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   libbz2.dll test program.
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   usage: minibz2 [-d] [-[1,2,...9]] [[srcfilename] destfilename]
*/

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.10 swap-utils 2.25.2
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*/

bsd.lo: bsd.c ../../../config.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdio.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/features.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/cdefs.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wordsize.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/libio.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/include/stddef.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/types.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/typesizes.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/libio.h 
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/_G_config.h 

Open Source Used In Cisco RV16x RV26x Routers 1.0.01.07-10 134
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/endian.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/endian.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/endian.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/byteswap.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/types.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/select.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/sysmacros.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/select.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/sigset.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/time.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4././././arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wchar.h:

partitions.h:

../../../libblkid/src/blkidP.h:
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

/* Align/Truncate a string in a given screen width
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/* Written by P"draig Brady. */

# bsd.lo - a libtool object file
# Generated by libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4
#
# Please DO NOT delete this file!
# It is necessary for linking the library.

# Name of the PIC object.
pic_object='.libs/bsd.o'

# Name of the non-PIC object
non_pic_object='bsd.o'

/*
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 *
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 * provided that the above copyright notice and this paragraph are
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 * THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED ``AS IS'' AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR
 * IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE IMPLIED
 * WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
 */

Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2d0f55067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device  Boot Start  End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

-------------------
Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8df51a88a045db233418dd73fbd bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device  Boot Start  End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
c  4096  20479   16384    8M unused   0  0  0
d   0  16064   16065   7.9M unused   0  0  0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>. Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed> 2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
a  4096   6144   2049    1M 4.2BSD   0  0  0
c  4096  20479   16384    8M unused   0  0  0
d   0  16064   16065   7.9M unused   0  0  0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):
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../Documentation/licenses/COPYING.BSD-3 file.
/* tailf.c -- tail a log file and then follow it
 * Created: Tue Jan 9 15:49:21 1996 by faith@acm.org
 * Copyright 1996, 2003 Rickard E. Faith (faith@acm.org)
 *
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 * OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.
 *
 * less -F and tail -f cause a disk access every five seconds. This
 * program avoids this problem by waiting for the file size to change.
 * Hence, the file is not accessed, and the access time does not need to be
 * flushed back to disk. This is sort of a "stealth" tail.
 */
1.11 json-c 0.11

1.11.1 Available under license:

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1.12 glib 2.41.1

1.12.1 Available under license:

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.13 ddns-scripts 1.0.0
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1.14 pcre 8.35

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Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
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1.15 libsmartcols 2.25.2-4

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645d6cb14efdd7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57c721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------
Create 1st primary partition
da64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

-------------------
Create 2st primary partition
1beb87248e05d66e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73f3e5 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1ceed94b59c9341afe0443a1f96a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slice</th>
<th>Start</th>
<th>End</th>
<th>Sectors</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fsize</th>
<th>Bsize</th>
<th>Cpg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>16384</td>
<td>8M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16064</td>
<td>16065</td>
<td>7.9M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed> 2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slice</th>
<th>Start</th>
<th>End</th>
<th>Sectors</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fsize</th>
<th>Bsize</th>
<th>Cpg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>6144</td>
<td>2049</td>
<td>1M</td>
<td>4.2BSD</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>16384</td>
<td>8M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16064</td>
<td>16065</td>
<td>7.9M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

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1.16 procd 2015-08-16-
0da5bf2ff222d1a499172a6e09507388676b5a08

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 *
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 *
 */

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <syslog.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <string.h>

#define PATH_SIZE 512

#ifndef strlcpy
#define strlcpy(d,s,l) (strncpy(d,s,l), (d)[(l)-1] = '\0')
#endif

#ifndef strlcat
#define strlcat(d,s,l) strncat(d,s,(l)-strlen(d)-1)
#endif

static int verbose;
static int dry_run;

static void log_message(int priority, const char *format, ...)
va_list args;

va_start(args, format);
vsyslog(priority, format, args);
va_end(args);
}

#undef err
#define err(format, arg...)             \
  do {                                     \
      log_message(LOG_ERR ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
  } while (0)

#undef info
#define info(format, arg...)             \
  do {                                     \
      log_message(LOG_INFO ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
  } while (0)

#ifdef DEBUG
#undef dbg
#define dbg(format, arg...)             \
  do {                                     \
      log_message(LOG_DEBUG ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
  } while (0)
#else
#define dbg(...) do {} while(0)
#endif

static void trigger_uevent(const char *devpath)
{
    char filename[PATH_SIZE];
    int fd;

    strlcpy(filename, "/sys", sizeof(filename));
    strlcat(filename, devpath, sizeof(filename));
    strlcat(filename, "/uevent", sizeof(filename));

    if (verbose)
        printf("%s\n", devpath);

    if (dry_run)
        return;

    fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY);
    if (fd < 0) {
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```
            dbg("error on opening %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));
            return;
            }

            if (write(fd, "add", 3) < 0)
                info("error on triggering %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));

            close(fd);
            }

            static int sysfs_resolve_link(char *devpath, size_t size)
            {
                char link_path[PATH_SIZE];
                char link_target[PATH_SIZE];
                int i;
                int back;

                strcpy(link_path, "/sys");
                strcat(link_path, devpath);
                len = readlink(link_path, link_target, sizeof(link_target));
                if (len <= 0)
                    return -1;
                link_target[len] = '\0';
                dbg("path link '%s' points to '%s'", devpath, link_target);

                for (back = 0; strncmp(&link_target[back * 3], "./\", 3) == 0; back++)
                {
                    dbg("base '%s', tail '%s', back %i", devpath, &link_target[back * 3], back);
                    for (i = 0; i <= back; i++)
                        {
                            char *pos = strchr(devpath, '/');
                            if (pos == NULL)
                                return -1;
                            pos[0] = '\0';
                        }
                    dbg("after moving back '%s'", devpath);
                    strcat(devpath, "/");
                    strcat(devpath, &link_target[back * 3]);
                    return 0;
                }

            static bool device_has_attribute(const char *path, const char *attr,
                                              mode_t mode)
            {
                char filename[PATH_SIZE];
                struct stat statbuf;
```

strlcpy(filename, path, sizeof(filename));
strlcat(filename, attr, sizeof(filename));

if (stat(filename, &statbuf) < 0)
return false;

if (!(statbuf.st_mode & mode))
return false;

return true;
}

static int device_list_insert(const char *path)
{
    char devpath[PATH_SIZE];
    struct stat statbuf;

    dbg("add '%s'", path);

    /* we only have a device, if we have a dev and an uevent file */
    if (!device_has_attribute(path, "/dev", S_IRUSR) ||
        !device_has_attribute(path, "/uevent", S_IWUSR))
        return -1;

    strlcpy(devpath, &path[4], sizeof(devpath));

    /* resolve possible link to real target */
    if (lstat(path, &statbuf) < 0)
return -1;

    if (S_ISLNK(statbuf.st_mode))
if (sysfs_resolve_link(devpath, sizeof(devpath)) != 0)
return -1;

    trigger_uevent(devpath);
return 0;
}

static void scan_subdir(const char *base, const char *subdir,
        bool insert, int depth)
{
    DIR *dir;
    struct dirent *dent;

    dir = opendir(base);
    if (dir == NULL)
return;

    for (dent = readdir(dir); dent != NULL; dent = readdir(dir)) {

char dirname[PATH_SIZE];

if (dent->d_name[0] == '.')
continue;

strncpy(dirname, base, sizeof(dirname));
strcat(dirname, "/", sizeof(dirname));
strcat(dirname, dent->d_name, sizeof(dirname));

if (insert) {
int err;

err = device_list_insert(dirname);
if (err)
continue;
}

if (subdir)
strcat(dirname, subdir, sizeof(base));

if (depth)
scan_subdir(dirname, NULL, true, depth - 1);
}

closedir(dir);

int main(int argc, char *argv[], char *envp[])
{
struct stat statbuf;
int option;

openlog("udevtrigger", LOG_PID | LOG_CONS, LOG_DAEMON);

while (1) {
option = getopt(argc, argv, "vnh");
if (option == -1)
break;

switch (option) {
case 'v':
verbose = 1;
break;
case 'n':
dry_run = 1;
break;
case 'h':
printf("Usage: udevtrigger OPTIONS\n"
"  -v                     print the list of devices while running\n"
"  -n                     do not actually trigger the events\n"
"  -h                     print this text\n"
"\n");
goto exit;
default:
goto exit;
}
}
/* if we have /sys/subsystem, forget all the old stuff */
scan_subdir("/sys/bus", "/devices", false, 1);
scan_subdir("/sys/class", NULL, false, 1);

/* scan "block" if it isn't a "class" */
if (stat("/sys/class/block", &statbuf) != 0)
    scan_subdir("/sys/block", NULL, true, 1);
exit:
closelog();
return 0;
}
/*
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 */

1.17 libnetfilter-cttimeout 1.0.0

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Version 2, June 1991

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30 atime=1338035511.14621132
30 ctime=1338038400.390056869

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Andric, Dimitry
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Bellis, Ray
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The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blittermann, Mario
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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in src/lib/gssapi, including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:
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include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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1.28 mutt 1.5.16

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1.29 libpam 1.1.8

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Originally written by Jason Gunthorpe <jgg@debian.org> Feb 1999
Structure taken from pam_lastlogin by Andrew Morgan
<morgan@parc.power.net> 1996
*/
/* By Tim Baverstock <warwick@mmm.co.uk>, Multi Media Machine Ltd.
* 5 March 1997
*
* Stuff stolen from pam_rootok and pam_listfile
*
* Changes by Tomas Mraz <tmraz@redhat.com> 5 January 2005, 26 January 2006
* Audit option added for Tomas patch by Sebastien Tricaud <toady@gscore.org> 13 January 2005
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 * PAM module that sets the login uid introduced in kernel 2.6.11
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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57c721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device   Boot   Start   End    Sectors   Size Id  Type
<removed>1 2048  4095   2048  1M 83 Linux
Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59e9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed> 2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.
Command (m for help):

-------------

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4
Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
a      4096  6144    2049    1M 4.2BSD       0     0   0
c      4096 20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0
d         0 16064   16065  7.9M unused       0     0   0
Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0  unused      5  4.1BSD      9  4.4LFS      d  boot
1  swap       6  Eighth Edition a  unknown    e  ADOS
2  Version 6  7  4.2BSD      b  HPFS       f  HFS
3  Version 7  8  MS-DOS      c  ISO-9660    10 AdvFS
4  System V
Command (m for help):
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1.35 libthread-db 2.19-1
1.35.1 Available under license:

Jan 21, 2002

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {


return true;
}

public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
    return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
    }
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
    }
}
if (haveValidTag) {
    StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
    result.append("<dl>");
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © \#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
        }
    }
    result.append("</dl>");
    return result.toString();
} else {
    return null;
}

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   b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least
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specified materials from the same place.

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components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java

namespace security

class Permission;

class PermissionCollection;

}
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:

Permission(::java::lang::String *);
virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;

public:
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
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\end{verbatim}

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\end{verbatim}

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/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 */
* or you don't.
*<p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the file foo.
*<p><code>Permission</code>’s must be immutable - do not change their state after creation.
*<p>@author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4 */

```java
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable {

private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

/*
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
 */

private String name;

/*
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */

public Permission(String name) {
    this.name = name;
}

/*
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds or throws an exception if it fails.
 */
```
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
* This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
* specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
* @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
* @return true if perm is implied by this
*/
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
* Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
* than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
* @param obj the object to compare to
* @return true if this object equals obj
*/
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
* must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
* Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
* @return the name
*/
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}
/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();
    
    string = string.append('(
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions());
    
    if (!(getActions().equals('')))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }
}
string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
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functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
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author</replaceable>
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If the F register is turned on, we’ll generate index entries on stderr for

- titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
- entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you’ll have to process the

out output yourself in some meaningful fashion.

`\e \nF \{
  de IX
  tm Index:\$1\t\n\%	"\$2"
.. 
  nr % 0
  \n F
  \}
`\e \nF \{
  de IX
.. 
  \}
`\nF

Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).

Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.

- fudge factors for nroff and troff

```
\if n \{
  ds \#H 0
  ds \#V .8m
  ds \#F .3m
  ds \#[ \f1
  ds \] \fP
\}\if t \{
  ds \#H ((1u-(\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
  ds \#V .6m
  ds \#F 0
  ds \#[ \&
  ds \] \&
\}\}
```

simple accents for nroff and troff

```
\if n \{
  ds ` \&
  ds ` \&
  ds ^ \&
  ds , \&
  ds ~ ~
  ds /
\}\if t \{
  ds ` `\-(\n(.wu*8/10)\&(#H))\&\h\'|\n:u```

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine bytecode, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.<br />

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Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.

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# Author: Free Software Foundation
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# It under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0
def report (self, filename, string):
    if filename:
        string = filename + ' : ' + string
    sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
    self.num_errors += 1

def ok (self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__ (self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set (['
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt--obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',

        '])

Open Source Used In Cisco RV16x RV26x Routers 1.0.01.07-10  534
def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile('	')
    return None

def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext(os.path.join(dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists(base + '.am'):
            return True

    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists(base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists(base + '.tpl')):
        return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists(base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists(base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir(self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs
def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9\.,\s\s+and\s+]*[0-9])'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '[@w-~]'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('^[0-9]+$')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (r'\b\[Cc\]opyright\s+'
                                     + r'\[Cc\]opyright\s+\(\[Cc\]\)\'
                                     + r'\[Cc\]opyright\s+\%'s'
                                     + r'\[Cc\]opyright\s+\&copy;\'
                                     + r'\[Cc\]opyright\s+\@copyright\[ \]'
                                     + r'\@set\s+\copyright\[w-\]+')

        # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
        # we can remove any excess.
        '\s*\(??:' + ranges + '\.',?'
        '@value\{[^{}]*\}\[w-\]+')

        # 3: 'by ', if used
        '(by\s+)?'

        # 4: the copyright holder. Don’t allow multiple consecutive
        # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn’t get caught

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
    re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ',', '.
self.separator = ''

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)
def year_range(self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year(year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall(years)]
    assert len(year_list) > 0
    return (min(year_list), max(year_list))

def set_use_quilt(self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year(self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years(self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith('@value '):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
        max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation(self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match(line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete(self, match):
    holder = match.group(4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                 or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
intro = match.group(1)
if intro.startswith('@set'):
    # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
    after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
    if after_years != '':
        self.errors.report(pathname,
                           'trailing characters in @set:'
                           + after_years)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete(match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break
        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation(next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match(continuation):
            break
        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

    # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
    match = self.copyright_re.match(line, match.start())
    assert match

    holder = match.group(4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author(dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders

    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report(pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report(pathname,
                           'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
    return
lines = []
changed = False
line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
    prev = None
    for line in file:
        next_line = None
        # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
        if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
            match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
            if match:
                res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                           file, line, match)
                (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                changed = changed or this_changed

        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                % line.strip())
            lines.append (line)
            line = next_line

        # If something changed, write the new file out.
        if changed and self.errors.ok():
            tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
            with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                for line in lines:
                    file.write (line)
            if self.use_quilt:
                subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
            os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
else:
    self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
    self.errors = Errors()
    self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
    self.dirs = []
    self.default_dirs = []
    self.chosen_dirs = []
    self.option_handlers = dict()
    self.option_help = []

    self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
    self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                     self.o_quilt)
    self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                     self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...

    Options:
' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s
'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('
Directories:
')
    format = '%-25s
'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):


def main(self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1:] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append(arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg](arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join(chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith(canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                        self.copyright.process_tree(dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
                    self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
            sys.exit(0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------------
class TopLevelFilter(GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir(self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

    def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
            with open(pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file(self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter(GenericFilter):
def __init__(self):
    GenericFilter.__init__(self)

    self.skip_files |= set([
        # Not part of GCC
        'math-68881.h',
    ])

    self.skip_dirs |= set([
        # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
        'ada',
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',
    ])

    self.skip_extensions |= set([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',
        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
    ])

    self.fossilised_files |= set([
        # Old news won't be updated.
        'ONEWS',
    ])

class TestsuiteFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        ])

        def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
# g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
# and isn’t updated.
if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
    return True
return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set (['
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',

        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
    ])

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set (['
        # Imported from GLIBC.
        'soft-fp',
    ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
def __init__ (self):
    GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set (['
        # Handled separately.
        'testsuite',

        # Not really part of the library
        'contrib',

        # Imported from upstream
        'classpath',
        'libltdl',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set [
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ]

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set [
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ]

        self.skip_dirs |= set [
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ]

        self.own_files |= set [
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
        ]

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author (canon_fsf)
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__(self):
        CmdLine.__init__(self, GCCCopyright)
        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
self.add_dir ('libatomic')
self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
# libffi is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
self.add_dir ('libgomp')
self.add_dir ('libiberty')
self.add_dir ('libitm')
self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
               TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir ('libobjc')
self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir ('libssp')
self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libibit',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCmdLine().main()

Copyright: <init>()VCode
ConstantValueCopyrightHEADER
Copyright: <init>()VCode
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethis-
Lgnu/classpath/tools/taglets/TagletNAMEjava/lang/String;

inConstructorinMethod
inOverviewwinPackageinTypeisInlineTagregister(Ljava/util/Map;)V
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gfdl
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
@uref{http://fsf.org/}

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.
@c This file is intended to be included within another document, hence no sectioning command or @node.
@c man end
@end ignore

@ifset gfdlhtml
@ifnothtml
@comment node-name, next, previous, up
@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top
@end ifnothtml
@html
<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
@end html

&{*}
java/util/Map.put8(java/lang/Object;java/lang/Object;
tagletMap(java/util/Map;java/lang/String;com/sun/javadoc/Tag)
S06*(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)java/lang/String;com/sun/javadoc/Tag
tagletMap(java/util/Map;java/lang/Object;java/lang/Object;
tagletMap(java/util/Map;java/lang/String;com/sun/javadoc/Tag)
S06*(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)java/lang/String;com/sun/javadoc/Tag
BF\d>
BHJappend,(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;Ljava/lang/StringBuilderN<dt><i>Copyright ©{*} KPQ</i></dt>
KX0Z</dl>
BXtags[Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;haveValidTagZiIresultLjava/lang/StringBuffer;
SourceFileCopyrightTaglet.java!

/*/1-
7;::{C.G.K \O!S"QYSL*+%+WWXY-.
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@enumerate a
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@end enumerate
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@page
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    namespace security 
    {
      namespace acl 
      {
        class Permission; 
      } 
    } 
  } 
} 

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object 
{
  public: 
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collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson (jep@mtiame.mit.edu), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?) ) and
Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dossier provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
 *
 * @version 0.0
 *
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 */
public interface Permission
{
  /**
   * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code> (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
   *
   * @param perm The permission to check for equality
   *
   * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
   */
  boolean equals (Object perm);

  /**
   * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
   *
   * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
   */
  String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.s' to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */
/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \ 
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \ 
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \ 
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUTAligned_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \ 
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \ 
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \ 
sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))
/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -^- c++ ^^- 

ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
    namespace gnu
    {


namespace javax
{
    namespace sound
    {
        class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
    }
}
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{
    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

    public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;

    private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;

    public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.36 ipsec-tools 0.8.1

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/*SNetBSD: debug.h,v 1.5 2008/12/23 14:03:12 tteras Exp $*/

/* Id: debug.h,v 1.3 2004/06/11 16:00:16 ludevigm Exp */

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1.42 libnl-tiny 0.1

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:"

    // Your code here...
}
public String getName() {
    return NAME;
}

public boolean inField() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
    return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (Tag t : tags) {
            haveValidTag = haveValidTag || t.isTag();
        }
        return haveValidTag ? t.getText() : null;
    }
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (Tag t : tags) {
            haveValidTag = haveValidTag || t.isTag();
        }
        return haveValidTag ? t.getText() : null;
    }
}
for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
    if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
        haveValidTag = true;
    }
}

if (haveValidTag) {
    StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
    result.append("<dl>");
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
        }
    }
    result.append("</dl>");
    return result.toString();
} else {
    return null;
}

} }

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface
```c++
#include <java/lang/Object.h>

namespace java {
    namespace security {
        class Permission;
        class PermissionCollection;
    }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object {

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};
```

---

```c
#include <java/lang/Object.h>

extern "Java"
{
namespace java {
    namespace security {
        class Permission;
        class PermissionCollection;
    }
}
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object {

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;

    #endif // __java_security_Permission__
    @ignore
    @c Set file name and title for man page.
    @setfilename gpl
    @settitle GNU General Public License
    @c man begin SEEALSO
    gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
    @c man end
    @c man begin COPYRIGHT
    Copyright © 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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    @c man end
```
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@end c man
package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
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* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.

*p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*p> <code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*p> @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
*p> @see Permissions
*p> @see PermissionCollection
*p> @since 1.1
*p> @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
/**
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
 */
private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}
/**
* This method implements the `<code>Guard</code>` interface for this class.
* It calls the `<code>checkPermission</code>` method in
* `<code>SecurityManager</code>` with this `<code>Permission</code>` as its
* argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
* or throws an exception if it fails.
* 
* @param obj the `<code>Object</code>` being guarded - ignored by this class
* @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
* @see GuardedObject
* @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
*/
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
* This method tests whether this `<code>Permission</code>` implies that the
* specified `<code>Permission</code>` is also granted.
* 
* @param perm the `<code>Permission</code>` to test against
* @return true if perm is implied by this
*/
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
* Check to see if this object equals obj. Use `<code>equals</code>`, rather
* than `<code>equals</code>`, when making access control decisions.
* 
* @param obj the object to compare to
*/
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this `<code>Permission</code>`. It
* must satisfy the contract of `<code>Object.hashCode</code>`: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
* 
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
* Get the name of this `<code>Permission</code>`.
* 
* @return the name
*/
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
* This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
* as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
* example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
* <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
* "read,write".
* @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
*/
public abstract String getActions();

/**
* This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
* that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
* such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
* an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
* <code>implies</code>.
* @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
*/
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
* This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
* <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
* <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
* + ')'</code>.
* @return this object as a <code>String</code>
*/
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();
    string = string.append('(
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions);
    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
if (!(getActions().equals("")))
{
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions());
}

string = string.append(')');
return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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</bridgehead>
<para>
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</para>
<para>
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</para>

<appendix>
\" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
\"
\" Standard preamble:
\"
=======================================================================
.de Sp " Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
.. 
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \$1
.. 
.de Ve " End verbatim text
\"
\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \%(-- will give an unbreakable dash, \%(PI will give pi, \%(L will give a left double quote, and \%(R will give a right double quote. \%(C+ will give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and therefore won't be available. \%(C and \%(C expand to '' in nroff, nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
\tr \%(W-
\ds C+ C\v-.1v\h'-1p\s-.2+\h'-1p'\s0\v'.1v\h'-1p'
\ie n \{
  .ds -- \%(W-
  .ds PI pi
  if (\n(\H=4u)&(\M=24u) .ds -- \%(W\h'-12u\%(W\h'-12u\%(C+ diablo 10 pitch
  if (\n(\H=4u)&(\M=20u) .ds -- \%(W\h'-12u\%(W\h'-8u\%(L diablo 12 pitch
  .ds L" "
  .ds R" "
  .ds C" "
  .ds C" "
\'br\}
\el\{
  .ds -- \%(em\}
  .ds PI \%^p
  .ds L" "
  .ds R" "
  .ds C" "
\'br\}
\}
\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
\ie \n(\.g .ds Aq \(aq
\el .ds Aq '
\}
\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
\ie \nF \{
  .de IX
  .tm Index:\$1|\$,\n\%	"\$2"
  .rr % 0
  .rr F
  .}
\el \{
  .de IX
  .}
\}
Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).

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fudge factors for nroff and troff

simple accents for nroff and troff

troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents

corrections for vroff

for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" "gcc-4.8.3" "GNU"
\" For nroff, turn off justification. Always turn off hyphenation; it makes
\" way too many mistakes in technical documents.
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SEE ALSO

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c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under
3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

16/gnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission@java/lang/Enum<PLAY1Lgnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;RECORDALLENUM$VALUES2[I]Lgnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;<clinit>()VCode
<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTable
thisvalues4)[Lgnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
$&%java/lang/System'(arraycopy*(Ljava/lang/Object;ILjava/lang/Object;II)VvalueOfE(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
.-5(Ljava/lang/Class;Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/Enum;
SourceFileAudioSecurityManager.java
SignatureCLjava/lang/Enum<Lgnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager$Permission;>;
InnerClasses4$gnu/java/sound/AudioSecurityManager
Permission@1@@@

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or a specified later version) of the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any
subsequent versions published by the FSF.

"GPL-compatible Software" is software whose conditions of propagation, modification and use would permit combination with GCC in accord with the license of GCC.

"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.
There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the gcc mailing list.

The source code is distributed under the license specified in the file COPYING.RUNTIME:

GCCRUNTIMELIBRARYEXCEPTION

Version 3.1.31

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0. Definitions.

...
interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library. <br />

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"GPL-compatible Software" is software whose conditions of propagation, modification and use would permit combination with GCC in accordance with the license of GCC. <br />

"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/ or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation. <br />

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If you plan on making copies of the documentation, please let us know. We can probably offer suggestions.
import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()
self.skip_files |= set([
    # Skip licence files.
    'COPYING',
    'COPYING.LIB',
    'COPYING3',
    'COPYING3.LIB',
    'LICENSE',
    'fdl.texi',
    'gpl_v3.texi',
    'fdl-1.3.xml',
    'gpl-3.0.xml',

    # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
    'aclocal.m4',
    'compile',
    'config.guess',
    'config.sub',
    'depcomp',
    'install-sh',
    'libtool.m4',
    'ltmain.sh',
    'ltoptions.m4',
    'ltsgmr.m4',
    'ltversion.m4',
    'lt--obsoletoe.m4',
    'missing',
    'mkdep',
    'mkinstalldirs',
    'move-if-change',
    'shlibpath.m4',
    'symlink-tree',
    'ylwrap',

    # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
    'gnu.texi',
    'funding.texi',
    'appendix_free.xml',

    # Skip imported texinfo files.
    'texinfo.tex',
])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('	')
def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext(os.path.join(dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists(base + '.am'):
            return True

    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists(base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists(base + '.tpl')):
        return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists(base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists(base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir(self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True

    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author(self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__(self, errors):
        self.errors = errors
# Characters in a range of years. Include `.' for typos.
ranges = '[0-9]([-0-9.,\s]+)*[0-9]'

# Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
normal = '[^w\-.]+'

# Matches one year.
sel.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

# Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
sel.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + normal)

# Matches a full copyright notice:
sel.copyright_re = re.compile (  
  # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
  '((Cc)opyright'  
  '([Cc]opyrights+\([Cc]\)'  
  '([Cc]opyrights+%'  
  '([Cc]opyrights+&copy;'  
  '([Cc]opyrights+@copyright\})'  
  '@set\{copyright\}[w-]+')'

  # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
  # we can remove any excess.
  '\(\s*\(?:' + ranges + ',?'  
  '\)\@value\{[^{}]*\})\s*')

  # 3: 'by ', if used
  '(by\s+)?'

  # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
  # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
  # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
  '\(\ +name +\(?\s?' + normal + '+\)\)\)?'

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
sel.other_copyright_re = re.compile (  
  'copyright.*[0-9]'  
  re.IGNORECASE)

sel.comment_re = re.compile('#|[*]+|;|\%|//|@c|dnl')

self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }

self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ' '  

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
if years.startswith('@value'):
    return years

(min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)

# Update the upper bound, if enabled.
if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
    max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)

# Use a range.
if min_year == max_year:
    return '%d' % min_year
else:
    return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation(self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match(line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete(self, match):
    holder = match.group(4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
             or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)

    intro = match.group(1)
    if intro.startswith('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
        if after_years != '':
            self.errors.report(pathname,'trailing characters in @set: ' + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete(match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
break

# If the next line doesn’t look like a proper continuation,
# assume that what we’ve got is complete.
continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
    break

# Merge the lines for matching purposes.
orig_line += next_line
line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
next_line = None

# Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
assert match

holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
years = match.group(2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years(dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report(pathname, str(e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start(2)]
    + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
    + line[match.end(2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith('right'):
    intro += ' (C)
elif intro.endswith('(c)'):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)
line = line[:match.start(1)] + intro + line[match.end(1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file(self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove(pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return
    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter(dir, filename)
    with open(pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match(line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search(line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright(dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = True
                line = (line[:match.start(1)]
                        + ' ' + intro + line[match.end(1):])
                # Strip trailing whitespace
                line = line.rstrip() + '

                return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)
changed = changed or this_changed

# Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
    self.errors.report (pathname,
        'unrecognised copyright: %s'
        % line.strip())
    lines.append (line)
    line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (["quilt", 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
            self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
    self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter ()):  
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'  
        'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])  
    format = '%-15s %s
'  
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('Directories:\n')  
    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok ():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help ()
        else:
for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
    canon_dir = os.path.join(chosen_dir, '')
    count = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        if (dir + os.sep).startswith(canon_dir):
            count += 1
            self.copyright.process_tree(dir, filter)
    if count == 0:
        self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit(0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------------
class TopLevelFilter(GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir(self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

    def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
            with open(pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
                return GenericFilter.skip_file(self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_files |= set([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        ]) 

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])
class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        )

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        )
class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (['
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        '])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (['
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        '])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (['
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        '])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set (['
# Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
'intro.xml',
])

self.skip_dirs |= set([^)
    # Contains automatically-generated sources.
'html',

    # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
'data',

    # Contains imported images
'images',
])

self.own_files |= set([^)
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
'spine.xml',
])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

    self.add_external_author ('ARM')
    self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
    self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
    self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
    self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
    self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
    self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
    self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
    self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
    self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes',)
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
self.add_dir('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCCCCmdLine().main()

 GCCCmdLine().main()
1f+gnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet.java/lang/Objectcom/sun/tools/doclets/TagletNAMELjava/lang/String;
ConstantValue copyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
LineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethis-
Lgnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet;getName()Ljava/lang/String;inField()Z
inConstructorinMethod
inOverviewinPackageinTypesinlineTagregister(Ljava/util/Map;)V

&(*)
java/util/Map+, put8(Ljava/lang/Object;Ljava/lang/Object;)Ljava/lang/Object;
tagletMapLjava/util/Map;copyrightTaglettoString(Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;)Ljava/lang/String;3com/sun/javadoc/Tag;
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=?>java/lang/String@Alength()ICjava/lang/StringBuffer
BF<dt>
BHIJappend,(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuffer;Ljava/lang/StringBuilderN<dt><i>Copyright ©
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KX0Z</dl>
BXtags[Lcom/sun/javadoc/Tag;haveValidTagZiIresultLjava/lang/StringBuffer;
SourceFileCopyrightTaglet.java!

/1-
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Developed by:
LLVM Team

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Directory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mach_override</td>
<td>lib/interception/mach_override</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

@node Library Copying
@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

@display
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@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the Lesser General Public License because it does to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less
of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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@enumerate a
@item
The modified work must itself be a software library.
@item
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@item
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with the Front-Cover Texts being @var{list}, and with the Back-Cover Texts being @var{list}.
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@c Local Variables:
c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:

@c man end

1java/security/acl/Permissionjava/lang/Objectequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZtoString()Ljava/lang/String;
SourceFilePermission.java

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```
1[java/security/Permissionjava/lang/Objectjava/security/Guardjava/io/SerializableserialVersionUIDJ
ConstantValue?(WQ~nameJava/lang/String;<init>(Ljava/lang/String:)VCode
()VLineNumberTableLocalVariableTablethisLjava/security/Permission;
checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;)V
! java/lang/System"#getSecurityManager()Ljava/lang/SecurityManager;
%&java/lang/SecurityManager()checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;)VobjLjava/lang/Object;smLjava/lang/
SecurityManager.implies(Ljava/security/Permission;Zequals(Ljava/lang/Object;)ZhashCode()JgetParam()Ljava/lang/
String;
getActionsnewPermissionCollection&()Ljava/security/PermissionCollection;toString:gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder:
>
:?
@append"(C)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
H
N65P
RTSjava/lang/String01
:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
SourceFilePermission.java!
F
**+[]^NT
XM,*$nop
q **+
-.012345/*6578,95S:Y<+L+(=L+*AEIL+=L+*LIL*MOQ+=L+*MIL+=L+U*
+7>GNSKWXYZ

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -* c++ -*

#define __java_security_acl_Permission__
#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
    namespace java
```
{ namespace security
{ namespace acl
{ class Permission;
}
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
 virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
 virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(aggc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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exception statement from your version. */

package java.security.acl;

/**
This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is not the same as the class java.security.Permission.

@version 0.0

@author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)

public interface Permission
{
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified Object is the same as this permission.
 *
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 *
 * @return true if the specified permission is the same as this one, false otherwise
 */
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this String as a String representing this permission.
 *
 * @return A String representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix "."s to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h` --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) 

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line 
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) 
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space \"HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line 
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) 
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \

assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
 to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_W...
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#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
namespace gnu
{
namespace javax
{
namespace sound
{
class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
}
}
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
public:
static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.47 perl-digest-hmac 1.03
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1.48 802.1x 1-1

1.49 comgt 0.32

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 *
 * djb's sample implementation of curve25519 is written in a special assembly *
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 *
 * This is, almost, a clean room reimplementation from the curve25519 paper. It
* uses many of the tricks described therein. Only the crecip function is taken
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*/

1.51 liblocaldb 1

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;
import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

}
}
public boolean inOverview() {
return true;
}
public boolean inPackage() {
return true;
}
public boolean inType() {
return true;
}
public boolean isInlineTag() {
return false;
}
public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}
public String toString(Tag tag) {
return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}
public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
if (tags.length == 0) {
return null;
}
else {
boolean haveValidTag = false;
for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
haveValidTag = true;
}
}
if (haveValidTag) {
StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
result.append("<dl>");
for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
}
}
result.append("</dl>");

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return result.toString();
}
else {
    return null;
}
}
}

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derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least
three years, to give the same user the materials specified in
Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of
performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is
normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally
accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot
use both them and the Library together in an executable that you
distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the
Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library
facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined
library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on
the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise
permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
based on the Library, uncombined with any other library
facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the
Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
    class Permission;
    class PermissionCollection;
}
}
}

class java::security::Permission : public java::lang::Object
{

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
static const jlong serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674LL;
::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#if !__java_security_Permission__
ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c man end
@node Copying
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@enumerate 0
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@example
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end example

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@example
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
@end example
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show
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@end cmd
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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exception statement from your version. */

package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
* or you don't.
*
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
*
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/

public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
/**
* Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
*/
private static final long serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name) {
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj) {
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**

* Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>equals</code>, rather
* than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
*
* @param obj the object to compare to
*/
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
* must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode()</code>: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
*
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
* Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
* 
* @return the name
*/
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
* This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
* as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
* example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
* <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
* "read,write".
*
* @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
*/
public abstract String getActions();

/**
* This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
* that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
* such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
* an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
* <code>implies</code>.
*
* @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
*/
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>(' + getClass().getName() + ' + getName() + ' + getActions
 * + ')</code>.
 * *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());

    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is
normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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    <para>
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    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
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    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
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    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
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</para>
</appendix>

" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
" Standard preamble:
"=======================================================================
.de Sp " Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
.. 
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \$1
...
.de Ve " End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \*(-- will
" give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left
" double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote. \*(C+ will
" give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
" therefore won't be available. \*(C" and \*(C' expand to `" in nroff,
" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C\'*-.1v\'h'-1p'\'s-2+\'h'-1p'+s0\'v'.1v\'h'-1p'
.ie n \{
  . ds -- \(*W-
  . ds PI pi
  . if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\'h'-12u\'\'W\'h'-12u'\')" diablo 10 pitch
  . if (\n(.H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\'h'-12u\'\'W\'h'-8u'\')" diablo 12 pitch
  . ds L" 
  . ds R" "
  . ds C" "
  . ds C' "
  'br}
.el\{
  . ds -- }{\em}
  . ds PI \*/p
  . ds L" 
  . ds R" 
  'br\}
"
Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(g ds Aa \aq
.el .ds Aa '
.F
.F If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
.F titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
.F entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the
.F output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{
 . de IX
 . tm Index:\$1\n\m\$2
 .. . nr % 0
 . rr F
 .}
.el \{
 . de IX
 ..
 .}
.F Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
 .. \ fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{
 . ds #H 0
 . ds #V .8m
 . ds #F .3m
 . ds #\ V1
 . ds #} \P
 .}
.if t \{
 . ds #H ((1u-(\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
 . ds #V .6m
 . ds #F 0
 . ds #\ &
 . ds #} &
 .}
 .. \ simple accents for nroff and troff
.if n \{
 . ds ` &
 . ds \ &
 . ds ^ &
 . ds \ &
 . ds ~ ~
 . ds /
 .}
.if t \{
 . ds `\h-(\n(.wu*8/10-*(#H)\n\h"|\n\u"
GPL 7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007
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IX Subsection "END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS"

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SEE ALSO

`gfdl(7)`, `fsf-funding(7)`.

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
#   # update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set([
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
        ])}
def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')
    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True
    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
return True

# Skip files produced by autogen
if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
    and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
    return True

# Skip configure files produced by autoconf
if filename == 'configure':
    if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
        return True
    if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
        return True

return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9,.,\s]+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '\w+[-\w.]*'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|\s+' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (}
# 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
'([Cc]opyright'  
'([C]opyrights+\([Cc]\)]'  
'([Cc]opyrights+%'  
'([Cc]opyrights+&copy;'  
'([Cc]opyrights+@copyright\{)'  
'[@setss+copyright\[w-]+)'

# 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that  
# we can remove any excess.  
'(\$*\(?' + ranges + '.?)'  
'[@value\{[^\}]*\})\$*')

# 3: 'by', if used  
'(by\$+)?'  

# 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive  
# spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught  
# (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).  
'(\ + name + ('\$s?' + name + '+')*?)'

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching  
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of  
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.  
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*\[0-9][0-9]',  
re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')  
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.separator = ' '  

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.  
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.  
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', ',  
self.separator = ''

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):  
if not canon_form:  
   canon_form = holder  
self.holders[holder] = canon_form  
index = holder.find (' ')  
while index >= 0:  
   self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])  
   index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)
def add_external_author(self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__(self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__(self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year(self, string):
    year = int(string)
    if len(string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len(string) == 4:
            return year
    raise self.BadYear(string)

def year_range(self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year(year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall(years)]
    assert len(year_list) > 0
    return (min(year_list), max(year_list))

def set_use_quilt(self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year(self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years(self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith('@value '):
        return years
    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)
    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
        max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)
    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)
```python
def strip_continuation(self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match(line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete(self, match):
    holder = match.group(4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
            or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)

    intro = match.group(1)
    if intro.startswith('@set '):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
        if after_years != ':
            self.errors.report(pathname,
                'trailing characters in @set: ' + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete(match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break

            # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
            # assume that what we've got is complete.
            continuation = self.strip_continuation(next_line)
            if not self.continuation_re.match(continuation):
                break

            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
            next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
```
match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
assert match

holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith(('c')):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start(1)] + intro + line[match.end(1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file(self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove(pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return
    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter(dir, filename)
    with open(pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match(line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search(line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright(dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed
                    # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                    elif self.other_copyright_re.search(line):
                        self.errors.report(pathname,
                                           'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                           % line.strip())
                        lines.append(line)
                        line = next_line
                # If something changed, write the new file out.
                if changed and self.errors.ok():
                    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
                    with open(tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
for line in lines:
file.write (line)
if self.use_quilt:
subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)
def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
# Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
del subdirs[i]
# Handle the files in this directory.
for filename in filenames:
if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
% os.path.join (dir, filename))
else:
self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)
class CmdLine:
def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
self.errors = Errors()
self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
self.dirs = []
self.default_dirs = []
self.chosen_dirs = []
self.option_handlers = dict()
self.option_help = []
self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
self.o_this_year)
def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
self.option_help.append ((name, help))
self.option_handlers[name] = handler
def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))
def o_help (self, option = None):
sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
format = '%-15s %s\n'

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for (what, help) in self.option_help:
    sys.stdout.write(format % (what, help))
sys.stdout.write('nDirectories:')

format = '%%-25s'
i = 0
for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
    i += 1
    if i % 3 == 0 or i == len(self.dirs):
        sys.stdout.write(dir + 'n')
    else:
        sys.stdout.write(format % dir)
sys.exit(0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year(time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append(arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg](arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok():
    if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
    else:
        for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
            canon_dir = os.path.join(chosen_dir, '')
count = 0
for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
    if (dir + os.sep).startswith(canon_dir):
        count += 1
    self.copyright.process_tree(dir, filter)
if count == 0:
    self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
sys.exit(0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------------------
class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        )
        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        )
        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        )
        self.fossilised_files |= set (
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
        )

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
```python
def __init__(self):
    GenericFilter.__init__(self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set(['
        # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
        '.c',
        '.C',
        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
    ])

def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename(dir) == 'g++.niklas':
        return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file(self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set(['
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set(['
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)
```

self.skip_dirs |= set([  
    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',

    # Not really part of the library
    'contrib',

    # Imported from upstream
    'classpath',
    'libltdl',
])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile (".*NAME_COPYRIGHT")
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile (".*icSigCopyrightTag")
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([  
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([  
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set([  
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ])
self._own_files |= set([
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
    'spine.xml',
])

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright(Copyright):
    def __init__(self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__(self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author('ARM')
        self.add_external_author('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuiji Nishimura')
        self.add_external_author('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author('Silcon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author('The Go Authors.')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__(self):
        CmdLine.__init__(self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir(os.path.join('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())

        self.add_dir('gnattools')
        self.add_dir('include')
        self.add_dir('libada')
        self.add_dir('libatomic')
        self.add_dir('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir('libgomp')
        self.add_dir('libiberty')
        self.add_dir('libitm')
        self.add_dir('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir(os.path.join('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir(os.path.join('libmudflap', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir('libobjc')
        self.add_dir('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir('libssp')
        self.add_dir('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.

        self.default_dirs = [
            'gcc',
            'libada',
            'libatomic',
            'libbacktrace',
            'libcpp',
            'libdecnumber',
            'libffi',
            'libgcc',
            'libgfortran',
            'libgomp',
            'libiberty',
            'libitm',
            'libjava',
            'libmudflap',
            'libobjc',
            'libquadmath',
            'libstdc++-v3',
        ]
There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the GCC mailing list.

The source code is distributed under the Appendix D. GNU General Public License version 3.

With the addition under section 7 of an exception described in the GCC Runtime Library Exception, version 3.1 as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):

GCCRUNTIMELIBRARYEXCEPTION

Version 3.1.31 March 2009

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When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtimelibraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtimelibraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or as specified later versions of) the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any subsequent versions published by the FSF.

"GPL-compatible Software" is software whose conditions of propagation, modification and use would permit combination with GCC in accord with the license of GCC.

"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine bytecode, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.
1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copy Left.

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Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.

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SourceFilePermission.java!
F
**+[]^**

 XM,,*$nop
q *+
-./012345/*6578,9SY.L+=(L+*AEIL+=L+*LIL*MOQ+=L+*MIL+=L+U* 
*+7>GNSKWXYZ

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -.*- c++ -.*-

ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
 namespace security
 {
  namespace acl
   {
    class Permission;
   }
   
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public java::lang::Object
{

public:
   virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
   virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
   static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__((java_interface));

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson (jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.cs.sds.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be
 * granted. Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class
 * <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
 *
 * @version 0.0
 *
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 */
public interface Permission
{

/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
 * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
 *
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 *
 * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
 */
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 *
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}
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For more information see the README file in the examples directory.

Directory native/fdlimb
fdlimb contains general algorithms useful for runtimes and compilers to support strict double and float mathematical operations.

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David Megginson, sax@megginson.com
1998-05-11

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix `.s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */
/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) 
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space \"HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"\n\t\", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */
/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a global common symbol. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) 
( fputs (".comm \", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a local common symbol. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) 
( fputs (".lcomm \", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) 
( fputs (".lcomm \", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where..."
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)\  
sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */
#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace gnu
{
namespace javax
{
namespace sound
{
    class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
}
}
}
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{
    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
    public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
    private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
    public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.53 qos-uci 1.0

1.54 libuuid 2.25.2
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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1beb87248e05d6e4e662b749d465d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8df51a8a045db23d418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.
Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slice</th>
<th>Start</th>
<th>End</th>
<th>Sectors</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fsize</th>
<th>Bsize</th>
<th>Cpg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>16384</td>
<td>8M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16064</td>
<td>16065</td>
<td>7.9M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>. Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slice</th>
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<th>Type</th>
<th>Fsize</th>
<th>Bsize</th>
<th>Cpg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>6144</td>
<td>2049</td>
<td>1M</td>
<td>4.2BSD</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>16384</td>
<td>8M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0  unused           5  4.1BSD           9  4.4LFS           d  boot
1  swap             6  Eighth Edition  a  unknown          e  ADOS
2  Version 6        7  4.2BSD           b  HPFS             f  HFS
3  Version 7        8  MS-DOS           c  ISO-9660        10  AdvFS
4  System V

Command (m for help):
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1.55 librt 2.19-1
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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;
import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

  private static final String NAME = "copyright";
  private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

  public String getName() {
    return NAME;
  }

  public boolean inField() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean inType() {
    return true;
  }

  public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
  }

  public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
  }
}
public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        } else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -* c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
class Permission;
class PermissionCollection;
}
}
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{
public:
  Permission(::java::lang::String *);
  virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
  virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
  virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
  virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
  virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
  virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
  virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
  virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
  static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
  ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
public:
  static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily
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6b.

@item
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@end enumerate

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@end c man end
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 * *
 * <p>The most important method in this class is implies(). This
 * checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
 * permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
 * permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
 * "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
 * file foo.
 * *
 * <p>Permission's must be immutable - do not change their
 * state after creation.
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable {

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name) {
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj) {
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();
/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'"</code>
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');  
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');  
    if (!(getActions().equals(""))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');  
        string = string.append(getActions());
    
    }
    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>
<para>
Version 3, 29 June 2007
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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
</para>

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all notices.
</para>

You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
</para>

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
not make them do so.
</para>
</listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works,
which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are
not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if
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permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause
this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">
6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.
</bridgehead>
<para>
You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of
sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable
Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
<li>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source
fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software
interchange.
</para>
</li>
<li>
<para>
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including
a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid
for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts
or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses
the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all
the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a
durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a
price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this
conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from
a network server at no charge.
</para>
</li>
<li>
</li>
</orderedlist>
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

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<para>
Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">
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</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>one line to give the programs name and a brief idea of what it does.</replaceable>
Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>

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this when it starts in an interactive mode:
</para>
<screen>
<replaceable>program</replaceable> Copyright (C) <replaceable>year</replaceable> <replaceable>name of author</replaceable>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type <literal>show w</literal>.
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" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
" Standard preamble:
" ========================================================================
.de Sp " Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
.. 
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \$1
..
.de Ve " End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. "-- will give an unbreakable dash, "pi will give pi, "L" will give a left double quote, and "R" will give a right double quote. "C+ will give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and therefore won't be available. "C" and "C" expand to `` in nroff, " nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-
.ds C+ C'\-1v'\-1p'\-s-2\+\-1p'\+s0\v'\v'\-1p'
.ie n 1\{
. ds -- \(*W-
. ds PI pi
. if (n,(H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'\-12u\(\W\h'\-12u\)'\v'\h'\-1p'
.ie n 1\{
. if (n,(H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'\-12u\(\W\h'\-8u\)'\v'\h'\-1p'
Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff’s Unicode transform.

If the F register is turned on, we’ll generate index entries on stderr for titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you’ll have to process the output yourself in some meaningful fashion.

Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).

Fear.  Run.  Save yourself.  No user-serviceable parts.

Fudge factors for nroff and troff
\ now \  \n
- V' simple accents for nroff and troff
  . if n "\n  . ds ' \n  . ds ` \n  . ds ^ \n  . ds , \n  . ds ~ ~
  . ds /

\ now \  \n
- V' troff and (daisy-wheel) nroff accents
  . ds : \n  . ds 8 \n  . ds o \n  . ds d- \n  . ds D- \n  . ds th \n  . ds Th \n  . ds ae ae
  . ds Ae Ae

\ now \  \n
- V' corrections for vroff
  . if v .ds = \n  . if v .ds ^= \n
\ now \  \n
- V' for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
  . if \n(H>23 .if \n(V>19 \n
\ now \  \n
- open source used in cisco rv16x rv26x routers 1.0.01.07-10 1199

\ now \  \n
- " simple accents for nroff and troff
  if n { \n  ds ' & \n  ds ` ` \n  ds ^ , \n  ds , , \n  ds ~ ~ \n  ds /

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\ now \  \n
- IX Title "GPL 7"
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of

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the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
    derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
    under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
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must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
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whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is
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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 alone with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

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"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example,
use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.

#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

def report(self, filename, string):
    if filename:
        string = filename + ' : ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '\n')
        self.num_errors += 1

def ok(self):
    return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set([}
# Skip licence files.
'COPYING',
'COPYING.LIB',
'COPYING3',
'COPYING3.LIB',
'LICENSE',
'fdl.texi',
'gpl_v3.texi',
'fdl-1.3.xml',
'gpl-3.0.xml',

# Skip auto- and libtool-related files
'aclocal.m4',
'compile',
'config.guess',
'config.sub',
'depcomp',
'install-sh',
'libtool.m4',
'ltpmain.sh',
'ltoptions.m4',
'ltsugar.m4',
'ltversion.m4',
'lt~obsolete.m4',
'missing',
'mkdep',
'mkinstalldirs',
'move-if-change',
'shlibpath.m4',
'symmlink-tree',
'ylwrap',

# Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
'gnu.texi',
'funding.texi',
'appendix_free.xml',

# Skip imported texinfo files.
'texinfo.tex',

})

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None
def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True

    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True

    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9][?[-0-9.,\s]\s+and\s*][0-9]'
# Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
name = '[\w.,-]'

# Matches one year.
self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

# Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

# Matches a full copyright notice:
self.copyright_re = re.compile (  
    # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
    '((Cc)opyright'  
    '([Cc]opyrights+([Cc]))'  
    '([Cc]opyrights+%)s'  
    '([Cc]opyrights+&copy;'  
    '([Cc]opyrights+@copyright{ })'  
    '@set{s+copyright\[w-.\]+}')

    # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
    # we can remove any excess.
    '\s*(?:: + ranges + :?\n    '@value\{[^{}]*\})s*'

    # 3: 'by ', if used
    '(by\s+)?'

    # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
    # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
    # (e.g. gnat_u gn.tex i).
    '\(' + name + '\('?: + name + '\)\)*')

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
    re.IGNORECASE)

self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')  

self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }  
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
sself.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
sself.max_year = None
# Goes after the year(s). Could be ',', '.

self.separator = ' '  

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years
(min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

# Update the upper bound, if enabled.
if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
    max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

# Use a range.
if min_year == max_year:
    return '%d' % min_year
else:
    return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
                and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                     or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != ':
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'trailing characters in @set:'
                                + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete (match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break
# If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
# assume that what we've got is complete.
continuation = self.strip_continuation(next_line)
if not self.continuation_re.match(continuation):
    break

# Merge the lines for matching purposes.
orig_line += next_line
line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
next_line = None

# Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
match = self.copyright_re.match(line, match.start())
assert match

holder = match.group(4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author(dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report(pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report(pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start(4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end(4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start(3)] + line[match.end(3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group(2).strip()
    try:
canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)

except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
    + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
    + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
e
if intro.endswith ('(c)'):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
else:
    intro = intro + '(C)'

line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '
'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

lines = []
changed = False
line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
    prev = None
    for line in file:
        next_line = None
        # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
        if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
            match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
            if match:
                res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                            file, line, match)
                # (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                changed = changed or this_changed
# Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
eelif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
    self.errors.report (pathname,
        'unrecognised copyright: %s'
        % line.strip())
    lines.append (line)
    line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
        if self.use_quilt:
            subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
        os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
    self.errors = Errors()
    self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
    self.dirs = []
    self.default_dirs = []
    self.chosen_dirs = []
    self.option_handlers = dict()
    self.option_help = []

    self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
    self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
        self.o_quilt)
    self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
        self.o_this_year)
def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter ()):  
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n
    Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s

    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('
Directories:
')
    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n' )
        else: 
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok ():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help ()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
count = 0
for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
        count += 1
        self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
if count == 0:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
open source used in cisco RV16x RV26x routers

self.fossilised_files |= set (
    # old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
)

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        )

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        )
class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        )

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        )

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        )

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        )
self.skip_dirs |= set([
  # Contains automatically-generated sources.
  'html',

  # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
  'data',

  # Contains imported images
  'images',
  ])

self.own_files |= set([
  # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
  'spine.xml',
  ])

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile('// (C) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright(Copyright):
    def __init__(self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__(self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('ARM')
        self.add_package_author('AdaCore')
        self.add_package_author('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_package_author('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_package_author('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_package_author('Florida State University')
        self.add_package_author('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_package_author('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_package_author('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_package_author('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_package_author('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
# boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
# contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
# libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
                      TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
# libstdc++ is imported from upstream.
# libunwind is imported from upstream.
# libvtune is imported from upstream.
# libyasm is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCmdLine().main()

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<p>There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code,
and one for the documentation.</p>
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0. Definitions. <br />

A fileisan"IndependentModule"ifiteitherrequirestheRuntimeLibrary afterCompilations,ormakesuseofan interfaceprovidedbytheRuntimeLibrary, but isnototherwisebased ontheRuntimeLibrary. <br />

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</tr>
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</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>LGPL, Lesser General Public License</td>
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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]
@end display

@endappendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.
To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the \texttt{Lesser} General Public License because it does \texttt{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -* c++ -*

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
namespace acl
{
    class Permission;
}
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
    virtual jboolean equals::java::lang::Object *) = 0;


virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dossier@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiname.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader.
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dossen provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is not the same as the class java.security.Permission.
 *
 * @version 0.0
 *
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 */
public interface Permission
{
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified Permission (passed as an Object) is the same as this permission.
 *
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 *
* @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
*/
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 *
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostname_r.m4

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/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.s to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space  HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),
  assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
  fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
  assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
  fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
  assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
  fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)
    if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class. This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)\
    sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
    namespace gnu
    {
        namespace javax
        {
            namespace sound
            {
                class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
            }
        }
    }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{
    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

    public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;

    private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;

    public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#error // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
1.56 fstools 2015-05-24-09027fc86babc3986027a0e677aca1b6999a9e1

1.57 libdaemon 0.14

1.57.1 Available under license:

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.59 libffi 3.0.13

1.59.1 Available under license:

#!/bin/sh

# Script to translate LDFLAGS into a form suitable for use with libtool.

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/*
* File: nbvpn_relay.c
*
* Description: NBVPN user space application for netbios broadcast relay
*
* Authors: Sridhar Pothuganti <sridhar.pothuganti@nxp.com>
*
* History
* Version Date Author Change Description
* 1.0 19/07/2015 Sridhar Pothuganti Initial Development
*
**************************************************************************/

/*
Part of the code taken from https://github.com/nomeata/udp-broadcast-relay/ which is based on GPLv2
*/

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udp_broadcast_fw : Forwards UDP broadcast packets to all local interfaces as though they originated from sender

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Thanks:

Arny <cs6171@scitsc.wlv.ac.uk>
- public domain UDP spoofing code
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*/

1.61 mtd-utils 1.5.0

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```
Local Variables:
ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
End:
```

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b7bd2d0809a0d1f177181c361b9a6c83e193b7
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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device  Boot Start  End  Sectors  Size Id  Type
<removed>1  2048   4095  2048    1M  83 Linux

-------------------

Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e626749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73f7e bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device  Boot Start  End  Sectors  Size Id  Type
<removed>1  2048   4095  2048    1M  83 Linux
<removed>2  4096  20479 16384    8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59e9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.
Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
  c  4096 20479  16384   8M unused       0     0   0
  d  0 16064  16065   7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img
---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
  a  4096 6144  2049 1M 4.2BSD       0     0   0
  c  4096 20479  16384   8M unused       0     0   0
  d  0 16064  16065   7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.
Command (m for help):

-------------------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):
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**1.68 perl-crypt-des 2.07**

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This perl extension includes software developed by Eric Young (eay@mincom.oz.au)

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1.69 libcli 1.9.4
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1.70 rdnssd 1.0.2

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```
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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
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you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them
with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright
also offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact
all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

      (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest
your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library
with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under
the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public
License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License. However, parties who have received copies,
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If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Library General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Library General Public License for more details.

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the
library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL.  It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your
freedom to share and change it.  By contrast, the GNU General Public
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change
free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some
specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free
Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it.  You can use
it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use,
not price.  Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that
you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge
for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get
it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it
in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these
things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid
distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these
rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the \texttt{Lesser} General Public License because it does \texttt{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages
are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a `work based on the library` and a `work that uses the library`. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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- The modified work must itself be a software library.
You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

- You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

- If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

  (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

- You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item
You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item
A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the
library''. The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file
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derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.
If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ```work that uses the Library``` with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ```work that uses the Library```, as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

- Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.78 perl 5.22.0
1.78.1 Available under license :

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The End
1.79 avahi 0.6.31
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it
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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must...
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you
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import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:"

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }
}
public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
    return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright ® " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        } else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}
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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally
accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot
use both them and the Library together in an executable that you
distribute.

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library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on
the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise
permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

   a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
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      facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the
      Sections above.

   b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
      that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining
      where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*- 

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
    namespace java
    {
        namespace security

}
class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{
  public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
  private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;
  public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

@endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{} 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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@c man end
@end ignore
@c node Copying
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@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
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@item
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@item
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@end c man
/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 * */
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the file foo.
*
* <code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their state after creation.
*
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/

```

public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable {

/**
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
 */

private static final long serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674L;

/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */

private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */

public Permission(String name) {

this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 */

```
public void checkGuard(Object obj) {
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

public abstract int hashCode();

public final String getName() {
    return name;
}

/**
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 * @return a hash value
 */

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 * @return the name
 */
* This method returns the list of actions for this `<code>Permission</code>` as a `<code>String</code>`. The string should be in canonical order, for example, both `<code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code>` and `<code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code>` have the action list "read,write".

* @return the action list for this `<code>Permission</code>`

```java
public abstract String getActions();
```

/**
 * This method returns an empty `<code>PermissionCollection</code>` object that can store permissions of this type, or `<code>null</code>` if no such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate `<code>implies</code>`.

* @return a new `<code>PermissionCollection</code>`

```java
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}
```

/**
 * This method returns a `<code>String</code>` representation of this `<code>Permission</code>` object. This is in the format: `<code>(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions + ')

* @return this object as a `<code>String</code>`

```java
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();
    string = string.append('(
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions());
    if (!getActions().equals(""))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }
    string = string.append(')');
```
return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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</para>

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</para>

</appendix>

."
Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)
."
."
Standard preamble:
."
=======================================================================
.de Sp " Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne "$1
..
.de Ve " End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \"(*) will give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote. \*(C+ will give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
\* therefore won't be available. \*C' and \*C expand to `" in nroff, 
\* nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \*(W-
.ds C+ C\v'-1v'h'-1p'\v'-2h'-1p'+\v'0v'.1v'h'-1p'
.ie n \{
 . ds -- \*(W-
 . ds PI pi
 . if \(n.(H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \*(W\v'-12u'\*(W\v'-12u'\v'-\x
 . if \(n.(H=4u)&(1m=20u) .ds -- \*(W\v'-12u'\*(W\v'-8u'\v'-
 . ds L" "
 . ds R" "
 . ds C" "
 . ds C' "
\}br\}
.el \{
 . ds -- \(em\l
 . ds PI \*p
 . ds L" "
 . ds R" "
 . ds C" "
 .ds C'
\}br\}

\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n.(g .ds AQ \(aq
.el .ds AQ ' 

\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for 
\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index 
\" entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the 
\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{
 . de IX
 . tm Index:\$1\n\n%\n\n:\$2" ...
 . nr 0
 . rr F 
\}
.el \{
 . de IX
 ...
 \}

\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
\" Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.
 . \" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{
 . ds #H 0
 . ds #V .8m
 . ds #F .3m
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`gfdl(7)` , `sfs\-funding(7)`.

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<init>(Ljava/lang/String;I)V
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

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When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or a specified later version) of the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any subsequent versions published by the FSF.

"GPL-compatible Software" is software whose conditions of propagation, modification and use would permit combination with GCC in accord with the license of GCC.

"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual
target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.
There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the gcc mailing list.

The source code is distributed under the GNU General Public License version 3, with the addition under section 7 of an exception described in the GCC Runtime Library Exception, version 3.1 as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):

GCCRUNTIMELIBRARYEXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCCRuntimeLibraryException ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "RuntimeLibrary") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtimelibraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtimelibraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or as specified later versions) of the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any subsequent versions published by the FSF.
"GPL-compatibleSoftware"issowhoseconditionsofpropagation,modificationandusewouldpermitcombinationwithGCCinaccordwiththelicenceofGCC.

"TargetCode"referstooutputfromanycompilerforarealorvirtualtargetprocessorarchitecture,inexecutableformorsuitableforinputtoanassemblyloader,linkerand/orexecutionphase.Notwithstandingthat,TargetCodedisnotincludedatainanyformatthatissusedasacompilerintermediaterepresentation,orusedforproducingacompilerintermediaterepresentation.

The"CompilationProcess"transformscodetotargetcodeentirelyrepresentedinnon-intermediatelanguagesdesignedforhuman-writtencode,and/orinJavaVirtualMachinebytecode,intoTargetCode.Thus,forexample,useofsourcecodetoscriptandpreprocessorsneednotbeconsideredpartoftheCompilationProcess,sincetheCompilationProcesscanbeunderstoodasstartingwiththeoutputofthegeneratorsorinpreprocessors.


1.GrantofAdditionalPermission.

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2.NoWeakeningofGCCCopyleft.

TheavailabilityofthisExceptiondoesnotimplyanygeneralpresumptionthatthird-partysoftwareisunaffectedbythecopyleftrequirementsofthelicenceofGCC.

Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.
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If you plan on making copies of the documentation, please let us know. We can probably offer suggestions.

#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__ (self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report (self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write (string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok (self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__ (self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set ("
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',")
def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('	')
    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
(base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
if extension in self.skip_extensions:
    return True

if extension == '.in':
    # Skip .in files produced by automake.
    if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
        return True

    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if os.path.exists (base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
        return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True

    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9][?\-0-9,\s]{s+and}s+[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '\w...'
self.year_re = re.compile('[0-9]+')

# Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
self.continuation_re = re.compile(ranges + '|' + name)

# Matches a full copyright notice:
self.copyright_re = re.compile(
    # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
    '([Cc]opyright' + ranges + '(?::[Cc]))' + ranges + '+%s' + ranges + '+&copy;' + ranges + '+copyright{ }' + ranges + '+copyright([w-]+)'
    # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
    # we can remove any excess.
    '(@set\s+copyright(\[w-\]+))'
    # 3: 'by ', if used
    '(by\s+)?'
    # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
    # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
    # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
    '(\s+)' + name + '(\s+)?' + name + '+')?

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]', re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+')
self.holders = {'@copying': '@copying'}
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ', '

def add_package_author(self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
canon_form = holder
self.holders[holder] = canon_form
index = holder.find (" ")
while index >= 0:
    self.handler_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
    index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
        raise self.BadYear (string)

    def year_range (self, years):
        year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                     for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
        assert len (year_list) > 0
        return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

    def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
        self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value '):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        return years

    return years
max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

# Use a range.
if min_year == max_year:
    return '%d' % min_year
else:
    return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
            or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set '):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != '':
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                'trailing characters in @set: ' + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete (match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break
# Merge the lines for matching purposes.
orig_line += next_line
line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
next_line = None

# Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
match = self.copyright_re.match(line, match.start())
assert match

holder = match.group(4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author(dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report(pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report(pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start(4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end(4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start(3)] + line[match.end(3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group(2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years(dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report(pathname, str(e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)
line = (line[:match.start (2)]
       + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
       + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)
elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C')
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return
    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed
                # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                    self.errors.report (pathname,
                                        'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                        % line.strip())
lines.append(line)
line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open(tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write(line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call(['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename(tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree(self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk(tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange(len(subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir(dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file(dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write('Skipping %s
'% os.path.join(dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file(dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__(self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright(self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                        self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                        self.o_this_year)

    def add_option(self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler
def add_dir(self, dir, filter=GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append((dir, filter))

def o_help(self, option=None):
    sys.stdout.write('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...

    Options:
' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s

    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write(format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write('
Directories:
')
    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len(self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write(dir + '
')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write(format % dir)
    sys.exit(0)

def o_quilt(self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt(True)

def o_this_year(self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year(time.localtime().tm_year)

def main(self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[:1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append(arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg](arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report(None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len(self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join(chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith(canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                self.copyright.process_tree(dir, filter)
if count == 0:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
    sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#-------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

self.fossilised_files |= set ([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
        '.c',
        '.C',
        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
    ])  

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_extensions |= set ([
        # Maintained by the translation project.
        '.po',

        # Automatically-generated.
        '.pot',
    ])  

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    self.skip_dirs |= set ([

class LibJavaFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        ])

    def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_files |= set([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',
        ])

# Imported from GLIBC.
'soft-fp',
])
# The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
'data',

# Contains imported images
'images',
]

self.own_files |= set([
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
    'spine.xml',
    ])

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile('// (C) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright(Copyright):
    def __init__(self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__(self, errors)
        canon_fsfs = ['Free Software Foundation, Inc.]
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_package_author('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsfs)
        self.add_external_author('ARM')
        self.add_external_author('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author('Regents of the University of California.')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecmumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libobjc')
        self.add_dir ('libquadmath')
        # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libssp')
        self.add_dir ('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
        self.add_dir ('lto-plugin')
        # zlib is imported from upstream.
self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecrement',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCmdLine().main()
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ConstantValuecopyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
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inConstructorinMethod
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```cpp
#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>

extern "Java"
{
  namespace java{
    namespace security {
      namespace acl {

```
class Permission;
}
}
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
  virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
  virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
  static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dossier@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is not the same as the class <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
 */

public interface Permission
{
    /**
     * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
     * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
     *
     * @param perm The permission to check for equality
     *
     * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
     */
    boolean equals (Object perm);

    /**
     * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
     *
     * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
     */
    String toString();
}

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2000-05-05

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */

/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix .`s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h` --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\n\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \ 
( fputs (",.comm ", (FILE)),\ 
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),\ 
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
(fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u
", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  
(fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u
", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)  
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), 	.align %d
", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)  
sprintf ((BUF), 	*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "."

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
    namespace gnu
    {
        namespace javax
        {
            namespace sound
            {
                class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
            }
        }
    }
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

    public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
private:
static JArray<::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * *> * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.81 python 2.7.12
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#
# Module Name: dbShelve.py
#
# Description: A reimplementation of the standard shelve.py that
# forces the use of cPickle, and DB.
#
# Creation Date: 11/3/97 3:39:04PM
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--- robotparser.py

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/* ------------------------------------------------------------------------
unicodedata -- Provides access to the Unicode 5.1 data base.

Data was extracted from the Unicode 5.1 UnicodeData.txt file.

Written by Marc-Andre Lemburg (mal@lemburg.com).
Modified for Python 2.0 by Fredrik Lundh (fredrik@pythonware.com)
Modified by Martin v. L"wis (martin@v.loewis.de)

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting
Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands
as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's
principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for
National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us)
in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the
software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to
BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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/* Random objects */

/* Random objects */

The code in this module was based on a download from:

It was modified in 2002 by Raymond Hettinger as follows:

* the principal computational lines untouched except for tabbing.

* renamed genrand_res53() to random_random() and wrapped in python calling/return code.

* genrand_int32() and the helper functions, init_genrand() and init_by_array(), were declared static, wrapped in Python calling/return code. also, their global data references were replaced with structure references.

* unused functions from the original were deleted.
new, original C python code was added to implement the Random() interface.

The following are the verbatim comments from the original code:

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26. Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed) or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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----------------------------------------------------------------------- */

# subprocess - Subprocesses with accessible I/O streams
#
# For more information about this module, see PEP 324.
#
# This module should remain compatible with Python 2.2, see PEP 291.
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 ElementTree
 # $Id: ElementInclude.py 1862 2004-06-18 07:31:02Z Fredrik $
 #
 # limited xinclude support for element trees
 #
 # history:
 # 2003-08-15 fl  created
 # 2003-11-14 fl  fixed default loader
 #
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 #
 # fredrik@pythonware.com
 # http://www.pythonware.com
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#
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#
# $Id: test_dbtables.py 66088 2008-08-31 14:00:51Z jesus.cea $

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IA64/unix Foreign Function Interface

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#
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Mersenne Twister
----------------

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Sockets
-------

The `module` 'socket' module uses the functions, `func`:'getaddrinfo', and
`func`:'getnameinfo', which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE

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L. Peter Deutsch
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Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt
The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services
----------------------------

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--------------------------

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test_epoll
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Select kqueue
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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
 version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography, second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

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This code implements the MD5 message-digest algorithm. The algorithm is due to Ron Rivest. This code was written by Colin Plumb in 1993, no copyright is claimed. This code is in the public domain; do with it what you wish.

Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc. This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent, except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese with every copy.

To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which
will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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1.83 radvd 1.9.1
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.
Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of
Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a
restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that
any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be
consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the
ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser
General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and
is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use
this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those
libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using
a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a
combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary
General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the
entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General
Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with
the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it
does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General
Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less
of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a
portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally
accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot
use both them and the Library together in an executable that you
distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the
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library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on
the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise
permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work
based on the Library, uncombined with any other library
facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the
Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.
Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.88 lzo 2.08
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does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General
Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less
of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages
are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many
libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain
special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to
encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes
a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be
allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free
library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this
case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free
software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free
programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of
free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in
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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the
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linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run
that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
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"work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The
former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must
be combined with the library in order to run.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)
Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer’s own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The
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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.96 block-mount 2015-05-24-09027fc86bab93986027a0e677aca1b6999a9e1

4

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 */

/*
 * An utility to delete UBI devices (detach MTD devices from UBI).
 *
 * Author: Artem Bityutskiy
 */

#define PROGRAM_NAME    "ubidetach"
#define VERSION	"owrt-fstools"

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "libubi-tiny.h"

#define DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV "/dev/ubi_ctrl"

static int ubi_write(char *node, int fd, const void *buf, int len)
{
    int ret;

    while (len) {
        ret = write(fd, buf, len);
        if (ret < 0) {
            if (errno == EINTR) {
                fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
                continue;
            }
            fprintf(stderr, "cannot write \%d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
            return -1;
        }
    
        if (ret == 0) {
            fprintf(stderr, "cannot write \%d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
            return -1;
        }
        len -= ret;
        buf += ret;
    }

    return 0;
}

static int update_volume(libubi_t libubi, struct ubi_vol_info *vol_info, char *node, char *img, int skip)
{
    int err, fd, ifd;
    long long bytes;
    char *buf;
    struct stat st;

    buf = malloc(vol_info->leb_size);
    if (!buf) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot allocate \%d bytes of memory", vol_info->leb_size);
        return -1;
    }

    return 0;
}

err = stat(img, &st);
if (err < 0) {
    fprintf(stderr, "stat failed on \"%s\", img);
    goto out_free;
}

bytes = st.st_size - skip;

if (bytes > vol_info->rsvd_bytes) {
    fprintf(stderr, "\"%s\" (size %lld) will not fit volume \"%s\" (size %lld)",
             img, bytes, node, vol_info->rsvd_bytes);
    goto out_free;
}

fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
if (fd == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot open UBI volume \"%s\", node);
    goto out_free;
}

ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
if (ifd == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\", img);
    goto out_close1;
}

if (skip && lseek(ifd, skip, SEEK_CUR) == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "lseek input by %d failed",
            skip);
    goto out_close;
}

err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, bytes);
if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot start volume \"%s\" update", node);
    goto out_close;
}

while (bytes) {
    ssize_t ret;
    int to_copy = vol_info->leb_size;
    if (to_copy > bytes)
        to_copy = bytes;

    ret = read(ifd, buf, to_copy);
    if (ret <= 0) {
        if (errno == EINTR) {
            fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
            continue;
        }
        ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
        ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
        if (ifd == -1) {
            fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\", img);
            goto out_close1;
        }
    }
}

err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, bytes);
if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot start volume \"%s\" update", node);
    goto out_close;
}

while (bytes) {
    ssize_t ret;
    int to_copy = vol_info->leb_size;
    if (to_copy > bytes)
        to_copy = bytes;

    ret = read(ifd, buf, to_copy);
    if (ret <= 0) {
        if (errno == EINTR) {
            fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
            continue;
        }
        ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
        ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
        if (ifd == -1) {
            fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\", img);
            goto out_close1;
        }
    }
}
} else {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot read %d bytes from \"%s\".
    to_copy, img);
goto out_close;
}

err = ubi_write(node, fd, buf, ret);
if (err)
goto out_close;
bytes -= ret;
}

close(ifd);
close(fd);
free(buf);
return 0;

out_close:
close(ifd);
out_close1:
close(fd);
out_free:
free(buf);
return -1;
}

int ubiattach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
    struct ubi_attach_request req = {
        .dev_num = UBI_DEV_NUM_AUTO,
        .mtd_num = -1,
        .vid_hdr_offset = 0,
        .max_beb_per1024 = 0,
        .mtd_dev_node = mtd,
    };
    int err = ubi_attach(libubi, DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV, &req);

    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot attach \"%s\". mtd);
        return err;
    }

    return 0;
}

int ubidetach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
int ubirsvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int bytes) {
    struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
    struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
    int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \""%s\"", node);
        return -1;
    }
    err = ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \""%s\"", name);
        return -1;
    }
    err = ubi_rsvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id, bytes);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI resize volume");
        return -1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int ubirmvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name) {
    struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
    struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
    int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \""%s\"", node);
        return -1;
    }
    err = ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \""%s\"", name);
        return -1;
    }
    err = ubi_rmvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id);
if (err) {
  fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI remove volume");
  return -1;
}

return 0;

int ubimkvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int maxavs)
{
  struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
  struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
  struct ubi_mkvol_request req;
  int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);
  if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"
        node);
    return -1;
  }

  if (dev_info.avail_bytes == 0) {
    fprintf(stderr, "UBI device does not have free logical eraseblocks");
    return -1;
  }

  if (maxavs)
    printf("Set volume size to \%lld\n", dev_info.avail_bytes);

  req.vol_id = UBI_VOL_NUM_AUTO;
  req.alignment = 1;
  req.bytes = dev_info.avail_bytes;
  req.vol_type = UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME;
  req.name = name;

  err = ubi_mkvol(libubi, node, &req);
  if (err < 0) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI create volume");
    return -1;
  }

  /* Print information about the created device */
  err = ubi_get_vol_info1(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, req.vol_id, &vol_info);
  if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about newly created UBI volume");
    return -1;
  }
}
printf("Volume ID %d, size %d LEBs (", vol_info.vol_id, vol_info.rsvd_lebs);
    ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.rsvd_bytes, 0);
    printf("), LEB size ");
    ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.leb_size, 1);
    printf("", %s, name "\%s", alignment %d\n",
        req.vol_type == UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME ? "dynamic" : "static",
        vol_info.name, vol_info.alignment);

    return 0;
}"

int ubiupdatevol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *file)
{
    struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
    int err = ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, node, &vol_info);

    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI volume \\
            \"%s\"", node);
        return -1;
    }

    return update_volume(libubi, &vol_info, node, file, 0);
}

int ubitruncatevol(libubi_t libubi, char *node)
{
    int err, fd;

    fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
    if (fd == -1) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\"", node);
        return -1;
    }

    err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, 0);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot truncate volume \"%s\"", node);
        close(fd);
        return -1;
    }

    close(fd);
    return 0;
}

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 */

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <libubox/ulog.h>
#include "libubi/libubi-tiny.h"

#include <libubox/ulog.h>

static int print_usage(void)
{
    printf("ubi info\n");
    printf("ubi detach kernel|rootfs\n");
    printf("ubi kernel <image.kernel.ubi>\n");
    printf("ubi rootfs <image.rootfs.ubi>\n");
    printf("ubi overlay <image.rootfs-overlay.ubi>\n");

    return -1;
}

static int mtd_find_index(char *name)
{
    FILE *fp = fopen("/proc/mtd", "r");
    char line[256];
    char *index = NULL;

    if (!fp)
        return -1;

    while (!index && fgets(line, sizeof(line), fp)) {
        if (strstr(line, name)) {
            char *eol = strchr(line, ":");
            if (!eol)
                continue;

            *eol = 0;
            index = line;
        }
    }

    return index;
}
if (!eol)
    continue;

*eol = '\0';
index = &line[3];
}
}

fclose(fp);

if (!index)
    return -1;

return atoi(index);
}

static int mtd_find(char *name, char *ret)
{
    int index = mtd_find_index(name);
    if (index < 0)
        return -1;

    sprintf(ret, "/dev/mtd%d", index);

    return 0;
}

static int ubi_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret)
{
    int index = mtd_find_index(name);
    int ubi = 0;

    while (ubi_dev_present(libubi, ubi))
    {
        struct ubi_dev_info info;

        if (ubi_get_dev_info1(libubi, ubi++, &info))
            continue;

        if (info.mtd_num != index)
            continue;

        sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d", info.dev_num);

        return 0;
    }

    return -1;
static int volume_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret) {
    int index = mtd_find_index(name);
    struct ubi_vol_info vol;
    int ubi = 0;

    if (index < 0)
        return -1;

    if (mtd_num2ubi_dev(libubi, index, &ubi)) {
        ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi node for %s\n", name);
        return -1;
    }

    if (ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, ubi, name, &vol)) {
        ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi volume info for %s\n", name);
        return -1;
    }

    sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", ubi, vol.vol_id);

    return 0;
}

static int main_detach(char *type) {
    libubi_t libubi;
    char mtd[64];
    int err;

    if (!strcmp(type, "kernel"))
        err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
    else if (!strcmp(type, "rootfs"))
        err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);
    else
        return print_usage();

    if (err) {
        ULOG_ERR("MTD partition '%s_ubi' not found\n", type);
        return -1;
    }

    libubi = libubi_open();
    if (!libubi) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
        return -1;
    }
err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
    ULOG_ERR("cannot detach \"%s\"", mtd);
    return -1;
}

return 0;
}

static int main_image(char *partition, char *image, char *overlay)
{
    libubi_t libubi;
    struct stat s;
    int err;
    char mtd[64];
    char _part[64];
    char node[64];
    char volume[64];
    char _data[64];
    char *data = NULL;

    if (stat(image, &s)) {
        ULOG_ERR("image not found %s\n", image);
        return -1;
    }

    if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
        err = mtd_find("kernel", _part);
    else
        err = mtd_find("rootfs", _part);

    if (overlay && !mtd_find(overlay, _data))
        data = _data;

    libubi = libubi_open();
    if (!libubi) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
        return -1;
    }

    if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
        err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
    else
        err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);

    if (err) {
        ULOG_ERR("MTD partition \"%s_ubi\" not found\n", partition);
return -1;
}

if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
err = ubi_find(libubi, "kernel_ubi", node);
else
err = ubi_find(libubi, "rootfs_ubi", node);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot detach \"%s\"", mtd);
return -1;
}

err = ubiattach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot attach \"%s\"", mtd);
return -1;
}

if (data) {
err = ubirmvol(libubi, node, overlay);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot remove \"%s\"", node);
return -1;
}
}

if (volume_find(libubi, partition, volume) < 0) {
ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubirsvol(libubi, node, partition, s.st_size);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot resize \"%s\"", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubiupdatevol(libubi, volume, image);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot update \"%s\"", volume);
return -1;
}
if (overlay) {
    err = ubimkvol(libubi, node, overlay, 1);
    if (err) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot make "$s", overlay");
        return -1;
    }
}

libubi_close(libubi);

return err;
}

static int main_info(void)
{
    struct ubi_info info;
    libubi_t libubi;
    int i;

    libubi = libubi_open();
    if (!libubi) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
        return -1;
    }

    if (ubi_get_info(libubi, &info)) {
        ULOG_ERR("failed to get info\n");
        return -1;
    }

    for (i = info.lowest_dev_num; i <= info.highest_dev_num; i++) {
        struct ubi_dev_info dinfo;
        char ubi[64];
        int j;

        sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d", i);
        if (ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, ubi, &dinfo))
            continue;
        printf("device - "%s\n size: %lldBytes\n bad blocks: %d\n",
                &ubi[5], dinfo.total_bytes, dinfo.bad_count);

        for (j = dinfo.lowest_vol_id; j <= dinfo.highest_vol_id; j++) {
            struct ubi_vol_info vinfo;

            sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", i, j);
            if (ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, ubi, &vinfo))
                continue;
            printf(" volume - "%s\n", &ubi[5]);
        }
    }
}
printf("\tname: %s\n", vinfo.name);
printf("\tsize: %lld\n", vinfo.data_bytes);
}

libubi_close(libubi);

return 0;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
if (argc > 1 && !strcmp(argv[1], "info"))
return main_info();

if (argc < 3)
return print_usage();

if (!strcmp(argv[1], "kernel"))
return main_image("kernel", argv[2], NULL);

} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "rootfs"))
return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], NULL);

} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "overlay"))
return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], "rootfs_data");

} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "detach"))
return main_detach(argv[2]);

return -1;
}

1.97 gre 1
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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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1.103 libdb47 4.7.25
1.103.1 Available under license :

# $Id: Makefile,v 1.2 2006/10/05 01:06:05 bostic Exp $

BUILD= license_db.html

all: ${BUILD}

<!-$Id: license_db.so,v 10.18 2006/10/05 20:52:51 bostic Exp $-->
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1.104 strongswan 5.5.1

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1.111 python-setuptools 5.2

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1.116 firmware 1-1

1.117 wifi-check 1.00-1
1.118 zlib 1.2.8

1.118.1 Available under license:

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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*/

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1.119 busybox 1.23.2

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.
Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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1.129 boardinfo 1.0

1.130 linux-kernel 4.1.8

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```
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```
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bigfoot <bigfoot@net-way.net>
Ragnar Hojland Espinosa <ragnar@macula.net>
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/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
  * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
  *
  * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
  * http://www.hypermall.com/
  * 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
  * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
  * 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
  * and spelling mistakes.
  * 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
  * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
  * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
  *
  * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
  *
  * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
  *
  * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
  * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
  * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
  * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
  * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
  *
  * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
  * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
  * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
  * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
  * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
  * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
  * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
  * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
  * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
  * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
  * combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
  * recycle large data buffers
  * 2) skb_clone of received buffers

* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
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*
*
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*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

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for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
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Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver
Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51312 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a
line to the DVB mailing list)

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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radattr.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/common.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/debug.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/discovery.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/if.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/Makefile.linux
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/config.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/dict.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/ip_util.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/lock.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/options.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
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ppp-2.4.5/include/linux/if_pppol2tp.h
/********************************************************************************
* Linux PPP over L2TP (PPPoL2TP) Socket Implementation (RFC 2661)
*
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*
*****************************************************************************/

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/* pppol2tp.c - pppd plugin to implement PPoL2TP protocol
   * for Linux using kernel pppol2tp support.
   *
   * Requires kernel pppol2tp driver which is integrated into the kernel
   * from 2.6.23 onwards. For earlier kernels, a version can be obtained
   * from the OpenL2TP project at
   * http://www.sourceforge.net/projects/openl2tp/
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.
If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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That's all there is to it!
1.137 libnetfilter-cthelper 1.0.0

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1.138 libldap 186

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/* qmicli -- Command line interface to control QMI devices */
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Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to
regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

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To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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Name: libtree
Version: 1.0.0
Summary: Postgres-based library to handle and persist wide trees
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Author: Fabian Kochem
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* /opt/cola/permits/1257742428_1643005427.02/0/libtree-1-0-0-tar-gz/libtree-1.0.0/libtree.egg-info/PKG-INFO
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1.143 libjson-script 2015-06-14-d1c66ef1131d14f0ed197b368d03f71b964e45f8
1.144 strace 4.8

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1.146 pamkrb 4.7
1.146.1 Available under license :
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 * Standard structure for PAM data.
 *
 * The PAM utility functions often need an initial argument that encapsulates
 * the PAM handle, some configuration information, and possibly a Kerberos
 * context. This header provides a standard structure definition.
 *
 * The individual PAM modules should provide a definition of the pam_config
 * struct appropriate to that module. None of the PAM utility functions need
 * to know what that configuration struct looks like.
 *
 * The canonical version of this file is maintained in the rra-c-util package,
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pam-util/logging.h pam-util/options.c pam-util/options.h
tests/data/generate-krb5-conf tests/data/valgrind.supp
tests/docs/pod-spelling-t tests/docs/pod-t tests/fakepam/config.c
tests/fakepam/data.c tests/fakepam/general.c tests/fakepam/internal.h
tests/fakepam/kuserok.c tests/fakepam/logging.c tests/fakepam/pam.h
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tests/pam-util/options-t.c tests/runtests.c tests/tap/basic.c
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Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8df51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device       Boot Start   End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1   2048  4095  2048   1M 83 Linux
<removed>2   4096 20479 16384   8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59e9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type      Fsize Bsize Cpg
c  4096  20479  16384   8M unused     0  0  0
d  0  16064  16065  7.9M unused     0  0  0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>. Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
a  4096   6144   2049  1M 4.2BSD       0     0   0
b  4096 20479  16384  8M unused       0     0   0
c  0   16064  16065  7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0  unused  5  4.1BSD  9  4.4LFS  d  boot
1  swap  6  Eighth Edition  a  unknown  e  ADOS
2  Version 6  7  4.2BSD  b  HPFS  f  HFS
3  Version 7  8  MS-DOS  c  ISO-9660  10  AdvFS
4  System V

Command (m for help):
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1.152 haserl 0.9.32

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1.156 open-ldap 2.4.23

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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of
the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.
Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of
Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of
Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS
back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support
that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS
code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors
(tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format
(obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions.
Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for
some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog
targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and
simplified the configuration of which versions accept which
pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's
opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while
synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many
bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in
relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT
syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k,
i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael
Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support,
and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases
for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.
Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
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copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:
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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data
prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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   b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]  

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.
The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of
Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bug fixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a `work based on the library` and a `work that uses the library`. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex
@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end ifinfo

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A “library” means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The “Library”, below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A “work based on the Library” means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term “modification”.)

“Source code” for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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@item
If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.
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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a `work that uses the Library` with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable `work that uses the Library`, as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the
library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item
Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item
If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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@enumerate a
@item
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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.
@end enumerate

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@end enumerate

@iftex
@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).
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@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
@end smallexample

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample

That's all there is to it!