



Cisco Expo  
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# Cisco Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP)

Dubrovnik, 21.3.2008.



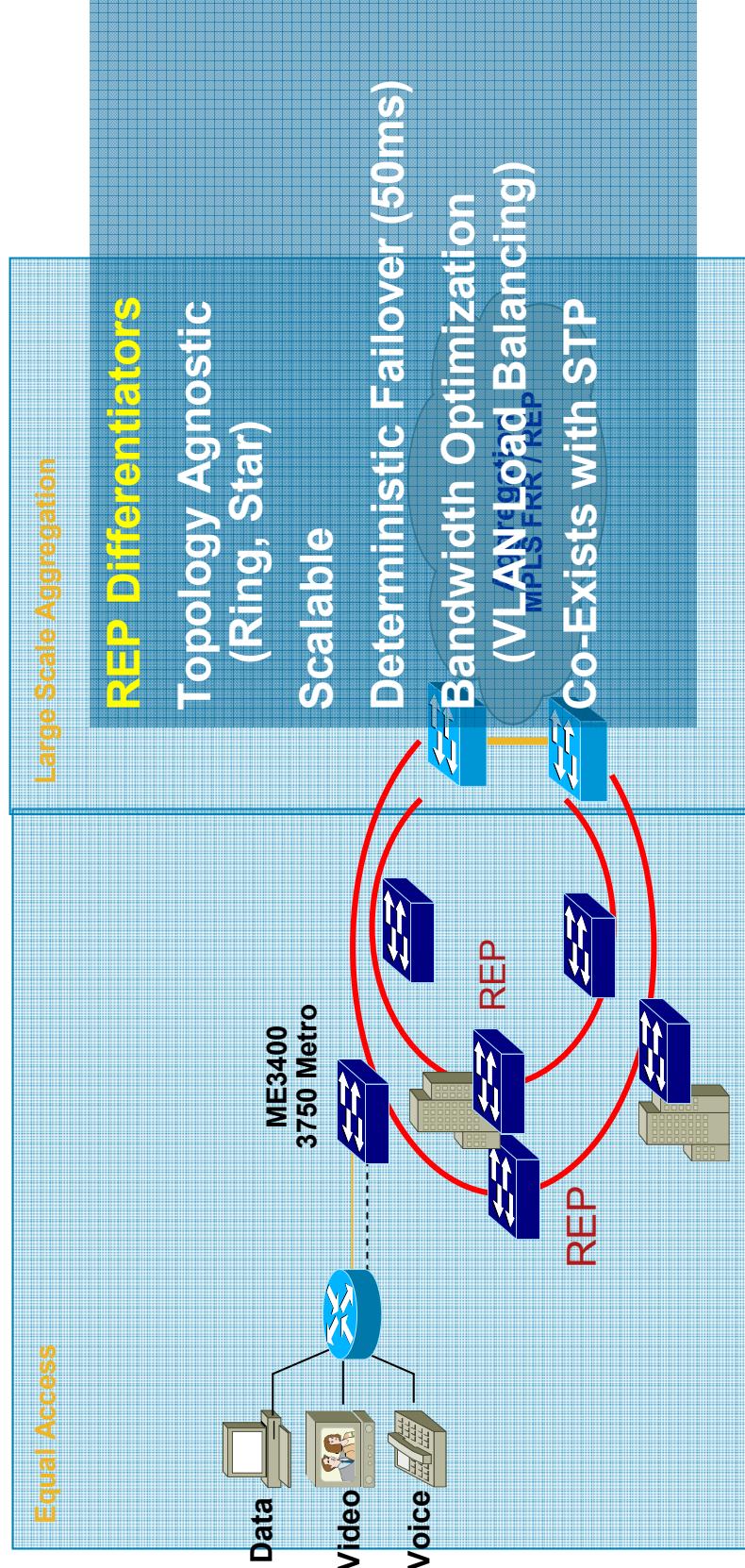
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# Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP)

## What is REP?

- Cisco Resilient Ethernet Protocol is a new technology that extends network resiliency across Cisco IP Next-Generation Network (NGN) Carrier Ethernet Design.
  - Designed to meet fast convergence requirements in layer 2 domains, in particular for ring topologies.
  - Implemented on Cisco Carrier Ethernet platforms as a software update. Requires no hardware upgrades.

# Resilient Ethernet Protocol REP benefits



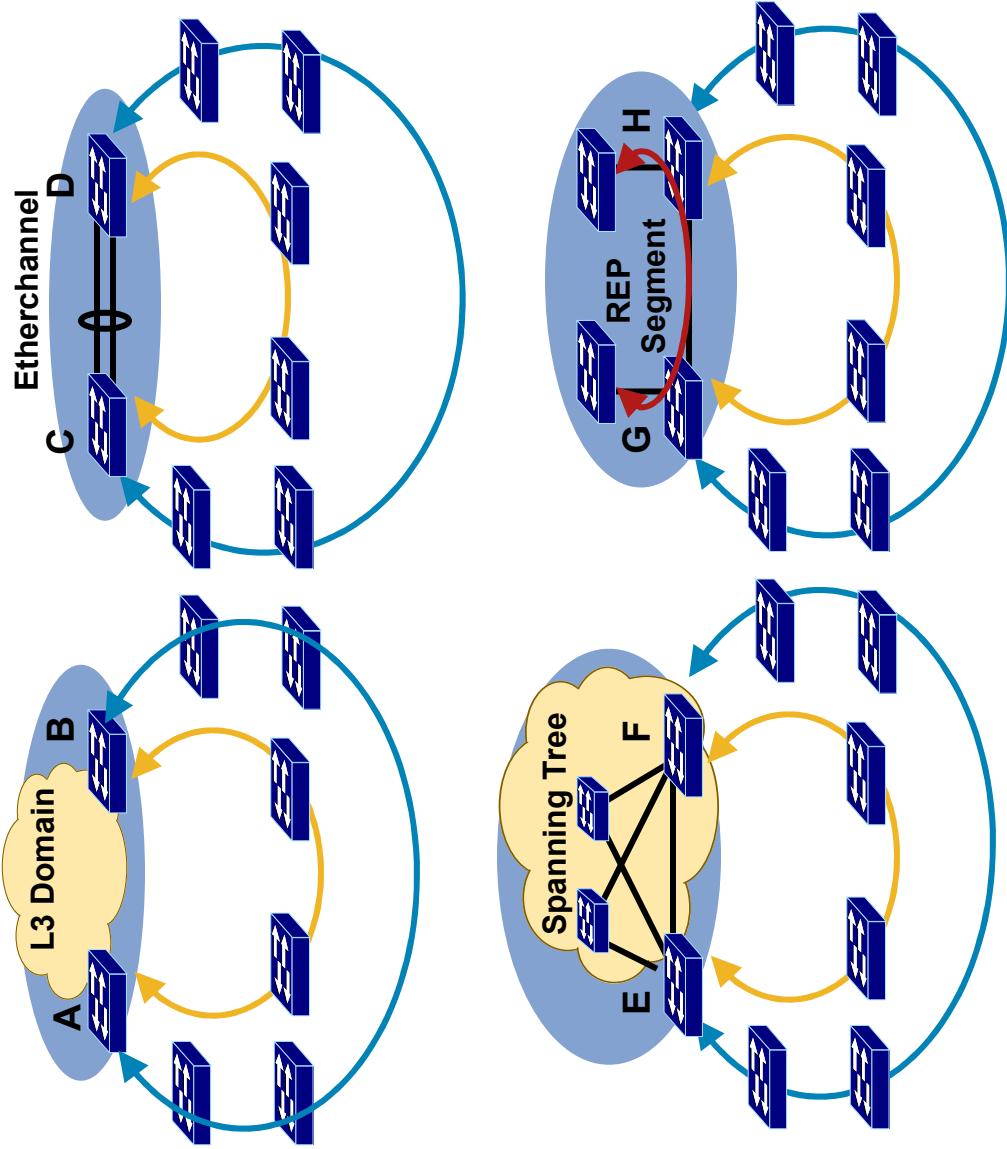
# Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP)

## REP Benefits ( More details)

- **Fast and predictable convergence in ring topology**
  - Convergence time: 50ms in most conditions
- **Deterministic and scalable**
  - Fast failure notification even in large rings with high number of node
  - Alternate port Selection automatic or user configurable
- **Optimal bandwidth utilization with VLAN Load Balancing**
  - **Spanning Tree Coexistence**
    - Limit the scope of Spanning-tree
    - STP is deactivated on REP interfaces
    - Topology Changes notification forwarded to Spanning Tree
- **Easy to configure and troubleshoot**
  - Topology archiving for easy troubleshooting
  - Known fixed topology with preemption mechanisms
  - Simple mechanism to setup the Alternate Port (blocking port)

# Connecting the segment to the network.

- The segment edges can be connected to any network without creating bridging loops.
- The link between the edge nodes is the common link.



- Common options for Common Link HA are STP, Etherchannel or REP.

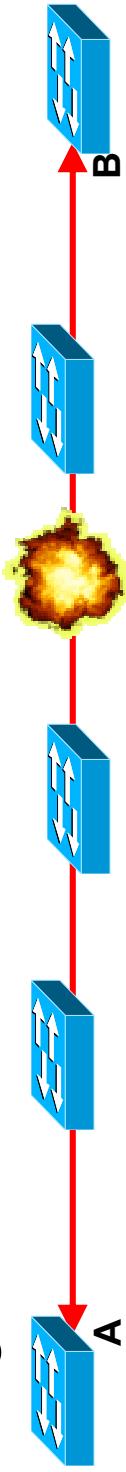
# Resilient Ethernet Protocol

## REP is a Segment Protocol



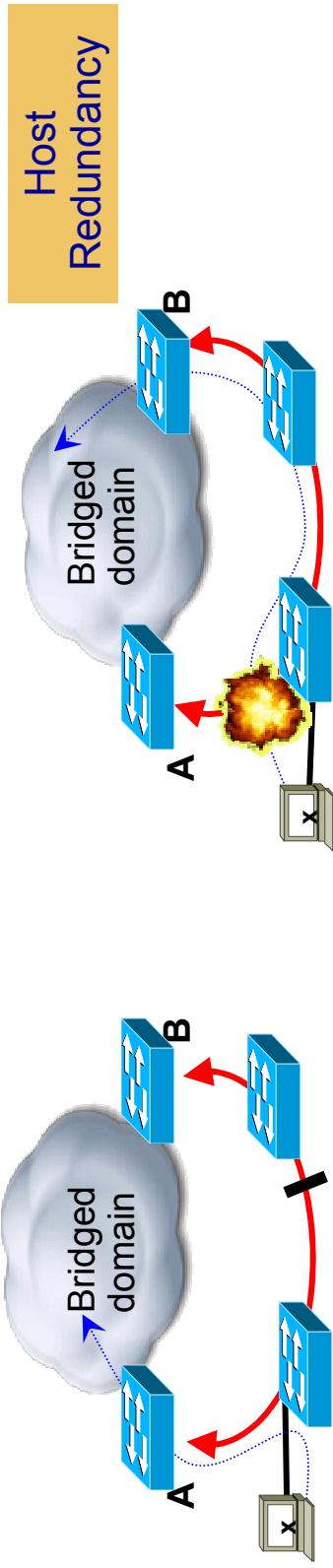
Ports are explicitly configured to be part of a segment.

When all the links in the segment are operational, a blocked port is determined so that there is no connectivity between the edges A,B through the segment



If a failure occurs within the segment, the blocked port goes forwarding

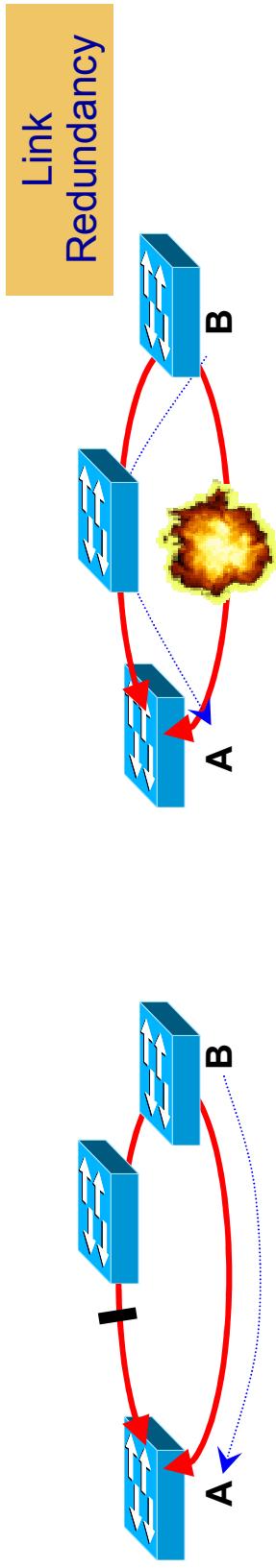
# Resilient Ethernet Protocol REP Redundancy Options



Host  
Redundancy

The segment provides redundancy to the hosts within its boundaries: they can reach the rest of the network through either A or B.

The segment will \*not\* unblock to cover a failure outside of its boundaries.



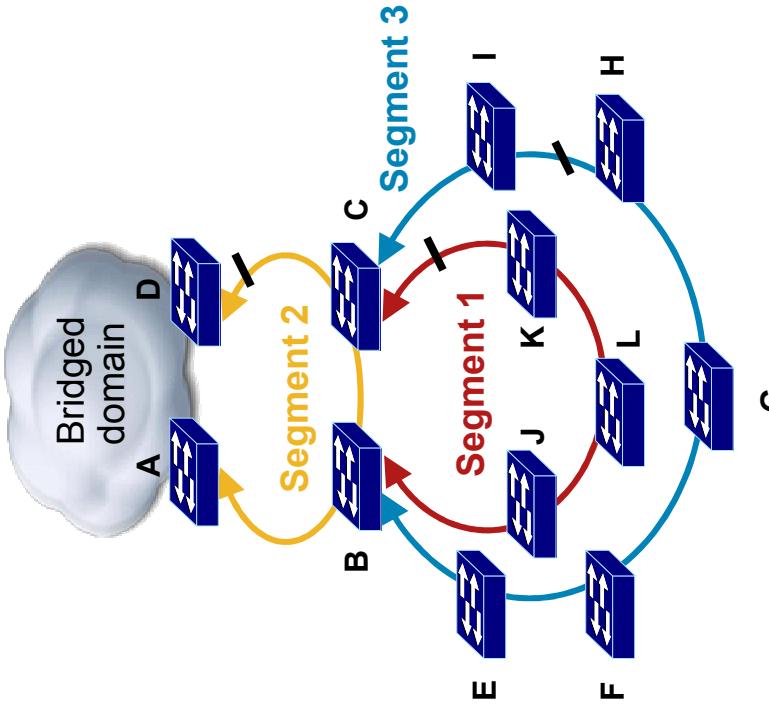
Link  
Redundancy

When wrapped into a ring, the REP segment can also provide redundant connectivity between any two switches

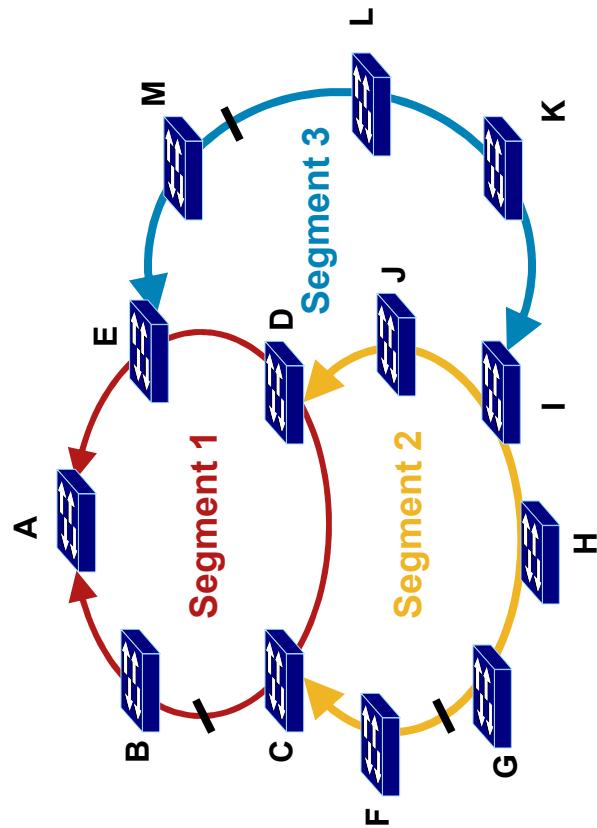
A combination of rings and segments allows creating almost any kind of network.

# Resilient Ethernet Protocol

## Flexibility in supporting various topologies



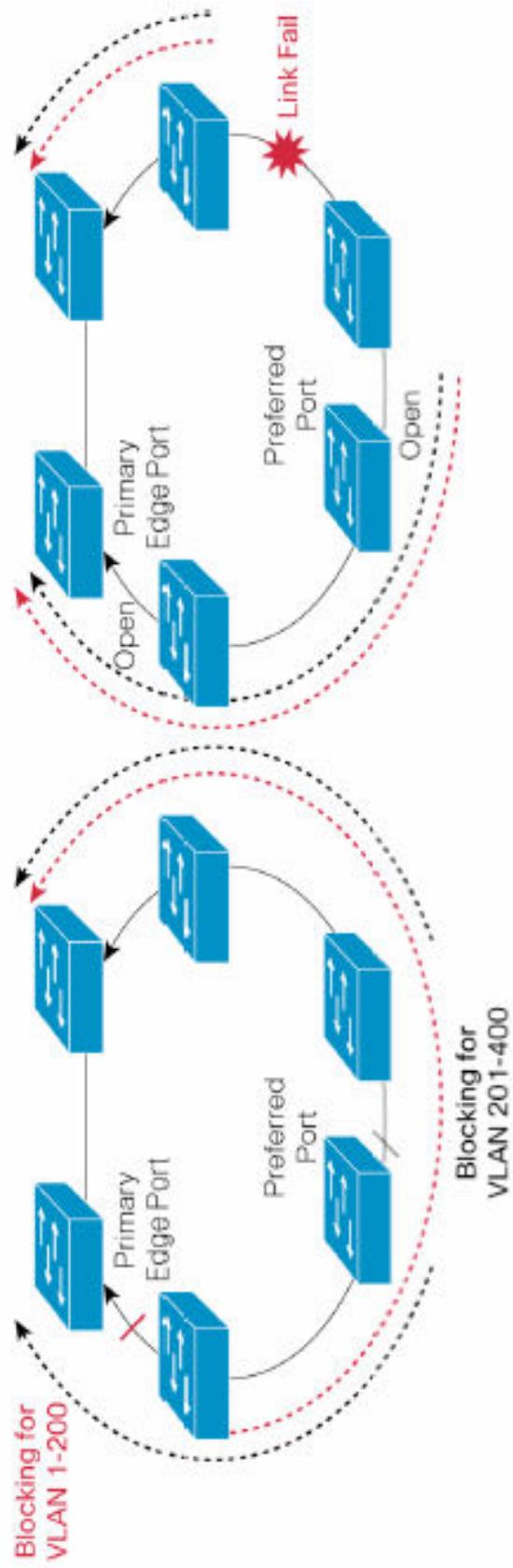
Access and Aggregation rings



Sub-tending rings terminated on different rings

# Resilient Ethernet Protocol – Optimized bandwidth Utilization with Vlan Load Balancing

- As for Spanning Tree MST, VLAN load balancing per VLAN instances
- VLANs grouped into two instances
- **Load balance** traffic across the segment per VLAN groups.
  - First group of VLAN blocked at the **Preferred port**. Preferred Port user selectable.
  - Second group of VLAN blocked at the **primary edge port**.
  - Both ports unblock when a link fails in the segment.



# Resilient Ethernet Protocol Ease of Use and troubleshooting

- Topology Collection protocol to collect Topology information
- Topology archiving option to report previous state in the ring.
- Restoration to a well known state with preemption delay
- Resilient Ethernet protocol MIB for SNMP management

```
3750-ME# show rep topology
```

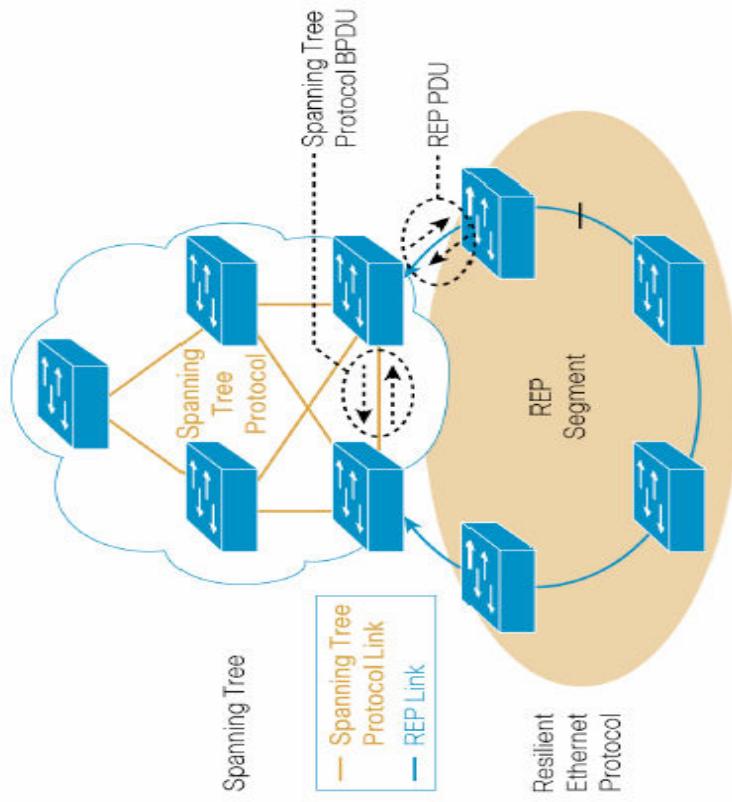
```
REP Segment 1
```

```
BridgeName PortName Edge Role
```

3750-E Gi1/1/1 Pri	Open
3400-3 Gi0/2	Open
3400-3 Gi0/11	Open
3400-2 Gi0/2	Open
3400-2 Gi0/1	Open
3400-1 Gi0/2	Open
3400-1 Gi0/1	Alt
3750-E Gi1/1/2 Sec	Open

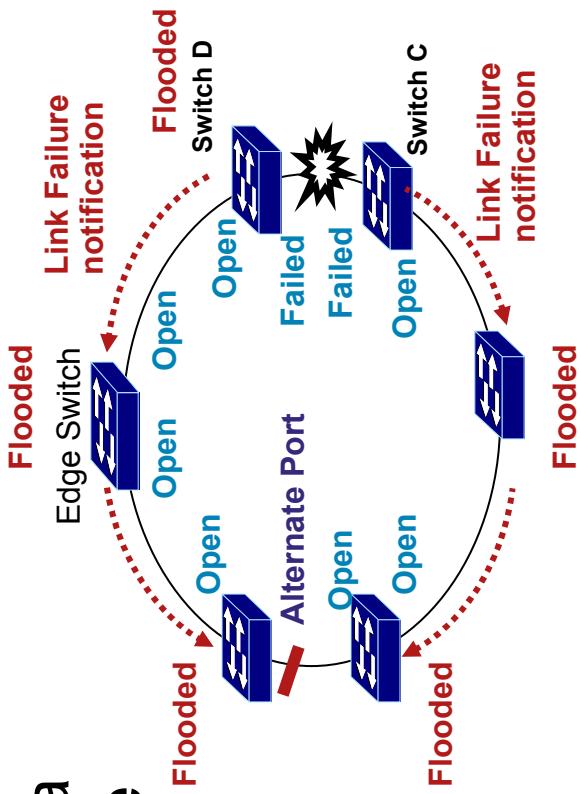
# REP and Spanning Tree Easy migration and Co-existence

- Compatible and complementary with standard IEEE 802.1 spanning-tree protocols
- Cisco REP and Spanning Tree Protocol can coexist on the same switch.
- REP can notify the Spanning Tree Protocol about potential topology changes (TCNs).



# Resilient Ethernet Protocol Efficient Link failure Notification

- Distributed Protocol: Any REP port can initiate a switchover as long as it has previously acquired a secure key to unblock the alternate port.
- Using a Cisco Multicast address, the notification is forwarded in hardware so that each node in the segment is notified immediately without software involvement from any node.



# **Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP)**

## **What REP is not meant to do:**

### **REP Does not**

- Does not protect against dual failure in the ring**

# Questions?



# Resilient Ethernet Protocol Pre-emption For automatic restoration to a well known state

After failure repair

With pre-emption delay

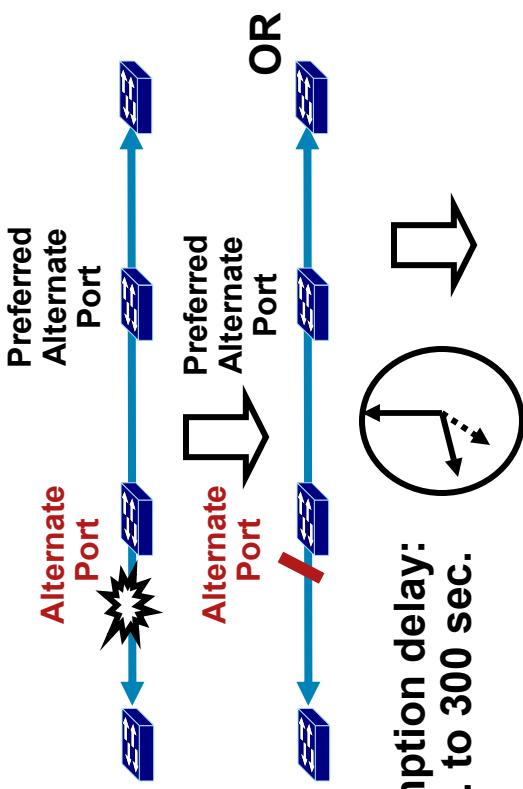
```
Switch(config-if)# rep preempt delay 1
```

Manual Trigger

```
3750-1#rep preempt segment 1
The command will cause a momentary traffic disruption.
Do you still want to continue? [confirm]

Proceeding with Manual Preemption.
```

Manually



Pre-emption delay:  
15 sec. to 300 sec.

