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Version 1.0

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Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.
- * 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- * re-established. (put back CFG PHYIE)

*

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

- * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
- * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large

```
buffers. This is done by 2 things:
1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
recycle large data buffers
2) skb_clone of received buffers
See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
details.
```

*

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*

* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

*

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* @(#)in_cksum.c 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/10/93

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* 1999/12/03: Linus Torvalds (cramfs tester and unarchive program)

* 2000/06/03: Daniel Quinlan (CRC and length checking program)

* 2000/06/04: Daniel Quinlan (merged programs, added options, support

* for special files, preserve permissions and

* ownership, cramfs superblock v2, bogus mode

* test, pathname length test, etc.)

* 2000/06/06: Daniel Quinlan (support for holes, pretty-printing,

* symlink size test)

* 2000/07/11: Daniel Quinlan (file length tests, start at offset 0 or 512,

* fsck-compatible exit codes)

* 2000/07/15: Daniel Quinlan (initial support for block devices)

* 2002/01/10: Daniel Quinlan (additional checks, test more return codes,

* use read if mmap fails, standardize messages)

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/*

* mkcramfs - make a cramfs file system

*

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1.9 curl 7.21.0

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/***********************

*

- * This example source code introduces a c library buffered I/O interface to
- * URL reads it supports fopen(), fread(), fgets(), feof(), fclose(),
- * rewind(). Supported functions have identical prototypes to their normal c
- * lib namesakes and are preceaded by url_ .

*

- * Using this code you can replace your program's fopen() with url_fopen()
- * and fread() with url_fread() and it become possible to read remote streams
- * instead of (only) local files. Local files (ie those that can be directly
- * fopened) will drop back to using the underlying clib implementations

*

- * See the main() function at the bottom that shows an app that retrives from a
- * specified url using fgets() and fread() and saves as two output files.

*

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*

- * Re-implemented by Vincent Sanders <vince@kyllikki.org> with extensive
- * reference to original curl example code

*

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*

* This example requires libcurl 7.9.7 or later.

*/

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#

- # Calling this script install-sh is preferred over install.sh, to prevent
- # `make' implicit rules from creating a file called install from it
- # when there is no Makefile.

#

- # This script is compatible with the BSD install script, but was written
- # from scratch. It can only install one file at a time, a restriction
- # shared with many OS's install programs.

1.10 dnsmasq 2.47

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Version 2, June 1991

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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From: Simon Kelley <simon@thekelleys.org.uk>

Sent: 18 September 2013 14:08 To: Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) Subject: Re: dnsmasq licencing

Damian,

All the code in dnsmasq carries the following statement, so you elect to use the entire application under the terms of GPLv2.

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; version 2 dated June, 1991, or (at your option) version 3 dated 29 June, 2007.

BTW, what's a "small cell product"?

Cheers,

Simon.

On 18/09/13 14:03, Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) wrote:

> Dear Simon,

>

- > We would like to use your dnsmasq application in one of our Small Cell
- > products but it is not clear to us whether the GPLv2 or GPLv3 licencing
- > terms stated in the two COPYING files are disjunctive or conjunctive.
- > i.e. Can we choose whether to use it under GPLv2 licencing only, or are
- > parts of it also licenced under GPLv3 and hence we must respect the most
- > restrictive licence.

>

- > I found your post from back in 2007 where you were asking for opinions
- > on what should be done:
- > http://lists.thekelleys.org.uk/pipermail/dnsmasq-discuss/2007q3/001566.html

>

> I cannot find the conclusion of this discussion but I think you chose

```
> option 3 (disjunctive licence) as your CHANGELOG has the comment "Added
> GPL version 3 as a licence option", hence we can choose to only apply
> the GPLv2 licence.
>
> I welcome your clarification.
>
> Best regards,
>
> Damian
>
> http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/images/email/signature/logo02.jpg
>
> *Damian Le Gresley*
> Senior Software Engineering Manager
> Small Cells Technology Group
```

1.11 ethtool 6.0

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<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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1.16 lksctp-tools 1.0.10

1.16.1 Available under license:

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1.17 logrotate 3-7.1

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1.18 Izo 2.03

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.21 ntp 4.2.4p3

1.21.1 Available under license:

```
Replied: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 14:12:54 -0500
```

Replied: "Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au> "

Received: from [139.134.6.79] by whimsy.udel.edu id aa15476;

16 Feb 2001 04:21 EST

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au

([139.134.4.52]) by mailin6.bigpond.com (Netscape Messaging

Server 4.15) with SMTP id G8UFIB00.4QI for

<stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 19:25:23 +1000

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-110.vic.bigpond.net.au ([61.9.164.110]) by mail5.bigpond.com (Claudes-Retiring-

MailRouter V2.9c 9/11963672); 16 Feb 2001 19:20:45

Received: (from root@localhost)

by CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au (8.11.0/8.11.0) id f1G92GC29158

for <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:02:16 +1100

From: Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au>

Message-Id: <200102160901.UAA23657@avalon.reed.wattle.id.au>

Subject: Re: arlib?

In-Reply-To: <901.982219274@whimsy.udel.edu> from Harlan Stenn at "Feb 15, 1 01:41:14 am"

To: Harlan Stenn <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu> Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:01:46 +1100 X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.4ME+ PL37 (25)]

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

In some email I received from Harlan Stenn, sie wrote:

```
> Darren,
```

>

> I'm looking for an async resolver library that I can use with NTP.

> I noticed your code in the contrib/ subdir of later bind8 distribution

> and I noticed the Copyright notice in arlib.c:

>

- > * arlib.c (C)opyright 1993 Darren Reed. All rights reserved.
- > * This file may not be distributed without the author's permission in any
- > * shape or form. The author takes no responsibility for any damage or loss

> * of property which results from the use of this software.

>

- > so I thought I'd ask your permission to distribute your files if I can
- > figure out how to make it all work with ntpd.

http://coombs.anu.edu.au/~avalon/arlib.tar.gz

a few bug fixes (inc. buffer overflow:) and stuff in there.

But otherwise, go for it.

Darren

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- 25. [28] William L. Jones < jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
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- 29. [32]Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
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- 32. [35]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers: Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
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- 41. [45] Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
- 42. [46]Jack Sasportas < jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
- 43. [47]Ray Schnitzler < schnitz@unipress.com > Unixware1 port
- 44. [48] Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
- 45. [49]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
- 46. [50]Harlan Stenn harlan@pfcs.com GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
- 47. [51] Kenneth Stone < ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
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- 50. [54]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
- 51. [55]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD

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1.22 openssl 0.9.8x

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1.24 RSA cipher algorithm NA

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* Cryptographic API

* RSA cipher algorithm implementation

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1.26 SHA-1 ARM NA

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*

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1.28 zlib 1.1.3

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

1.29 zlib 1.2.3

1.29.1 Available under license:

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