



Introduction

Overview: Cisco Unity

Cisco Unity is a Windows 2000-based communications solution that brings you voice mail and unified messaging, and integrates them with the desktop applications you use every day. Cisco Unity works with Exchange to deliver and store all messages—voice, fax, and e-mail—giving you the ability to access all of your messages by using your desktop PC, a touchtone phone, or the Internet.

Cisco Unity is the unified messaging component within the Cisco family of AVVID (Architecture for Voice, Video and Integrated Data) offerings, and it integrates with Cisco CallManager, the call-processing component of Cisco AVVID. Although designed for a Voice over IP environment, Cisco Unity also integrates with several traditional, circuit-switched phone systems. When you are ready to transition to Voice over IP, Cisco Unity allows you to do so in stages, by setting up a dual-switch integration with both the circuit-switched phone system and Cisco CallManager.

Cisco Unity Features

Cisco Unity features include the following. (Your system may not include all of these features.)

Intelligent voice mail

The Cisco Unity voice messaging capabilities allow subscribers to listen to their messages, send voice messages to other subscribers, and customize settings such as personal greetings. With Cisco Unity you can set up an automated attendant, which serves as an electronic receptionist that answers and routes incoming calls.

Cisco Unity Administrator

The Web administrator allows you access to the Cisco Unity server via an intranet and remotely. Use the Cisco Unity Administrator to create or modify subscriber accounts, configure messaging options, assign classes of service, record greetings, and run reports.

ActiveAssistant

The ActiveAssistant[®] Web interface gives subscribers the ability to customize personal settings—including recorded greetings or message delivery options—on their computers.

ViewMail for Outlook

ViewMail[®] for Microsoft[®] Outlook[®], which is integrated with the Microsoft desktop clients (including Outlook 97, Outlook 98, and Outlook 2000), provides a graphical user interface accessible from any networked computer. Subscribers listen to voice messages by using VCR-style controls.

Multiple languages

With multiple languages installed, you can change the language in which Cisco Unity plays system prompts to subscribers and callers. You can also choose one or more languages with which to display the Cisco Unity Administrator pages and the Help files.

Text-to-speech

This feature allows you to listen to your e-mail over the phone. Cisco Unity reads the text portion of e-mail messages and provides additional information such as the name of the sender (if the sender is a subscriber), and the time and date that the message was sent.

Third-party fax integrations

Cisco Unity supports fax servers that can install an Exchange gateway and have dedicated fax lines set up to the fax ports on the fax server. When a third-party fax server is integrated with Cisco Unity, the administration of the fax server is controlled by the fax server software.

A list of officially supported fax servers that you can use with Cisco Unity can be found in the appropriate version of the *Cisco Unity Release Notes*, available in HTML format on Cisco.com. Refer to:

http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/voice/c_unity/unity30/rel_note/index.htm

Digital Networking

This feature enables subscribers to send and receive voice messages between Cisco Unity servers at different locations, between a Cisco Unity server and the Internet, and between a Cisco Unity server and another messaging system.

AMIS support

Cisco Unity supports the Audio Messaging Interchange Specification (AMIS) protocol, which provides an analog mechanism for transferring voice messages between different voice messaging systems. A list of voice messaging systems that Cisco Unity can exchange voice messages with, by using the AMIS protocol, can be found in the appropriate version of the *Cisco Unity Release Notes*, available in HTML format on Cisco.com. Refer to:

http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/product/voice/c_unity/unity30/rel_note/index.htm.

Live record

Live record allows subscribers to record a conversation while talking to a caller. The recorded conversation is stored as a message in the subscriber Inbox and the subscriber can review it later, or redirect it to another subscriber or group of subscribers.

Getting Acquainted with Cisco Unity

Refer to the following sections in this chapter for more information:

- [Introducing the Cisco Unity Administrator, page 1-4](#)—This section describes the Cisco Unity Administrator, the primary tool with which you perform administration tasks.
- [Accessing and Exiting the Cisco Unity Administrator, page 1-9](#)—This section explains how to access and exit the Cisco Unity Administrator, and how access is restricted.
- [Using the Online Help, page 1-10](#)—This section explains how to get assistance while working in the Cisco Unity Administrator.
- [Exiting and Starting the Cisco Unity Software and Server, page 1-11](#)—This section explains how to shut down and start the Cisco Unity system and server.
- [Recording Greetings and Names, page 1-14](#)—This section explains how to use the Media Master control bar to record greetings and names.

Introducing the Cisco Unity Administrator

The Cisco Unity Administrator is the interface with which you perform most administration tasks. It is a Web site that you access by using Internet Explorer.

The interface is divided into three areas.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Navigation bar | Located along the left side of the interface; contains links to categories of data pages. |
| Page | Where Cisco Unity data is entered and displayed. The page name is highlighted at the top of the page. |
| Title bar | Displays the name of the record or of the group of settings that appears on the page. The title bar also features command icons that initiate actions such as saving and finding records. |

Cisco Unity Data

The Cisco Unity Administrator features links from the main navigation bar to five groupings of data, representing the subscribers and other Cisco Unity entities that you create on your local Cisco Unity server. The Cisco Unity Administrator does not allow you to view or modify the accounts of subscribers or other entities that were created on another Cisco Unity server. (However, note that the scope of the Cisco Unity Administrator changes somewhat when you use Digital Networking. For more details, see the [“Cisco Unity Administrator Scope” section on page 10-7](#)).

The five data groupings available from the Cisco Unity Administrator include:

Subscriber

These pages are used to enter data related to individual subscriber records. Also included are subscriber template pages, which contain settings that are applied to groups of subscribers. Settings include schedules, passwords, account permissions, call processing and transfer options, and distribution lists.

Call management

These pages are used to set how Cisco Unity answers, routes, transfers, and records calls. Settings include call routing, prerecorded caller interviews, call recording, and allowing or blocking certain dial strings.

Report

These pages are used to generate reports on subscriber-based and system-based data. Reports can be generated for any of the data stored in the system, such as subscriber message activity, distribution lists, phone logons, disk storage, administration access, and port usage.

Network

These pages are used to add and view information about other Cisco Unity locations and to specify AMIS settings. Note that the network data pages are only available if Digital Networking and AMIS are installed.

System

These pages are used to customize and view numerous system features, including business schedules, annual holidays, port settings, phone system (switch) settings, and diagnostic tools.

Navigation

There are two levels of navigation in the Cisco Unity Administrator.

- At the first level, the navigation bar displays the data categories and provides links to each group of pages within those categories.
- At the second level, the navigation bar provides a link to each page within a selected group. Once a page is displayed, you can access individual records of that page type by clicking the Find icon. For more information, see the [“Finding Records” section on page 1-7](#).

Always use the Cisco Unity navigation bar, rather than the Internet Explorer navigation buttons, to move between pages. Otherwise, incorrect data will be displayed.

Command Icons

The command icons are located in the title bar, which is in the upper-right area of each Cisco Unity Administrator page.



Save icon

Saves data that you have entered. Available only when you have changed the record.



Find icon

Opens the Find window, where you search for existing records in the displayed category.






Add icon

Opens the Add window, where you enter information to create a new record in the displayed category.



Delete icon

Deletes the displayed record.

| | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
|  | Run icon | Generates a report. Available only on Reports pages. |
|  | Online Documentation icon | Provides in-depth descriptions and conceptual Help and includes an index and glossary. Information from the <i>Cisco Unity Troubleshooting Guide</i> is also included. |
|  | Field Help icon | Displays question marks next to fields and buttons for which help is available. |

Saving Data

Save newly entered data by clicking the Save icon. Cisco Unity requires you to save new data before moving to another record or to another part of the Cisco Unity Administrator. You will see one of three cues when the displayed record contains unsaved data:

- The Save icon is enabled.
- An asterisk is displayed on the title bar, next to the record name.
- If you attempt to leave a changed record without saving it, Cisco Unity prompts you to save the record.

Finding Records

A record is the group of settings or collection of data for an individual subscriber, class of service, or other Cisco Unity entity. For example, a subscriber record contains the subscriber account data.

To find a subscriber record

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- Step 1** Go to any **Subscribers > Subscribers** page.
- Step 2** Click the **Find** icon.

- Step 3** Indicate whether to search by alias, extension, first name, or last name.
 - Step 4** Enter the appropriate name, alias, or extension. You also can enter * to display a list of all subscribers, or enter one or more characters or values followed by * to narrow your search.
 - Step 5** Click **Find**.
 - Step 6** On the list of matches, click the name of the subscriber to display the record.
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To find other types of records

- Step 1** Go to any page of the appropriate record type.
 - Step 2** Click the **Find** icon.
 - Step 3** Enter the appropriate name. You also can enter * to display a list of all records, or enter one or more characters followed by * to narrow your search.
 - Step 4** Click **Find**.
 - Step 5** On the displayed list, double-click the appropriate record.
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Adding Records

Always enter information for a new record in an Add window. Entering new record information on an existing page will change the displayed record rather than create a new record.

To add a record

- Step 1** Click the **Add** icon from any page of the appropriate record type.
- Step 2** In the window that is displayed, enter basic identifying information, such as the name of the record.
- Step 3** Indicate whether this record is new or based on an existing one. If based on an existing record, click the name of that record on the list.

Step 4 Click **Add**.

Accessing and Exiting the Cisco Unity Administrator

Cisco Unity restricts access to the Cisco Unity Administrator by using class of service to designate which areas of the interface, if any, administrators can access. Cisco Unity does not permit more than five administrators to access the Cisco Unity Administrator at the same time.

The Cisco Unity Administrator relies on Integrated Windows authentication (formerly called Windows NT Challenge/Response authentication), which runs in the background, to authenticate the user name and password. You may or may not be asked for a name and password when accessing the Cisco Unity Administrator.

No name and password required

You are not prompted for a name and password if you are logged on to a trusted domain as an administrator. If security is a concern in this situation, lock the workstation when it is unattended.

Name and password required

You are prompted for a name and password if you are logged on to an untrusted domain or if you are connecting over the Internet. After 15 minutes of inactivity on the Cisco Unity server, the Cisco Unity Administrator will not accept additional input. In order to continue input, refresh the browser, log on again, and enter the password. If security is a concern in this situation, log off of Cisco Unity when the workstation is unattended.

To access the Cisco Unity Administrator from the Cisco Unity server

Step 1 Right-click the **Cisco Unity** icon in the status area of the taskbar.

Step 2 Click **Launch System Admin**.

To access the Cisco Unity Administrator from another computer

- Step 1** Start Internet Explorer, and go to **http://<server name>/web/sa**.
- Step 2** If prompted, enter the Cisco Unity Administrator name and password.
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To exit the Cisco Unity Administrator

If you exit Internet Explorer without first logging off of Cisco Unity, it takes up to 20 minutes for your logon connection to be terminated.

- Step 1** Click the **Log Off** button on the lower left area of the Cisco Unity Administrator page.
- Step 2** Exit Internet Explorer.
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Using the Online Help

The Cisco Unity Administrator includes two types of context-sensitive online Help:

- Online Documentation** Displays Help for the current page in the Cisco Unity Administrator. The online documentation contains online versions of the *Cisco Unity System Administration Guide* and the *Cisco Unity Troubleshooting Guide* in their entirety.
- Field Help** Displays descriptions for individual fields in the Cisco Unity Administrator.

To display Online Documentation

- Step 1** Click the **Online Documentation** icon in the upper right corner of the Cisco Unity Administrator. Cisco Unity displays the relevant page from the *Cisco Unity System Administration Guide* in a separate window.

- Step 2** If desired, click a link included in the displayed topic or listed in the Contents to browse to another topic in the *Cisco Unity System Administration Guide* or *Cisco Unity Troubleshooting Guide*.
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To display Field Help

- Step 1** Click the **Field Help** icon in the upper right corner of the Cisco Unity Administrator. Cisco Unity displays a question mark next to each field for which help is available.
- Step 2** For help on a field, click the question mark next to that field.
- Step 3** To turn off Field Help, click the **Field Help** icon in the upper right corner of the Cisco Unity Administrator.
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Exiting and Starting the Cisco Unity Software and Server

The following sections provide instructions on exiting the Cisco Unity software, shutting down and restarting the Cisco Unity server, and starting the Cisco Unity software.

Exiting the Cisco Unity Software

This section provides two procedures for exiting the software: from the Cisco Unity server and from another computer.

To exit the Cisco Unity software from the Cisco Unity server

- Step 1** If the system uses the automated attendant, route all calls to the operator.
- Step 2** Log on to Windows as a Cisco Unity administrator.
- Step 3** Right-click the **Cisco Unity** icon in the status area of the taskbar.

(If the Cisco Unity icon is not in the taskbar, browse to the CommServer directory and double-click **AvCsTrayStatus.exe**.)

- Step 4** Click **Stop Cisco Unity**. Cisco Unity stops running when all calls are finished. An “X” then appears in the Cisco Unity icon.
 - Step 5** Press **Ctrl-Alt-Delete**, then lock or log off Windows to prevent access by unauthorized users.
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To exit the Cisco Unity software from another computer

- Step 1** If the system uses the automated attendant, route all calls to the operator.
 - Step 2** Start Internet Explorer, and go to **http://<Cisco Unity server name>/status**. If prompted, enter the name and password of a Cisco Unity administrator.
 - Step 3** In the Cisco Unity Status Monitor, under Shutting Down Unity, choose a method: Cisco Unity stops running after all calls are finished, or Cisco Unity interrupts calls in progress with a voice message, disconnects all calls, then stops running.
 - Step 4** Click **Shut Down**.
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Shutting Down or Restarting the Cisco Unity Server

If an expansion chassis is connected to the Cisco Unity server, and if both the expansion chassis and the server are turned off, turn on the expansion chassis before you turn on the server. Otherwise, the server may not detect the voice cards in the expansion chassis.

To shut down or restart the Cisco Unity server

- Step 1** Exit the Cisco Unity software, if it is running, by using a procedure in the [“Exiting the Cisco Unity Software”](#) section on page 1-11.
- Step 2** On the Windows Start menu, click **Shut Down**.
- Step 3** Click **Shut Down** or **Restart**.
During a restart, the Cisco Unity software starts automatically.

When Cisco Unity starts successfully, three tones play and a check mark appears in the Cisco Unity icon in the status area of the taskbar.

When Cisco Unity does not start successfully, two tones play and an “X” appears in the Cisco Unity icon in the status area of the taskbar.

Starting the Cisco Unity Software

This section provides two procedures for starting the software: from the Cisco Unity server and from another computer.

Cisco Unity is a Windows service that is configured to start automatically when you turn on or restart the server. Do one of the following procedures only if you exited the Cisco Unity software but did not restart the server.

Exchange must be running before you start the Cisco Unity software, whether or not Exchange is installed on the Cisco Unity server:

Exchange on the Cisco Unity server If you exited Exchange manually but did not restart the Cisco Unity server, start Exchange first. (Exchange starts automatically when you turn on or restart the server.)

Exchange on another server Exchange must be running on the Exchange server that Cisco Unity connects with.

If Exchange stops for any reason while Cisco Unity is running, Cisco Unity will continue to take messages.

To start the Cisco Unity software from the Cisco Unity server

- Step 1** Log on to Windows as a Cisco Unity administrator.
- Step 2** Right-click the **Cisco Unity** icon in the status area of the taskbar.
(If the Cisco Unity icon is not in the taskbar, browse to the CommServer directory and double-click **AvCsTrayStatus.exe**.)
- Step 3** Click **Start Cisco Unity**.

When Cisco Unity starts successfully, three tones play and a check mark appears in the Cisco Unity icon.

When Cisco Unity does not start successfully, two tones play and an “X” appears in the Cisco Unity icon.

- Step 4** Press **Ctrl-Alt-Delete**, then lock or log off Windows to prevent access by unauthorized users.
 - Step 5** If the system uses the automated attendant and you routed calls to the operator before you exited the Cisco Unity software, reroute calls to Cisco Unity.
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To start the Cisco Unity software from another computer

- Step 1** Start Internet Explorer, and go to **http://<Cisco Unity server name>/status**. If prompted, enter the name and password of a Cisco Unity administrator.
 - Step 2** In the Cisco Unity Status Monitor, click the **System Status** icon (the first icon), at the top of the page.
 - Step 3** Click **Start**.
 - Step 4** If the system uses the automated attendant and you routed calls to the operator before you exited the Cisco Unity software, reroute calls to Cisco Unity.
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Recording Greetings and Names

Subscribers can record their own names and personal greetings by using either the Cisco Unity conversation or the ActiveAssistant. Subscriber and call handler names and greetings can also be recorded from pages within the Cisco Unity Administrator. In addition, public distribution lists, private lists, interview handlers, and the directory handler have recorded names which are recorded from pages within the Cisco Unity Administrator.

The Media Master control bar appears on each page of the Cisco Unity Administrator where recordings can be made. It allows you to make recordings, either with a phone or with a microphone, by clicking the Media Master controls.

Note that in order to record by phone, you must have at least one port enabled with Media Master Recording-by-Phone. See the “[Voice Port Settings](#)” section on [page 25-12](#) for more information.

If you are accessing the Media Master remotely and your network has a firewall, you cannot use a multimedia microphone or multimedia speakers. To record and play from an external phone, you must set the appropriate options in the Options menu on the Media Master control bar. (The Options menu button is on the far left of the Media Master control bar. See [Figure 1-1](#).)

Figure 1-1 Media Master Control Bar

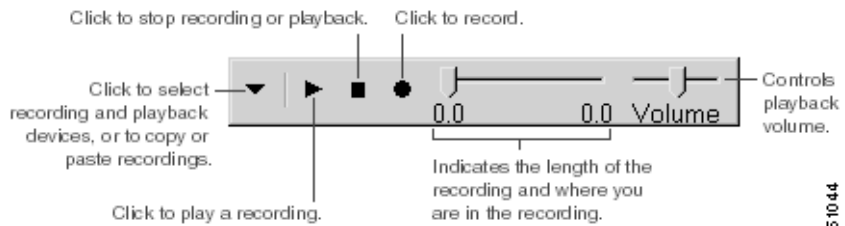


Table 1-1 Media Master Control Bar Options

| Option | Meaning |
|-----------------|---|
| New | Use this option to start a new recording. |
| Paste | Paste a sound recording the same way you paste text in a text file. |
| Paste from file | Paste a recording from another sound file to this recording. |
| Copy | Copy a sound recording the same way you copy text in a text file. |
| Copy to file | Copy the recording in this sound file to another sound file. |

Table 1-1 Media Master Control Bar Options

| Option | Meaning |
|-------------------|---|
| Playback devices | <p>Select the phone or the multimedia speakers used with your computer. If you select the phone, you must click Options on the Options menu and enter an extension and server name.</p> <p>To set the <preferred device>, which is the default audio playback device, go to Start > Settings > Control Panel > Multimedia.</p> |
| Recording devices | <p>Select the phone or the multimedia microphone used with your computer. Note that if you select the phone, you must click Options on the Options menu and enter an extension and server name. Use the phone to get the best sound quality.</p> <p>To set the <preferred device>, which is the default audio recording device, go to Start > Settings > Control Panel > Multimedia.</p> |