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That's all there is to it!

- /\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
- \* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
- \*
- \* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- \* <http://www.hypermall.com/>
- \* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
- \* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- \* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)
- \*
- \* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
- \*
- \* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
- \*
- \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- \* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- \* (skb->atm.iovnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

```

*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
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*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*/

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@bzip.org

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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/* $NetBSD: in_cksum.c,v 1.11 1996/04/08 19:55:37 jonathan Exp $ */
```

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```

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*
*   @(#)in_cksum.c 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/10/93
*/
```

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```

## 1.8 cramfs 1.1

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```
/*
* cramfsck - check a cramfs file system
*
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- \*
- \* 1999/12/03: Linus Torvalds (cramfs tester and unarchive program)
- \* 2000/06/03: Daniel Quinlan (CRC and length checking program)
- \* 2000/06/04: Daniel Quinlan (merged programs, added options, support
- \* for special files, preserve permissions and
- \* ownership, cramfs superbblock v2, bogus mode
- \* test, pathname length test, etc.)
- \* 2000/06/06: Daniel Quinlan (support for holes, pretty-printing,
- \* symlink size test)
- \* 2000/07/11: Daniel Quinlan (file length tests, start at offset 0 or 512,
- \* fsck-compatible exit codes)
- \* 2000/07/15: Daniel Quinlan (initial support for block devices)
- \* 2002/01/10: Daniel Quinlan (additional checks, test more return codes,
- \* use read if mmap fails, standardize messages)
- \*/

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```
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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 *
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 */
```



# 1.9 curl 7.21.0

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/\*\*\*\*\*

- \*  
\* This example source code introduces a c library buffered I/O interface to  
\* URL reads it supports fopen(), fread(), fgets(), feof(), fclose(),  
\* rewind(). Supported functions have identical prototypes to their normal c  
\* lib namesakes and are preceeded by url\_ .  
\*  
\* Using this code you can replace your program's fopen() with url\_fopen()  
\* and fread() with url\_fread() and it become possible to read remote streams  
\* instead of (only) local files. Local files (ie those that can be directly  
\* fopened) will drop back to using the underlying clib implementations  
\*  
\* See the main() function at the bottom that shows an app that retrives from a  
\* specified url using fgets() and fread() and saves as two output files.  
\*  
\* Copyright (c) 2003 Simtec Electronics  
\*  
\* Re-implemented by Vincent Sanders <vince@kyllicki.org> with extensive  
\* reference to original curl example code  
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```

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*
* This example requires libcurl 7.9.7 or later.
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#
# Calling this script install-sh is preferred over install.sh, to prevent
# `make' implicit rules from creating a file called install from it
# when there is no Makefile.
#
# This script is compatible with the BSD install script, but was written
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# shared with many OS's install programs.

```

## 1.10 curl 7.28.0

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(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

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## 1.11 dnsmasq 2.47

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From: Simon Kelley <[simon@thekelleys.org.uk](mailto:simon@thekelleys.org.uk)>

Sent: 18 September 2013 14:08

To: Damian Le Gresley (damlegre)

Subject: Re: dnsmasq licencing

Damian,

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BTW, what's a "small cell product"?

Cheers,

Simon.

On 18/09/13 14:03, Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) wrote:

> Dear Simon,

>

> We would like to use your dnsmasq application in one of our Small Cell  
> products but it is not clear to us whether the GPLv2 or GPLv3 licencing  
> terms stated in the two COPYING files are disjunctive or conjunctive.  
> i.e. Can we choose whether to use it under GPLv2 licencing only, or are  
> parts of it also licenced under GPLv3 and hence we must respect the most  
> restrictive licence.  
>  
> I found your post from back in 2007 where you were asking for opinions  
> on what should be done:  
> <http://lists.thekelleys.org.uk/pipermail/dnsmasq-discuss/2007q3/001566.html>  
>  
> I cannot find the conclusion of this discussion but I think you chose  
> option 3 (disjunctive licence) as your CHANGELOG has the comment `&#147;Added`  
> `GPL version 3 as a licence option&#148;`, hence we can choose to only apply  
> the GPLv2 licence.  
>  
> I welcome your clarification.  
>  
> Best regards,  
>  
> Damian  
>  
> <http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/images/email/signature/logo02.jpg>  
>  
> \*Damian Le Gresley\*  
> Senior Software Engineering Manager  
> Small Cells Technology Group

## 1.12 ethtool 6.0

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## 1.14 iniparser 2.17

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## 1.15 iproute2 2.6.29

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```
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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## 1.17 Iksctp-tools 1.0.10

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```
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under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

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## 1.18 logrotate 3-7.1

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## 1.21 mtd-utils 20090606

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## 1.22 netplug 1.2.9

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```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.23 ntp 4.2.4p3

### 1.23.1 Available under license :

Replied: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 14:12:54 -0500  
Replied: "Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au> "  
Received: from [139.134.6.79] by whimsy.udel.edu id aa15476;  
16 Feb 2001 04:21 EST  
Received: from CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au  
([139.134.4.52]) by mailin6.bigpond.com (Netscape Messaging  
Server 4.15) with SMTP id G8UFIB00.4QI for  
<stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 19:25:23 +1000  
Received: from CPE-61-9-164-110.vic.bigpond.net.au ([61.9.164.110]) by mail5.bigpond.com (Claudes-Retiring-MailRouter V2.9c 9/11963672); 16 Feb 2001 19:20:45  
Received: (from root@localhost)  
by CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au (8.11.0/8.11.0) id f1G92GC29158  
for <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:02:16 +1100  
From: Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au>  
Message-Id: <200102160901.UAA23657@avalon.reed.wattle.id.au>  
Subject: Re: arlib?  
In-Reply-To: <901.982219274@whimsy.udel.edu> from Harlan Stenn at "Feb 15, 1 01:41:14 am"  
To: Harlan Stenn <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>  
Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:01:46 +1100  
X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.4ME+ PL37 (25)]  
MIME-Version: 1.0  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

In some email I received from Harlan Stenn, sie wrote:

> Darren,  
>  
> I'm looking for an async resolver library that I can use with NTP.  
>  
> I noticed your code in the contrib/ subdir of later bind8 distribution  
> and I noticed the Copyright notice in arlib.c:  
>  
> \* arlib.c (C)opyright 1993 Darren Reed. All rights reserved.  
> \* This file may not be distributed without the author's permission in any  
> \* shape or form. The author takes no responsibility for any damage or loss  
> \* of property which results from the use of this software.  
>



> so I thought I'd ask your permission to distribute your files if I can  
> figure out how to make it all work with ntpd.

<http://coombs.anu.edu.au/~avalon/arlib.tar.gz>

a few bug fixes (inc. buffer overflow :) and stuff in there.

But otherwise, go for it.

Darren

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October 1996

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44. [48]Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
45. [49]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
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## 1.28 rtsp-linux-v2.6 2.6.26

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```

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# 1.31 zlib 1.2.3

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

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