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Contents

1.1 base64 0.00.00B

1.1.1 Available under license

1.2 boost_1.45.0 1.45.0

1.2.1 Available under license

1.3 Broadcom Femtocell SDK - Kernel Drivers NA

1.3.1 Available under license

1.4 Broadcom Femtocell SDK - Linux Kernel 2.6.29.6

1.4.1 Available under license

1.5 busybox 1.18.4

1.5.1 Available under license

1.6 cksum.c 1.1.1.1

1.6.1 Available under license

1.7 ConvertUTF 1.0

1.7.1 Available under license

1.8 cramfs 1.1

1.8.1 Available under license

1.9 curl 7.21.0

1.9.1 Available under license

1.10 dnsmasq 2.47

1.10.1 Available under license

1.11 ethtool 6.0

1.11.1 Available under license

1.12 gmp 4.2.1

1.12.1 Available under license

1.13 gnutls - library only 2.12.5

1.13.1 Available under license

- 1.14 iniparser 2.17**
 - 1.14.1 Available under license
- 1.15 iproute2 2.6.29**
 - 1.15.1 Available under license
- 1.16 iptables 1.4.3.2**
 - 1.16.1 Available under license
- 1.17 lksctp-tools 1.0.10**
 - 1.17.1 Available under license
- 1.18 logrotate 3-7.1**
 - 1.18.1 Available under license
- 1.19 lzo 2.03**
 - 1.19.1 Available under license
- 1.20 mtd-utils 20090606**
 - 1.20.1 Available under license
- 1.21 netplug 1.2.9**
 - 1.21.1 Available under license
- 1.22 nettle 2.1**
 - 1.22.1 Available under license
- 1.23 ntp 4.2.4p3**
 - 1.23.1 Available under license
- 1.24 openssl 0.9.8r**
 - 1.24.1 Notifications
 - 1.24.2 Available under license
- 1.25 popt 1.10.4**
 - 1.25.1 Available under license
- 1.26 RSA cipher algorithm NA**
 - 1.26.1 Available under license
- 1.27 rtsp-linux-v2.6 2.6.26**
 - 1.27.1 Available under license
- 1.28 SHA-1 ARM NA**
 - 1.28.1 Available under license
- 1.29 Tiny XML 2.6.1**
 - 1.29.1 Available under license
- 1.30 zlib 1.1.3**
 - 1.30.1 Available under license
- 1.31 zlib 1.2.3**
 - 1.31.1 Available under license

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That's all there is to it!

```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
 * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
 *
 * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
 * http://www.hypermall.com/
 * 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
 * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
 * 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
 * and spelling mistakes.
 * 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
 * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
 * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 *
 * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
 *
 * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
 *
 * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
 * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
 * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
 * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
 * (skb->atm.iovnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
```

```

*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
*
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*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

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1.5 busybox 1.18.4

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@bzip.org

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.6 cksum.c 1.1.1.1

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```

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* @(#)in_cksum.c 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/10/93
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1.7 ConvertUTF 1.0

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- *
- * 1999/12/03: Linus Torvalds (cramfs tester and unarchive program)
- * 2000/06/03: Daniel Quinlan (CRC and length checking program)
- * 2000/06/04: Daniel Quinlan (merged programs, added options, support
- * for special files, preserve permissions and
- * ownership, cramfs superbblock v2, bogus mode
- * test, pathname length test, etc.)
- * 2000/06/06: Daniel Quinlan (support for holes, pretty-printing,
- * symlink size test)
- * 2000/07/11: Daniel Quinlan (file length tests, start at offset 0 or 512,
- * fsck-compatible exit codes)
- * 2000/07/15: Daniel Quinlan (initial support for block devices)
- * 2002/01/10: Daniel Quinlan (additional checks, test more return codes,
- * use read if mmap fails, standardize messages)
- */

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```

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```


1.9 curl 7.21.0

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/******

*

* This example source code introduces a c library buffered I/O interface to
* URL reads it supports fopen(), fread(), fgets(), feof(), fclose(),
* rewind(). Supported functions have identical prototypes to their normal c
* lib namesakes and are preceded by url_ .

*

* Using this code you can replace your program's fopen() with url_fopen()
* and fread() with url_fread() and it become possible to read remote streams
* instead of (only) local files. Local files (ie those that can be directly
* fopened) will drop back to using the underlying clib implementations

*

* See the main() function at the bottom that shows an app that retrieves from a
* specified url using fgets() and fread() and saves as two output files.

*

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*

* Re-implemented by Vincent Sanders <vince@kyllicki.org> with extensive
* reference to original curl example code

*

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#
# Calling this script install-sh is preferred over install.sh, to prevent
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# when there is no Makefile.
#
# This script is compatible with the BSD install script, but was written
# from scratch. It can only install one file at a time, a restriction
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```

1.10 dnsmasq 2.47

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From: Simon Kelley <simon@thekelleys.org.uk>

Sent: 18 September 2013 14:08

To: Damian Le Gresley (damlegre)

Subject: Re: dnsmasq licencing

Damian,

All the code in dnsmasq carries the following statement, so you elect to use the entire application under the terms of GPLv2.

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; version 2 dated June, 1991, or (at your option) version 3 dated 29 June, 2007.

BTW, what's a "small cell product"?

Cheers,

Simon.

On 18/09/13 14:03, Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) wrote:

> Dear Simon,

>

> We would like to use your dnsmasq application in one of our Small Cell
> products but it is not clear to us whether the GPLv2 or GPLv3 licencing
> terms stated in the two COPYING files are disjunctive or conjunctive.
> i.e. Can we choose whether to use it under GPLv2 licencing only, or are
> parts of it also licenced under GPLv3 and hence we must respect the most
> restrictive licence.

>

> I found your post from back in 2007 where you were asking for opinions
> on what should be done:

> <http://lists.thekelleys.org.uk/pipermail/dnsmasq-discuss/2007q3/001566.html>

>

> I cannot find the conclusion of this discussion but I think you chose

> option 3 (disjunctive licence) as your CHANGELOG has the comment “Added
> GPL version 3 as a licence option”; hence we can choose to only apply
> the GPLv2 licence.
>
> I welcome your clarification.
>
> Best regards,
>
> Damian
>
> <http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/images/email/signature/logo02.jpg>
>
> *Damian Le Gresley*
> Senior Software Engineering Manager
> Small Cells Technology Group

1.11 ethtool 6.0

1.11.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.12 gmp 4.2.1

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.14 iniparser 2.17

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.17 Iksctp-tools 1.0.10

1.17.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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```
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1.18 logrotate 3-7.1

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

```
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it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
```

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when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate
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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```

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version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
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```
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.23 ntp 4.2.4p3

1.23.1 Available under license :

Replied: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 14:12:54 -0500

Replied: "Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au> "

Received: from [139.134.6.79] by whimsy.udel.edu id aa15476;
16 Feb 2001 04:21 EST

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au
([139.134.4.52]) by mailin6.bigpond.com (Netscape Messaging
Server 4.15) with SMTP id G8UFIB00.4QI for
<stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 19:25:23 +1000

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-110.vic.bigpond.net.au ([61.9.164.110]) by mail5.bigpond.com (Claudes-Retiring-MailRouter V2.9c 9/11963672); 16 Feb 2001 19:20:45

Received: (from root@localhost)
by CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au (8.11.0/8.11.0) id f1G92GC29158
for <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:02:16 +1100

From: Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au>

Message-Id: <200102160901.UAA23657@avalon.reed.wattle.id.au>

Subject: Re: arlib?

In-Reply-To: <901.982219274@whimsy.udel.edu> from Harlan Stenn at "Feb 15, 1 01:41:14 am"

To: Harlan Stenn <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>

Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:01:46 +1100

X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.4ME+ PL37 (25)]

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

In some email I received from Harlan Stenn, sie wrote:

> Darren,
>
> I'm looking for an async resolver library that I can use with NTP.
>
> I noticed your code in the contrib/ subdir of later bind8 distribution
> and I noticed the Copyright notice in arlib.c:
>
> * arlib.c (C)opyright 1993 Darren Reed. All rights reserved.
> * This file may not be distributed without the author's permission in any
> * shape or form. The author takes no responsibility for any damage or loss
> * of property which results from the use of this software.
>
> so I thought I'd ask your permission to distribute your files if I can
> figure out how to make it all work with ntpd.

<http://coombs.anu.edu.au/~avalon/arlib.tar.gz>

a few bug fixes (inc. buffer overflow :) and stuff in there.

But otherwise, go for it.

Darren

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
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```

```
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```

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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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38. [42]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
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42. [46]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
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46. [50]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
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 50. [54]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
 51. [55]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
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1.27 rtsp-linux-v2.6 2.6.26

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```

```
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1.30 zlib 1.1.3

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1.31 zlib 1.2.3

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