



# Video Technologies & Solutions Track



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Enterprise & Midmarket Customer Segment  
European Markets

# Agenda

- Cisco Video Strategy
- Video Concepts
- Digital Media System Services
- Network Video Architectures for Digital Media

# Cisco Video Strategy



# Enterprise Video

## Key Technology Trends and Implications



# Organizations fundamental challenges

**Challenge 1:  
Customer Experience**



**How can we provide superior customer experiences?**

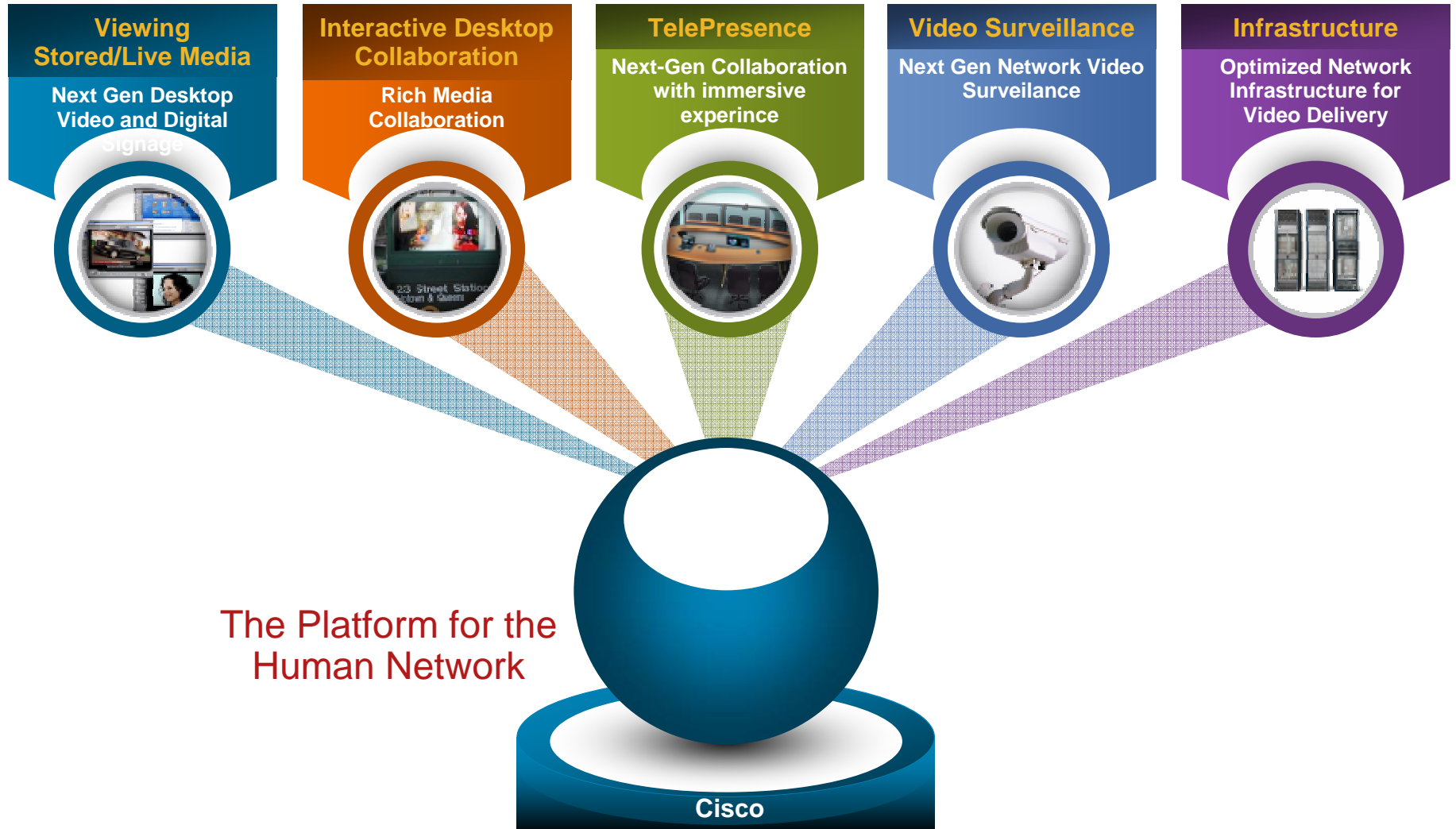
**Challenge 2:  
Productivity**



**How can we secure a borderless and productive organization?**

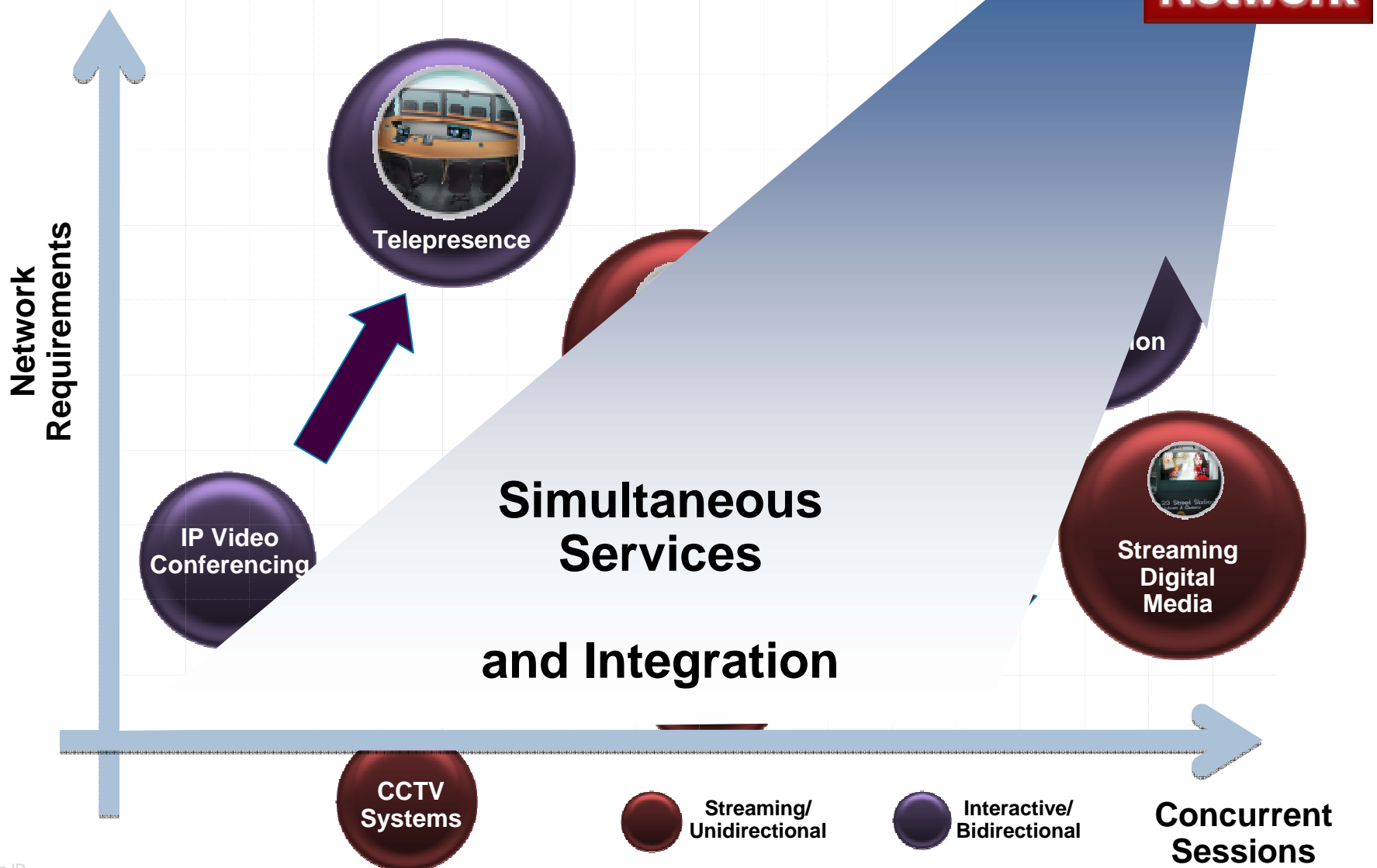
**Meanwhile being "Green"**

# Enterprise Video Applications



# Enterprise Video

## Increasing Demands on the Network



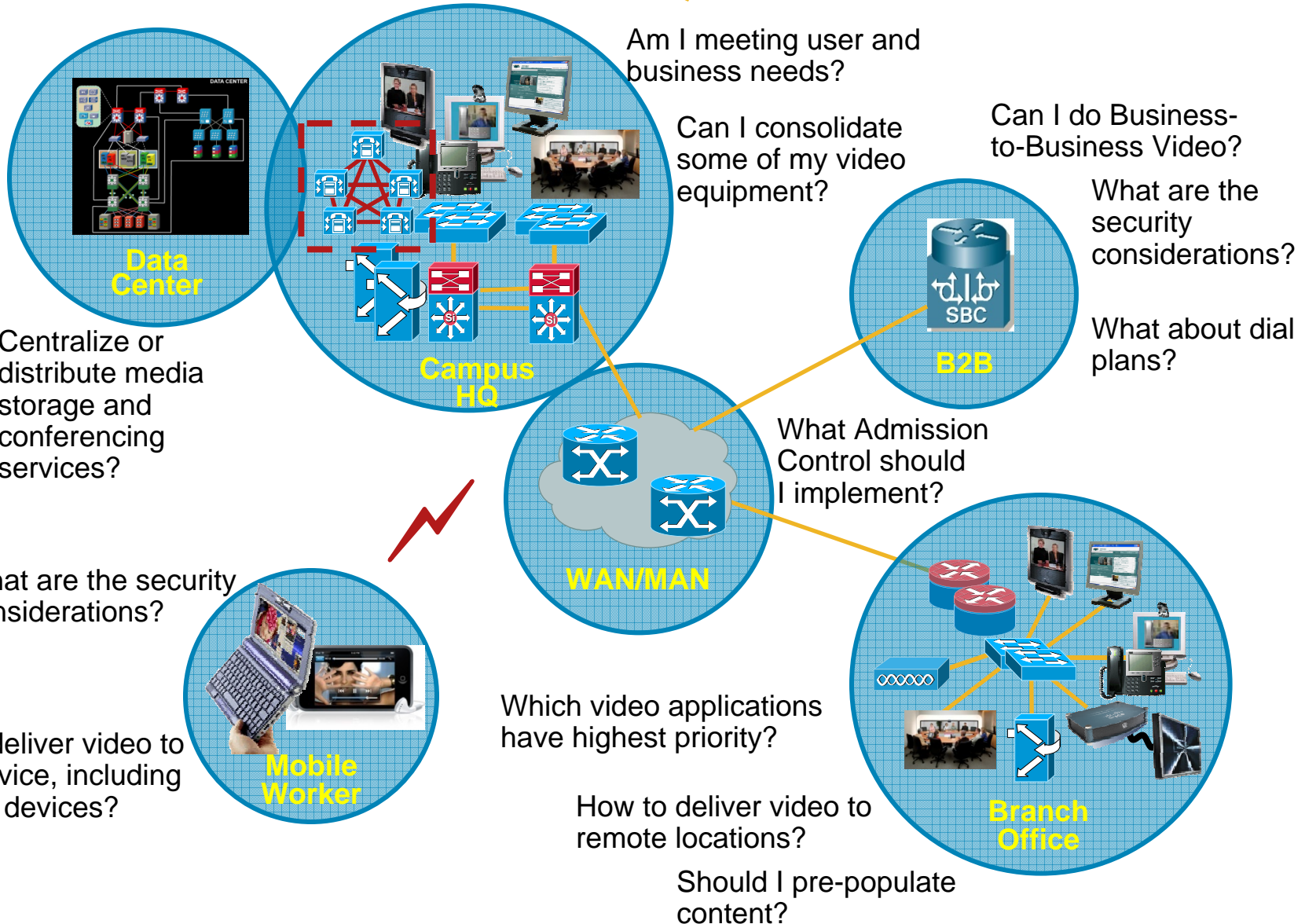
# Enterprise Video Challenges

## Video... "Tip of the Iceberg"



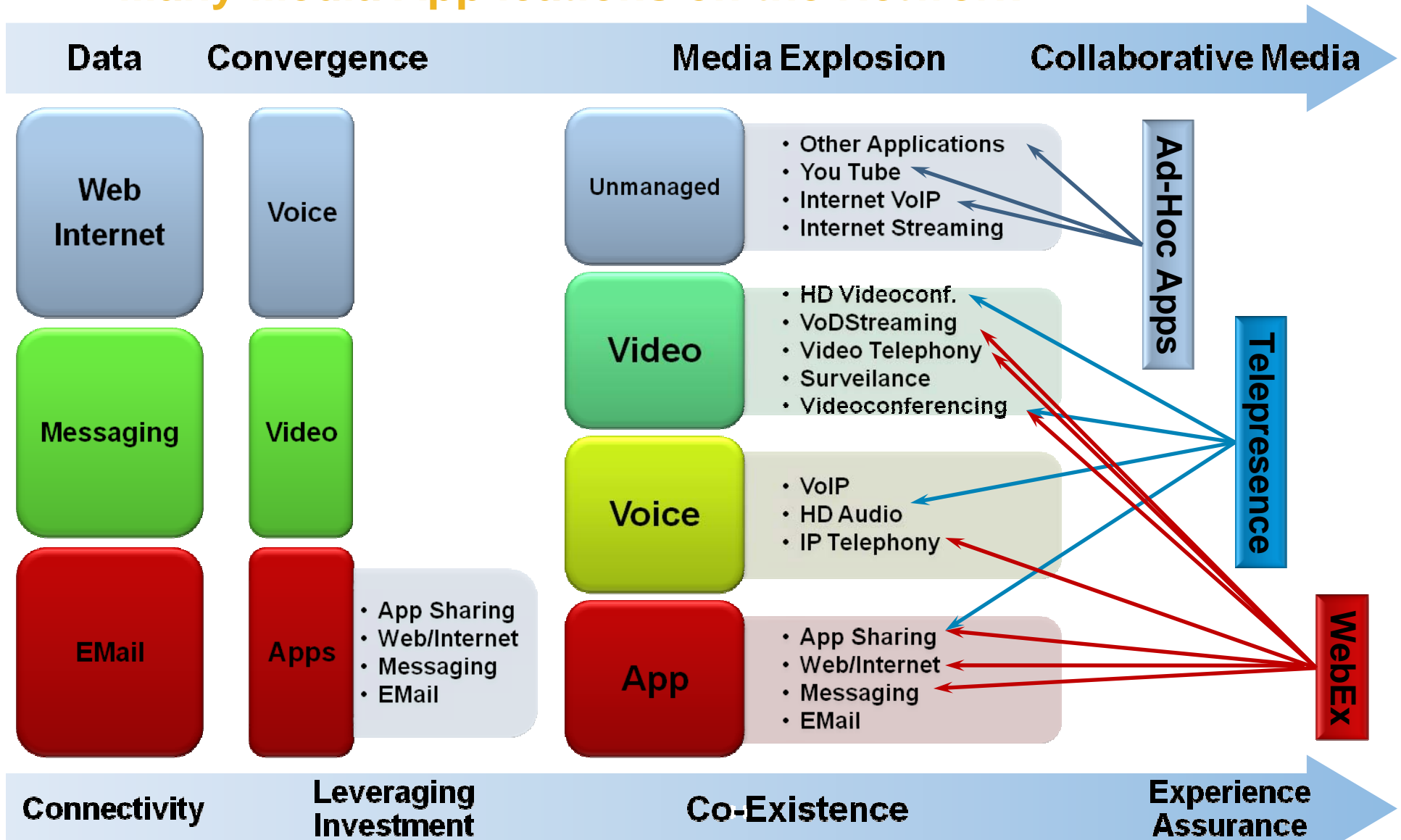
# Enterprise Video Challenges

## Key Network Architectural Questions



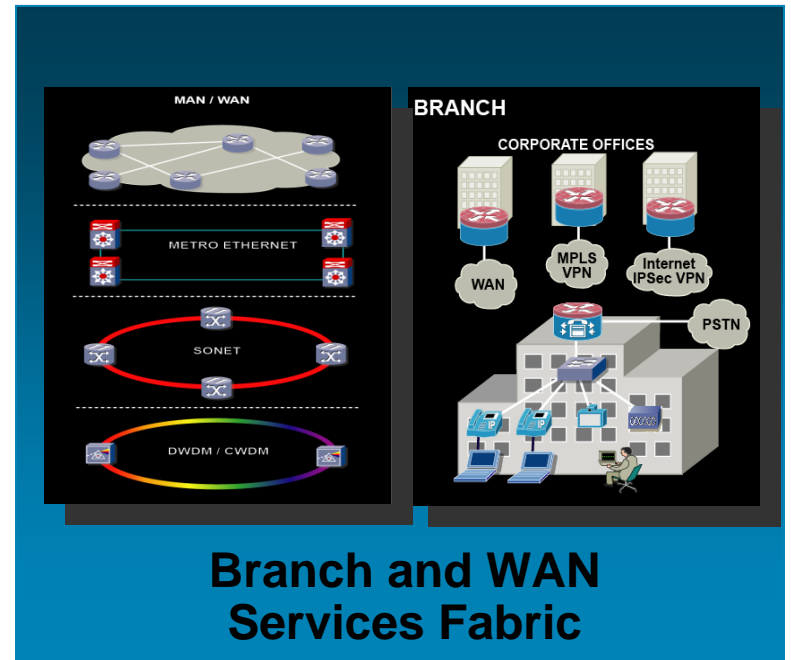
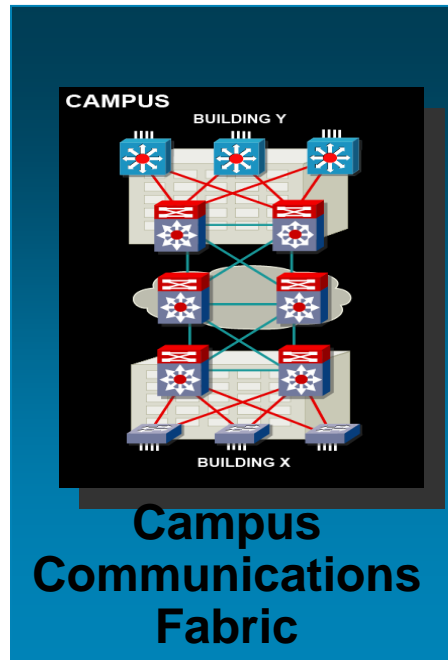
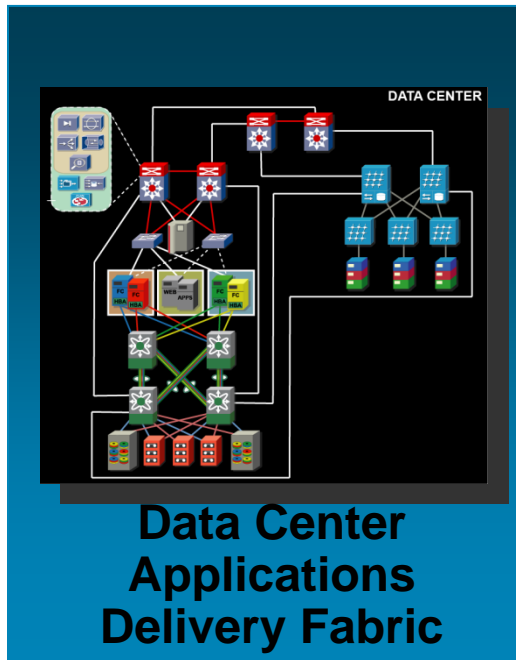
# Enterprise Video Challenges

## Many Media Applications on the Network

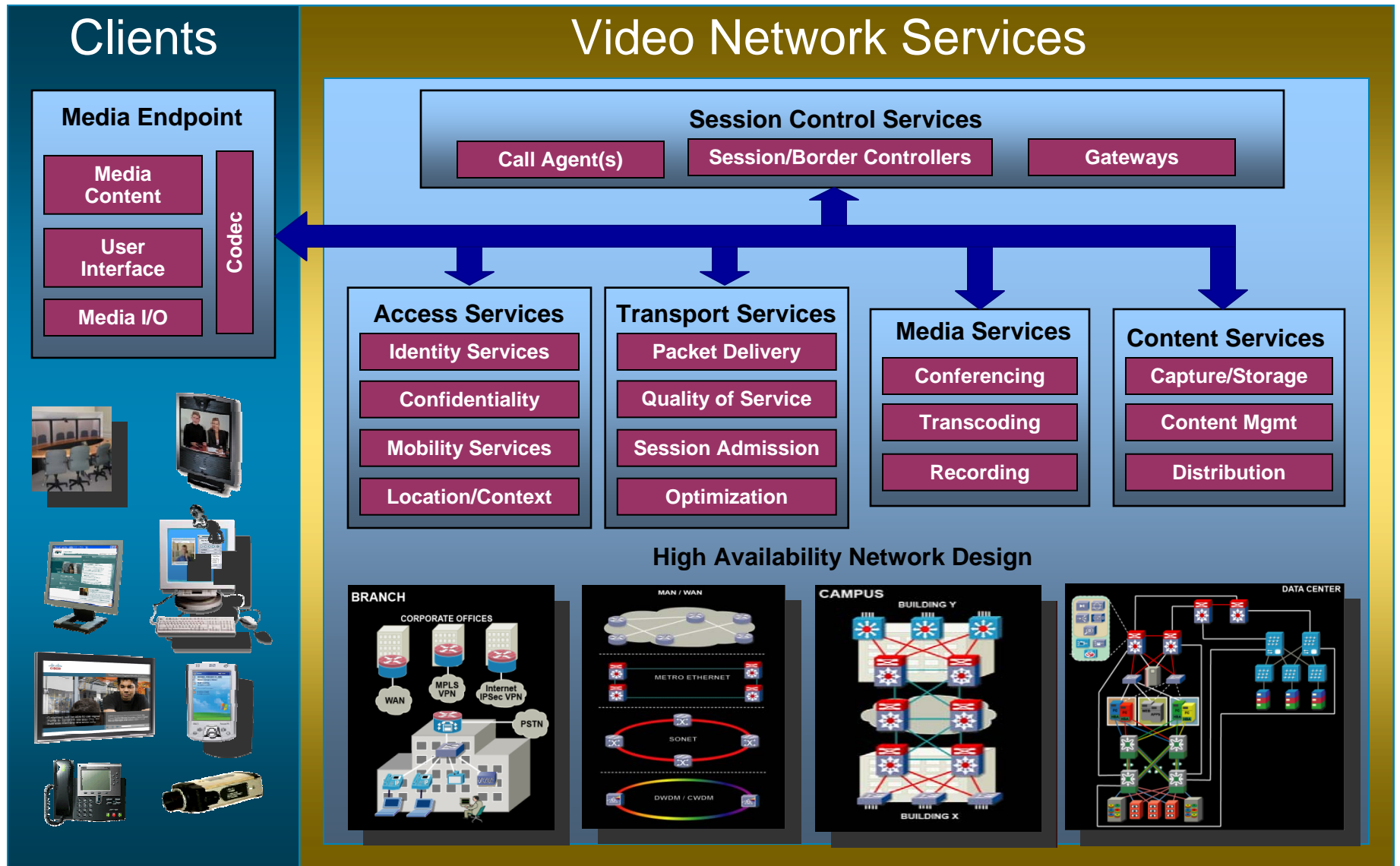


# Video Ready Network

## Enabling Enterprise Video Services



# Video Ready Network Architecture



# Cisco is just leading this...

- Network Video Fabric
  - Granular QoS
  - Multicast
  - Streaming Infrastructure
  - Performance Routing
  - IPSLA
- Video solutions as a combination of Applications, Network Services and Clients

# Video Concepts



# Video

## CODECs (CODe/DECode)

	Application	Bandwidth	
MPEG1	VCR	0.5 to 1.5Mbps	Motion Pictures Expert Group
MPEG2	VCR-HDTV	1.5 to 20Mbps	
MPEG4 P.2	Internet-VCR	64Kbps to 4Mbps	
MPEG4 P.10	Internet-HDTV	500Kbps to 12Mbps	
H.261	Video Conferencing	N x 64Kbps	ITU
H.263	Video Conferencing	32Kbps to 2Mbps	
H.263+	Internet	24-64Kbps	
H.264 AVC	Internet-HDTV	500Kbps to 12Mbps	
H.264/M	3G Mobile	64-128Kbps	
Microsoft™	Internet-HDTV	128Kbps to 15Mbps	
Real™	Internet-HDTV	64Kbps to 8Mbps	
Sorenson™	Internet-DVD	128Kbps to 15Mbps	

# Video

## Protocols

- Announcement

  - Session Description Protocol (SDP RFC2327)

  - Windows ASX, WSX, NSC

  - Real RAM

- Request

  - Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP RFC2326)

- Transport

  - UDP

    - Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP RFC1889)

  - TCP

    - HTTP (progressive download)

# Classification and Marking Design: RFC 4594

## Configuration Guidelines for DiffServ Service Classes

Application	L3 Classification		IETF
	PHB	DSCP	RFC
Network Control	CS6	48	RFC 2474
VoIP Telephony	EF	46	RFC 3246
Call Signaling	CS5	40	RFC 2474
Multimedia Conferencing	AF41	34	RFC 2597
Real-Time Interactive	CS4	32	RFC 2474
Multimedia Streaming	AF31	26	RFC 2597
Broadcast Video	CS3	24	RFC 2474
Low-Latency Data	AF21	18	RFC 2597
OAM	CS2	16	RFC 2474
High-Throughput Data	AF11	10	RFC 2597
Best Effort	DF	0	RFC 2474
Low-Priority Data	CS1	8	RFC 3662

# IP SLA for Digital Media

- **Delay:**

  - VOD: No impact due to the service nature itself

  - Live: No impact. Will not disrupt the conveyed message.

  - Too high will lower user experience (start of a video or change between videos)

- **Jitter:**

  - If too high (seconds) lead to buffer overflows → packet leakage → artefacts/"blacks"

  - If sub-second player will leverage its buffer. Most players buffer could be tuned

- **Packet loss:**

  - < 0.1%

  - > 0.1% lead to artefacts and "blacks" (lost of key frames)

  - Some codec's are quite robust in packet loss recovery (i.e. WMT 9+).

# Enterprise Video

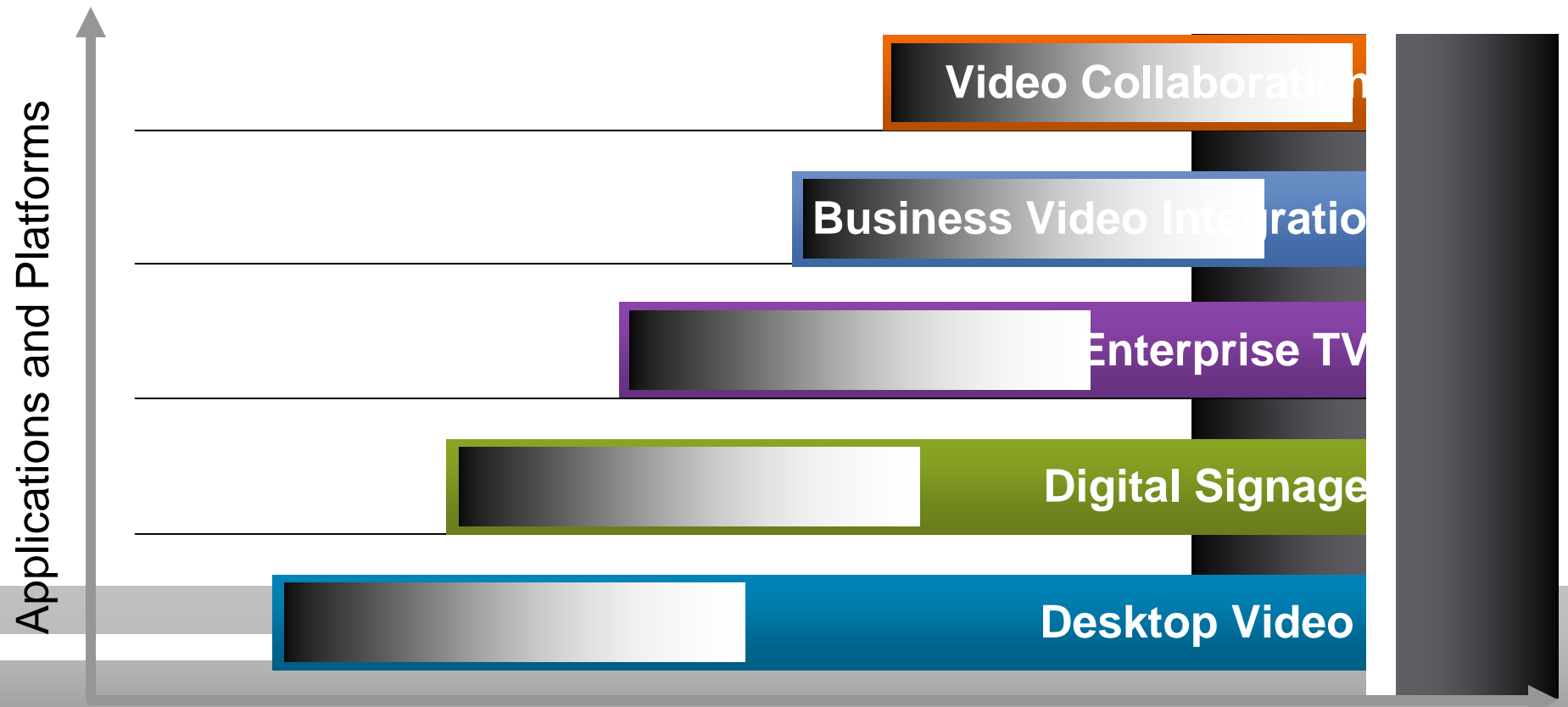
## Understanding Diverse Application Models

	Model	Direction of Flows	Traffic Trends
Streaming	Viewing Stored/Live Digital Media	Few to Many Storage→Client Source→Client	Tremendous increase in applications driving more streams  Demand for higher quality video increases each stream
	Video Surveillance	Many to Few Source→Storage Source→Client	IP convergence opening up usage and applications  Higher quality video requirements driving higher bandwidth (up to 8Mbps per camera)
Interactive	Interactive Desktop Collaboration	Many to Many Client ↔ Client MCU ↔ Client	Collaboration across geographies  Growing peer-to-peer model driving higher on-demand bandwidth
	Telepresence Collaboration	Many to Many Client ↔ Client MCU ↔ Client	High-def video requires up to 15Mbps per location  Expansion down to the individual user

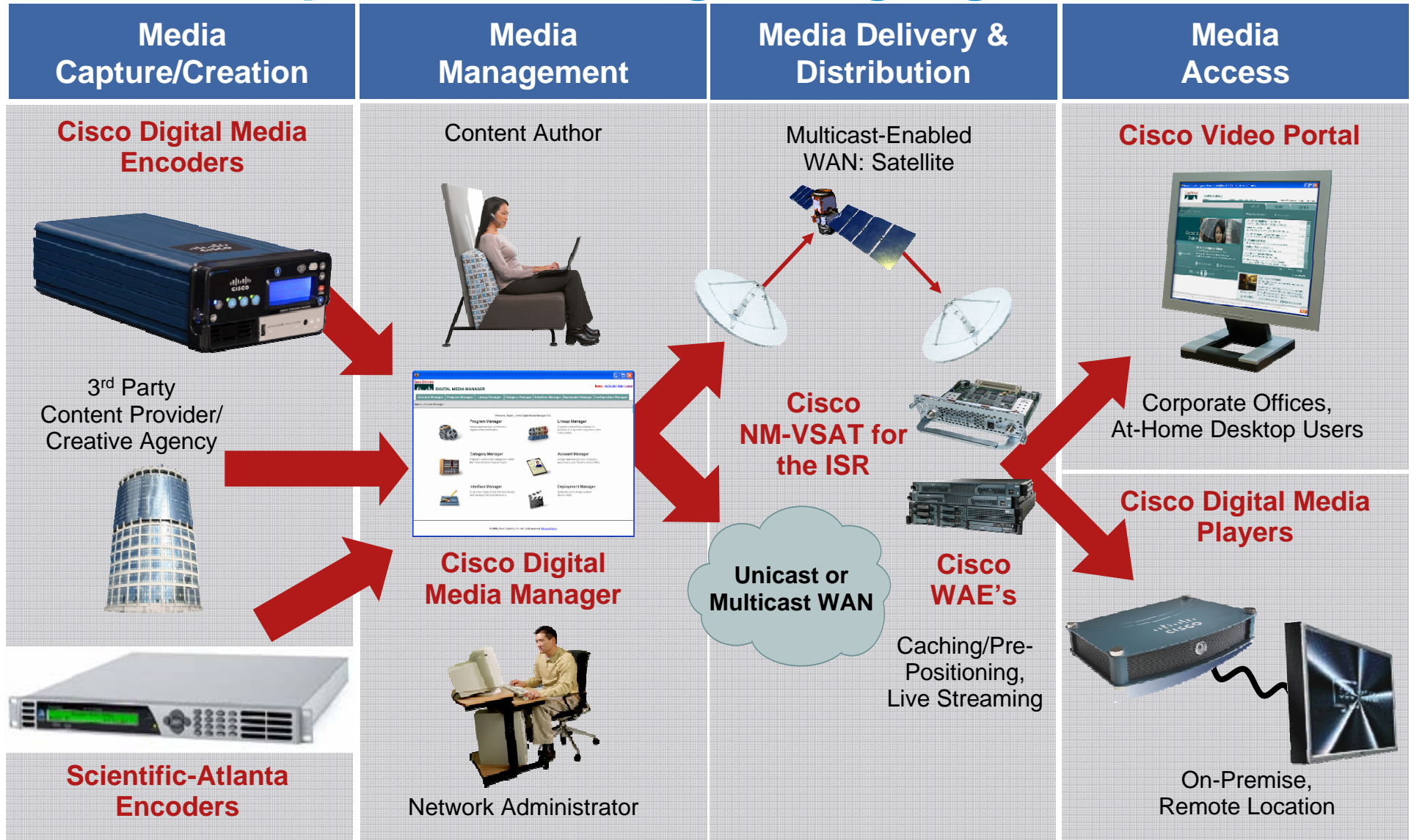
# Digital Media System Services



# Cisco Digital Media Applications and Vision



# End-to-End Cisco Digital Media Desktop Video and Digital Signage



# Cisco Digital Media Encoders

## Capture/Encode Video and Audio Feeds

### DME 2000 Features

- Studio-level, dual channel encoding appliance
- Ideal for corporate offices or data centers
- Live encoding/transcoding of media into standard formats (WMV, Flash, H.264, etc.)
- Local or remote management

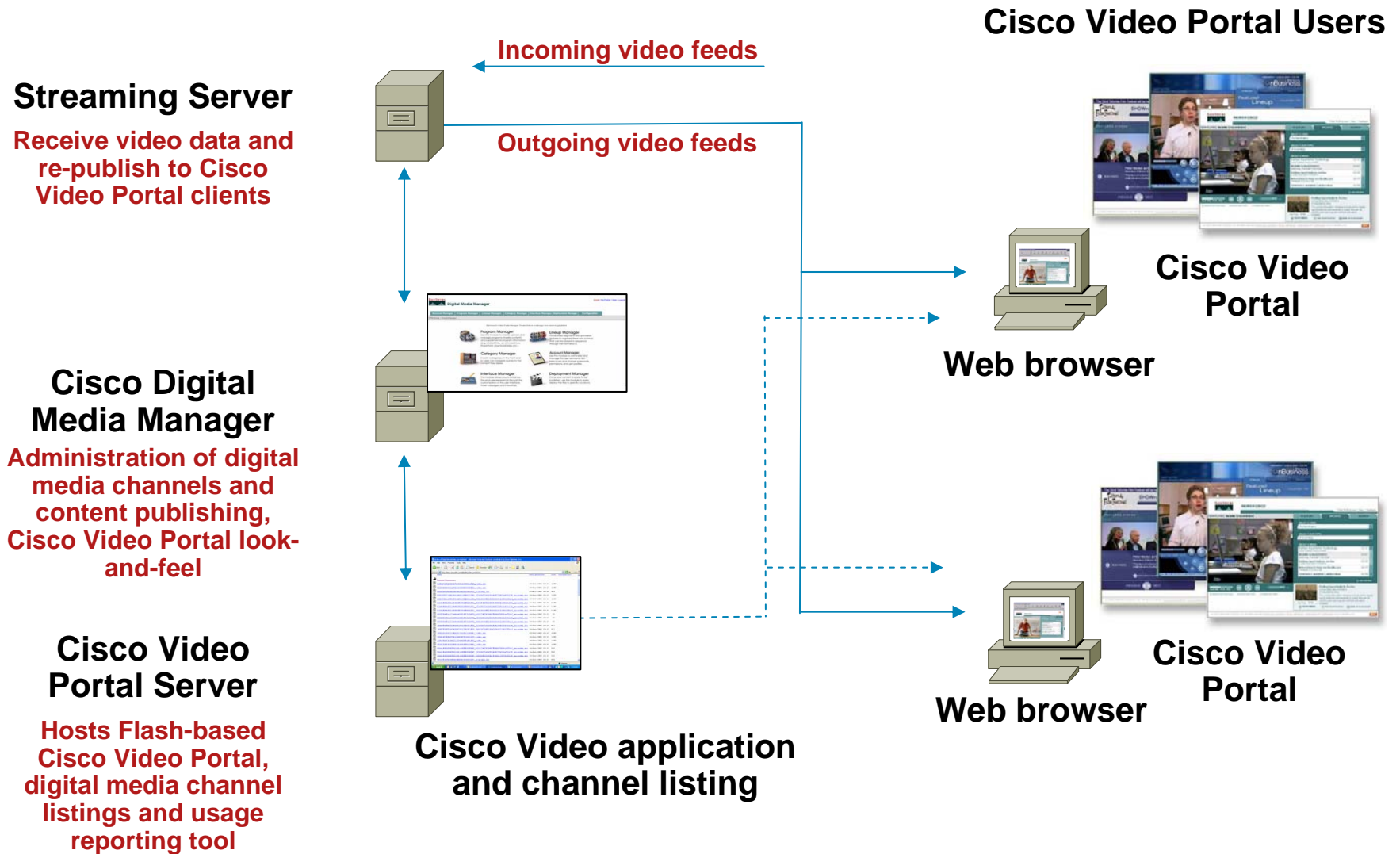


### DME 1000 Features

- Portable, lightweight, single channel encoder
- Ideal for outdoor, classroom, and conference room use
- Support for all standard video formats
- Encodes video onto iPods
- Local or remote management



# Desktop Video Service Overview



# Cisco Digital Media Manager for Desktop Video

## Centralized Digital Media Management and Publishing

- Robust, Web-based content management features
  - Add, catalogue, and archive media
  - Preview content and manage approval workflow
  - Schedule instant and future deployments
- Flexibly, remotely publish content to Cisco Video Portal endpoint
- Easily customize Cisco Video Portal interface
- Live Event Module allows for slide synchronization and Q&A
- Active Directory and LDAP integration
- Cisco ACNS for optimized network delivery

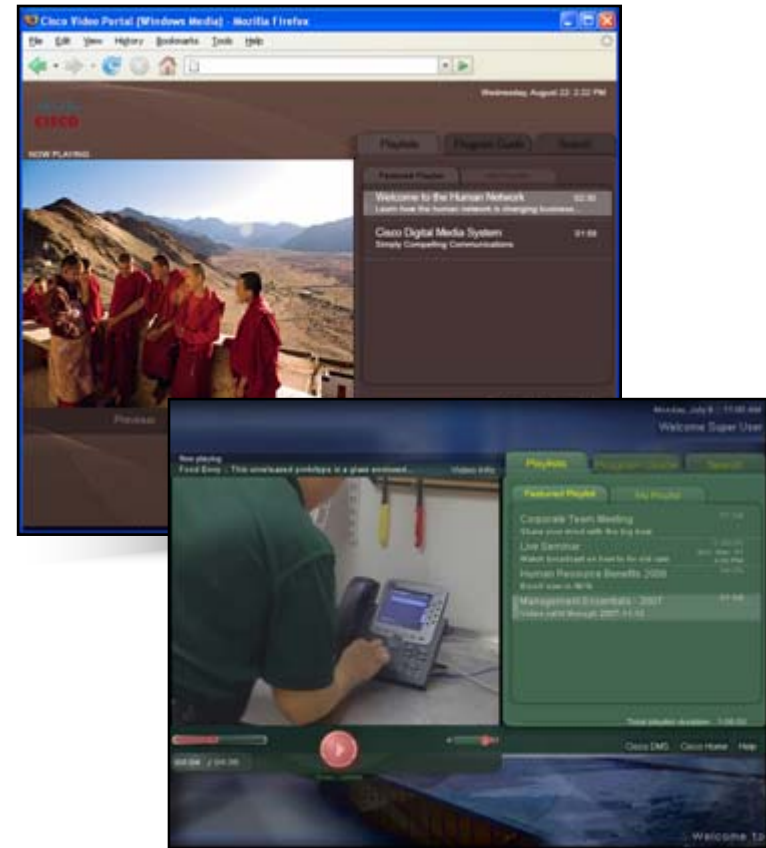


**Same Application for  
Managing and Publishing  
Cisco Digital Signage Content**

# Cisco Video Portal

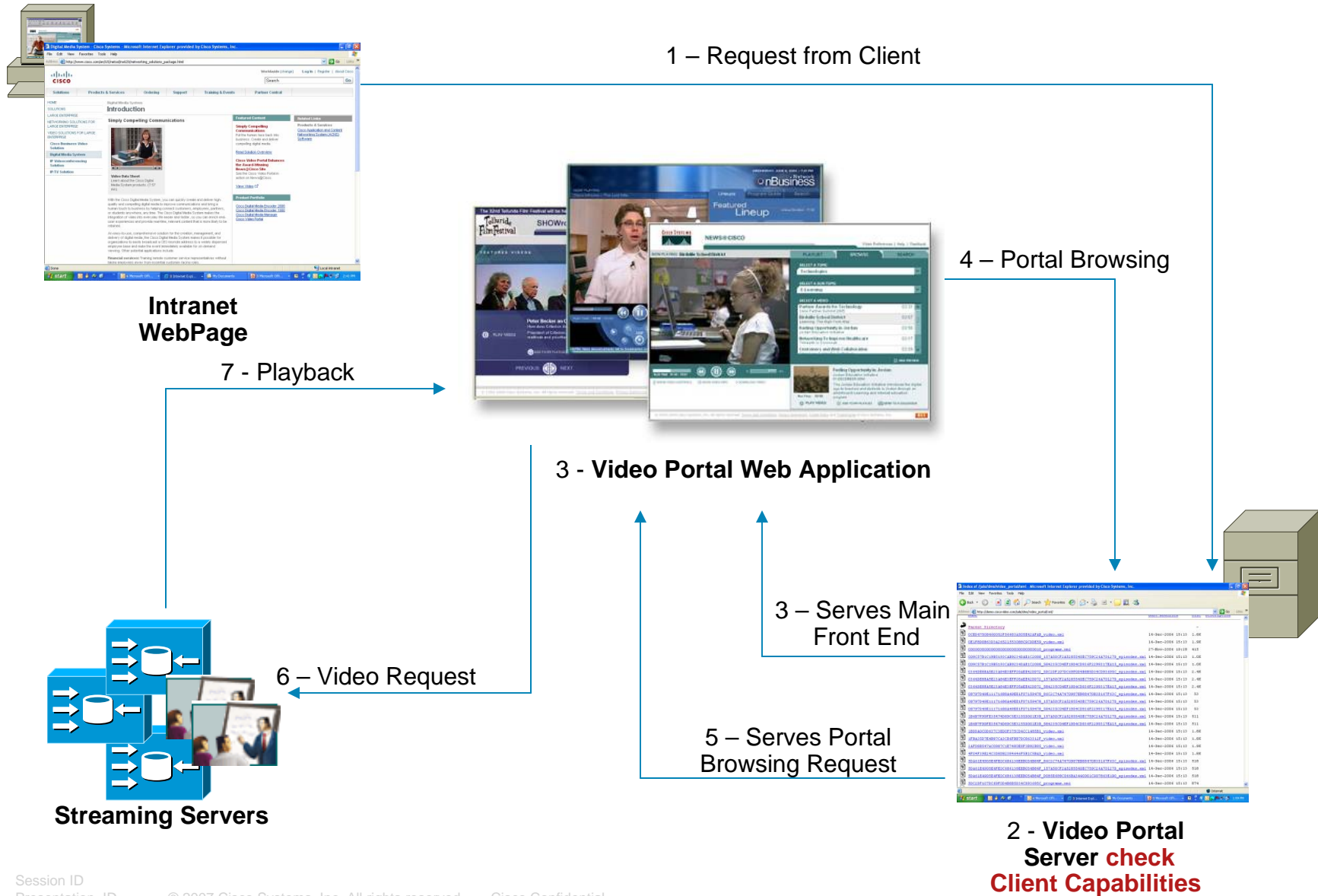
## Easy Access to Digital Media

- Customizable interface, program guide and search
- Personalized playlists and featured lineups
- Advanced player controls
- View synchronized slides
- Submit questions during live events
- Fully integrated with Cisco DMM and Video Portal reports
- Login and authentication through DMM
- Supports major formats: Windows Media, Flash, H.264, QuickTime



**Customize the Look and Feel to Reflect the Organization Brand with the Digital Media Manager**

# Day in a "User-Click" Life



1 – Request from Client

4 – Portal Browsing

Intranet  
WebPage

7 - Playback

3 - Video Portal Web Application

3 – Serves Main  
Front End

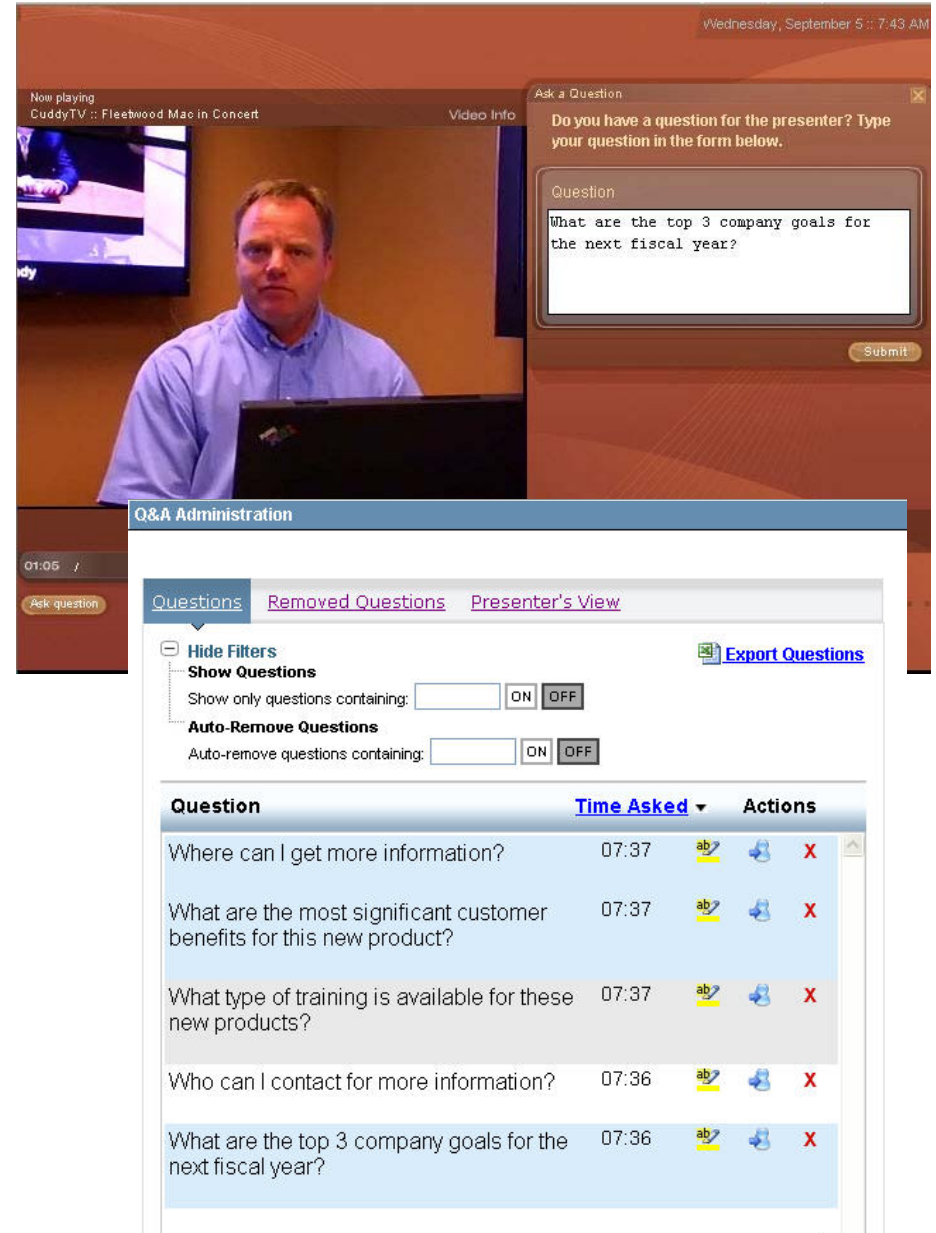
6 – Video Request

5 – Serves Portal  
Browsing Request

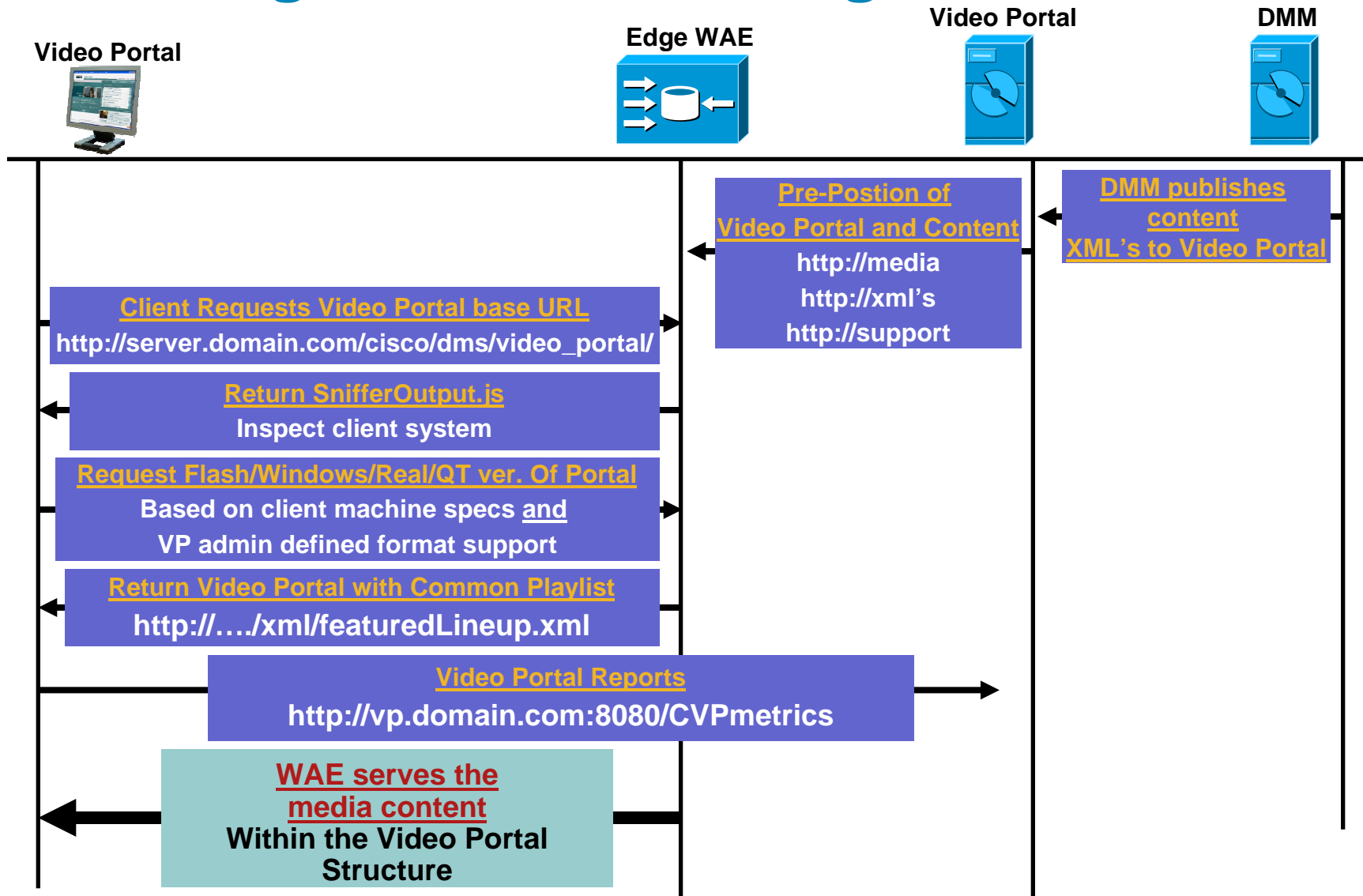
Streaming Servers

2 - Video Portal  
Server check  
Client Capabilities

# Video Portal with Slides & Questions



# VoD High-Level Flow Diagram



# Digital Signage: The Basics

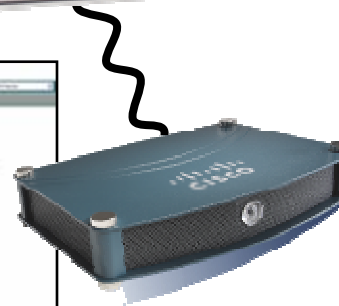
Digital Display

Rich Media Content

Media Player

Media Management

Network



# Digital Signage Technology Evolution

## Yesterday:

High Operational Costs,  
Low Flexibility

## Today:

High Reliability and  
Flexibility, Easy Deployment  
and Operations

## Tomorrow:

Video Surveillance, RFID,  
Cisco TelePresence, etc.

Technology Evolution

New Opportunities

## Phase 1:

Standalone  
PC-Based



## Phase 2:

Networked  
PC-Based



## Phase 3:

Networked Media  
Player-Based



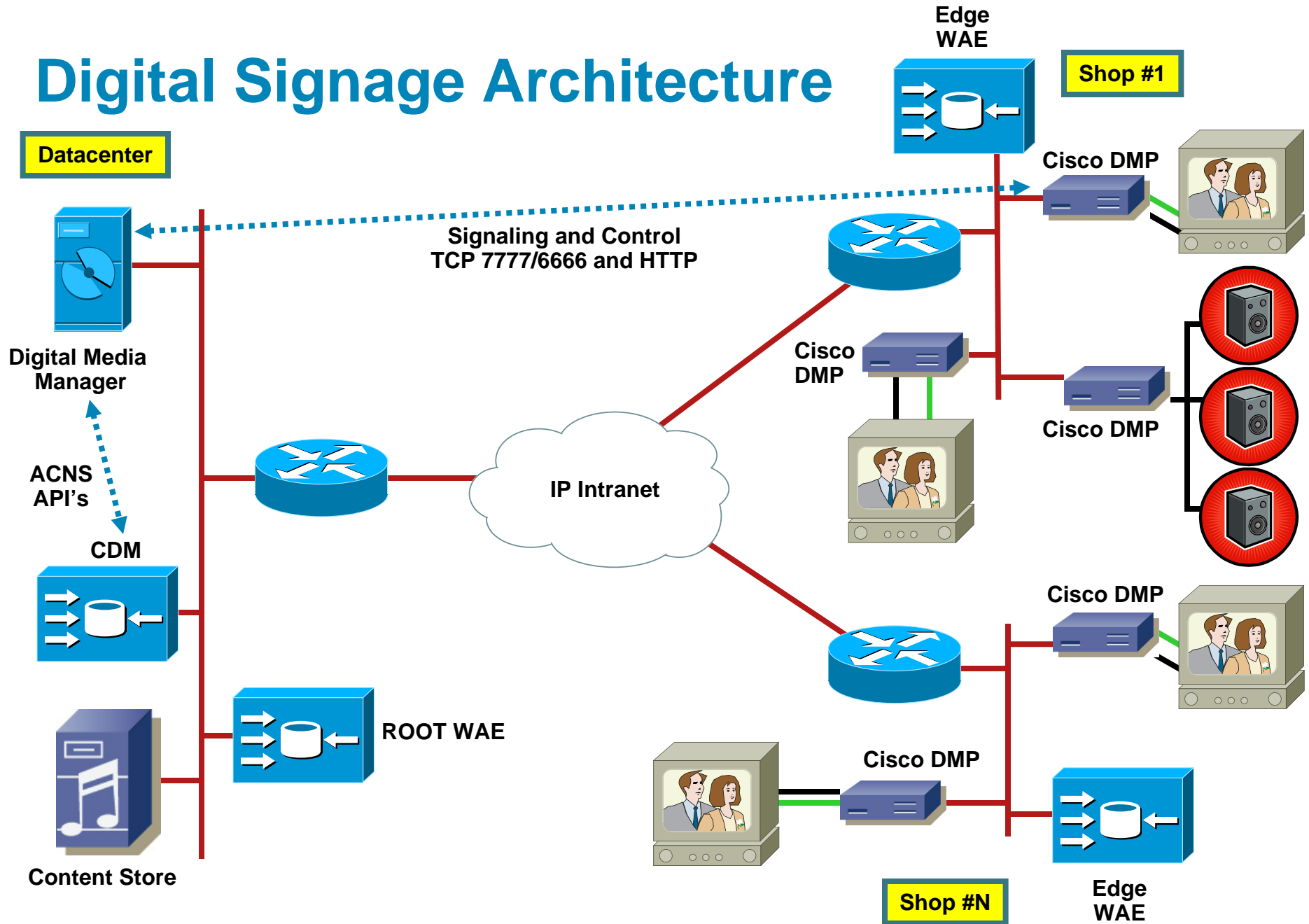
## Phase 4:

“Smart” Signage



Digital Signage Market

# Digital Signage Architecture



# Cisco Digital Media Manager for Digital Signage

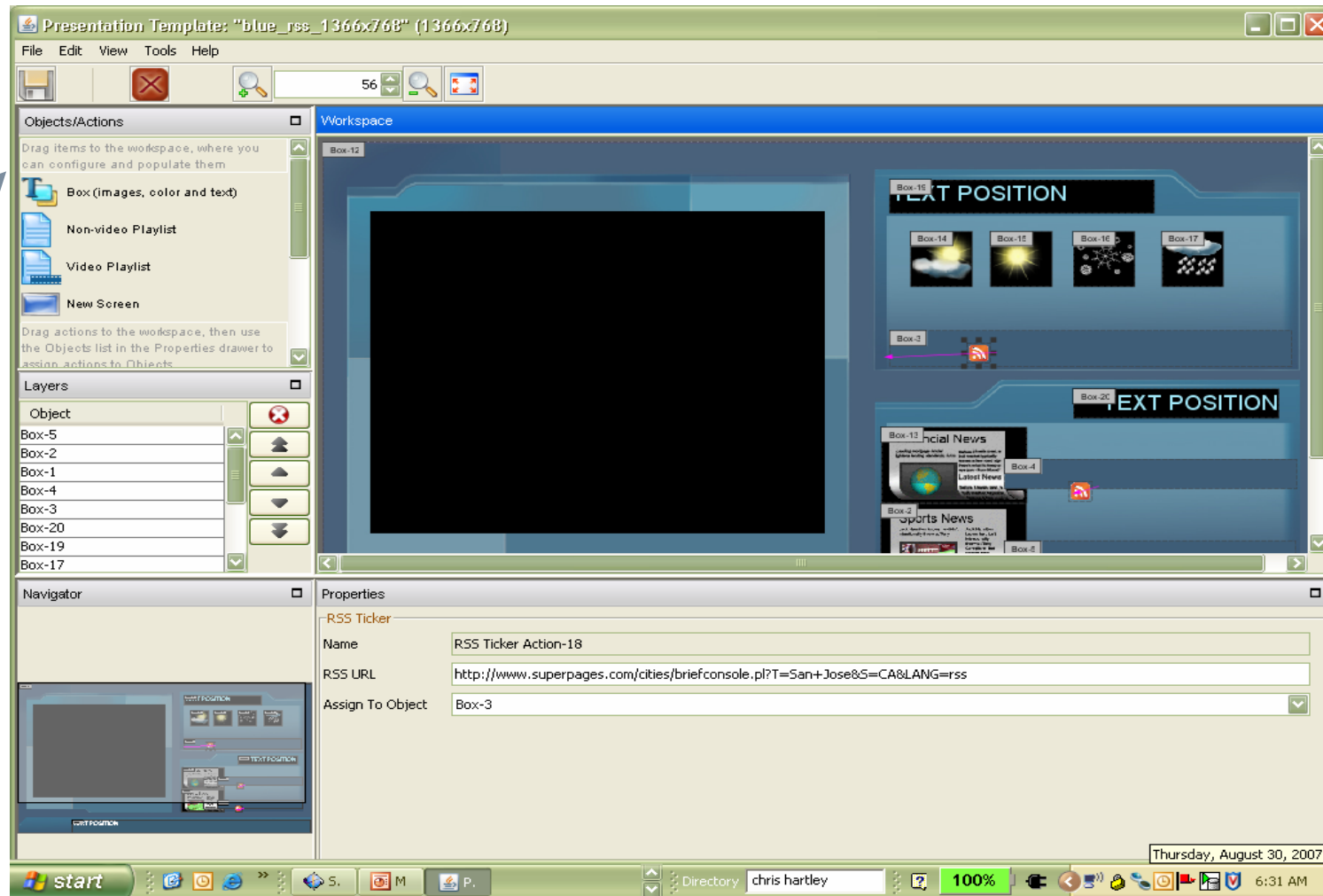
## Centralized Digital Media Management and Publishing

- Web-based media management and publishing
- DMP discovery, configuration, grouping, management, reporting
- Create/design screen layouts and zones, manage playlists and schedule/update content
- Remotely control digital sign properties—on/off, contrast, brightness and volume
- Integrates with Cisco ACNS for optimized WAN delivery
- Role-based access control for users



**Same Application for  
Managing and Publishing  
Cisco Desktop Video Content**

# Designer for Digital Signage



**Videos, Flash, RSS and Static tickers, Playlists, Images, Logos, Icons and Customizable text**

# Scheduling and Publishing

**CISCO** DIGITAL MEDIA MANAGER

Digital Signage Module

SITE MANAGER CONTENT MANAGER APPLICATIONS **PUBLISHER** SETTINGS HELP

SCHEDULER | immediate

PUBLISHER » SCHEDULER

Server Date/Time: Thu Apr 05 13:23:37 CEST 2007

CISCO ACNS CDM 192.168.50.30 Channel: DigitalSignage

Select Target Date  
  
 Current Target Date  
 4/5/07

Applications: **Bikini** DMP Groups: **ALL DMPs** How Often: **Once**

From: 4/5/07 1:23 PM To: 5:23 PM Duration: 4:0

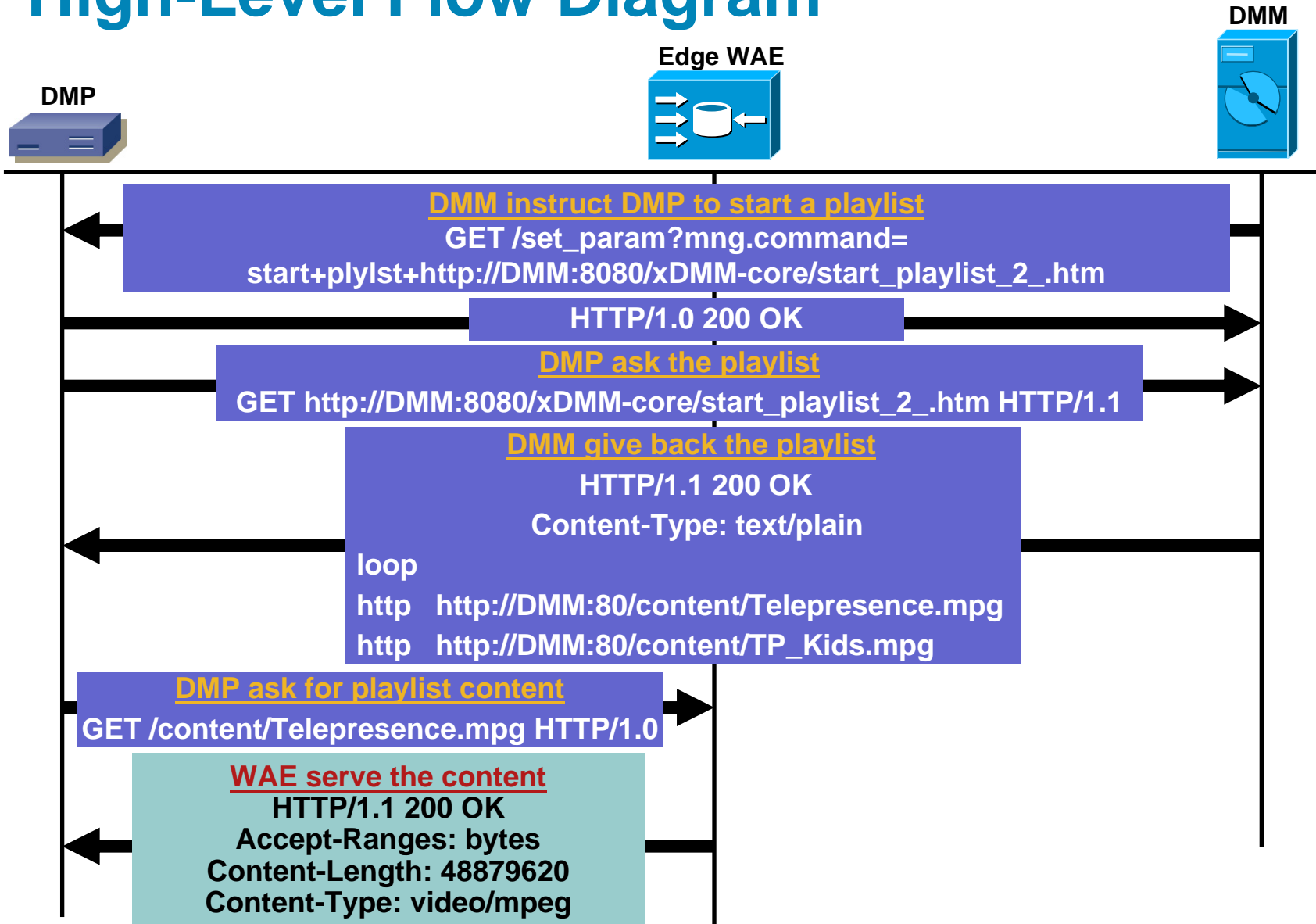
Add Task Update Task Multiply Task Remove Task Save Publish

DMP Groups	14:00	15:00	16:00	17:00
ALL DMPs	Bikini			
External Servers				

- Status: new
- App: Bikini
- Group: ALL DMPs
- From: 4/5/07 1:23 PM
- To: 4/5/07 5:23 PM
- How often: Once
- Start Cmd Result(Total/Ok/Failed): 0/0/0
- Stop Cmd Result(Total/Ok/Failed): 0/0/0

For assistance, contact [SupportAdmin@comcast.com](mailto:SupportAdmin@comcast.com)  
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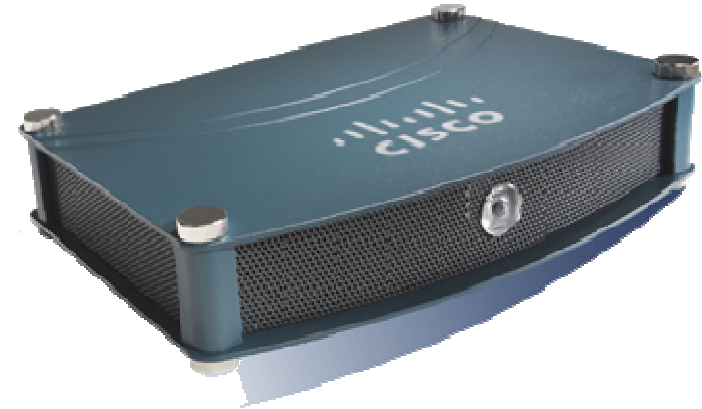
# High-Level Flow Diagram



# Cisco Digital Media Player

## Playback of Compelling Digital Media Content

- Controls graphics, Web content, text tickers on screen
- Supports full-screen or “zone” video in SD or HD resolutions
- Customizable on-screen templates
- Remote management of display properties
- IP-network addressable
- Local storage, high availability, automatic failover
- Small and lightweight
- Low power and high reliability
- Security: Hardened device



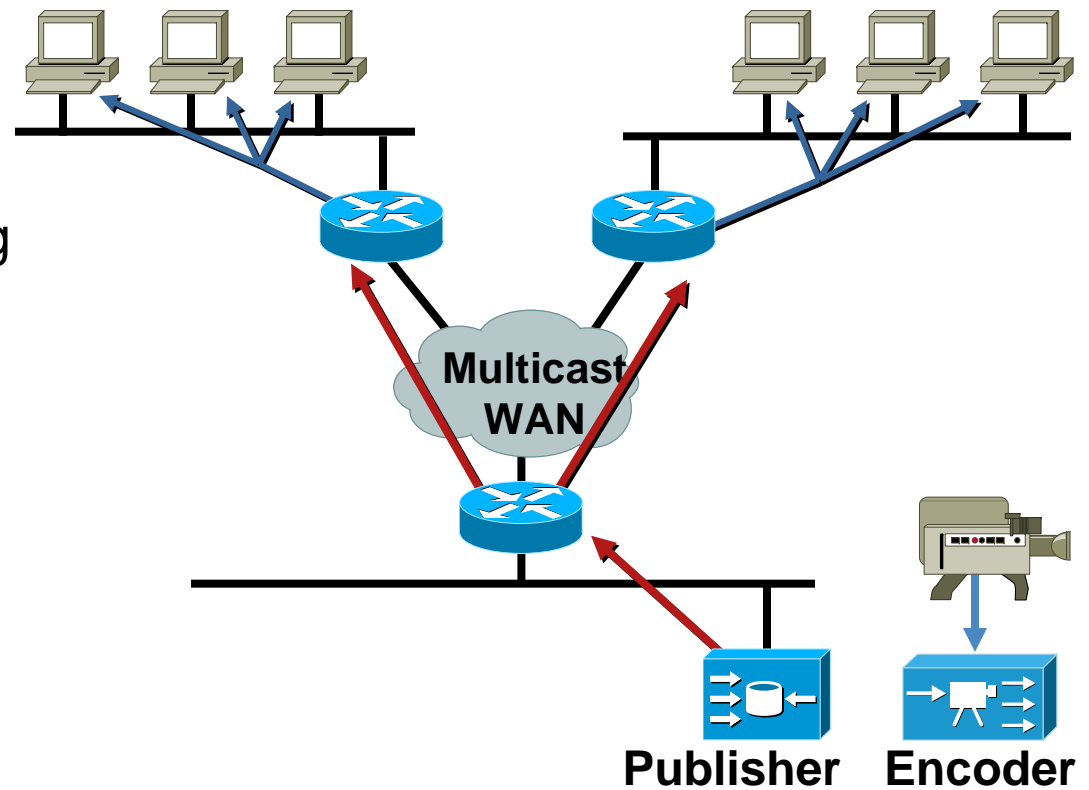
**Small Form Factor:  
7.5" x 5" x 1.5" at 1 lb.**

# Network Video Architectures for Digital Media



# Live Video on Multicast Network

- Multicast enabled LAN and WAN
- Requires event planning and administration

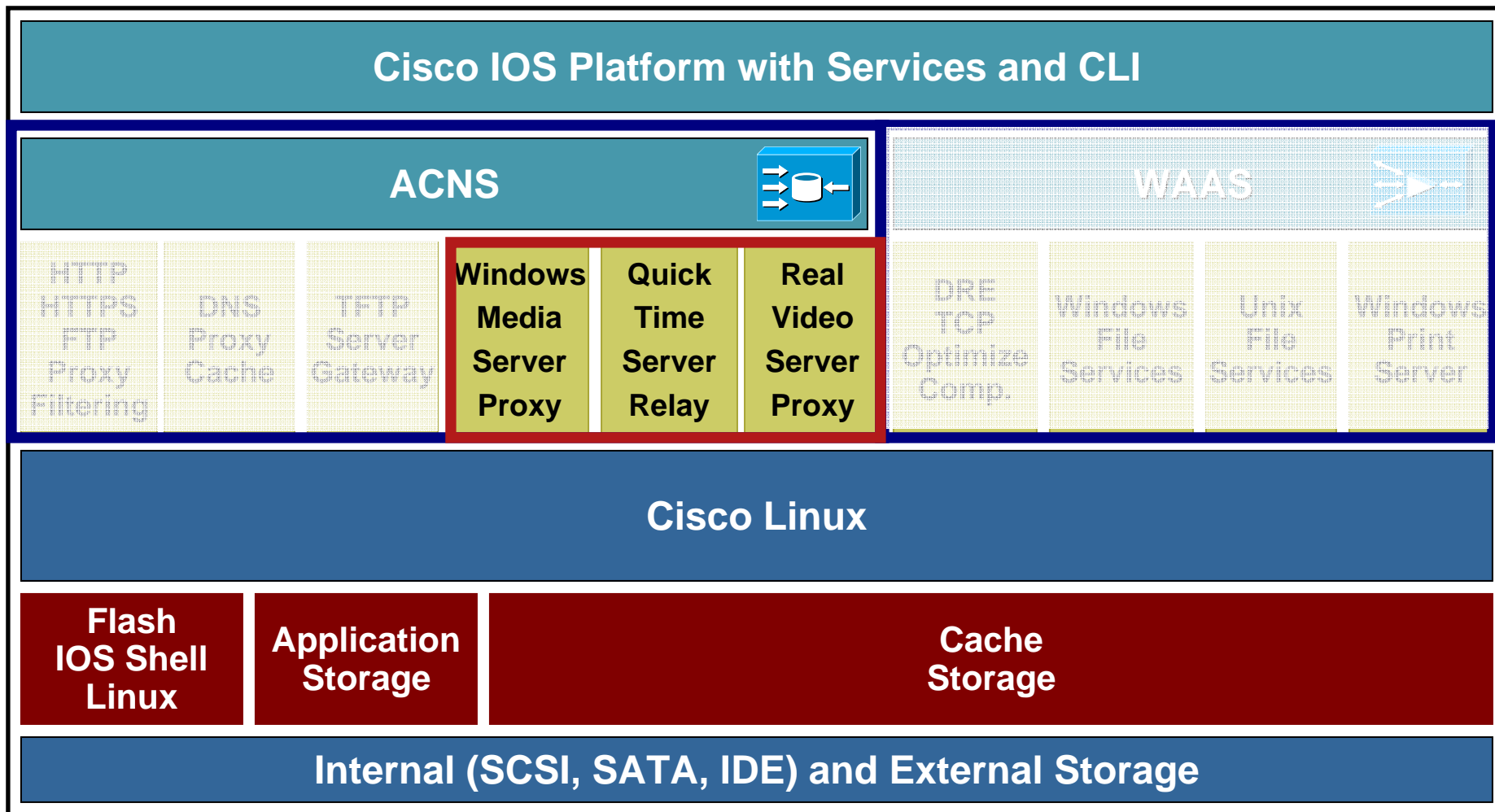


— Single Multicast Stream  
Replicated by WAN Network

— Single Multicast Stream  
Replicated by LAN Network

# Wide Area Application Engine (WAE)

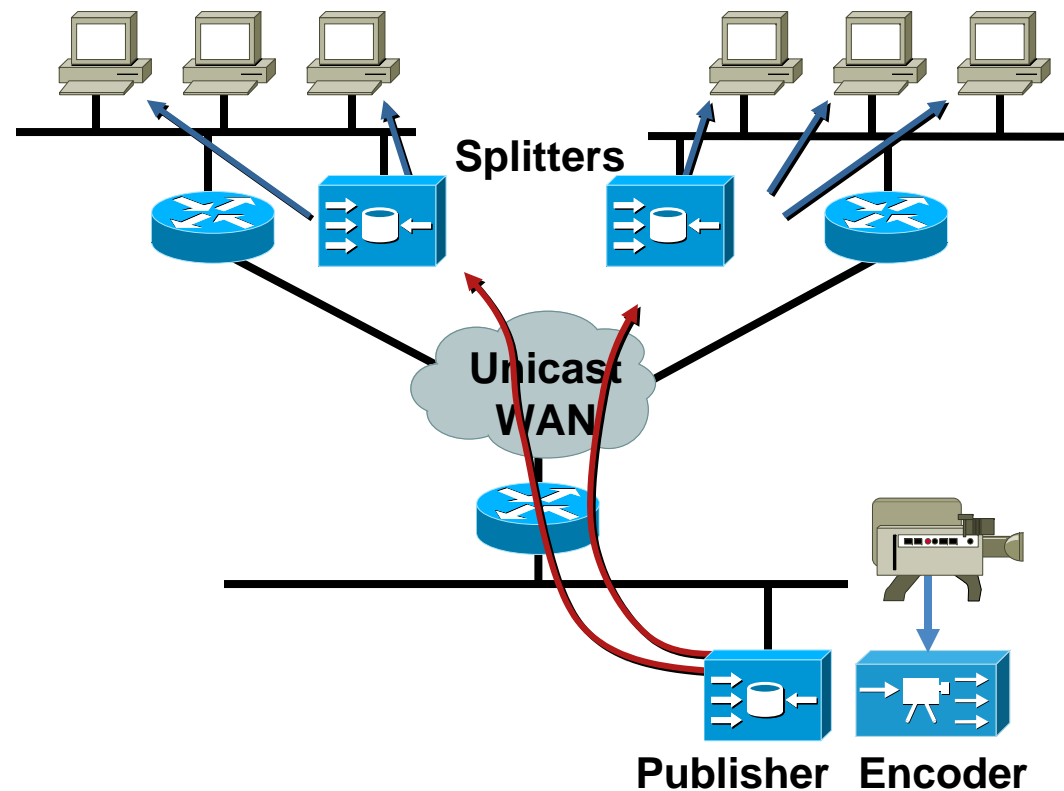
Application and Content Networking Software (ACNS)



# Video Architecture

## Live Unicast Stream Splitting

- Overcomes WAN bandwidth bottleneck
- Only solution for adhoc Internet streaming
- Easy to administer since no event planning
- Requires WAE capacity planning



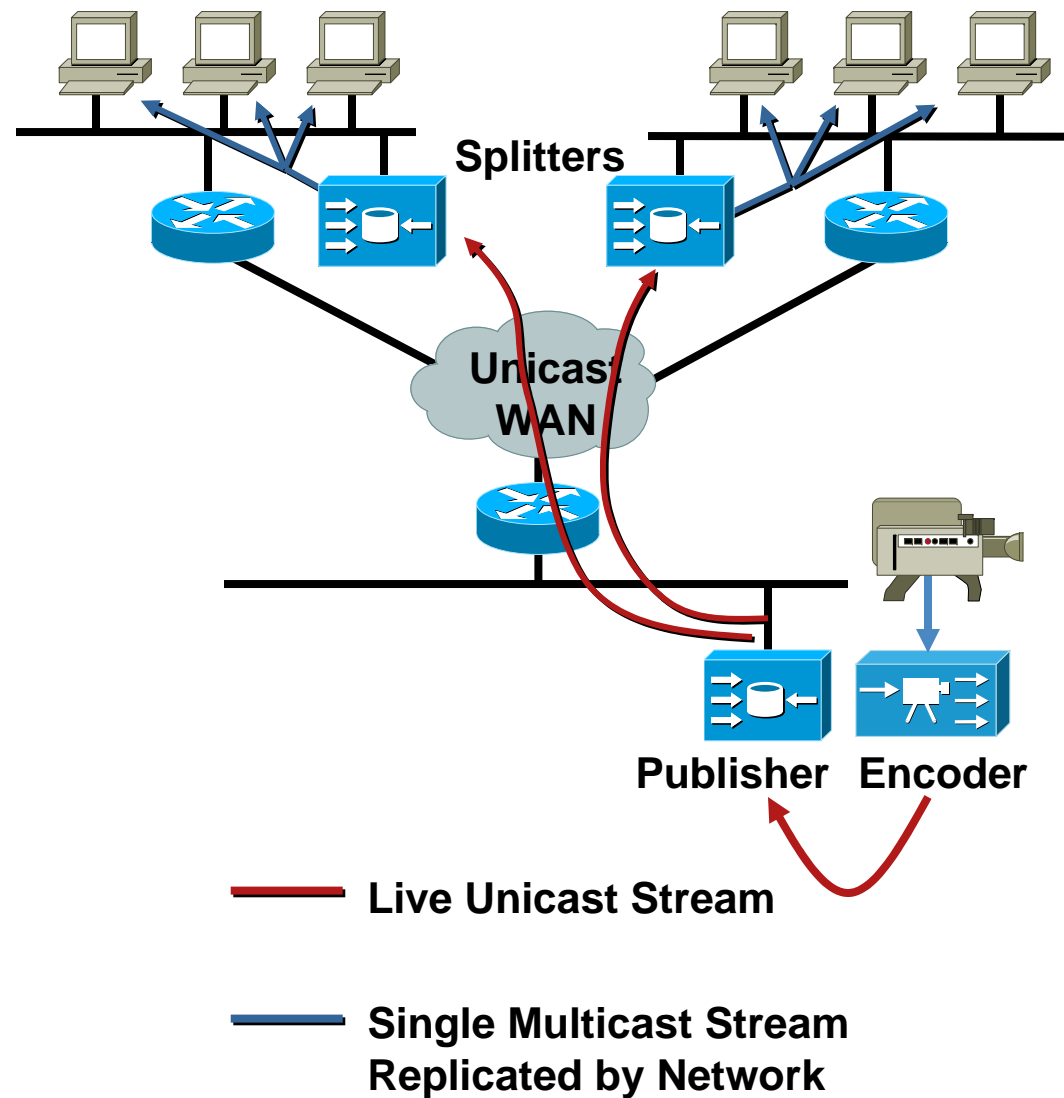
— Live Unicast Stream

— Multiple Unicast Streams  
(One per User)

# Video Architecture

## Live Hybrid Unicast to Multicast

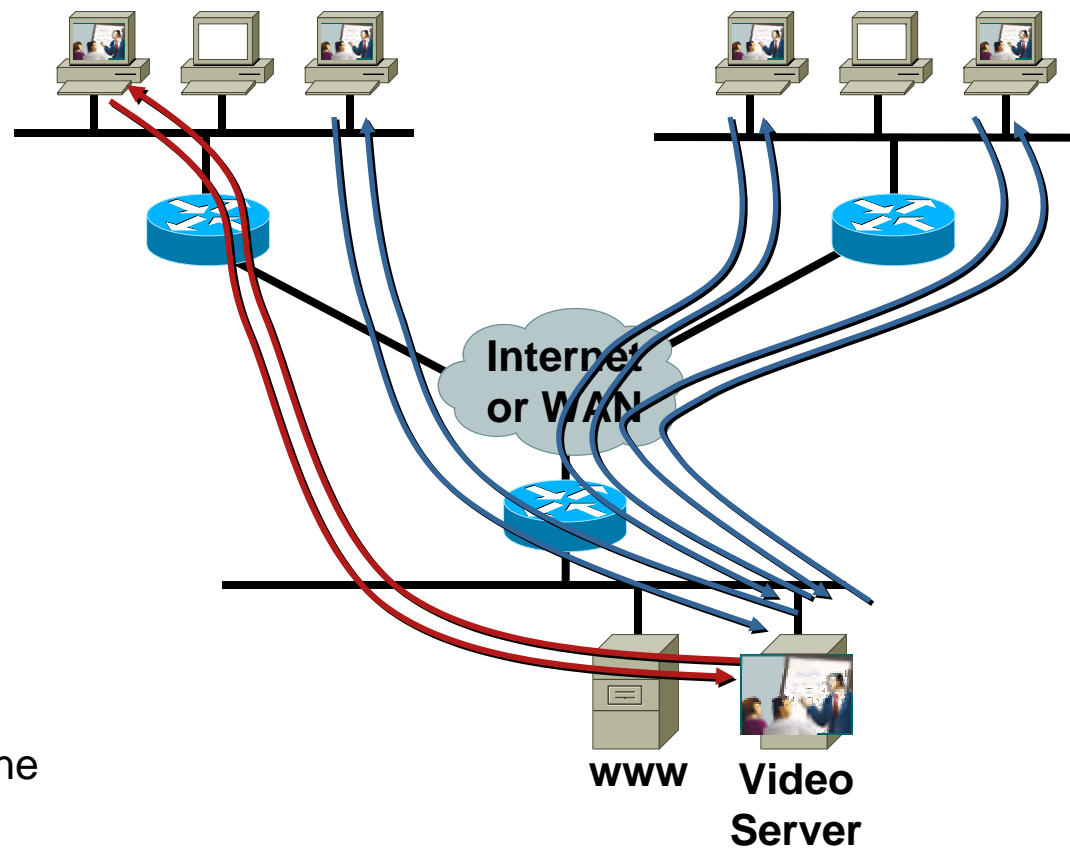
- Multicast enabled LAN only
- Multicast islands require separate Rendezvous Point (RP)
  - Auto-RP
  - Bootstrap router
  - Anycast RP
- WAE scales to many simultaneous programs
- Requires event planning and administration



# Video Architecture

## Video on Demand on a Non-Optimized Network

- Separate stream for each client across the WAN
- Sum of all clients must be less than WAN bandwidth
- Expect < 5% of clients normally
- VoD is like live
  - Announced VoD
  - Compliance training deadline



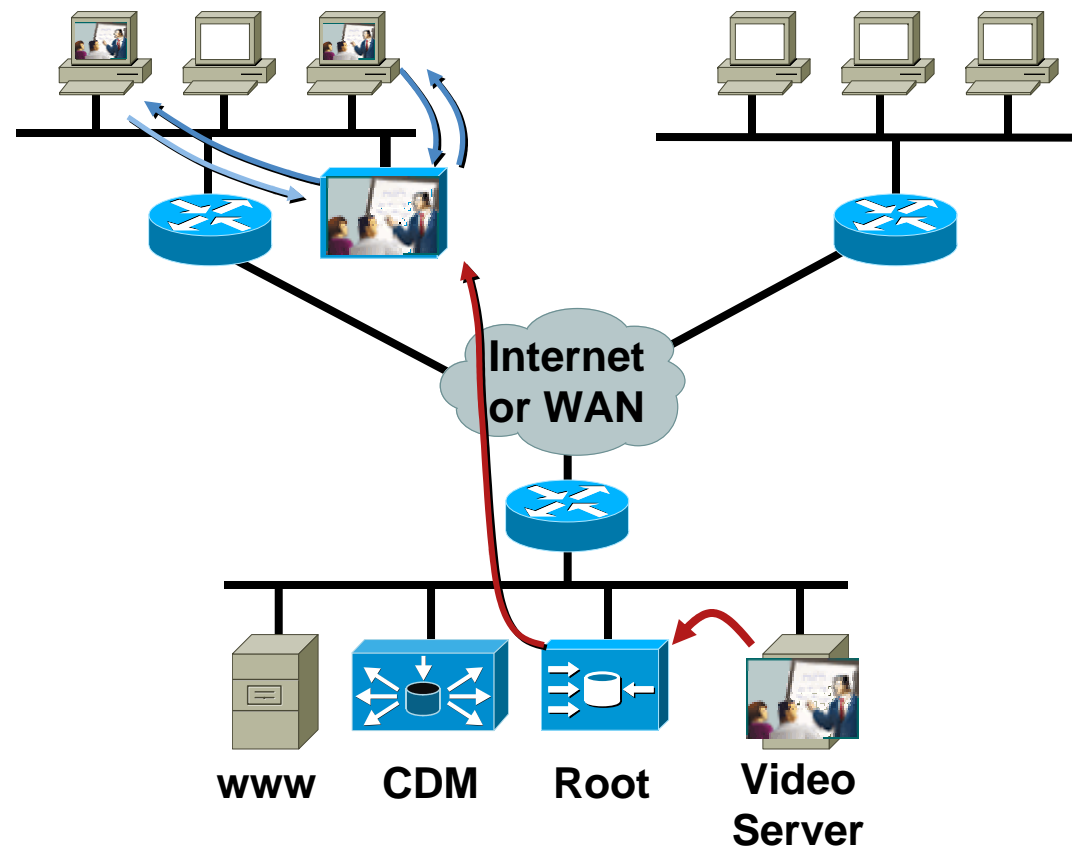
— First Request

— Subsequent Requests

# Video Architecture

## Video on Demand Pre-Positioned

- Streamed bandwidth may be greater WAN bandwidth
- Extreme quality capable
- Edge WAE mirrors contents of video server
- Video files securely and controllably distributed

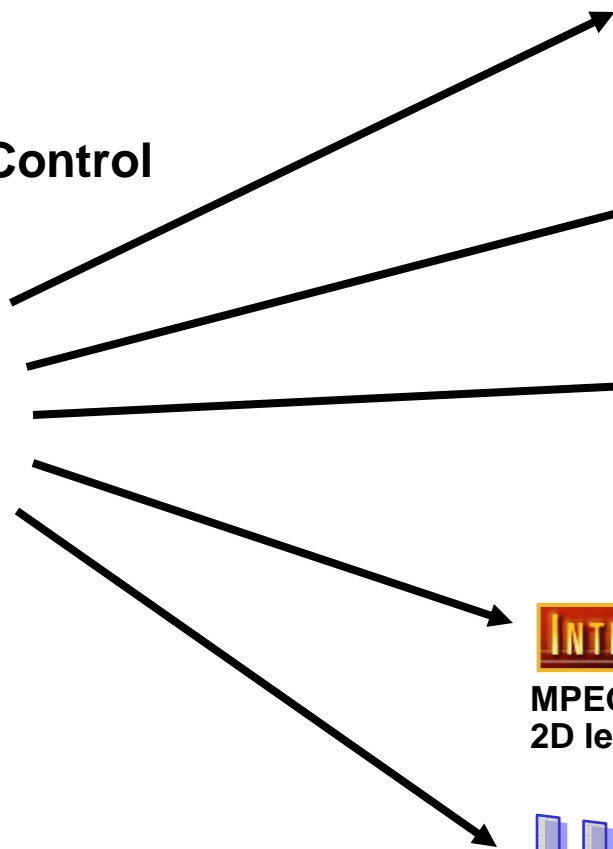
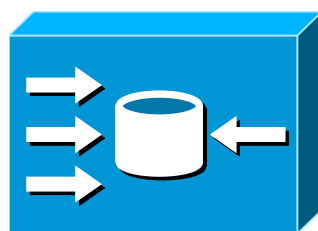


— Pre-Positioning

— All Requests

# Video Serving Flexibility Must Be Considered

1. Intelligent Redirection
2. Splitter
3. Server
4. Bandwidth Control



**INTERNET STREAMING MEDIA ALLIANCE**

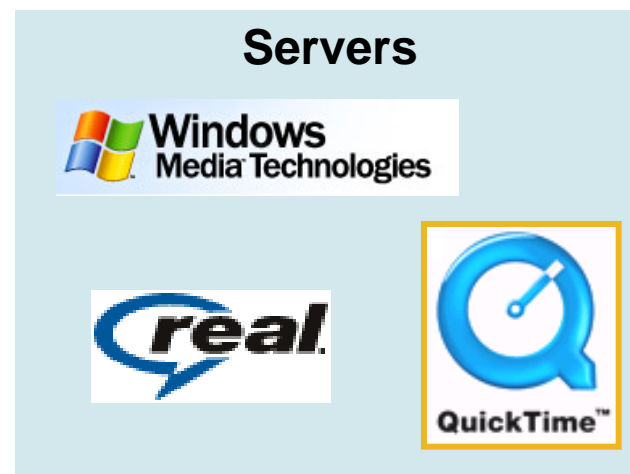
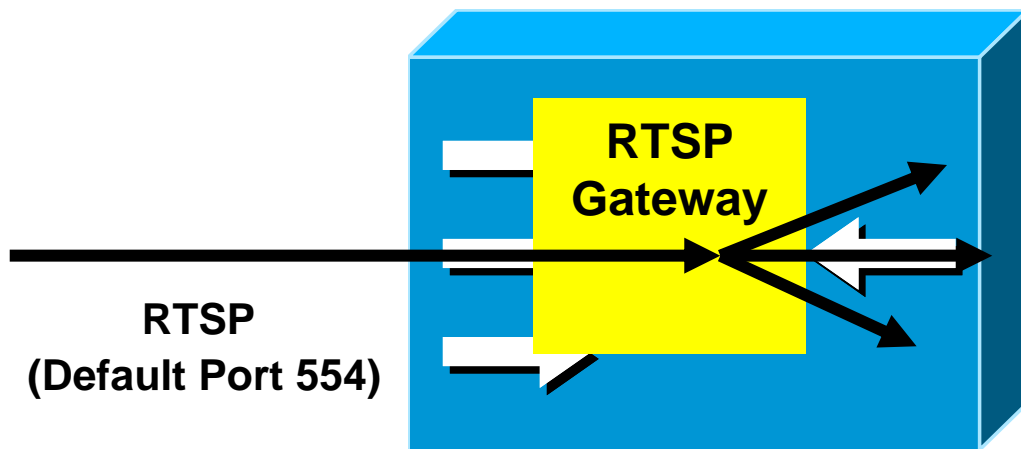
MPEG4 P.10 (Advanced Simple AV, Advanced 2D level1) , MPEG2, MPEG1 over RTP/RTSP

**HTTP**

Flash and Progressive Download

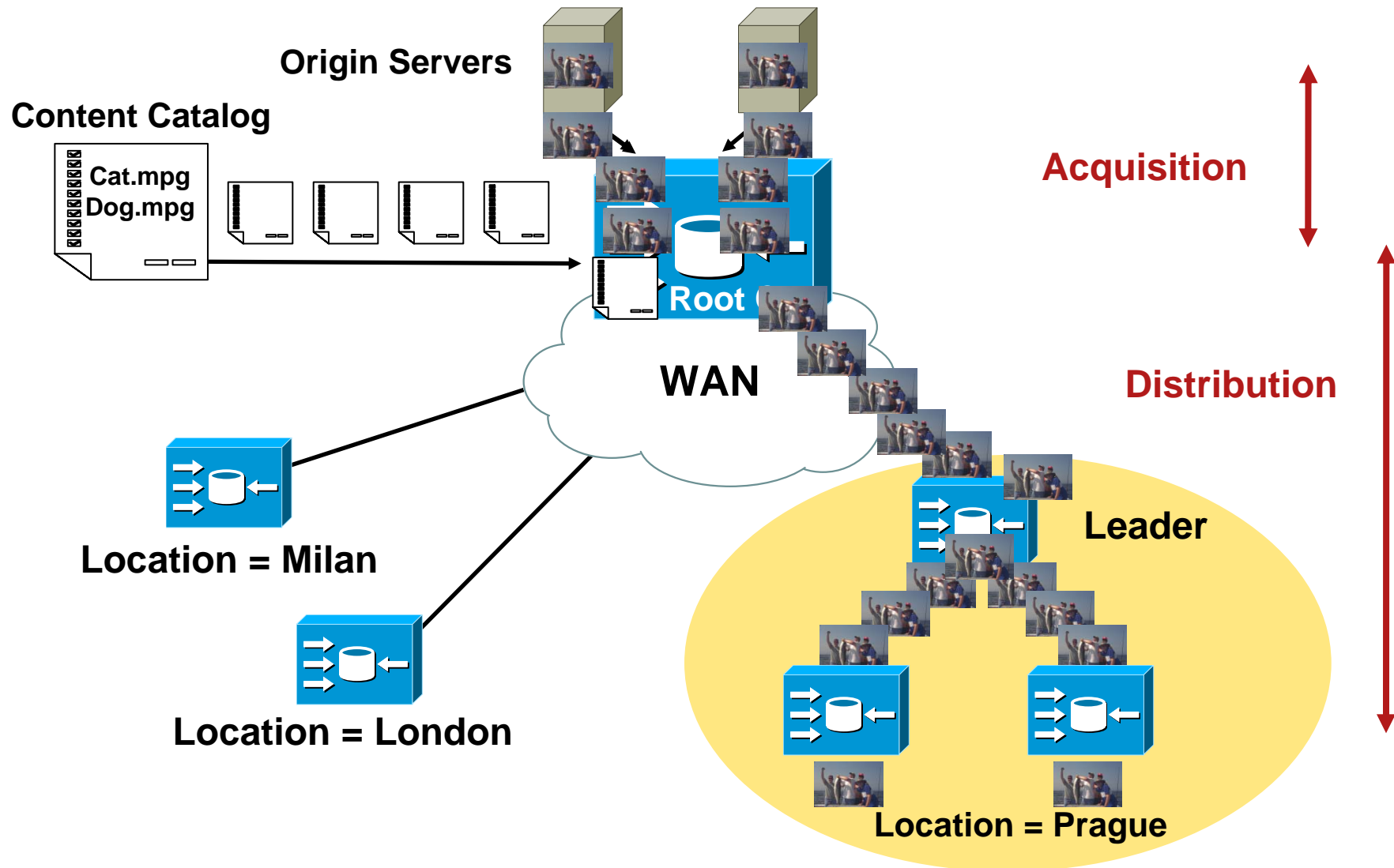


# Session Protocol Flexibility Must Be Considered



- Check browser type
- Check manifest file
- Check server availability
- Forward to server

# Scalable Content Distribution Solution Must Be Considered

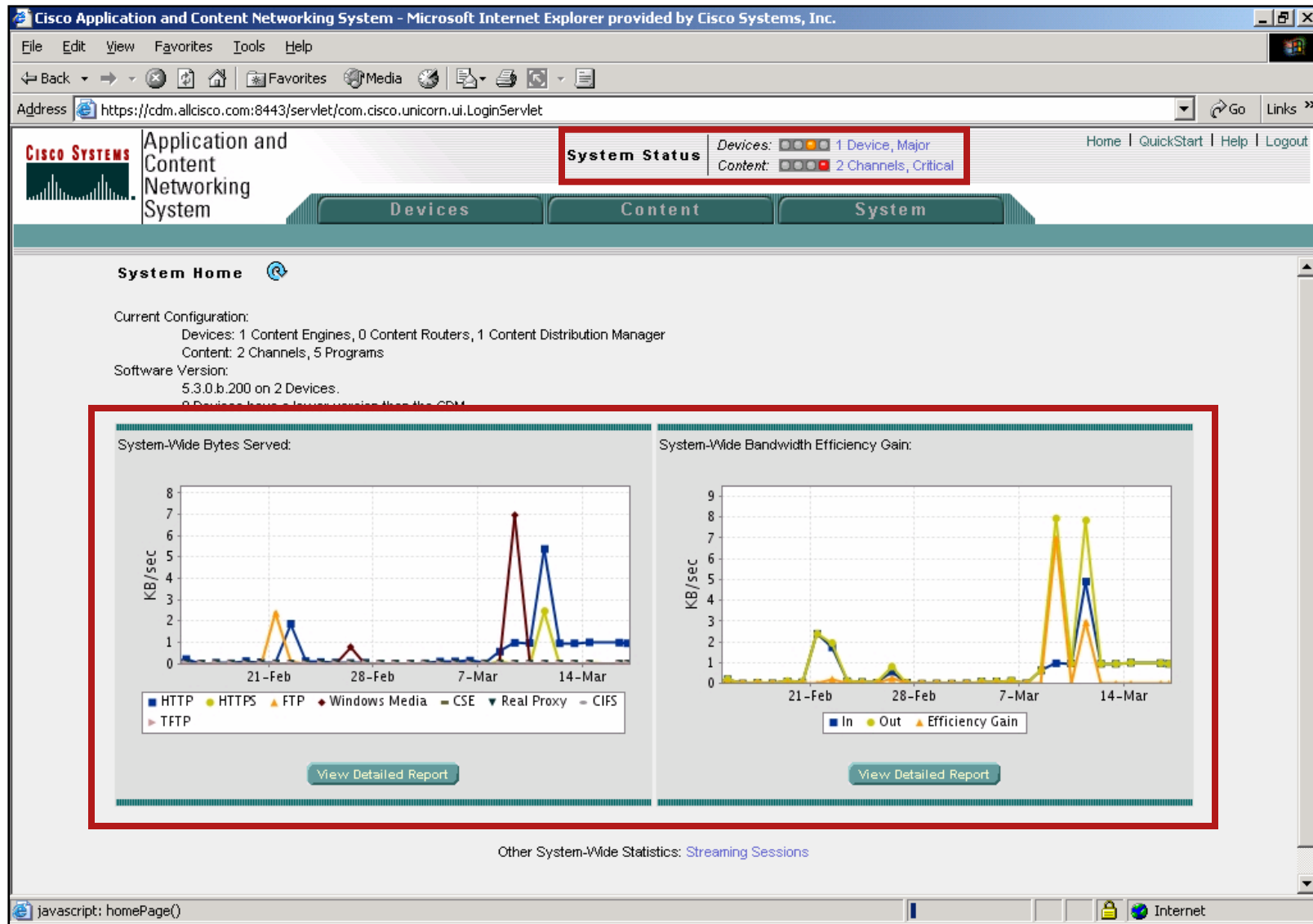


# Everything Needs to Be Centrally Managed... (Example: Group Management and Configuration)

The screenshot displays the Cisco Application and Content Networking System web interface. The browser window title is "Cisco Application and Content Networking System - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by Cisco Systems, Inc.". The address bar shows the URL: `https://cdm.allcisco.com:8443/servlet/com.cisco.unicorn.ui.LoginServlet`. The interface includes a navigation menu with "Devices", "Content", and "System" tabs. Under "Devices", "Device Groups" is highlighted. The main content area shows the "Modifying Device Group, all-ce" page. The "Device Group Information" section includes a "Name" field with the value "all-ce" and a "Device Type" dropdown set to "Content Engine". The "Comments" section contains a text area with the text "All Content Engines". A "Note" at the bottom states: "Note: \* - Required Field". The interface also features a "System Status" section at the top right, indicating "Devices: 1 Device, Major" and "Content: 2 Channels, Critical". A sidebar on the left lists various configuration options under "Contents", including "Device Group Home", "Software Update", "Assignments", "Prepositioning", "Request Routing", "Request Processing", "Applications", "Default and Maximum Bandwidth", "Bandwidth Schedules", "Streaming", "Web", "DNS", "Set Top Box", "File Sharing", and "General Settings". The "Device Groups" link in the sidebar is highlighted with a red box. The bottom of the page features "Submit" and "Cancel" buttons.

# ...Monitored and Operated

## (Example: Global Protocol Statistics and Faults)





**TIME IS THERE.....  
LET'S START BUILD OUR  
VIDEO READY NETWORKS**

