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From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

-----

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

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id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on >the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let >me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in ~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com

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id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3) id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)  
From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>  
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700  
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>  
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)  
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/  
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)  
To: chet@po.cwru.edu  
Subject: Re: ksh scripts  
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
```

```
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
```

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```
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```

```
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## 1.2 busybox 1.21.1

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.  
jseward@bzip.org  
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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the `ss` command-line interface parsing library library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c  
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c  
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371  
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)  
\*/  
/\*  
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.  
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes  
-  
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 2005  
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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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## 1.6 gdbserver 7.3.1

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## 1.7 glibc 2.4

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```
/* BSD disklabel data structure definitions, types, and functions */
```

```
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```

```
#include <stdint.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include "gptpart.h"
```

```
#include "diskio.h"
```

```
#ifndef __BSD_STRUCTS
```

```
#define __BSD_STRUCTS
```

```
#define BSD_SIGNATURE UINT32_C(0x82564557) /* BSD disklabel signature ("magic") */
```

```
// BSD disklabels can start at offsets of 64 or the sector size -- at least,  
// I *THINK* that's what's going on. I've seen them at 64 or 512 on disks  
// with 512-byte blocks and at 2048 on disks with 2048-byte blocks. The  
// LABEL_OFFSET2 value will be replaced by the block size in the  
// ReadBSDData() function....
```

```
#define LABEL_OFFSET1 64
```

```
#define LABEL_OFFSET2 512
```

```
#define NUM_OFFSETS 2
```

```
// FreeBSD documents a maximum # of partitions of 8, but I saw 16 on a NetBSD  
// disk. I'm quadrupling that for further safety. Note that BSDReadData()  
// uses a 4096-byte I/O buffer. In combination with LABEL_OFFSET3 and the  
// additional 148-byte offset to the actual partition data, that gives a  
// theoretical maximum of 118.75 partitions that the program can handle before  
// memory errors will occur.
```

```
#define MAX_BSD_PARTS 64
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
/******
```

```
*
```

```
*
```

```

* BSDData class and related structures *
*
*****/

// Possible states of the MBR
enum BSDValidity { unknown, bsd_invalid, bsd };

// Data for a single BSD partition record
// Create entries for all fields, although we only use lengthLBA, firstLBA,
// and fsType, to simplify loading the data from disk....
struct BSDRecord { // the partition table
    uint32_t lengthLBA; // number of sectors in partition
    uint32_t firstLBA; // starting sector
    uint32_t fragSize; // filesystem basic fragment size
    uint8_t fsType; // filesystem type, see below
    uint8_t frag; // filesystem fragments per block
    uint16_t pcpg; // filesystem cylinders per group
};

// Full data in tweaked BSD format
// For some reason this has to be packed or MS Visual C++'s debugger complains
// about memory errors whenever a BSDData variable is destroyed.
#pragma pack (8)
class BSDData {
protected:
    // We only need a few items from the main BSD disklabel data structure....
    uint32_t signature; // the magic number
    uint32_t sectorSize; // # of bytes per sector
    uint32_t signature2; // the magic number (again)
    uint16_t numParts; // number of partitions in table
    struct BSDRecord* partitions; // partition array

    // Above are basic BSD disklabel data; now add more stuff....
    uint64_t labelFirstLBA; // first sector of BSD disklabel (partition or disk)
    uint64_t labelLastLBA; // final sector of BSD disklabel
    uint64_t labelStart; // BSD disklabel start point in bytes from labelFirstLBA
    BSDValidity state;
public:
    BSDData(void);
    ~BSDData(void);
    int ReadBSDData(const string & deviceFilename, uint64_t startSector, uint64_t endSector);
    int ReadBSDData(DiskIO *myDisk, uint64_t startSector, uint64_t endSector);
    void ReverseMetaBytes(void);
    void DisplayBSDData(void);
    int ShowState(void); // returns 1 if BSD disklabel detected
    int IsDisklabel(void);

    // Functions to extract data on specific partitions....

```

```

uint8_t GetType(int i);
uint64_t GetFirstSector(int i);
uint64_t GetLength(int i);
int GetNumParts(void);
GPTPart AsGPT(int i); // Return BSD part. as GPT part.
}; // struct MBRData

#endif

/* bsd.cc -- Functions for loading and manipulating legacy BSD disklabel
data. */

/* By Rod Smith, initial coding August, 2009 */

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#define __STDC_LIMIT_MACROS
#define __STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include "support.h"
#include "bsd.h"

using namespace std;

BSDData::BSDData(void) {
    state = unknown;
    signature = UINT32_C(0);
    signature2 = UINT32_C(0);
    sectorSize = 512;
    numParts = 0;
    labelFirstLBA = 0;
    labelLastLBA = 0;
    labelStart = LABEL_OFFSET1; // assume raw disk format
    partitions = NULL;
} // default constructor

BSDData::~BSDData(void) {
    delete[] partitions;

```

```

} // destructor

// Read BSD disklabel data from the specified device filename. This function
// just opens the device file and then calls an overloaded function to do
// the bulk of the work. Returns 1 on success, 0 on failure.
int BSDData::ReadBSDData(const string & device, uint64_t startSector, uint64_t endSector) {
    int allOK = 1;
    DiskIO myDisk;

    if (device != "") {
        if (myDisk.OpenForRead(device)) {
            allOK = ReadBSDData(&myDisk, startSector, endSector);
        } else {
            allOK = 0;
        } // if/else

        myDisk.Close();
    } else {
        allOK = 0;
    } // if/else
    return allOK;
} // BSDData::ReadBSDData() (device filename version)

// Load the BSD disklabel data from an already-opened disk
// file, starting with the specified sector number.
int BSDData::ReadBSDData(DiskIO *theDisk, uint64_t startSector, uint64_t endSector) {
    int allOK = 1;
    int i, foundSig = 0, bigEnd = 0;
    int relative = 0; // assume absolute partition sector numbering
    uint8_t buffer[4096]; // I/O buffer
    uint32_t realSig;
    uint32_t* temp32;
    uint16_t* temp16;
    BSDRecord* tempRecords;
    int offset[NUM_OFFSETS] = { LABEL_OFFSET1, LABEL_OFFSET2 };

    labelFirstLBA = startSector;
    labelLastLBA = endSector;
    offset[1] = theDisk->GetBlockSize();

    // Read 4096 bytes (eight 512-byte sectors or equivalent)
    // into memory; we'll extract data from this buffer.
    // (Done to work around FreeBSD limitation on size of reads
    // from block devices.)
    allOK = theDisk->Seek(startSector);
    if (allOK) allOK = theDisk->Read(buffer, 4096);

    // Do some strangeness to support big-endian architectures...

```

```

bigEnd = (IsLittleEndian() == 0);
realSig = BSD_SIGNATURE;
if (bigEnd && allOK)
    ReverseBytes(&realSig, 4);

// Look for the signature at any of two locations.
// Note that the signature is repeated at both the original
// offset and 132 bytes later, so we need two checks....
if (allOK) {
    i = 0;
    do {
        temp32 = (uint32_t*) &buffer[offset[i]];
        signature = *temp32;
        if (signature == realSig) { // found first, look for second
            temp32 = (uint32_t*) &buffer[offset[i] + 132];
            signature2 = *temp32;
            if (signature2 == realSig) {
                foundSig = 1;
                labelStart = offset[i];
            } // if found signature
        } // if/else
        i++;
    } while ((!foundSig) && (i < NUM_OFFSETS));
    allOK = foundSig;
} // if

// Load partition metadata from the buffer....
if (allOK) {
    temp32 = (uint32_t*) &buffer[labelStart + 40];
    sectorSize = *temp32;
    temp16 = (uint16_t*) &buffer[labelStart + 138];
    numParts = *temp16;
} // if

// Make it big-endian-aware....
if ((IsLittleEndian() == 0) && allOK)
    ReverseMetaBytes();

// Check validity of the data and flag it appropriately....
if (foundSig && (numParts <= MAX_BSD_PARTS) && allOK) {
    state = bsd;
} else {
    state = bsd_invalid;
} // if/else

// If the state is good, go ahead and load the main partition data....
if (state == bsd) {
    partitions = new struct BSDRecord[numParts * sizeof(struct BSDRecord)];

```

```

if (partitions == NULL) {
    cerr << "Unable to allocate memory in BSDData::ReadBSDData()! Terminating!\n";
    exit(1);
} // if
for (i = 0; i < numParts; i++) {
    // Once again, we use the buffer, but index it using a BSDRecord
    // pointer (dangerous, but effective)...
    tempRecords = (BSDRecord*) &buffer[labelStart + 148];
    partitions[i].lengthLBA = tempRecords[i].lengthLBA;
    partitions[i].firstLBA = tempRecords[i].firstLBA;
    partitions[i].fsType = tempRecords[i].fsType;
    if (bigEnd) { // reverse data (fsType is a single byte)
        ReverseBytes(&partitions[i].lengthLBA, 4);
        ReverseBytes(&partitions[i].firstLBA, 4);
    } // if big-endian
    // Check for signs of relative sector numbering: A "0" first sector
    // number on a partition with a non-zero length -- but ONLY if the
    // length is less than the disk size, since NetBSD has a habit of
    // creating a disk-sized partition within a carrier MBR partition
    // that's too small to house it, and this throws off everything....
    if ((partitions[i].firstLBA == 0) && (partitions[i].lengthLBA > 0)
        && (partitions[i].lengthLBA < labelLastLBA))
        relative = 1;
} // for
// Some disklabels use sector numbers relative to the enclosing partition's
// start, others use absolute sector numbers. If relative numbering was
// detected above, apply a correction to all partition start sectors....
if (relative) {
    for (i = 0; i < numParts; i++) {
        partitions[i].firstLBA += (uint32_t) startSector;
    } // for
} // if
} // if signatures OK
// DisplayBSDData();
return allOK;
} // BSDData::ReadBSDData(DiskIO* theDisk, uint64_t startSector)

// Reverse metadata's byte order; called only on big-endian systems
void BSDData::ReverseMetaBytes(void) {
    ReverseBytes(&signature, 4);
    ReverseBytes(&sectorSize, 4);
    ReverseBytes(&signature2, 4);
    ReverseBytes(&numParts, 2);
} // BSDData::ReverseMetaByteOrder()

// Display basic BSD partition data. Used for debugging.
void BSDData::DisplayBSDData(void) {
    int i;

```



```

if (state == bsd) {
    cout << "BSD partitions:\n";
    for (i = 0; i < numParts; i++) {
        cout.width(4);
        cout << i + 1 << "\t";
        cout.width(13);
        cout << partitions[i].firstLBA << "\t";
        cout.width(15);
        cout << partitions[i].lengthLBA << "\t0x";
        cout.width(2);
        cout.fill('0');
        cout.setf(ios::uppercase);
        cout << hex << (int) partitions[i].fsType << "\n" << dec;
        cout.fill(' ');
    } // for
} // if
} // BSDData::DisplayBSDData()

// Displays the BSD disklabel state. Called during program launch to inform
// the user about the partition table(s) status
int BSDData::ShowState(void) {
    int retval = 0;

    switch (state) {
        case bsd_invalid:
            cout << " BSD: not present\n";
            break;
        case bsd:
            cout << " BSD: present\n";
            retval = 1;
            break;
        default:
            cout << "\a BSD: unknown -- bug!\n";
            break;
    } // switch
    return retval;
} // BSDData::ShowState()

// Weirdly, this function has stopped working when defined inline,
// but it's OK here....
int BSDData::IsDisklabel(void) {
    return (state == bsd);
} // BSDData::IsDiskLabel()

// Returns the BSD table's partition type code
uint8_t BSDData::GetType(int i) {
    uint8_t retval = 0; // 0 = "unused"

```

```

if ((i < numParts) && (i >= 0) && (state == bsd) && (partitions != 0))
    retval = partitions[i].fsType;

return(retval);
} // BSDData::GetType()

// Returns the number of the first sector of the specified partition
uint64_t BSDData::GetFirstSector(int i) {
    uint64_t retval = UUINT64_C(0);

    if ((i < numParts) && (i >= 0) && (state == bsd) && (partitions != 0))
        retval = (uint64_t) partitions[i].firstLBA;

    return retval;
} // BSDData::GetFirstSector

// Returns the length (in sectors) of the specified partition
uint64_t BSDData::GetLength(int i) {
    uint64_t retval = UUINT64_C(0);

    if ((i < numParts) && (i >= 0) && (state == bsd) && (partitions != 0))
        retval = (uint64_t) partitions[i].lengthLBA;

    return retval;
} // BSDData::GetLength()

// Returns the number of partitions defined in the current table
int BSDData::GetNumParts(void) {
    return numParts;
} // BSDData::GetNumParts()

// Returns the specified partition as a GPT partition. Used in BSD-to-GPT
// conversion process
GPTPart BSDData::AsGPT(int i) {
    GPTPart guid;           // dump data in here, then return it
    uint64_t sectorOne, sectorEnd; // first & last sectors of partition
    int passItOn = 1;       // Set to 0 if partition is empty or invalid

    guid.BlankPartition();
    sectorOne = (uint64_t) partitions[i].firstLBA;
    sectorEnd = sectorOne + (uint64_t) partitions[i].lengthLBA;
    if (sectorEnd > 0) sectorEnd--;
    // Note on above: BSD partitions sometimes have a length of 0 and a start
    // sector of 0. With unsigned ints, the usual way (start + length - 1) to
    // find the end will result in a huge number, which will be confusing.
    // Thus, apply the "-1" part only if it's reasonable to do so.

```

```

// Do a few sanity checks on the partition before we pass it on....
// First, check that it falls within the bounds of its container
// and that it starts before it ends....
if ((sectorOne < labelFirstLBA) || (sectorEnd > labelLastLBA) || (sectorOne > sectorEnd))
    passItOn = 0;
// Some disklabels include a pseudo-partition that's the size of the entire
// disk or containing partition. Don't return it.
if ((sectorOne <= labelFirstLBA) && (sectorEnd >= labelLastLBA) &&
    (GetType(i) == 0))
    passItOn = 0;
// If the end point is 0, it's not a valid partition.
if ((sectorEnd == 0) || (sectorEnd == labelFirstLBA))
    passItOn = 0;

if (passItOn) {
    guid.SetFirstLBA(sectorOne);
    guid.SetLastLBA(sectorEnd);
    // Now set a random unique GUID for the partition....
    guid.RandomizeUniqueGUID();
    // ... zero out the attributes and name fields....
    guid.SetAttributes(UINT64_C(0));
    // Most BSD disklabel type codes seem to be archaic or rare.
    // They're also ambiguous; a FreeBSD filesystem is impossible
    // to distinguish from a NetBSD one. Thus, these code assignment
    // are going to be rough to begin with. For a list of meanings,
    // see http://fxr.watson.org/fxr/source/sys/dtype.h?v=DFBSD,
    // or Google it.
    switch (GetType(i)) {
        case 1: // BSD swap
            guid.SetType(0xa502); break;
        case 7: // BSD FFS
            guid.SetType(0xa503); break;
        case 8: case 11: // MS-DOS or HPFS
            guid.SetType(0x0700); break;
        case 9: // log-structured fs
            guid.SetType(0xa903); break;
        case 13: // bootstrap
            guid.SetType(0xa501); break;
        case 14: // vinum
            guid.SetType(0xa505); break;
        case 15: // RAID
            guid.SetType(0xa903); break;
        case 27: // FreeBSD ZFS
            guid.SetType(0xa504); break;
        default:
            guid.SetType(0xa503); break;
    } // switch
    // Set the partition name to the name of the type code....

```

```
    guid.SetName(guid.GetTypeName());
} // if
return guid;
} // BSDData::AsGPT()
```

## 1.9 libjpeg 6b

### 1.9.1 Notifications :

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

### 1.9.2 Available under license :

The Independent JPEG Group's JPEG software

=====

README for release 6b of 27-Mar-1998

=====

This distribution contains the sixth public release of the Independent JPEG Group's free JPEG software. You are welcome to redistribute this software and to use it for any purpose, subject to the conditions under LEGAL ISSUES, below.

Serious users of this software (particularly those incorporating it into larger programs) should contact IJG at [jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net](mailto:jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net) to be added to our electronic mailing list. Mailing list members are notified of updates and have a chance to participate in technical discussions, etc.

This software is the work of Tom Lane, Philip Gladstone, Jim Boucher, Lee Crocker, Julian Minguillon, Luis Ortiz, George Phillips, Davide Rossi, Guido Vollbeding, Ge' Weijers, and other members of the Independent JPEG Group.

IJG is not affiliated with the official ISO JPEG standards committee.

#### DOCUMENTATION ROADMAP

=====

This file contains the following sections:

OVERVIEW        General description of JPEG and the IJG software.  
LEGAL ISSUES    Copyright, lack of warranty, terms of distribution.  
REFERENCES     Where to learn more about JPEG.  
ARCHIVE LOCATIONS    Where to find newer versions of this software.  
RELATED SOFTWARE    Other stuff you should get.  
FILE FORMAT WARS    Software \*not\* to get.  
TO DO            Plans for future IJG releases.

Other documentation files in the distribution are:

User documentation:

- install.doc How to configure and install the IJG software.
- usage.doc Usage instructions for cjpeg, djpeg, jpegtran, rdjpgcom, and wrjpgcom.
- \*.1 Unix-style man pages for programs (same info as usage.doc).
- wizard.doc Advanced usage instructions for JPEG wizards only.
- change.log Version-to-version change highlights.

Programmer and internal documentation:

- libjpeg.doc How to use the JPEG library in your own programs.
- example.c Sample code for calling the JPEG library.
- structure.doc Overview of the JPEG library's internal structure.
- filelist.doc Road map of IJG files.
- coderrules.doc Coding style rules --- please read if you contribute code.

Please read at least the files install.doc and usage.doc. Useful information can also be found in the JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article. See ARCHIVE LOCATIONS below to find out where to obtain the FAQ article.

If you want to understand how the JPEG code works, we suggest reading one or more of the REFERENCES, then looking at the documentation files (in roughly the order listed) before diving into the code.

## OVERVIEW

=====

This package contains C software to implement JPEG image compression and decompression. JPEG (pronounced "jay-peg") is a standardized compression method for full-color and gray-scale images. JPEG is intended for compressing "real-world" scenes; line drawings, cartoons and other non-realistic images are not its strong suit. JPEG is lossy, meaning that the output image is not exactly identical to the input image. Hence you must not use JPEG if you have to have identical output bits. However, on typical photographic images, very good compression levels can be obtained with no visible change, and remarkably high compression levels are possible if you can tolerate a low-quality image. For more details, see the references, or just experiment with various compression settings.

This software implements JPEG baseline, extended-sequential, and progressive compression processes. Provision is made for supporting all variants of these processes, although some uncommon parameter settings aren't implemented yet. For legal reasons, we are not distributing code for the arithmetic-coding variants of JPEG; see LEGAL ISSUES. We have made no provision for supporting the hierarchical or lossless processes defined in the standard.

We provide a set of library routines for reading and writing JPEG image files,

plus two sample applications "cjpeg" and "djpeg", which use the library to perform conversion between JPEG and some other popular image file formats. The library is intended to be reused in other applications.

In order to support file conversion and viewing software, we have included considerable functionality beyond the bare JPEG coding/decoding capability; for example, the color quantization modules are not strictly part of JPEG decoding, but they are essential for output to colormapped file formats or colormapped displays. These extra functions can be compiled out of the library if not required for a particular application. We have also included "jpegtran", a utility for lossless transcoding between different JPEG processes, and "rdjpgcom" and "wrjpgcom", two simple applications for inserting and extracting textual comments in JFIF files.

The emphasis in designing this software has been on achieving portability and flexibility, while also making it fast enough to be useful. In particular, the software is not intended to be read as a tutorial on JPEG. (See the REFERENCES section for introductory material.) Rather, it is intended to be reliable, portable, industrial-strength code. We do not claim to have achieved that goal in every aspect of the software, but we strive for it.

We welcome the use of this software as a component of commercial products. No royalty is required, but we do ask for an acknowledgement in product documentation, as described under LEGAL ISSUES.

## LEGAL ISSUES

=====

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2. You can use this software for whatever you want. You don't have to pay us.
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(3) Permission for use of this software is granted only if the user accepts full responsibility for any undesirable consequences; the authors accept NO LIABILITY for damages of any kind.

These conditions apply to any software derived from or based on the IJG code, not just to the unmodified library. If you use our work, you ought to acknowledge us.

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We specifically permit and encourage the use of this software as the basis of commercial products, provided that all warranty or liability claims are assumed by the product vendor.

ansi2knr.c is included in this distribution by permission of L. Peter Deutsch, sole proprietor of its copyright holder, Aladdin Enterprises of Menlo Park, CA. ansi2knr.c is NOT covered by the above copyright and conditions, but instead by the usual distribution terms of the Free Software Foundation; principally, that you must include source code if you redistribute it. (See the file ansi2knr.c for full details.) However, since ansi2knr.c is not needed as part of any program generated from the IJG code, this does not limit you more than the foregoing paragraphs do.

The Unix configuration script "configure" was produced with GNU Autoconf. It is copyright by the Free Software Foundation but is freely distributable. The same holds for its supporting scripts (config.guess, config.sub, ltconfig, ltmain.sh). Another support script, install-sh, is copyright by M.I.T. but is also freely distributable.

It appears that the arithmetic coding option of the JPEG spec is covered by patents owned by IBM, AT&T, and Mitsubishi. Hence arithmetic coding cannot legally be used without obtaining one or more licenses. For this reason, support for arithmetic coding has been removed from the free JPEG software. (Since arithmetic coding provides only a marginal gain over the unpatented

Huffman mode, it is unlikely that very many implementations will support it.) So far as we are aware, there are no patent restrictions on the remaining code.

The IJG distribution formerly included code to read and write GIF files. To avoid entanglement with the Unisys LZW patent, GIF reading support has been removed altogether, and the GIF writer has been simplified to produce "uncompressed GIFs". This technique does not use the LZW algorithm; the resulting GIF files are larger than usual, but are readable by all standard GIF decoders.

We are required to state that

"The Graphics Interchange Format(c) is the Copyright property of CompuServe Incorporated. GIF(sm) is a Service Mark property of CompuServe Incorporated."

## REFERENCES

=====

We highly recommend reading one or more of these references before trying to understand the innards of the JPEG software.

The best short technical introduction to the JPEG compression algorithm is Wallace, Gregory K. "The JPEG Still Picture Compression Standard", Communications of the ACM, April 1991 (vol. 34 no. 4), pp. 30-44. (Adjacent articles in that issue discuss MPEG motion picture compression, applications of JPEG, and related topics.) If you don't have the CACM issue handy, a PostScript file containing a revised version of Wallace's article is available at <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/wallace.ps.gz>. The file (actually a preprint for an article that appeared in IEEE Trans. Consumer Electronics) omits the sample images that appeared in CACM, but it includes corrections and some added material. Note: the Wallace article is copyright ACM and IEEE, and it may not be used for commercial purposes.

A somewhat less technical, more leisurely introduction to JPEG can be found in "The Data Compression Book" by Mark Nelson and Jean-loup Gailly, published by M&T Books (New York), 2nd ed. 1996, ISBN 1-55851-434-1. This book provides good explanations and example C code for a multitude of compression methods including JPEG. It is an excellent source if you are comfortable reading C code but don't know much about data compression in general. The book's JPEG sample code is far from industrial-strength, but when you are ready to look at a full implementation, you've got one here...

The best full description of JPEG is the textbook "JPEG Still Image Data Compression Standard" by William B. Pennebaker and Joan L. Mitchell, published by Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1993, ISBN 0-442-01272-1. Price US\$59.95, 638 pp. The book includes the complete text of the ISO JPEG standards (DIS 10918-1



and draft DIS 10918-2). This is by far the most complete exposition of JPEG in existence, and we highly recommend it.

The JPEG standard itself is not available electronically; you must order a paper copy through ISO or ITU. (Unless you feel a need to own a certified official copy, we recommend buying the Pennebaker and Mitchell book instead; it's much cheaper and includes a great deal of useful explanatory material.) In the USA, copies of the standard may be ordered from ANSI Sales at (212) 642-4900, or from Global Engineering Documents at (800) 854-7179. (ANSI doesn't take credit card orders, but Global does.) It's not cheap: as of 1992, ANSI was charging \$95 for Part 1 and \$47 for Part 2, plus 7% shipping/handling. The standard is divided into two parts, Part 1 being the actual specification, while Part 2 covers compliance testing methods. Part 1 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 1: Requirements and guidelines" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-1, ITU-T T.81. Part 2 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images, Part 2: Compliance testing" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-2, ITU-T T.83.

Some extensions to the original JPEG standard are defined in JPEG Part 3, a newer ISO standard numbered ISO/IEC IS 10918-3 and ITU-T T.84. IJG currently does not support any Part 3 extensions.

The JPEG standard does not specify all details of an interchangeable file format. For the omitted details we follow the "JFIF" conventions, revision 1.02. A copy of the JFIF spec is available from:

Literature Department  
C-Cube Microsystems, Inc.  
1778 McCarthy Blvd.  
Milpitas, CA 95035  
phone (408) 944-6300, fax (408) 944-6314

A PostScript version of this document is available by FTP at <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.ps.gz>. There is also a plain text version at <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.txt.gz>, but it is missing the figures.

The TIFF 6.0 file format specification can be obtained by FTP from <ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/TIFF6.ps.gz>. The JPEG incorporation scheme found in the TIFF 6.0 spec of 3-June-92 has a number of serious problems. IJG does not recommend use of the TIFF 6.0 design (TIFF Compression tag 6). Instead, we recommend the JPEG design proposed by TIFF Technical Note #2 (Compression tag 7). Copies of this Note can be obtained from <ftp://ftp.sgi.com> or from <ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/>. It is expected that the next revision of the TIFF spec will replace the 6.0 JPEG design with the Note's design. Although IJG's own code does not support TIFF/JPEG, the free libtiff library uses our library to implement TIFF/JPEG per the Note. libtiff is available from <ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/>.

## ARCHIVE LOCATIONS

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The "official" archive site for this software is ftp.uu.net (Internet address 192.48.96.9). The most recent released version can always be found there in directory graphics/jpeg. This particular version will be archived as ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jpegsrc.v6b.tar.gz. If you don't have direct Internet access, UUNET's archives are also available via UUCP; contact help@uunet.uu.net for information on retrieving files that way.

Numerous Internet sites maintain copies of the UUNET files. However, only ftp.uu.net is guaranteed to have the latest official version.

You can also obtain this software in DOS-compatible "zip" archive format from the SimTel archives (ftp://ftp.simtel.net/pub/simtelnet/msdos/graphics/), or on CompuServe in the Graphics Support forum (GO CIS:GRAPHSUP), library 12 "JPEG Tools". Again, these versions may sometimes lag behind the ftp.uu.net release.

The JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article is a useful source of general information about JPEG. It is updated constantly and therefore is not included in this distribution. The FAQ is posted every two weeks to Usenet newsgroups comp.graphics.misc, news.answers, and other groups. It is available on the World Wide Web at <http://www.faqs.org/faqs/jpeg-faq/> and other news.answers archive sites, including the official news.answers archive at rtfm.mit.edu: <ftp://rtfm.mit.edu/pub/usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/>. If you don't have Web or FTP access, send e-mail to mail-server@rtfm.mit.edu with body

- send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part1
- send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part2

## RELATED SOFTWARE

=====

Numerous viewing and image manipulation programs now support JPEG. (Quite a few of them use this library to do so.) The JPEG FAQ described above lists some of the more popular free and shareware viewers, and tells where to obtain them on Internet.

If you are on a Unix machine, we highly recommend Jef Poskanzer's free PBPLUS software, which provides many useful operations on PPM-format image files. In particular, it can convert PPM images to and from a wide range of other formats, thus making cjpeg/djpeg considerably more useful. The latest version is distributed by the NetPBM group, and is available from numerous sites, notably <ftp://wuarchive.wustl.edu/graphics/graphics/packages/NetPBM/>. Unfortunately PBPLUS/NETPBM is not nearly as portable as the IJG software is;

you are likely to have difficulty making it work on any non-Unix machine.

A different free JPEG implementation, written by the PVRG group at Stanford, is available from <ftp://havefun.stanford.edu/pub/jpeg/>. This program is designed for research and experimentation rather than production use; it is slower, harder to use, and less portable than the IJG code, but it is easier to read and modify. Also, the PVRG code supports lossless JPEG, which we do not. (On the other hand, it doesn't do progressive JPEG.)

## FILE FORMAT WARS

=====

Some JPEG programs produce files that are not compatible with our library. The root of the problem is that the ISO JPEG committee failed to specify a concrete file format. Some vendors "filled in the blanks" on their own, creating proprietary formats that no one else could read. (For example, none of the early commercial JPEG implementations for the Macintosh were able to exchange compressed files.)

The file format we have adopted is called JFIF (see REFERENCES). This format has been agreed to by a number of major commercial JPEG vendors, and it has become the de facto standard. JFIF is a minimal or "low end" representation. We recommend the use of TIFF/JPEG (TIFF revision 6.0 as modified by TIFF Technical Note #2) for "high end" applications that need to record a lot of additional data about an image. TIFF/JPEG is fairly new and not yet widely supported, unfortunately.

The upcoming JPEG Part 3 standard defines a file format called SPIFF. SPIFF is interoperable with JFIF, in the sense that most JFIF decoders should be able to read the most common variant of SPIFF. SPIFF has some technical advantages over JFIF, but its major claim to fame is simply that it is an official standard rather than an informal one. At this point it is unclear whether SPIFF will supersede JFIF or whether JFIF will remain the de-facto standard. IJG intends to support SPIFF once the standard is frozen, but we have not decided whether it should become our default output format or not. (In any case, our decoder will remain capable of reading JFIF indefinitely.)

Various proprietary file formats incorporating JPEG compression also exist. We have little or no sympathy for the existence of these formats. Indeed, one of the original reasons for developing this free software was to help force convergence on common, open format standards for JPEG files. Don't use a proprietary file format!

## TO DO

=====

The major thrust for v7 will probably be improvement of visual quality. The current method for scaling the quantization tables is known not to be very good at low Q values. We also intend to investigate block boundary smoothing, "poor man's variable quantization", and other means of improving quality-vs-file-size performance without sacrificing compatibility.

In future versions, we are considering supporting some of the upcoming JPEG Part 3 extensions --- principally, variable quantization and the SPIFF file format.

As always, speeding things up is of great interest.

Please send bug reports, offers of help, etc. to [jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net](mailto:jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net).

## 1.10 libpng 1.5.2

### 1.10.1 Available under license :

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Cosmin Truta

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A "png\_get\_copyright" function is available, for convenient use in "about" boxes and the like:

```
printf("%s",png_get_copyright(NULL));
```

Also, the PNG logo (in PNG format, of course) is supplied in the files "pngbar.png" and "pngbar.jpg (88x31) and "pngnow.png" (98x31).

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Glenn Randers-Pehrson  
glennrp at users.sourceforge.net  
March 31, 2011

## 1.11 libusb 1.0.8

### 1.11.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence  
the version number 2.1.]

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.



The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or

collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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## 1.12 linux kernel 3.3-3.8

### 1.12.1 Available under license :

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General

Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the

source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one

of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>

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for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a  
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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

\* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

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\* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

\* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

\* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

\* and spelling mistakes.

\* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on  
 \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is  
 \* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)  
 \*  
 \* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.  
 \*  
 \* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997  
 \*  
 \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.  
 \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;  
 \* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver  
 \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists  
 \* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.  
 \*  
 \* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:  
 \* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers  
 \* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create  
 \* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)  
 \* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire  
 \* SDU, and leave <small\_buffer\_data> bytes empty at the start. Then  
 \* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.  
 \* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large  
 \* buffers. This is done by 2 things:  
 \* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle\_buffer  
 \* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to  
 \* recycle large data buffers  
 \* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers  
 \* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation  
 \* details.  
 \*  
 \*  
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 \*

\* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

\*

\*

\*/

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline



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# 1.18 SpiderMonkey 1.5-rc3a

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Return-Path: <gsf@research.att.com>

X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra

Delivered-To: mps@bridge.intra

Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F

for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:53 +0100 (CET)

Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

with LMTP id 05987-03 for <mps@bridge.intra>;

Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)

Received: from pop.gmx.net (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by mail.bridge.intra (Postfix) with ESMTP id C8C73794D  
for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:38 +0100 (CET)  
X-Flags: 0000  
Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net  
Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000  
Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]  
by mx0.gmx.net (mx085) with SMTP; 01 Mar 2006 20:23:46 +0100  
Received: from raptor.research.att.com (raptor.research.att.com [135.207.23.32])  
by mail-blue.research.att.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id B7929147CBB  
for <ps.m@gmx.net>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)  
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Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)  
From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>  
Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>  
Organization: AT&T Research  
X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21  
Mime-Version: 1.0  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>  
To: mps@bridge.intra  
Subject: Re: testregex licensing question  
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)  
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)  
X-GMX-UID: lJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca  
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost  
Status: RO  
X-Status:  
X-Keywords:  
X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly  
retain the testregex.c header comment  
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution  
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use  
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc  
also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:

> Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add testregex.c and the related \*.dat files to the uClibc

> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any

> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite  
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> --

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2  
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

## 1.21 uclinux-rootfs 3.3-3.8

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o [devel@freetype.org](mailto:devel@freetype.org)

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o <http://www.freetype.org>

Holds the current FreeType web page, which will allow you to download our latest development version and read online documentation.



You can also contact us individually at:

David Turner <david.turner@freetype.org>  
Robert Wilhelm <robert.wilhelm@freetype.org>  
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Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

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X-Flags: 0000

Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net

Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000

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Subject: Re: testregex licensing question  
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)  
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)  
X-GMX-UID: lJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca  
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost  
Status: RO  
X-Status:  
X-Keywords:  
X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly  
retain the testregex.c header comment  
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution  
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use  
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc  
also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:  
> Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add testregex.c and the related \*.dat files to the uClibc  
> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any  
> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite  
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> --

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2  
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2  
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works are solely in the form of machine-executable object code generated by a source language processor.

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/\* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library  
version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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Jean-loup Gailly      Mark Adler  
jloup@gzip.org      madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

\*/

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

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jseward@bzip.org  
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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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```

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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loginrec.h

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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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Iperf performance test

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido is Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others. The last version released from CWI was Python 1.2. In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software. Python 1.6 was the last of the versions released by CNRI. In 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team ([www.pythonlabs.com](http://www.pythonlabs.com)). Python 2.0 is the first release from PythonLabs. Thanks to the many outside volunteers who have worked under Guido's direction to make this release possible.

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The build system, and the way in which TinyLogin invokes its component  
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards

changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's

complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote

it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library



creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the

Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

8. You may not copy, modify, sublicense, link with, or distribute the Library except as expressly provided under this License. Any

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#### END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

#### Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if

necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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#### Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a

medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by

this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license

restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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```

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 1.23 zlib 1.2.3

### 1.23.1 Available under license :

License attached

```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005
```

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Jean-loup Gailly      Mark Adler  
jloup@gzip.org      madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

\*/

## 1.24 zlib 1.2.3

### 1.24.1 Available under license :

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