Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification
(Version 2.4)

This document describes CSM message exchanges, XML schema, and client/server behavioral specifications in the Cisco Security Manager 4.17 Northbound API

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1 Overview

This document provides the protocol description and specification for the Cisco Security Manager (CSM) API as well as the behavioral requirements for any CSM client products that will use the API on the CSM Server and CSM Server (infrastructure device) itself. In addition, it provides the XML schema, which is the basis for the message content carried by the CSM northbound (NB) API.

The CSM NB API is designed to be used by client products that want to read network security configuration information or events, or that want to publish changes to those configurations.

The CSM NB API is broken into services that enable various features to provide access to both global and device-specific network configuration policies for Cisco ASA and IPS devices.

After a client receives the policy information, it can use the information to perform security analysis, link to security events, and take other actions.

1.1 Scope

This document serves as the CSM NB API 2.1 specification—the specification for the XML schema which provides the basis of the message content carried in the CSM API payload and the behavioral specification for CSM client products and infrastructure products implementing the CSM NB API.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, all references to the CSM Client or the CSM "API" Client throughout this document refer to the third-party "CSM API Client Program" that uses the REST interface to communicate with the CSM Server. The CSM Client mentioned in this document should not be confused with the pre-bundled CSM GUI client application that is installed on user desktops to access the server. Wherever necessary, any references to the pre-bundled CSM GUI client application in the document includes a screen shot of the relevant screen to prevent any confusion. Please see the figure below where the interaction of the CSM API Client Program is clearly denoted.
1.2 Changes in Revision 1.1

The NB API 1.1 is a successor of the NB API 1.0. The following changes were added in the 1.1 version of the API:

1.2.1 Unified Access Rules
This is a new policy, supported in Version 1.1.

1.2.2 Security Policy Object
This is a new policy object, supported in Version 1.1.

1.2.3 Network object
This object has been changed to represent its data elements as <ipData>, in place of <ipv4Data>, when the API is used for Unified Access Rules.

1.2.4 Return user/ticket that last modified a config rule
One of the use cases of the API is to get configuration data from CSM for compliance checks. The configuration service API now also returns information regarding users and tickets that modified a configuration rule.

1.2.5 Add device status – up/down as part of the event service
Some Security Manager users have task threads that run daily and fetch changed configuration from the network devices managed by Security Manager. For this they use the execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds API call to get the configuration from the Device.

The execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds API call hangs if the Device Status is down. Hence, users interested in this area are advised to do a Device Status up/down check before executing the execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds API call.

1.2.6 Exec command API call will be supporting custom timeouts
In the version of the API prior to 1.1 (which was Version 1.0), execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds has no timeout value, so it can run for an infinite period of time and cause the API service to hang if a device is unresponsive. To prevent that problem, the subsequent version of the API (Version 1.1) allows the method execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds to take an optional attribute in the Request. This optional attribute allows the API client to set an timeout for the execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds method call.

1.2.7 API enhancement to return list of all the shared Policies defined in CSM
A new API was added in Version 1.1 that returns the list of all shared policies in the system for a given policy type.

1.2.8 Return the Device’s SysObjectID in the Device Object
API Version 1.0 has many APIs which list out all the devices present in CSM. Additionally, API Version 1.1 now includes the SysObjectID in the response.
1.2.9 CSM Audit Logs should differentiate between logins through API and CSM client.

In CSM 4.3, logins to CSM from the NB API or a CSM Client would create an audit log message indicating a user login. However there was no differentiation/description in the audit log message indicating that a user had logged in using the NB API.

As part of the CSM 4.4 release, the audit log was enhanced to differentiate between logins through the API and logins through the CSM Client.

1.2.10 New Firewall Policies

The following new firewall policies are available beginning with CSM 4.4 and Version 1.1 of the API:

- InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy. An InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy represents a Unified (IPv6/IPv4) Object NAT Rule.

1.3 Changes in Revision 2.0

The additions to this release of the NB API are described briefly in this section, and details of the individual APIs are covered in the later sections. The serviceVersion of the config service has been updated to 2.0.

1.3.1 Write API

In this release, write access for policies and objects is introduced. The following subsections provide more information:

1.3.1.1 Policy Objects

The support to add, modify, and delete policy objects is added in this release. This release also supports creating device overrides. The following policy objects are supported in this release:

1. Network
2. Service
3. Port-List
4. Interface Role
5. Time-range
6. Identity-User Group
7. Security-User Group

1.3.1.2 Policy

The support to add, delete, and modify a policy assigned to a device or a shared policy is added in this release. But the support to create/assign/inherit/unassign that shared policy via the API is not supported. The following policies are supported in this release:

1. Access-Rule
2. Unified Access-Rule
3. ACL Name Setting
1.3.1.3 Administration Page
To limit the payload size of the request, a new option has been added in the CSM API Administration page, where the user can specify a value between 1 and 5 MB, with the default value being 2 MB.

1.3.2 All CSM Server Mode Support
Beginning with Version 2.0, write API-related methods are introduced; they support the write APIs in all the CSM server modes, namely the following:

1. Ticketing disabled and workflow disabled
2. Ticketing enabled and workflow disabled
3. Workflow enabled and ticketing disabled
4. Workflow and Ticketing enabled

The CSMSession concept is introduced in the NB API. To use any of the Write API-related methods, a CSMSession needs to be created or opened from the API layer, and the unique ID that is returned should be used along with the write API methods. Internally, the createCSMSession API will create an activity or ticket based on the CSM server mode. Creating a CSMSession should be used even with non-workflow and non-ticketing mode. For more details about this, please see Section 8.1.3, Using CSMSession.

1.3.3 Deployment API
After the changes are submitted, immediate deployment for the affected devices can be initiated using the deployment APIs.

1.3.4 API to Read Policy Object
In this release, an API has been added to read the contents of a policy object given its name and type, or given only its ID.

1.3.5 Access-Rule Changes
Beginning with this release, the read output of the access rule is modified to include the policy name and the section information. When a device is inheriting a shared policy, this addition will differentiate the local rules from the shared policy rule. Two new elements, <sectionName> and <policyName>, have been added. The <sectionName> tags give the section detail to which the rule belongs, and <policyName> gives not only the name of the shared policy but also the complete path so that it helps in understanding the inheritance model. The following example shows the newly added element:
1.4 Changes in Revision 2.1

In this revision, the following CSM Configuration Service API methods for working with shared policies are introduced.

1.4.1 CreateSharedPolicy

The CreateSharedPolicy method is used to create a new shared policy.

1.4.2 DeleteSharedPolicy

The DeleteSharedPolicy method is used to delete an existing shared policy.

1.4.3 RenameSharedPolicy

The RenameSharedPolicy method is used to rename an existing shared policy.

---

**Figure 1: Access-Rule Changes in Version 2.0**

<deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
  <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-012884901983</gid>
  <name/>
  <lastUpdateTime>2014-03-03T13:01:28.57Z</lastUpdateTime>
  <updatedAtByUser>asababu</updatedAtByUser>
  <lastCommitTime>2014-03-03T13:00:37.142Z</lastCommitTime>
  <ticketId>asababu_03.Mar.2014_18.30.15</ticketId>
  <type>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</type>
  <orderId>0</orderId>
  <isMandatoryAggregation>true</isMandatoryAggregation>
  <description/>
  <configState>committed</configState>
  <sectionName>london</sectionName>
  <policyName>Global/Europe/UK</policyName>
  <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
  <direction>In</direction>
  <permit>false</permit>
  <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000213</gid>
  </interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
  <networkObjectGIDs>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000102</gid>
  </networkObjectGIDs>
  <sources>
    <networkObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000102</gid>
    </networkObjectGIDs>
  </sources>
  <destinations>
    <networkObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000102</gid>
    </networkObjectGIDs>
  </destinations>
  <services>
    <serviceObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000001041</gid>
    </serviceObjectGIDs>
  </services>
  <logOptions>
    <isFirewallLoggingEnabled>true</isFirewallLoggingEnabled>
    <isDefaultLogging>true</isDefaultLogging>
  </logOptions>
</deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
1.4.4 AssignSharedPolicy
The AssignSharedPolicy method is used to assign a shared policy to devices. Assigning a shared policy will replace the existing local policy for the device.

1.4.5 UnassignSharedPolicy
The UnassignSharedPolicy method is used to unassign a shared policy.

1.4.6 InheritSharedPolicy
The InheritSharedPolicy method is used to inherit a shared policy from another shared policy. If no inheritance option is selected then the inherited policies will be detached.

1.5 Changes in Revision 2.2
In this revision, the following CSM Configuration Service read API method for getting list of policy objects for a specific object type is introduced.

1.5.1 getPolicyObjectsListByType
This API to get the list of policy objects based on type. User can readily use the list and use the object of interest for processing in other Config API.

1.6 Audience
This document is technical in nature and is intended for architects, development engineers, and technical marketing engineers.

1.7 References
The following are referenced within this document and form a normative part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of a conflict with this specification and the following referenced specifications, the contents of this specification take precedence.

- RFC-3579, RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial In User Service) Support For Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), Aboba and Calhoun, September 2003
- RFC-2387, The MIME Multipart/Related Content-type, Levinson, August 1998
- Describing Media Content of Binary Data in XML, Karmarkar and Yalçınalp, http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-media-types/, May 4, 2005
- RFC-2616, Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1, Fielding, Gettys, Mogul, Frystyk, Masinter, Leach and Berners-Lee, June 1999
- XML Path Language http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath/, November 1999
1.8 Glossary
The following list describes acronyms and definitions for terms used throughout this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AAA</td>
<td>authentication, authorization and accounting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>Application Programming Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS</td>
<td>authentication server (e.g. AAA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUS</td>
<td>Auto Update Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>certificate authority. May also refer to &quot;Configuration Archive&quot; module in CSM that stores raw device configuration data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNS</td>
<td>Cisco Networking Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CR</td>
<td>certificate repository</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSM</td>
<td>Cisco Security Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS</td>
<td>domain name service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FQDN</td>
<td>fully qualified domain name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HPM</td>
<td>Health and Performance Monitoring application of CSM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP</td>
<td>Hyper Text Transfer Protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>Internet protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN</td>
<td>local area network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAS</td>
<td>network authentication server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NB</td>
<td>North Bound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OOB</td>
<td>Out of Band (uncontrolled changes done outside of CSM directly on the device)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PKI</td>
<td>public key infrastructure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PKC</td>
<td>public key cryptography</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDK</td>
<td>Software Development Kit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UI</td>
<td>user interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URI</td>
<td>universal resource identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML</td>
<td>extensible markup language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XPath</td>
<td>XML Path Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REST</td>
<td>REpresentational State Transfer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Glossary Terms

1.9 Conventions
The following textual conventions are observed in this document:

- All type definitions start with an uppercase letter, as in the following example:
  - `<xs:simpleType name="ObjectIdentifier"/>

- All element names start with a lowercase letter, as in the following example:
  - `<xs:element name="gid" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>"
1.10 Overview of CSM Message Flows

When a CSM client wishes to use the CSM server, some of the main high-level message flows are shown in Figure 2. The CSM Server is configured to know about the devices in the network and reads those configurations for Firewalls, IPS devices, etc. After initiation, any CSM client may authenticate to the CSM server and access the methods provided in the API. The CSM interface is defined as multiple services such as common (Section 2), config (Section 3), events (Section 3.2.11) and utility (Section 5) services.

REST is used for the transport of CSM messages. In other words, a CSM message is a URL accessed by the CSM client. The XML schema for CSM messages is provided in each service section in this document as well as the complete XSD files in Section 11.

The CSM API is structured with four major subcategories:

---

**Figure 2: High-Level CSM Message Exchange**

---
o **Common Service API**: Contains common method definitions and schema details (related to login, logout, ping/heartbeat, etc.). For more details, see the section titled Common Service API.

o **Config Service API**: Contains methods and schema to retrieve and write device configuration data. For more details, see the section titled CSM Configuration Service API.

o **Event Service API**: Contains methods and schema that allow the client to subscribe for event notifications in specific cases (deployment and out-of-band change events, etc.). For more details, see the section titled CSM Events Service API.

o **Utility Service API**: Contains methods and schema that allow the user to execute specific CLI commands on the device using the CSM API interface. For more details, see the section titled CSM Utility Service API

### 1.11 Licensing

This feature is licensed. A specific CSM API license must be applied via the CSM Tools ➔ Security Manager Administration ➔ Licensing page. The API license can only be applied on a server licensed for the CSM professional edition. The license cannot be applied on CSM running a Standard edition of the license or when it is in evaluation mode.

![Licensing Page](image)

All API requests without a valid license will return an error response containing:
Error code: 26

Error Description: API license is not enabled. Please add a valid API license and retry this operation.

1.12 Prerequisites

Following are some prerequisites to use and work with the API:

- The latest version of the CSM Server that includes the API support must be installed. Please refer to the CSM installation guide for more details.
- After the server is installed, managed devices (e.g., ASA and IPS) must be added to CSM before the corresponding policy data is queried using the API.
- API will only return data that is “committed” to the policy database. For that reason, applicable activities must be submitted before the data is visible via the API.
- Health and Performance Monitor (HPM) should be enabled for out-of-band (OOB) and device status UP/DOWN change notifications to work.
- API does not include any SDK for any specific programming language. The API exposes a REST (Representational State Transfer) -based interface, so API clients can be implemented in any language as long as the XML Message protocol is adhered to.
- All API Services are accessible only using HTTPS. No HTTP access is allowed. The “root” URL for REST based API access is https://<server-ip or host>/nbi/.

1.13 API Administration Settings

The following global administration settings are specific to the API feature (Please refer to the version-specific CSM user guide and installation guide for additional information):

- **Enable API Service**: Allows the API feature to be completely enabled/disabled
- **Result Set Page Size**: Controls the size of the result set that is returned in a single response. Values are 100 (minimum), 500 (default) and 1000 (maximum). This configuration applies only to the GetPolicyConfigurationByName (Section 3.2.8) and GetPolicyConfigurationByDeviceGID (Section 3.2.9) methods. Also, see Section 2.2.1.1 for details on how responses are paginated.
- **Active Client Sessions**: Controls the total number of simultaneous active API client sessions (logins) that are allowed. Values are 1 (minimum), 5 (default), and 10 (maximum).

### 1.14 Debug Settings

If you want to enable debugging on the API requests on the CSM server, please set the value of the API Debug Level field to DEBUG. (The default value of this field is ERROR.)
2 Common Service API
This section describes the common methods and common object model for all services on the CSM API.

2.1 Object Model
The following object classes are used throughout the API specification.

2.1.1 Object Identifier
The Object Identifier is a global unique identifier for an object. The Object Identifier is a 128-bit value based on RFC4122.

```
<x:simpleType name="ObjectIdentifier">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
        <xs:pattern value="[a-f0-9]{8}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{12}"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<x:complexType name="ObjectIdentifierList">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="gid" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 3: ObjectIdentifier & ObjectIdentifierList XML Schema

2.1.2 Base Object
The common class for all objects in the system and all object classes inherit from this class. It has the following attributes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>gid</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Unique object identifier for an object and is immutable for the object lifetime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastUpdateTime</td>
<td>TimeStamp</td>
<td>Indicates the update time for an object either created or updated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>An optional display name for the object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parentGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>An optional parent object identifier that identifies an object’s parent instance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>updatedByUser</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Username of the User who updated the Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastCommitTime</td>
<td>dateTime</td>
<td>Last Updated time for the object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ticketId</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Ticket ID of the ticket as part of which the Object has been updated.  This will not be available if Ticketing is not enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>activityName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Activity Name of the Activity as part of which the Object has been updated. This is applicable if the CSM is in WorkFlow mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: BaseObject Class Attributes
Figure 4: BaseObject XML Schema

2.1.3 Device

A device object is used to represent a single device in the system. Virtual contexts are also modeled as individual devices in the system. The device object also expresses a relationship between a parent (admin/system context) and its associated child contexts.

The Device class inherits from BaseObject including all attributes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>osType</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The device OS Type from an enumerated list {IOS, FWSM, ASA, PIX, IPS}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osVersion</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The software version of the OS running on the device. Version string could be 6.1, 6.2 etc. on a PIX platform, 12.1, 12.2S etc. on an IOS platform etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>imageName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The OS Image name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mgmtInterface</td>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>A reference to the management interface for the device. The interface which is used to manage the device in CSM is taken as management interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>interfaceList</td>
<td>Sequence of Interface</td>
<td>A list of interfaces within the device. (Contains list of interfaces other than management interface of the device.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fullConfig</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>An element containing the full configuration of the device. The full configuration of the device will be represented by an ASCII output of the show running config CLI command. This is only shown when the getDeviceConfigByGid or getDeviceConfigByName API’s to get the full config of the device. In all other cases this element value is not set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>virtualContextList</td>
<td>List of Device</td>
<td>A list of virtual context objects belonging to the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configState</td>
<td>ConfigurationSTate</td>
<td>The configuration state of the device and whether there are any uncommitted changes. Value taken from { committed, deployed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sysObjectID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>System Object ID of the Device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Device Class Attributes

```xml
<xs:complexType name="Device">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseObject">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="osType" type="OSType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="osVersion" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="imageName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="sysObjectID" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="fullConfig" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="mgmtInterface" type="Interface" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="interfaceList" type="InterfaceList" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="virtualContextList" type="Device" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="configState" type="ConfigurationState" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 5: Device XML Schema
2.1.3.1 Interface

The Interface class defines a network interface in a network device. The InterfaceList class defines a sequence of Interface instances.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The type of network interface. Following are the supported interface type values – Null, Management, Analysis-module, Async, ATM, BRI, BVI, Content-engine, Dialer, Dot11Radio, Ethernet, FastEthernet, GigabitEthernet, TenGigabitEthernet, HundredGigabitEthernet, FDDI, Group-Async, HSSI, IDS-Sensor, Loopback, Multilink, Port-channel, POS, PRI, Serial, Switch, Tokenring, Tunnel, VG-anylan, Virtual-Template, Virtual-TokenRing, VLAN, Redundant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>identifier</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The identifier for the network interface. If name is configured for any interface on the device then Interface Identifier value will be taken as name else the interface type/port/slot will be shown as identifier. For example a GigabitEthernet interface is configured as outside then the API will show the identifier as outside and type as GigabitEthernet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipInterface.domainName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>An optional DNS domain name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipInterface.ipAddress</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The IP Address configured on the interface including its mask. The mask is not stored for IPS devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipInterface.isNatAddress</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>True if the management IP address is a NATed address. (This placeholder element is not used in Version 1.1 of the API)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipInterface.realIpAddress</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>In case the management IP address is a NATed address, the realIpAddress is the non NATed ip address of the management interface. (This placeholder element is not used in Version 1.1 of the API)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>macInterface.macAddress</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The mac address of the interface (optional). The MAC Address for ASA/PIX devices alone is stored. For others device types, CSM does not store the MAC address. Also CSM does not manage the burnt in MAC Address details. CSM manages only the mac - address that is changed explicitly by the user, so response will have only this data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4: Interface Class Attributes
2.1.3.2 Firewall Capabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fwOsMode</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>Indicates if the FWSM/ASA is running in Transparent (1) or Routed (2) mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwOsMultiplicity</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>Returns if the FWSM/ASA is running in a single (1) or multi (2) context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contextName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Returns the name of the context. If the current device represents a context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isComposite</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>Indicates if the device is a “composite” or not. Catalyst 6500 containing FWSM or other blades are marked as composite.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 6: Interface XML Schema

2.1.4 DeviceGroup

A device group object is used to represent a container of devices in the system. Device groups contain zero or more devices and zero or more children device groups.

The DeviceGroup class inherits from BaseObject including all attributes.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Attributes</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element:path</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A hierarchichal path string indicating the group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: device</td>
<td>Device</td>
<td>Zero or more devices within this device group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGroup</td>
<td>DeviceGroup</td>
<td>Zero or more device groups within this device group</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 6: DeviceGroup Class Attributes**

```xml
<x:simpleType name="DeviceGroup">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseObject">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="path" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="device" type="Device" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element name="deviceGroup" type="DeviceGroup" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 7: DeviceGroup and DeviceGroupPath XML Schema**

### 2.1.5 Port Identifier

The PortIdentifier class defines a physical or virtual port identifier in a network device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>slotNum</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The identifier of the slot in the case of a modular chassis. In a non-modular chassis this attribute is empty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>moduleNum</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The identifier of the module in the case of a sub-module within a slot. In a non-modular chassis this attribute is empty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portNum</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The port number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 7: PortIdentifier Class Attributes**
2.1.6 BaseError

The common class for all request errors is defined by the BaseError class. It has the following attributes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Unsigned Long</td>
<td>A unique error code that identifies the type of error that occurred with the request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A description of the error that occurred</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 8: BaseError Class Attributes

Figure 8: PortIdentifier XML Schema

Figure 9: BaseError XML Schema

The following general error codes are currently defined:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>General Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Lack of resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Object Creation Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: No session found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: Invalid or expired session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Internal communication failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>XML request payload contains no data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>XML request is invalid. (This error is caused if the XML request does not adhere to the published XML schema or if the XML is illformed or invalid. Though this is a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
system wide error, this error is usually set inside a specific response object if the application is able to parse the request method that is being called)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>protVersion is optional, and if an unsupported version is specified, then this error is returned. In this release, the supported version is Version 1.0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Internal Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>API Service is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>API license is not applied</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Table 9: System Error Codes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional method specific errors codes are defined in the respective sections. All response objects extend from the Base Error object. The error content is set in cases the CSM API encounters any error when servicing a method.

The error messages returned are of two general types:

1. **Common/System wide errors**: As defined in the table above. These errors are generally due to some unrecoverable errors encountered by the application. These errors can occur when servicing any request.

2. **Method Specific errors**: These are application errors that are specific to method being processed.

The system wide errors return the Base Error content as the only response:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:baseError xmlns:ns1="csm">
   <code>1</code>
   <description>General Failure</description>
</ns1:baseError>
```

Method specific errors encode the Base Error content inside the response object. Following is an example of an error encountered when servicing a login request:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:loginResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
   <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
   <error>
      <code>7</code>
      <description>Authentication Failure: Invalid username and/or password specified.</description>
   </error>
   <serviceVersion>1.0</serviceVersion>
   <sessionTimeoutInMins>15</sessionTimeoutInMins>
</ns1:loginResponse>
```
2.2 Methods

2.2.1 Common Request & Response

All methods in this API take an XML object as an argument for the method request and response. The XML object passed as part of the request (and echoed in the response) are derived from the following class which includes the following attributes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>protVersion</td>
<td>double</td>
<td>identifies the version of the protocol associated with the particular request/response being sent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reqId</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>identifies a unique token sent by the client in the request that the server will echo in the associated response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>startIndex</td>
<td>Unsigned Long</td>
<td>An optional start index that is specified by the “client” requests that are “paginated”. This is applicable for policies like firewall rules that might return a large number of rows of data. The client must set the startIndex equal to the end index of the previous response to fetch the next page of data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>endIndex</td>
<td>Unsigned Long</td>
<td>An optional end index that is specified by the “server” when it has not returned “all the data”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>totalCount</td>
<td>Unsigned Long</td>
<td>An optional total count from the “server” that indicates the total number of rows in this policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error</td>
<td>BaseError</td>
<td>identifies any errors that may occur upon a request submitted to the server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 10: BaseReqResp Class Attributes

```xml
<xs:complexType name="BaseReqResp">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="protVersion" type="xs:double" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="reqId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="startIndex" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="endIndex" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="totalCount" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="error" type="BaseError" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 10: BaseReqResp XML Schema

2.2.1.1 Pagination

Some of the service calls (say fetching a list of access rules) might return a large set of data. To prevent such large fetches from causing performance issues on the server and client, these results will be ‘paginated’. Pagination is
applicable only for the `GetPolicyConfigByName` and `GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID` methods. The pagination scheme will work as follows:

1) In the first request the client sends, none of the parameters startIndex, endIndex will be set. This is an indication to the server that this is a fresh request.
2) If the server determines that this request needs to be paginated (because the total result set is greater than the page size) then it will return a paged result and will set the following two elements:
   a. `endIndex`: Will be set to endIndex of the current result set. For example if this is the first request and 1000 rows are being returned then endIndex will be 1000.
   b. `totalCount`: Will contain the total count of the query itself. For example, if the total result contains 10,000 rows, then the element totalCount will be set to 10,000.
3) In the subsequent request, the client must set the startIndex in the BaseReqResp object and send the same query request again. In this case the startIndex of the client request will be equal to the endIndex of the last response received.
4) In the final response if there are no more data to be fetched, the server will not set any data for endIndex and totalCount.

Consider an example where a client is querying Firewall rules on a device “A” which has 3600 rules. The page size configured in the system is 1000. Following are the sequence of calls:

- Client ➔ Get Firewall Rules on device “A”
- Server ➔ Response with 1000 rules and endIndex=1000 and totalCount=3600
- Client ➔ Get Firewall Rule on device “A” and startIndex=1000
- Server ➔ Response with 1000 rules and endIndex=2000 and totalCount=3600
- Client ➔ Get Firewall Rule on device “A” and startIndex=2000
- Server ➔ Response with 1000 rules and endIndex=3000 and totalCount=3600
- Client ➔ Get Firewall Rule on device “A” and startIndex=3000
- Server ➔ Response with 600 rules and endIndex=<not-set> and totalCount=<not-set>

As a general case, if the client notices that the endIndex or totalCount is not set then all rows are expected to have been returned.

### 2.2.2 Method login

The login method authenticates a CSM client attempting to access the services provided by the CSM server. This method must be called prior to any other method called on other services. Since the introduction of write APIs from Version 2.0, the following is the behavior of the login method in different CSM server modes and between CSM GUI client login and API login. In the below table the CSM GUI Client denotes the pre-bundles CSM thick client along with CSM installer and API denotes the client that used CSM API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scenario</th>
<th>Workflow</th>
<th>Ticketing</th>
<th>Behavior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from same user id</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from different user</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### ID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Login via API from parallel sessions with same user id</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
<th>Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from same user id</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from different user ID</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via API from parallel sessions with same user id</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from same user id</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Not allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from different user ID</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via API from parallel sessions with same user id</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Not allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client from parallel session with same user id without API configuration</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from same user id</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Not allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via CSM GUI client and API from different user ID</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login via API from parallel sessions with same user id</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Not allowed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.2.2.1 Request

An example of the method login request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

**URL:**

https://hostname/nbi/login

**XML Argument:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:loginRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
    <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
    <reqId>123</reqId>
    <username>admin</username>
    <password>admin</password>
    <heartbeatRequested>true</heartbeatRequested>
    <callbackUrl>https://10.106.134.111/nbi/login</callbackUrl>
</csm:loginRequest>
```

![Figure 11: login Request Example](image)

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
Table 11: login Request Elements and Attributes Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Argument</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>loginRequest</td>
<td>login request authenticates the client against the server and returns a cookie that should be used in subsequent requests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>The CSM client username associated with the session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>The CSM client password associated with the session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>heartbeatRequested</td>
<td>This attribute may be optionally defined. If the attribute is set to true then the CSM client will receive a heartbeat callback from the CSM server. The server will try to ping the client with a frequency close to ((inactivity\ timeout)\ / 2) minutes. If the client does not respond to the heartbeat then the API retries the heartbeat during the next interval. If the heartbeat is successful then the session inactivity timeout is reset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>callbackUrl</td>
<td>The URL at which the CSM server will make the callback. This needs to be specified if the heartbeatRequested is true. Only HTTPS based callback URLs are allowed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HTTP Method  | POST  |

Returns  | 200 OK + XML   |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xs:element name="loginRequest" type="LoginRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="LoginRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="username" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="password" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="heartbeatRequested" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="callbackUrl" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 12: LoginRequest XML Schema

2.2.2.2 Response

The Login API validates the user credentials and returns a session token as a secure cookie. The session value is stored under the “asCookie” key. This session has a default session inactivity timeout of 15 minutes. An example of the HTTP Header and XML content response is shown in figure below. The fields in these messages are described in table below.
serviceVersion will be 2.0 for the config Service:

**Figure 13: login Response Example**

**Table 12: login Response Elements and Attributes Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Response</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>A cookie defining the authentication string, expiration date, path and domain that must be passed in all subsequent method calls e.g. Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML Element: loginResponse</td>
<td>XML content that returns the session information or failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceVersion</td>
<td>The service version of the Configuration service that is running. This attribute is included only if the user is successfully authenticated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sessionTimeoutInMins</td>
<td>The session timeout in minutes is the amount of minutes that must pass with no activity by the client before the CSM server discards the session as no longer active. Any access by the CSM client after a session has been timed out will be rejected and require the client to re-authenticate to gain access to the CSM server again. This attribute is only included if the user is successfully authenticated. Default is 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xs:element name="loginResponse" type="LoginResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="LoginResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="serviceVersion" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="sessionTimeoutInMins" type="xs:positiveInteger" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 14: LoginResponse XML Schema  Method heartbeatCallback**

An example of the Method heartbeatCallback is shown below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.
Figure 15: Method heartbeatCallback Example

Table 13: Method heartbeatCallback Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Header/XML Argument</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>heartbeatCallbackRequest</td>
<td>The heartbeatCallback method is called by the CSM Server on the CSM client to ensure the csm client is still active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| HTTP Header: asCookie | The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session |

| Returns | 200 OK | 401 Unauthorized |

Method specific errors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Authentication Failure: Invalid username and/or password specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: Login session error. The asCookie contained in the request is incorrect. This error can also occur if the session is stale (invalidated/timed out). The session can be kept alive by using ping or heartbeat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Maximum active session limit reached. No more sessions are allowed. (See API Administration options Section 1.13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An error was encountered while connecting to a server resource. (Also applicable for logout method)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 &amp; 12</td>
<td>User input validation errors. Returned under any of the following conditions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- An error occurred while parsing user input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Heartbeat tag missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Invalid callback URL specified or Callback URL is missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Callback URL specified when heartbeat requested is false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Session Creation failed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.3 Method logout

The logout method notifies the CSM server that a previously authenticated CSM client is no longer requiring session access to the CSM server. The CSM client should logout from the CSM server if it does not intend to access methods on the CSM server within the session access timeout window.

2.2.3.1 Request

An example of the method logout request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/logout

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<logoutRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
</logoutRequest>

Table 15: logout Request Elements and Attributes Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Argument</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>logoutRequest</td>
<td>XML argument that logs out the CSM client from the CSM server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.3.2 Response

An example of the logout response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<logoutResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
</logoutResponse>
```

**Figure 18: logout Response Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Response</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>logoutResponse</td>
<td>Returns the session information or failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2.4 Method: ping

The ping method maintains an active authenticated session from timing out or being discarded by the server. The CSM client should call the ping method before every `sessionTimeoutInMins` to ensure the CSM server does not discard its authenticated session. **Note: The authenticated session inactivity timeout is reset implicitly if an authentication session is used to make a call to the server.**

2.2.4.1 Request

An example of the ping request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/ping

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423adfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pingRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
</pingRequest>

**Figure 20: ping Request Example**

**Table 17: ping Request Elements and Attributes Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Argument</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pingRequest</td>
<td>XML argument that pings the CSM server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>PUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xs:element name="pingRequest" type="PingRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="PingRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp"/>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 21: PingRequest XML Schema**

### 2.2.4.2 Response

An example of the ping response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.
Figure 22: ping Response Example

Table 18: ping Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Response</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pingResponse</td>
<td>Returns the ping information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 23: PingResponse XML Schema
3 CSM Configuration Service API

The configuration service provides access to read and write the configuration of network and CSM policy objects. The state of a policy may either be committed or deployed. It is possible that a committed policy is one that has not yet been deployed to a device. The configuration service API policy methods will return **committed policies only**. The policy commit and deployment to the device are two separate operations. It is possible that the current running device configuration does not reflect all policy configuration changes until they are deployed successfully. See the class definitions of BasePolicy and BasePolicyObject for details on how the configuration state is captured.

The `configState` attribute for `BasePolicy` and `BasePolicyObject` elements (section 3.1.1 and 3.1.2) indicates this state. If the config state is “committed” the device for which this config has been fetched has pending committed changes that **are not yet deployed**. If the config state is “deployed” then it means that all committed changes have been deployed i.e. the CSM policy and the device are in sync.

Selective Policy Management is a CSM feature that allows a CSM administrator to selectively manage policies in CSM. Data corresponding to any policy **not selected for management** will not be maintained in the CSM policy database. And such policy data will not be returned by this API. Please consider using the Utility Service API under such cases.

3.1 Object Model

The following sections describe the object model used by the CSM Configuration Service.

3.1.1 Base Policy

The CSM object model consists of two primary classes - a “Policy” class that denotes a specific policy such as AAA policy, Interface Policy, Firewall Access Rule etc. Policy classes can additionally reference “Policy Objects” (also called as Building Blocks) that are used to denote reusable objects such as network addresses, services, port lists etc. As an example, a “Firewall Policy” can define source and destinations addresses as a “Network Policy Objects”.

Once defined policy objects are reusable and could be used by multiple policies.

All Policy classes extend from a “BasePolicy” class and all “Policy Objects” extend from a base class called as “BasePolicyObject”. The following class diagram denotes this relationship.
Figure 24: BasePolicy Class Inheritance
The BasePolicy class inherits from the BaseObject class including all attributes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>It's a mandatory attribute of any policy that describes content of the policy. Example – “AAAPolicy”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isMandatoryAggregation</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Relevant only for onion aggregation. Returns whether a policy is mandatory or not: mandatory policies will be pre-pended to parent and default ones will be appended.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>orderId</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>O-based ordering id. Returns index of the policy in the policy record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Policy Description (optional)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configState</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>The current state of the policy taken from { committed, deployed }</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 19: BasePolicy Class Attributes**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="BasePolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseObject">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="type" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="orderId" type="xs:unsignedInt" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="isMandatoryAggregation" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="configState" type="ConfigurationState" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 25: BasePolicy XML Schema**

The following sections denote the data content for important policy and policy object types.
3.1.2 BasePolicyObject

This is the base class for all Policy Objects which are reusable object definitions. Policy data like AAA policy, Firewall policy etc. maintain references to policy objects. There are multiple “types” of Policy Objects. Also a policy object can be “Global” or “Local”. A global Policy object indicates that the object is a global definition that is referenced by policies on any device. A Policy Object “override” indicates a global policy object that is “overridden” for a specific device.

A set of policy objects may be “grouped” under a single policy object of the same “type”. In some cases, a policy object could also reference a policy object of a totally different type (this is different from a “grouped” policy object which groups’ policy objects of the same type).

The BasePolicyObject class inherits from BaseObject including all attributes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>It's a mandatory attribute of any policy object that describes the type of the policy object. Example – “Network” or “Service”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comment</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Associated comment/description of this policy object (optional).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nodeGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>The device ID if this is a “override” policy object. Set to -1 for Globals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isProperty</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>A true value indicates that “overrides” for this Global Policy Object are allowed. A false indicates this global is not allowed to be “overridden”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subType</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Sub-types applicable for “Network” and “Service” Policy Objects. For example “Host”, “Address Range” are sub-types for a “Network” Policy object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isGroup</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>If true, this indicates whether this policy object is a “grouping” of other policy objects of the same type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>Only applicable if “isGroup” is true. The list has the policy objects Id’s this refers to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configState</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>The current state of the policy object taken from { committed, deployed }</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 20: BasePolicyObject Class Definition

Name override behavior - This is the name associated with the object. If the name is empty (""") then this refers to a internal policy object. All user defined policy objects must have a name. Internal policy objects are automatically created by the system in some cases. For example if a user provides a literal IP address in a rule (instead of a Policy Object), then a ‘nameless’ policy object is automatically created for the rule.

parentld = The parent Global Policy Object ID for which this Policy Object is an “override”. For non-overrides, this is set to -1.
Figure 26: BasePolicyObject XML Schema
3.1.3 Policy Utility Classes

The following utility classes are defined for use across multiple policies:

- NetworkInterfaceObjectsRefs
  - Refers to a list of networks, interfaceRoles and ipv4 data strings
- NetworkObjectsRefs
  - Refers to a list of networks and ipv4 data strings
- IdentityUserGrpObjectsRefs
  - Refers to a list of identity user group objects GIDs, user names and user groups
- SecurityGrpObjectsRef
  - Refers to a security name, security tag or a security object GID
- SecurityGrpObjectsRefs
  - Refers to a list of SecurityGrpObjectsRef
- NetworkObjectRefs
  - Refers to a network, ipv4 data string and interface keyword
- NetworkOrIPRef
  - Refers to either a host, network or a ipv4 data string
Figure 27: Policy Utility Class XML Schema
3.1.4 PolicyObject Derived Classes

This section and sub-sections define the supported PolicyObject classes for this API.

3.1.4.1 NetworkPolicyObject

A NetworkPolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A NetworkPolicyObject defines an IPv4 address, network or range.

Policy definitions reference the NetworkPolicyObject via the gid value. The inherited "subtype" attribute defines the type of IPv4 data contained. The allowable values for subtype for a NetworkPolicyObject are “Host”, “Network”, “Address Range”, “FQDN” and “Group”. The contents of a NetworkPolicyObject can also be “empty” in some cases when the inherited isGroup attribute is set to true (and subtype is “Group”). In such cases the NetworkPolicyObject is itself a container reference to “other Network Policy Objects”.

The list of gid values for such a PolicyObject is obtained from the refs inherited attribute. Also a “Group” NetworkPolicyObject can sometimes also contain multiple IPv4Data elements denoting literal IPv4 address, network or ranges. The combinations of data from the refs attribute references and the IPv4Data elements denote the complete group of addresses the policy object references.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines a specific IPv4 data like address, range or network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines a specific IP data like address, range or network. It can be both IPv4 and IPv6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fqdnData</td>
<td>Complex</td>
<td>Contains Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) if this is a FQDN type NetworkPolicyObjects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fqdnData.value</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The FQDN string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fqdnData.isIPv4Only</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the command generated and sent to the device contains the “v4” parameter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 21: NetworkPolicyObject Class Definition

NOTE: From API Version 1.1 onward, a new tag called <ipData> has been added to the Network Object definition. Network objects referenced in legacy policies like DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy will continue to use <ipv4Data> as these policies only reference IPv4 addresses. However, newer policies like DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy will use the <ipData> tag in the policy. This is because an <ipData> tag can contain both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.
Figure 28: NetworkPolicyObject XML Schema

3.1.4.2 IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>userNameData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>List of users in the group object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userGroupData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>List of user groups part of this group object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 22: IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject Class Definition
A PortListPolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A PortListPolicyObject defines an individual port or a group of ports. Policy definitions reference the PortListPolicyObject via the gid value. The contents of a PortListPolicyObject can also be “empty” in some cases when the inherited isGroup attribute is set to true. In such cases the PortListPolicyObject is itself a container reference to “other Port List Policy Objects”. The list of gid values for such a PolicyObject is obtained from the refs inherited attribute.

In some cases the PortListPolicyObject can have a group of gid values from the refs attribute and additionally contain a definition for a single port list object. In such cases, the combination of references and the value inside the PortListPolicyObject element together constitute the groups of ports specified by the definition.

The following table defines the contents of the ServicePolicyObject:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>startPort</td>
<td>PortIdentifier</td>
<td>Defines the starting port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>endPort</td>
<td>PortIdentifier</td>
<td>Defines the end port. Start port to end port specify the range of ports specified by this PolicyObject. If start and end Ports are equal then the definition corresponds to a “single” port.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 23: PortListPolicyObject Class Definition
3.1.4.4 ServicePolicyObject

A ServicePolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A ServicePolicyObject defines services such as tcp, udp etc. Policy definitions reference the ServicePolicyObject via the gid value. The contents of a ServicePolicyObject can also be “empty” in some cases when the inherited isGroup attribute is set to true. In such cases the ServicePolicyObject is itself a container reference to “other Service Policy Objects”. The list of gid values for such a PolicyObject is obtained from the refs inherited attribute.

In some cases the ServicePolicyObject can have a group of gid values from the refs attribute and additionally contain a definition for a single service. In such cases, the combination of references and the value inside the ServicePolicyObject element together constitute the groups of ports specified by the definition.

The following table defines the contents of the ServicePolicyObject:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>protocol</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A string defining a protocol such as tcp, udp etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sourcePort</td>
<td>Complex</td>
<td>Element container that holds the source port data. This is a choice type complex type so only one of the sub-elements will be defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sourcePort.port</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The actual port value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sourcePort.portRef</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Gid reference to a PortListPolicyObject.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinationPort</td>
<td>Complex</td>
<td>Element container that holds the destination port data. This is a choice type complex type so only one of the sub-elements will be defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinationPort.port</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The actual port value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinationPort.portRef</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Gid reference to a PortListPolicyObject.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icmpMessage</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>ICMP Message content.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 24: ServicePolicyObject Class Definition
Figure 31: ServicePolicyObject XML Schema
3.1.4.5 InterfaceRolePolicyObject

An InterfaceRolePolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A InterfaceRolePolicyObject defines a pattern to denote an interface or group of interfaces like FastEthernet0, inside, outside etc.. The inherited gid attribute specifies a unique ID for an ‘instance’ of a InterfaceRole PolicyObject. Policy definitions reference the InterfaceRolePolicyObject via the gid value.

The following table defines the contents of the InterfaceRolePolicyObject:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pattern</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines one or more interface role regex patterns. A”*” will match all interfaces.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 25: InterfaceRolePolicyObject Class Definition

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceRolePolicyObject">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BasePolicyObject">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="pattern" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 32: InterfaceRolePolicyObject XML Schema
3.1.4.6 TimeRangePolicyObject

A TimeRangePolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A TimeRangePolicyObject defines a time range and its associated recurrence. Policy definitions reference the TimeRangePolicyObject via the gid value. The contents of a TimeRangePolicyObject cannot be empty and there are also no “grouping” for TimeRangePolicyObject supported.

The following table defines the contents of the TimeRangePolicyObject:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>startTime</td>
<td>dateTime</td>
<td>Specifies the start time. If the start time is not specified, it means the time range specified by this range is “already started”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>endTime</td>
<td>dateTime</td>
<td>Specifies the end time. If the end time is not specified, it means the time range specified by this range is “never ends”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence</td>
<td>Complex type</td>
<td>A time range can have zero or more recurring ranges that qualify the recurrence for the time range. This is a choice type complex element and can contain either a “Day of the Week” based recurrence pattern or “Weekly” based recurrence pattern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.dayOfWeekInterval</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Defines the “Day of the Week” based recurrence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.dayOfWeekInterval.dayOfWeek</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The dayOfWeek attribute defines days of the week that the pattern should be applicable. It can have any “one” of the following String values:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.dayOfWeekInterval.startTime</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Specifies the start time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.dayOfWeekInterval.endTime</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Specifies the end time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.weeklyInterval</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Defines the “Weekly” based recurrence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.weeklyInterval.startDay</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines the start day i.e “Monday”, “Tuesday” ….</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.weeklyInterval.startTime</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Specifies the start time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.weeklyInterval.endDay</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines the end day i.e “Monday”, “Tuesday” ….</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recurrence.weeklyInterval.endTime</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Specifies the end time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 26: TimeRangePolicyObject Class Definition**
Figure 33: TimeRangePolicyObject XML Schema
### 3.1.4.7 SLA Monitor Policy Object


The following table defines the contents of the SLAMonitorPolicyObject:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>slaId</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The ID number of the SLA operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>interface</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>The source interface for all ICMP echo requests sent to the monitored address to test its availability. Enter the name of an interface or interface role, or click Select to select an it from a list or to create a new interface role.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>monitoredAddress</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>The IP address that is being monitored for availability by the SLA operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dataSizeInBytes</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The size of the ICMP request packet payload, in bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thresholdInMillis</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The amount of time that must pass after an ICMP echo request before a rising threshold is declared, in milliseconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeoutInMillis</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The amount of time that the SLA operation waits for a response to the ICMP echo requests, in milliseconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>frequencyInSeconds</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The frequency of ICMP echo request transmissions, in seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toS</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The type of service (ToS) defined in the IP header of the ICMP request packet. Values range from 0 to 255. The default is 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>numberOfPackets</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>The number of packets that are sent. Values range from 1 to 100. The default is 1 packet.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 27: SLAMonitorPolicyObject Class Definition*

### 3.1.4.8 Standard ACE Policy Object

A StandardACEPolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A StandardACEPolicyObject defines a standard IP access control entry. Policy definitions reference the StandardACEPolicyObject via the gid value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>networkGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>The source or destination of the traffic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>doLogging</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Whether to create log entries when traffic meets the entry criteria.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
permit  boolean  Indicates the action to be taken when a match is found

Table 28: StandardACEPolicyObject Class Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sourceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>The source of the traffic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinationGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Traffic destination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>The service that defines the type of traffic to act upon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>doLogging</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Contains value “true” if logging is enabled for PIX, ASA, FWSM devices or “false” otherwise. If logInterval and logLevel elements are not specified then it means “Default Logging” is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logInterval</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Specifies the Logging Interval in seconds, if this is specified it means, “per ACE Logging is Enabled”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logLevel</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Specifies the Logging Level – one of “Emergency”, “Alert”, “Critical”, “Error”, “Warning”, “Notification”, “Informational” or “Debugging. If this is specified it means, “per ACE Logging is Enabled”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOption</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Used to specify IOS logging. Contains “log” if IOS logging is enabled. Contains “log-input” if IOS Logging is enabled and Log Input is also enabled for IOS devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>permit</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True if this is a permit ACE, false for deny.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 29: ExtendedACEPolicyObject Class Definition

Figure 34: StandardACEPolicyObject XML Schema

3.1.4.9 Extended ACE Policy Object
An ExtendedACEPolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. An ExtendedACEPolicyObject defines an extended access control entry. Policy definitions reference the ExtendedACEPolicyObject via the gid value.
Figure 35: ExtendedACEPolicyObject XML Schema

3.1.4.10 ACL Policy Object

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>references</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>List of references to ACE’s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>references.sequenceNumber</td>
<td>Unsigned int</td>
<td>Sequence number of this entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>references.aclObjectReferenceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Reference to the ACE policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>References.aceReferenceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Reference to the standard/extended ACE policy object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 30: ACLPolicyObject Class Definition
3.1.4.11 SecurityGroupPolicyObject

A SecurityGroupPolicyObject extends from the BasePolicyObject class and inherits all its attributes. A SecurityGroupPolicyObject defines a security tag or name.

Policy definitions reference the SecurityGroupPolicyObject via the gid value. The contents of a SecurityGroupPolicyObject can also be “empty” in some cases when the inherited isGroup attribute is set to true. In such cases the SecurityGroupPolicyObject is itself a container reference to “other Security Group Policy Objects”.

The list of gid values for such a PolicyObject can be obtained from the refs inherited attribute. Also a “Group” SecurityGroupPolicyObject can sometimes also contain multiple secuTag elements denoting literal security tag/name or contained policy object. The complete content of the security policy object can be obtained from the securityTag elements.

This object is available beginning with Version 1.1 of the API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>securityTag</td>
<td>Complex(SecurityGrpObjectsRef)</td>
<td>Defines a security tag/name or GID of the referred policy object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>securityTag.securityGrpObjectGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Defines the GID of the refered policy group object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>securityTag.secName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines a security tag/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>securityTag.secTag</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Defines a security tag/name</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 31: SecurityGroupPolicyObject() Class Definition
3.1.5 Policy Derived Classes

This section and the following sub-sections define supported Policy classes over this API

3.1.5.1 DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy

A DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy denotes a single access control entry. The orderId attribute from the BasePolicy class defines the ordering of these rules.


The sources and destination elements may contain a combination of any of the following:

- **networkObjectGIDs**: This includes one or more GID references to a Network Policy Object
- **interfaceRoleObjectGIDs**: This includes one or more GID references to a Interface Role Policy Object
- **ipv4Data**: One or more literal IPv4 addresses

It is possible to specify a destination element referring two Network Policy Objects and also including a literal address such as 1.1.1.1/32.

The **interfaceRoleObjectIDs** specified outside the sources and destination sub-elements specifies the interface on which the ACL is applied.

The following table defines the contents of a DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy:

---

**Figure 37: SecurityGroupObject XML Schema**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="SecurityGroupPolicyObject">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BasePolicyObject">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="securityTag" type="SecurityGrpObjectsRef" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 38: SecurityGrpObjectsRef XML Schema**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="SecurityGrpObjectsRef">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:choice>
      <xs:element name="securityGrpObjectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="secName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="secTag" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:choice>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isEnabled</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>True if the rule is enabled, false otherwise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>direction</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>in or out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>permit</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True indicates a permit and false indicates a deny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>interfaceRoleObjectIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of InterfaceRole Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding InterfaceRole object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>users</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Contain user and user groups for whom the rule is applicable (applicable only for ASA device versions greater than or equal to 8.4(2))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>users. identityUserGrpObject GIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>Reference to list of IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject object GIDs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>users. userNameData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>List of users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>users. userGroupData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>List of user groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sources</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Container for source network and interface roles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sources.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of Network Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding Network object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sources.interfaceRoleObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of InterfaceRole Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding InterfaceRole object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sources.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Multiple IPv4Data elements containing either IPv4 host, network or ranges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Container for destination network and interface roles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of Network Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding Network object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.interfaceObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of InterfaceRole Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of -the corresponding InterfaceRole object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Multiple IPv4Data elements containing either IPv4 host, network or ranges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceObjectIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>A list of ObjectIdentifier IDs that reference a set of Service Policy Objects. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding Service object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters</td>
<td>ServiceParameters</td>
<td>Multiple service data elements that can store service data including protocol and port details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.protocol</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A string defining a protocol such as tcp, udp etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.sorcePort</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Element container that holds the source port data. This is a choice type complex type so only one of the sub-elements will be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.sourcePort.port</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The actual port value. Can also be a range specified in the form <code>&lt;start port&gt;-&lt;end port&gt;</code> example: 1-65535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.sourcePort.portRef</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Gid reference to a PortListPolicyObject.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.destinationPort</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Element container that holds the destination port data. This is a choice type complex type so only one of the sub-elements will be defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.destinationPort.port</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The actual port value. Can also be a range specified in the form <code>&lt;start port&gt;-&lt;end port&gt;</code> example: 1-65535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.destinationPort.portRef</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Gid reference to a PortListPolicyObject.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceParameters.icmpMessage</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>ICMP Message content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions</td>
<td>ComplexType</td>
<td>Root element that stores the logging options associated with a rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.isFirewallLoggingEnabled</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>Indicates whether logging is enabled for PIX, ASA, FWSM rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.isDefaultLogging</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>Whether default logging is enabled. This is applicable for PIX, ASA and FWSM devices and only if isFirewallLoggingEnabled is true</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.loggingInterval</td>
<td>Int</td>
<td>Specifies the logging interval in seconds. This is applicable for PIX, FWSM and ASA and if isDefaultLogging is false or not specified. (Applicable for per ACE logging)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.loggingLevel</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Specifies a logging level – “Emergency”, “Alert”, “Critical”, “Error” “Warning”, “Notification”, “Informational” or “Debugging”. This is applicable for PIX, FWSM and ASA and if isDefaultLogging is false or not specified. (Applicable for per ACE logging)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.isIOSLoggingEnabled</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>Set to true is logging for IOS devices is enabled. Only applicable for IOS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logOptions.isLogInput</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>True if log input is enabled. This is applicable for IOS devices and only if isIOSLoggingEnabled is true.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iosOptions</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>IOS Options allowed values are “none”, “Fragment” and “Established”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeRangeObjectId</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>References a TimeRangePolicyObject if a time range is specified for this rule.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 32: DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy Class Definition**

See the XML schema at the end of this document for the XML schema for this class.
3.1.5.1.1 Policy Config Device Response Example

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<n:policyConfigDeviceResponse xmlns:n="csm" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <policy>
    <deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000889</gid>
      <name>string</name>
      <lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
      <updatedByUser>admin</updatedByUser>
      <lastCommitTime>2012-12-05T09:39:37Z</lastCommitTime>
      <activityName>admin_05.Dec.2012_01.17.10</activityName>
      <type>Access Rule</type>
      <orderId>0</orderId>
      <isMandatoryAggregation>false</isMandatoryAggregation>
      <description/>
      <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
      <direction>in</direction>
      <permit>true</permit>
      <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000123</interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <networkObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000124</networkObjectGIDs>
      <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000123</interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <ipv4Data>1.1.1.1/32</ipv4Data>
      <networkObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000125</networkObjectGIDs>
      <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000123</interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <ipv4Data>2.2.2.2</ipv4Data>
      <services>
        <serviceObjectGIDs>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000126</serviceObjectGIDs>
        <serviceParameters>
          <protocol>tcp</protocol>
          <sourcePort>
            <port>80</port>
          </sourcePort>
          <destinationPort>
            <port>80</port>
          </destinationPort>
        </serviceParameters>
      </services>
      <logOptions>
        <isFirewallLoggingEnabled>false</isFirewallLoggingEnabled>
      </logOptions>
    </deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy>
  </policy>
</n:policyConfigDeviceResponse>
```
<timeRangeObjectGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000127</timeRangeObjectGID>
<deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy>
</policy>
<policyObject>
<networkPolicyObject>
<gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000124</gid>
<name>mySource</name>
<lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
<type>Network</type>
<comment/>
<isProperty>false</isProperty>
<subType>Host</subType>
<isGroup>false</isGroup>
<refGIDs/>
<ipv4Data>1.1.2.2</ipv4Data>
</networkPolicyObject>
<networkPolicyObject>
<gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000125</gid>
<name>myDest</name>
<lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
<type>Network</type>
<comment/>
<isProperty>false</isProperty>
<subType>Host</subType>
<isGroup>false</isGroup>
<refGIDs/>
<ipv4Data>1.1.3.3</ipv4Data>
</networkPolicyObject>
<portListPolicyObject>
<gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000272</gid>
<name>MyPortList</name>
<lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
<type>PortList</type>
<comment/>
<isProperty>false</isProperty>
<subType>Host</subType>
<isGroup>false</isGroup>
<refGIDs/>
<startPort>514</startPort>
<endPort>514</endPort>
</portListPolicyObject>
<servicePolicyObject>
<gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000126</gid>
<name>string</name>
<lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
<type>Service</type>
<comment/>
<isProperty>false</isProperty>
<subType/>
<isGroup>false</isGroup>
<refGIDs/>
<serviceParameters>
<protocol>udp</protocol>
</servicePolicyObject>
<sourcePort>
  <portRefGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000002782</portRefGID>
</sourcePort>
<destinationPort>
  <port>514</port>
</destinationPort>
<icmpMessage>string</icmpMessage>
</serviceParameters>
</servicePolicyObject>
<intfaceRolePolicyObject>
  <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000123</gid>
  <name>FA1</name>
  <lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
  <type>InterfaceRole</type>
  <comment/>
  <isProperty>false</isProperty>
  <subType/>
  <isGroup>false</isGroup>
  <refGIDs/>
  <pattern>FastEthernet0/0</pattern>
</interfaceRolePolicyObject>
<timeRangePolicyObject>
  <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000127</gid>
  <name>string</name>
  <lastUpdateTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
  <type>TimeRange</type>
  <comment/>
  <isProperty>false</isProperty>
  <subType/>
  <isGroup>false</isGroup>
  <refGIDs/>
  <startTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</startTime>
  <endTime>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</endTime>
  <recurrence>
    <weeklyInterval>
      <startDay>Monday</startDay>
      <startTime>13:20:00-05:00</startTime>
      <endDay>Friday</endDay>
      <endTime>13:20:00-05:00</endTime>
    </weeklyInterval>
  </recurrence>
</timeRangePolicyObject>
### 3.1.5.2 DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy

A DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy extends from the base DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy denotes a single unified access control entry. The orderId attribute from the BasePolicy class defines the ordering of these rules.


The `sourceSG` and `destinationSG` elements SecurityGrpObjectsRefs which is a list of SecurityGrpObjectsRef. Refer to Sec 3.1.4.11 on SecurityGrpObjectsRef.

The XML content contains all the attributes of the base except for IOS options like logging, fragment and established.

This policy is available beginning with Version 1.1 of the API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sourceSG</td>
<td>Complex(SecurityGrpObjectsRefs)</td>
<td>Defines security tags or objects for the source of the incoming packet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinationSG</td>
<td>Complex(SecurityGrpObjectsRefs)</td>
<td>Defines security tags or objects for the destination of the incoming packet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 33: DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy Class Definition**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="sourceSG" type="SecurityGrpObjectsRefs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="destinationSG" type="SecurityGrpObjectsRefs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 37: DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy XML Schema**
### 3.1.5.3 FirewallACLSettingsPolicy

### 3.1.5.4 DeviceStaticRoutingFirewallPolicy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FwStaticRoutePolicy</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Interface to which this static route applies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>interfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Destination network(s). You can provide one or more IP address/netmask entries, one or more Networks/Hosts objects, or a combination of both; separate the entries with commas. Use 0.0.0.0 to specify a default route. The 0.0.0.0 IP address can be abbreviated as 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>networks</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Destination network(s). You can provide one or more IP address/netmask entries, one or more Networks/Hosts objects, or a combination of both; separate the entries with commas. Use 0.0.0.0 to specify a default route. The 0.0.0.0 IP address can be abbreviated as 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>networks.networkObjectIdentifierGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>Value as reference to Policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>networks.ipv4Data</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Value as raw string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gateway</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>The gateway router, which is the next hop for this route.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gateway.hostObjectIdentifierGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Reference to Policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gateway.ipv4Data</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Raw string value for gateway IP address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metric</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The number of hops to the destination network. Valid values range from 1 to 255; the default value is 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunneled</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Indicates whether this is a tunnel route.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>slaMonitorGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Name of an SLA (service level agreement) object that defines the monitoring policy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 35: DeviceStaticRoutingFirewallPolicy
Figure 39: DeviceStaticRoutingFirewallPolicy
### 3.1.5.5 DeviceStaticRoutingRouterPolicy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>destinationNetwork</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Container of elements for destination network configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>destinationNetwork.useAsDefaultRoute boolean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>destinationNetwork.prefix Complex Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>destinationNetwork.prefix.networkObjectReferenceGID ObjectIdentifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>destinationNetwork.prefix.ipV4Data string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forwarding</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forwarding.forwardingInterfaceGID ObjectIdentifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forwarding.forwardingIPAddress Complex Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forwarding.forwardingIPAddress.hostObjectReferenceGID ObjectIdentifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>forwarding.forwardingIPAddress.ipv4HostAddress string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>distanceMetric unsignedInt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>isPermanentRoute boolean</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 36: DeviceStaticRoutingRouterPolicy
Figure 39: DeviceStaticRoutingRouterPolicy
### 3.1.5.6 DeviceBGPRouterPolicy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>asNumber</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The number of the autonomous system in which the router is located. Valid values range from 1 to 65535. This number enables a BGP routing process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Networks</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>The networks associated with the BGP route.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>networks.networkObjectIdenti</td>
<td>fierGIDs</td>
<td>Value as reference to Policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>networks.ipv4Data</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Value as string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighbors</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>The <em>internal</em> neighbors (those located in the same AS as the router) and <em>external</em> neighbors (located in different ASs) of the router.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neighbors.ipAddress</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Neighbor address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neighbors.ipAddress.networkO</td>
<td>bjectGIDs</td>
<td>Address as reference to policy object list</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neighbors.ipAddress.ipv4Da</td>
<td>ta</td>
<td>Address as string value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neighbors.asNumber</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>AS number of the neighbor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>autoSummary</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Enables auto summary. When a subnet is redistributed from an IGP (such as RIP, OSPF or EIGRP) into BGP, this BGP Version 3 features injects only the network route into the BGP table. Automatic summarization reduces the size and complexity of the routing table that the router must maintain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>synchronization</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Enables Synchronization. When selected, synchronization is enabled. Use this feature to ensure that all routers in your network are consistent about the routes they advertise. Synchronization forces BGP to wait until the IGP propagates routing information across the AS. When deselected, synchronization is disabled. You can disable synchronization if this router does not pass traffic from a different AS to a third AS, or if all the routers in the AS are running BGP. Disabling this feature has the benefit of reducing the number of routes the IGP must carry, which improves convergence times. This is the default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logNeighbor</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Enables the logging of messages that are generated when a BGP neighbors resets, connects to the network, or is disconnected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>redistributionEntry</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Redistribution settings when performing redistribution into a BGP autonomous system (AS). Can be multiple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>redistributionEntry.protocol</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>The protocol that is being redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>redistributionEntry.protocol.</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Choice for protocol. Allowable values “IP” or “OSI”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.connected</strong></td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Choice for protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.rip</strong></td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Choice for protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.eigrp</strong></td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Choice for protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.eigrp.asNumber</strong></td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The AS number if EIGRP is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.os pf</strong></td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Choice of protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.os pf.processId</strong></td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The process number if EIGRP is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.protocol.os pf.match</strong></td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Multiple Match criteria. Takes one of the allowable values for each match criteria :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Internal</strong> : Routes internal to the autonomous system (AS) are redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>External1</strong> : Type 1 routes external to the AS are redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>External2</strong> : Type 2 routes external to the AS are redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>NSSAExternal1</strong> : Type 1 routes external to a not-so-stubby area (NSSA) are redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>NSSAExternal2</strong> : Type 2 routes external to an NSSA are redistributed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>redistributionEntry.metric</strong></td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The value that determines the priority of the redistributed route.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 37: DeviceBGPRouterPolicy Class Definition**

See the XML schema at the end of this document for the XML schema for this class.
3.1.5.7 InterfaceNATRouterPolicy

An InterfaceNATRouterPolicy extends from the BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATRouterPolicy specifies one NAT inside and outside interface.

The InterfaceNATRouterPolicy can reference an InterfaceRole PolicyObject.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATRouterPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>interfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references an InterfaceRole Policy Objects denoting the inside or outside interfaces. The ID links to the gid attribute of the corresponding InterfaceRole object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isNatInside</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>A boolean which indicates whether this is a NAT inside interface (true) or outside interface (false)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 38: InterfaceNATRouterPolicy Class Definition

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNATRouterPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="interfaceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="isNatInside" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 40: InterfaceNATRouterPolicy XML Schema

3.1.5.8 InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy

An InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy denotes static NAT rules.

The InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy can reference a Network PolicyObject and an InterfaceRole Policy Object. The base orderId attribute defines the ordering of the static rules.

The following table defines the contents of a InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>staticRuleType</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>The type of local address to be translated by this static rule:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>● “Static Host” – A single host requiring static address translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>● “Static Network” – A subnet requiring static address translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>● “Static Port” – A single port requiring static address translation. If you select this option, you must define the</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Port Redirection parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element that identifies an IP address, or a network/host object representing the address(es) to be translated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.networkObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element containing the addresses to which the Original Addresses are translated. This can contain either a specific IP address/network object or can be used to specify an interface. If the interface is specified, the IP addresses assigned to the interface is used as a translated address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.originalIP</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type that specifies an IP data or network policy object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.originalIP.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.originalIP.networkObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.interfaceGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a InterfaceRole Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portRedirection</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type that specifies port information for the address translations. These parameters are available only when Static Port is the chosen rule type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portRedirection.protocol</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The communications protocol used for these ports: TCP or UDP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portRedirection.localPort</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The port number on the source network. Valid values range from 1 to 65535.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portRedirection.globalPort</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>The port number on the destination network that the router is to use for this translation. Valid values range from 1 to 65535.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>An optional complex type element that contains advanced options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>settings.noAlias</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Disable automatic aliasing for the global IP address translation if true.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>settings.noPayload</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Prohibit an embedded address or port in the payload from being translated if true.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>settings.createExtTransEntry</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Extended translation entries (addresses and ports) are created in the translation table if true.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 39: InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy Class Definition
Figure 41: InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy XML Definition
3.1.5.9 InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy

An InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy specifies NAT dynamic rules.

The InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy can reference an ACL PolicyObject and an InterfaceRole Policy Object. The base orderId attribute defines the ordering of the dynamic rules.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trafficFlowAclObjectGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>References an access control list (ACL) Policy object GID whose entries define the addresses requiring dynamic translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translatedAddress</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element that specifies the method and address(es) used for dynamic translation. Contains either an interface role object or address pool. If the interface role policy object is referenced then the globally registered IP address assigned to a particular interface will be used as the translated address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translatedAddress.interfaceGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references an InterfaceRole Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translatedAddress.address Pool</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>One or more address ranges, including the prefix, using the format min1-max1/prefix (in CIDR notation), where “prefix” represents a valid netmask. For example, 172.16.0.0-172.31.0.223/12.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element that includes optional settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>settings.enablePortTrans</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>If true, the router uses port addressing (PAT) if supply of global addresses in the address pool is depleted; when false, PAT is not used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>settings.noTransVPN</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>If true, address translation is not performed on VPN traffic. When false, the router performs address translation on VPN traffic in cases of overlapping addresses between the NAT ACL and the crypto ACL.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 40: InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy Class Definition
3.1.5.10 DeviceNATTTimeoutsRouterPolicy

A DeviceNATTTimeoutsRouterPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a DeviceNATTTimeoutsRouterPolicy specifies NAT timeout values for port address (overload) translations.

The following table defines the contents of a DeviceNATTTimeoutsRouterPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element, Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>maxEntries</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The maximum number of entries allowed in the dynamic NAT table. Corresponds to a value between 1 and 2147483647. If not specified, it means that the number of entries in the table is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The number of seconds after which dynamic translations expire; this does not apply to PAT (overload) translations. The default is 86400 seconds (24 hours).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>udpTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ports. The default is 300 seconds (5 minutes).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dnsTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to Domain Naming System (DNS) server connections. The default is 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tcpTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) ports. The default is 86400 seconds (24 hours).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>finRstTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied when a Finish (FIN) packet or Reset (RST) packet (both of which terminate connections) is found in the TCP stream. The default is 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icmpTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) flows. The default is 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pptpTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to NAT Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) flows. The default is 86400 seconds (24 hours).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>synTimeoutInSecs</td>
<td>unsignedLong</td>
<td>The timeout value applied to TCP flows after a synchronous transmission (SYN) message (used for precise clocking) is encountered. The default is 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 41: DeviceNATTTimeoutsRouterPolicy Class Definition
Figure 43: DeviceNATTimeoutsRouterPolicy
3.1.5.11 InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy manages the global address pools used in dynamic NAT rules. This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and pre-ASA 8.3.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>interfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>References a InterfaceRole Policy object GID interface on which the mapped IP addresses will be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>poolId</td>
<td>unsignedInt</td>
<td>A unique identification number for this address pool, an integer between 1 and 2147483647. When configuring a dynamic NAT rule, the Pool ID is used to specify the pool of addresses to be used for translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipAddressRange</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element containing the address(es) to be assigned to this address pool. The address can contain a combination of literal IPv4 addresses and/or reference to network policy objects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipAddressRange.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipAddressRange.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>interfaceKeyword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>If the “interface” keyword is specified it means port address translation is enabled on the specified interface.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 42: InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy Class Definition

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="interfaceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="poolId" type="unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="ipAddressRange" type="NetworkObjectsRefs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="interfaceKeyword" type="xs:string" fixed="interface" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 44: InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy XML Schema
### 3.1.5.12 DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy

A DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy manages the options that affect network address translation for the selected security appliance. These settings apply to all interfaces on the device.

This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and ASA.

The following table defines the contents of a DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isEnableTrafficWithoutTrans</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>It true, lets traffic pass through the security appliance without address translation. If this option is false, any traffic that does not match a translation rule will be dropped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong>: This option is available only on PIX 7.x, FWSM 3.x, and ASA devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isXlateByPass</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, NAT session for untranslated traffic are disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong>: This option is available only on FWSM 3.2 and higher</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 43: DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy Class Definition**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="isEnableTrafficWithoutTrans" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="isXlateByPass" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 45: DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy XML Schema**
3.1.5.13 InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy specifies rules that exempt traffic from address translation. Rules are evaluated sequentially in the order listed.

This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and pre-ASA 8.3.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isRuleEnabled</td>
<td></td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule is enabled and false indicates that the rule is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isExempt</td>
<td></td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule identifies traffic that is exempt from NAT. If false, the rule identifies traffic that is not exempt from NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterfaceGID</td>
<td></td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>The device interface to which the rule is applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original</td>
<td></td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the source hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.ipv4Data</td>
<td></td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.</td>
<td>interfaceRoleObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>List of Interface role Policy Object GIDs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.</td>
<td>networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outsideNAT</td>
<td></td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True indicates rule outside keyword is defined on the NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations</td>
<td></td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the destination hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.ipv4Data</td>
<td></td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.</td>
<td>interfaceRoleObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>List of Interface role Policy Object GIDs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.</td>
<td>networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmAadvancedOptions</td>
<td></td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Advanced options applicable only for FWSM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmAadvancedOptions.isTransDNSReplies</td>
<td></td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance rewrites DNS replies so an outside client can resolve the name of an inside host using an inside DNS server, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmAadvancedOptions.maxTCPConnPerRule</td>
<td></td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of TCP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmAadvancedOptions.maxUDPConnPerRule</td>
<td></td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of UDP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmAadvancedOptions.maxEmbConnections</td>
<td></td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of embryonic connections allowed to form before the security appliance begins to deny these</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element. Sub Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>connections</td>
<td>Valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fwsmA dvancedOptions.randomizeSeqNum</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance randomizes the sequence numbers of TCP packets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 44: InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy Class Definition

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="isRuleEnabled" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="isExempt" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="realInterfaceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="original" type="NetworkObjectsRefs" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="outsideNAT" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="destinations" type="NetworkObjectsRefs" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="fwsmA dvancedOptions" type="FirewallNATAdvancedOptions" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 46: InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy XML Schema
### 3.1.5.14 InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy specifies dynamic NAT and PAT rules. Rules are evaluated sequentially in the order listed.

This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and pre-ASA 8.3.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isRuleEnabled</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule is enabled and false indicates that the rule is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Maps to the device interface role policy object to which the rule applies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>poolId</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The ID number of the pool of addresses used for translation. A value of zero to specify this as an identity NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the source hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outsideNAT</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>If true, indicates the “outside” keyword is present on this NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Advanced options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.isTranDNSReplies</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance rewrites DNS replies so an outside client can resolve the name of an inside host using an inside DNS server, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxTCPConnPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of TCP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxUDPConnPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of UDP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxEmbConnections</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of embryonic connections allowed to form before the security appliance begins to deny these connections. Valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.rando mizeSeqNum</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance randomizes the sequence numbers of TCP packets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 45: InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy Class Definition
**Figure 47: InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy XML Schema**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="isRuleEnabled" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="realInterfaceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="poolId" type="xs:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="original" type="NetworkObjectsRefs" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="outsideNAT" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="advancedOptions" type="FirewallNATAdvancedOptions" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```
### 3.1.5.15 InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy specifies dynamic translation rules based on source and destination addresses and services. Rules are evaluated sequentially in the order listed.

This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and pre-ASA 8.3.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isRuleEnabled</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule is enabled and false indicates that the rule is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Maps to the device interface role policy object to which the rule applies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>poolId</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The ID number of the pool of addresses used for translation. A value of zero to specify this as an identity NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the source hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network/interface role policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.interfaceRoleObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>List of interface role policy objects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outsideNAT</td>
<td>Boolean</td>
<td>If true, indicates the “outside” keyword is present on this NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the destination hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network/interface role policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.interfaceRoleObjectGIDs</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifierList</td>
<td>List of interface role policy objects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destinations.networkObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing services to which the rule applies. This can be a combination of service information in the format protocol/source-port/destination-port and/or references to Service Policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>services.serviceData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The syntax for service specification is:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>{tcp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If only one port parameter, it refers to the destination port (with a source port of “any”). For example, \texttt{tcp/4443} means tcp, source port any, destination port 4443, while \texttt{tcp/4443/Default Range} means tcp, source port 4443, and destination port Default Range (generally 1-65535).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>services. serviceObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Service Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Advanced options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.isTransDNSReplies</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance rewrites DNS replies so an outside client can resolve the name of an inside host using an inside DNS server, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxTCPConnPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of TCP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxUDPConnPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of UDP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxEmbConnections</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of embryonic connections allowed to form before the security appliance begins to deny these connections. Valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.randomizeSeqNum</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance randomizes the sequence numbers of TCP packets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 46: InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy Class Definition
Figure 48: InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy XML Schema
### 3.1.5.16 InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of an InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy specifies static translation rules for a security appliance. Rules are evaluated sequentially in the order listed.

This policy is applicable for PIX, FWSM and pre-ASA 8.3.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isRuleEnabled</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule is enabled and false indicates that the rule is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translationType</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Type of translation for the rule - “NAT” or “PAT”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterfaceGID</td>
<td>ObjectIdentifier</td>
<td>Maps to the the device interface role policy object to which the rule applies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mappedInterfaceGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>Maps to the interface role policy object interface on which the translated addresses are to be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type containing IP addresses for the source hosts and network objects to which the rule applies. Can contain multiple literal IP addresses and/or reference to network policy objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>original.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translated</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>A complex type element containing the translated addresses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.networkObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.interfaceKeyword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A value of “interface” specifies that this keyword is present in the NAT rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing Policy NAT details only if Policy NAT is enabled for this rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.destAddress</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the destination addresses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.destAddress.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.destAddress.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.services</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type that specifies the services to which the rule applies. This can be a combination of service information in the format protocol/source-port/destination-port and/or references to Service Policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.services.serviceData</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The syntax for service specification is:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element. Sub Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port_list_object</td>
<td></td>
<td>If only one port parameter, it refers to the destination port (with a source port of “any”). For example, tcp/4443 means tcp, source port any, destination port 4443, while tcp/4443/Default Range means tcp, source port 4443, and destination port Default Range (generally 1-65535).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNAT.services. serviceObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Service Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>originalPort</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>If PAT is the selected Translation Type, this specifies the port number to be translated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translatedPort</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>If PAT is the selected Translation Type, this specifies the port number to which the original port number will be translated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Advanced options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.isTransDN SReplies</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance rewrites DNS replies so an outside client can resolve the name of an inside host using an inside DNS server, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxTCPConnectionPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of TCP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxUDPConnectionPerRule</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of UDP connections allowed; valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.maxEmbConnections</td>
<td>UnsignedInt</td>
<td>The maximum number of embryonic connections allowed to form before the security appliance begins to deny these connections. Valid values are 0 through 65,535. If this value is set to zero, the number of connections is unlimited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>advancedOptions.randomizeSeqNum</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the security appliance randomizes the sequence numbers of TCP packets.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 47: InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy Class Definition
Figure 49: InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy XML Schema
3.1.5.17 InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy

This policy is only applicable for device **ASA Version 8.3 or later**. Beginning with ASA 8.3, the complete NAT representation is a combination of two key policy types. This consists of Manual NAT pre and post rules (section 1 and 3) and object NAT rules (section 2) as shown below.

This section covers the Manual NAT (InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy) and the following section covers the Object NAT (InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy).

An InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy extends from the base BasePolicy class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy specifies the "manually" defined NAT rules on the device. The base **orderId** attribute that is inherited from the base policy specifies the ordering of these rules in the policy. The **section** element in the Policy data specifies whether this is a pre or post NAT rule.

The following table defines the contents of an InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isRuleEnabled</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, the rule is enabled and false indicates that the rule is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>section</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies the rule section. Valid values are &quot;1&quot;, &quot;2&quot; and &quot;3&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element. Sub Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterface</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Reference to an interface role Policy Object or interface name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterface.realInterfaceGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to an interface role Policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterface.realInterfaceName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The real interface name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mappedInterface</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Reference to an interface role Policy Object or name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mappedInterface.mappedInterfaceGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to an interface role Policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mappedInterface.mappedInterfaceName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The mapped interface name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the Original and translated sources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.natType</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies the type of translation rule either “Static” or “Dynamic”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.originalObjectGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Specifies the source address the NAT rule will translate. If this is a range or network, all addresses in the range or network are translated. This element includes an ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing either a pool of network address or reference to an interface object representation the translated source.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated. ObjectGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to a network Policy Object GID. <strong>Literal IPv4 addresses are not allowed for Manual NAT configurations.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.interfaceKeyword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The value of “interface” specifies that the interface keyord has been applied for the NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.patPool</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the PAT options</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.patPool.patAddressPool</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the PAT address pool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.patPool.patPoolAddressGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to a network policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element, Sub Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.patPool.</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Interface to provide a Fallthrough Interface, it will be same as destination interface if the fixed string “interface” is used as the value for this element.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>patAddressPool..interfaceKeyword</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>source.translated.patPool.</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, it means a &quot;round robin&quot; cycling through available IP addresses and port numbers. This method assigns an address/port combination using each successive address in the pool; it then uses the first address again with a different port, proceeds to the second address again, and so on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isPatAllocatedInRoundRobin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the the static translation of destination addresses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.natType</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies the type of translation rule either “Static” or “Dynamic”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.originalObject</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Reference to the original object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.</td>
<td>Object IdentifierList</td>
<td>Reference to a list of network Policy Object GIDs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>originalObject.networkObjectGIDs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Destination IPV4 address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>originalObject.ipV4Data</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>destination.translatedObjectGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to the translated network object GID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type that specifies port address translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service.originalObjectGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to a Service Policy object that defines the service(s) to be translated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service.transObjectGID</td>
<td>Object Identifier</td>
<td>Reference to a Service Policy object that defines the service(s) to be used for translation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isTransDNSReplies</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, addresses embedded in DNS replies that match this rule are rewritten.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies whether a static NAT rule in a single direction only (“Unidirectional”); or dual rules (“Bidirectional”), one each for both directions (forward and reverse).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isNoProxyARP</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, this disables proxy ARP on the specified Destination Interface. By default, all NAT rules include proxy ARP on the egress interface. A NAT Exempt rule is used to bypass NAT for both ingress and egress traffic, relying on route look-up to locate the egress interface. Thus, Proxy ARP should be disabled for NAT Exempt rules. (The NAT Exempt rules always take priority and appear above all other NAT rules in the Translation Rules table.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isRouteLookUp</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If this option is true, the egress interface is determined using route look-up instead of using the specified Destination Interface. This must be true for a NAT Exempt rule.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 48: InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy Class Definition
Figure 50: InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
3.1.5.18 InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy

An InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy represents a Unified (IPv6/IPv4) Manual NAT Rule. The Unified NAT Rules are supported from ASA 9.0 onwards. The network translations supported are

- IPv4 -> IPv6
- IPv6 -> IPv4
- IPv6 -> IPv6
- IPv4 -> IPv4


This policy is available beginning with Version 1.1 of the API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isInterfaceIPv6</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Use IPv6 Address of the interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isNetToNet</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Option for one-to-one mapping of single IPv6 address to an IPv4 server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 49: InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy Class Definition

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="isInterfaceIPv6" type="boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="isNetToNet" type="boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 51: InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy XML Schema
### 3.1.5.19 InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy

An `InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy` extends from the base `BasePolicy` class and inherits all its attributes. An instance of a `InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy` specifies the object NAT rules on the device. The base `order-id` attribute that is inherited from the base policy specifies the ordering of these rules in the policy.

This policy is applicable only for devices running **ASA Version 8.3 or later**.

The following table defines the contents of an `InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy`:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element. Sub Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>section</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies the rule section. Valid values are “1”, “2” and “3”. Following is the interpretation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“1” → Indicates pre-NAT or NAT before rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“2” → Indicates Object NAT rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“3” → Indicates post-NAT or NAT rules after.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>For this policy type only “2” is allowed. The BasePolicy orderId element will specify the “ordering” of the rules within this section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>realInterface</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Interface string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mappedInterface</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Interface String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>natType</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Specifies the type of translation rule either “Static” or “Dynamic”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>originalObjectGID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The source address the NAT rule will translate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translated</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex type that specifies whether the translation is based on either an address or interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.objectGID</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type containing the address definitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.objectGID.ipv4Data</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A literal IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.objectGID.networkObjectGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.objectGID.interfaceKeyword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A value of “interface” indicates that the interface keyword is defined for this NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.patPool</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>On ASA Version 8.4.2 and later, a separate PAT Pool for a Dynamic NAT and PAT rule can be defined. The PAT Pool addresses are specified using this PAT Pool Address Translation field. This contains the PAT Pool options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.patPool.patAddressPool</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Containing the address information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.patPool.patAddressPool.patPoolAddressGID</td>
<td>Object identifier</td>
<td>An ObjectIdentifier ID that references a Network Policy Object for PAT Pool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.patPool.patAddressPool.interfaceKey</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>A value of “interface” indicates that the interface keyword is</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element. Sub Element</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>word</td>
<td></td>
<td>defined for this NAT rule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>translated.patPool.isPatAllocatedInRound Robin</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If this is true ASA Device uses Round Robin Allocation for PAT Pool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isTransDNSReplies</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, addresses embedded in DNS replies that match this rule are rewritten.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isNoProxyARP</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, do not proxy ARP on Destination Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isRouteLookUp</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>If true, perform Route Lookup for Destination Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service</td>
<td>Complex Type</td>
<td>Complex Type that defines configuration static port address translation. Application only for static rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service.protocol</td>
<td>Enumeration</td>
<td>Protocol – “UDP”, “TCP” or “IP” to which the rule applies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service.originalPort</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The port on which the traffic enters the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>service.transPort</td>
<td>Unsigned Int</td>
<td>The port number which is to replace the original port number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 50: InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy Class Definition
Figure 52: InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy XML Schema
3.1.5.20  **InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy**
An InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy represents a Unified (IPv6/IPv4) Object NAT Rule. The Unified NAT Rules are supported from ASA 9.0 onwards. The network translations supported are:

- IPv4 -> IPv6
- IPv6 -> IPv4
- IPv6 -> IPv6
- IPv4 -> IPv4

InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy extends from the base InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy class. An instance of a InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy denotes a single Unified Object NAT Rule.

This policy is available beginning with Version 1.1 of the API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isInterfaceIPv6</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Use IPv6 Address of the interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isNetToNet</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Option for one-to-one mapping of single IPv6 address to an IPv4 server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 51: InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy Class Definition**

```xml
<xs:complexType name="InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="isInterfaceIPv6" type="boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="isNetToNet" type="boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 53: InterfaceNAT64ObjectFirewallPolicy XML Schema**

### 3.2 Methods

The configuration service defines the following methods:

1. GetServiceInfo
a. Returns the service-specific information, including name of service, version, date, etc.
b. This method should be called after authentication has returned a valid session cookie and prior to any other method to ensure the client is compatible with the service version currently running.

2. GetGroupList
   a. Returns the list of device groups defined in the system

3. GetDeviceListByCapability
   a. Returns the list of all devices that match one or more of the capabilities or wildcard in the system.

4. GetDeviceListByGroup
   a. Returns the list of all devices within a named group in the system.

5. GetDeviceConfigByGID
   a. Returns the device configuration identified by the object identifier specified in the method arguments.

6. GetDeviceConfigByName
   a. Returns the device configuration identified by the device’s name specified in the method arguments.

7. GetPolicyConfigByName
   a. Returns a policy configuration that is assigned to more than one device that has been assigned a name.

8. GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID
   a. Returns the policy configuration belonging to the device’s object identifier that matches the particular type specified in the method arguments

9. GetPolicyListByDeviceGID
   a. Returns the list of policy names and their types belonging to the device’s object identifier specified in the method arguments

10. GetSharedPolicyListByType
    a. Returns a list of all the shared Policies defined in CSM for a given policy type.
3.2.1 Method GetServiceInfo
The GetServiceInfo method returns the service description, information, and pertinent attributes related to the service.

3.2.1.1 Request
An example of the method GetServiceInfo request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/GetServiceInfo

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<getServiceInfoRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
</getServiceInfoRequest>

Figure 54: Method GetServiceInfo Request Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getServiceInfoRequest</td>
<td>Object that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>PUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 55: GetServiceRequest XML Schema

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
3.2.1.2 Response

An example of the GetServiceInfo response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:getServiceInfoResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
    <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
    <reqId>123</reqId>
    <serviceVersion>1.0</serviceVersion>
    <serviceName>CSM Configuration Service</serviceName>
    <serviceDesc>A configuration service that enables network services configuration to be retrieved</serviceDesc>
</ns1:getServiceInfoResponse>
```

Figure 56: GetServiceInfo Response Example

Table 53: GetServiceInfo Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getServiceInfoResponse</td>
<td>Returns the service information of the configuration service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceVersion</td>
<td>The service version of the configuration service running</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceName</td>
<td>The service name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceDescr</td>
<td>The service description that provides a more detailed explanation of the service capabilities and features</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xs:element name="getServiceInfoResponse" type="GetServiceInfoResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="GetServiceInfoResponse">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="serviceVersion" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="serviceName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="serviceDescr" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 57: GetServiceInfoResponse XML Schema
### 3.2.2 Method GetGroupList

The GetGroupList method returns the list of devices matching a particular type or all devices if the wildcard argument is chosen.

#### 3.2.2.1 Request

An example of the method GetGroupList request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getGroupList

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<groupListRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <includeEmptyGroups>false</includeEmptyGroups>
</groupListRequest>
```

**Figure 58: Method GetGroupList Request Example**

**Table 54: Method GetGroupList Request URL Argument Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GroupListRequest</td>
<td>Group list request that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: includeEmptyGroups</strong></td>
<td>An element that identifies whether the response should include groups that have no devices within them or not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.2.2 Response

An example of the GroupListRequest response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below. In a GetGroupListResponse, the full config of the device will not be set. This is only set when the GetDeviceConfigByName or GetDeviceConfigByGID methods are called.

[XML code]

Figure 59: GroupListRequest XML Schema
Figure 60: GetGroupList Response Example

Table 55: GetGroupList Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>groupListResponse</td>
<td>Returns a list of 0 or more device groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: DeviceGroup</td>
<td>A list of group elements</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 61: GetGroupList Response XML Schema

Method specific errors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the API is unable to retrieve the list of authorized devices for the user who is logged in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to get the available groups from CSM Server for further processing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to retrieve devices from CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to find the config state of the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to retrieve interface details for a device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005, 2006</td>
<td>These errors will be returned if the API encounters an internal error when processing device specific data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 56: GetGroupList Method Error Codes
3.2.3 Method GetDeviceListByCapability

The GetDeviceListByCapability method returns the list of devices matching one or more categories or all devices if the wildcard argument is chosen.

3.2.3.1 Request

An example of the method GetDeviceListByType request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getDeviceListByType

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<deviceListByCapabilityRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <deviceCapability>firewall</deviceCapability>
</deviceListByCapabilityRequest>
```

**Figure 62: Method GetDeviceListByCapability Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getDeviceListByCapabilityRequest</td>
<td>Device list request that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: deviceCapability</strong></td>
<td>One or more instances of an element that identifies the capability of the device being requested. Allowed values include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>firewall</strong>: To return all ASA, PIX and FWSM devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>ids</strong>: To return all IPS Devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>router</strong>: To return routers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>switch</strong>: To return switches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wildcard may be specified as</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="">csm:deviceCapability</a>*&lt;/csm:deviceCapability&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header:</td>
<td>asCookie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Returns</th>
<th>200 OK + XML</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.3.2 Response
An example of the GetDeviceListByCapability response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceId</td>
<td>A list of device ID elements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attribute: Gid</td>
<td>The gid attribute of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceCapability</td>
<td>One or more capabilities of the device (mandatory)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceName</td>
<td>Name of the device (mandatory)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: ipv4Address</td>
<td>The IPv4 address of the device (optional)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 63: DeviceListBy CapabilityRequest XML Schema*

*Figure 64: GetDeviceListByCapability Response Example*

*Table 58: GetDeviceListByCapability Response Elements and Attributes Description*
The error codes documented for the GetGroupList method are also applicable for this method.
3.2.4 Method GetDeviceListByGroup

The GetDeviceListByGroup method returns the list of devices contained within a particular group or all devices if the wildcard argument is chosen. The group name path will be prepared by combining the entire path Items mentioned in the request body. The list of devices will be from the combination of the path Items. For example, the path Item is provided as San Jose alone and the CSM Server has sub groups under San Jose then the API will return all the devices matching group San Jose and other sub groups under it as well.

For example if the path items are San Jose and Building 14 then the devices matching group path “/San Jose/Building 14” and its sub group (if any) will be returned.

3.2.4.1 Request

An example of the method GetDeviceListByGroup request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getDeviceListByGroupRequest</td>
<td>Device list request that returns a list of devices contained in the group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGroupPath</td>
<td>An element that identifies the device group being requested. Contains 1 or more pathItem entries. All the pathItems combined (separated by a slash “/”) will be treated as one group name. The path information from the response of the GetGroupList method can be used here. Each group in the GetGroupList has path attribute which provide the complete path name. Each element in the path (separated by a “/”) is encoded as pathItems. For example if device details for group includes a path such as “/VmsVirtualRoot/San Jose/Building 13” (obtained from the response of getGroupList API), then pathItems will be “VmsVirtualRoot”, “San Jose” and “Building 13”. The “VmsVirtualRoot” is a virtual “root node” for all groups.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

Figure 66: Method GetDeviceListByGroup Request Example
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<xs:element name="deviceListByGroupRequest" type="DeviceListByGroupRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="DeviceListByGroupRequest">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="deviceGroupPath" type="DeviceGroupPath"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 67: DeviceListByGroupRequest XML Schema**

### 3.2.4.2 Response
The GetDeviceListByGroup response and error codes are the same as method GetDeviceListByCapability response.
3.2.5 Method GetDeviceConfigByGID

The GetDeviceConfigByGID method returns a specific device object and its associated configuration based on the device id passed into the method. The user requesting the device configuration must have both the “view_device” and “view_cli” privilege on the device for which the config is being requested. The data in the “fullConfig” element that this method returns is equal to the data from a typical “show running-config” command executed on the device. This full configuration is returned from CSM’s Configuration Archive (CA) component. The CA is updated during device discovery and/or deployments. **NOTE:** This fullConfig will not contain any Out Of Band (OOB) configuration updates done directly on the device without using CSM.

Please also see Section 3.2.11 and Section 5.

### 3.2.5.1 Request

An example of the method GetDeviceConfigByGID request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

![Figure 68: Method GetDeviceConfigByGID Request Example](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>URL Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceConfigByGIDRequest</td>
<td>A global ID request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gid</td>
<td>The device global object identifier requested to be returned. <strong>NOTE:</strong> The device GID may be obtained by using any of the APIs - getDeviceListByCapability or getDeviceListByGroup or GetGroupList.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HTTP Method**

POST

**HTTP Header: asCookie**

The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

**Returns**

200 OK + XML

401 Unauthorized
3.2.5.2 Response

An example of the GetDeviceConfigByGID response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<deviceConfigResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <device>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-214748364932</gid>
    <name>10.77.208.138</name>
    <lastUpdateTime>2011-05-26T00:11:53Z</lastUpdateTime>
    <osType>asa</osType>
    <osVersion>8.4(1)</osVersion>
    <imageName>disk0:/asa831-k8.bin</imageName>
    <fullConfig/>
      <!-- will contain the full config of the device -->
    </fullConfig>
    <mgmtInterface>
      <type>Management</type>
      <ipInterface>
        <ipAddress>10.77.208.138/255.255.255.0</ipAddress>
      </ipInterface>
    </mgmtInterface>
    <interfaceList>
      <interface>
        <type>GigabitEthernet</type>
        <ipInterface>
          <ipAddress>20.10.30.42/255.255.255.0</ipAddress>
        </ipInterface>
      </interface>
      <interface>
        <type>FastEthernet</type>
        <ipInterface>
          <ipAddress>20.10.30.45/255.255.255.0</ipAddress>
        </ipInterface>
      </interface>
    </interfaceList>
    <configState>committed</configState>
  </device>
</deviceConfigResponse>
```

**Figure 70: GetDeviceConfigByGID Response Example**
Table 61: GetDeviceConfigById Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceConfigResponse</td>
<td>Returns the device configuration that matches the object identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>device</td>
<td>The device class as described in 2.1.3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<xs:element name="deviceConfigResponse" type="DeviceConfigResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="DeviceConfigResponse">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="device" type="Device"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 71: DeviceConfigResponse XML Schema

Method specific errors (in addition, the error codes defined for the GetGroupList method are also applicable here):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested Device GID does not exist in the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to communicate with the configuration archive module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to fetch the configuration from the Configuration Archive Module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the user is not authorized to view the configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 62: GetDeviceConfigByGID Method Error Codes

3.2.6 Method GetDeviceConfigByName

The GetDeviceConfigByName method returns a specific device object and its associated configuration based on the device name passed into the method. The user requesting the device configuration must have both the “view_device” and “view_cli” privilege on the device for which the config is being requested. The data in the “fullConfig” element that this method returns is equal to the data from a typical “show running-config” command executed on the device. This full configuration is returned from CSM’s Configuration Archive (CA) component. The CA is updated during device discovery and/or deployments. **NOTE: This fullConfig will not contain any Out Of Band (OOB) configuration updates done directly on the device without using CSM.**

Please also see Section 3.2.11 and Section 5.
3.2.6.1 Request
An example of the method GetDeviceConfigByName request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>URL</th>
<th><a href="https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getDeviceConfigByName">https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getDeviceConfigByName</a></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header:</td>
<td>Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sd73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| XML Argument: | <xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<deviceConfigByNameRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <name>rtr-1.cisco.com</name>
</deviceConfigByNameRequest> |

**Figure 72: Method GetDeviceConfigByName Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 63: Method GetDeviceConfigByName Request URL Attribute Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>URL Attribute Name</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceConfigByNameRequest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Method</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Header: asCookie</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Returns</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 73: DeviceConfigByNameRequest XML Schema**
3.2.6.2 Response

The response is the same as GetDeviceConfigByGID method.

Method specific errors (in addition, the error codes defined for the GetGroupList and GetDeviceConfigByGID methods are also applicable here):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested device name does not exist in the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>This error will be returned if device name is null or empty in the request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 64: GetDeviceConfigByName Method Error Codes
3.2.7 Method GetPolicyListByDeviceGID

The GetPolicyListByDeviceGID method returns the list of policy names and their types, for a particular device GID. The returned list includes only the supported policy types in the current version of the API. A policy type may also not be returned if the corresponding policy is not configured. To use this API user needs to have a view_device RBAC privilege.

Following is the list of policies supported in this version, Version 1.0. The exact value from the policy type column need to be used in the request of the API’s GetPolicyConfigByName and GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID methods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used to configure ACLs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used to configure Unified ACLs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceBGPRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Routing protocol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceNATTimeoutsRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Router NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceNATTransOptionsFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceStaticRoutingFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeviceStaticRoutingRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Used in configuring Router static route.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNAT64ManualFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring NAT64 policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATAddressPoolFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATDynamicRulesRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Router NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATManualFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATObjectFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATPolicyDynamicRulesFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Router NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATStaticRulesFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATStaticRulesRouterPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Router NAT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InterfaceNATTransExemptionsFirewallPolicy</td>
<td>Used for configuring Firewall NAT.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2.7.1 Request

An example of the method GetPolicyListByDeviceGID request is shown in the figure below.. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.
**Figure 74: Method GetPolicyListByDeviceGID Request Example**

**Table 65: Method GetPolicyListByDeviceGID Request URL Argument Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getPolicyListByDeviceGID</td>
<td>Policy list request that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: gid</strong></td>
<td>An element that identifies the device the policies are configured on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Returns</th>
<th>200 OK + XML</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<policyListByDeviceGIDRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000023456781</gid>
</policyListByDeviceGIDRequest>
```

**Figure 75: PolicyListByDeviceGIDRequest XML Schema**
3.2.7.2 Response

An example of the GetPolicyListByDeviceGID response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

![XML Example](image)

**Figure 76: GetPolicyListByDeviceGID Response Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyListResponse</td>
<td>Returns a list of 0 or more policy descriptors that are configured on the identified device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: policyList</td>
<td>A list of policy descriptor elements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyDesc</td>
<td>The policy descriptor that includes its name and type. The type is usually the same name as the object name defined for that policy in the schema. For example for Firewall rules, the type will be “DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy”. Name of the policy, will be --local-- if the policy is local/private to this device. Alternately the name will contain the user configured policy name (other than--local--) if the current policy is a “shared” policy (say something like “SharedAccessRule”).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shared policies are policies that are shared across multiple devices. A shared policy name is unique for a specific policy type across the whole system. For example there can only be only policy named as SharedAccessRule for say a DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy. And this SharedAccessRule can be applied to multiple devices that support that policy.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Method specific errors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1001</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested device is not be configured with any of the supported policies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to fetch the internal policy list from the CSM server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 67: GetPolicyListByDeviceGID Method Error Codes

3.2.8 Method GetPolicyConfigByName

The GetPolicyConfigByName method returns a specific policy object and its associated configuration based on the shared policy name passed into the method. Access to this API requires a `view_policy` privilege on the policy being queried. This method must only be used to fetch data for shared policies (i.e. policies that are not `-- local --`). The applicable shared policies for a device are available via the GetPolicyListByDeviceGID method.

3.2.8.1 Request

An example of the method GetPolicyConfigByName request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

Figure 77: PolicyListDeviceResponse XML Schema

```xml
<xs:element name="policyListDeviceResponse" type="PolicyListDeviceResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="PolicyListDeviceResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="policyList" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:complexType>
            <xs:sequence>
              <xs:element name="policyDesc" type="EntityDescriptor" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
            </xs:sequence>
          </xs:complexType>
        </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getPolicyConfigByName

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423adfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<policyConfigByNameRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <name>global FW policy-1</name>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</policyConfigByNameRequest>

Figure 78: Method GetPolicyConfigByName Request Example
Table 68: Method GetPolicyConfigByName Request URL Attribute Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method Details</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyConfigByNameRequest</td>
<td>A name request and same attributes as previously defined and returned by the GetPolicyListByDeviceGID call.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Element: policyType     | The policy type same as the types returned by the GetPolicyListByDeviceGID call. The list of allowable types are documented in the GetPolicyListByDeviceGID method section. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Returns</th>
<th>200 OK + XML</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 79: PolicyConfigByName Request XML Schema
3.2.8.2 Response

An example of the response to the GetPolicyConfigByName request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below. The response contains the policy and referenced policy object data contained in the policy. Note: The response of this method is paginated. Please see section 2.2.1.1 for further details.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:policyConfigDeviceResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
   <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
   <policy>
      <deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy>
         <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294967927</gid>
         <name/>
         <lastUpdateTime>2011-08-05T05:49.926Z</lastUpdateTime>
         <type>FirewallRule</type>
         <orderID>1000</orderID>
         <isMandatoryAggregation>true</isMandatoryAggregation>
         <configState>deployed</configState>
         <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
         <direction>In</direction>
         <permit>true</permit>
         <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
            <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294967559</gid>
         </interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
         <sources>
            <networkObjectGIDs>
               <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000100</gid>
            </networkObjectGIDs>
         </sources>
         <destinations>
            <networkObjectGIDs>
               <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000100</gid>
            </networkObjectGIDs>
         </destinations>
         <services>
            <serviceObjectGIDs>
               <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000001041</gid>
            </serviceObjectGIDs>
         </services>
         <logOptions/>
         <iosOptions>None</iosOptions>
         </deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy>
      </policyObject>
      <networkPolicyObject>
         <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000100</gid>
         <name>any</name>
         <lastUpdateTime>2011-08-04T18:22.816Z</lastUpdateTime>
         <parentGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000</parentGID>
         <type>Network</type>
         <comment>Predefined any network</comment>
         <nodeGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000001</nodeGID>
         <isProperty>false</isProperty>
         <subType/>
         <isGroup>false</isGroup>
         <ipv4Data>0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0</ipv4Data>
      </networkPolicyObject>
   </policyObject>
</ns1:policyConfigDeviceResponse>

**Figure 80: GetPolicyConfigByName Response Example**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element.Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyConfigResponse</td>
<td>Returns the policy configuration that matches the object identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy</td>
<td>The policy class as described in 3.1.1.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 69: GetPolicyConfigByName Response Elements and Attributes Description**

```xml
<xs:element name="policyConfigResponse" type="PolicyConfigResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="PolicyConfigResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="policy" type="BasePolicy"/>
        <xs:element name="policyObject" type="BasePolicyObject"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 81: PolicyConfigResponse XML Schema**

The following are error codes specific to this method. There could be additional generic errors that the method might return in cases of error.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Returned if an internal error occurred while fetching config.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Returned if required input parameters are missing in the request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Returned if the requested Policy Type is not correct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Returned if the user is not authorized to view this policy data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Returned if no configuration data is available for requested input parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Returned if an internal error encountered by the server (when processing a policy type that is not supported).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 70: GetPolicyConfigByName Method Error Codes**
3.2.9 Method GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID

The GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID method returns a specific policy and its associated policy objects based on the device id and policy type passed into the method. Access to this API requires a view_policy privilege on the policy being queried and also a view_device privilege on the device for which this policy is being fetched.

This method returns the applicable policy on a device (irrespective of whether it is local or shared). Thus this is often the most convenient method to read supported policy configuration of a device.

3.2.9.1 Request

An example of the method GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getPolicyConfigById

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423adfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=;/
domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<policyConfigByDeviceGIDRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294967927</gid>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</policyConfigByDeviceGIDRequest>

Table 71: Method GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID Request URL Attribute Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method Details</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyConfigByDeviceGIDRequest</td>
<td>A global ID request and same attributes as previously defined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 82: Method GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID Request Example
The response of this method including the schema and error codes are the same as the `GetPolicyConfigByName` method described previously.

### 3.2.10 Method GetSharedPolicyNamesByType

This method returns the list of all the Shared Policies present in the Policy View of CSM for a given policy type.

#### 3.2.10.1 REST Request:

**URL:**

```plaintext
http://hostname/nbi/configservice/getSharedPolicyListByType
```

**HTTP Header:**

```plaintext
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com
```

**XML Argument:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<policyNamesByTypeRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</policyNamesByTypeRequest>
```

**Table 72: Method getSharedPolicyNamesByType Request URL Attribute Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method Details</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesByTypeRequest</td>
<td>A request to get the list of all the Shared Policies defined in CSM for a given policy Type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method Details</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Method</strong></td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Header:</strong> asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Returns</strong></td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.10.2 Response

Object:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<policyNamesResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
  <policy>
    <name>policy-1</name>
    <deviceAssignments>
      <device>
        <deviceGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294967308</deviceGID>
        <deviceName>1.1.1.1</deviceName>
      </device>
    </deviceAssignments>
    </policy>
  </policyNamesResponse>
```

Figure 85: GetSharedPolicyNamesByType Response Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element.Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse</td>
<td>Returns the policy Names and the Device Assignments for the Policy Type passed in the Request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse-policyType</td>
<td>The Policy Type passed in the Request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element.Attribute Name</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse.policy</td>
<td>A policy defined in CSM for the Requested Policy Type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse.policy.name</td>
<td>Name of the Shared Policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse.policy.deviceAssignments</td>
<td>List of devices the Shared Policy is assigned to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse.policy.deviceAssignments.deviceGID</td>
<td>Device GID of the Device the Shared Policy is assigned to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyNamesResponse.policy.deviceAssignments.deviceName</td>
<td>Device Name of the Device the Shared Policy is assigned to.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 73: GetSharedPolicyNamesByType Response Elements and Attributes Description

```xml
<x:s:element name="policyNamesResponse" type="PolicyNamesResponse"/>
<x:s:complexType name="PolicyNamesResponse">
  <x:s:complexContent>
    <x:s:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <x:s:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <x:s:element name="policyType" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <x:s:element name="policy" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
          <x:s:complexType>
            <x:s:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
              <x:s:element name="policyName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
              <x:s:element name="deviceAssignments" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </x:s:sequence>
          </x:s:complexType>
        </x:s:element>
      </x:s:sequence>
      <x:s:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <x:s:element name="deviceName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </x:s:sequence>
  </x:s:extension>
</x:s:complexType>
```

Figure 86: PolicyNamesResponse XML Schema

### 3.2.11 Method CreateCSMSession

This method will create a CSMSession to be used with other write api methods. Internally it will create a ticket or activity based on the mode of the CSM Server. All csm server modes supports this method. For detailed information about it’s usage please see section [Using CSMSession and Write APIs](#).

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
3.2.11.1 Request

**URL:**

https://hostname/nbi/configservice/createCSMSession

**HTTP Header:**

Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 2-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

**XML Argument:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:newCSMSessionRequest xmlns:p="csm">
    <csmSessionName>creating CSM API session to test</csmSessionName>
</p:newCSMSessionRequest>
```

**Figure 87: Method CreateCSMSession Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>newCSMSessionRequest</td>
<td>CSM Session request that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionName</td>
<td>An element that provides a string value to use while creating the CSM Session. This could be a ticketId or activity name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionDescription</td>
<td>An element that provides description (optionally) specifying the requirement for creating a new CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.11.2 Response

The response of this method returns the unique csmSessionId that will be used in all write api related methods. The following figure gives the example and the xsd of the response.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:csmSessionResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-017179869189</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmSessionResponse>
```

Figure 89: CreateCSMSession Response Example

### Table 75: CreateCSMSession Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmSessionResponse</td>
<td>Returns CSMSession details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>Unique value that should use for further write operations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<xs:element name="newCSMSessionRequest" type="CSMSessionRequest" />
<xs:complexType name="CSMSessionRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="csmSessionDescription" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 88: CreateCSMSessionRequest XML Schema

Figure 90: CreateCSMSession Response XSD
### 3.2.12 Method ValidateCSMSession

This method is used to validate the changes done in a CSMSession. Based on the validation results submit of that CSMSession can be done. For more details on the CSMSession please see section Using CSMSession and Write APIs.

#### 3.2.12.1 Request

The validation is done for the CSMSession that is uniquely identified by the csmSessionGID which is given in the request parameter. The request example and the XSD is given in the below figures.

**Method** : POST  
**URL** : https://hostname/nbi/configservice/validateCSMSession  
**Headers** : Content-Type:text/xml  
**Body** :

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-068719477096</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest>
```

**Figure 91: validateCSMSession Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmSessionOperationRequest</td>
<td>CSM Session request that contains request arguments</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Element:</strong> csmSessionName</th>
<th>An element that provides the name of the csmSession using which the session was created.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element:</strong> csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Method</strong></td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Header:</strong> asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Returns</strong></td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.12.2 Response

The response contains the validation messages for the changes that have been made in that particular CSMSession. The following gives the example and the XSD of the response.

```xml
<ns1:csmSessionValidationResponse>
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
<statusCode>SUCCESS</statusCode>
<validationMessage>CSM Session Validation successful</validationMessage>
<validationResults>
  <validationResult>
    <deviceGID>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-04294967310</gid>
    </deviceGID>
    <validationDetails>
      <title>
        FWSVC Access Rules Warning in Rule ASA warning - more details
      </title>
      <severity>Warning</severity>
      <description>
        FWSVC Access Rules Warnings -> The following interface roles inside ,test-ether , do not exist on device. Rules for these interfaces will not be generated on device
      </description>
      <action>
        Please specify Interface Roles in Rule which match those on device
      </action>
    </validationDetails>
  </validationResult>
</validationResults>
</ns1:csmSessionValidationResponse>
```

**Figure 93: validateCSMSession Response Example**

**Table 77: ValidateCSMSession Response Elements and Attributes Description**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmSessionValidateResponse</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the validation results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>statusCode</td>
<td>An element that describes the status of the whole operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>approvalRequired</td>
<td>An element that mentions if approval is required for this session. This is based on the mode of the CSM Server and the admin options configured. If this is set to “True”, after submitCSMSession, ApproveCSMSession has to be invoked separately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: validationResults</td>
<td>An element have the validation result status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deviceGID</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the device id.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: ValidationDetails</td>
<td>This element has all the information on the individual validation messages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 94: validateCSMSession Response XML Schema

3.2.13 Method SubmitCSMSession

To submit the changes made during a CSMSession use this method. The submitCSMSession internally does a validate and only on a successful validation submit is carried out.
3.2.13.1 Request
The input to the submitCSMSession takes in the unique CSMSessionGID and does the validate and submit of the changes carried out in that particular CSMSession. The following gives the details about the request example and the XSD.

```
Method : POST
URL : https://hostname/nbi/configservice/submitCSMSession
Headers : Content-Type:text/xml
Body :
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cs:submitCSMSessionRequest xmlns:cs="csm" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <cs:SessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-068719477096</cs:SessionGID>
    <submitComments>Submission test</submitComments>
    <continueOnWarnings>true</continueOnWarnings>
</cs:submitCSMSessionRequest>
```

**Figure 95: SubmitCSMSession Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>submitCSMSessionRequest</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the submit operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element : csmSessionGID</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the CSMSession ID for which the changes to be validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: submitComments</td>
<td>Any comments to be saved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Element: continueOnWarnings | Boolean value true – to continue submit on warning message  
False – abort submit on detecting warnings |

3.2.13.2 Response
The response is the same as that of validateCSMSession.

3.2.14 Method DiscardCSMSession
This method can be used to discard the changes that were made in a CSMSession.
3.2.14.1 Request
The request is same as in validateCSMSession. The following only gives an example of the method, the rest of details are similar to validateCSMSession.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td><a href="https://hostname/nbi/configservice/discardCSMSession">https://hostname/nbi/configservice/discardCSMSession</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headers</td>
<td>Content-Type: text/xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body</td>
<td>&lt;?xml version=&quot;1.0&quot; encoding=&quot;UTF-8&quot;?&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest xmlns:ns1=&quot;csm&quot;&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;csmSessionGID&gt;00000000-0000-0000-0000-068719477096&lt;/csmSessionGID&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;/ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 96: DiscardCSMSession XML Request Example.

3.2.14.2 Response
The response gives the status of the discarded CSMSession and its csmSessionGID. The following gives the example and the XSD of the response.

```
<ns1:csmSessionResultResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <result>CSM Session discarded successfully!</result>
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589935876</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmSessionResultResponse>
```

Figure 97: DiscardCSMSession Response XML Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmSessionResultResponse</td>
<td>An element that mentions the results of the CSMSession operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the CSMSession ID for which the changes are discarded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList:result</td>
<td>An element that tells the success or failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.15 Method ApproveCSMSession

This method is used to approve or reject the CSMSession that has been submitted. This method needs to be used only in the case where the CSM Server is in workflow-mode. In all other modes submitCSMSession does auto-approval of the CSMSession. The submitCSMSession method will notify whether approval is needed or not.

3.2.15.1 Request

The following gives an example of the request and it’s XSD.

Method : POST

URL : https://hostname/nbi/configservice/approveCSMSession

Headers : Content-Type:text/xml

Body :

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:csmApproveOperationRequest xmlns:ns1="csm"
<csmsessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-184683593741</csmsessionGID>
<approvalStatus>true</approvalStatus>
</ns1:csmApproveOperationRequest>
```

Note : Approval Status false for Rejecting the activity. It can be used in workflow enabled mode.

Figure 98: DiscardCSMSession response XSD.

Figure 99: ApproveCSMSession Request XML Example
### Table 80: ApproveCSMSession request URL elements and attributes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmApproveOperationRequest</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the CSMApproveOperation request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>Unique value that user can provide the CSMSessionGID for which the changes to be validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionName</td>
<td>Unique value that user can provide the name for which the changes to be validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: comments</td>
<td>Optionally any comments can be specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: approvalStatus</td>
<td>Approval status , Either true or false to approve or reject the change list</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<ns1:csmApproveResultResponse>
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
<result>CSMSession ID Approve successfully!</result>
<csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589935912</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmApproveResultResponse>
```

### Figure 100: ApproveCSMSession request XSD

#### 3.2.15.2 Response
The response of the approveCSMSession returns the approval status and the CSMSessionGID of the session.

```xml
<ns1:csmApproveResultResponse>
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
<result>CSMSession ID Approve successfully!</result>
<csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589935912</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmApproveResultResponse>
```

### Figure 101: ApproveCSMSession Response XML Example
Table 81: ApproveCSMSession Response Elements and Attribute Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmApproveResultResponse</td>
<td>An element that mentions the results of the CSMApproveResult Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the CSMSession ID for which the changes are discarded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList:result</td>
<td>An element that tells the success or failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 102: ApproveCSMSession Response XSD.

3.2.16 Method OpenCSMSession
This method can be used to open a CSMSession that was either closed earlier or the https session got timed out.

3.2.16.1 Request
The request of this method is same as that of validateCSMSession. The following gives an example of openCSMSession only.
3.2.16.2  Response
The response of this method is same as that of **DiscardCSMSession**.

3.2.17  Method CloseCSMSession
This method is used to close a CSMSession. The closed CSMSession can be opened using the openCSMSession.

3.2.17.1  Request
The request of this method is same as that of **validateCSMSession**. The following gives an example of closeCSMSession.

```
Method : POST
URL : https://hostname/nbi/configservice/closeCSMSession
Headers : Content-Type:text/xml

Body :
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-068719477096</csmSessionGID>
</ns1:csmSessionOperationRequest>
```

Figure 104: CloseCSMSession request XML example.
3.2.17.2 Response
The response of this method is same as that of discardCSMSession.

3.2.18 Method AddPolicyObject
This method can be used to add a new policy object. The supported list of policy objects are mentioned in section 1.3.1. Modify privilege is needed on the particular object to add the object. It also supports addition of heterogeneous bulk objects in a single call. A single call of the API happens within a single transaction and hence if addition of one of policy objects fails all previous successful insertions would be reverted back. This will behave in fail-fast mode. To understand the individual element details please go through section 3.1.2 BasePolicyObject

This method should be used in the following use-cases:

1. Create a new building block :
   The data part of the supported building block is passed in the addPolicyObject request.

2. Create a overridden building block:
   In CSM the overridden building block is stored as a separate building block with separate id. When creating a overridden building block for a device, then addPolicyObject should be used with node id as the device ID and parent ID as the id of building block for which overridden value is created. Also all the data part should be sent with the request, where some values would differ from the parent building block. The parent building block’s “isProperty” should be set to true to allow overrides.

3.2.18.1 Request
The request takes in the policy objects and the CSMSession used to make this change. The following gives an example and the XSD of the request.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/addPolicyObject

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:addPolicyObjectRequest xmlns:csn="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-425201762587</csmSessionGID>
  <enforceDuplicateDetection>false</enforceDuplicateDetection>
  <networkPolicyObject>
    <name>27_NO_1</name>
    <parentGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000</parentGID>
    <updatedByUser>dkakoll</updatedByUser>
    <lastCommitTime>2014-02-27T04:53:09.36Z</lastCommitTime>
    <ticketId>dkakoll_27.Feb.2014_10.22.05</ticketId>
    <type>NetworkPolicyObject</type>
    <comment></comment>
    <nodeGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000001</nodeGID>
    <isProperty>false</isProperty>
    <subType/></subType>
    <isGroup>false</isGroup>
    <ipData>1.19.0.3</ipData>
    <ipData>1.19.0.4</ipData>
  </networkPolicyObject>
</csm:addPolicyObjectRequest>
Figure 105: addPolicyObject URL Request Example

Table 82: addPolicyObject Request Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>addPolicyObjectRequest</td>
<td>Add policy object containing request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: enforceDuplicateDetection</td>
<td>if Redundant/Duplicate object is detected, throw error (set: true) or continue (set: false) with saving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<xs:element name="addPolicyObjectRequest" type="ManagePolicyObjectRequest" />
<xs:complexType name="ManagePolicyObjectRequest">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
        <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="CSMSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <!-- if Redundant/Duplicate object is detected, throw warning (set: true) or continue (set: false) with saving -->
          <xs:element name="enforceDuplicateDetection" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <!-- ALL Supported POLICY OBJECT TYPES -->
          <xs:element name="networkPolicyObject" type="NetworkPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="servicePolicyObject" type="ServicePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="interfaceRolePolicyObject" type="InterfaceRolePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="timeRangePolicyObject" type="TimeRangePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="identityUserGroupPolicyObject" type="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="securityGroupPolicyObject" type="SecurityGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
          <xs:element name="portListPolicyObject" type="PortListPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 106: AddPolicyObject request XSD.
3.2.18.2 Response
The response will give the details of the created object id and it’s type. If any failure then the details of the failed object would be sent. Following gives an example of the response and its xsd.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:addPolicyObjectResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <message>CREATE Policy Object Operation Successful!</message>
  <resultObject>
    <objectGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-425201762588</objectGID>
    <name>27_NO_1</name>
    <type>Network</type>
  </resultObject>
</ns1:addPolicyObjectResponse>
```

**Figure 107: AddPolicyObject XML response example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>addPolicyObjectResponse</td>
<td>Add policy object containing request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: message</td>
<td>The overall status of the operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: resultObject</td>
<td>The individual results of object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: objectGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely identifies the ID of the policy object that we added.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: name</td>
<td>An element that gives the name of the policy object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: type</td>
<td>An element that provides the type of the policy object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: info</td>
<td>Any other details about the object if needed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 83: AddPolicyObject Response XML Attribute and Element Description
3.2.19 Method ModifyPolicyObject

Modify policy object can be used to modify the data part of the policy object. This can also be used to rename the policy objects. Policy Object is identified uniquely by the gid that is sent with the request. Even if one field needs to be updated, all the data needs to be sent with the request. Ideally this is used after the policy object is read and then the required field updated and sent as input to the modify policy object method. This also takes in heterogenous and homogeneous bulk request and works in a single transaction and in fail-fast mode.

In the following cases this method can be used:

1. Modifying a non-overridden Building Block:
   The “gid” element that is passed in the request defines the building block that will be modified. So this method can be used also to rename the building block. Along with the request the complete data is required to be passed with whatever elements that needs to be modified.

2. Modifying a overridden Building Block:
   To modify some data of a overridden BB for a particular device, then the gid of that particular building block needs to sent in the request and not the parent building blocks gid. If only the name is known of the building block, then use the method getPolicyObject to get the overridden building blocks gids and use it in this method.

3.2.19.1 Request

The request of modify policy object takes in the type “ManagePolicyRequest” which is the same for addPolicyObject. Following gives an example and the XSD.
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/modifyPolicyObject

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfe73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<modifyPolicyObjectRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
  < SessionGID > 00000000-0000-0000-0000-231928234391 </ SessionGID >
  < enforceDuplicateDetection > false </ enforceDuplicateDetection >
  < servicePolicyObject >
    < gid > 00000000-0000-0000-0000-231928234391 </ gid >
    < name > 01_NbAPI_SPO </ name >
    < type > ServicePolicyObject </ type >
    < comment > Modified via NbAPI </ comment >
    < isProperty > false </ isProperty >
    < subType > SO </ subType >
    < isGroup > false </ isGroup >
    < serviceParameters >
      < protocol > ip </ protocol >
      < icmpMessage />
    </ serviceParameters >
  </ servicePolicyObject >
</modifyPolicyObjectRequest>

Figure 109: ModifyPolicyObject Request Example

<x:element name="modifyPolicyObjectRequest" type="ManagePolicyObjectRequest" />

Figure 110: ModifyPolicyObject Request XSD

3.2.19.2 Response

The response is also the same as that of addPolicyObject. Following gives the example and the XSD of the response.

<ns1:modifyPolicyObjectResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  < protVersion > 1.0 </ protVersion >
  < message > MODIFY Policy Object Operation Successful! </ message >
  < resultObject >
    < objectGID > 00000000-0000-0000-0000-231928234391 </ objectGID >
    < name > 01_NbAPI_SPO </ name >
    < type > Service </ type >
  </ resultObject >
</ns1:modifyPolicyObjectResponse>

Figure 111: ModifyPolicyObject Response Example
3.2.20 Method DeletePolicyObject

This method is used to delete the policy object given its unique GID. This supports bulk delete and happens in a single transaction, and works in fail fast mode. The method can be used in the following scenarios:

1. Delete a Building Block:
   The gid of the policy object along with the type of the object needs to be passed.

2. Delete a override:
   If for a particular device the overridden value is to be removed and the global value needs to be retained the gid of the overridden building block needs to be passed on to this defect.

3.2.20.1 Request

The request of deletePolicyObject is also of type “ManagePolicyObjectRequest”. But it is sufficient to mention the type and id of the policy object. The following gives an example request and the xsd.

**URL:**

https://hostname/nbi/configservice/deletePolicyObject

**HTTP Header:**

Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

**XML Argument:**

```xml
<cs:deletePolicyObjectRequest xmlns:cs="cs">
  <cs:sessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-231928234184</cs:sessionGID>
  <servicePolicyObject>
    <gid>193273528324</gid>
  </servicePolicyObject>
  <timeRangePolicyObject>
    <gid>231928234007</gid>
  </timeRangePolicyObject>
  <timeRangePolicyObject>
    <gid>231928234091</gid>
  </timeRangePolicyObject>
</cs:deletePolicyObjectRequest>
```

**Figure 113: DeletePolicyObject Request XML Example**

**Figure 114: DeletePolicyObject Request XSD**
3.2.20.2 Response
The response is of type “ManagePolicyObjectResponse”, which is the same for add and modify policy object. If a bulk deletion fails then the error message will have the details of the failed building block. The following gives an example of response and the XSD.

```
<ns1:deletePolicyObjectResponse xmlns:ns1="csm"
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <message>DELETE Policy Object Operation Successful!</message>
</ns1:deletePolicyObjectResponse>
```

Figure 115: DeletePolicyObject Response Example

```
<x:s:element name="deletePolicyObjectResponse" type="ManagePolicyObjectResponse" />
```

Figure 116: DeletePolicyObject Response XSD

3.2.21 Method GetPolicyObject
This method can be used to retrieve the building block information by it’s name and type. It supports bulk inputs of heterogenous types. This also gives the details of the overridden BB details along with the node id which is the device id on which it has overridden values. To read the overridden value on a particular device then the gid of that particular building block needs to be used in this method.

3.2.21.1 Request
The request takes in the type and the name or id of the building block. The request is of type “ManagePolicyObjectRequest”. Following gives an example of the request and the XSD.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getPolicyObject

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:getPolicyObjectRequest xmlns:p="csm"
  <networkPolicyObject>
    <name>0_test</name>
  </networkPolicyObject>
</p:getPolicyObjectRequest>
```

Figure 117: GetPolicyObject Request Example
3.2.21.2 Response

The response contains the details of the policy object. It includes just the details of the particular BB and gives the references of the overrides.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:policyObjectConfigResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <policyObject>
    <networkPolicyObject>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-322122547219</gid>
      <name>0_test</name>
      <lastUpdateTime>1970-01-01T00:00:00Z</lastUpdateTime>
      <parentGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000</parentGID>
      <type>NetworkPolicyObject</type>
      <isGroup>false</isGroup>
      <subType>NN</subType>
      <nodeGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-034359738454</nodeGID>
      <isProperty>true</isProperty>
      <enforceDuplicateDetection>true</enforceDuplicateDetection>
    </networkPolicyObject>
  </policyObject>
  <overrideDetails>
    <objectGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-326417514595</objectGID>
    <parentGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-322122547219</parentGID>
    <deviceGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-034359738454</deviceGID>
  </overrideDetails>
</ns1:policyObjectConfigResponse>
```

**Figure 119: GetPolicyObject Response XML Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyObjectConfigResponse</td>
<td>Get policy object containing response arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: enforceDuplicateDetection</td>
<td>if Redundant/Duplicate object is detected, throw error (set: true) or continue (set: false) with saving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 84: GetPolicyObject Response XML Attribute and Element Description**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<xs:element name="policyObjectConfigResponse" type="PolicyObjectConfigResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="PolicyObjectConfigResponse">
<xs:complexContent>
<xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
<xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="results" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="details" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="policyObject" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
<xs:element name="networkPolicyObject" type="NetworkPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="portListPolicyObject" type="PortListPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="servicePolicyObject" type="ServicePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="interfaceRolePolicyObject" type="InterfaceRolePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="timeRangePolicyObject" type="TimeRangePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="slaMonitorPolicyObject" type="SLAMonitorPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="aclPolicyObject" type="ACLPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="stdAcePolicyObject" type="StandardACEPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="extendedACEPolicyObject" type="ExtendedACEPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="identityUserGroupPolicyObject" type="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="securityGroupPolicyObject" type="SecurityGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="overrideDetails" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="parentGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
3.2.22 **Method GetPolicyObjectByGID**

This method can be used to retrieve the object details only from the gid of the object. This method supports bulk inputs.

### 3.2.22.1 Request

The request just takes the gid of the object and retrieves the committed data of that BB. But if csmSessionId is given along with the request then the particular sessions information is retrieved. Following gives an example of the request and the XSD.

**URL:**

https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getPolicyObjectByGID

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:getPolicyObjectByGID xmlns:p="csm">
  <gid>322122547219</gid>
  <gid>326417514521</gid>
</p:getPolicyObjectByGID>
```

**Figure 121: GetPolicyObjectByGID request example.**

**Table 85: GetPolicyObjectByGID  Response XML Attribute and Element Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getPolicyObjectByGID</td>
<td>Gets the policy object containing response arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: gid</td>
<td>Determines uniquely a given building block.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.22.2 Response
The response is same as that of getPolicyObject.

3.2.23 Method GetListofDeployableDevices
This method can be used to get the list of devices that are deployable for the current user. The device information that is got in this API is used to trigger the deployment using deployConfigByGID.

3.2.23.1 Request
The request for the method doesn’t have any new element but just the session cookie. The following gives an example of the request and the XSD.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getListOfDeployableDevices

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:deployableDevicesListRequest xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
</ns1:deployableDevicesListRequest>
```

Figure 123: GetListofDeployableDevices XML Request Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deployableDevicesListRequest</td>
<td>This contains the request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: sessionId</td>
<td>An element that required for this request is logged in session information, this should be passed as part of cookie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP/XML Content</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

```xml
<xs:complexType name="DeployableDevicesListRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 124: GetListofDeployableDevices Request XSD**

### 3.2.23.2 Response
The response has the details of the devices that have changes that are yet to be deployed i.e dirty devices. The following gives an example response and its XSD.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<ns1:deviceListResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <deviceId>
    <deviceCapability>firewall</deviceCapability>
    <deviceName>4.4.4.4</deviceName>
    <ipv4Address>4.4.4.4</ipv4Address>
    <sysObjectID>1.3.6.1.4.1.9.1.670</sysObjectID>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294968099</gid>
  </deviceId>
</ns1:deviceListResponse>
```

**Figure 125: GetListofDeployableDevices Response Example**

---

Table 87: GetListofDeployableDevices Response XML Element and Attribute Description
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceListResponse</td>
<td>Returns a list of 0 or more devices that match the filter parameter passed in the method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: DeviceId</td>
<td>A list of device ID elements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attribute: gid</td>
<td>The gid attribute of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceCapability</td>
<td>One or more capabilities of the device (mandatory)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: ipv4Address</td>
<td>The IPv4 address of the device (optional)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceName</td>
<td>Display name of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: sysobjectId</td>
<td>System object id of the device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HTTP Method**
POST

**HTTP Header:** asCookie
The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

**Returns**
200 OK + XML
401 Unauthorized

```xml
<xs:element name="deviceListResponse" type="DeviceListResponse" />
  <xs:complexType name="DeviceListResponse">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
        <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deviceId" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
            <xs:complexType>
              <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                <xs:element name="deviceCapability" type="DeviceCapability" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
                <!-- ipv4address is made optional as there could be virtual contexts configured without ip -->
                <xs:element name="deviceName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xs:element name="ipv4Address" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xs:element name="sysOID" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
                <xs:element name="gid" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
              </xs:sequence>
            </xs:complexType>
          </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

**Figure 126: GetListofDeployableDevices Response XSD**
3.2.24 Method DeployConfigByGID

Once the user has policy changes, config can be deployed to the device(s). If user has deploy privileges then he can deploy the config. In this release API supports immediate deploy option. The deployment to IPS devices will be blocked in this release. If IPS device is found in the request then an error will be thrown to the user.

If the deployment options are not specified then we will use the values from admin settings. API will read the deployment options that are set (or default values) using CSM client and will use while deploying to the device.

3.2.24.1 Request

The request takes the device GID and the other deployment options as mentioned below in the example and the XSD.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/deployConfigByGID

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<deployConfigRequest xmlns:csm="csm" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <deviceGID>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-04294967326</gid>
  </deviceGID>
  <deploymentOptions>
    <DeployOptions>device</DeployOptions>
  </deploymentOptions>
</deployConfigRequest>
```

Figure 127: DeployConfigByGID request Example

Table 88: DeployConfigByGID XML element and attribute Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deployConfigRequest</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the deploy operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deviceGID</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the list of device ID for which the changes to be deployed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deploymentOptions</td>
<td>Deployment options which we can override for this deployment. Options like deploy to file or detect OOB etc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList: deploymentComments</td>
<td>Boolean value – true , optionally user can specify comments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deployDeviceAttrbs.deployOptions.deployMethod.device</td>
<td>Fixed values to mention if we want to deploy to device or file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deployDeviceAttrbs.deployOptions.deployMethod.file</td>
<td>Deploy to file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deployDeviceAttrbs.deployOptions.deployMethod.file.filePath</td>
<td>If file option is selected then filePath should be provided</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### XML Element & Attributes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element: deployDeviceAttrbs.deployOptions.OOBdetectionbehaviour</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Describes options to handle oob as over write the changes or cancel deployment or do not check for changes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Method</th>
<th>POST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Header: asCookie</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Returns</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<xs:complexType name="deployDeviceAttrs">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="deployOptions">
      <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deployMethod" type="ObjectIdentifierList"
            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="device" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="1" fixed="device" />
    <xs:element name="file" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="1" fixed="file" />
    <xs:element name="filePath" type="xs:string"
      minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:element name="deployConfigRequest" type="DeployConfigRequest" />
<xs:complexType name="DeployConfigRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifierList"
          minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:element name="OOBdetectionbehavior" minOccurs="0"
  maxOccurs="1" />
<xs:simpleType>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="over write changes and show warnings" />
    <xs:enumeration value="cancel deployment" />
    <xs:enumeration value="do not check for changes" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

Figure 128: DeployConfigByGID Request XSD
3.2.24.2 Response
The response will return the deployment job id and name and also the error list of devices that could not be added to the deployment job because of privilege or invalid device id. There will be another API to query the status of the deployment job. Following gives an example of the response example and XSD.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<ns1:deploymentResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <status>Deployment Job creation Succeeded</status>
  <deploymentGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294968944</deploymentGID>
  <deploymentJobName>admin123_job_2014-03-25 17:03:56.107</deploymentJobName>
  <devicesInProgress>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294968099</devicesInProgress>
</ns1:deploymentResponse>
```

Figure 129: DeployConfigByGID Response Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deploymentresponse</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the deployment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: status</td>
<td>Deployment job status as success or failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deploymentGID</td>
<td>Unique identifier for the deployed job</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deploymentJobName</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList: devicesInProgress</td>
<td>Number of devices whose deployment are in progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList: devicesSuccessList</td>
<td>Number of devices for which the deployment went successfully</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElementList: devicesFailureList</td>
<td>Number of devices the deployment failed with errors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HTTP Method
POST

HTTP Header: asCookie
The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

Returns
200 OK + XML
401 Unauthorized
<xs:element name="deploymentResponse" type="DeploymentResponse" />
<xs:complexType name="DeploymentResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="status" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="deploymentGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deploymentJobName" type="xs:string" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="devicesInProgress" type="ObjectIdentifier" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="devicesSuccessList" type="DeploymentStatus" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="devicesFailureList" type="DeploymentStatus" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
        </xs:element>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeploymentStatusDetails">
  <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
    <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="deploymentMsgdetails" type="DeploymentDeviceMsgDetails" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeploymentStatus">
  <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
    <xs:element name="deploymentstatus" type="DeploymentStatusDetails" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeploymentDeviceMsgDetails">
  <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
    <xs:element name="Title" type="xs:string" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="severityval" type="xs:string" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="action" type="xs:string" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

Figure 130: DeployConfigByGID response XSD
### 3.2.25 Method GetDeployJobStatus

This method is used to get the status of the deployment job.

#### 3.2.25.1 Request

The request takes either the job id or name and returns the status of the deployment job. Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.

```xml
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getdeployJobStatus
<csm:deployJobStatusRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
  <deploymentJobName>admin_job_2014-03-26 13:00:38.28</deploymentJobName>
</csm:deployJobStatusRequest>
```

**Figure 131: GetDeployJobStatus Request Example**

**Table 90: GetDeployJobStatus Request Elements and Attribute Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deployJobStatusRequest</td>
<td>An element that mentions the details of the deployment job</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List:</td>
<td>Deployment job status as success or failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deploymentJobID</td>
<td>Unique identifier for the deployed job</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element List: deploymentJobName</td>
<td>Unique value that specifies the name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.25.2 Response

The response of this is same as the response of DeployConfigByGID. Only the example is given in this section for the XSD details please see the response of DeployConfigByGID.
3.2.26 Method AddPolicyConfigByGID

This method is used to create or add a policy to a device. Please see section Policy for the supported list. The request will take in homogeneous policies in a single request for a device and add it to the device. For example to add a single/multiple firewall rules to a device this method should be used. If the policy is already present this will add entries to the firewall table else it will create a new policy group with the given rules on the device. If a device is assigned a shared policy this method cannot be used but addPolicyConfigByGroupName needs to be used. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.
### 3.2.26.1 Request

The request should have the policy data, the device id and csmSessionID. The request can have multiple policy data and each request operates in a single transaction in fail-fast mode. The gid attribute within the policy should not be given in the request.

**URL:**

```
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/addPolicyConfigByGID
```

**HTTP Header:**

```
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com
```

**XML Argument:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:setPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:p="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589934739</csmSessionGID>
  <deviceGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589934595</deviceGID>
  <DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
    <name/>
    <type>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</type>
    <orderId>0</orderId>
    <isMandatoryAggregation>true</isMandatoryAggregation>
    <description/>
    <configState>committed</configState>
    <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
    <direction>In</direction>
    <permit>false</permit>
    <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000213</gid>
    </interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
    <sources>
      <ipData>2.2.2.1</ipData>
    </sources>
    <destinations>
      <networkObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000100</gid>
      </networkObjectGIDs>
    </destinations>
    <services>
      <serviceObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000001041</gid>
      </serviceObjectGIDs>
    </services>
    <logOptions>
      <isFirewallLoggingEnabled>true</isFirewallLoggingEnabled>
      <isDefaultLogging>true</isDefaultLogging>
    </logOptions>
    <iosOptions>None</iosOptions>
  </DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
</p:setPolicyConfigRequest>
```

**Figure 134: AddPolicyConfigByGID Request URL Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>setPolicyConfigRequest</td>
<td>Add policy containing request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP/XML Content</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: csmSessionGID</strong></td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: deviceGID</strong></td>
<td>The GID of the device on which the policy is to be created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element: name</strong></td>
<td>The name of the shared policy, if the request is for shared policy instead of device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HTTP Method**
POST

**HTTP Header: asCookie**
The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

**Returns**
200 OK + XML  
401 Unauthorized

```
<xs:element name="setPolicyConfigRequest" type="SetPolicyConfigRequest" />  
<xs:complexType name="SetPolicyConfigRequest">  
  <xs:complexContent>  
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">  
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">  
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>  
      </xs:choice>  
      <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">  
        <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>  
        <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>  
      </xs:choice>  
      <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500">  
        <xs:element name="deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy" type="DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>  
        <xs:element name="deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy" type="DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>  
        <xs:element name="firewallACLSettingsPolicy" type="FirewallACLSettingsPolicy" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>  
      </xs:choice>  
    </xs:sequence>  
  </xs:extension>  
</xs:complexContent>  
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 135: AddpolicyConfigByGID request XSD.**

### 3.2.26.2 Response

The response of the addpolicy contains the gid’s of the policy that got added and also the status code that determines the success or failure of the whole operation. If failure the response also contains the policy due to which it got failed along with the error codes.
Figure 136: AddPolicyConfigByGID Response Example

Table 92: AddPolicyConfigByGID XML Attribute description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>policyConfigResponse</td>
<td>Policy Config Response containing the response attributes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: statusCode</td>
<td>The overall status of the operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: gid</td>
<td>The gid of the policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policy</td>
<td>Element that identifies the policy information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: errorInfo</td>
<td>Element giving the error code and the error message.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| HTTP Method         | POST                                                                     |
| HTTP Header: asCookie | The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session |
| Returns             | 200 OK + XML                                                            |
|                     | 401 Unauthorized                                                        |

Figure 137: AddPolicyConfigByGID Response XSD
3.2.27 Method AddPolicyConfigByName

This method is used to add a policy to an existing shared policy group. Following gives an example of AddPolicyConfigByName request & response. Please see section Policy for the supported list. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.

3.2.27.1 Request

The request of addPolicyConfigByName is similar to addPolicyConfigByGID except that instead of the deviceGID the shared policy name needs to be mentioned.
3.2.27.2  Response
The response of addPolicyConfigByName is similar to addPolicyConfigByGID.

3.2.28  Method ModifyPolicyConfigByGID
This method is used to modify a policy assigned to a device. Following gives an example of request and response of this method. Please see section Policy for the supported list. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.
3.2.28.1 Request
The request of modifyPolicyConfigByGID is similar to addPolicyConfigByGID with gid being mandatory for modify cases. The following gives an example request.

URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/modifyPolicyConfigByGID

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:setPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:p="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-077309411427</csmSessionGID>
  <deviceGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-038654705767</deviceGID>
  <deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
    <gid>77309411336</gid>
    <type>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</type>
    <orderId>6</orderId>
    <isMandatoryAggregation>true</isMandatoryAggregation>
    <description></description>
    <configState>deployed</configState>
    <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
    <direction>In</direction>
    <permit>false</permit>
    <policyName>Local</policyName>
    <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000213</gid>
    </interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
    <sources>
      <ipData>2.2.2.14</ipData>
      </sources>
    <destinations>
      <networkObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000100</gid>
      </networkObjectGIDs>
    </destinations>
    <services>
      <serviceObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000101</gid>
      </serviceObjectGIDs>
    </services>
    <logOptions>
      <isFirewallLoggingEnabled>true</isFirewallLoggingEnabled>
      <isDefaultLogging>true</isDefaultLogging>
    </logOptions>
  </deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
</p:setPolicyConfigRequest>

Figure 139: modifyPolicyConfigByGID

3.2.28.2 Response
The response is similar to response of addPolicyConfigByGID.
3.2.29 Method ModifyPolicyConfigByName

This method is used to modify a shared policy. Please see section Policy for the supported list. Following gives an example of the request and response. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.

3.2.29.1 Request

The request is similar to addPolicyConfigByGID with gid being mandatory and shared policy name instead of the deviceGID. Following gives an example of the request:

**URL:**
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/modifyPolicyConfigByName

**HTTP Header:**
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423adfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com

**XML Argument:**
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:setPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:p="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-008589934739</csmSessionGID>
  <name>sharedAccessRule1</name>
  <deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
    <gid>77309411336</gid>
    <type>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</type>
    <orderId>6</orderId>
    <isMandatoryAggregation>true</isMandatoryAggregation>
    <description></description>
    <configState>committed</configState>
    <isEnabled>true</isEnabled>
    <direction>In</direction>
    <permit>false</permit>
    <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
      <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000213</gid>
    </interfaceRoleObjectGIDs>
    <sources>
      <ipData>2.2.2.1</ipData>
    </sources>
    <destinations>
      <networkObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000100</gid>
      </networkObjectGIDs>
    </destinations>
    <services>
      <serviceObjectGIDs>
        <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000001041</gid>
      </serviceObjectGIDs>
    </services>
    <logOptions>
      <isFirewallLoggingEnabled>true</isFirewallLoggingEnabled>
      <isDefaultLogging>true</isDefaultLogging>
    </logOptions>
    <iosOptions>None</iosOptions>
  </deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy>
</p:setPolicyConfigRequest>
```

**Figure 140: modifyPolicyConfigByName Request Example**
The response is similar to `addPolicyConfigByGID`.

### 3.2.30 Method DeletePolicyConfigByGID

This method is used to delete a policy that is assigned to a device. Please see section `Policy` for the supported list. The following gives the example and XSD of the request and the response object. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.

### 3.2.30.1 Request

The request takes in the policy gid and the type of the policy to be deleted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deletePolicyConfigRequest</td>
<td>Delete policy containing request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGID</td>
<td>The GID of the device on which the policy is to be deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: name</td>
<td>The name of the shared policy, if the request is for shared policy instead of device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyGID</td>
<td>The GID of the policy to be deleted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be deleted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 141: deletePolicyConfigByGID Request Example**

**Table 93: DeletePolicyConfigByGID Request XML attribute description**
HTTP/XML Content | Definition
--- | ---
Returns | 200 OK + XML
 | 401 Unauthorized

---

```xml
<xs:element name="deletePolicyConfigRequest" type="DeletePolicyConfigRequest" />
<xs:complexType name="DeletePolicyConfigRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
          <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        </xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="policyGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="policyType" type="PolicyConfigType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 142: deletePolicyConfigByGID request XSD**

### 3.2.30.2 Response
The response is similar to the response of `addPolicyConfigByGID`.

### 3.2.31 Method `DeletePolicyConfigByName`
This method is used to delete a shared policy. Please see section `Policy` for the supported list. The following gives an example of the request and response object. Policy specific details are under `Section 3.3`.

#### 3.2.31.1 Request
The request is similar to `deletePolicyConfigByGID` with name element instead of deviceGID. The following gives an example of the request:
3.2.31.2 Response
The response is similar to the response of addPolicyConfigByGID.

3.2.32 Method ReorderPolicyConfigByGID
This method is used to reorder the rules in CSM assigned to a device. It is supported only for access-rules and unified access-rules. The following gives the request and response object. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.

3.2.32.1 Request
The request takes the rule ID and the toOrder as input and moves the rule to the destined toOrderID.
### Table 94: ReorderPolicyConfigByGID request element Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deletePolicyConfigRequest</td>
<td>Delete policy containing request arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that uniquely defines a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGID</td>
<td>The GID of the device on which the policy is assigned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: name</td>
<td>The name of the shared policy, if the request is for shared policy instead of device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: ruleGID</td>
<td>The GID of the rule that uniquely defines it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: toOrderID</td>
<td>The orderID where the rule has to be moved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HTTP Method

POST

### HTTP Header: asCookie

The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

### Returns

- 200 OK + XML
- 401 Unauthorized

```xml
<xs:element name="reorderRulesRequest" type="ReorderRulesRequest" />
<xs:complexType name="ReorderRulesRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
          <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        </xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="ruleGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="policyType" type="PolicyConfigType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="toOrderID" type="xs:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

### Figure 145: reorderPolicyConfigByGID request XSD
3.2.32  Response
The response is similar to the response of `addPolicyConfigByGID`.

3.2.33  Method ReorderPolicyConfigByName
This method is used to reorder the rules in CSM assigned to a shared policy. It is supported only for access-rules and unified access-rules. The following gives the request and response object. Policy specific details are under Section 3.3.

3.2.33.1  Request
The request is similar to `reorderPolicyConfigByGID` except that for deviceGID the shared policy name needs to be given.

URL:
```https://hostname/nbi/configservice/reorderPolicyConfigByName```

HTTP Header:
```Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 3-Sep-2013 23:59:59 GMT; path=/; domain=.hostdomain.com```

XML Argument:
```<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<p:reorderRulesRequest xmlns:p="csm">
<csmsessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-068719476739</csmsessionGID>
<name>usRule</name>
<ruleGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-060129542454</ruleGID>
<policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
<toOrderId>3</toOrderId>
</p:reorderRulesRequest>```

**Figure 146: reorderPolicyConfigByName request example**

3.2.33.2  Response
The response is similar to the response of `addPolicyConfigByGID`.

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
3.2.34 Method CreateSharedPolicy

This method is used to create a shared policy. Qualified shared policy name should be given in the policyName Tag. If shared policy name should be created under an existing parent policy, then it has to be given in the following format <parent-policy-name>//<New-shared-policy-name>

3.2.34.1 Request

The request takes name of the shared policy along with hierarchy. Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/createSharedPolicy

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:setSharedPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
    <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-081604378631</csmSessionGID>
    <policyName>Global//India//CTS</policyName>
    <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</csm:setSharedPolicyConfigRequest>
```

Figure 147: CreateSharedPolicy Request Example

Table 95: CreateSharedPolicy Request Elements and Attribute Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be create.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2.34.2 Response

The response of the create shared policy have a statusCode that will describe the overall status of the operation following with a description.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP/XML Content</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sharedPolicyConfigResponse</td>
<td>Returns the shared policy config response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: description</td>
<td>This describes the status of the shared policy config response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: statusCode</td>
<td>This describes the overall status of the operation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Method specific errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Type given as FirewallACLSettingsPolicy and the policy name mentioned as parent//child hierarchy format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1106</td>
<td>This error will be returned if specified parent policy doesn’t exist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1112</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the parent policy already have a child with the given name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1113</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the shared policy name start with dot(.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.35 Method DeleteSharedPolicy

This method is used to delete the given shared policy. If the shared policy is inherited from a parent policy then the policy name should be given as hierarchy format like parent//child.

#### 3.2.35.1 Request

The request takes name of the shared policy along with hierarchy. Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.

```xml
<xs:element name="sharedPolicyConfigResponse" type="SharedPolicyConfigResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="SharedPolicyConfigResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="statusCode" type="OperationStatus" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="deviceGIDs" type="ObjectIdentifierList" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```
### URL:

https://hostname/nbi/configservice/deleteSharedPolicy

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cs:deleteSharedPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:cs="cs">
  <cs:csSessionGID>00000000-0000-081604378631</cs:csSessionGID>
  <policyName>Global//India//CTS</policyName>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</cs:deleteSharedPolicyConfigRequest>
```

**Figure 151: DeleteSharedPolicy Request Example**

**Table 98: DeleteSharedPolicy Request Elements and Attribute Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be deleted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```xml
<x:s:element name="setSharedPolicyConfigRequest" type="SetSharedPolicyConfigRequest"/>
<x:s:complexType name="SetSharedPolicyConfigRequest">
  <x:s:complexContent>
    <x:s:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <x:s:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <x:s:element name="cs:csSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <x:s:element name="policyName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <x:s:element name="policyRename" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <x:s:element name="policyType" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <x:s:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </x:s:sequence>
    </x:s:extension>
  </x:s:complexContent>
</x:s:complexType>
```

**Figure 152: DeleteSharedPolicy Request XSD**
3.2.35.2 Response

The response of the delete shared policy have description that “Deleted shared policy successfully” and the status code will be displayed as SUCCESS if the overall delete operation got access.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <statusCode>SUCCESS</statusCode>
  <description>Deleted shared policy successfully</description>
</ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
```

Figure 153: deleteSharedPolicy Response Example

DeleteSharedPolicy response schema will be as similar as createSharedPolicy response schema mentioned in Figure 150.

DeleteSharedPolicy response XML elements are as similar as createSharedPolicy response elements mentioned in Table 96.

Method specific error codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Type given as FirewallACLSettingsPolicy and the policy name mentioned as parent/child hierarchy format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1106</td>
<td>This error will be returned if specified parent policy doesn’t exist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1092</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the user is not authorized to modify the policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1093</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the policy is disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 99: deleteSharedPolicy Method Error Codes

3.2.36 Method RenameSharedPolicy

This method is used to rename a shared policy. The existing shared policy which needs to be renamed should be given in the policyName tag and the new name for rename should be given in the policyRename tag.

3.2.36.1 Request

The request takes name of the shared policy along with hierarchy and new name. Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.
Figure 154: RenameSharedPolicy Request Example

Table 100: RenameSharedPolicy Request Elements and Attribute Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyRename</td>
<td>New Name of the shared policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be renamed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<xs:element name="setSharedPolicyConfigRequest" type="SetSharedPolicyConfigRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="SetSharedPolicyConfigRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 155: RenameSharedPolicy Request XSD
3.2.36.2 Response

The response of the rename shared policy have description that “Renamed shared policy successfully”. Status code will describe the overall status of the operation.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <statusCode>SUCCESS</statusCode>
  <description>Shared policy renamed successfully</description>
</ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
```

**Figure 156: RenameSharedPolicy Response Example**

renameSharedPolicy response schema will be as similar as createSharedPolicy response schema mentioned in Figure 150.

renameSharedPolicy response XML elements are as similar as createSharedPolicy response elements mentioned in Table 96.

Method specific error codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Type given as FirewallACLSettingsPolicy and the policy name mentioned as parent/child hierarchy format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1106</td>
<td>This error will be returned if specified parent policy doesn’t exist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1121</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Rename have been given with a name starting with dot(,) or name having // in it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1092</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the user is not authorized to modify the policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1093</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the policy is disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 101: renameSharedPolicy Method Error Codes**

3.2.37 Method InheritSharedPolicy

This method is used to inherit a shared policy from another shared policy. This same method can also be used to uninherit or remove the existing inheritance between the policies by setting the `<inherit>` tag true or false. If the inherit tag set as true means its inheritance operation and if the inherit tag set as false means its uninheritance operation.
### 3.2.37.1 Request

The request takes name of the shared policy along with hierarchy and the parent name for inherit. While remove the inherit parent name is not required. Following example gives an example of the request and its XSD.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: parentPolicyName</td>
<td>Name of the parent shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: inherit</td>
<td>True indicate inheritance and false indicates un inheritance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML Element &amp; Attributes</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be create.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 159: InheritSharedPolicy Request XSD

### 3.2.37.2 Response

The response of the inherit shared policy have description that “shared policy inherited successfully” for inheritance and “shared policy uninherited successfully” for uninheritance. Status code will describe the overall status of the operation.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <description>Shared policy inherited successfully</description>
</ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
```

Figure 160: InheritSharedPolicy Response Example for Inheritance
Figure 161: InheritSharedPolicy Response Example for UnInheritance

InheritSharedPolicy response schema will be as similar as createSharedPolicy response schema mentioned in Figure 150.

InheritSharedPolicy response XML elements are as similar as createSharedPolicy response elements mentioned in Table 96.

Method specific error codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1120</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Type given as FirewallACLSettingsPolicy and the policy name mentioned as parent/child hierarchy format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1108</td>
<td>This error will be returned if a policy name is given to inherit from itself</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1109</td>
<td>This error will be returned if we try to inherit the policy from the same parent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1111</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the parent policy already has a child with same name. Two policies with same name cannot inherit from the same policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1106</td>
<td>This error will be returned if specified parent policy doesn’t exist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 103: inheritSharedPolicy Method Error Codes

3.2.38 Method AssignSharedPolicy

This method is used to assign the given shared policy to the list of devices provided. List of device GID’s should be given in the deviceGID List. Policy Name to be assigned should be given in the policyName tag. During assignment if user wants to overwrite the existing local policies in the devices then inheritLocalPolicy Tag should be configured as false. If user wants to inherit the device local policies with the given shared policy then inheritLocalPolicy Tag option should be configured as true.
3.2.38.1 Request

This request takes the name of the shared policy along with hierarchy, policy Type and device GID list. To overwrite the local policies in device inheritLocalPolicy Tag should be configured as false.

**URL:**
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/assignSharedPolicy

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:assignSharedPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-017179869219</csmSessionGID>
  <policyName>test-config</policyName>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</policyType>
  <deviceGIDs>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-017179869219</gid>
  </deviceGIDs>
  <inheritLocalPolicy>false</inheritLocalPolicy>
</ns1:assignSharedPolicyConfigRequest>
```

**Figure 162: AssignSharedPolicy Request Example**

**Table 104: AssignSharedPolicy Request Elements and Attribute Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be create.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGIDs</td>
<td>List of devices device GID to be assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: inheritLocalPolicy</td>
<td>True if local policies needs to be inherited, False if local policies can be overwritten</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HTTP Method:** POST

**HTTP Header: asCookie** The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

**Returns**

- 200 OK + XML
- 401 Unauthorized
3.2.38.2 Response

The response of the assign shared policy have description that “Assignment done successfully” if assignment got success and following the list of device GID’s the assignment done will be displayed. statusCode will describe the overall operation status.

assignSharedPolicy response schema will be as similar as createSharedPolicy response schema mentioned in Figure 150.

assignSharedPolicy response XML elements are as similar as createSharedPolicy response elements mentioned in Table 96.

Method specific error codes
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1118</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the deviceGID is invalid or no privilege to do assign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1116</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the parent for the given shared policy couldn’t find</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1114</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the root id couldn’t get retrieved for inheritance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1115</td>
<td>This error will be returned if given shared policy assignment failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1106</td>
<td>This error will be returned if specified parent policy doesn’t exist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 105: assignSharedPolicy Method Error Codes

### 3.2.39 Method UnAssignSharedPolicy

This method is used to unassign the given shared policy from the list of devices. Shared policy name which is going to be unassign should be given in the policyName tag and the list of devices GID shoud be given in the DeviceGIDS tag.

#### 3.2.39.1 Request

The request takes name of the shared policy along with hierarchy and device GID’s. Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.

```xml
<ns1:unassignSharedPolicyConfigRequest xmlns:ns1="csm">
  <csmSessionGID>00000000-0000-0000-021474837936</csmSessionGID>
  <policyName>Test</policyName>
  <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy</policyType>
  <deviceGIDs>
    <gid>00000000-0000-0000-021474836974</gid>
  </deviceGIDs>
</ns1:unassignSharedPolicyConfigRequest>
```

**Figure 165: UnAssignSharedPolicy Request Example**

Table 106: UnAssignSharedPolicy Request Elements and Attribute Description
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XML Element &amp; Attributes</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element: csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyName</td>
<td>Name of the shared policy with hierarchy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: policyType</td>
<td>The type of the policy to be create.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element: deviceGIDs</td>
<td>List of devices device GID to be assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Method</td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Header: asCookie</td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returns</td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<xs:element name="unassignSharedPolicyConfigRequest" type="UnAssignSharedPolicyConfigRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="UnAssignSharedPolicyConfigRequest">
<xs:complexContent>
<xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
<xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
<xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="policyName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="policyType" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
<xs:element name="deviceGIDs" type="ObjectIdentifierList" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 166: UnAssignSharedPolicy Request XSD

### 3.2.39.2 Response

The response of the unassign shared policy have description that “UnAssignment done successfully” and status code describes the overall status of the operation.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
<statusCode>SUCCESS</statusCode>
<description>UnAssignment done successfully</description>
<deviceGIDs>
<gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-021474836974</gid>
</deviceGIDs>
</ns1:sharedPolicyConfigResponse>
```

Figure 167: UnAssignSharedPolicy Response Example
unassignSharedPolicy response schema will be as similar as createSharedPolicy response schema mentioned in Figure 150.

unassignSharedPolicy response XML elements are as similar as createSharedPolicy response elements mentioned in Table 96.

Method specific error codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1118</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the deviceGID is invalid or no privilege to do assign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1011</td>
<td>This error will be returned if its invalid CSM Session ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1107</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy name is not given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1119</td>
<td>This error will be returned if policy Type and policy name mismatch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1117</td>
<td>This error will be returned if unassignmnet got failed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 107: unassignSharedPolicy Method Error Codes

3.2.40 Method getPolicyObjectsListByType

This method is used to list available policy objects for the requested policy object type.

3.2.40.1 Request

Following gives an example of the request and its XSD.

```xml
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/configservice/getPolicyObjectsListByType

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csd:policyObjectsListByTypeRequest xmlns:csd="csd"

<policyObjectType>NetworkPolicyObject</policyObjectType>
</csd:policyObjectsListByTypeRequest>
```

Figure 168: getPolicyObjectsListByType Request Example

Table 108: getPolicyObjectsListByType Request Elements and Attribute Description
### XML Element & Attributes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csmSessionGID</td>
<td>An element that provides the unique GID of the csmSession.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>policyObjectType</td>
<td>The type of the policy object to retrieve the list.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### HTTP Method

- **POST**

### HTTP Header: asCookie

- The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session.

### Returns

- 200 OK + XML
- 401 Unauthorized

```xml
<xs:complexType name="PolicyObjectsListByTypeRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="policyObjectType" type="PolicyObjectType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

**Figure 169: getPolicyObjectsListByType Request XSD**

### 3.2.40.2 Response

The response is same as Response.

The following are error code specific to this method. There could be additional generic errors that the method might return in cases of error.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1123</td>
<td>This error will be returned if there is No Policy Object(s) are available in Security Manager server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 109: getPolicyObjectsListByType Method Error Codes

3.3 Policy-Specific Handling
The following section gives the details of policy-specific handling for individual policies, especially in the write use cases. In general, for all local device policies that are not shared, methods ending with GID should be used (e.g., addPolicyConfigByGID and modifyPolicyConfigByGID). However, if that policy is shared, then these methods cannot be used. Instead, methods ending with Name (e.g., addPolicyConfigByName and deletePolicyConfigByName) need to be used after determining the shared policy name that is assigned to the device. The changes made to the shared policy will affect all the devices that the shared policy is assigned to.

3.3.1 DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy
The details given below are similar for deviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy and deviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy. In the case of inherited policies on the device, the local policies can be modified by using the add/modify/delete byGIDs methods, but the other policies (from which it is inheriting) need to be modified by using the add/modify/delete byName methods. Because each rule has the policy inheritance information, it is easy to determine which method needs to be used. Also, the GID element should not be present while adding or creating a new access-list entry; for modification and deletion cases, GID is mandatory. To understand the individual elements please see Section 3.1.5.1 and Section 3.1.5.2.

The following points needs to be kept in mind during the write operations:

1. The position to insert the rule is determined by the orderID that is given in the request XML. The orderID given in the request must be present in the already-existing rule, and the add operation will push the existing rule with the given orderID to a position lower and insert the requested rule in the given position. If no orderID is given (e.g., orderID element is not present), then the rule is inserted in the last position.

2. If the rule needs to be inserted within a section, then the name of the section can be given in the request, and if no orderID is given, then the rule will be inserted as the last rule in the section. The rules can also be inserted within a section by giving the proper orderID without giving the section name.

3. In the case of a bulk request, it is sufficient for the first rule to have the proper orderID; the remaining rules in the request are added in the subsequent lower positions. Rules cannot be inserted in non-contiguous positions in a single bulk request but can be achieved by using more than one add request.

4. If a requested rule that is a global rule is given an orderID that is higher than an interface-specific rule, then the add method will throw an error message.

5. In a single bulk request, global and interface-specific rules cannot both be added.

6. In the case of shared policies in a single request, rules cannot be added to both mandatory and default sections.

7. Sections cannot be created or edited via the APIs in Version 2.0.

8. More than one rule can be modified/deleted by using a single bulk request.

9. To add a global access rule, the gid value under <interfaceRoleObjectGIDs> should be 213.

10. If user-defined names are required for access lists, then FirewallACLSettingsPolicy should be used.

3.3.2 FirewallACLSettingsPolicy
This policy is used mainly for giving user-defined names for the access list. For details of the policy, please see Section 3.1.5.3. To specify a user-defined name for global rules, the value of the element “interfaceGID” must be 213.
4 CSM Events Service API

The events service API provides a mechanism for the client to receive the event notifications from the CSM server based on operations performed at CSM.

The event notifications will cover configuration updates initiated by CSM on the managed devices. Out-of-band (OOB) configuration changes on the managed devices will only be supported for ASA (Version 7.2 and above) if the Health and Performance Monitoring (HPM) feature in CSM is enabled.

The event notifications will also cover Device Status change events. For the Device Status change event notifications to work the Device should be managed and monitored by CSM and HPM respectively.

4.1 Methods

The events service defines the following methods:

1. GetServiceInfo
   a. Returns the service-specific information, including name of service, version, date, etc.
2. EventSubscription
   a. Allows a client to register for event notifications.

4.1.1 Method GetServiceInfo

The GetServiceInfo method returns the service description, version information, and pertinent attributes related to the service. The request, response, and object model are the same as described in Section 3.2.1.

4.1.2 Method EventSubscription

The eventSubscription method allows a CSM client to subscribe for event notifications that are filtered based on the criteria specified by the CSM client in the request. The event subscription API only supports configuration change notification syslog events and Device Status Change notification syslog events.

4.1.2.1 Request

An example of the method eventSubscription request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in Table 110.
The above request will be sent by the client to register for events. The API only supports event notifications using the syslog protocol (the format of the event data over syslog can be XML or syslog plainText which is described in the table and subsequent sections).

All event subscriptions are linked to the active logged in session. If the session (that initiated the subscription request) is logged out or expires, then all subscriptions corresponding to the session are deleted. It is thus important for the client to keep the session alive if it needs to receive event notifications.

The following events are supported:

1. Config Change Event
   a. The event will be sent whenever a configuration change has been made and deployed on the network device identified in the event (either via CSM or out-of-band).

2. Device Status Change Event:
   a. This event will be sent whenever CSM detects a change in the device connectivity status, either UP or DOWN.

### Table 110: eventSubscription Request Elements and Attributes Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Element</strong>. <strong>Attribute</strong> Name</th>
<th><strong>Definition</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest</td>
<td>eventSubscription request allows the client to register a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>events handler for one or more classes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.op</td>
<td>The operation being performed which is one of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>enumerated list { add, delete }.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The add operation registers a new subscription for the event handler.op</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The delete operation deletes the subscription and the CSM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>client will no longer receive any events for that subscription ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Element.Attribute Name</strong></td>
<td><strong>Definition</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.subscriptionId</td>
<td>The subscription identifier that uniquely identifies this subscription registered by the CSM client. The subscription identifier will be returned with each event notification matching the filter specified in the request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.eventFilterItem</td>
<td>Object EventFilterItem specifies a filter that identifies a type of events that the CSM client requests notification on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.eventFilterItem.filterEventType</td>
<td>In 1.0 this is defined as “syslog”. Future types will be supported post-1.0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.eventFilterItem.filterEventCategory</td>
<td>Specifies the event category the client is interested in. Multiple filterEvents can be specified to listen to multiple types of events. configChange and deviceStatus are supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.eventFilterItem.filterEventFormat</td>
<td>The event format that is used in the notification message. This is an enumerated list of formats. The list is as follows { xml, plainText }</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.SyslogServer</td>
<td>Is included in the subscription if the client wishes to receive the events over the syslog protocol at a specific destination and port number. Events that are not of syslog format originally will be encapsulated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.syslogServer.port</td>
<td>The UDP port number that the syslog relay will forward the event to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eventSubRequest.syslogServer.destAddress</td>
<td>The IPv4 Address that will receive the forwarded syslog events</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Method</strong></td>
<td>POST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Header: asCookie</strong></td>
<td>The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Returns</strong></td>
<td>200 OK + XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>401 Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 171: EventSubRequest XML Schema

4.1.2.2 Response

An example of the eventSubscription response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```xml
<xs:simpleType name="EventType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="syslog"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EventFormat">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="xml"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="plainText"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:simpleType name="EventCategory">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="configChange"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="deviceStatus"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="EventFilterItem">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="filterEventType" type="EventType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="filterEventFormat" type="EventFormat" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    <xs:element name="filterEventCategory" type="EventCategory" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="EventSubRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="op" type="SubscriptionOperation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="subscriptionId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="eventFilterItem" type="EventFilterItem" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="syslogServer" type="SyslogServer" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 172: eventSubscription Response Example
Table 111: eventSubscription Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>eventSubResponse</td>
<td>Returns whether the subscription was successful or not. If successful it contains the subscriptionId sent by the client.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 173: EventSubResponse XML Schema

Following are some caveats for the syslog notifications:

- The syslog notifications will only be sent for devices currently managed by CSM i.e. the device must be added to the device inventory and must be “managed” by CSM.
- CSM may optionally deploy changes to Auto Update Server (AUS) and Cisco Networking Services (CNS) Configuration Engine based on how the device is managed in CSM. The AUS/CNS schemes provide an intermediate “staging system” for the configuration updates before these actually get deployed on the real device. Please see [http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/security/security_management/cisco_security_manager/security_manager/4.4/user/guide/dpman.html#wp938164](http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/security/security_management/cisco_security_manager/security_manager/4.4/user/guide/dpman.html#wp938164) for additional details. In cases where the deployment happens to CNS or AUS successfully, the event notification scheme will send a successful config change update (It is thus possible that at the time of sending the event, the config change might not be active on the real end device).

- Following are specific points for Out of Band (OOB) notifications:
  - The out-of-band change detection is currently enabled only for ASA devices running ASA 7.2.x and higher). Also, OOB detection of ASA devices is enabled only if these devices are monitored by Health and Performance Monitor (HPM) in CSM.
  - The OOB notifications will only start detecting for OOB changes after at least “one successful event subscription is done”. OOB events prior to this registration will be unknown and will not be monitored.
  - The HPM component monitors devices every 5 or 10 minutes based on whether a device is actively or non-actively monitored. Hence OOB events will only be created once the HPM monitoring cycle/poll is completed. I.e It is likely that the OOB event will not be immediately generated as soon as any OOB change is done on a device.
  - The event service detects and notifies all OOB configuration changes including changed CLI/config lines that may not managed by CSM. Detection also includes any CLI that may be changed and reverted back. I.e. the system detects any configuration modified event on the device.
  - As a corner case, an OOB event may not be generated if a deployment via CSM is done immediately succeeding an OOB change (before the HPM module can detect the change). Consider the following case:
    - At time 10:00 AM user does a OOB change on ASA1 that is being monitored every 10 minutes (next monitoring schedule for 10:09 AM)
- At time 10:03 AM user does a CSM deployment that overwrites the changes on ASA1 and deployment completes successfully
- At time 10:09 AM, the HPM poll cycle will not recognize the OOB change as it is overwritten by the CSM deployment done at 10:03 AM.

- Following are the specific points for deviceStatus notifications.
  - Notifications will be sent for All the Alerts with description “Device Polling” in Health and Performance Monitoring (HPM) feature of CSM. All the notifications will be sent whenever the CSM server is restarted. Henceforth only Device Status change notifications will be sent.
  - If the Alert description is “Device Polling: Connection Timedout” then a DEVICE_DOWN notification will be sent.
  - If the Alert description is “Device Polling: Connected” then a DEVICE_UP notification will be sent.
  - The HPM component monitors devices every 5 or 10 minutes based on whether a device is actively or non-actively monitored. Hence device status events will only be created once the HPM monitoring cycle/poll is completed. I.e It is likely that the device might have gone down and come up, a device status change notification will not be sent in this case as the HPM would not have detected it.

The following are error codes specific to this method. There could be additional generic errors that the method might return in cases of error

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4001</td>
<td>This indicates a duplicate subscription request was made during the event subscription. If two subscriptions are made using the same subscription id (for the same user session) then this error is returned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4002</td>
<td>This error indicates that the Syslog destination IP address specified was invalid. The IP address must be in the a.b.c.d format without any mask address i.e. something like 192.168.10.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4003</td>
<td>This error is returned if the user tries to delete a subscription that does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4004</td>
<td>This error indicates that the syslog port specified was invalid. Valid ports range between 1-65535.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4005</td>
<td>This error indicates an invalid subscriber ID was specified. Subscriber ID’s containing only whitespaces are not allowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4006</td>
<td>This error indicates that either the “Syslog Server” element or the “Event Filter” element was not specified. Both these elements must be specified for an add request only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4007</td>
<td>This error indicates that either the “Syslog Server” element or the “Event Filter” element was specified for a delete operation. Both these elements must not be specified for an delete request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 112: EventSubscription Method Error Codes

The following two sections elaborate on the content of syslog notification based on whether an XML based on plain text format was chosen during subscription.
4.1.2.3 Syslog XML Event Notifications

If the client has registered for syslog event forwarding using the SyslogServer option all events will be forwarded to the registered destination IP and port number. The content of the syslog message may be transmitted in XML or Plaintext depending on the registration parameter specified by the client. If XML format is chosen the event message will follow the schema as defined below.

Following is an example of a configuration change notification:

```
<n:configChangeEvent xmlns:n="csm" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="events.xsd">
  <eventType>syslog</eventType>
  <eventCategory>configChange</eventCategory>
  <time>1697-02-01T00:00:00Z</time>
  <content>this is a syslog event</content>
  <srcIP>12.1.1.1</srcIP>
  <srcGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000890</srcGID>
  <srcDns>cisco.com</srcDns>
  <srcOSType>asa</srcOSType>
  <deploymentType>Device</deploymentType>
  <updateType>NO_OOB</updateType>
</n:configChangeEvent>
```

**Figure 174: Configuration Change Notification Example**

The above event notification is sent by the server to the registered syslog listener and is based on the following elements and attributes.

**Table 113: ConfigChangeEvent Data Element Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent</td>
<td>Root element indicating the CSM specific configuration change event notification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.eventType</td>
<td>Indicates this message is a syslog message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.eventCategory</td>
<td>Indicates the event category which is configChange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.subscriptionId</td>
<td>The original subscription ID used by the client that is now “echoed” back.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.time</td>
<td>The time this event was generated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.content</td>
<td>Any additional message associated with the configuration change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.srcIP</td>
<td>The IP address of the device that was changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.srcGID</td>
<td>The GID of the device that was changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.srcDns</td>
<td>The DNS name of the device that was changed (if any).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.srcOSType</td>
<td>Indicates the device type ASA, FWSM, IOS, PIX.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element Name</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.deploymentType</td>
<td>Indicates the type of deployment *(Not applicable in case of an out of Band change where it is set to “Unknown”). Allowable values are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <strong>Device</strong> → Deployment to a device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <strong>File</strong> → Deployment to a file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <strong>AUS</strong> → Deployment to the Auto Update Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <strong>CNS</strong> → Deployment to Cisco Networking Services, Configuration Engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- <strong>TMS</strong> → Deployment to a Token Management Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configChangeEvent.updateType</td>
<td><strong>NO_OOB</strong> → Indicates that this configuration update is not an Out of Band (OOB) change i.e. the configuration update to the device was done via Cisco Security Manager.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>OOB</strong> → Indicates that this configuration update is an OOB change done outside of Cisco Security Manager.  <em>CSM can detect OOB changes only for devices running ASA Version 7.2 and higher.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following figure shows the schema for those event notifications:
Following is an example of a Device Status change notification:

```xml
<xs:simpleType name="OSType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
        <xs:enumeration value="ios"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="fwsms"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="asa"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="ips"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="pix"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:element name="event" type="Event"/>
<xs:complexType name="Event">
    <xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="configChange" type="ConfigChangeEvent"/>
    </xs:choice>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="UpdateType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
        <xs:enumeration value="NO_OOB"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="OOB"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="DeploymentType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
        <xs:enumeration value="Device"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="File"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="AUS"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="CNS"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="TMS"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="Unknown"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="BaseEventDetails">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="eventType" type="EventCategory" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="eventCategory" type="EventCategory" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="time" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="content" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeviceSpecificEvent">
    <xs:extension base="BaseEventDetails">
        <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="srcIP" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            <xs:element name="srcGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
            <xs:element name="srcDna" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            <xs:element name="srcOSType" type="OSType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>

<! Config Change Event -->
<xs:element name="configChangeEvent" type="ConfigChangeEvent"/>
<xs:complexType name="ConfigChangeEvent">
    <xs:extension base="DeviceSpecificEvent">
        <xs:sequence maxOccurs="1">
            <xs:element name="deploymentType" type="DeploymentType" minOccurs="1">
                <xs:element name="updateType" type="UpdateType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:element>
        </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>
```

Figure 175: Event XML Schema

Following is an example of a Device Status change notification:
The above event notification is sent by the server to the registered syslog listener and is based on the following elements and attributes.

Table 114: DeviceStatusEvent Data Element Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent</td>
<td>Root element indicating the Device Status event notification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.eventType</td>
<td>Indicates this message is a syslog message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.eventCategory</td>
<td>Indicates the event category which is deviceStatus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.subscriptionId</td>
<td>The original subscription ID used by the client that is now “echoed” back.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.time</td>
<td>The time this event was generated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.content</td>
<td>Any additional message associated with the configuration change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.srcIP</td>
<td>The IP address of the device that was changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.srcGID</td>
<td>The GID of the device that was changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.srcDns</td>
<td>The DNS name of the device that was changed (if any).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.srcOSType</td>
<td>Indicates the device type ASA, FWSM, IOS, PIX.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceStatusEvent.updateType</td>
<td>DEVICE_DOWN ➔ The Device is not reachable from the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DEVICE_UP ➔ The Device has come up and is reachable from the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following figure shows the schema for those event notifications:

Figure 176: Device Status Notification Example
Figure 177: Event XML Schema

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
4.1.2.4 Syslog PlainText Event Notifications

The notifications in the native format will be sent using the syslog protocol if the registered `filterEventFormat` is specified as `plainText` during event subscription.

The following example shows a configuration change notification:

```
admin_job_2011-08-29 08:30:12.148,10.104.52.71,00000000-0000-0000-0000-017179869189,NO DOMAIN
NAME DEFINED,ios,Device,NO_OOB.
```

The following example shows a Device Status change notification:

```
[Thu Jan 24 20:47:59 PST 2013] syslog-deviceStatus-102:,10.104.52.71,00000000-0000-0000-0000-
042949673287,default.domain.invalid,asa,DEVICE_DOWN
```

The standard format for this message is

```
[time-stamp]<eventType>-<eventCategory>-<subscriptionId>: {Comma separated list of event details –
<content>,<srcIp>,<srcGID>,<srcDNS>,<srcOSType>,<deploymentType>,<updateType>}
```

The order of elements in the comma separated list is in the order of elements in the specific event type defined in the XML schema. If the device does not have an IP address then the string “NO IP DEFINED” (srcIP) is contained in the message and “NO DOMAIN NAME DEFINED” is used if there is no source DNS (srcDNS).
5 CSM Utility Service API

The utility service provides general utilities for access to functions on the network devices. The Utility Service APIs always fetch the device configuration data directly from the device. The Configuration Service API (defined in Section 3), on the other hand, always fetches the data from the CSM database.

Faster responses and better efficiency is obtained using the Configuration Service API rather than the Utility Service API. This is because the Utility Service API communicates with the device during a method request and there is an additional communication overhead between the CSM application and the network device. This may additionally entail an increased load on the network device.

It is thus recommended to use the Utility Service API under the following circumstances:

- If the corresponding configuration data is not supported by the Configuration Service API
- If the corresponding configuration data is administratively not managed in CSM. By default all applicable policies are managed in CSM (see the Policy Management CSM Administration screen)
- If out-of-band changes are made on the end device (in such cases CSM might not have the updated configuration in its database)

5.1 Object Model

The following objects are defined in the utility service

- DeviceReadOnlyCLICmds
  o Identifies a device and a CLI command to be executed against that device
- DeviceCmdResults
  o Identifies a set of device command results
- DeviceCmdResult
  o Identifies a single device and the command results

```
<xs:simpleType name="Result">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="ok"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="timeout"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="failed"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
```

Figure 178: Result XML Schema

5.2 Methods

The utility service defines the following methods:

1. GetServiceInfo
   a. Returns the service-specific information including name of service, version, date, etc.
2. execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmd
a. Executes the identified CLI command on the device specified in the method argument.

5.2.1 Method GetServiceInfo
The GetServiceInfo method returns the service description, version information, and pertinent attributes related to the service. The URL for this request is `https://hostname/nbi/utilservice/GetServiceInfo`. The request, response, and object model are the same as described in Section 3.2.1.
5.2.2 Method execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds

The execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds method executes a set of commands against a list identified devices and returns the result of each command back to the CSM Client. This method will use the read-only credentials the CSM server has and therefore may not be used to execute any commands that require credentials beyond read-only for the device. **This method is not implemented for IPS/IDS devices.**

The set of commands that can be executed by this method is read-only commands such as statistics, monitoring commands that provide additional information about the operation of the particular device. For example, a client application may invoke CLI commands to gather statistics from the device via this command. A CSM `view_cli` and `view_device` privilege is necessary to use this method. This method fetches configuration information for one device at a time.

NOTE: If show command output has any W3C XML standard reserved symbols then the API response will encode any such special characters as per W3C standards. For example, the “show version” output from a multi-context device can have output as `<context>`; then the response will appear with the named character reference as &lt;context&gt;. For more details refer to [http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#syntax](http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#syntax)

5.2.2.1 Request

An example of the method execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds request is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.

```
URL:
https://hostname/nbi/utilservice/execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds

HTTP Header:
Set-Cookie: asCookie=732423sdfs73242; expires=Fri, 31-Dec-2010 23:59:59 GMT; path=/;
domain=.hostdomain.com

XML Argument:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <deviceReadOnlyCLICmd>
    <deviceIP>12.1.1.1</deviceIP>
    <cmd>show</cmd>
    <argument>run all</argument>
    <execTimeout>5</execTimeout>
  </deviceReadOnlyCLICmd>
</execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest>
```

**Figure 179: Method execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds Request Example**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element/Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest</td>
<td>The execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds request executes a command on the set of identified devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Element</td>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceReadOnlyCLICmd</td>
<td>The device command details to be executed. The choice of deviceIP, deviceName or deviceGID to identify the device that the command is executed against is given. deviceName and deviceGID will perform more efficiently than deviceIP as they avoid having to search for the device credentials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceIP</td>
<td>The device IP address that the command will be executed against</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceName</td>
<td>The device Name that the command will be executed against</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceGID</td>
<td>The device object identifier that the command will be executed against</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cmd</td>
<td>Fixed command &quot;show&quot;. The regex allows mixed case [sS][hH][oO][wW] argument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>argument</td>
<td>The show command arguments. Like “run” to show the running config of the device or “access-list” to show the access list details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>execTimeout</td>
<td>The execTimeout attribute optionally takes timeout in seconds. The execTimeout attribute will take be an unsigned Integer. Default is set to 180 Seconds. CSM will try the exec command for 3 times with a delay of 15 seconds. Each trial will have a timeout of the value provided for the execTimeout attribute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reqId</td>
<td>The request identifier that uniquely identifies the request/response transaction pair between the CSM client and CSM server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HTTP Method**
- POST

**HTTP Header:** asCookie
- The cookie returned by the login method that identifies the authentication session

**Returns**
- 200 OK + XML
- 401 Unauthorized
Figure 180: ExecDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest XML Schema

5.2.2.2 Response
An example of the execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds response is shown in the figure below. The fields in these messages are described in the table below.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsResponse>
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <deviceCmdResult>
    <deviceIP>12.1.1.1</deviceIP>
    <deviceName>rtr.cisco.com</deviceName>
    <deviceGID>00000000-0000-0000-0000-261993005068</deviceGID>
    <result>ok</result>
    <resultContent>
      <context>
        FWSM Firewall Version 3.1(16) &lt;context>
        Device Manager Version 5.1(1)
        Compiled on Wed 29-Jul-09 02:10 by fwsmbld
        U27-FWSM up 5 days 3 hours
        Hardware:   WS-SVC-FWM-1, 1024 MB RAM, CPU Pentium III 1000 MHz
        Flash STI Flash 8.0.0 @ 0xc321, 20MB
        0: Int: Not licensed : irq 5
        1: Int: Not licensed : irq 7
        2: Int: Not licensed : irq 11
        Licensed features for this platform:
        Maximum Interfaces : 100
        Inside Hosts : Unlimited
        Failover : Active/Active
        VPN-DES : Enabled
        VPN-3DES-AES : Enabled
        Cut-through Proxy : Enabled
        Guards : Enabled
        URL Filtering : Enabled
        Security Contexts : 250
        GTP/GPRS : Disabled
        VPN Peers : Unlimited
        Serial Number: SAD11420A0N
        Running Activation Key: 0xe3bbe77c 0x0b82b2ba 0x4014b998 0x6bef38ad
        Configuration has not been modified since last system restart.
      </context>
    </resultContent>
  </deviceCmdResult>
</execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsResponse>

Figure 181: execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds Response Example

Table 116: execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds Response Elements and Attributes Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element.Attribute Name</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsResponse</td>
<td>Returns command result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>serviceVersion</td>
<td>The service version of the configuration service running</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceCmdResult</td>
<td>The command result details for the specific device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceIP</td>
<td>The device IP address if available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceName</td>
<td>The device Name of the device that returned the result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceGID</td>
<td>The device object identifier returned the result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>result</td>
<td>The command result enumeration { success, generalFailure, timeout }</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>resultContent</td>
<td>The command result content is the result was successfully</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following are error codes specific to this method. There could be additional generic errors that the method might return in cases of error.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the API is unable to execute the show commands on the network device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3001</td>
<td>This error will be returned if CSM Server does not have any device with the requested IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3002</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested device is an IPS Device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3003</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API encounters any issues when contacting the device, for example send a request for a device with invalid credentials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>ExecTimeOut Failure: No Response from the device within the timeout.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 117: ExecDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest Method Error Codes
# 6 Error Code and Description

The following section gives all the error codes and it’s description.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>General Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Lack of resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Object Creation Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: No session found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: Invalid or expired session</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Internal communication failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Authentication Failure for Invalid username and/or password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Authorization Failure: Login session error. The SessionId sent in request is incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>The max session limit reached. No more sessions allowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Connectivity problem: An error was encountered while connecting to a server resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Heartbeat url failure while connecting to a server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>An error occurred while accessing XML request payload.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>XML request payload contains no data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Session creation failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>XML request is invalid. <em>(This error is caused if the XML request does not adhere to the published XML schema or if the XML is illformed or invalid. Though this is a system wide error, this error is usually set inside a specific response object if the application is able to parse the request method that is being called)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Non https protocol used for callback url.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>protVersion is optional, and if an unsupported version is specified, then this error is returned. The version supported in this release is Version 1.0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Returned if an internal error occurred while fetching config</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Returned if required input parameters are missing in the request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Returned if the requested Policy Type is not correct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Internal Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Returned if the user is not authorized to view this policy data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Returned if no configuration data is available for requested input parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Returned if an internal error encountered by the server (when processing a policy type that is not supported).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>API Service is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Error Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>1002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>1004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>1005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>1006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>1007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>1008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>1009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>1012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>1013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>1014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>1015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>1016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>1017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>1019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>1020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>1021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>1022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>1023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>1024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>1026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>1027</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>1028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1029</td>
<td>Returned if a overridden object is created before creating the parent object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1030</td>
<td>Returned when circular references are found in the input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1031</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid subtype is given in the input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1032</td>
<td>Error thrown when rule ID is not present in the ACL request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1033</td>
<td>Returned when the policy types are not matching in the request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1034</td>
<td>Returned when a attribute of an input is invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1035</td>
<td>Returned when the given id is not of the given type in the request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1036</td>
<td>Returned when a mandatory attribute is missing in the request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1037</td>
<td>Returned when the policy processing failed due to some internal error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1038</td>
<td>Returned when the policy conversion failed due to some internal error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1039</td>
<td>Returned when the policy is locked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1040</td>
<td>Returned when the policy got failed to be persisted in the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1041</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid rule id is present in the ACL request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1043</td>
<td>Error thrown if an global rule is given before an interface specific rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1044</td>
<td>Error thrown when an interface specific rule is inserted after the global rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1045</td>
<td>Returned when the rule order ID has changed and global rule has come above an interface specific rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1046</td>
<td>Returned when the given rule id is duplicate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1047</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid rule order id is given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1048</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid parent id is given for the policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1049</td>
<td>Returned when trying to override a overridden policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1050</td>
<td>Returned when trying to override a policy object whose isProperty field is false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1051</td>
<td>Returned when isProperty field is tried to be set as false for a BB that has overrides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1052</td>
<td>Returned when trying to override a overridden policy Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1053</td>
<td>Returned when subtype is not valid for the given policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1054</td>
<td>Returned when trying to create a Group for an policy object that doesn’t support it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1055</td>
<td>Returned when overrides are created on an unsupported policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1056</td>
<td>Returned when a network policy object group is created for sub types NR,NF,NH and NN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1057</td>
<td>Returned when a service policy object group is created for sub type SO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1058</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid protocol is specified in the input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1059</td>
<td>Returned for an invalid or null policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1060</td>
<td>Returned when an ports are entered for protocols other than TCP/UDP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1061</td>
<td>Returned when port range has invalid entries using the “not equal” operator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1062</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid port is given in the request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1063</td>
<td>Returned when multiple protocols are given where only single protocol is allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1064</td>
<td>Returned when invalid date is specified in the request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1065</td>
<td>Returned when a duplicate Firewall Setting is given in the input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1066</td>
<td>Returned when order ID is modified via modification request. Need to use a reorder API for this case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1067</td>
<td>Returned when a mandatory or default ACL rule is changed to the other.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1068</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid rule GID is specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1069</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid parameter is specified for modification policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1070</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid section name is given in the input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1071</td>
<td>Returned when trying to modify a policy objects subtype</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1072</td>
<td>Returned when heterogenous policy is given in the bulk input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1073</td>
<td>Returned when trying to reorder to the same position again</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1074</td>
<td>Returned when trying to reorder beyond a section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1076</td>
<td>Returned when invalid parameters are specified for creation of a new policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1077</td>
<td>This error is thrown when the server is unable to retrieve the policies from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1078</td>
<td>This error is thrown when the policy input is invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1079</td>
<td>Returned when discarding a CSMSession failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1080</td>
<td>Returned when submitting a CSMSession failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1081</td>
<td>Returned when opening a CSMSession failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1082</td>
<td>Returned when creating a CSMSession failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1083</td>
<td>Returned when user has insufficient privilege to create or modify a policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1084</td>
<td>Returned when trying to delete a policy object that is in-use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1085</td>
<td>Returned when unable to delete a policy object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1086</td>
<td>Returned when auto-approve of the CSMSession failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1087</td>
<td>Returned when approving a CSMSession failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1088</td>
<td>Returned when a user has insufficient privilege.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1089</td>
<td>Returned when trying to approve in non-workflow mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1090</td>
<td>Returned when the activity not in EDIT_IN_USE mode, and any modifications are tried using that activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1091</td>
<td>Returned when an unauthorized user is trying to use a CSMSession</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1092</td>
<td>Returned when an unauthorized user is trying to access a policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1093</td>
<td>Returned when the policy is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1094</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid deployment name or job GID is given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1095</td>
<td>Returned when an invalid order id is given</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1096</td>
<td>Returned when trying to reorder inherited rule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1097</td>
<td>Returned when an shared policy is not modified using API names ending with <code>byName</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1098</td>
<td>Returned when <code>isMandatory</code> field is set to false for local rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1099</td>
<td>Returned when a modification of a firewall name setting policy creates a duplicate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1100</td>
<td>Returned when invalid input is given for firewall name settings policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1101</td>
<td>Returned when global interface option is given with mandatory fields as empty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1102</td>
<td>Returned when global rules are defined for outside direction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1103</td>
<td>Returned when global interface is configured for ASA device lesser than 8.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1104</td>
<td>Returned when identity user groups are configured for devices lesser than ASA 8.4(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1105</td>
<td>Returned when approve activity API is called when that option is disabled from CSM Admin settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the API is unable to retrieve the list of authorized devices for the user who is logged in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to get the available groups from CSM Server for further processing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to retrieve devices from CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to find the config state of the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to retrieve interface details for a device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005, 2006</td>
<td>These errors will be returned if the API encounters an internal error when processing device specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested Device GID does not exist in the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to communicate with the configuration archive module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to fetch the configuration from the Configuration Archive Module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested device name does not exist in the CSM Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the user is not authorized to view the configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>This error will be returned if device name is null or empty in the request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API is not able to fetch the internal policy list from the CSM server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>This error is returned when deployment to IPS device is initiated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Returned when the user doesn’t have sufficient privilege on the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>Returned when the deployment has failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>Returned when there are no dirty device available for deployment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the API is unable to execute the show commands on the network device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3001</td>
<td>This error will be returned if CSM Server does not have any device with the requested IP Address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3002</td>
<td>This error will be returned if the requested device is an IPS Device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3003</td>
<td>This error will be returned if API encounters any issues when contacting the device, for example send a request for a device with invalid credentials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4001</td>
<td>This indicates a duplicate subscription request was made during the event subscription. If two subscriptions are made using the same subscription id (for the same user session) then this error is returned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4002</td>
<td>This error indicates that the Syslog destination IP address specified was invalid. The IP address must be in the a.b.c.d format without any mask address i.e. something like 192.168.10.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4003</td>
<td>This error is returned if the user tries to delete a subscription that does not exist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4004</td>
<td>This error indicates that the syslog port specified was invalid. Valid ports range between 1-65535.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4005</td>
<td>This error indicates an invalid subscriber ID was specified. Subscriber ID’s containing only whitespaces are not allowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4006</td>
<td>This error indicates that either the “Syslog Server” element or the “Event Filter” element was not specified. Both these elements must be specified for an add request only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4007</td>
<td>This error indicates that either the “Syslog Server” element or the “Event Filter” element was specified for a delete operation. Both these elements must not be specified for a delete request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4008</td>
<td>This error is returned when event filter item and syslog server are empty for an add request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4009</td>
<td>This error is returned when event filter item and syslog server are specified for a delete request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4010</td>
<td>This error is returned when the subscription ID is already in use by this user.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7 API Scaling

The API will support a variety of deployments. The following guidelines should be followed.

1) There is no hard limit on the number of devices supported by the API. The current CSM recommendation is to have approximately 500 devices per server with event management and other features enabled.
8 CSM Client Protocol State Machine

8.1.1 Overview

There are two pre-requisites before a CSM Client can make use of the services on the CSM Server.

The 1st prerequisite is that the client authenticates to the CSM Server. The 2nd prerequisite is that the client verifies that all necessary services are active on the CSM server and the versions of those services match the version expected on the client. This process will return an authentication cookie that the client must use in subsequent calls to the interface. This flow is shown in the figure below.

![Client Session Initiation Flowchart](chart)

Once a session has been established the client may access the service methods for config, events and utility services.

A client that has registered for heartbeat callback should follow the flow defined below.
A client that has not registered for heartbeat callback but wishes to maintain an active session on the CSM server must call the ping method periodically.

Figure 184: Client Heartbeat Processing Flowchart

Figure 185: Client Ping Processing Flowchart
8.1.2 Using the configuration and event service

The CSM client may access the API to read configuration of the devices supported by the CSM server. The client may also register for change notifications whenever a configuration change occurs. The following flowchart shows the high-level processing on the client.

![Flowchart showing high-level processing steps]

Figure 186: Client Config Flowchart

Following is a typical flow to process policy data in raw format:

- a. Login (and setup a background thread or process to keep the session alive via a ping or heartbeat)
- b. Use one of GetGroupList (or) GetDeviceListByCapability (or) GetDeviceListByGroup to get the list of devices in the system
- c. For each of the devices in the list:
  - i. Call GetDeviceConfigByGID (or) GetDeviceConfigByName to get the raw config data
- d. Logout

Client would additionally need to subscribe to events (see Event Service API in this document), to make the client refresh the configuration if the configuration gets updated. The GetDeviceConfigByGID and GetDeviceConfigByName only return data that is archived inside CSM database. Any updates to the device outside of CSM (out of band) is not available and can only be fetched using the Utility Service API.
Following is a typical flow to process policy data in a policy object model **structured format**:

a. Login (and setup a background thread or process to keep the session alive via a ping or heartbeat)
b. Use one of GetGroupList (or) GetDeviceListByCapability (or) GetDeviceListByGroup to get the list of devices in the system
c. For each of the devices in the list:
   i. Call GetPolicyListByDeviceGID to find out what “policy types” are configured/supported on a device
   ii. For each of these “Policy Types” call the GetPolicyConfigByDeviceGID or GetPolicyConfigByName (for named/shared policies)
d. Logout

Client would additionally need to subscribe to events (see Event Service API in this document), to make the client refresh the configuration if the configuration gets updated. The GetDeviceConfigByGID and GetDeviceConfigByName only return data that is archived inside CSM database. Any updates to the device outside of CSM (out of band) is not available and can only be fetched using the Utility Service API.

### 8.1.3 Using CSMSession and Write APIs

For all write APIs, it is mandatory to have a CSMSession in all CSM server modes. The following flowchart describes the flow that needs to be followed:
The first step in working with write APIs is to have a CSMSession created or opened. In this flow, we are creating a new CSMSession. Then the respective write APIs are invoked by passing the unique csmSessionID that createCSMSession returns. To get the device ID to be used in the APIs, getDeviceListByCapability() can be used. The next step is to validate the changes for correctness. Because submitCSMSession performs internal validation, it is not mandatory to do validateCSMSession every time. The submitCSMSession based on the CSM server mode returns whether approve is needed or not (that is, when workflow is enabled, approval is required). If approval is needed, then ApproveCSMSession needs to be invoked and then followed by the deployment-related APIs.

In the next flowchart, the use of open and close CSMSessions is explained. CloseCSMSession is used when partial changes are done during a https session, then later at a time when more changes need to be done as part of the same CSMSession, openCSMSession needs to be used. If the changes done during CSMSession need to be reverted, then discardCSMSession should be used.
9 Sample API Client Programs

NOTE: All the sample programs in this section are provided for simple demonstration purposes only. The programs may need to be appropriately enhanced or modified for use in production systems.

Running the java sample programs mentioned below need the following to be setup:

1. The http-client and http-core jars from Apache-commons http://hc.apache.org must be included in the java CLASSPATH.
2. The commons-logging jar from Apache-commons http://commons.apache.org/logging/index.html must be included in the java CLASSPATH.
3. Define a CLASSPATH environment variable in your command shell include all the required jars and other folders as necessary.
4. A client.properties file must be defined and passed in as a parameter as a java program argument. The format of the file is as follows:

```
USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <csm:pingRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
      <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
      <reqId>3</reqId>
   </csm:pingRequest>

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/ping
```

The property definition are as follows:

- **USER**: Defines the username of the user logging in.
- **PASSWORD**: The user password
- **HOST**: The host server to connect
- **XML_REQUEST**: The XML request that needs to be sent (ping in this case)
- **LOGIN_REQUIRED**: If true, a login is done before sending the XML_REQUEST.
- **URI**: Optional URI parameter that indicates the service that needs to be invoked. If this is not specified in the property file, it must be passed in as a java program argument.

*Please note that the property values in the client.properties file like HOST, USER, PASSWORD, other values in the XML_REQUEST and the URI itself may need to modified to suit your deployment and the sample that is being executed. Edit this file appropriately before executing any of programs mentioned below.*

9.1 CSM API pre-configuration checks
The following sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client program that checks if the CSM API is enabled for use. Use the client.properties file as defined above.

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [uri]

Class RestClient.java

```java
public class RestClient {
    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;

    static{
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext scontext = null;
        // Rest of the code...
    }
}
```

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
try {
    sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
    sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[]{ new X509TrustManager() {
        public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
            System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers ============");
            return null;
        }
        public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
            System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =========");
        }
        public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
            System.out.println("checkServerTrusted ===========");
        }
    }}, new SecureRandom());
    SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
    Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
    SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
    schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
    HttpClient httpClient = new DefaultHttpClient(schemeRegistry);
    catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    catch (KeyManagementException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
})
SSLContext sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);

/**
 * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
 * @param uri
 * @param host
 * @param isCookieNeeded
 * @return
 * @throws IOException
 * @throws ClientProtocolException
 */
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
    HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpClient.setCookieStore(ascokie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpClient.getCookieStore();
    processResponse(httpresponse);
}

public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    DocumentBuilder domp = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
    Document doc = domp.parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
    NodeList errorNodes = doc.getElementsByTagName("code");
    for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
        Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
    }
}
if (element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("")) {
    NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
    for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
        Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
        throw new Exception(element2.getTextContent());
    }
}

if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
    StatusLine sl;
    if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
        if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
            System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
            System.out.println(response);
        } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
            System.out.println("The request is a success...");
            System.out.println(response);
        } else {
            System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code: "+sl.getStatusCode());
            System.out.println(response);
        }
    }
}

/**
 * Main method processing the request/response
 * @param args
 */
public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
        // Load the basic properties
        FileInputStream fis = null;
        Properties prop = new Properties();
        fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
        prop.load(fis);

        String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
        String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
        String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
        String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
        String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
        // If URI is not passed on commandline see if its defined in properties file
        URI uri = (args.length == 2) ? new URI(args[1]) : path;
        String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
        boolean autoLogin = false;
        if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0) {
            autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
        }

        RestClient client = new RestClient();
        if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")) {
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
        } else {
            // Step 1:
            String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csms:loginRequest xmlns:csms="csm">
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>"+username+"</username><password>"+password+"</password></csms:loginRequest>";
            client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
            // Step 2:
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
        }
    }
}
9.2 Login and ping test

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client that logs in to the CSM server using the CSM API and then makes a “ping” request. Use the client.properties file as defined earlier.

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

```
Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]
```

Class RestClient.java

```java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.ParseException;
import org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.SchemeRegistry;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.util.Properties;

public class RestClient {
    
    catch (Exception ex) {
        System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
        usage();
    }

    public static void usage() {
        System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
        System.out.println("Usage : ");
        System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]";
    }
}
```
public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
public static DefaultHttpClient httpClient;

static{
    initSSL();
}

private static void initSSL() {
    SSLContext sslContext = null;
    try {
        sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
        sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[]{new X509TrustManager() {
    public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
        System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers =============");
        return null;
    }
    public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
        System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
    }
    public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
        System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
    }}},
        new SecureRandom());
        SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
        Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
        SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
        schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
        HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
        ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params,
        schemeRegistry);
        httpClient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
    } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

/**
 * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
 * @param uri
 * @param PayLoad
 * @param host
 * @param isCookieNeeded
 * @return
 * @throws IOException
 * @throws ClientProtocolException
 */
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws ClientProtocolException, IOException {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
    HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpClient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpClient.getCookieStore();
    processResponse(httpresponse);
public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws ParseException, IOException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);

    if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code:");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            }
        }
    }
}

/**
 * Main method processing the request/response
 * @param args
 */
public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
        //Load the basic properties
        FileInputStream fis = null;
        Properties prop = new Properties();
        fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
        prop.load(fis);

        String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
        String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
        String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
        String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
        String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
        if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")) {
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
        } else {
            //Step 1:
            if (autoLogin) {
                String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xml:id="loginRequest"
xmlns:xml="http://www.w3.org/2000/xml"
xmlns:cm="http://cm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <username>"+username+"</username>
  <password>"+password+"</password>
</xml:id>
client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
        } // Step 2:
        client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
    }
}
public static void usage(){
    System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
    System.out.println("Usage : ");
    System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]");
}

9.3 Fetch CLI configuration of a firewall

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client program that uses the CSM API to fetch the raw CLI configuration of a firewall from CSM's database. Use the following client.properties as input (change the name of the device to match the device name in the server’s inventory):

USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<n:deviceConfigByNameRequest xmlns:n="csm" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
    <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
    <reqId>123</reqId>
    <name>firewall_device</name>
</n:deviceConfigByNameRequest>

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/configservice/getDeviceConfigByName

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]

Class RestClient.java

/**
 * Sample Program to get entire CLI of a firewall
 */
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
```java
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;
import org.apache.http.conn.ssl.SSLSocketFactory;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.util.Properties;

public class RestClient {

    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;

    static {
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext sslContext = null;
        try {
            sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
            sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[]{
                new X509TrustManager() {
                    public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                        System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers =============");
                        return null;
                    }
                    public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                        System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
                    }
                    public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                        System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
                    }
                }
            },
                new SecureRandom());
            SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
            Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
            SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
            schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
            HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
            ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
            httpclient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    /**
     * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
     * @param uri
     */
```
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
    HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpClient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpClient.getCookieStore();
    processResponse(httpresponse);
}

public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    DocumentBuilder domp = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
    Document doc = domp.parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
    NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("code");
    for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
        Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
        if (element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("") ) {
            NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
            for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
                Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
                throw new Exception (element2.getTextContent());
            }
        }
    }
    if(response != null && response.trim().length() != 0){
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                //Do something...
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
                //Do something...
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code ":"+sl.getStatusCode());
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            }
        }
    }
}
try{
    //Load the basic properties
    FileInputStream fis = null;
    Properties prop = new Properties();
    fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
    prop.load(fis);

    String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
    String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
    String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
    String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
    String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
    //If URI is not passed on commandline see if its defined in properties file
    URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2)?args[1] : path);
    String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
    boolean autoLogin = false;
    if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0){
        autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
    }

    RestClient client = new RestClient();
    if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")){
        client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
    }else{
        //Step 1:
        if (autoLogin){
            String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><csm:loginRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
            <protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>"+username+"</username><password>"+password+"</password></csm:loginRequest>";
            client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+":/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
        }
        //Step 2:
        client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
    }
}

}catch(Exception ex){
    System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
    usage();
}

public static void usage(){
    System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
    System.out.println("Usage : ");
    System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]");
}

9.4 Executing show access-list on a firewall device

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client using the CSM API to execute a show access-list command on a firewall device. Use the following client.properties as input (change the deviceIP to match the IP of a valid device in the server’s inventory):

USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csd:execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest xmlns:csd="csd">
    <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
    <reqId>123</reqId>
    <deviceReadOnlyCLICmds>
        <deviceIP>192.168.1.1</deviceIP>
        <cmd>show</cmd>
    </deviceReadOnlyCLICmds>
</csd:execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest>
# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/utilservice/execDeviceReadOnlyCLICmds

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

```shell
Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]
```

**Class RestClient.java**

```java
/**
 * Sample program to execute a show access-list command on a firewall
 */
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.SchemeRegistry;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import org.xml.sax.InputSource;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.util.Properties;
public class RestClient {

    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;

    static{
        initSSL();
    }
```
```java
private static void initSSL() {
    SSLContext sctx = null;
    try {
        sctx = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
        sctx.init(null, new TrustManager[] { new X509TrustManager() {
            public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers ==========");
                return null;
            }
            public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                System.out.println("checkClientTrusted ==========");
            }
            public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                System.out.println("checkServerTrusted ==========");
            }
        }}, new SecureRandom());
        SSLContext sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
        sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[] {
            new X509TrustManager() {
                public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                    System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers =============");
                    return null;
                }
                public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
                }
                public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
                }
            }}, new SecureRandom());
        SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
        Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
        SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
        schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
        HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
        ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
        HttpClient httpClient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        try {
            if (isCookieNeeded) {
                httpClient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
            }
            httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
            StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
            httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
            System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
            httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
            ascookie = httpClient.getCookies();
            processResponse(httpresponse);
        }
    } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```
NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("code");
for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
    Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
    if (element.getTextContent() != null && element.getTextContent().equals("")) {
        NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
        for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
            Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
            throw new Exception(element2.getTextContent());
        }
        if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
            StatusLine sl;
            if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
                if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                    System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                    System.out.println(response);
                    // Do something...
                } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                    System.out.println("The request is a success...");
                    System.out.println(response);
                    // Do something...
                } else {
                    System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code :" + sl.getStatusCode());
                    System.out.println(response);
                    // Do something...
                }
            }
        }
        } //**
        * Main method processing the request/response
        * @param args
        */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            // Load the basic properties
            FileInputStream fis = null;
            Properties prop = new Properties();
            fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
            prop.load(fis);

            String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
            String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
            String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
            String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
            String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
            // If URI is not passed on commandline see if its defined in properties file
            URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2) ? args[1] : path);
            String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
            boolean autoLogin = false;
            if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0) {
                autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
            }

            RestClient client = new RestClient();
            if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")) {
                client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
            } else {
                // Step 1:
                if (autoLogin) {
                    String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
xmlns:csm="csm" xmlns:xsd="xsd" csm:loginRequest
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>" + username + "</username>
<password>" + password + "</password></csm:loginRequest>";
```
client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
}
//Step 2:
client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
}
}catch(Exception ex){
   System.out.println(ex.getMessage()); usage();
}

public static void usage(){
   System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
   System.out.println("Usage : ");
   System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]");
}

9.5 Fetch CSM defined firewall policy

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client that fetches the CSM firewall policy as it is defined in the CSM UI. Use the following client.properties file (Change the gid value to match the GID of a device in the server’s inventory):

USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:policyConfigByDeviceGIDRequest xmlns:csm="csim"
   <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
   <reqId>123</reqId>
   <gid>00000000-0000-0000-0000-004294967307</gid>
   <policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</csm:policyConfigByDeviceGIDRequest>

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/configservice/getPolicyConfigById

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]

Class RestClient.java

/**
 * Sample Program to get access rules defined on a firewall as it appears in the
 * CSM UI.
 */
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.SchemeRegistry;
import org.apache.http.conn.ssl.SSLSocketFactory;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import org.xml.sax.InputSource;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.util.Properties;

public class RestClient {
    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;
    static{
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext sslContext = null;
        try {
            sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
            sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[] { new X509TrustManager() {
                public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                    System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers =============");
                    return null;
                }
                public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
                }
                public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
                }
            }}, new SecureRandom());
            SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
            Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
            SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
            schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
            HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
            ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
            httpclient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        }
    }
}

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
```java
/**
 * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
 * @param uri
 * @param host
 * @param isCookieNeeded
 * @return
 * @throws IOException
 * @throws ClientProtocolException
 */
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
   HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpclient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpclient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpclient.getCookieStore();
    processResponse(httpresponse);
}
```

```java
public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    DocumentBuilder domp = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
    Document doc = domp.parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
    NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("code");
    for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
        Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
        if(element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("") {
            NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
            for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
                Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
                throw new Exception(element2.getTextContent());
            }
        }
    }
    if(response != null && response.trim().length() != 0){
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code ":"+sl.getStatusCode());
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
public static void main(String[] args){
    try{
        //Load the basic properties
        FileInputStream fis = null;
        Properties prop = new Properties();
        fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
        prop.load(fis);
        String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
        String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
        String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
        String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
        String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
        //If URI is not passed on commandline see if its defined in properties file
        URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2)?args[1] : path);
        String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
        boolean autoLogin = false;
        if(null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0){
            autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
        }
        RestClient client = new RestClient();
        if(uri.toString().endsWith("login")){
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
        }else{
            //Step 1 :
            if(autoLogin){
                String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<loginRequest xmlns:csm="csm"><protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>"+username+"</username><password>"+password+"</password></loginRequest>
            client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
            }
            //Step 2:
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
        }
    }catch(Exception ex){
        System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
        usage();
    }
}

public static void usage(){
    System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
    System.out.println("Usage : ");
    System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]");
}

9.6 List shared policies assigned to all devices

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client that iterates over CSM’s device inventory and lists the directly assigned shared policies on all devices. Use the following client.properties file:
USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:deviceListByCapabilityRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <deviceCapability>*</deviceCapability>
</csm:deviceListByCapabilityRequest>
XML_REQUEST1=?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:policyListByDeviceGIDRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
  <protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
  <reqId>123</reqId>
  <gid>DEVICE_ID</gid>
</csm:policyListByDeviceGIDRequest>

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/configservice/getDeviceListByType
URI1=https://localhost/nbi/configservice/getPolicyListByDeviceGID

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

```
Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]
```

### Class RestClient.java

```java
/**
 * Sample program to collect the Shared Access Rules applied to Devices in CSM.
 */
import java.io.*;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import javax.xml.parsers.ParserConfigurationException;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.ssl.SSLSocketFactory;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
```
import org.xml.sax.InputSource;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Properties;

public class RestClient {

    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpClient;

    static {
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext sslContext = null;
        try {
            sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
            sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[] { new X509TrustManager() {
                public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                    System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers =============");
                    return null;
                }
                public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
                }
                public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
                }
            } },
            new SecureRandom());
            SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
            Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
            SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
            schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
            HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
            ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
            httpClient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    /**
     * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
     * @param uri
     * @param host
     * @param isCookieNeeded
     * @return
     * @throws IOException
     * @throws ClientProtocolException
     */
    public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
        HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
        HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
        if (isCookieNeeded) {
            httpClient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
        }
        httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
        StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
        httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost, strEntity);
        String responseString = EntityUtils.toString(httpresponse.getEntity());
    }
}

Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
```java
httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
ascokie = httpClient.getCookieStore();
processResponse(httpresponse);

public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code ":"+sl.getStatusCode());
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something..
            }
        } else {
            System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code");
            System.out.println(response);
            //Do something...
        }
    }
}

/**
* Main method processing the request/response
* @param args *
*/
public static void main(String[] args){
    try {
        //Load the basic properties
        FileInputStream fis = null;
        Properties prop = new Properties();
        fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
        prop.load(fis);

        String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
        String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
        String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
        String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
        String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
        //If URI is not passed on commandline see if its defined in properties file
        URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2)?args[1] : path);
        String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
        String policy_req = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST1");
        String policy_req_path = prop.getProperty("URI1");

        boolean autoLogin = false;
        if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0) {
            autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
        }

        RestClient client = new RestClient();
        if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")) {
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
        } else {
            //Step 1 :
            if (autoLogin) {
                String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
            
```
<xml: enlargement="csm"><protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>"+username+</username><password>"+password"</password><csm:loginRequest>
client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);

//Step 2: Get All Devices
ArrayList devices = client.getDeviceList(uri, payload, host, true);

//Step3: Get Shared Policies on Devices.
ArrayList sharedAccessRules = new ArrayList();
for (int i = 0; i < devices.size(); i++) {
    String device = (String) devices.get(i);
    String policy_request = policy_req.replace("DEVICE_ID", device);
    ArrayList policies = client.getPolicyList(new URI(policy_req_path), policy_request, host, true);
    if (policies!=null) {
        sharedAccessRules.addAll(policies);
    }
}
System.out.println(sharedAccessRules);

} catch (Exception ex){
    System.out.println(ex.getMessage());
}

private ArrayList getPolicyList(URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded)
throws Exception {
HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
HttpPost httppost = newHttpPost (uri);
if (isCookieNeeded) {
    httpClient.setCookieStore(askookie);
}
httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
httpresponse = httpClient.execute(httppost);
return getPolicyList(httpresponse);
}

private ArrayList getPolicyList(HttpResponse httpresponse) throws IOException, SAXException, 
ParserConfigurationException {
HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
ArrayList<String> retArr = new ArrayList();
if (response != null & response.trim().length() != 0){
    StatusLine sl;
    if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
        if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
            System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
            System.out.println(response);
            //Do something...
        } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
            System.out.println("The request is a success...");
        } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
            System.out.println("The request is a success...");
            DocumentBuilder domp = 
            DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
            Document doc = domp.parse(response.getBytes());
            NodeList errorNodes = 
            doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("policyDesc");
            for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
                Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
                String text = element.getTextContent();
            }
        }
    }
}

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if (text != null && text.equals("null") &&
text.indexOf("DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy") >= 0) {
    text = text.replaceAll("DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy", "");
    if (!text.equals("-- local --")) // Filter out Local rules.
        retArr.add(text);
}
else{
    System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code:"+sl.getStatusCode());
    System.out.println(response);
    // Do something...
}
return retArr;
}

private ArrayList getDeviceList(URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded)
throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
   HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpclient.setCookieStore(ascokie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpclient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpclient.getCookieStore();
    //processResponse(httpresponse);
    return getDeviceList(httpresponse);
}

private ArrayList getDeviceList(HttpResponse httpresponse)
throws IOException, SAXException, ParserConfigurationException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    ArrayList<String> retArr = new ArrayList();
    if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0)
        StatusLine sl;
    if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
        if (!sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
            System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
            System.out.println(response);
            // Do something...
        } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
            System.out.println("The request is a success...");
            DocumentBuilder domp = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
            Document doc = domp.parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
            NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("gid");
            for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
                Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
                if (element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("")) {
                    retArr.add(element.getTextContent());
                }
            }
        } else {
            System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code:"+sl.getStatusCode());
            System.out.println(response);
9.7 List content of a given shared policy

The following simple sample program implemented in java demonstrates a REST client the lists the content of a firewall access rule shared policy given the name of the shared policy. Use the client.properties file as defined below (change shared policy name defined in the properties file appropriately):

```
USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:policyConfigByNameRequest xmlns:csm="csm">
<protVersion>1.0</protVersion>
<reqId>123</reqId>
<name>ACL1</name>
<policyType>DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy</policyType>
</csm:policyConfigByNameRequest>
```

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/configservice/getPolicyConfigByName

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

```
Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]
```

**Class RestClient.java**

```java
/**
 * Sample program to get the contents of a shared policy given the shared policy name.
 */
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
```
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.SchemeRegistry;
import org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
import org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
import org.xml.sax.InputSource;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.util.Properties;
public class RestClient {
    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;
    static{
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext sslContext = null;
        try {
            sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
            sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[] {
                new X509TrustManager() {
                    public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                        return null;
                    }
                    public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                        System.out.println("checkClientTrusted =============");
                    }
                    public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                        System.out.println("checkServerTrusted =============");
                    }
                }
            }, new SecureRandom());
            SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
            Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
            SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
            schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
            HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
            ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
            httpclient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
    HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
    if (isCookieNeeded) {
        httpclient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
    }
    httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
    StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity (payload, "UTF-8");
    httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
    System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
    httpresponse = httpclient.execute(httppost);
    ascookie = httpclient.getCookieStore();
    processResponse(httpresponse);
}

public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    EntityValue ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    try {
        DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder().parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
        NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("code");
        for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
            Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
            if (element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("")) {
                NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
                for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
                    Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
                    throw new Exception(element2.getTextContent());
                }
            }
        }
    }
    if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code ":"+sl.getStatusCode());
            }
        }
    }
}
/**
 * Main method processing the request/response
 * @param args
 */
public static void main(String[] args){
    try{
        //Load the basic properties
        FileInputStream fis = null;
        Properties prop = new Properties();
        fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
        prop.load(fis);

        String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
        String payload = prop.getProperty("XML REQUEST");
        String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
        String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
        String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
        //If URI is not passed on command line see if its defined in properties file
        URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2)?args[1] : path);
        String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
        boolean autoLogin = false;
        if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0){
            autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
        }
        RestClient client = new RestClient();
        if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")){
            //Step 1:
            if (autoLogin){
                String login_payload = "<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><csm:loginRequest xmlns:csm="csm" protVersion="1.0" reqId="123"><username>"+username+"</username><password>"+password+"</password></csm:loginRequest>";
                client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host, false);
            }
            //Step 2:
            client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
        }
    }catch(Exception ex){
        System.out.println(ex.getMessage()); usage();
    }
}

public static void usage(){
    System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
    System.out.println("Usage : ");
    System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]");
USER=admin
PASSWORD=admin
HOST=localhost
XML_REQUEST=<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<csm:eventSubRequest xmlns:csm='csm'>
  <op>add</op>
  <subscriptionId>123454</subscriptionId>
  <eventFilterItem>
    <filterEventType>syslog</filterEventType>
    <filterEventFormat>xml</filterEventFormat>
    <filterEventCategory>configChange</filterEventCategory>
  </eventFilterItem>
  <syslogServer>
    <port>514</port>
    <destAddress>10.10.10.10</destAddress>
  </syslogServer>
</csm:eventSubRequest>

# Set LOGIN_REQUIRED to true if the URI supplied
# requires login to be done as a prerequisite.
LOGIN_REQUIRED=true
URI=https://localhost/nbi/event/service/eventSubscription

After compiling, use the following command to run the program:

Command Prompt> java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]

Class RestClient.java

/**
 * Sample program to subscribe to change events and get more details on latest change.
 */
import java.io.ByteArrayInputStream;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.net.URI;
import java.security.KeyManagementException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.security.SecureRandom;
import java.security.cert.X509Certificate;
import java.util.Properties;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLContext;
import javax.net.ssl.SSLSession;
import javax.net.ssl.TrustManager;
import javax.net.ssl.X509TrustManager;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.apache.http.HttpStatus;
import org.apache.http.conn.ClientConnectionManager;
import org.apache.http.conn.scheme.Scheme;

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**This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.**

```java
public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
    HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
   HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);

    if (isCookieNeeded) {
```

**import** org.apache.http.impl.conn.tsccm.ThreadSafeClientConnManager;
**import** org.apache.http.params.BasicHttpParams;
**import** org.apache.http.params.HttpParams;
**import** org.apache.http.util.EntityUtils;
**import** org.w3c.dom.Document;
**import** org.w3c.dom.Element;
**import** org.w3c.dom.NodeList;
**import** org.xml.sax.SAXException;

public class RestClient {
    public static CookieStore ascookie = null;
    public static DefaultHttpClient httpclient;

    static {
        initSSL();
    }

    private static void initSSL() {
        SSLContext sslContext = null;
        try {
            sslContext = SSLContext.getInstance("SSL");
            sslContext.init(null, new TrustManager[] { new X509TrustManager() {
                public X509Certificate[] getAcceptedIssuers() {
                    System.out.println("getAcceptedIssuers ===========");
                    return null;
                }
                public void checkClientTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkClientTrusted ==========");
                }
                public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] certs, String authType) {
                    System.out.println("checkServerTrusted ==========");
                }
            }}, new SecureRandom());
            SSLSocketFactory sf = new SSLSocketFactory(sslContext);
            Scheme httpsScheme = new Scheme("https", 443, sf);
            SchemeRegistry schemeRegistry = new SchemeRegistry();
            schemeRegistry.register(httpsScheme);
            HttpParams params = new BasicHttpParams();
            ClientConnectionManager cm = new ThreadSafeClientConnManager(params, schemeRegistry);
            httpclient = new DefaultHttpClient(cm, params);
        } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } catch (KeyManagementException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    /**
     * This method will send the XML payload and return the XML response as a string.
     * @param uri
     * @param host
     * @param isCookieNeeded
     * @return
     * @throws IOException
     * @throws ClientProtocolException
     */
    public void doPost (URI uri, String payload, String host, boolean isCookieNeeded) throws Exception {
        HttpResponse httpresponse = null;
        HttpPost httppost = new HttpPost (uri);
```

```
```java
httpclient.setCookieStore(ascookie);
}
httppost.addHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml");
StringEntity strEntity = new StringEntity(payload, "UTF-8");
httppost.setEntity(strEntity);
System.out.println("Calling : "+uri.toString());
httpresponse = httpclient.execute(httppost);
ascookie = httpclient.getCookieStore();
processResponse(httpresponse);
}

public void processResponse (HttpResponse httpresponse) throws Exception, IOException, SAXException {
    HttpEntity ent = httpresponse.getEntity();
    String response = EntityUtils.toString(ent);
    DocumentBuilder domp = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance().newDocumentBuilder();
    Document doc = domp.parse(new ByteArrayInputStream(response.getBytes()));
    NodeList errorNodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("code");
    for (int i = 0; i < errorNodes.getLength(); i++) {
        Element element = (Element) errorNodes.item(i);
        if (element.getTextContent() != null && !element.getTextContent().equals("")) {
            NodeList nodes = doc.getDocumentElement().getElementsByTagName("description");
            for (int j = 0; j < nodes.getLength(); j++) {
                Element element2 = (Element) nodes.item(j);
                throw new Exception(element2.getTextContent());
            }
        }
    }
    if (response != null && response.trim().length() != 0) {
        StatusLine sl;
        if ((sl = httpresponse.getStatusLine()) != null) {
            if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_UNAUTHORIZED) {
                System.out.println("Hit Authorization exception");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else if (sl.getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK) {
                System.out.println("The request is a success...");
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            } else {
                System.out.println("Some issue, Obtained HTTP status code :"+sl.getStatusCode());
                System.out.println(response);
                //Do something...
            }
        }
    }
    //
    /*
     * Main method processing the request/response
     * @param args
     */
    public static void main(String[] args){
        try {
            //Load the basic properties
            FileInputStream fis = null;
            Properties prop = new Properties();
            fis = new FileInputStream(args[0]);
            prop.load(fis);
            String host = prop.getProperty("HOST");
            String payload = prop.getProperty("XML_REQUEST");
            String username = prop.getProperty("USER");
            String password = prop.getProperty("PASSWORD");
            String path = prop.getProperty("URI");
            //If URI is not passed on command line see if its defined in properties file
            //
            // Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4)
            //
        }
```
URI uri = new URI((args.length == 2) ? args[1] : path);
String temp = prop.getProperty("LOGIN_REQUIRED");
boolean autoLogin = false;
if (null != temp && temp.trim().length() != 0) {
    autoLogin = Boolean.valueOf(temp);
}

RestClient client = new RestClient();
if (uri.toString().endsWith("login")) {
    client.doPost(uri, payload, host, false);
} else {
    // Step 1:
    if (autoLogin) {
        String login_payload = "<csm:loginRequest xmlns:csm="csm"
            <protVersion>1.0</protVersion><reqId>123</reqId><username>"+username+
            </username><password>"+password+"</password></csm:loginRequest>
        
        client.doPost(new URI("https://"+host+"/nbi/login"), login_payload, host,
            false);
    }
    // Step 2:
    client.doPost(uri, payload, host, true);
}

public static void usage() {
    System.out.println("Please check the data entered in the properties file");
    System.out.println("Usage : ");
    System.out.println("java RestClient <path_to_client.properties> [<uri>]"msg="");
}
10 Troubleshooting (Common Scenarios)

Symptom: Certificate errors when communicating with the server
The CSM server uses self-signed certificates. Change the client program to accept self-signed certificates. Also API access is only available over HTTPS and HTTP access is disabled for security reasons.

Symptom: Authentication errors even after a successful login
Intermittent session errors will be seen if the session has timed out or has been invalidated. Default session inactivity timeout is 15 minutes. The session can be kept alive using a ping or heartbeat mechanism.

Symptom: Inline IP entered in the CSM GUI are retrieved as objects
CSM automatically encapsulates certain inline values (IP’s, Interface names etc.) inside a policy object for convenience.

Symptom: Data visible in the CSM client UI are not seen in the response data when fetched via the API
This can be due to various reasons. Some of them are listed below:

- API only returns committed data (i.e. all changes must be submitted). So check if all data that is visible in the client is committed.
- In some cases CSM specific settings are not returned in the response as it may not be relevant for API access.
- Check if the user has sufficient Role Based Access Control (RBAC) privileges to access the data

Symptom: Client does not receive any event notifications from the server
Some of the reasons for this problem:

- The event subscription has not been done or has been registered with incorrect syslog server that receives the notification
- Session used to register the event subscription has timed out. All event notifications are tied to a user session. If the user session is invalidated then all event notifications for that user session will be stopped.
11 XML Schema

The XML schema is broken into four files.

11.1 Common XSD

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns="csm" targetNamespace="csm">
  <xs:simpleType name="ObjectIdentifier">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:pattern value="[a-f0-9]{8}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{4}-[a-f0-9]{12}"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:complexType name="ObjectIdentifierList">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="id" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BaseObject">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="id" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="lastUpdateTime" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="parentGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="updatedByUser" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="lastCommitTime" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="ticketId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="activityName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BaseError">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="code" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BaseReqResp">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="protVersion" type="xs:double" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="reqId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="startIndex" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="endIndex" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="totalCount" type="xs:unsignedLong" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="EntityDescriptor">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="Device">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:restriction base="BaseObject">
        <xs:extension base="BaseObject">
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element name="device" type="Device"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
      </xs:restriction>
    </xs:complexContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```

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<xs:complexType name="InterfaceType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="osType" type="OSType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="osVersion" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="imageName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="sysObjectID" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="fullConfig" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="mgmtInterface" type="Interface" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="interfaceList" type="InterfaceList" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
    <xs:element name="virtualContextList" type="Device" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

maxOccurs="unbounded" />

<xs:element name="configState" type="ConfigurationState" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:simpleType>
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modular chassis or chassis with a continuous port numbering scheme slot/module are not included -->
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<!-- Common Service Methods -->
<!-- Generic error -->
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11.2 Config XSD

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<!-- edited with XMLSpy v2011 (x64) (http://www.altova.com) by Rakesh (Cisco) -->
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns="csm" targetNamespace="csm">
  <xs:include schemaLocation="common.xsd"/>
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        <xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
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        <xs:element name="configState" type="ConfigurationState" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
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    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BasePolicyObject">
    <xs:extension base="BaseObject">
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        <xs:element name="comment" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
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<!-- Config Service Methods -->

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<!-- ALL Supported POLICY OBJECT TYPES -->
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<xs:element name="securityGroupPolicyObject" type="SecurityGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="500"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="addPolicyObjectResponse" type="ManagePolicyObjectResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="modifyPolicyObjectResponse" type="ManagePolicyObjectResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="deletePolicyObjectResponse" type="ManagePolicyObjectResponse"/>
<xs:complexType name="ManagePolicyObjectResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="message" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="resultObject" type="unbounded" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="policyObjectConfigByTypeRequest" type="PolicyObjectConfigByTypeRequest"/>
<xs:complexType name="PolicyObjectConfigByTypeRequest">
  <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
    <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="policyObjectType" type="PolicyObjectType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>

<!-- if Redundant object is detected do you want to throw warning or continue with saving -->
<xs:element name="enforceConfDetection" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
<!-- use deviceGID if you want to override the bb for already defined global BB -->
<xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
<xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
  <!-- ALL Supported POLICY OBJECT TYPES -->
  <xs:element name="networkPolicyObject" type="NetworkPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="servicePolicyObject" type="ServicePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="interfaceRolePolicyObject" type="InterfaceRolePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="timeRangePolicyObject" type="TimeRangePolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="identityUserGroupPolicyObject" type="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="securityGroupPolicyObject" type="SecurityGroupPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <xs:element name="portListPolicyObject" type="PortListPolicyObject" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
  <!-- ....... all other policy objects .. -->
</xs:choice>
</xs:extension>
<xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="objectType" type="PolicyObjectType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="deletePolicyObjectConfigByIdRequest" type="DeletePolicyObjectConfigByIdRequest" />
<xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="results" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="details" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="policyObject" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="policyObjectConfigResponse" type="PolicyObjectConfigResponse" />
<xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="objectType" type="PolicyObjectType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="networkPolicyObject" type="NetworkPolicyObject" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

-- Cisco Security Manager 4.17 API Specification (Version 2.4) --
<xs:element name="overrideDetails" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="objectGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="parentGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:extension>
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</xs:complexType>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:simpleType>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:element name="description" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="ReorderRulesRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
          <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="name" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        </xs:choice>
        <xs:element name="policyType" type="PolicyConfigType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
        <xs:element name="toOrderId" type="xs:unsignedInt" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeployableDevicesListRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:element name="deployableDevicesListRequest" type="DeployableDevicesListRequest"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeployJobStatusRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
        <xs:choice id="selectReqType">
          <xs:element name="deploymentJobName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="deploymentJobGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        </xs:choice>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="deployJobStatusRequest" type="DeployJobStatusRequest"/>

<xs:complexType name="DeployableDevicesListResponse">
  <xs:complexContent base="BaseReqResp">
    <xs:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
      <xs:element name="deviceGIDs" type="ObjectIdentifierList"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="GetPolicyObjectByGID">
  <xs:complexContent base="BaseReqResp">
    <xs:sequence minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
      <xs:element name="csmSessionGID" type="ObjectIdentifier"/>
      <xs:element name="gid" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:simpleType name="PolicyObjectType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="NetworkPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ServicePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="InterfaceRolePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="SecurityGroupPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="TimeRangePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="PortListPolicyObject"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="PolicyObjectTypeExtended">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="NetworkPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ServicePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="InterfaceRolePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="SecurityGroupPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="TimeRangePolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ExtendedACEPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ACLPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="PortListPolicyObject"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="SLAMonitorPolicyObject"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:simpleType name="OperationStatus">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="SUCCESS"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="FAILED"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="FirewallACLSettingsPolicy">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BasePolicy">
            <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                <!-- aclName is mandatory if request has Global interface or if user defined acl is set as true. if useUserDefinedACLName defined aclName is true then aclName will be ignored -->
                <xs:element name="aclName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="interfaceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="trafficDirection" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                    <xs:simpleType>
                        <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
                            <xs:enumeration value="In"/>
                            <xs:enumeration value="Out"/>
                        </xs:restriction>
                    </xs:simpleType>
                </xs:element>
                <xs:element name="useUserDefinedACLName" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="enablePerUserDownloadableACLs" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="enableObjectGroupSearch" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                <xs:element name="enableAccessListCompilation" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<x:simpleType name="PolicyConfigType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
        <xs:enumeration value="DeviceAccessRuleFirewallPolicy"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="DeviceAccessRuleUnifiedFirewallPolicy"/>
        <xs:enumeration value="FirewallACLSettingsPolicy"/>
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<x:complexType name="PolicyObjectsListByTypeRequest">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
            <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                <xs:element name="policyObjectType" type="PolicyObjectType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<x:complexType name="PolicyObjectsListResponse">
    <xs:complexContent>
        <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
            <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                <xs:element name="policyObject" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
                    <xs:complexType>
                        <xs:sequence minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
                    </xs:complexType>
                </xs:element>
            </xs:sequence>
        </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
-- ALL DEFINED POLICY OBJECT TYPES -->
<xs:element name="networkPolicyObject" type="NetworkPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="portListPolicyObject" type="PortListPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="servicePolicyObject" type="ServicePolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="interfaceRolePolicyObject"
  type="InterfaceRolePolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="timeRangePolicyObject"
  type="TimeRangePolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="slaMonitorPolicyObject"
  type="SLAMonitorPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="aclPolicyObject" type="ACLPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="stdAcePolicyObject"
  type="StandardACEPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="extendedACEPolicyObject"
  type="ExtendedACEPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="identityUserGroupPolicyObject"
  type="IdentityUserGroupPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element name="securityGroupPolicyObject"
  type="SecurityGroupPolicyObject"
  minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:extension>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
11.3 Event XSD

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:csm="targetNamespace="csm">
  <xs:include schemaLocation="common.xsd"/>
  <xs:simpleType name="EventoType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
      <xs:enumeration value="syslog"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="EventFormat">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
      <xs:enumeration value="xml"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="plainText"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="EventCategory">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
      <xs:enumeration value="configChange"/>
      <xs:enumeration value="deviceStatus"/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:simpleType name="BaseEventDetails">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="subscriptionId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="eventType" type="EventoType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="eventCategory" type="EventCategory" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="content" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:complexType name="DeviceSpecificEvent">
    <xs:complexContent>
      <xs:extension base="BaseEventDetails">
        <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="srcIP" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="srcGID" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="srcDns" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
          <xs:element name="srcOSType" type="OSType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:complexContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```

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<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- Config Change Event -->
<xs:complexType name="ConfigChangeEvent">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="DeviceSpecificEvent">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="deploymentType" type="DeploymentType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="updateType" type="UpdateType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="DeviceStatusEvent">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="DeviceSpecificEvent">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="updateType" type="UpdateType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="EventFilterItem">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="DeviceSpecificEvent">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="eventType" type="EventType" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="eventFormat" type="EventFormat" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="eventCategory" type="EventCategory" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" minOccurs="" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="SyslogServer">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="DeviceSpecificEvent">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="port" type="xs:positiveInteger" default="514" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="destAddress" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="EventSubRequest">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="op" type="SubscriptionOperation" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="subscriptionId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="eventFilterItem" type="EventFilterItem" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
        <xs:element name="syslogServer" type="SyslogServer" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="EventSubResponse">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="subscriptionId" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

</xs:schema>

11.4 Utility XSD

<!-- edited with XMLSpy v2011 (http://www.altova.com) by BRIAN MCMAHON (CISCO) -->
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" xmlns:csm="csm" targetNamespace="csm">
  <xs:include schemaLocation="common.xsd"/>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
    <xs:enumeration value="ok"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="timeout"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="failed"/>
  </xs:restriction>
  <xs:simpleType name="DeviceReadOnlyCLI_Cmd">
    <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
      <xs:element name="deviceIP" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="deviceName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="deviceGID" type="ObjectIdentifier" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:choice>
    <xs:element name="cmd" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:complexType name="DeviceCmdResult">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="deviceIP" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
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      <xs:element name="resultContent" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="ExecDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsRequest">
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
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        <xs:element name="deviceReadOnlyCLI_Cmds" type="DeviceReadOnlyCLI_Cmd" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
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    </xs:extension>
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  <xs:complexType name="ExecDeviceReadOnlyCLICmdsResponse">
    <xs:extension base="BaseReqResp">
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        <xs:element name="deviceCmdResult" type="DeviceCmdResult" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1"/>
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    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>

End of Document