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Version 1.0

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```

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

- * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- * http://www.hypermall.com/
- * 10/1/97 commented out CFG PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- * 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- * and spelling mistakes.
- * 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)

*

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

```
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.

* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;

* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
```

* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists

* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

- * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
- * combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
- recycle large data buffers
- * 2) skb_clone of received buffers
- * See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
- * details.

*

*

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*

* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

*

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1.5 busybox 1.18.4

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* @(#)in_cksum.c 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/10/93

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* 2000/07/15: Daniel Quinlan (initial support for block devices)
* 2002/01/10: Daniel Quinlan (additional checks, test more return codes,
                 use read if mmap fails, standardize messages)
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```

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/*

* mkcramfs - make a cramfs file system

*

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1.9 curl 7.21.0

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/***************************

*

- * This example source code introduces a c library buffered I/O interface to
- * URL reads it supports fopen(), fread(), fgets(), feof(), fclose(),
- * rewind(). Supported functions have identical prototypes to their normal c
- * lib namesakes and are preceaded by url .

*

- * Using this code you can replace your program's fopen() with url_fopen()
- * and fread() with url_fread() and it become possible to read remote streams
- * instead of (only) local files. Local files (ie those that can be directly
- * fopened) will drop back to using the underlying clib implementations

*

```
* See the main() function at the bottom that shows an app that retrives from a
```

* specified url using fgets() and fread() and saves as two output files.

*

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*

- * Re-implemented by Vincent Sanders < vince@kyllikki.org> with extensive
- * reference to original curl example code

*

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*

* This example requires libcurl 7.9.7 or later.

*/

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#

- # Calling this script install-sh is preferred over install.sh, to prevent
- # `make' implicit rules from creating a file called install from it
- # when there is no Makefile.

#

This script is compatible with the BSD install script, but was written

from scratch. It can only install one file at a time, a restriction

shared with many OS's install programs.

1.10 dnsmasq 2.47

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From: Simon Kelley <simon@thekelleys.org.uk>

Sent: 18 September 2013 14:08 To: Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) Subject: Re: dnsmasq licencing

Damian.

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BTW, what's a "small cell product"?

Cheers,

Simon.

On 18/09/13 14:03, Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) wrote:

> Dear Simon,

>

- > We would like to use your dnsmasq application in one of our Small Cell
- > products but it is not clear to us whether the GPLv2 or GPLv3 licencing
- > terms stated in the two COPYING files are disjunctive or conjunctive.
- > i.e. Can we choose whether to use it under GPLv2 licencing only, or are
- > parts of it also licenced under GPLv3 and hence we must respect the most
- > restrictive licence.

```
> I found your post from back in 2007 where you were asking for opinions
> on what should be done:
> http://lists.thekelleys.org.uk/pipermail/dnsmasq-discuss/2007q3/001566.html
>
> I cannot find the conclusion of this discussion but I think you chose
> option 3 (disjunctive licence) as your CHANGELOG has the comment "Added
> GPL version 3 as a licence option", hence we can choose to only apply
> the GPLv2 licence.
>
> I welcome your clarification.
>
> Best regards,
>
> Damian
>
http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/images/email/signature/logo02.jpg
>
> *Damian Le Gresley*
> Senior Software Engineering Manager
> Small Cells Technology Group
```

1.11 ethtool 6.0

1.11.1 Available under license:

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Version 2, June 1991

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1.12 gmp 4.2.1

1.12.1 Available under license:

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.14 iniparser 2.17

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1.15 iproute2 2.6.29

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1.16 iptables 1.4.3.2

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1.17 libcrypt 1.4.5

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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1.18 libcrypt_library 1.4.5

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

1.19 libgpg-error 1.7

1.19.1 Available under license:

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1.20 libgpg-error_library 1.7

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1.24 netplug 1.2.9

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Replied: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 14:12:54 -0500

Replied: "Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au> "

Received: from [139.134.6.79] by whimsy.udel.edu id aa15476;

16 Feb 2001 04:21 EST

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au

([139.134.4.52]) by mailin6.bigpond.com (Netscape Messaging

Server 4.15) with SMTP id G8UFIB00.4QI for

<stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 19:25:23 +1000

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-110.vic.bigpond.net.au ([61.9.164.110]) by mail5.bigpond.com (Claudes-Retiring-

MailRouter V2.9c 9/11963672); 16 Feb 2001 19:20:45

Received: (from root@localhost)

by CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au (8.11.0/8.11.0) id f1G92GC29158

for <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:02:16 +1100

From: Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au>

Message-Id: <200102160901.UAA23657@avalon.reed.wattle.id.au>

Subject: Re: arlib?

In-Reply-To: <901.982219274@whimsy.udel.edu> from Harlan Stenn at "Feb 15, 1 01:41:14 am"

To: Harlan Stenn <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>

Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:01:46 +1100

X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.4ME+ PL37 (25)]

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

In some email I received from Harlan Stenn, sie wrote:

> Darren.

>

> I'm looking for an async resolver library that I can use with NTP.

>

- > I noticed your code in the contrib/ subdir of later bind8 distribution
- > and I noticed the Copyright notice in arlib.c:

>

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- > * This file may not be distributed without the author's permission in any
- > * shape or form. The author takes no responsibility for any damage or loss
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>

- > so I thought I'd ask your permission to distribute your files if I can
- > figure out how to make it all work with ntpd.

http://coombs.anu.edu.au/~avalon/arlib.tar.gz

a few bug fixes (inc. buffer overflow:) and stuff in there.

But otherwise, go for it.

Darren

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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- 1. [1]Mark Andrews <mark_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller
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- 3. [3] Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [4] Clayton Kirkwood kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com port to WindowsNT 3.5
- 4. [5] Michael Barone < michael, barone@lmco.com > GPSVME fixes
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- 6. [7] Karl Berry < karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
- 7. [8] Greg Brackley < greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recybuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
- 8. [9]Marc Brett < Marc.Brett@westgeo.com > Magnavox GPS clock driver
- 9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
- 10. [11]Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
- 11. [12]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
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- 13. [14]Sven Dietrich <sven_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference

- clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
- 14. [15]John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port
- 15. [16]Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port
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- 17. [18] John Hay < jhay @@icomtek.csir.co.za> IPv6 support and testing
- 18. [19]Glenn Hollinger <glenn@herald.usask.ca> GOES clock driver
- 19. [20]Mike Iglesias <iglesias@uci.edu> DEC Alpha port
- 20. [21]Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
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- 22. [23]Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or
 [24]<H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep
- 23. [25]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
- 24. [26]Frank Kardel [27]kardel (at) ntp (dot) org> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (>14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling
- 25. [28] William L. Jones < jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
- 26. [29]Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port
- 27. [30]Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
- 28. [31]George Lindholm < lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
- 29. [32]Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
- 30. [33]Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
- 31. [34]Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org>Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
- 32. [35]David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers: Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
- 33. [36] Wolfgang Moeller <moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
- 34. [37]Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
- 35. [38]Tom Moore <tmoore@fievel.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
- 36. [39]Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
- 37. [40]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [41]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
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- 41. [45]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
- 42. [46]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory

- 43. [47]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
- 44. [48] Michael Shields < shields @tembel.org > USNO clock driver
- 45. [49]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
- 46. [50]Harlan Stenn harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
- 47. [51]Kenneth Stone < ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
- 48. [52] Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
- 49. [53]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
- 50. [54]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
- 51. [55]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD

References

- 1. mailto:%20mark_andrews@isc.org
- 2. mailto:%20altmeier@atlsoft.de
- 3. mailto: %20vbais@mailman1.intel.co
- 4. mailto:%20kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com
- 5. mailto:%20michael.barone@lmco.com
- 6. mailto:%20Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca
- 7. mailto:%20karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com
- 8. mailto:%20greg.brackley@bigfoot.com
- 9. mailto:%20Marc.Brett@westgeo.com
- 10. mailto:%20Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk
- 11. mailto:%20reg@dwf.com
- 12. mailto:%20clift@ml.csiro.au
- 13. mailto:casey@csc.co.za
- 14. mailto:%20Sven_Dietrich@trimble.COM
- 15. mailto:%20dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov
- 16. mailto:%20duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de
- 17. mailto:%20dennis@mrbill.canet.ca
- 18. mailto:%20jhay@icomtek.csir.co.za
- 19. mailto:%20glenn@herald.usask.ca
- 20. mailto:%20iglesias@uci.edu
- 21. mailto:%20jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov
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- $28.\ mail to: \%20 jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu$
- 29. mailto:%20dkatz@cisco.com

- 30. mailto: %20leres@ee.lbl.gov
- 31. mailto:%20lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca
- 32. mailto:%20louie@ni.umd.edu
- 33. mailto:%20thorinn@diku.dk
- 34. mailto:%20mayer@ntp.org
- 35. mailto:%20mills@udel.edu
- 36. mailto: %20moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de
- 37. mailto:%20mogul@pa.dec.com
- 38. mailto: %20tmoore@fievel.daytonoh.ncr.com
- 39. mailto: %20kamal@whence.com
- 40. mailto:%20derek@toybox.demon.co.uk
- 41. mailto:%20d@hd.org
- 42. mailto: %20Rainer. Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de
- 43. mailto:%20dirce@zk3.dec.com
- 44. mailto: %20wsanchez@apple.com
- 45. mailto:%20mrapple@quack.kfu.com
- 46. mailto: %20jack@innovativeinternet.com
- 47. mailto:%20schnitz@unipress.com
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- 49. mailto:%20pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov
- 50. mailto: %20harlan@pfcs.com
- 51. mailto:%20ken@sdd.hp.com
- 52. mailto:%20ajit@ee.udel.edu
- 53. mailto:%20tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp
- 54. mailto:%20vixie@vix.com
- 55. mailto:%20Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de

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1.29 rtsp-linux-v2.6 2.6.26

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1.33 zlib 1.2.3

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler

jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

1.34 zlib 1.1.3

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