# Cisco Secure Network Analytics

Flow Sensor and Load Balancer Integration Guide 7.5.0



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## Introduction

If a load balancer is installed in front of a resource on the network, it obscures visibility and may reduce the detection of threats in the Secure Network Analytics system.

Use the instructions in this guide to configure the load balancer and Flow Sensor. This configuration stitches the client side and server side flows together, so the outside host connects to the inside host, providing visibility and enhanced security on the Flow Sensor and the Secure Network Analytics system.

### Audience

The primary audience for this guide includes administrators responsible for configuring the Secure Network Analytics system.

### **Before You Begin**

Before starting the procedures in this guide, you should do the following:

- Confirm that your Secure Network Analytics system is communicating. Go to the Desktop Client. Check the Alarm Table to make sure there are no active Management Channel Down or Failover Channel Down alarms.
- Confirm that your Secure Network Analytics system appliance licenses are active.

## Configuring the Load Balancer

Use the following instructions to configure the load balancer. You will disable the X-Forwarded-For (XFF) option for HTTP, create an iRule, and enable a virtual server resource. If you prefer to use an existing iRule, you can modify it using the information provided here. For successful integration, apply the instructions in this section to all load balancers in the network.

The instructions in this guide show the configuration on an F5 Load Balancer as an example, but we believe this configuration can be used on all types of load balancers.

## Disabling the XFF Option for HTTP

Use the following procedure to disable the XFF option for HTTP.

The built-in functionality to insert data in an XFF HTTP header must be disabled in the F5 Load Balancer as follows:

- 1. Log in to the F5 Load Balancer configuration utility.
- 2. Under the Main tab, click Local Traffic.
- 3. Click **Profiles > Services > HTTP**.

If HTTP is not shown in the Services menu, skip to step 8.

ONLINE (ACTIVE) Standalone		
Main Help About	Local Traffic » Profiles : Services : HTTP	
Statistics	*     Services     *     Content     *     Databases     *     Persistance     Protocol     *     SSL     *     Authentication     *	iting - Other -
iApps	× Search	Create
S DNS	Anne     Application	Parent Profile   Partition / Path
-	□ http (nr	one) Common
Local Traffic	http-explicit (m	one) Common
Network Map	http://msparent (nr	one) Common
Virtual Servers	Dolete	
Policies		
Profiles		
iRules		
Pools		
Nodes		
Monitors 📀		
Traffic Class		
Address Translation		
Acceleration		

- 4. Click http.
- 5. Under Settings, locate **Insert X-Forwarded-For**.
- 6. Select **Disabled** from the drop-down list (or uncheck the **Enabled** check box to clear it).

Settings		^
Basic Auth Realm		
Fallback Host		
Fallback on Error Codes		
Request Header Erase		
Request Header Insert		
Response Headers Allowed		
Request Chunking		
Response Chunking		
OneConnect Transformations	☑ Enabled	
Redirect Rewrite	None	
Encrypt Cookies		
Cookie Encryption Passphrase		
Confirm Cookie Encryption Passphrase		
Insert X-Forwarded-For	Disabled 🔽	
LWS Maximum Columns	80	
LWS Separator		

- 7. Click the **Update** button.
- 8. From the Services menu, click Fast HTTP.

**If Fast HTTP is not available in the Services menu,** skip the rest of this section. Proceed to Creating the iRule.

- 9. Locate Insert X-Forwarded-For.
- 10. Select **Disabled** from the drop-down list (or uncheck the **Enabled** check box to clear it).
- 11. Click the **Update** button to save and exit.
- 12. Continue to Creating the iRule.

#### Creating the iRule

Use the following instructions to add an iRule for the XFF header. This procedure is used to map the Load Balancer IP and ensure that accurate port and protocol information are reported to the Flow Sensor.

If you prefer to use an existing iRule, you can modify it using the information provided here.

To create an iRule for the XFF header in the F5 Load Balancer, complete the following steps:

- 1. Under the Main tab, click Local Traffic.
- 2. Click iRules.

#### 3. Click the **Create** button.

Main Help About	Local Traffic » iRules : iRule List		
Statistics	🔅 🚽 iRule List Data Group List iFile List	Statistics 🔎	
iApps	• Search		Creat
DNS	Name A	Verification	Certificate     Application     Partition / Parti
r 	sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_OA_BasicAuth	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Local Traffic	sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_OA_NtlmAuth	F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Network Map	sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_helper	PI F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Virtual Servers	sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_main	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Policies	sys_APM_Office365_SAML_BasicAuth	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Profiles	sys_APM_activesync	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
iRules	sys_auth_krbdelegate	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Pools	□ _sys_auth_idap	E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
	□ _sys_auth_radius	F5 Verified	f5-irule Common
Nodes System Strategy St		E F5 Verified	f5-irule Common

#### 4. In the Name field, enter xff.

Hostname: <b>bigip1com</b> IP Address: 10140		er: admin le: Administrator
ONLINE (ACTIVE) Standalone		
Main Help About	Local Traffic » iRules : i	Rule List » New iRule
Main Statistics		
	Properties	
iApps	Name	xff
S DNS		1
Local Traffic		
Network Map		
Virtual Servers		
Policies		
Profiles	a server and a server and a server a s	and the second

continued...

```
5. Copy and paste the following text into the Definition field:
```

```
when CLIENT_ACCEPTED {
 if { [PROFILE::exists clientssl] } then {
   set client_protocol "https"
   set local_port 443
 } else {
   set client_protocol "http"
   set local_port 80
 }
}
when HTTP_REQUEST {
 if { [HTTP::header exists "X-Forwarded-For"] } {
   HTTP::header replace X-Forwarded-For "[HTTP::header X-Forwarded-For], [IP::client_addr]"
 } else {
   HTTP::header insert "X-Forwarded-For" [IP::client_addr]
 }
 if { [HTTP::header exists "X-Forwarded-Proto"] } {
   HTTP::header replace X-Forwarded-Proto "[HTTP::header X-Forwarded-Proto], $client_protocol"
 } else {
   HTTP::header insert "X-Forwarded-Proto" $client_protocol
 }
 if { [HTTP::header exists "X-Forwarded-Port"] } {
   HTTP::header replace X-Forwarded-Port "[HTTP::header X-Forwarded-Port], [TCP::client_port]"
 } else {
   HTTP::header insert "X-Forwarded-Port" [TCP::client_port]
 }
 if { [HTTP::header exists "X-Forwarded-Host"] } {
   HTTP::header replace X-Forwarded-Host "[HTTP::header X-Forwarded-Host], [IP::local_addr]:$local_port"
 } else {
   HTTP::header insert "X-Forwarded-Host" [IP::local_addr]:$local_port
 }
}
```

- 6. Click the Finished button to save and exit.
- 7. Continue to Adding the iRule as a Virtual Server Resource.

#### Adding the iRule as a Virtual Server Resource

To enable a virtual server, the new XFF iRule must be added as a resource in the F5 Load Balancer. This step enables the load balancer to report the XFF Header.

- 1. Under the Main tab, click **Local Traffic**.
- 2. Click Virtual Servers.
- 3. Locate the **Service Port** column and find **Service Port 80 (HTTP)** or **443 (HTTPS)** that is handling the traffic handled by the device. Click the **Virtual Server** name.

Virtual Server List Virtual Address List Statistics  Virtual Search Status  Name Internal-outbound	Description	lication				Create
Status A Name	Description     Ap	lication				
Status A Name	Description     Ap	lication e Destina				
internal-outbound			tion	Ф Туре	Resources	Partition / Pat
		Any IPv4	0 (Any)	Forwarding (IP)	Edit	Common
web_server_1-ssh-vip		10.208.1.1	0 22 (SSH)	Standard	Edit	Common
web_server_1-www-vip	1 and	10.208.1.1	0 80 (HTTP)	Standard	Edit	Common
Disable Delete			+			
	web_server_1-www-vip     Disable   Delete					

- 4. Click the **Resources** tab.
- 5. In the iRules section, click the **Manage** button.

Main Help About	Local Traffic » Virtual Server List » web_server_f-awww/ip
Statistics	A Properties Resources Statetos
iApps	Load Balancing
😚 DNS	Default Pool web server 1swww V
Local Traffic	Default Persistence Profile None V
Network Map	Fallback Persistence Profile None
Virtual Servers	Update
Policies	Rules
Profiles	Nane
iRules >	
Pools +	Policies Manage_
Nodes	Policies Manage
Monitors 🕘	rentre lo display.
Traffic Class	Po recurs o uspay.
Address Translation	
Acceleration	

- 6. Scroll through the Available iRules to find the new XFF iRule. Click the **XFF** iRule to select it.
- 7. Click on the << button to add the XFF iRule to the **Enabled** box.

ONLINE (ACTIVE) Standalone		
Main Help About	Local Traffic » Virtual S	Servers : Virtual Server List » web_server_1-www-vip
Statistics	🕸 🗸 Properties	Resources Statistics 🗩
iApps	Resource Management	
DNS		Enabled Available
Local Traffic	iRule	/Common     /Common       xff     sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_OA_BasicAuth       >>>     _Sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_OA_NtImAuth       _sys_APM_ExchangeSupport_helper     ✓
Network Map		
Virtual Servers		Up Down
Policies	Cancel Finished	
Profiles		

8. Click the **Finished** button to save and exit.

#### Configuring All Load Balancers in the Network

If there are multiple load balancers chained on the network, apply the preceding instructions in this Configuring the Load Balancer section on each load balancer before proceeding to Enabling XFF Processing on the Flow Sensor.

Configuring each load balancer preserves the XFF information and appends it. In this configuration, the Flow Sensor will report only the original load balancer IP in the translated host.

Configuring the Load Balancer instructions include the following:

- Disabling the XFF Option for HTTP
- Creating the iRule
- Adding the iRule as a Virtual Server Resource

## Enabling XFF Processing on the Flow Sensor

To process the XFF header field on the Flow Sensor, complete the following steps:

- 1. Log in to your Manager.
- 2. Click Configure > GLOBAL Central Management.
- 3. Click the ••• (Ellipsis) icon for your Flow Sensor, then click View Appliance Statistics. The Flow Sensor Admin interface opens.
- 4. Click **Configuration > Advanced Settings**.
- 5. Check the Enable X-Forwarded-For Processing check box.

cisco	FlowSensor VE							
倄 Home	Advanced Settings							
📌 Configuration 🛛 🕀	Export Packet Payload							
🐣 Manage Users 🛛 🖽								
🖋 Support 🛛 🖽	Export Application Identification							
Audit Log	Include IPv6							
 © Operations ⊡	Include HTTPS Header Data (Applies only to IPFIX exports.)							
logout	Include HTTP Header Data (Applies only to IPFIX exports.)							
Pelp ⊞	Export 32	bytes of the HTTP Request Path.						
G								
	Enable VXLAN Decapsulation							
	Enable GENEVE Decapsulation							
	Enable X-Forwarded-For Processing							
	Enable ETA Processing							
	Cache Mode							
	Use single, shared, cache for all monitoring ports							
	O Use independent caches for each monitoring port							
	Apply							

- 5. Click the **Apply** button.
- 6. Repeat these instructions on all Flow Sensors in the network that are receiving load balancer support.
- 7. Continue to Verifying the Configuration.

# Verifying the Configuration

To verify the load balancer configuration, log in to the Desktop Client or the Web App. The Desktop Client provides the load balancer IP address and port, and the Web Client provides the load balancer IP address.

## Verifying the Configuration in the Manager Desktop Client

Use the following instructions to review the load balancer IP address and port in the Desktop Client.

- 1. To generate X-Forwarded-For traffic on a client in front of the F5 Load Balancer, use a browser on a web server located behind the load balancer to log in to the Desktop Client.
- 2. Locate the Flow Sensor in the Enterprise Tree. Right-click the Flow Sensor name (or IP address).
- 3. Click **Flows** > **Flow Table**.
- 4. Review the Translated Host and Translated Port columns to confirm the F5 Load Balancer IP address and port are shown.
  - Translated Host (load balancer IP address)
  - Translated Port (load balancer port)

•••					StealthW	atch Manageme	nt Co	onsole (admin -		
ts Enterprise	Flow T	able ×								_
SMC UDP Directors	💎 Filter	🤤 Do 🤶 Flo	omain : owSensor : f5-c					• Time	: Last 5 minutes	
Host Groups	Table	III Short	t List							
Network Devices	Flow Tabl									
Maps	Translated	l Host 🗘	Translated Port 🗘	Client	Host 🗘	Server Host	¢	Duration *1	Application 4	S
<ul> <li>FlowCollectors</li> <li>S g</li> <li>-fc</li> </ul>				192.		192.		03:07:35	HTTP (unclassified)	
<ul> <li>Exporters</li> <li>FlowSensors</li> </ul>				192.		192.		03:07:35	SSH/SCP (unclassified	1
F5-c .loc Identity Services	10.		52	192.	a de la compañía de la	192.		00:00:02	HTTPS (unclassified)	
🛃 External Devices										

### Adding Columns to the Flow Table (Desktop Client)

If the Translated Host and Translated Port columns are not shown in the Desktop Client Flow Table, complete the following steps:

- 1. Right-click any column.
- 2. Scroll through the list. Select More until you reach the T's.
- 3. Click **Translated Host** and **Translated Port** to add them to the Flow Table.

### Verifying the Configuration in the Web App

Use the following instructions to review the load balancer IP address in the Web App. The translated port is not available in the Web App. See <u>Verifying the Configuration in the</u> <u>Manager Desktop Client</u> to verify the port.

- 1. Open a web page on the server (behind the F5 Load Balancer).
- 2. Log in to the Manager.
- 3. Click Investigate > Flow Search.
- 4. Click Search.
- 5. When the Flow search results display flows, click Manage Columns.
- 6. Click the check box to add a check mark to **Peer NAT** and **Subject NAT**.
- 7. Click Set.
- 8. Confirm the load balancer IP address is shown in the Peer NAT column or the Subject NAT column.

The column is determined by the direction of flow.

	Search Time Range: ject: Orientation: E	Last 5 minutes	5					
Sub	Onentation, t			_				_
	START	DURATION	SUBJECT IP ADDRESS	SUBJECT PORT/PROTOCOL	SUBJECT NAT	SUBJECT HOST GROUPS	SUBJECT BYTES	CONNECTION
	Aug 10, 2017 9:17:40 AM	2m 17s	192 ⊖ View URL Data	52851/TCP	-	Catch All	11.5K	HTTP (unclassified)
•	Aug 10, 2017 9:17:40 AM	2m 19s	192. 😔 View URL Data	54733/TCP	-	Catch All	9.74K	HTTP (unclassified)
•	Aug 10, 2017 9:17:40 AM	2m 17s	192. ⊖ View URL Data	60374/TCP	-	Catch All	9.42K	SSH/SCP (unclassifie
•	Aug 10, 2017 9:16:40 AM	17s	192. View URL Data	52851/TCP	-	Catch All	3.83K	HTTP (unclassified)
•	Aug 10, 2017 9:16:40 AM	19s	192 ⊖ View URL Data	54733/TCP	-	Catch All	3.25K	HTTP (unclassified)
	Aug 10, 2017 9:17:40 AM	2m 15s	192.: ⊖ View URL Data	46467/TCP	-	Catch All	7.64K	SSH/SCP (unclassifie
•	Aug 10, 2017 9:16:40 AM	17s	192. ⊖ View URL Data	60374/TCP	-	Catch All	3.14K	SSH/SCP (unclassifie
	Aug 10, 2017 9:16:40 AM	15s	192. ⊖ View URL Data	46467/TCP	-	Catch All	2.63K	SSH/SCP (unclassifie
	Aug 10, 2017 9:17:40 AM	1m 43s	10 ↔ View URL Data	50459/TCP	192.	Catch All	716	HTTP
Þ	Aug 10, 2017 9:16:40 AM	20s	10 ⊡ View URL Data	50459/TCP	192	Catch All	548	HTTP

# **Contacting Support**

If you need technical support, please do one of the following:

- Contact your local Cisco Partner
- Contact Cisco Support
- To open a case by web: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html">http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html</a>
- To open a case by email: tac@cisco.com
- For phone support: 1-800-553-2447 (U.S.)
- For worldwide support numbers: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/web/tsd-cisco-worldwide-contacts.html

# Change History

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