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Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-1033364373

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.3 libffi 3.0.13-18.el7

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1.4 libxml 2.9.1-6.el7_2.3

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1.5 zlib 1.2.7-17.el7

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1.6 make 3.82-23.el7

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1.9 ncurses 5.9-14.20130511.e17_4

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1.10 ca-certificates 2017.2.14-71.el7

1.11 binutils 2.27-27.base.el7

1.11.1 Available under license :

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
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```

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Any

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License

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Because

of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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Here is a sample; alter the names:

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work.

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
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have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public
License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software
Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301,
USA.
@end smallexample
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith

Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support

that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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1.12 libsepol 2.5-8.1.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.13 python 2.7.5-68.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3				
2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes	
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes

2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
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History and License

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl/>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

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2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
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2.3.2	2.3.1	2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes

2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.2	2.4.1				
	2005	PSF	yes		
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes	
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2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
2.6.4	2.6.3	2010	PSF	yes	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					
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Mersenne Twister

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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

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<http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/emt.html>

email: m-mat @ math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp (remove space)

Sockets

The `:mod:`socket`` module uses the functions, `:func:`getaddrinfo``, and `:func:`getnameinfo``, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt>

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

- 2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
- 1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
- 1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
- 1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

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```
diff --git a/yum/update_md.py b/yum/update_md.py
--- a/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 07:44:35.567107008 -0500
+++ b/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 08:57:31.576489424 -0500
@@ -398,6 +399,9 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
     except Errors.RepoMDError:
         continue # No metadata found for this repo

+ self.arch_storage = ArchStorage()
+ self.archlist = self.arch_storage.archlist
+
```

```

def get_notices(self, name=None):
    """ Return all notices. """
    if name is None:
@@ -434,16 +438,29 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
    name = oldpkg tup[0]
    arch = oldpkg tup[1]
    ret = []
+   other_arch_list = []
+   notices = set()
    for notice in self.get_notices(name):
        for upkg in notice['pkglist']:
            for pkg in upkg['packages']:
+               other_arch = False
                if pkg['name'] != name or pkg['arch'] != arch:
-                   continue
+
                if (notice not in notices and pkg['name'] == name and pkg['arch'] in self.archlist):
+                   other_arch = True
+                   else:
+                   continue
                    pkg tup = (pkg['name'], pkg['arch'], pkg['epoch'] or '0',
                                pkg['version'], pkg['release'])
                    if _rpm_tup_vercmp(pkg tup, oldpkg tup) <= 0:
                        continue
-                   ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+                   if other_arch:
+                       other_arch_list.append((pkg tup, notice))
+                   else:
+                       ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+                       notices.add(notice)
+                   for pkg tup, notice in other_arch_list:
+                       if notice not in notices:
+                           ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
    ret.sort(cmp=_rpm_tup_vercmp, key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
    return ret

```

```
diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
```

```
---
```

```

yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old 2015-05-28 19:23:35.589691937 +0200
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2015-05-28 19:24:05.971806965 +0200
@@ -33,6 +33,7 @@ import Errors
import logginglevels

```

```

import rpmUtils.miscutils
+from rpmUtils.arch import ArchStorage

```

```
def safe_iterparse(filename, logger=None):
```

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1.15 yum-utils 1.1.31-45.el7

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1.18 gzip 1.5-10.el7

1.19 cracklib 2.9.0-11.el7

1.20 openssh 7.4p1-16.el7

1.21 basesystem 10.0-7

1.22 diffutils 3.3-4.el7.centos

1.22.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source

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The

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```
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```

1.25 pam 1.1.8-22.el7

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```
/*
```

```
** The "printf" code that follows dates from the 1980's. It is in
** the public domain. The original comments are included here for
** completeness. They are very out-of-date but might be useful as
** an historical reference. Most of the "enhancements" have been backed
```

```
** out so that the functionality is now the same as standard printf().
**
*****
**
** This file contains code for a set of "printf"-like routines. These
** routines format strings much like the printf() from the standard C
** library, though the implementation here has enhancements to support
** SQLite.
**/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/src/printf.c
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```

```
/*
```

```
** 2004 May 22
```

```
**
```

```
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```

```
**
```

```
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```

```
** May you find forgiveness for yourself and forgive others.
```

```
** May you share freely, never taking more than you give.
```

```
**
```

```
*****
```

```
**
```

```

** This file contains the VFS implementation for unix-like operating systems
** include Linux, MacOSX, *BSD, QNX, VxWorks, AIX, HPUX, and others.
**
** There are actually several different VFS implementations in this file.
** The differences are in the way that file locking is done. The default
** implementation uses Posix Advisory Locks. Alternative implementations
** use flock(), dot-files, various proprietary locking schemas, or simply
** skip locking all together.
**
** This source file is organized into divisions where the logic for various
**
subfunctions is contained within the appropriate division. PLEASE
** KEEP THE STRUCTURE OF THIS FILE INTACT. New code should be placed
** in the correct division and should be clearly labeled.
**
** The layout of divisions is as follows:
**
** * General-purpose declarations and utility functions.
** * Unique file ID logic used by VxWorks.
** * Various locking primitive implementations (all except proxy locking):
**   + for Posix Advisory Locks
**   + for no-op locks
**   + for dot-file locks
**   + for flock() locking
**   + for named semaphore locks (VxWorks only)
**   + for AFP filesystem locks (MacOSX only)
** * sqlite3_file methods not associated with locking.
** * Definitions of sqlite3_io_methods objects for all locking
**   methods plus "finder" functions for each locking method.
** * sqlite3_vfs method implementations.
** * Locking primitives for the proxy uber-locking-method. (MacOSX only)
** * Definitions of sqlite3_vfs objects
for all locking methods
**   plus implementations of sqlite3_os_init() and sqlite3_os_end().
*/

```

Found in path(s):

```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/src/os_unix.c
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```

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```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/uri.html
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In the spirit of that exhortation I make the following declarations:

</p>

<p>

I dedicate to the public domain
any and all copyright interest in the SQLite software that
was publicly available on the SQLite website (<http://www.sqlite.org/>) prior
to the date of the signature below and any changes or enhancements to
the SQLite software
that I may cause to be published on that website in the future.

I make this dedication for the benefit of the public at large and
to the detriment of my heirs and successors. I intend this
dedication to be an overt act of relinquishment in perpetuity of
all present and future rights to the SQLite software under copyright
law.

</p>

<p>

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the changes and enhancements that
I have contributed to SQLite are either originally written by me
or are derived from prior works which I have verified are also
in the public domain
and are not subject to claims of copyright
by other parties.

</p>

<p>

To the best of my knowledge and belief, no individual, business, organization,
government, or other entity has any copyright interest
in the SQLite software as it existed on the
SQLite website as of the date on the signature line below.

</p>

<p>

I agree never to publish any additional information
to the SQLite website (by CVS, email, scp, FTP, or any other means) unless
that information is an original work of authorship by me or is derived from
prior published versions of SQLite.

I agree never to copy and paste code into the SQLite code base from
other sources.

I agree never to publish on the SQLite website any information that
would violate a law or breach a contract.

</p>


```
<p>
<table width="100%" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0">
<tr>
<td width="60%" valign="top">
Signature:
<p>&nbsp;</p>
<p>&nbsp;</p>
<p>&nbsp;</p>
</td><td valign="top" align="left">
Date:
</td></tr>
<td colspan=2>
Name
(printed):
</td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/copyright-release.html
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
procset Adobe_CoolType_Utility_MAKEOCF 1.23 0
procset Adobe_CoolType_Utility_T42 1.0 0
procset Adobe_AGM_Image 1.0 0
```

Found in path(s):

```
* %%BeginResource
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

SQLite is high-quality, public domain software. The goal of members can also request their own private, proprietary extensions

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/consortium.html
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

License: Public Domain

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite.spec
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

SQLite core and like the SQLite core are in the public domain. The **TH3** test harness is a set of proprietary tests, written in

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/testing.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Suppose the demo_data.boundary field holds some proprietary data description

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/rtree.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Proprietary SQLite Extensions

[public domain](#). But there also exist proprietary, licensed extensions to SQLite, written and maintained by [various authors](#). You are welcomed to use SQLite in closed source, proprietary, and/or

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/support.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

[Public Domain](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Public_Domain)

[public domain](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Public_Domain)

the public domain and originals of

author, and all of those authors have public domain dedications

Even though SQLite is in the public domain and does not require

the public domain.

their contributions to the public domain.

in this code to the public domain. We make this dedication for the benefit

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/copyright.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>SQLite Consortium Agreement</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body bgcolor="white">
```

```
<h1 align="center">
```

```
SQLite Consortium Agreement
```

```
</h1>
```

<p>This SQLite Consortium Agreement ("Agreement") is made and entered into as of the ____ day of _____, 2007 ("Effective Date") by and between _____ (the "Company"), and Hipp, Wyrick & Company, Inc., a Georgia Corporation with headquarters at 6200 Maple Cove Lane, Charlotte, NC ("Hwaci").</p>

<p>WHEREAS, Hwaci is the developer of a serverless, embeddable, public domain SQL database engine available at http://www.sqlite.org/ ("SQLite"); and</p>

<p>WHEREAS, Company wishes to support the independent development of the SQLite database engine to insure the continuing reliability, vitality, and independence of SQLite, and in connection therewith, Company wishes to provide funds for ongoing research, development, and maintenance of the SQLite code base, operation of the SQLite website, protection and maintenance of the SQLite trademark, as well as for promotion of SQLite at conferences and trade shows; and</p>

<p>WHEREAS, Company wishes to receive benefits in the form of services from Hwaci in consideration for their support of SQLite; and

<p>WHEREAS, Company and Hwaci each wish SQLite to be supported and maintained as an independent, community-driven project, and to ensure the SQLite development team remains independent.</p>

<p>NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises contained herein, the parties agree as follows:</p>

<h2>1.0 Definitions</h2>

<h3>1.1 SQLite Developers</h3>

<p>The "SQLite Developers" are the employees or contractors of Hwaci engaged in the development of SQLite, including without limitation the SQLite Architect.</p>

<h3>1.2 SQLite Architect</h3>

<p>The "SQLite Architect" is the SQLite Developer with ultimate responsibility and authority over changes and maintenance of the SQLite code. The current SQLite Architect is the original designer and developer of SQLite, D. Richard Hipp. Hwaci may change the SQLite Architect from time to time upon approval by Company.</p>

<h3>1.3 Consortium Member</h3>

<p>A "Consortium Member" is a company or organization, including

but not limited to Company, which has entered into an agreement with Hwaci which is substantially similar to this Agreement.

</p>

<h2>2.0 Agreement</h2>

<h3>2.1 Responsibilities And Obligations Of SQLite Developers</h3>

<h4>2.1.1 General Support</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall provide, without limit, timely and accurate answers, advice, and instruction in response to questions and comments from Company about SQLite submitted by email or by telephone at any time day or night.

</p>

<h4>2.1.2 Debugging Support</h4>

The SQLite Developers shall at Company's request provide Company with direct assistance in debugging applications that are built upon or use SQLite. The combined time for Debugging Support and Custom Development for Company is limited to 330 hours per year.

</p>

<h4>2.1.3 Custom Development</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall at the request of Company write new extensions or enhancements to SQLite according to Company's specifications. These extensions and enhancements may be proprietary to Company or open source or with the consent of both Company and the SQLite Architect may be folded into the public domain SQLite source tree. The time devoted to Custom Development for Company is limited 220 hours per year.

</p>

<h4>2.1.4 Custom Builds</h4>

The SQLite Developers shall at Company's request provide Company with specialized builds of SQLite according to Company's specifications.

</p>

<h4>2.1.5 Legacy Support</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall at Company's request provide support and bug-fix patches for any historical version of SQLite.

</p>

<h4>2.1.6 Custom Testing</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall at Company's request set up and

run

acceptance tests according Company's specifications that are specifically designed to exercise SQLite as configured and used by Company. These acceptance tests shall be run and shall pass prior to any release of SQLite.

</p>

<h4>2.1.7 Priority Bug Fixes</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall assign highest priority to fixing bugs in SQLite that are reported by Company or in which Company has expressed a specific interest.

</p>

<h4>2.1.8 Code Quality</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall at all times keep the SQLite source code well commented and documented and clearly structured and organized so that an experienced and competent programmer can understand it and support it after no more than a few months of study.

</p>

<h4>2.1.9 Backwards Compatibility</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers recognize that Company uses SQLite in mission-critical applications and therefore shall work diligently to ensure continuing bug-free correct operation and backwards compatibility with prior releases.

</p>

<h4>2.1.10

Test Coverage</h5>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall maintain the SQLite test suite such that no less than 95% source code coverage is provided.

</p>

<h4>2.1.11 Website</h4>

<p>The SQLite Developers shall maintain the SQLite website at http://www.sqlite.org in good working order and all SQLite source code shall be made freely available at such website.

</p>

<h3>2.2 Responsibilities And Obligations Of The SQLite Architect</h3>

<h4>2.2.1 Private Briefings</h4>

<p>The SQLite Architect shall, at the request of Company, provide Company with private notification and briefings of any new bugs or new features in SQLite that might effect Company's products.

</p>

<h4>2.2.2 Direction</h4>

<p>The SQLite Architect shall coordinate the activities of SQLite Developers and shall publish from time to time a roadmap of proposed future changes and enhancements to SQLite.

</p>

<h4>2.2.3 Oversight</h4>

<p>The SQLite Architect shall personally review all changes to the SQLite Source Code and take responsibility for the quality and correctness of those changes.

</p>

<h4>2.2.4 Continuity</h4>

<p>The initial SQLite Architect shall be the original developer of SQLite, D. Richard Hipp. The role of SQLite Architect shall not be assigned to another during the term of this Agreement except due to the disability of Dr. Hipp and with approval of Company.

</p>

<h3>2.3 Responsibilities And Obligations Of Hwaci</h3>

<h4>2.3.1 Employer</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall act as the employer of the SQLite Developers and SQLite Architect and shall make all tax and legal filings and tax withholding required by employers. Hwaci shall provide Company with W-9 information upon request.

</p>

<h4>2.3.2 Responsible Party</h4>

<p>All obligations of the SQLite Developers set forth in this agreement are deemed obligations of Hwaci. Hwaci shall recruit, employ, and supervise SQLite Developers in such a way that the responsibilities and obligations of the SQLite

Developers set

forth in this agreement are upheld.</p>

<h4>2.3.3 Multiple Developers</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall recruit and employ as many SQLite Developers for as many hours as can be reasonably achieved using the funds received from Consortium Members under this agreement.

So that support for SQLite will not be interrupted by the disability or withdrawal of any one SQLite Developer, Hwaci will keep at least two knowledgeable and competent SQLite Developers on staff.</p>

<h4>2.3.4 Mentorship</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall work to encourage independent programmers from around the world to become familiar with SQLite internals so that there will be a pool of talent able to support SQLite in the future.</p>

<h4>2.3.5 Audits</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall keep and maintain complete and accurate records of the use of development funds provided by Company and shall allow Company, or its representative, a certified public accountant mutually acceptable to Hwaci and Company, during office hours and at reasonable intervals, no more than once every 12 months, to inspect and make extracts or copies of such records solely for the purpose of ascertaining Hwaci's compliance with the objectives and requirements of this agreement.</p>

<h4>2.3.6 Disaster Planning</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall maintain backup copies of all SQLite source files and documentation, current and historical, at at least two separate locations separated from each other and from the primary on-line SQLite repository by at least 400 kilometers.</p>

<h4>2.3.7 Trademark</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall maintain ownership of the SQLite trademark and the sqlite.org domain name and shall purchase bandwidth and server space for the http://www.sqlite.org/ website.</p>

<h4>2.3.8 No Take-overs or Buy-outs</h4>

<p>Neither Hwaci nor the SQLite Architect shall relinquish development control of SQLite during the term of this Agreement, by acquisition or merger or by any other means, except with the consent of Company.</p>

<h4>2.3.9

New Consortium Members</h5>

<p>New Consortium Members may be accepted into the consortium from time to time under identical terms as this agreement, or under substantially similar terms that have been approved by existing Consortium Members.</p>

<h4>2.3.10 Adequate Staff</h4>

Hwaci shall recruit and employ a sufficient number of qualified SQLite Developers to easily cover all custom development, debugging, and general support service obligations for all Consortium Members while still providing ample time for the SQLite Developers to engage in general maintenance and extension of SQLite.

</p>

<h4>2.3.11 Use Of Funds</h4>

<p>Hwaci shall use the funds provided hereunder solely for the development and maintenance of SQLite as set forth in this Agreement.

Interest on funds received in advance and held in trust will be reinvested and used for the same purposes as the principal.

</p>

<h3>2.4 Responsibilities And Obligations Of Company</h3>

<h4>2.4.1 Funding</h4>

<p>Company shall provide funding for the ongoing support and maintenance of SQLite as set forth in section 3.0 "Fees".

</p>

<h4>2.4.2 Copyright Disclaimer</h4>

<p>Company acknowledges that SQLite source code and documentation published on the SQLite website is in the public domain and that nothing in this agreement shall change that fact.

</p>

<h2>3.0 Fees</h2>

<p>In consideration of the performance by Hwaci, the SQLite Developers, and the SQLite Architect of the obligations described herein, Company shall pay Hwaci at least US \$75,000 per year in advance either annually, quarterly, or monthly, at Company's discretion.</p>

<h2>4.0 Confidentiality</h2>

<h3>4.1 Definition of Confidential Information</h3>

<p>"Confidential Information" means any Company proprietary information, technical data, trade secrets or know-how, including, but not limited to, research, product plans, products, services, customers, customer lists, markets, software, developments,

inventions, processes, formulas, technology, designs, drawings, engineering, hardware configuration information, marketing, finances or other business information disclosed by Company either directly or indirectly in writing, orally or by drawings or inspection of parts or equipment.

4.2 Non-Use and Non-Disclosure.

Hwaci shall not, during or subsequent to the term of this Agreement, use Company's Confidential Information for any purpose whatsoever other than the performance of the Services or disclose Company's Confidential Information to any third party. The parties acknowledge that Confidential Information will remain the sole property of Company. Hwaci shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent any unauthorized disclosure of Confidential Information including, but not limited to, having each employee or consultant of Hwaci, if any, with access to any Confidential Information, execute a nondisclosure agreement containing provisions in Company's favor substantially similar to this Agreement. Confidential Information does not include information that: (i) is known to Hwaci at the time of disclosure to Hwaci by Company as evidenced by written records of Hwaci; (ii) has become publicly known and made generally available through no wrongful act of Hwaci; or (iii) has been received by Hwaci from a third party who is authorized to make such disclosure.

4.2.1 Disclosure Required by Law

In the event any Confidential Information is required to be disclosed by Hwaci under the terms of a valid and effective subpoena or order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by a demand or information request from an executive or administrative agency or other governmental authority, Hwaci shall, unless prohibited by the terms of a subpoena, order, or demand, promptly notify Company of the existence, terms and circumstances surrounding such demand or request, shall consult with Company on the advisability of taking legally available steps to resist or narrow such demand or request, and, if disclosure of such Confidential Information is required, shall exercise its reasonable best efforts to narrow the scope of disclosure and obtain an order or other reliable assurance that confidential treatment will be accorded to such Confidential Information. To the extent that Hwaci is prohibited from notifying Company of a subpoena, order or demand, by the terms of same, Hwaci shall exercise its reasonable efforts to narrow the scope of disclosure.

<h3>4.3 Return of Materials.</h3>

<p>Upon the termination of this Agreement, or upon Company's earlier request, Hwaci shall deliver to Company all of Company's property or Confidential Information that Hwaci may have in Hwaci's possession or control.</p>

<h2>5.0 Intellectual Property</h2>

<h3>5.1 No Assignment</h3>

<p>Company acknowledges that all copyrightable material, notes, records, drawings, designs, inventions, improvements, developments,

discoveries and trade secrets made, generated, conceived, or reduced to practice by Hwaci related to SQLite will remain the property of Hwaci. Nothing in this Agreement will be construed to transfer any intellectual property right of Hwaci to Company.</p>

<h3>5.2 Availability and Public Domain Dedication</h3>

<p>The SQLite Developers and Hwaci shall, subject to their discretion as to the quality and suitability of the SQLite source code and documentation for public release, make the SQLite source code and documentation publicly available as downloadable files and make a public statement ceding all intellectual property rights, including but not limited to copyright and patent rights, in the SQLite source code and documentation to the public domain.

To the extent that the SQLite Developers and Hwaci elect not to release the SQLite source code and documentation publicly, they shall provide copies thereof to Company and hereby grants to Company, under all of the SQLite

Developers' and Hwaci's rights including but not limited to copyright and patent rights, in and to the SQLite source code and documentation, perpetual, irrevocable, worldwide, non-exclusive, sublicenseable license to use, copy, prepare derivative works of, publicly perform and display the SQLite source code and documentation and derivative works thereof.</p>

<h3>5.3 Trademark</h3>

<p>Hwaci shall use the name "SQLite" only to apply to the publicly available project known by such name as of the Effective Date. Hwaci may in its discretion file such trademark applications or registrations as it deems appropriate to protect or record its rights therein, and may set such policies as it deems appropriate for licensing the use of the trademark.</p>

<h2>6.0 Representations And Warranties</h2>

<h3>6.1 Intellectual Property Clearances.</h3>

<p>Hwaci hereby represents and warrants that Hwaci shall enter into agreements with the SQLite Developers sufficient to enable Hwaci to undertake the obligations of Section 5.</p>

<h3>6.2 Disclaimer.</h3>

<p>THE WORK PRODUCT AND ALL MATERIAL PROVIDED BY HWACI AND COMPANY ARE PROVIDED "AS IS." NEITHER PARTY MAKES ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR ARISING BY STATUTE, CUSTOM, COURSE OF DEALING OR TRADE USAGE, WITH RESPECT TO THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREOF, IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT. EACH PARTY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF TITLE, MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT.</p>

<h2>7.0 Term And Termination</h2>

<h3>7.1 Term.</h3>

<p>This Agreement will commence on the Effective Date and will continue until 12 months after the Effective Date. Thereafter, the parties may by mutual consent renew this Agreement subject to agreement on fees to be paid by Company for sponsorship for additional periods.</p>

<h3>7.2 Termination.</h3>

<p>If either party materially defaults in the performance of any of its material obligations hereunder and if any such default is not corrected within 30 days after notice

in writing, then the non-defaulting party, at its option, may, in addition to any other remedies it may have, thereupon terminate this Agreement by giving written notice of termination to the defaulting party.</p>

<h3>7.3 Survival.</h3>

<p>Upon such termination all rights and duties of the parties toward each other will cease except: Sections 4 (Confidentiality), 5 (Intellectual Property), and 8 (Miscellaneous) will survive termination of this Agreement.</p>

<h2>8. Miscellaneous</h2>

<h3>8.1 Nonassignment/Binding Agreement.</h3>

<p>The parties acknowledge that the unique nature of Hwaci's services are substantial consideration for the parties' entering into this Agreement. Neither this Agreement nor any rights under this Agreement may be assigned or otherwise transferred by Hwaci, in whole or in part, whether voluntarily or by operation of law, without the prior written consent of Company, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld. Subject to the foregoing, this Agreement will be binding upon and will inure to the benefit of the parties and their respective successors and assigns. Any assignment in violation of the foregoing will be null and void.</p>

<h3>8.2 Notices.</h3>

<p>Any notice required or permitted under the terms of this Agreement or required by law must be in writing and must be: (a) delivered in person; (b) sent by first class registered mail, or air mail, as appropriate; or (c) sent by overnight air courier, in each case properly posted and fully prepaid to the appropriate address set forth in the preamble to this Agreement. Either party may change its address for notice by notice to the other party given in accordance with this Section. Notices will be considered to have been given at the time of actual delivery in person, three business days after deposit in the mail as set forth above, or one day after delivery to an overnight air courier service.</p>

<h3>8.3 Waiver.</h3>

<p>Any waiver of the provisions of this Agreement or of a party's rights or remedies under this Agreement must be in writing to be effective. Failure, neglect, or delay by a party to enforce the provisions of this Agreement or its rights or remedies at any time, will not be construed as a waiver of such party's rights under this Agreement and will not in any way affect the validity of the whole or any part of this Agreement or prejudice such party's right to take subsequent action. No exercise or enforcement by either party of any right or remedy under this Agreement will preclude the enforcement by such party of any other right or remedy under this Agreement or that such party is entitled by law to enforce.</p>

<h3>8.4 Severability.</h3>

<p>If any term, condition, or provision in this Agreement is found to be invalid, unlawful or unenforceable to any extent, the parties shall endeavor in good faith to agree to such amendments that will preserve, as far as possible, the intentions expressed in this Agreement. If the parties fail to agree on such an amendment, such invalid term, condition or provision will be severed from the remaining terms, conditions and provisions, which will continue to be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.</p>

<h3>8.5 Integration.</h3>

<p>This Agreement contains the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes all previous communications, representations, understandings and agreements, either oral or written, between the parties with respect to said subject matter. This Agreement may not be amended, except by a writing signed by both parties.</p>

<h3>8.6 Counterparts.</h3>

<p>This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which so executed will be deemed to be an original and such counterparts together will constitute one and the same agreement.</p>

8.7 Governing Law.

This Agreement will be interpreted and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of North Carolina and the United States of America, without regard to conflict of law principles. All disputes arising out of this Agreement will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts located in North Carolina, and each party hereby consents to the personal jurisdiction thereof.

8.8 Independent Contractors.

It is the intention of the parties that Hwaci is an independent contractor. Nothing in this Agreement will in any way be construed to constitute Hwaci or any of its employees as an agent, employee or representative of Company.

9.0 Signatures

The parties have executed this Agreement below to indicate their acceptance of its terms.

<p>HWACI By: Print Name: Title:</p>	
<p>COMPANY By: Print Name: Title:</p>	

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/consortium_agreement-

20071201.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

)putinterval

Found in path(s):

* 1 index 0(BadFont

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

%define name sqlite

%define version SQLITE_VERSION

%define release 1

Name: % { name }

Summary: SQLite is a C library that implements an embeddable SQL database engine

Version: % { version }

Release: % { release }

Source: % { name }-% { version }.tar.gz

Group: System/Libraries

URL: <http://www.sqlite.org/>

License: Public Domain

BuildRoot: % { _tmppath }/% { name }-% { version }-root

%description

SQLite is a software library that implements a self-contained, serverless, zero-configuration, transactional SQL database engine.

Programs that link with the SQLite library can have SQL database access without running a separate RDBMS process. The distribution comes with a standalone command-line access program (sqlite) that can be used to administer an SQLite database and which serves as an example of how to use the SQLite library.

%package -n % { name }-devel

Summary: Header files and libraries for developing apps which will use sqlite

Group: Development/C

Requires:

% { name } = % { version }-% { release }

%description -n % { name }-devel

The sqlite-devel package contains the header files and libraries needed to develop programs that use the SQLite database library.

%prep

%setup -q -n % { name }

%build

CFLAGS="%optflags -DNDEBUG=1" CXXFLAGS="%optflags -DNDEBUG=1" ./configure --prefix=% { _prefix }

```
make
make doc

%install
install -d $RPM_BUILD_ROOT/{_prefix}
install -d $RPM_BUILD_ROOT/{_prefix}/bin
install -d $RPM_BUILD_ROOT/{_prefix}/include
install -d $RPM_BUILD_ROOT/{_prefix}/lib
make install prefix=$RPM_BUILD_ROOT/{_prefix}
```

```
%post -p /sbin/ldconfig
```

```
%postun -p /sbin/ldconfig
```

```
%clean
rm -fr $RPM_BUILD_ROOT
```

```
%files
%defattr(-, root, root)
%{_libdir}/*.so*
%{_bindir}/*
```

```
%files -n %{name}-devel
%defattr(-, root, root)
%{_libdir}/pkgconfig/sqlite3.pc
%{_libdir}/*.a
%{_libdir}/*.la
%{_includedir}/*
%doc doc/*
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/spec.template
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

<copyright.html> and is thus free for

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/about.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

<html>

<body bgcolor="white">

<p>FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:</p>

<h2 align="center">SQLite Consortium Launches With Mozilla And Symbian As Charter Members</h2>

Ensures independent technical direction for world's most deployed SQL database engine

Charlotte, North Carolina - December 12, 2007 - The SQLite Consortium, a new membership association dedicated to maintaining SQLite as a fully open and independent product, was formally announced today. Mozilla and Symbian Ltd. have joined the SQLite Consortium as charter members.

SQLite is a compact, high efficiency, high reliability, embeddable SQL database engine. The source code to SQLite is in the public domain and is available with no associated fees. SQLite is the most deployed SQL database engine in the world and is currently used in a wide range of commercial software products and electronic devices from leading manufacturers.

SQLite is found today in many mobile phones, MP3 players, set-top boxes, and PCs.

The mission of the SQLite Consortium is to continue developing and enhancing SQLite as a product that anyone may use without paying royalties or licensing fees. Members of the SQLite Consortium provide funding to enable this mission and in return receive enterprise-level technical support. Technical control and direction of SQLite remains entirely with the SQLite developers.

Mozilla, developer of the popular open-source Firefox web browser, and Symbian, the market-leading open operating system for advanced data-enabled smartphones, both deploy the SQLite database engine in their products. As charter members of the Consortium, Mozilla and Symbian are ensuring the development and support of SQLite as a freely accessible and public domain software asset.

"SQLite has become a popular embedded database because it is lightweight, fast, and open source," said Michael Schroepfer, Vice President of Engineering, Mozilla. "As a charter member of the SQLite Consortium, Mozilla is excited to help ensure SQLite remains a vibrant and open technology, in line with our mission to promote choice and innovation on the Internet."

"The SQLite Consortium will help set the standards for database management which are essential in smartphone functionality and will also help create a pool of developers, highly-skilled in SQLite for future mobile phone development," said Bruce Carney, Director, Developer Programmes & Services, Symbian. "Our involvement with the SQL Consortium not only demonstrates Symbian's commitment to open standards in the industry, but as mobile phones become increasingly powerful and smartphones become increasingly popular, we are focused on ensuring that desktop developers, who move to the mobile space, have the easiest and most productive experience possible."

SQLite is a winner of the 2005 Google/O'Reilly Open Source Award. Additional information

regarding the SQLite Consortium is available at the SQLite website,
<http://www.sqlite.org/>.

<center>

</center>

<p>About SQLite</p>

<p>SQLite is a software library that implements a self-contained, embeddable, serverless, zero-configuration, transactional SQL database engine. The code for SQLite is in the public domain and is free for any use, commercial or private. SQLite is currently found in countless software titles and electronic devices.</p>

<p>SQLite was originally developed and released 2000 by Dr. D. Richard Hipp. The code continues to be maintained and enhanced by an international team of developers under Hipp's direction.</p>

<p>
CONTACT INFORMATION:

SQLite Consortium

Dr. D. Richard Hipp

6200 Maple Cove Lane

Charlotte, NC 28269

Email: drh@sqlite.org

<http://www.sqlite.org/>

Tel: +1.704.948.4565
</p>

<p>About Mozilla</p>

<p>Mozilla is a global community dedicated to building free, open source products and technologies that improve the online experience for people everywhere. Mozilla works in the open with a highly disciplined, transparent and cooperative development process, under the umbrella of the non-profit Mozilla Foundation. As a wholly owned subsidiary, the Mozilla Corporation organizes the development and marketing of Mozilla products. This unique structure has enabled Mozilla to financially support and cultivate competitive, viable community innovation. For more information, visit www.mozilla.com.</p>

<p>CONTACT INFORMATION:

Mozilla Corporation

Jessica Waight

Tel: +1.415.345.4754

Email: jwaight@outcastpr.com

</p>

<p>About Symbian Limited</p>

<p>Symbian is a software licensing company that develops and licenses Symbian OS, the market-leading open operating system for advanced, data-enabled mobile phones known as smartphones.</p>

<p>Symbian licenses Symbian OS to the world's leading handset manufacturers and has built close co-operative business relationships with leading companies across the mobile industry. During Q3 2007, 20.4 million Symbian smartphones were sold worldwide to over 250 major network operators, bringing the total number of Symbian smartphones shipped up to 30 September 2007 to 165 million.</p>

<p>Symbian has its headquarters in London, United Kingdom, with offices in the United States, United Kingdom, Asia (India, P.R. China, and Korea) and Japan. For more information, please visit www.symbian.com.</p>

<p>CONTACT INFORMATION:

Symbian Global Press Office

Karen Hamblen

+44 207 154 1707

press@symbian.com

</p>

</body></html>

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/pressrelease-20071212.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

application is free to use the same database connection or the

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/c3ref/c_config_covering_index_scan.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Copyright 1997-2006 Adobe Systems Incorporated. All Rights Reserved.

Copyright 1987-2006 Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Copyright 1987-2004 Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Copyright 1987-2001 Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Found in path(s):

* %%Copyright

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

without a shared lock, other processes are free to modify the database

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/atomiccommit.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

<p>SQLite itself is in the public domain and can be used for any purpose. But TH3 is proprietary and requires a license.

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/th3.html
```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/*
```

```
** CAPI3REF: Configuration Options
```

```
** KEYWORDS: {configuration option}
```

```
**
```

```
** These constants are the available integer configuration options that  
** can be passed as the first argument to the [sqlite3_config()] interface.
```

```
**
```

```
** New configuration options may be added in future releases of SQLite.  
** Existing configuration options might be discontinued. Applications  
** should check the return code from [sqlite3_config()] to make sure that  
** the call worked. The [sqlite3_config()] interface will return a  
** non-zero [error code] if a discontinued or unsupported configuration option  
** is invoked.
```

```
**
```

```
** <dl>
```

```
** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_SINGLETHREAD]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_SINGLETHREAD</dt>
```

```
** <dd>There are no arguments to this option. ^This option sets the  
** [threading mode] to Single-thread. In other words, it disables  
** all mutexing and puts SQLite into a mode where it can only be used  
** by a single thread. ^If SQLite
```

```
is compiled with
```

```
** the [SQLITE_THREADSAFE | SQLITE_THREADSAFE=0] compile-time option then
```

```
** it is not possible to change the [threading mode] from its default
```

```
** value of Single-thread and so [sqlite3_config()] will return
```

```
** [SQLITE_ERROR] if called with the SQLITE_CONFIG_SINGLETHREAD
```

```
** configuration option.</dd>
```

```
**
```

```
** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_MULTITHREAD]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_MULTITHREAD</dt>
```

```
** <dd>There are no arguments to this option. ^This option sets the
```

```
** [threading mode] to Multi-thread. In other words, it disables
```

```
** mutexing on [database connection] and [prepared statement] objects.
```

** The application is responsible for serializing access to
 ** [database connections] and [prepared statements]. But other mutexes
 ** are enabled so that SQLite will be safe to use in a multi-threaded
 ** environment as long as no two threads attempt to use the same
 ** [database connection] at the same time. ^If SQLite is compiled with
 ** the [SQLITE_THREADSAFE | SQLITE_THREADSAFE=0] compile-time option
 then
 ** it is not possible to set the Multi-thread [threading mode] and
 ** [sqlite3_config()] will return [SQLITE_ERROR] if called with the
 ** SQLITE_CONFIG_MULTITHREAD configuration option.</dd>
 **
 ** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_SERIALIZED]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_SERIALIZED</dt>
 ** <dd>There are no arguments to this option. ^This option sets the
 ** [threading mode] to Serialized. In other words, this option enables
 ** all mutexes including the recursive
 ** mutexes on [database connection] and [prepared statement] objects.
 ** In this mode (which is the default when SQLite is compiled with
 ** [SQLITE_THREADSAFE=1]) the SQLite library will itself serialize access
 ** to [database connections] and [prepared statements] so that the
 ** application is free to use the same [database connection] or the
 ** same [prepared statement] in different threads at the same time.
 ** ^If SQLite is compiled with
 ** the [SQLITE_THREADSAFE | SQLITE_THREADSAFE=0] compile-time option then
 ** it is not possible to set the
 Serialized [threading mode] and
 ** [sqlite3_config()] will return [SQLITE_ERROR] if called with the
 ** SQLITE_CONFIG_SERIALIZED configuration option.</dd>
 **
 ** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_MALLOC]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_MALLOC</dt>
 ** <dd> ^This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to an
 ** instance of the [sqlite3_mem_methods] structure. The argument specifies
 ** alternative low-level memory allocation routines to be used in place of
 ** the memory allocation routines built into SQLite.)^ ^SQLite makes
 ** its own private copy of the content of the [sqlite3_mem_methods] structure
 ** before the [sqlite3_config()] call returns.</dd>
 **
 ** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_GETMALLOC]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_GETMALLOC</dt>
 ** <dd> ^This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to an
 ** instance of the [sqlite3_mem_methods] structure. The [sqlite3_mem_methods]
 ** structure is filled with the currently defined memory allocation routines.)^
 ** This option can be used to overload the default memory allocation
 **
 routines with a wrapper that simulations memory allocation failure or
 ** tracks memory usage, for example. </dd>
 **
 ** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_MEMSTATUS]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_MEMSTATUS</dt>
 ** <dd> ^This option takes single argument of type int, interpreted as a
 ** boolean, which enables or disables the collection of memory allocation

** statistics. ^When memory allocation statistics are disabled, the following SQLite interfaces become non-operational:

- ** [sqlite3_memory_used()]
- ** [sqlite3_memory_highwater()]
- ** [sqlite3_soft_heap_limit64()]
- ** [sqlite3_status()]

** ^

** ^Memory allocation statistics are enabled by default unless SQLite is compiled with [SQLITE_DEFAULT_MEMSTATUS]=0 in which case memory allocation statistics are disabled by default.

** </dd>

**

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_SCRATCH]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_SCRATCH</dt>

** <dd> ^This option specifies a static memory buffer that SQLite can use for scratch memory. There are three arguments: A pointer an 8-byte aligned memory buffer from which the scratch allocations will be drawn, the size of each scratch allocation (sz), and the maximum number of scratch allocations (N). The sz argument must be a multiple of 16. The first argument must be a pointer to an 8-byte aligned buffer of at least sz*N bytes of memory. ^SQLite will use no more than two scratch buffers per thread. So N should be set to twice the expected maximum number of threads. ^SQLite will never require a scratch buffer that is more than 6 times the database page size. ^If SQLite needs needs additional scratch memory beyond what is provided by this configuration option, then [sqlite3_malloc()] will be used to obtain the memory needed.</dd>

**

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_PAGECACHE]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_PAGECACHE</dt>

** <dd> ^This option specifies a static memory buffer that SQLite can use for the database page cache with the default page cache implementation. This configuration should not be used if an application-define page cache implementation is loaded using the SQLITE_CONFIG_PCACHE2 option. There are three arguments to this option: A pointer to 8-byte aligned memory, the size of each page buffer (sz), and the number of pages (N). The sz argument should be the size of the largest database page (a power of two between 512 and 32768) plus a little extra for each page header. ^The page header size is 20 to 40 bytes depending on the host architecture. ^It is harmless, apart from the wasted memory, to make sz a little too large. The first argument should point to an allocation of at least sz*N bytes of memory. ^SQLite will use the memory provided by the first argument to satisfy its memory needs for the first N pages that it adds to cache. ^If additional page cache memory is needed beyond what is provided by this option, then SQLite goes to [sqlite3_malloc()] for the additional storage space.

** The pointer
 in the first argument must
 ** be aligned to an 8-byte boundary or subsequent behavior of SQLite
 ** will be undefined.</dd>
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_HEAP]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_HEAP</dt>
 ** <dd> ^This option specifies a static memory buffer that SQLite will use
 ** for all of its dynamic memory allocation needs beyond those provided
 ** for by [SQLITE_CONFIG_SCRATCH] and [SQLITE_CONFIG_PAGECACHE].
 ** There are three arguments: An 8-byte aligned pointer to the memory,
 ** the number of bytes in the memory buffer, and the minimum allocation size.
 ** ^If the first pointer (the memory pointer) is NULL, then SQLite reverts
 ** to using its default memory allocator (the system malloc() implementation),
 ** undoing any prior invocation of [SQLITE_CONFIG_MALLOC]. ^If the
 ** memory pointer is not NULL and either [SQLITE_ENABLE_MEMSYS3] or
 ** [SQLITE_ENABLE_MEMSYS5] are defined, then the alternative memory
 ** allocator is engaged to handle all of SQLite's memory allocation needs.
 ** The first pointer
 (the memory pointer) must be aligned to an 8-byte
 ** boundary or subsequent behavior of SQLite will be undefined.
 ** The minimum allocation size is capped at 2**12. Reasonable values
 ** for the minimum allocation size are 2**5 through 2**8.</dd>
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_MUTEX]] <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_MUTEX</dt>
 ** <dd> ^(This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to an
 ** instance of the [sqlite3_mutex_methods] structure. The argument specifies
 ** alternative low-level mutex routines to be used in place
 ** the mutex routines built into SQLite.)^ ^SQLite makes a copy of the
 ** content of the [sqlite3_mutex_methods] structure before the call to
 ** [sqlite3_config()] returns. ^If SQLite is compiled with
 ** the [SQLITE_THREADSAFE | SQLITE_THREADSAFE=0] compile-time option then
 ** the entire mutexing subsystem is omitted from the build and hence calls to
 ** [sqlite3_config()] with the SQLITE_CONFIG_MUTEX configuration option will
 ** return [SQLITE_ERROR].</dd>
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_GETMUTEX]]
 <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_GETMUTEX</dt>
 ** <dd> ^(This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to an
 ** instance of the [sqlite3_mutex_methods] structure. The
 ** [sqlite3_mutex_methods]
 ** structure is filled with the currently defined mutex routines.)^
 ** This option can be used to overload the default mutex allocation
 ** routines with a wrapper used to track mutex usage for performance
 ** profiling or testing, for example. ^If SQLite is compiled with
 ** the [SQLITE_THREADSAFE | SQLITE_THREADSAFE=0] compile-time option then
 ** the entire mutexing subsystem is omitted from the build and hence calls to
 ** [sqlite3_config()] with the SQLITE_CONFIG_GETMUTEX configuration option will
 ** return [SQLITE_ERROR].</dd>

**

** `[[SQLITE_CONFIG_LOOKASIDE]]` <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_LOOKASIDE</dt>

** <dd> ^(This option takes two arguments that determine the default

** memory allocation for the lookaside memory allocator on each

** [database connection]. The first argument is the

** size of each

lookaside buffer slot and the second is the number of

** slots allocated to each database connection.)^ ^(This option sets the

** <i>default</i> lookaside size. The `[[SQLITE_DBCONFIG_LOOKASIDE]]`

** verb to `[[sqlite3_db_config()]]` can be used to change the lookaside

** configuration on individual connections.)^ </dd>

**

** `[[SQLITE_CONFIG_PCACHE2]]` <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_PCACHE2</dt>

** <dd> ^(This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to

** an `[[sqlite3_pcache_methods2]]` object. This object specifies the interface

** to a custom page cache implementation.)^ ^SQLite makes a copy of the

** object and uses it for page cache memory allocations.</dd>

**

** `[[SQLITE_CONFIG_GETPCACHE2]]` <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_GETPCACHE2</dt>

** <dd> ^(This option takes a single argument which is a pointer to an

** `[[sqlite3_pcache_methods2]]` object. SQLite copies of the current

** page cache implementation into that object.)^ </dd>

**

** `[[SQLITE_CONFIG_LOG]]` <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_LOG</dt>

** <dd> The `SQLITE_CONFIG_LOG`

option is used to configure the SQLite

** global [error log].

** (^The `SQLITE_CONFIG_LOG` option takes two arguments: a pointer to a

** function with a call signature of `void (*)(void*,int,const char*)`,

** and a pointer to void. ^If the function pointer is not NULL, it is

** invoked by `[[sqlite3_log()]]` to process each logging event. ^If the

** function pointer is NULL, the `[[sqlite3_log()]]` interface becomes a no-op.

** ^The void pointer that is the second argument to `SQLITE_CONFIG_LOG` is

** passed through as the first parameter to the application-defined logger

** function whenever that function is invoked. ^The second parameter to

** the logger function is a copy of the first parameter to the corresponding

** `[[sqlite3_log()]]` call and is intended to be a [result code] or an

** [extended result code]. ^The third parameter passed to the logger is

** log message after formatting via `[[sqlite3_snprintf()]]`.

** The SQLite logging interface is not reentrant; the logger function

** supplied

by the application must not invoke any SQLite interface.

** In a multi-threaded application, the application-defined logger

** function must be threadsafe. </dd>

**

** `[[SQLITE_CONFIG_URI]]` <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_URI

** <dd> This option takes a single argument of type int. If non-zero, then

** URI handling is globally enabled. If the parameter is zero, then URI handling

** is globally disabled. If URI handling is globally enabled, all filenames
 ** passed to [sqlite3_open()], [sqlite3_open_v2()], [sqlite3_open16()] or
 ** specified as part of [ATTACH] commands are interpreted as URIs, regardless
 ** of whether or not the [SQLITE_OPEN_URI] flag is set when the database
 ** connection is opened. If it is globally disabled, filenames are
 ** only interpreted as URIs if the SQLITE_OPEN_URI flag is set when the
 ** database connection is opened. By default, URI handling is globally
 ** disabled. The default value may be changed by compiling with the
 ** [SQLITE_USE_URI] symbol defined.
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_COVERING_INDEX_SCAN]]
 <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_COVERING_INDEX_SCAN
 ** <dd> This option takes a single integer argument which is interpreted as
 ** a boolean in order to enable or disable the use of covering indices for
 ** full table scans in the query optimizer. The default setting is determined
 ** by the [SQLITE_ALLOW_COVERING_INDEX_SCAN] compile-time option, or is "on"
 ** if that compile-time option is omitted.
 ** The ability to disable the use of covering indices for full table scans
 ** is because some incorrectly coded legacy applications might malfunction
 ** malfunction when the optimization is enabled. Providing the ability to
 ** disable the optimization allows the older, buggy application code to work
 ** without change even with newer versions of SQLite.
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_PCACHE]] [[SQLITE_CONFIG_GETPCACHE]]
 ** <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_PCACHE and SQLITE_CONFIG_GETPCACHE
 ** <dd> These options are obsolete and should not be used by new code.
 ** They are retained for backwards compatibility
 but are now no-ops.
 ** </dd>
 **

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_SQLLOG]]
 ** <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_SQLLOG
 ** <dd>This option is only available if sqlite is compiled with the
 ** [SQLITE_ENABLE_SQLLOG] pre-processor macro defined. The first argument should
 ** be a pointer to a function of type void(*)(void*,sqlite3*,const char*, int).
 ** The second should be of type (void*). The callback is invoked by the library
 ** in three separate circumstances, identified by the value passed as the
 ** fourth parameter. If the fourth parameter is 0, then the database connection
 ** passed as the second argument has just been opened. The third argument
 ** points to a buffer containing the name of the main database file. If the
 ** fourth parameter is 1, then the SQL statement that the third parameter
 ** points to has just been executed. Or, if the fourth parameter is 2, then
 ** the connection being passed as the second parameter is being closed. The
 ** third parameter is passed NULL In this case. An example of
 using this
 ** configuration option can be seen in the "test_sqllog.c" source file in
 ** the canonical SQLite source tree.</dd>
 **

```

** [[SQLITE_CONFIG_MMAP_SIZE]]
** <dt>SQLITE_CONFIG_MMAP_SIZE
** <dd>SQLITE_CONFIG_MMAP_SIZE takes two 64-bit integer (sqlite3_int64) values
** that are the default mmap size limit (the default setting for
** [PRAGMA mmap_size]) and the maximum allowed mmap size limit.
** The default setting can be overridden by each database connection using
** either the [PRAGMA mmap_size] command, or by using the
** [SQLITE_FCNTL_MMAP_SIZE] file control. The maximum allowed mmap size
** cannot be changed at run-time. Nor may the maximum allowed mmap size
** exceed the compile-time maximum mmap size set by the
** [SQLITE_MAX_MMAP_SIZE] compile-time option.
** If either argument to this option is negative, then that argument is
** changed to its compile-time default.
** </dl>
*/

```

Found in path(s):

```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/src/sqlite.h.in
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```

MMFauxFont.prc

Found in path(s):

```

* %%BeginFile
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```

Sources are in the public domain.
Rather than using fopen() to write XML or some proprietary format into

Found in path(s):

```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/features.html
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```

<p>Public domain</p>

The source code for SQLite is in the public domain. No claim of copyright

Found in path(s):

```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/different.html
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```

public domain and so many groups use SQLite

Found in path(s):

```

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/famous.html

```

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

<dd><p>The psow query parameter works with the default windows and unix VFSEs but might be a no-op for other proprietary or non-standard VFSEs.

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/requirements.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

application is free to use the same database connection or the

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/capi3ref.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

%% Copyright: Copyright(C)2000-2006 Adobe Systems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

%% Copyright: Copyright(C)1997-2007 Adobe Systems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

%% BeginResource: procset Adobe_CoolType_Core 2.31 0

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/art/sqlite370.eps

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

2.31 0

1.23 0

1.0 0

Found in path(s):

* %% Version

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

SQLite is open source, and is available in the public domain

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/books.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

public domain.</p>

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFljBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/index.html

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

```
/*
 * This code implements the MD5 message-digest algorithm.
 * The algorithm is due to Ron Rivest. This code was
 * written by Colin Plumb in 1993, no copyright is claimed.
 * This code is in the public domain; do with it what you wish.
 *
 * Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc.
 * This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent,
 * except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese
 * with every copy.
 *
 * To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an
 * MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as
 * needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which
 * will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.
 */
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/src/tclsqlite.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/test/threadtest3.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

public domain.

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-doc-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-eJRFIjBN/sqlite-doc-3071700/changes.html
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
/*
```

```
** Return a pointer to the "temporary page" buffer held internally
** by the pager. This is a buffer that is big enough to hold the
** entire content of a database page. This buffer is used internally
** during rollback and will be overwritten whenever a rollback
** occurs. But other modules are free to use it too, as long as
** no rollbacks are happening.
*/
```

Found in path(s):

```
* /opt/cola/permits/1147207255_1616931069.79/0/sqlite-3.7.17-8.el7-1.src.rpm-cosi-expand-archive-
0MkM7W2c/sqlite-src-3071700.zip-cosi-expand-archive-773F9llw/sqlite-src-3071700/src/pager.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
)print dup(    )cvcs print
```

Found in path(s):

```
* {cvx $error/errname get(Error  
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.
```

```
{string currentfile exch readstring pop}executeonly def
```

```
Found in path(s):
```

```
* /
```

1.27 open-ldap 2.4.44-13.el7

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1.28 tcpdump 4.9.2-3.el7

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1.29 keyutils 1.5.8-3.el7

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a

derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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1.32 crontabs 1.11-6.20121102git.el7

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1.33 popt 1.13-16.el7

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1.34 python-iniparse 0.4-9.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
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1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
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2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2			
2002	PSF	yes		
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
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1.35 libidn 1.28-4.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

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1.37 sed 4.2.2-5.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

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1.39 xz 5.2.2-1.el7

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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```

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.40 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4-10.el7

1.40.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv2

1.41 pyliblzma 0.5.3-11.el7

1.41.1 Available under license :

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1.42 findutils 4.5.11-5.el7

1.42.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.44 hostname 3.13-3.e17

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hostname -- set the host name or show the host/domain name

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1.45 sysv-init 2.88-14.dsfe17

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- * A rewrite
- of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- * in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- *

- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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1.46 lua 5.1.4-15.el7

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1.47 libmnl 1.0.3-7.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute

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a)

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to most

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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```
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1.53 qrencode 3.4.1-3.el7

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```
-----  
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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a

portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify
that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.55 libedit 3.0-12.20121213cvs.el7

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

@iftex

@section TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

@item Definitions.

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``Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

``The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as ``you". ``Licensees" and ``recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To ``modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a ``modified version" of the earlier work or a work ``based on" the earlier work.

A ``covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To ``propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To ``convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays ``Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

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The ``source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A ``Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified

for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control

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@enumerate a

@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

@item

The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to ``keep intact all notices".

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@enumerate a

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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```
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```
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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using

a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be

linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute

the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a)

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)

will
operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally
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1.57 libassuan 2.1.0-3.el7

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that

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- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
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1.58 shadow-utils 4.1.5.1-24.el7

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1.59 lvm2 2.02.177-4.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.63 gawk 4.0.2-4.e17_3.1

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Because
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the

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```
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```

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```

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```

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1.64 python-urlgrabber 3.10-8.el7

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1.65 libpcap 1.5.3-11.el7

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1.66 glib 2.54.2-2.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.67 sudo 1.8.19p2-13.el7

1.67.1 Available under license :

The following list of people, sorted by last name, have contributed code or patches to this implementation of sudo since I began maintaining it in 1993. This list is known to be incomplete--if you believe you should be listed, please send a note to sudo@sudo.ws.

Ackeret, Matt
Adler, Mark
Allbery, Russ
Anderson, Jamie
Andrew, Nick
Andric, Dimitry
Barron, Danny
Bates, Tom
Behan, Zdenk
Bellis, Ray
Benali, Elias
Beverly, Jamie
Boardman, Spider
Bostley, P.J.
Bowes, Keith
Boyce, Keith Garry
Brantley, Michael
Braun, Rob
Bezina, Pavel

Brooks, Piete
Brown, Jerry
Burr, Michael E
Burton, Ross
Bussjaeger, Andreas
Calvin, Gary
Campbell, Aaron
Chazelas, Stephane
ek, Vtzslav
Coleman, Chris
Corzine, Deven T.
Cusack, Frank
Dai, Wei
Dill, David
Earickson, Jeff
Eckhardt, Drew
Edgington, Ben
Esipovich, Marc
Espie, Marc
Faigon, Ariel
Farrell, Brian
Fobes, Steve
Frysinger, Mike
G., Daniel Richard
Gailly, Jean-loup
Gelman, Stephen
Gerraty, Simon J.
Graber, Stephane
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Hayman, Randy M.
Henke, Joachim
Hideaki, YOSHIFUJI
Hieb, Dave
Holloway, Nick
Hoover, Adam
Hunter, Michael T.
Hutchings, Ben
Irrgang, Eric
Jackson, Brian
Jackson, John R.
Jackson, Richard L., Jr.
Janssen, Mark
Jepeway, Chris
Jorge, Joel Pele
Pele Jorge, Joel
Juhani, Timo
KIKUCHI, Ayamura
Kadow, Kevin

Kasal, Stepan
Kienenberger, Mike
King, Dale
King, Michael
Klyachkin, Andrey
Knoble, Jim
Knox, Tim
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Kondrashov, Nikolai
Kopeek, Daniel
Kranenburg, Paul
Krause, David
Lakin, Eric
Larsen, Case
Levin, Dmitry V.
Libby, Kendall
Lobbes, Phillip E.
McIntyre, Jason
MacKenzie, David J.
McLaughlin, Tom
Makey, Jeff
Marchionna, Michael D.
Markham, Paul
Martinian,
Emin
Meskes, Michael
Michael, David
Miller, Todd C.
Minier, Loc
Moffat, Darren
Moldung, Jan Thomas
Morris, Charles
Mueller, Andreas
Mller, Dworkin
Nieusma, Jeff
Nikitser, Peter A.
Nussel, Ludwig
Ouellet, Jean-Philippe
Paquet, Eric
Paradis, Chantal
Percival, Ted
Perera, Andres
Peron, Christian S.J.
Peschel, Aaron
Peslyak, Alexander
Peterson, Toby
Petten, Diego Elio
Pickett, Joel

Plotnick, Alex
de Raadt, Theo
Rasch, Gudleik
Reid, Steve
Richards, Matt
Rossum, Guido van
Rouillard, John P.
Rowe, William A., Jr.
Roy, Alain
Ruusame, Elan
Ryabinkin, Eygene
SATO, Yuichi
Snchez, Wilfredo
Saucier, Jean-Francois
Schoenfeld, Patrick
Schuring, Arno
Schwarze, Ingo
Scott, Dougal
Sieger, Nick
Simon, Thor Lancelot
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Stoeckmann, Tobias
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Tucker, Darren
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Valery, Reznic
Van Dinter, Theo
Venckus, Martynas
de Vries, Maarten
Wagner, Klaus
Walsh, Dan
Warburton, John
Webb, Kirk
Wetzel, Timm

Wieringen, Marco van
Wilk, Jakub
Winiger, Gary
Wood, David
Zacarias, Gustavo
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
Casagrande, Milo
Castro, Felipe
Cho, Seong-ho
Chornoivan, Yuri
Diguez, Francisco
Ferreira, Rafael
Garca-Fontes, Walter
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Hamming, Peter
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Margeviius, Algimantas
Maryanov, Pavel
Nikoli, Miroslav
Nylander, Daniel
Psa, Petr
Qun, Trn Ngc
Rogueiro, Leandro
Sarar, zgr
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1.83 strace 4.12-6.el7

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1.84 glibc 2.17-222.el7

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1.95 coreutils 8.22-21.el7

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Version 1.1

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contribution to the Google C++ Testing Framework project. People
who commit code to the project are encouraged to add their names
here. Please keep the list sorted by first names.

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1.100 bash 4.2.46-30.el7

1.100.1 Available under license :

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT

Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>

From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Bash scripts

Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged

some of your bash functions from your home directory on

>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let

>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in

~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

From specdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: specdt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from specdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcecdt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
From: John DuBois <spcecdt@armory.com>
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcecdt/
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Re: ksh scripts
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deephought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in
} the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
```

```
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
```

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From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

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id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

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From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)
Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>
Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]
To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger
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1.101 pcre 8.32-17.el7

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1.102 bzip2 1.0.6-13.el7.centos

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1.103 nss-softokn 3.34.0-2.el7

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1.109 Iz4 1.7.5-2.e17

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Upstream-Name: liblz4

Upstream-Contact: Yann Collet <Cyan4973@github.com>

Source: <https://github.com/lz4/lz4>

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1.113 file 5.11-33.el7

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free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License,
or
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

1.116 vim 7.4.160-4.el7

1.116.1 Available under license :

```
" Vim syntax file
" Language: Software Distributor product specification file
" (POSIX 1387.2-1995).
" Maintainer: Rex Barzee <rex_barzee@hp.com>
" Last change: 25 Apr 2001

if version < 600
" Remove any old syntax stuff hanging around
syn clear
elseif exists("b:current_syntax")
finish
endif

" Product specification files are case sensitive
syn case match

syn keyword psfObject bundle category control_file depot distribution
syn keyword psfObject end file fileset host installed_software media
syn keyword psfObject product root subproduct vendor

syn match psfUnquotString +[^"# ][^#]*+ contained
syn region psfQuotString start="+ " skip="+\|"+ end="+ " contained

syn match psfObjTag "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*" contained
syn match psfAttAbbrev ",\<(\(fa\|fr\|[aclqrv])\)(\<|\>|\<=|\>=|\|=|==)\(^,|)+" contained
syn match psfObjTags "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*\(\s+\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*\)*" contained

syn match psfNumber "\<d\+>"
contained
syn match psfFloat "\<d\+>\(\.\<d\+>\)*" contained

syn match psfLongDate "\<d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d>" contained
```

syn keyword psfState available configured corrupt installed transient contained

syn keyword psfPState applied committed superseded contained

syn keyword psfBoolean false true contained

"Some of the attributes covered by attUnquotString and attQuotString:

" architecture category_tag control_directory copyright

" create_date description directory file_permissions install_source

" install_type location machine_type mod_date number os_name os_release

" os_version pose_as_os_name pose_as_os_release readme revision

" share_link title vendor_tag

syn region psfAttUnquotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[^#]\+\s\+[^"]~rs=e-1

contains=psfUnquotString,psfComment end=~\$~ keepend oneline

syn region psfAttQuotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[^#]\+\s\+"~rs=e-1

contains=psfQuotString,psfComment skip=~\|~ matchgroup=psfQuotString

end=~"~ keepend

" These regions are defined in attempt to do syntax checking for some

" of the attributes.

syn region psfAttTag matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*tag\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfComment end="\$" keepend

oneline

syn region psfAttSpec matchgroup=psfAttrib

start="^\s*(ancestor\|applied_patches\|applied_to\|contents\|corequisites\|exquisites\|prerequisites\|software_spec\|supersedes\|superseded_by\)\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfAttAbbrev,psfComment end="\$" keepend

syn region psfAttTags matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*all_filesets\s\+" contains=psfObjTags,psfComment end="\$"

keepend

syn region psfAttNumber matchgroup=psfAttrib

start="^\s*(compressed_size\|instance_id\|media_sequence_number\|sequence_number\|size)\s\+"

contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="\$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttTime matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(create_time\|ctime\|mod_time\|mtime\|timestamp)\s\+"

contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="\$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttFloat matchgroup=psfAttrib

start="^\s*(data_model_revision\|layout_version)\s\+" contains=psfFloat,psfComment end="\$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttLongDate matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*install_date\s\+" contains=psfLongDate,psfComment

end="\$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(state)\s\+" contains=psfState,psfComment end="\$"

keepend oneline

```
syn region psfAttPState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*(patch_state)\s\+" contains=psfPState,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline
```

```
syn region psfAttBoolean matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*(is_kernel|is_locatable|is_patch|is_protected|is_reboot|is_reference|is_secure|is_sparse)\s\+"
contains=psfBoolean,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline
```

```
syn match psfComment "#.*$"
```

```
" Define the default highlighting.
```

```
" For version 5.7 and earlier: only when not done already
```

```
" For version 5.8 and later: only when an item doesn't have highlighting yet
```

```
if version >= 508 || !exists("did_psf_syntax_inits")
```

```
if version < 508
```

```
let did_psf_syntax_inits = 1
```

```
command -nargs=+ HiLink hi link <args>
```

```
else
```

```
command -nargs=+ HiLink hi def link <args>
```

```
endif
```

```
HiLink psfObject Statement
```

```
HiLink psfAttrib Type
```

```
HiLink psfQuotString String
```

```
HiLink psfObjTag Identifier
```

```
HiLink psfAttAbbrev PreProc
```

```
HiLink psfObjTags Identifier
```

```
HiLink psfComment Comment
```

```
delcommand HiLink
```

```
endif
```

```
" Long descriptions and copyrights confuse the syntax highlighting, so
```

```
" force vim to backup at least 100 lines before the top visible line
```

```
" looking for a sync location.
```

```
syn sync lines=100
```

```
let b:current_syntax = "psf"
```

```
/*
```

```
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```

```
*
```

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*/

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 (XPM - X PixMap format version 2 & 3)
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uganda.txt For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*
SUMMARY
iccf *ICCF*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [kcc] below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>
<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>
<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [manual-copyright].

=== begin of license ===

VIM LICENSE

D) There are no restrictions on distributing unmodified copies of Vim except that they must include this license text. You can also distribute unmodified parts of Vim, likewise unrestricted except that they must include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage examples and Vim scripts.

II) It is allowed to distribute a modified (or extended) version of Vim, including executables and/or source code, when the following four conditions are met:

- 1) This license text must be included unmodified.
- 2) The modified Vim must be distributed in one of the following five ways:
 - a) If you make changes to Vim yourself, you must clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. When the maintainer asks you (in any way) for a copy of the modified Vim you distributed, you must make your changes, including source code, available to the maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation

then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes.

The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has received your changes they will not have to be sent again.

b) If you have received a modified Vim that was distributed as mentioned under a) you are allowed to further distribute it unmodified, as mentioned at I). If you make additional changes the text under a) applies to those changes.

c) Provide all the changes, including source code, with every copy of the modified Vim you distribute. This may be done in the form of a context diff. You can choose what license to use for new code you add. The changes and their license must not restrict others from making their own changes to the official version of Vim.

d) When you have a modified Vim which includes changes as mentioned under c), you can distribute it without the source code for the changes if the following three conditions are met:

- The license that applies to the changes permits you to distribute the changes to the Vim maintainer without fee or restriction, and permits the Vim maintainer to include the changes in the official version of Vim without fee or restriction.

- You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
 - You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long as possible.
 - e) When the GNU General Public License (GPL) applies to the changes, you can distribute the modified Vim under the GNU GPL version 2 or any later version.
- 3) A message must be added, at least in the output of the ":version" command and in the intro screen, such that the user of the modified Vim is able to see that it was modified. When distributing as mentioned under 2)e) adding the message is only required for as far as this does not conflict with the license used for the changes.
 - 4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

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If the number of changes is small (e.g., a modified Makefile) e-mailing a context diff will do. The e-mail address to be used is <maintainer@vim.org>

IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not

make a difference.

- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.

Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that

needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are

very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:
Kibaale Children's Centre

p.o.
box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [|iccf|](#) for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.
For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly. Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.
Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy
10238-168 Street
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4
Canada
Phone: 604-581-5353

If

you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.
This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.
Postbank, nr. 4548774
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.
Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:
<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift

code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

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1.117 elfutils 0.170-4.el7

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1.118 curl 7.29.0-46.el7

1.118.1 Available under license :

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you

accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl <http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL <http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS <http://www.gnutls.org/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl <http://www.yassl.com/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS <http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/>

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axTLS <http://axtls.sourceforge.net/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares <http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html>

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/>

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Heimdal <http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/>

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fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn <http://josefsson.org/libidn/>

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also

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OpenLDAP <http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html>

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 <http://www.libssh2.org/>

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

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[2] = <http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs> details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

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1.119 net-tools 2.0-0.22.20131004git.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.120 pycurl 7.19.0-19.el7

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1.121 e2fsprogs 1.42.9-11.el7

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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*/

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2
file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities
were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card
<card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 2005
- + Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 1999-2005
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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

```
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```
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for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

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#

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.

#

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0

BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce

BSDLIB_MYDIR = et

BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile

```
@echo " MKDIR pic"
```

```
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
```

```
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
```

```
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
```

```
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
```

```
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'/$$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
```

```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

```
install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs
```

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
```

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
```

```
$(RM)
```

```
-rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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That's all there is to it!

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error Description library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the EXT2 file system utilities (e2fsck, mke2fs, etc.). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

Sources were obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

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1.122 util-linux 2.23.2-52.el7

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

#1: 32 7648 0x83
#2: 7680 8704 0xa5
#5: 7936 4864 0x7 (freebsd)
#6: 12544 3584 0x7 (freebsd)

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
--------	------	-------	-----	--------	----	--------

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

```
Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023
bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img
```

```
---layout-----
```

```
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001
```

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

```
-----
```

```
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img
```

```
---layout-----
```

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0						
	16064	16065	unused	0	0		

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

```
-----
```

```
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img
```

```
---layout-----
```

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
a:	4096	6144	2049	4.2BSD	0	0	0
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

0	unused	5	4.1BSD	9	4.4LFS	d	boot
1	swap						
	6	Eighth Edition	a	unknown	e	ADOS	
2	Version 6	7	4.2BSD	b	HPFS	f	HFS
3	Version 7	8	MS-DOS	c	ISO-9660	10	AdvFS
4	System V						

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

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1.123 acl 2.2.51-14

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1.127 passwd 0.79-4.el7

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-*- coding: utf-8 -*-

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Special Recognition

One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his

own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

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The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

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1.130 openssl 1.0.2k-12.el7

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1.131 kerberos 1.15.1-18.el7

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```
cmd/krb5/iproplib/iproplib.x
cmd/krb5/iproplib/iproplib_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/iproplib_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
```

lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_context.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
lib/libgss/g_process_context.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/libgss/g_seal.c
lib/libgss/g_sign.c
lib/libgss/g_store_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in "src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

```
lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
```

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the

following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,

the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader

specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.

Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.

Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.

David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.

Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.

Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the

current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves,

then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables

containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user

installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

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"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

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A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The

"System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally

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The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

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section 10

makes it unnecessary.

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

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You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

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place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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