', "META license will be 'unrestricted'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://example.com/vaporware/",
    "META license URL is correct"
);
}

```

# Test with alpha number

# vim:ts=2:sw=2:et:sta:sts=2

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```

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```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

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```

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```

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```

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```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

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```
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program 'Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!  
This code was extracted from the Perl 5 core at perl 5.15.5.

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-----

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## 1.311 perl-srpm-macros 1 :8.el7

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Subject: [rt.cpan.org #90483] missing license file  
From: "Alexandr Ciornii via RT" <bug-Text-ParseWords@rt.cpan.org>  
Reply-To: bug-Text-ParseWords@rt.cpan.org  
In-Reply-To: <rt-4.0.18-4704-1384789048-1647.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>  
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<rt-4.0.18-4704-1384789048-1647.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>  
Message-ID: <rt-4.0.18-2172-1384790768-1347.90483-6-0@rt.cpan.org>  
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RT-Ticket: rt.cpan.org #90483  
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MIME-Version: 1.0  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset="utf-8"  
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X-RedHat-Spam-Score: -1.9 (BAYES\_00,SPF\_PASS,URIBL\_BLOCKED)  
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On Mon Nov 18 10:37:28 2013, mmaslano@redhat.com wrote:

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Will do in next version.

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Alexandr Ciornii, <http://chorny.net>

## 1.315 perl-Thread-Queue 3.02 :2.e17

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## 1.316 perl-threads 1.87 :4.e17

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## 1.317 perl-threads-shared 1.43 :6.el7

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
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# charset=UTF-8

# vim600: encoding=UTF-8

"streamable kanji code filter and converter"

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1998/11/10 sgk implementation in C++

1999/4/25 sgk C

1999/4/26 sgk

1999/6/?? Unicode

1999/6/22 sgk LGPL

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## THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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## 1.323 pinentry 0.8.1 :17.el7

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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## 1.329 polkit-pkla-compat 0.1 :4.el7

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Included for the use of the fix\_strcasecmp.c module which works around a Solaris problem.

/\*

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## 1.334 procps-ng 3.3.10 :17.el7\_5.2

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However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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# 1.335 psmisc 22.20 :11.e17

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## 1.336 pth 2.0.7 :23.e17

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```
-----
| _\|||_|_      ``Ian Fleming was a UNIX fan!
| | )|_|'|\      How do I know? Well, James Bond
| _/|||_|_|     had the (license to kill) number 007,
| | \|||_|_|     i.e., he could execute anyone!"
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Version 3, 19 November 2007

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## 1.340 pygobject3 3.14.0 :3.e17

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## 1.341 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7

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## 1.342 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes

2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
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2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
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# 1.346 python-backports-ssl\_match\_hostname

## 3.4.0.2 :4.e17

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for

National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release from	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes

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(2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1

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## 1.355 python-gudev 147.2

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## 1.356 python-hwdata 1.7.3

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## 1.357 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
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2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
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2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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## 1.358 python-ipaddr 2.1.9 :5.e17

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## 1.359 python-jinja2 2.7.2 :2.e17

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src/lxml/isoschematron/resources/xsl/RNG2Schtrn.xsl and  
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## 1.363 python-nose 1.3.0 :3.el7

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## 1.366 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.e17

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## 1.368 python-requests 2.6.0 :1.e17\_1

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Urllib3 License

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## 1.369 python-rhsm 1.17.9 :1.e17

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## 1.372 python-six 1.9.0 :2.e17

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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# 1.377 python-urllib3 1.10.2 :2.e17\_1

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## Contributors

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\* erikcederstrand <<http://code.google.com/u/erikcederstrand/>>

\* NTLM-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool

\* Basic-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool (merged into make\_headers)

- \* niphlod <niphlod@gmail.com>
- \* Client-verified SSL certificates for HTTPSConnectionPool
- \* Response gzip and deflate encoding support
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- \* Support for TLS SNI
- \* API unification of ssl\_version/cert\_reqs
- \* SSL fingerprint and alternative hostname verification
- \* Bugfixes in testsuite
  
- \* Sune Kirkeby <mig@ibofobi.dk>
- \* Optional SNI-support for Python 2 via PyOpenSSL.
  
- \* Marc Schlaich <marc.schlaich@gmail.com>
- \* Various bugfixes and test improvements.
  
- \* Bryce Boe <bbzbryce@gmail.com>
- \* Correct six.moves conflict
- \* Fixed pickle support of some exceptions

- \* Boris Figovsky <boris.figovsky@ravello.com>
- \* Allowed to skip SSL hostname verification
  
- \* Cory Benfield <http://lukasa.co.uk/about/>
- \* Stream method for Response objects.
- \* Return native strings in header values.
- \* Generate 'Host' header when using proxies.
  
- \* Jason Robinson <jaywink@basshero.org>
- \* Add missing WrappedSocket.fileno method in PyOpenSSL
  
- \* Audrius Butkevicius <audrius.butkevicius@elastichosts.com>
- \* Fixed a race condition
  
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- \* Added abstraction for granular control of request fields
  
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- \* Support for non-ASCII header parameters
  
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- \* Support for separate connect and request timeouts
  
- \* Peter Waller <p@pwaller.net>
- \* HTTPResponse.tell() for determining amount received over the wire
  
- \* Nipunn Koorapati <nipunn1313@gmail.com>
- \* Ignore default ports when comparing hosts for equality
  
- \* Danilo @dbrgn <http://dbrgn.ch/>
- \* Disabled TLS compression by default on Python 3.2+
- \* Disabled TLS compression in pyopenssl contrib module
- \* Configurable cipher suites in pyopenssl contrib module
  
- \* Roman Bogorodskiy <roman.bogorodskiy@ericsson.com>
- \* Account retries on proxy errors
  
- \* Nicolas Delaby <nicolas.delaby@ezeep.com>
- \* Use the platform-specific CA certificate locations
  
- \* Josh Schneier <https://github.com/jschneier>
- \* HTTPHeaderDict and associated tests and docs
- \* Bugfixes, docs, test coverage
  
- \* Tahia Khan <http://tahia.tk/>

- \* Added Timeout examples in docs
  
- \* Arthur Grunseid <<http://grunseid.com>>
- \* source\_address support and tests (with <https://github.com/bui>)
  
- \* Ian Cordasco <[graffatcolmingov@gmail.com](mailto:graffatcolmingov@gmail.com)>
- \* PEP8 Compliance and Linting
- \* Add ability to pass socket options to an HTTP Connection
  
- \* Erik Tollerud <[erik.tollerud@gmail.com](mailto:erik.tollerud@gmail.com)>
- \* Support for standard library io module.
  
- \* Krishna Prasad <[kprasad.iitd@gmail.com](mailto:kprasad.iitd@gmail.com)>
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- \* Added Url.url, which unparses a Url
  
- \* Evgeny Kapun <[abacabadabacaba@gmail.com](mailto:abacabadabacaba@gmail.com)>
- \* Bugfixes
  
- \* Benjamin Meyer <[bm\\_witness@yahoo.com](mailto:bm_witness@yahoo.com)>
- \* Security Warning Documentation update for proper capture
  
- \* Shivan Sornarajah <[github@sornars.com](mailto:github@sornars.com)>
- \* Support for using ConnectionPool and PoolManager as context managers.
  
- \* Alex Gaynor <[alex.gaynor@gmail.com](mailto:alex.gaynor@gmail.com)>
- \* Updates to the default SSL configuration
  
- \* [Your name or handle] <[email or website]>
- \* [Brief summary of your changes]

# 1.378 python-websockify 0.8.0 :1.e17

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# 1.383 qemu-kvm-ev 2.9.0 :16.el7\_4.11.1

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
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stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in



these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally

distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General



Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,

in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit

modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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```

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```

```

ifndef TOP
TOP = $(shell while ! test -e make.rules; do cd .. ; done; pwd)
export TOP
endif
include $(TOP)/make.rules

```

```

SUBDIRS=
ifeq ($(SNK_BIOSEMU_APPS), 1)
SUBDIRS += x86emu
endif
CLEANSUBDIRS = $(SUBDIRS)

```

```

all :
for subdir in $(SUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $$subdir || exit 1 ; done

```

```

# Common targets for all subdirectories:
clean distclean depend:
for subdir in $(CLEANSUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $$subdir $$@ ; done
# ****
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```

```

ifndef TOP
TOP = $(shell while ! test -e make.rules; do cd .. ; done; pwd)
export TOP
endif
include $(TOP)/make.rules

```

ROOTDIR ?= ../..

LDFLAGS =

ASFLAGS = -I./include -Wa,-mregnames

#NOTE: -DDEBUG only needed for debugging/tracing...

CFLAGS = -UDEBUG -m64 -I. -I./include -I./include/x86emu \  
-I\$(TOP)/clients/net-snk/include -I\$(ROOTDIR)/include \  
-I\$(ROOTDIR)/lib/libc/include -O3 -nostdinc -fno-builtin \  
-ffreestanding -Wall -Wno-unused

X86EMU\_OBJS = debug.o decode.o fpu.o ops2.o ops.o prim\_ops.o sys.o

%.o: %.S

\$(CC) \$(ASFLAGS) -c -o \$@ \$^

%.o: %.c

\$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) -c -o \$@ \$^

all: libx86emu.a

libx86emu.a: \$(X86EMU\_OBJS)

\$(AR) -rc \$@ \$^

\$(RANLIB) \$@

clean:

\$(RM) \*.o \*.i \*.s libx86emu.a

distclean: clean

Index: debug.c

=====  
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/debug.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.3

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3

--- debug.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ debug.c 15 Jan 2008 13:49:25 -0000 1.3

@@ -52,7 +52,11 @@

void X86EMU\_trace\_regs (void)

{

  if (DEBUG\_TRACE()) {

-  x86emu\_dump\_regs();

+ if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE\_PREFIX\_DATA | SYSMODE\_PREFIX\_ADDR)) {

+  x86emu\_dump\_xregs();

+ } else {

+  x86emu\_dump\_regs();

+ }

```

    }
    if (DEBUG_DECODE() && ! DEBUG_DECODE_NOPRINT()) {
        printk("%04x:%04x ",M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip);
@@ -185,7 +189,7 @@
    for (i=0; i< M.x86.enc_pos; i++) {
        sprintf(buf1+2*i,"%02x", fetch_data_byte_abs(s,o+i));
    }
-   printk("%-20s",buf1);
+   printk("%-20s ",buf1);
}

```

static void print\_decoded\_instruction (void)

Index: ops2.c

=====

RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/ops2.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.3

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3

--- ops2.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ ops2.c 20 Mar 2008 15:48:34 -0000 1.3

@@ -149,8 +149,69 @@

```

    target += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   if (cond)
+   if (cond) {
        M.x86.R_IP = (u16)target;
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " LONG COND ");
+   }
+   DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
+   END_OF_INSTR();
+}
+
+/******
+REMARKS:
+Handles opcode 0x0f,0xC8-0xCF
+*****/
+
+s32 x86emu_bswap(s32 reg)
+{
+   // perform the byte swap
+   s32 temp = reg;
+   reg = (temp & 0xFF000000) >> 24;
+   reg |= (temp & 0xFF0000) >> 8;
+   reg |= (temp & 0xFF00) << 8;
+   reg |= (temp & 0xFF) << 24;
+   return reg;
+}
+

```

```

+void x86emuOp2_bswap(u8 op2)
+{
+ /* byte swap 32 bit register */
+ START_OF_INSTR();
+ DECODE_PRINTF("BSWAP\t");
+ switch (op2) {
+ case 0xc8:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("EAX\n");
+ M.x86.R_EAX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EAX);
+ break;
+ case 0xc9:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("ECX\n");
+ M.x86.R_ECX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ECX);
+ break;
+ case 0xca:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("EDX\n");
+ M.x86.R_EDX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EDX);
+ break;
+ case 0xcb:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("EBX\n");
+ M.x86.R_EBX = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EBX);
+ break;
+ case 0xcc:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("ESP\n");
+ M.x86.R_ESP = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ESP);
+ break;
+ case 0xcd:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("EBP\n");
+ M.x86.R_EBP = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EBP);
+ break;
+ case 0xce:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("ESI\n");
+ M.x86.R_ESI = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_ESI);
+ break;
+ case 0xcf:
+ DECODE_PRINTF("EDI\n");
+ M.x86.R_EDI = x86emu_bswap(M.x86.R_EDI);
+ break;
+ }
+ TRACE_AND_STEP();
+ DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
+ END_OF_INSTR();
+ }
@@ -1702,14 +1763,14 @@
/* 0xc5 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc6 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc7 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xc8 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */

```

```

-/* 0xc9 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xca */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcb */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcc */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcd */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xce */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
-/* 0xcf */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op, /* TODO: bswap */
+/* 0xc8 */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xc9 */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xca */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcb */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcc */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcd */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xce */ x86emuOp2_bswap,
+/* 0xcf */ x86emuOp2_bswap,

```

```

/* 0xd0 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,
/* 0xd1 */ x86emuOp2_illegal_op,

```

Index: ops.c

```

=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/ops.c,v

```

retrieving revision 1.1

diff -u -u -r1.1 ops.c

--- ops.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ ops.c 20 Mar 2008 16:52:00 -0000

@@ -1061,7 +1061,11 @@

```

    imm = (s8)fetch_byte_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("PUSH\t%d\n", imm);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   push_word(imm);
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+       push_long(imm);
+   } else {
+       push_word(imm);
+   }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -1256,8 +1260,10 @@
    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + (s16)offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-   if (cond)
+   if (cond) {
+       M.x86.R_IP = target;
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " NEAR COND ");
+   }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();

```

```

    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -2516,9 +2522,11 @@
    count = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
        - /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
        - count = M.x86.R_CX;
        + /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
        + count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
        + if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
        +     M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    }
    while (count--) {
@@ -2526,6 +2534,8 @@
        store_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, val);
        M.x86.R_SI += inc;
        M.x86.R_DI += inc;
        + if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
        +     break;
    }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2559,9 +2569,11 @@
    count = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
        - /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
        - count = M.x86.R_CX;
        + /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
        + count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
        + if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
        +     M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    }
    while (count--) {
@@ -2574,6 +2586,8 @@
    }
    M.x86.R_SI += inc;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    + if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
    +     break;
    }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();

```

@@ -2598,16 +2612,21 @@

```
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* REPE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        val1 = fetch_data_byte(M.x86.R_SI);
        val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_byte(val1, val2);
-       M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
        M.x86.R_SI += inc;
        M.x86.R_DI += inc;
        if ( ( M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE ) && ( ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0 ) ) break;
        if ( ( M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE ) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) ) break;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
```

@@ -2644,8 +2663,8 @@

```
TRACE_AND_STEP();
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* REPE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
            val1 = fetch_data_long(M.x86.R_SI);
            val2 = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
@@ -2655,11 +2674,16 @@
            val2 = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_word((u16)val1, (u16)val2);
        }
-       M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+       else
+           M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
        M.x86.R_SI += inc;
        M.x86.R_DI += inc;
        if ( ( M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE ) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0 ) break;
```



```

        if ( (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) ) break;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
} else {
@@ -2741,11 +2765,16 @@
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+       while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
            store_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, M.x86.R_AL);
-           M.x86.R_CX --;
+           if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+               M.x86.R_ECX --;
+           else
+               M.x86.R_CX --;
            M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+           if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+           break;
        }
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    } else {
@@ -2783,9 +2812,11 @@
        count = 1;
        if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
            /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-           /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-           count = M.x86.R_CX;
+           /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+           count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
            M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+           if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+               M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
            M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
        }
        while (count--) {
@@ -2795,6 +2826,8 @@
            store_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI, M.x86.R_AX);
        }
        M.x86.R_DI += inc;
+       if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();

```

```

END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2817,11 +2850,16 @@
    inc = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+       while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
            M.x86.R_AL = fetch_data_byte(M.x86.R_SI);
-           M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+           if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+               M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+           else
+               M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
            M.x86.R_SI += inc;
+           if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+               break;
        }
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    } else {
@@ -2859,9 +2897,11 @@
    count = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-       /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-       count = M.x86.R_CX;
+       /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+       count = (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX;
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
+       if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+           M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
    }
    while (count--) {
@@ -2871,6 +2911,8 @@
        M.x86.R_AX = fetch_data_word(M.x86.R_SI);
    }
    M.x86.R_SI += inc;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
}
DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -2894,26 +2936,36 @@
    inc = 1;
    if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) {
        /* REPE */

```

```

- /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
- while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+ /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+ while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
    val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
    cmp_byte(M.x86.R_AL, val2);
-    M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+    if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+        M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+    else
+        M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0)
        break;
+    if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+        break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
} else if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) {
    /* REPNE */
- /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
- while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+ /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+ while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
    val2 = fetch_data_byte_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
    cmp_byte(M.x86.R_AL, val2);
-    M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+    if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+        M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+    else
+        M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))
        break; /* zero flag set means equal */
+    if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+        break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
} else {
@@ -2951,8 +3003,8 @@
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE) {
        /* REPE */
- /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
- while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+ /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+ while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {

```

```

        val = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
        cmp_long(M.x86.R_EAX, val);
@@ -2960,16 +3012,21 @@
        val = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
        cmp_word(M.x86.R_AX, (u16)val);
    }
-   M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+   else
+       M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF) == 0)
        break;
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
} else if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE) {
    /* REPNE */
-   /* move them until CX is ZERO. */
-   while (M.x86.R_CX != 0) {
+   /* move them until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   while (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) {
        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
            val = fetch_data_long_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_long(M.x86.R_EAX, val);
@@ -2977,10 +3034,15 @@
            val = fetch_data_word_abs(M.x86.R_ES, M.x86.R_DI);
            cmp_word(M.x86.R_AX, (u16)val);
        }
-   M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)
+       M.x86.R_ECX -- 1;
+   else
+       M.x86.R_CX -- 1;
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    if (ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF))
        break;    /* zero flag set means equal */
+   if (M.x86.intr & INTR_HALTED)
+       break;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
} else {
@@ -3238,9 +3300,9 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("RET\t");
    imm = fetch_word_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", imm);

```

```

- RETURN_TRACE("RET",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "NEAR");
  M.x86.R_SP += imm;
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -3254,9 +3316,9 @@
{
  START_OF_INSTR();
  DECODE_PRINTF("RET\n");
- RETURN_TRACE("RET",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "NEAR");
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -3471,10 +3533,10 @@
  DECODE_PRINTF("RETFt");
  imm = fetch_word_imm();
  DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", imm);
- RETURN_TRACE("RETF",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
  M.x86.R_CS = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "FAR");
  M.x86.R_SP += imm;
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -3488,10 +3550,10 @@
{
  START_OF_INSTR();
  DECODE_PRINTF("RETF\n");
- RETURN_TRACE("RETF",M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip);
TRACE_AND_STEP();
  M.x86.R_IP = pop_word();
  M.x86.R_CS = pop_word();
+ RETURN_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs,M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, "FAR");
  DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
  END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4020,8 +4082,11 @@
  ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
  DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
  TRACE_AND_STEP();
- M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
- if (M.x86.R_CX != 0 && !ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF)) /* CX != 0 and !ZF */

```

```

+  if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+    M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+  else
+    M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+  if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0 &&
!ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF)) /* (E)CX != 0 and !ZF */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4041,8 +4106,11 @@
    ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-  M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
-  if (M.x86.R_CX != 0 && ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF)) /* CX != 0 and ZF */
+  if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+    M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+  else
+    M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+  if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0 &&
ACCESS_FLAG(F_ZF)) /* (E)CX != 0 and ZF */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4062,8 +4130,11 @@
    ip += (s16) M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-  M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
-  if (M.x86.R_CX != 0)
+  if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+    M.x86.R_ECX -= 1;
+  else
+    M.x86.R_CX -= 1;
+  if (((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR) ? M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX) != 0) /* (E)CX != 0 */
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
@@ -4085,8 +4156,10 @@
    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
-  if (M.x86.R_CX == 0)
+  if (M.x86.R_CX == 0) {
    M.x86.R_IP = target;
+  JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, M.x86.R_IP, " CXZ ");
+  }
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();

```

```

    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4213,6 +4286,7 @@
    ip = (s16)fetch_word_imm();
    ip += (s16)M.x86.R_IP;
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, ip, " NEAR ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = (u16)ip;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
@@ -4233,6 +4307,7 @@
    cs = fetch_word_imm();
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x:", cs);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%04x\n", ip);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, cs, ip, " FAR ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = ip;
    M.x86.R_CS = cs;
@@ -4254,6 +4329,7 @@
    offset = (s8)fetch_byte_imm();
    target = (u16)(M.x86.R_IP + offset);
    DECODE_PRINTF2("%x\n", target);
+   JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, target, " BYTE ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = target;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
@@ -4357,6 +4433,8 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("REPNE\n");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_32BIT_REP;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -4371,6 +4449,8 @@
    DECODE_PRINTF("REPE\n");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE;
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+   M.x86.mode |= SYSMODE_32BIT_REP;
    DECODE_CLEAR_SEGOVR();
    END_OF_INSTR();
}
@@ -5013,12 +5093,14 @@
    break;
    case 4: /* jmp word ptr ... */
        destval = fetch_data_word(destoffset);

```

```

+     JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, M.x86.R_CS, destval, " WORD ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = destval;
    break;
case 5:     /* jmp far ptr ... */
    destval = fetch_data_word(destoffset);
    destval2 = fetch_data_word(destoffset + 2);
+     JMP_TRACE(M.x86.saved_cs, M.x86.saved_ip, destval2, destval, " FAR ");
    TRACE_AND_STEP();
    M.x86.R_IP = destval;
    M.x86.R_CS = destval2;

```

Index: prim\_ops.c

```

=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/prim_ops.c,v
retrieving revision 1.1
retrieving revision 1.3
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3
--- prim_ops.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
+++ prim_ops.c 16 Jan 2008 14:18:15 -0000 1.3
@@ -1921,7 +1921,7 @@
void imul_long_direct(u32 *res_lo, u32* res_hi,u32 d, u32 s)
{
#ifdef __HAS_LONG_LONG__
-   s64 res = (s64)d * (s64)s;
+   s64 res = (s64)(s32)d * (s64)(s32)s;

    *res_lo = (u32)res;
    *res_hi = (u32)(res >> 32);
@@ -2013,7 +2013,7 @@
void mul_long(u32 s)
{
#ifdef __HAS_LONG_LONG__
-   u64 res = (u32)M.x86.R_EAX * (u32)s;
+   u64 res = (u64)M.x86.R_EAX * s;

    M.x86.R_EAX = (u32)res;
    M.x86.R_EDX = (u32)(res >> 32);
@@ -2312,16 +2312,15 @@
}
if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
    /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-   /* in until CX is ZERO. */
-   u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) ?
+   /* in until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+   u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ?
        M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX);
-
    while (count--> 0) {

```



```

    single_in(size);
    M.x86.R_DI += inc;
    }
M.x86.R_CX = 0;
-   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+   if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) {
        M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
    }
    M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);
@@ -2355,15 +2354,15 @@
    }
    if (M.x86.mode & (SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE)) {
        /* dont care whether REPE or REPNE */
-        /* out until CX is ZERO. */
-        u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) ?
+        /* out until (E)CX is ZERO. */
+        u32 count = ((M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) ?
                M.x86.R_ECX : M.x86.R_CX);
        while (count-->0) {
            single_out(size);
            M.x86.R_SI += inc;
        }
        M.x86.R_CX = 0;
-        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA) {
+        if (M.x86.mode & SYSMODE_32BIT_REP) {
            M.x86.R_ECX = 0;
        }
        M.x86.mode &= ~(SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPE | SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE);

```

Index: sys.c

=====  
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/sys.c,v

retrieving revision 1.1

retrieving revision 1.2

diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.2

--- sys.c 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1

+++ sys.c 7 Sep 2007 10:03:13 -0000 1.2

@@ -45,11 +45,6 @@

#include <x86emu/regs.h>

#include "debug.h"

#include "prim\_ops.h"

ifndef LINUXBIOS\_VERSION

#include "io.h"

else

#include <sys/io.h>

endif

ifdef IN\_MODULE

#include "xf86\_ansi.h"

```
@@ -220,7 +215,7 @@
```

```
{  
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("inb %#04x \n", addr);  
    - return inb(addr);  
    + return 0;  
}
```

```
/***/
```

```
@@ -235,7 +230,7 @@
```

```
{  
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("inw %#04x \n", addr);  
    - return inw(addr);  
    + return 0;  
}
```

```
/***/
```

```
@@ -250,7 +245,7 @@
```

```
{  
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("inl %#04x \n", addr);  
    - return inl(addr);  
    + return 0;  
}
```

```
/***/
```

```
@@ -264,7 +259,6 @@
```

```
{  
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("outb %#02x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);  
    - outb(val, addr);  
    return;  
}
```

```
@@ -279,7 +273,6 @@
```

```
{  
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("outw %#04x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);  
    - outw(val, addr);  
    return;  
}
```

```
@@ -295,7 +288,6 @@
```

```
    DB(if (DEBUG_IO_TRACE()  
        printk("outl %#08x -> %#04x \n", val, addr);  
  
    - outl(val, addr);
```

```
return;
}
```

```
@@ -405,6 +397,6 @@
```

```
void X86EMU_setMemBase(void *base, size_t size)
{
- M.mem_base = (int) base;
+ M.mem_base = (unsigned long) base;
  M.mem_size = size;
}
```

```
Index: include/x86emu/debug.h
```

```
=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/debug.h,v
```

```
retrieving revision 1.1
```

```
retrieving revision 1.4
```

```
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.4
```

```
--- include/x86emu/debug.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
```

```
+++ include/x86emu/debug.h 20 Mar 2008 15:25:27 -0000 1.4
```

```
@@ -40,8 +40,6 @@
```

```
#ifndef __X86EMU_DEBUG_H
```

```
#define __X86EMU_DEBUG_H
```

```
 -//#define DEBUG 0
```

```
 -#undef DEBUG
```

```
 /*----- Macros and type definitions -----*/
```

```
 /* checks to be enabled for "runtime" */
```

```
@@ -78,6 +76,8 @@
```

```
# define DEBUG_SYSINT()      (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_SYSINT_F)
```

```
# define DEBUG_TRACECALL()  (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_TRACECALL_F)
```

```
# define DEBUG_TRACECALLREGS() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_TRACECALL_REGS_F)
```

```
+# define DEBUG_TRACEJMP()   (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_TRACEJMP_F)
```

```
+# define DEBUG_TRACEJMPREGS() (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_TRACEJMP_REGS_F)
```

```
# define DEBUG_SYS()        (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_SYS_F)
```

```
# define DEBUG_MEM_TRACE()  (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_MEM_TRACE_F)
```

```
# define DEBUG_IO_TRACE()   (M.x86.debug & DEBUG_IO_TRACE_F)
```

```
@@ -96,6 +96,8 @@
```

```
# define DEBUG_SYSINT()      0
```

```
# define DEBUG_TRACECALL()  0
```

```
# define DEBUG_TRACECALLREGS() 0
```

```
+# define DEBUG_TRACEJMP()   0
```

```
+# define DEBUG_TRACEJMPREGS() 0
```

```
# define DEBUG_SYS()        0
```

```
# define DEBUG_MEM_TRACE()  0
```

```
# define DEBUG_IO_TRACE()   0
```

```
@@ -169,14 +171,20 @@
```

```
  x86emu_dump_regs();
```

```
 \
```

```

if (DEBUG_TRACECALL())
    printk("%04x:%04x: CALL %s%04x:%04x\n", u, v, s, w, x);
-# define RETURN_TRACE(n,u,v)
+# define RETURN_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
if (DEBUG_TRACECALLREGS())
    x86emu_dump_regs();
if (DEBUG_TRACECALL())
- printk("%04x:%04x: %s\n",u,v,n);
+ printk("%04x:%04x: RET %s %04x:%04x\n",u,v,s,w,x);
+# define JMP_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
+ if (DEBUG_TRACEJMPREGS()) \
+ x86emu_dump_regs(); \
+ if (DEBUG_TRACEJMP()) \
+ printk("%04x:%04x: JMP %s%04x:%04x\n", u, v, s, w, x);
#else
# define CALL_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
-# define RETURN_TRACE(n,u,v)
+# define RETURN_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
+# define JMP_TRACE(u,v,w,x,s)
#endif

#ifdef DEBUG
Index: include/x86emu/regs.h
=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/regs.h,v
retrieving revision 1.1
retrieving revision 1.4
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.4
--- include/x86emu/regs.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
+++ include/x86emu/regs.h 15 Jan 2008 13:46:40 -0000 1.4
@@ -231,6 +231,9 @@
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_REPNE 0x00000100
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA 0x00000200
#define SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR 0x00000400
+//phueper: for REP(E)NE Instructions, we need to decide wether it should be using
+//the 32bit ECX register as or the 16bit CX register as count register
+#define SYSMODE_32BIT_REP 0x00000800
#define SYSMODE_INTR_PENDING 0x10000000
#define SYSMODE_EXTRN_INTR 0x20000000
#define SYSMODE_HALTED 0x40000000
@@ -250,7 +253,8 @@
    SYSMODE_SEGOVR_GS  |\
    SYSMODE_SEGOVR_SS  |\
    SYSMODE_PREFIX_DATA  |\
-    SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR)
+    SYSMODE_PREFIX_ADDR  |\
+    SYSMODE_32BIT_REP)

```

```

#define INTR_SYNCH      0x1
#define INTR_ASYNCH    0x2
@@ -274,9 +278,9 @@
    */
    u32          mode;
    volatile int  intr; /* mask of pending interrupts */
- int          debug;
+ volatile int  debug;
#ifdef DEBUG
- int          check;
+ int          check;
    u16         saved_ip;
    u16         saved_cs;
    int         enc_pos;
Index: include/x86emu/x86emu.h
=====
RCS file: /cvs/osdf/cvs/host/other-licence/x86emu/include/x86emu/x86emu.h,v
retrieving revision 1.1
retrieving revision 1.3
diff -u -u -r1.1 -r1.3
--- include/x86emu/x86emu.h 7 Sep 2007 10:01:21 -0000 1.1
+++ include/x86emu/x86emu.h 19 Oct 2007 08:42:15 -0000 1.3
@@ -47,6 +47,7 @@
#include <console.h>
#define printk(x...) printk(BIOS_DEBUG, x)
#else
+#include <stdio.h>
#define printk printf
#endif

@@ -189,6 +181,8 @@
#define DEBUG_TRACECALL_REGS_F 0x004000
#define DEBUG_DECODE_NOPRINT_F 0x008000
#define DEBUG_SAVE_IP_CS_F 0x010000
+#define DEBUG_TRACEJMP_F 0x020000
+#define DEBUG_TRACEJMP_REGS_F 0x040000
#define DEBUG_SYS_F (DEBUG_SVC_F|DEBUG_FS_F|DEBUG_PROC_F)

void X86EMU_trace_regs(void);
@@ -200,5 +194,4 @@
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /* End of "C" linkage for C++ */
#endif
-
#endif /* __X86EMU_X86EMU_H */
# *****
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```

```

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# * http://www.opensource.org/licenses/bsd-license.php
# *
# * Contributors:
# *   IBM Corporation - initial implementation
# *****/
#!/bin/bash

#set -x
#set -e

SVN=`which svn`
PATCH=`which patch`
DIFF_FILE=./x86emu_changes.diff

# check wether svn, patch, ... is available...

if [ ! -x $SVN ]; then
    echo "subversion executable not found!"
    exit -1
fi
if [ ! -x $PATCH ]; then
    echo "patch executable not found!"
    exit -1
fi
if [ ! -r $DIFF_FILE ]; then
    echo "diff file $DIFF_FILE not found!"
    exit -1
fi

# download the x86emu sources from LinuxBIOS subversion

#revision known to work...
REV=496

echo "Checking out x86emu from coreboot-v3 repository revision $REV"
$SVN co svn://coreboot.org/repository/coreboot-v3/util/x86emu -r $REV

echo "Copying files..."

mkdir -p include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.c .
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/include/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu

echo "Removing checkedout subversion director..."

```

```
rm -rf x86emu
```

```
echo "Patching files..."
```

```
$PATCH -p0 < x86emu_changes.diff
```

```
echo "done"
```

```
exit 0
```

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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David Gibson <david@gibson.dropbear.id.au>

(principal original author of dtc and libfdt)

2 November 2007

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 \*/  
 /\* \$OpenBSD: syscall.h,v 1.101 2008/03/16 19:43:41 otto Exp \$ \*/  
 /\*  
 \* System call numbers.  
 \*  
 \* created from; OpenBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.90 2008/03/16 19:42:57 otto Exp  
 \*/  
  
 #define TARGET\_OPENBSD\_NR\_syscall 0  
 #define TARGET\_OPENBSD\_NR\_exit 1  
 #define TARGET\_OPENBSD\_NR\_fork 2



```

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_read      3
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_write    4
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_open     5
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_close    6
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_wait4    7
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_link     9
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unlink   10
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chdir    12
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchdir   13
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mknod    14
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chmod    15
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chown    16
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_break    17
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpid   20
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mount    21
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unmount  22
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setuid   23
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getuid   24
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_geteuid  25
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ptrace   26
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_recvmsg  27
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sendmsg  28
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_recvfrom 29
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_accept   30
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_access  33
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chflags  34
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchflags 35
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sync     36
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kill     37
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getppid  39
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_dup      41
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_opipe    42
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getegid  43
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_profil    44
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ktrace   45
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigaction 46
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getgid   47
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigprocmask 48
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getlogin 49
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setlogin 50
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_acct     51
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigpending 52
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_osigaltstack 53
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ioctl    54
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_reboot   55
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_revoke   56

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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sstk 70
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_socket 97
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigreturn 103
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigsuspend 111
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mkfifo 132
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sendto 133
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_socketpair 135
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_utimes   138
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_adjtime  140
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setsid   147
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_nfssvc   155
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfh    161
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sysarch  165
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pread    173
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pwrite   174
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgid   181
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setegid  182
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_seteuid  183
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_markv 185
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_segclean 186
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lfs_segwait 187
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pathconf 191
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mmap     197
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___syscall 198
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lseek    199
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_truncate  200
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___sysctl  202
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlock     203
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munlock   204
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_futimes   206
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpgid   207
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_xfspioctl 208
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_semget    221
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgsnd    226
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgrcv    227
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmat     228
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmdt     230
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_minherit  250
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rfork     251
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_poll      252
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsid    255
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msync    256
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pipe     263
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhopen   264
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_preadv   267
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pwritev  268
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kqueue   269
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kevent   270
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlockall 271
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munlockall 272
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpeereid 273
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresuid 281
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresuid 282
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresgid 283
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresgid 284
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mquery   286
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_closefrom 287
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigaltstack 288
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmget   289
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_semop    290
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_stat     291
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstat    292
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lstat    293
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstat   294
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___semctl 295
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmctl   296
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgctl   297
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getthrid 299
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrslp   300
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrwake  301
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_threxit  302
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrsigdivert 303
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___getcwd 304
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_adjfreq  305
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfsstat 306
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_statfs   307
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstatfs  308
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstatfs 309

/* syscall flags from machine/trap.h */

/* $OpenBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 2008/07/04 22:04:37 kettanis Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 1999/06/07 05:28:04 eeh Exp $ */

/*
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```

```

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*
*/
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G2RFLAG 0x400 /* on success, return to %g2 rather than npc */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G7RFLAG 0x800 /* use %g7 as above (deprecated) */
/* $NetBSD: syscall.h,v 1.215 2008/06/17 16:07:57 tsutsui Exp $ */

/*
* System call numbers.
*
* created from NetBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.204 2008/06/17 16:05:23 tsutsui Exp
*/

#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_syscall 0
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_exit 1
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fork 2
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_read 3
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_write 4
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_open 5
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_close 6
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_wait4 7
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ocreat 8
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_link 9
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unlink 10
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chdir 12
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchdir 13
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mknod 14
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chmod 15
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chown 16
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_break 17
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_getfsstat 18

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_olseek 19
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpid 20
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpid 20
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_40_mount 21
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unmount 22
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setuid 23
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getuid 24
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getuid 24
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_geteuid 25
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ptrace 26
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvmsg 27
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sendmsg 28
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvfrom 29
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_accept 30
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_access 33
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chflags 34
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchflags 35
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sync 36
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kill 37
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_stat43 38
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getppid 39
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_lstat43 40
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup 41
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pipe 42
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getegid 43
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_profil 44
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ktrace 45
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigaction13 46
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigprocmask13 48
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getlogin 49
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___setlogin 50
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigpending13 52
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigaltstack13 53
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_oreboot 55
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_fstat43 62
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetkerninfo 63

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_msync 65
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ommap 71
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_owait 84
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_oswapon 85
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostname 87
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osethostname 88
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetdtablesize 89
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_socket 97
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oaccept 99
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osend 101
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecv 102
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigreturn13 103
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigvec 108
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigblock 109
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigsetmask 110
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigsuspend13 111
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigstack 112
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvmsg 113
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_writev    121
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_settimeofday    122
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchown    123
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchmod    124
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvfrom    125
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setreuid    126
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setregid    127
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rename    128
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_otruncate    129
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oftruncate    130
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_flock    131
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mkfifo    132
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sendto    133
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mkdir    136
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_utimes    138
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_adjtime    140
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetpeername    141
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostid    142
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostid    143
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetrlimit    144
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetrlimit    145
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_okillpg    146
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsid    147
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_quotactl    148
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oquota    149
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetsockname    150
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_nfssvc    155
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetdirenties    156
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_statfs    157
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_fstatfs    158
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_getfh    161
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ogetdomainname    162
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ogetdomainname    163
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ouname    164
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sysarch    165
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_osemsys    169
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_omsgsys    170
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_oshmsys    171
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pread    173
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwrite    174
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_ntp_gettime    175
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ntp_adjtime    176
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgid    181
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setegid    182
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_seteuid    183

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_markv 185
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segclean 186
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segwait 187
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_stat12 188
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_fstat12 189
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_lstat12 190
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pathconf 191
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mmap 197
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___syscall 198
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lseek 199
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_truncate 200
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sysctl 202
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mlock 203
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munlock 204
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_undelete 205
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_futimes 206
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgid 207
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_reboot 208
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_poll 209
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14___semctl 220
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semget 221
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semop 222
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semconfig 223
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14_msgctl 224
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgget 225
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgsnd 226
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgrcv 227
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmat 228
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14_shmctl 229
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmdt 230
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmget 231
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_create 235
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_delete 236
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_settime 237
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_gettime 238
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_getoverrun 239
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fdatasync 241
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mlockall 242

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munlockall 243
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigtimedwait 244
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_modctl 246
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_init 247
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_open 248
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_unlink 249
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_close 250
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_post 251
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_wait 252
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_trywait 253
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_getvalue 254
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ksem_destroy 255
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_open 257
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_close 258
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_unlink 259
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_getattr 260
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_setattr 261
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_notify 262
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_send 263
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_receive 264
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_timedsend 265
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mq_timedreceive 266
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_rename 270
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_swapctl 271
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_getdents 272
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_minherit 273
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lchmod 274
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lchown 275
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lutimes 276
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___msync13 277
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___stat13 278
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___fstat13 279
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___lstat13 280
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigaltstack14 281
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___vfork14 282
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_chown 283
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fchown 284
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_lchown 285
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsid 286
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___clone 287
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fktrace 288
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_preadv 289
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwritev 290
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigaction14 291
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigpending14 292
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigprocmask14 293
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigsuspend14 294
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigreturn14 295

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchroot 297
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhopen 298
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstat 299
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_fhstatfs 300
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___semctl13 301
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___msgctl13 302
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___shmctl13 303
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lchflags 304
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_issetugid 305
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_utrace 306
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getcontext 307
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setcontext 308
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_create 309
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_exit 310
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_self 311
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_wait 312
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_suspend 313
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_continue 314
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_wakeup 315
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_getprivate 316
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_setprivate 317
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_kill 318
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_detach 319
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_park 320
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_unpark 321
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_unpark_all 322
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_setname 323
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_getname 324
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lwp_ctl 325
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_register 330
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_stacks 331
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_enable 332
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_setconcurrency 333
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_yield 334
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_preempt 335
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_unblockyield 336
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigaction_sigtramp 340
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pmc_get_info 341
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rasctl 343
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kqueue 344
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kevent 345
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setparam 346
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_getparam 347
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setaffinity 348
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sched_yield 350

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_uuidgen 355
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getvfsstat 356
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_statvfs1 357
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fstatvfs1 358
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstatvfs1 359
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattrctl 360
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_file 361
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_file 362
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file 363
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd 364
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd 365
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd 366
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_link 367
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_link 368
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link 369
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd 370
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_file 371
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_link 372
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pselect 373
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pollts 374
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lsetxattr 376
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getxattr 378
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lgetxattr 379
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_listxattr 381
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_llistxattr 382
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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_removexattr 384
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lremovexattr 385
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fremovexattr 386
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___stat30 387
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fstat30 388
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___lstat30 389
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getdents30 390
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___fhstat30 392
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ntp_gettime30 393
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___socket30 394
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getfh30 395
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhopen40 396
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhstatvfs140 397
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhstat40 398
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_cancel 399
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_error 400
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_fsync 401
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_read 402

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#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_return 403
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_suspend 404
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_write 405
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lio_listio 406
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___mount50 410
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mremap 411
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_create 412
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_destroy 413
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_assign 414
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_bind 415
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fadvise50 416
/* $OpenBSD: errno.h,v 1.20 2007/09/03 14:37:52 millert Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: errno.h,v 1.10 1996/01/20 01:33:53 jtc Exp $ */

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 * SUCH DAMAGE.
 *
 * @(#)errno.h 8.5 (Berkeley) 1/21/94

```

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*/

#define TARGET_EPERM      1      /* Operation not permitted */
#define TARGET_ENOENT    2      /* No such file or directory */
#define TARGET_ESRCH     3      /* No such process */
#define TARGET_EINTR     4      /* Interrupted system call */
#define TARGET_EIO       5      /* Input/output error */
#define TARGET_ENXIO     6      /* Device not configured */
#define TARGET_E2BIG     7      /* Argument list too long */
#define TARGET_ENOEXEC   8      /* Exec format error */
#define TARGET_EBADF     9      /* Bad file descriptor */
#define TARGET_ECHILD   10     /* No child processes */
#define TARGET_EDEADLK  11     /* Resource deadlock avoided */
                                /* 11 was EAGAIN */
#define TARGET_ENOMEM   12     /* Cannot allocate memory */
#define TARGET_EACCES   13     /* Permission denied */
#define TARGET_EFAULT   14     /* Bad address */
#define TARGET_ENOTBLK  15     /* Block device required */
#define TARGET_EBUSY    16     /* Device busy */
#define TARGET_EEXIST    17     /* File exists */
#define TARGET_EXDEV     18     /* Cross-device link */
#define TARGET_ENODEV   19     /* Operation not supported by device */
#define TARGET_ENOTDIR  20     /* Not a directory */
#define TARGET_EISDIR   21     /* Is a directory */
#define TARGET_EINVAL   22     /* Invalid argument */
#define TARGET_ENFILE   23     /* Too many open files in system */
#define TARGET_EMFILE   24     /* Too many open files */
#define TARGET_ENOTTY   25     /* Inappropriate ioctl for device */
#define TARGET_ETXTBSY  26     /* Text file busy */
#define TARGET_EFBIG    27     /* File too large */
#define TARGET_ENOSPC   28     /* No space left on device */
#define TARGET_ESPIPE   29     /* Illegal seek */
#define TARGET_EROFS    30     /* Read-only file system */
#define TARGET_EMLINK   31     /* Too many links */
#define TARGET_EPIPE    32     /* Broken pipe */

/* math software */
#define TARGET_EDOM      33     /* Numerical argument out of domain */
#define TARGET_ERANGE   34     /* Result too large */

/* non-blocking and interrupt i/o */
#define TARGET_EAGAIN    35     /* Resource temporarily unavailable */
#define TARGET_EWOULDBLOCK EAGAIN /* Operation would block */
#define TARGET_EINPROGRESS 36     /* Operation now in progress */
#define TARGET_EALREADY 37     /* Operation already in progress */

/* ipc/network software -- argument errors */
#define TARGET_ENOTSOCK 38     /* Socket operation on non-socket */

```

```

#define TARGET_EDESTADDRREQ 39      /* Destination address required */
#define TARGET_EMMSGSIZE 40        /* Message too long */
#define TARGET_EPROTOTYPE 41      /* Protocol wrong type for socket */
#define TARGET_ENOPROTOOPT 42     /* Protocol not available */
#define TARGET_EPROTONOSUPPORT 43 /* Protocol not supported */
#define TARGET_ESOCKTNOSUPPORT 44 /* Socket type not supported */
#define TARGET_EOPNOTSUPP 45      /* Operation not supported */
#define TARGET_EPFNOSUPPORT 46    /* Protocol family not supported */
#define TARGET_EAFNOSUPPORT 47    /* Address family not supported by protocol family */
#define TARGET_EADDRINUSE 48     /* Address already in use */
#define TARGET_EADDRNOTAVAIL 49   /* Can't assign requested address */

/* ipc/network software -- operational errors */
#define TARGET_ENETDOWN 50        /* Network is down */
#define TARGET_ENETUNREACH 51    /* Network is unreachable */
#define TARGET_ENETRESET 52      /* Network dropped connection on reset */
#define TARGET_ECONNABORTED 53   /* Software caused connection abort */
#define TARGET_ECONNRESET 54     /* Connection reset by peer */
#define TARGET_ENOBUFS 55        /* No buffer space available */
#define TARGET_EISCONN 56        /* Socket is already connected */
#define TARGET_ENOTCONN 57       /* Socket is not connected */
#define TARGET_ESHUTDOWN 58      /* Can't send after socket shutdown */
#define TARGET_ETOOMANYREFS 59   /* Too many references: can't splice */
#define TARGET_ETIMEOUT 60       /* Operation timed out */
#define TARGET_ECONNREFUSED 61   /* Connection refused */

#define TARGET_ELOOP 62          /* Too many levels of symbolic links */
#define TARGET_ENAMETOOLONG 63   /* File name too long */

/* should be rearranged */
#define TARGET_EHOSTDOWN 64      /* Host is down */
#define TARGET_EHOSTUNREACH 65   /* No route to host */
#define TARGET_ENOTEMPTY 66     /* Directory not empty */

/* quotas & mush */
#define TARGET_EPROCLIM 67       /* Too many processes */
#define TARGET_EUSERS 68         /* Too many users */
#define TARGET_EDQUOT 69         /* Disk quota exceeded */

/* Network File System */
#define TARGET_ESTALE 70         /* Stale NFS file handle */
#define TARGET_EREMOTE 71       /* Too many levels of remote in path */
#define TARGET_EBADRPC 72       /* RPC struct is bad */
#define TARGET_ERPCMISMATCH 73   /* RPC version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROGUNAVAIL 74   /* RPC prog. not avail */
#define TARGET_EPROGMISMATCH 75  /* Program version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROCUNAVAIL 76  /* Bad procedure for program */

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#define TARGET_ENOLCK      77      /* No locks available */
#define TARGET_ENOSYS     78      /* Function not implemented */

#define TARGET_EFTYPE     79      /* Inappropriate file type or format */
#define TARGET_EAUTH     80      /* Authentication error */
#define TARGET_ENEEDAUTH  81      /* Need authenticator */
#define TARGET_EIPSEC     82      /* IPsec processing failure */
#define TARGET_ENOATTR   83      /* Attribute not found */
#define TARGET_EILSEQ     84      /* Illegal byte sequence */
#define TARGET_ENOMEDIUM 85      /* No medium found */
#define TARGET_EMEDIUMTYPE 86     /* Wrong Medium Type */
#define TARGET_EOVERFLOW  87      /* Conversion overflow */
#define TARGET_ECANCELED  88      /* Operation canceled */
#define TARGET_EIDRM      89      /* Identifier removed */
#define TARGET_ENOMSG     90      /* No message of desired type */
#define TARGET_ELAST      90      /* Must be equal largest errno */
/*
 * FreeBSD strace list
 *
 *
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 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
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 */

{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_fd, "__acl_aclcheck_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_file, "__acl_aclcheck_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_link, "__acl_aclcheck_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_fd, "__acl_delete_fd", "%s(%d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_file, "__acl_delete_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_link, "__acl_delete_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_fd, "__acl_get_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_file, "__acl_get_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_link, "__acl_get_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_fd, "__acl_set_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_file, "__acl_set_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_link, "__acl_set_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__semctl, "__semctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___syscall, "__syscall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___sysctl, "__sysctl", NULL, print_sysctl, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_op, "_umtx_op", "%s(%#x, %d, %d, %#x, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_accept, "accept", "%s(%d,%#x,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_access, "access", "%s(\"%s\",%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_acct, "acct", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_adjtime, "adjtime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_bind, "bind", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_break, "break", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chdir, "chdir", "%s(\"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chflags, "chflags", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chmod, "chmod", "%s(\"%s\",%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chown, "chown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chroot, "chroot", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_getres, "clock_getres", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_gettime, "clock_gettime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_settime, "clock_settime", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_close, "close", "%s(%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_connect, "connect", "%s(%d,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup, "dup", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup2, "dup2", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_eaccess, "eaccess", "%s(\"%s\",%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_execve, "execve", NULL, print_execve, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_exit, "exit", "%s(%d)\n", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattrctl, "extattrctl", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd, "extattr_delete_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file, "extattr_delete_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link, "extattr_delete_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd, "extattr_get_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file, "extattr_get_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file, "extattr_get_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL,
NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd, "extattr_list_fd", "%s(%d, %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_file, "extattr_list_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_link, "extattr_list_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd, "extattr_set_fd", "%s(%d, %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_file, "extattr_set_file", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
},
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_link, "extattr_set_link", "%s(\"%s\", %d, \"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL,
NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchdir, "fchdir", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchflags, "fchflags", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmod, "fchmod", "%s(%d,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchown, "fchown", "%s(%d,%d,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fcntl, "fcntl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fexecve, "fexecve", NULL, print_execve, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhopen, "fhopen", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstat, "fhstat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstatfs, "fhstatfs", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_flock, "flock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fork, "fork", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fpathconf, "fpathconf", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstat, "fstat", "%s(%d,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatat, "fstatat", "%s(%d,\"%s\", %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatfs, "fstatfs", "%s(%d,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fsync, "fsync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ftruncate, "ftruncate", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimes, "futimes", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getcontext, "getcontext", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdirentries, "getdirentries", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_mmap, "freebsd6_mmap", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getegid, "getegid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_geteuid, "geteuid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfh, "getfh", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfsstat, "getfsstat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgid, "getgid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgroups, "getgroups", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getitimer, "getitimer", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getlogin, "getlogin", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpeername, "getpeername", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgid, "getpgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgrp, "getpgrp", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpid, "getpid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getppid, "getppid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpriority, "getpriority", "%s(%#x,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresgid, "getresgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresuid, "getresuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrlimit, "getrlimit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrusage, "getrusage", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsid, "getsid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockname, "getsockname", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockopt, "getsockopt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gettimeofday, "gettimeofday", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getuid, "getuid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ioctl, "ioctl", NULL, print_ioctl, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_issetugid, "issetugid", "%s()", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kevent, "kevent", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kill, "kill", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kqueue, "kqueue", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktrace, "ktrace", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchown, "lchown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_link, "link", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_listen, "listen", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lpathconf, "lpathconf", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lseek, "lseek", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lstat, "lstat", "%s(\"%s\",%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_madvise, "madvise", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mincore, "mincore", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_minherit, "minherit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdir, "mkdir", "%s(\"%s\",%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifo, "mkfifo", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknod, "mknod", "%s(\"%s\",%#o,%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlock, "mlock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlockall, "mlockall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mmap, "mmap", NULL, NULL, print_syscall_ret_addr },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mount, "mount", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mprotect, "mprotect", "%s(%#x,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgctl, "msgctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgget, "msgget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgrcv, "msgrcv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsnd, "msgsnd", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msync, "msync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlock, "munlock", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlockall, "munlockall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munmap, "munmap", "%s(%p,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nanosleep, "nanosleep", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfssvc, "nfssvc", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_open, "open", "%s(\"%s\",%#x,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openat, "openat", "%s(%d,\"%s\",%#x,%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pathconf, "pathconf", "%s(\"%s\", %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pipe, "pipe", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_poll, "poll", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pread, "pread", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_preadv, "preadv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_profil, "profil", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ptrace, "ptrace", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwrite, "pwrite", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwritev, "pwritev", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_quotactl, "quotactl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_read, "read", "%s(%d,%#x,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlink, "readlink", "%s(\"%s\",%p,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readv, "readv", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_reboot, "reboot", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvfrom, "recvfrom", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvmsg, "recvmsg", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rename, "rename", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_revoke, "revoke", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rfork, "rfork", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rmdir, "rmdir", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio_thread, "rtprio_thread", "%s(%d, %d, %p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sbrk, "sbrk", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_yield, "sched_yield", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_select, "select", NULL, NULL, NULL },

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{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semget, "semget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semop, "semop", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendmsg, "sendmsg", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendto, "sendto", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setcontext, "setcontext", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setegid, "setegid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_seteuid, "seteuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgid, "setgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgroups, "setgroups", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setitimer, "setitimer", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setlogin, "setlogin", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpgid, "setpgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority, "setpriority", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setregid, "setregid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresgid, "setresgid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresuid, "setresuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setreuid, "setreuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setrlimit, "setrlimit", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsid, "setsid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsockopt, "setsockopt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_settimeofday, "settimeofday", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid, "setuid", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmat, "shmat", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmctl, "shmctl", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmdt, "shmdt", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmget, "shmget", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shutdown, "shutdown", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaction, "sigaction", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaltstack, "sigaltstack", "%s(%p,%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigpending, "sigpending", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigprocmask, "sigprocmask", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigreturn, "sigreturn", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigsuspend, "sigsuspend", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socket, "socket", "%s(%d,%d,%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socketpair, "socketpair", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sstk, "sstk", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_stat, "stat", "%s(\"%s\",%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_statfs, "statfs", "%s(\"%s\",%p)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlink, "symlink", "%s(\"%s\", \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sync, "sync", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sysarch, "sysarch", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_syscall, "syscall", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_create, "thr_create", "%s(%#x, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_exit, "thr_exit", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill, "thr_kill", "%s(%d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill2, "thr_kill2", "%s(%d, %d, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_new, "thr_new", "%s(%#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_self, "thr_self", "%s(%#x)", NULL, NULL },

```

```

{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_set_name, "thr_set_name", "%s(%d, \"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_suspend, "thr_suspend", "%s(%d, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_wake, "thr_wake", "%s(%d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_truncate, "truncate", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_umask, "umask", "%s(%#o)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlink, "unlink", "%s(\"%s\")", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unmount, "unmount", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utimes, "utimes", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vfork, "vfork", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_wait4, "wait4", NULL, NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_write, "write", "%s(%d, %#x, %d)", NULL, NULL },
{ TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_writev, "writev", "%s(%d, %p, %#x)", NULL, NULL },
/*
* System call numbers.
*
* created from FreeBSD: releng/9.1/sys/kern/syscalls.master 229723
* 2012-01-06 19:29:16Z jhb
*/

```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_syscall 0
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_exit 1
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fork 2
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_read 3
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_write 4
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_open 5
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_close 6
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_wait4 7
    /* 8 is old creat */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_link 9
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlink 10
    /* 11 is obsolete execv */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chdir 12
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchdir 13
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknod 14
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chmod 15
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chown 16
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_break 17
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_getfsstat 18
    /* 19 is old lseek */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpid 20
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mount 21
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unmount 22
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid 23
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getuid 24
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_geteuid 25
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ptrace 26
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvmmsg 27
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendmsg 28

```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvfrom 29
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_accept 30
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_access 33
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chflags 34
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchflags 35
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sync 36
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kill 37
    /* 38 is old stat */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getppid 39
    /* 40 is old lstat */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup 41
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pipe 42
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getegid 43
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_profil 44
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktrace 45
    /* 46 is old sigaction */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgid 47
    /* 48 is old sigprocmask */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getlogin 49
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setlogin 50
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_acct 51
    /* 52 is old sigpending */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaltstack 53
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_reboot 55
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chroot 61
    /* 62 is old fstat */
    /* 63 is old getkerninfo */
    /* 64 is old getpagesize */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msync 65
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vfork 66
    /* 67 is obsolete vread */
    /* 68 is obsolete vwrite */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sstk 70
    /* 71 is old mmap */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_madvise 75
    /* 76 is obsolete vhangup */

```

```

    /* 77 is obsolete vlimit */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setitimer 83
    /* 84 is old wait */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapon 85
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getitimer 86
    /* 87 is old gethostname */
    /* 88 is old sethostname */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdtablesize 89
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socket 97
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_connect 98
    /* 99 is old accept */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpriority 100
    /* 101 is old send */
    /* 102 is old recv */
    /* 103 is old sigreturn */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_listen 106
    /* 107 is obsolete vtimes */
    /* 108 is old sigvec */
    /* 109 is old sigblock */
    /* 110 is old sigsetmask */
    /* 111 is old sigsuspend */
    /* 112 is old sigstack */
    /* 113 is old recvmmsg */
    /* 114 is old sendmsg */
    /* 115 is obsolete vtrace */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmod 124
    /* 125 is old recvfrom */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setregid 127

```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rename 128
    /* 129 is old truncate */
    /* 130 is old ftruncate */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifo 132
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendto 133
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shutdown 134
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_socketpair 135
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdir 136
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rmdir 137
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utimes 138
    /* 139 is obsolete 4.2 sigreturn */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_adjtime 140
    /* 141 is old getpeername */
    /* 142 is old gethostid */
    /* 143 is old sethostid */
    /* 144 is old getrlimit */
    /* 145 is old setrlimit */
    /* 146 is old killpg */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_killpg 146 /* COMPAT */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsid 147
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_quotactl 148
    /* 149 is old quota */
    /* 150 is old getsockname */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nlm_syscall 154
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfssvc 155
    /* 156 is old getdirentries */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_statfs 157
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_fstatfs 158
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lgetfh 160
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfh 161
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_getdomainname 162
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_setdomainname 163
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_uname 164
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sysarch 165
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio 166
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semsys 169
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsys 170
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmsys 171
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_pread 173
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_pwrite 174
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setfib 175
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ntp_adjtime 176
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgid 181
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setegid 182
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_seteuid 183
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_stat 188
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstat 189

```



```
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lstat 190
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pathconf 191
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fpathconf 192
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrlimit 194
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setrlimit 195
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdirentries 196
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_mmap 197
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___syscall 198
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_lseek 199
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_truncate 200
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd6_ftruncate 201
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___sysctl 202
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlock 203
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlock 204
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_undelete 205
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimes 206
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgid 207
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_poll 209
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd7___semctl 220
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semget 221
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_semop 222
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd7_msgctl 224
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgget 225
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgsnd 226
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgrcv 227
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmat 228
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd7_shmctl 229
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmdt 230
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmget 231
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_create 235
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_delete 236
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_settime 237
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_gettime 238
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktimer_getoverrun 239
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ntp_gettime 248
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_minherit 250
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rfork 251
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openbsd_poll 252
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_issetugid 253
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchown 254
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_read 255
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_write 256
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lio_listio 257
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdents 272
```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchmod 274
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_netbsd_lchown 275
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lutimes 276
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_netbsd_msync 277
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nstat 278
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nfstat 279
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nlstat 280
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_preadv 289
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwritev 290
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_fhstatfs 297
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhopen 298
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstat 299
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modnext 300
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modstat 301
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modfnnext 302
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_modfind 303
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldload 304
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldunload 305
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldfind 306
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldnext 307
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldstat 308
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldfirstmod 309
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsid 310
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresuid 311
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setresgid 312
    /* 313 is obsolete signanosleep */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_return 314
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_suspend 315
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_cancel 316
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_error 317
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_oaio_read 318
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_oaio_write 319
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_olio_listio 320
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_yield 321
    /* 322 is obsolete thr_sleep */
    /* 323 is obsolete thr_wakeup */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mlockall 324
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munlockall 325
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___getcwd 326
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_setparam 327
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_getparam 328
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_setscheduler 329
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_getscheduler 330
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_yield 331
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_get_priority_max 332
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_get_priority_min 333
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sched_rr_get_interval 334
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utrace 335

```

```
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sendfile 336
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldsym 337
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail 338
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nnpfs_syscall 339
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigprocmask 340
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigsuspend 341
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigaction 342
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigpending 343
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigreturn 344
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigtimedwait 345
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigwaitinfo 346
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_file 347
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_file 348
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_get_fd 349
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_set_fd 350
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_file 351
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_delete_fd 352
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_file 353
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__acl_aclcheck_fd 354
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattrctl 355
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_file 356
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_file 357
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file 358
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_waitcomplete 359
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresuid 360
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getresgid 361
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kqueue 362
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kevent 363
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd 371
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd 372
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd 373
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__setugid 374
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_eaccess 376
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_afs3_syscall 377
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nmount 378
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_proc 384
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_proc 385
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_fd 386
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_get_file 387
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_fd 388
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__mac_set_file 389
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kenv 390
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchflags 391
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_uuidgen 392
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendfile 393
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mac_syscall 394
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfsstat 395
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_statfs 396
```

```
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatfs 397
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstatfs 398
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_close 400
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_post 401
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_wait 402
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_trywait 403
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_init 404
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_open 405
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_unlink 406
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_getvalue 407
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_destroy 408
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_get_pid 409
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_get_link 410
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_set_link 411
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_link 412
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_link 413
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link 414
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_execve 415
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaction 416
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigreturn 417
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getcontext 421
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setcontext 422
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapcontext 423
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapoff 424
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___acl_get_link 425
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___acl_set_link 426
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___acl_delete_link 427
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___acl_aclcheck_link 428
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigwait 429
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_create 430
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_exit 431
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_self 432
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill 433
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_lock 434
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_unlock 435
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_attach 436
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd 437
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_file 438
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_link 439
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_timedwait 441
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_suspend 442
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_wake 443
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldunloadf 444
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_audit 445
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_audition 446
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getauid 447
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setauid 448
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit 449
```

```
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit 450
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit_addr 451
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit_addr 452
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_auditctl 453
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_op 454
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_new 455
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigqueue 456
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_open 457
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_setattr 458
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_timedreceive 459
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_timedsend 460
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_notify 461
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmq_unlink 462
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_abort2 463
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_set_name 464
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_fsync 465
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio_thread 466
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_peeloff 471
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg 472
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg_iov 473
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_recvmsg 474
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pread 475
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pwrite 476
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mmap 477
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lseek 478
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_truncate 479
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ftruncate 480
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill2 481
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shm_open 482
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shm_unlink 483
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset 484
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_setid 485
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_getid 486
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_getaffinity 487
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cpuset_setaffinity 488
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_faccessat 489
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmodat 490
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchownat 491
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fexecve 492
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatat 493
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimesat 494
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_linkat 495
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdirat 496
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifoat 497
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknodat 498
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openat 499
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlinkat 500
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_renameat 501
```

```

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlinkat 502
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlinkat 503
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_posix_openpt 504
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gssd_syscall 505
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_get 506
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_set 507
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_remove 508
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_closefrom 509
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___semctl 510
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msgctl 511
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_shmctl 512
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lpathconf 513
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cap_new 514
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cap_getrights 515
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cap_enter 516
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_cap_getmode 517
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pdfork 518
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pdkill 519
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pdgetpid 520
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pselect 522
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getloginclass 523
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setloginclass 524
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rctl_get_racct 525
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rctl_get_rules 526
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rctl_get_limits 527
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rctl_add_rule 528
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rctl_remove_rule 529
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_posix_fallocate 530
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_posix_fadvise 531
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_MAXSYSCALL 532
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\*

\* @(#)mman.h 8.2 (Berkeley) 1/9/95

\* \$FreeBSD: src/sys/sys/mman.h,v 1.42 2008/03/28 04:29:27 ps Exp \$

\*/

#define TARGET\_FREEBSD\_MAP\_RESERVED0080 0x0080 /\* previously misimplemented MAP\_INHERIT \*/

#define TARGET\_FREEBSD\_MAP\_RESERVED0100 0x0100 /\* previously unimplemented MAP\_NOEXTEND

\*/

#define TARGET\_FREEBSD\_MAP\_STACK 0x0400 /\* region grows down, like a stack \*/

#define TARGET\_FREEBSD\_MAP\_NOSYNC 0x0800 /\* page to but do not sync underlying file \*/

#define TARGET\_FREEBSD\_MAP\_FLAGMASK 0x1ff7

/\* \$NetBSD: mman.h,v 1.42 2008/11/18 22:13:49 ad Exp \$ \*/

/\*-

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*   @(#)mman.h    8.2 (Berkeley) 1/9/95
*/
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_INHERIT    0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED   0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within break */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_WIRED      0x0800 /* mlock() mapping when it is established */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_STACK      0x2000 /* allocated from memory, swap space (stack) */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK   0x3ff7

/*   $OpenBSD: mman.h,v 1.18 2003/07/21 22:52:19 tedu Exp $ */
/*   $NetBSD: mman.h,v 1.11 1995/03/26 20:24:23 jtc Exp $ */

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*
*   @(#)mman.h    8.1 (Berkeley) 6/2/93
*/

```



```
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_INHERIT    0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_NOEXTEND    0x0100 /* for MAP_FILE, don't change file size */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED    0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within heap */

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK    0x17f7
```

```
// XXX
```

```
#define TARGET_BSD_MAP_FLAGMASK        0x3ff7
```

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From 1ffa7d12a15fdc4f1bbed59bf5d3292ac2b574b3 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: Jeffrey Cody <jcody@redhat.com>

Date: Mon, 12 Jun 2017 14:46:56 +0200

Subject: [PATCH 11/13] block: fix external snapshot abort permission error

RH-Author: Jeffrey Cody <jcody@redhat.com>

Message-id: <14e6e82657b93fb6bec16eddce051ced36db5ff9.1497278737.git.jcody@redhat.com>

Patchwork-id: 75593

O-Subject: [RHEV-7.4 qemu-kvm-rhev PATCH 1/1] block: fix external snapshot abort permission error

Bugzilla: 1447184

RH-Acked-by: Kevin Wolf <kwolf@redhat.com>

RH-Acked-by: Max Reitz <mreitz@redhat.com>

RH-Acked-by: John Snow <jsnow@redhat.com>

In `external_snapshot_abort()`, we try to undo what was done in  
`external_snapshot_prepare()` calling `bdrv_replace_node()` to swap the  
nodes back. However, we receive a permissions error as writers are  
blocked on the old node, which is now the new node backing file.

An easy fix (initially suggested by Kevin Wolf) is to call  
`bdrv_set_backing_hd()` on the new node, to set the backing node to NULL.

Signed-off-by: Jeff Cody <jcody@redhat.com>

Reviewed-by: Eric Blake <eblake@redhat.com>

Signed-off-by: Kevin Wolf <kwolf@redhat.com>

(cherry picked from commit 719fc28c80a22ab9f1533d775bae09c14442bbbe)

Signed-off-by: Jeff Cody <jcody@redhat.com>

Signed-off-by: Miroslav Rezanina <mrezanin@redhat.com>

---

blockdev.c | 4 ++++

1 file changed, 4 insertions(+)

```

diff --git a/blockdev.c b/blockdev.c
index 4432143..a3a0731 100644
--- a/blockdev.c
+++ b/blockdev.c
@@ -1847,7 +1847,11 @@ static void external_snapshot_abort(BlkActionState *common)
                DO_UPCAST(ExternalSnapshotState, common, common);
        if (state->new_bs) {
            if (state->overlay_appended) {
+           bdrv_ref(state->old_bs); /* we can't let bdrv_set_backind_hd()
+           close state->old_bs; we need it */
+           bdrv_set_backing_hd(state->new_bs, NULL, &error_abort);
            bdrv_replace_node(state->new_bs, state->old_bs, &error_abort);
+           bdrv_unref(state->old_bs); /* bdrv_replace_node() ref'ed old_bs */
            }
        }
    }
}
--

```

1.8.3.1

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## 1.397 rest 0.7.92 :5.el7

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That's all there is to it!

\$Id\$

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Peter Stamfest <peter with stamfest.at> initial multi-thread support  
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.407 seabios 1.10.2 :3.e17\_4.1

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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## 1.408 sed 4.2.2 :5.e17

### 1.408.1 Available under license :

=====

Test 1.1:101

=====

Testing argument parsing

First type

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_1

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_4

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_5

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_6

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_7

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_8

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_9

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_10

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_11

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_12

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_13

e1\_11\_14

e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.2:102  
=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.3:103  
=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.4:104

=====  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
Second type

=====  
Test 1.4.1:105

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 1.5:106

=====  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3



s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.6:107

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_11

s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.7:108  
=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====  
Test 1.8:109  
=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3

e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.9:110

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.10:111

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4

s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s1\_11\_10  
s1\_11\_11  
s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.11:112

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.12:113

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.13:114

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e2\_e1\_11\_1  
e2\_e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e2\_e1\_11\_2  
e2\_e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e2\_e1\_11\_3  
e2\_e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e2\_e1\_11\_4  
e2\_e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e2\_e1\_11\_5  
e2\_e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e2\_e1\_11\_6  
e2\_e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e2\_e1\_11\_7  
e2\_e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
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e1\_11\_9  
e2\_e1\_11\_9  
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e2\_e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e2\_e1\_11\_13  
e2\_e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e2\_e1\_11\_14  
e2\_e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.14:115

=====

s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s2\_s1\_11\_1  
s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s2\_s1\_11\_2  
s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3  
s2\_s1\_11\_3  
s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s2\_s1\_11\_4  
s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s2\_s1\_11\_5  
s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s2\_s1\_11\_6  
s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s2\_s1\_11\_7  
s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s2\_s1\_11\_8  
s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
s2\_s1\_11\_9  
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s2\_s1\_11\_12  
s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s2\_s1\_11\_13  
s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14  
s2\_s1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.15:116

=====

e1\_11\_1  
s1\_e1\_11\_1

s1\_e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
s1\_e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
s1\_e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
s1\_e1\_11\_4  
s1\_e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
s1\_e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
s1\_e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
s1\_e1\_11\_7  
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s1\_e1\_11\_10  
s1\_e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
s1\_e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
s1\_e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
s1\_e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14  
s1\_e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.16:117

=====

e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2

e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_1  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_2  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_3  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_4  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_5  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_6  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_7  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_8  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_9  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_10  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_11  
e1\_11\_12  
e1\_11\_12



e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_13  
e1\_11\_14  
e1\_11\_14

=====

Test 1.17:118

=====

11\_1  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_13  
11\_14  
11\_14

=====

Test 1.18:119

=====

11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8

11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
Testing address ranges

=====  
Test 2.1:120

=====  
11\_4

=====  
Test 2.2:121

=====  
12\_6

=====  
Test 2.3:122

=====  
11\_14

=====  
Test 2.4:123

=====  
12\_9

=====  
Test 2.5:124

=====  
Test 2.6:125

=====  
12\_9

=====  
Test 2.7:126

=====  
Test 2.9:127

=====  
11\_7

=====  
Test 2.10:128

=====  
11\_7

=====  
Test 2.11:129

=====  
11\_7

=====  
Test 2.12:130

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4

=====  
Test 2.13:131

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====  
Test 2.14:132

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2

11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.15:133

=====

11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9

=====

Test 2.16:134

=====

- 11\_4
- 11\_5
- 11\_6
- 11\_7
- 11\_8
- 11\_9
- 11\_10
- 11\_11
- 11\_12
- 11\_13
- 11\_14
- 12\_1
- 12\_2
- 12\_3
- 12\_4
- 12\_5
- 12\_6

=====

Test 2.17:135

=====

- 11\_4
- 11\_5
- 11\_6
- 11\_7
- 11\_8
- 11\_9
- 11\_10
- 11\_14
- 12\_1
- 12\_2
- 12\_3
- 12\_4
- 12\_5
- 12\_6
- 12\_7
- 12\_8
- 12\_9

=====

Test 2.18:136

=====

- 12\_3
- 12\_4
- 12\_5
- 12\_6
- 12\_7

l2\_8

l2\_9

=====

Test 2.19:137

=====

l1\_12

=====

Test 2.20:138

=====

l1\_7

Brace and other grouping

=====

Test 3.1:139

=====

l1\_1

l1\_2

l1\_3

^l1T4\$

^l1T5\$

^l1T6\$

^l1T7\$

^l1T8\$

^l1T9\$

^l1T10\$

^l1T11\$

^l1T12\$

l1\_13

l1\_14

=====

Test 3.2:140

=====

l1\_1

l1\_2

l1\_3

^l1\_4

^l1\_5

^l1\_6\$

^l1\_7\$

^l1T8\$

^l1\_9\$

^l1\_10\$

^l1\_11

^l1\_12

l1\_13

11\_14

=====

Test 3.3:141

=====

^11T1\$

^11T2\$

^11T3\$

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

^11T13\$

^11T14\$

=====

Test 3.4:142

=====

^11\_1

^11\_2

^11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

^11\_13

^11\_14

Testing a c d and i commands

=====

Test 4.1:143

=====

before\_il1\_1

after\_ibefore\_il1\_1

before\_il1\_2

after\_ibefore\_il1\_2

before\_il1\_3

after\_ibefore\_il1\_3

before\_il1\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_4  
before\_il1\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_5  
before\_il1\_6  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_6  
before\_il1\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_7  
before\_il1\_8  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_8  
before\_il1\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_9  
before\_il1\_10  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_10  
before\_il1\_11  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_11  
before\_il1\_12  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_12  
before\_il1\_13  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_13  
before\_il1\_14  
after\_ibefore\_il1\_14  
before\_il2\_1  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_1  
before\_il2\_2  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_2  
before\_il2\_3  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_3  
before\_il2\_4  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_4  
before\_il2\_5  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_5  
before\_il2\_6  
inserted  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_6  
before\_il2\_7  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_7  
before\_il2\_8  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_8  
before\_il2\_9  
after\_ibefore\_il2\_9

=====

Test 4.2:144

=====

before\_al1\_1  
after\_abefore\_al1\_1  
before\_al1\_2



after\_abefore\_al1\_2  
before\_al1\_3  
after\_abefore\_al1\_3  
before\_al1\_4  
after\_abefore\_al1\_4  
before\_a5-1211\_5  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_5  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_6  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_6  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_7  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_7  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_8  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_8  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_9  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_9  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_10  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_10  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_11  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_11  
appended  
before\_a5-1211\_12  
after\_abefore\_a5-1211\_12  
appended  
before\_al1\_13  
after\_abefore\_al1\_13  
before\_al1\_14  
after\_abefore\_al1\_14  
before\_al2\_1  
after\_abefore\_al2\_1  
before\_al2\_2  
after\_abefore\_al2\_2  
before\_al2\_3  
after\_abefore\_al2\_3  
before\_al2\_4  
after\_abefore\_al2\_4  
before\_al2\_5  
after\_abefore\_al2\_5  
before\_al2\_6  
after\_abefore\_al2\_6  
before\_al2\_7  
after\_abefore\_al2\_7  
before\_al2\_8

after\_abefore\_al2\_8

before\_al2\_9

after\_abefore\_al2\_9

=====

Test 4.3:145

=====

^11\_1

^11\_1\$

appended

^11\_2

^11\_2\$

appended

^11\_3

^11\_3\$

appended

^11\_4

^11\_4\$

appended

^11\_5

^11\_5\$

appended

^11\_6

^11\_6\$

appended

^11\_7

^11\_7\$

appended

^11\_8

appended

^11\_8

11\_9\$

^11\_10

appended

^11\_10

11\_11\$

^11\_12

^11\_12\$

appended

^11\_13

^11\_13\$

appended

^11\_14

^11\_14\$

appended

^12\_1

^12\_1\$

^12\_2

^12\_2\$  
^12\_3  
^12\_3\$  
^12\_4  
^12\_4\$  
^12\_5  
^12\_5\$  
^12\_6  
^12\_6\$  
^12\_7  
^12\_7\$  
^12\_8  
^12\_8\$  
^12\_9  
^12\_9\$

=====  
Test 4.4:146

=====  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello  
hello

=====  
Test 4.5:147

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.6:148

=====  
hello

=====  
Test 4.7:149

=====  
hello

=====

Test 4.8:150

=====

Testing labels and branching

=====

Test 5.1:151

=====

label2\_11\_1

label3\_label2\_11\_1

label1\_11\_2

label1\_11\_3

label1\_11\_4

label1\_11\_5

label1\_11\_6

label1\_11\_7

label1\_11\_8

label1\_11\_9

label1\_11\_10

label1\_11\_11

label1\_11\_12

label2\_11\_13

label3\_label2\_11\_13

label2\_11\_14

label3\_label2\_11\_14

=====

Test 5.2:152

=====

tested l2\_1

tested l2\_2

tested l2\_3

tested l2\_4

tested l2\_5

tested l2\_6

tested l2\_7

tested l2\_8

tested l2\_9

tested l2\_10

tested l2\_11

tested l2\_12

tested l2\_13

tested l2\_14

=====

Test 5.3:153

=====

^11\_1  
^11\_1\$  
^11\_2  
^11\_2\$  
^11\_3  
^11\_3\$  
^11\_4  
^11\_4\$  
11\_5\$  
11\_6\$  
11\_7\$  
11\_8\$

=====  
Test 5.4:154

=====  
^11\_1\$  
^11\_2\$  
^11\_3\$  
^11\_4\$  
^11\_5\$  
^11\_6\$  
^11\_7\$  
^11\_8\$  
11\_9\$  
11\_10\$  
11\_11\$  
11\_12\$  
11\_13\$  
11\_14\$

=====  
Test 5.5:155

=====  
^11\_1  
^11\_2  
^11\_4  
^11\_6  
^11\_8

=====  
Test 5.6:156

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5

=====  
Test 5.7:157

=====  
l1\_1  
l1\_2  
l1\_3  
l1\_4  
hello  
l1\_5

=====  
Test 5.8:158

=====  
m1\_1  
m1\_2  
m1\_3  
m1\_4  
m1\_5  
m1\_6  
m1\_7  
m1\_8  
m1\_9  
m1\_10  
m1\_11  
m1\_12  
m1\_13  
m1\_14  
Pattern space commands

=====  
Test 6.1:159

=====  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed  
changed

=====  
Test 6.2:160

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.3:161

=====  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.4:162

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_5  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_6  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8

11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.5:163

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 6.6:164

=====  
Testing print and file routines

=====  
Test 7.1:165

=====  
\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t\$\n\v\r\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\  
\035\036\037 !"#%&'()\*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMN OPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^\_`  
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\  
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\  
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\  
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\  
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\  
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\  
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\  
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\  
\375\376\377\$\n\$

=====



Test 7.2:166

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11

11\_12

11\_13

11\_14

15

12\_1

16

12\_2

17

12\_3

18

12\_4

19

12\_5

20

12\_6

21

12\_7

22

12\_8

23

12\_9

=====

Test 7.3:167

=====

11\_1

11\_2

11\_3

11\_4

11\_5

11\_6

11\_7

11\_8

11\_9

11\_10

11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14  
w results  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12

=====  
Test 7.4:168

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
12\_1  
12\_2  
12\_3  
12\_4  
12\_5  
12\_6  
12\_7  
12\_8  
12\_9  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 7.5:169

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2

11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 7.6:170

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2  
11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 7.8:171

=====  
Testing substitution commands

=====  
Test 8.1:172  
=====  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX

XXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX

=====  
Test 8.2:173

=====  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX

=====  
Test 8.3:174

=====  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX  
XXXXXX

=====  
Test 8.4:175

=====  
11\_1  
11\_2

11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====  
Test 8.5:176

=====  
11X1  
11X2  
11X3  
11X4  
11X5  
11X6  
11X7  
11X8  
11X9  
11X10  
11X11  
11X12  
11X13  
11X14

=====  
Test 8.6:177

=====  
(1)(1)(1)  
(1)(1)(2)  
(1)(1)(3)  
(1)(1)(4)  
(1)(1)(5)  
(1)(1)(6)  
(1)(1)(7)  
(1)(1)(8)  
(1)(1)(9)  
(1)(1)(1)(0)  
(1)(1)(1)(1)  
(1)(1)(1)(2)  
(1)(1)(1)(3)  
(1)(1)(1)(4)

=====

Test 8.7:178

=====

(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)  
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&)

=====

Test 8.8:179

=====

x\_x1x11  
x\_x1x12  
x\_x1x13  
x\_x1x14  
x\_x1x15  
x\_x1x16  
x\_x1x17  
x\_x1x18  
x\_x1x19  
x\_x1x110  
x\_x1x111  
x\_x1x112  
x\_x1x113  
x\_x1x114

=====

Test 8.9:180

=====

11u0  
u1  
u21  
11u0  
u1  
u22  
11u0  
u1

u23  
l1u0  
u1  
u24  
l1u0  
u1  
u25  
l1u0  
u1  
u26  
l1u0  
u1  
u27  
l1u0  
u1  
u28  
l1u0  
u1  
u29  
l1u0  
u1  
u210  
l1u0  
u1  
u211  
l1u0  
u1  
u212  
l1u0  
u1  
u213  
l1u0  
u1  
u214

=====

Test 8.10:181

=====

l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X  
l1\_X0

11\_X1  
11\_X2  
11\_X3  
11\_X4

=====

Test 8.11:182

=====

IX\_1  
IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

s wfile results

IX\_1  
IX\_2  
IX\_3  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7  
IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_10  
IX\_11  
IX\_12  
IX\_13  
IX\_14

=====

Test 8.12:183

=====

IX\_X  
IX\_X  
IX\_X  
IX\_4  
IX\_5  
IX\_6  
IX\_7



IX\_8  
IX\_9  
IX\_X0  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_XX  
IX\_X4

=====  
Test 8.13:184  
=====

18\_8  
18\_7  
18\_6  
18\_5  
18\_4  
18\_3  
18\_2  
18\_1  
18\_0  
18\_89  
18\_88  
18\_87  
18\_86  
18\_85

=====  
Test 8.14:185  
=====

18\_8  
18\_7  
18\_6  
18\_5  
18\_4  
18\_3  
18\_2  
18\_1  
18\_0  
18\_89  
18\_88  
18\_87  
18\_86  
18\_85

=====  
Test 8.15:186  
=====

11\_1X11\_2

11\_3  
11\_4  
11\_5  
11\_6  
11\_7  
11\_8  
11\_9  
11\_10  
11\_11  
11\_12  
11\_13  
11\_14

=====

Test 8.16:187

=====

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XYeff  
XYeYff  
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Test 8.17:188

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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=====

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
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# 1.419 spice-protocol 0.12.11 :1.e17

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June 26, 2010

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## 1.427 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsf.el7

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- \* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- \* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- \*
- \* Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <[marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl](mailto:marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl)>,
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## 1.428 t1lib 5.1.2 :14.e17

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## 1.430 tcl 8.5.13 :8.e17

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```
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```
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```

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# 1.439 unzip 6.0 :16.e17

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This file contains some details about the copyright history of contributions to the UnZip project.

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Please read LICENSE first to find out what is allowed to do with Info-ZIP's UnZip code.

-----

There are currently two explicit copyrights on portions of UnZip code (at least, of which Info-ZIP is aware):

Jim Luther's Mac OS File Manager interface code; and Christopher Evans' MacBinaryIII coding code (for the MacOS port).. These copyrights are discussed in more detail below.

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Frequently Asked Questions regarding (re)distribution of Zip and UnZip are near the end of this file.

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that performs LZW encoding\_, but the patent appears to exempt a stand-alone decoder (as in UnZip's unshrink.c). Unisys has publicly claimed otherwise, but the issue has never been tested in court. Since this point is unclear, unshrinking is not enabled by default. It is the responsibility of the user to make his or her peace with Unisys and its licensing requirements. (unshrink.c may be removed from future releases altogether.)

---

The original unzip source code has been extensively modified and almost entirely rewritten (changes include random zipfile access rather than sequential; replacement of unimplode() with explode(); replacement of old unshrink() with new (unrelated) unshrink(); replacement of output routines; addition of inflate(), wildcards, filename-mapping, text translation, ...; etc.). As far as we can tell, only the core code of the unreduce method remained substantially similar to Mr. Smith's original source. As of UnZip 5.42, the complete core code is now covered by the Info-ZIP Licence. Therefore, support for the reduce method has been removed.

The drop of the reduce method should only affect some test archives, reducing was never used in any publically distributed Zip program. For pathologic cases where support for reduced archive entries is needed, the unreduce code copyrighted by Samuel H. Smith is available as a separate distribution (the restricted copyright of this code is cited below in the "historical" section).

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```
* MoreFiles
*
* A collection of File Manager and related routines
*
* by Jim Luther (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
* with significant code contributions by Nitin Ganatra
* (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
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*
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```

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- \*
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- \* -----
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Regarding the first stipulation, Mr. Smith was tracked down in southern California some years back [Samuel H. Smith, The Tool Shop; as of mid-May 1994, (213) 851-9969 (voice), (213) 887-2127(?) (subscription BBS), 71150.2731@compuserve.com]:



"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

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The decompression core code for the deflate method (inflate.[ch], explode.c) was originally written by Mark Adler who submitted it as public domain code.

-----  
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Initialize empty image

1f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
--------	------	-------	-----	--------	----	--------

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

Create 2st primary partition

1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img

Set 2nd partition type

2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img



---layout-----

\_\_ts\_dev\_\_: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Units = sectors of 1 \* 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disk label type: dos  
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

-----

Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0

```
c: 4096 20479 16384 unused 0 0
d: 0 16064 16065 unused 0 0
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

```
0 unused      5 4.1BSD      9 4.4LFS      d boot
1 swap        6 Eighth Edition a unknown    e ADOS
2 Version 6   7 4.2BSD      b HPFS       f HFS
3 Version 7   8 MS-DOS     c ISO-9660   10 AdvFS
4 System V
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

---

```
#1: 32 7648 0x83
#2: 7680 8704 0xa5
#5: 7936 4864 0x7 (freebsd)
#6: 12544 3584 0x7 (freebsd)
```

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\*uganda.txt\* For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

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<maintainer@vim.org>

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=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
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Kibaale Children's Centre \*kcc\* \*Kibaale\* \*charity\*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

\*donate\*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a

volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre  
p.o. box 1658  
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: \*iccf-donations\*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in

Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.  
Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated  
because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.  
Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy  
10238-168 Street  
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4  
Canada  
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you  
will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your  
tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.  
This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.  
Postbank, nr. 4548774  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.  
Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:  
<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any  
country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is  
in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the  
currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form  
that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift  
code and IBAN number.  
Any other method should work. Ask for information about  
sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is  
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[https://www.paypal.com/en\\_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q](https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q)  
The e-mail address for sending the money to is:  
[Bram@iccf-holland.org](mailto:Bram@iccf-holland.org)  
For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is  
preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:  
Postbank, account 4548774  
Swift code: INGB NL 2A  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74  
under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse  
If that doesn't work:  
Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U  
under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse  
Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address  
below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller  
amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar  
Finsterruetihof 1  
8134 Adliswil  
Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

/\*

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# 1.447 virt-what 1.13 :8.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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# 1.449 which 2.20

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## 1.453 xorg-x11-font-utils 7.5 :20.e17

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