



## Cisco Unified CME Commands: V

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This chapter contains commands to configure and maintain Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express (formally known as Cisco Unified CallManager Express). The commands are presented in alphabetical order. Some commands required for configuring Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express (Cisco Unified CME) may be found in other Cisco IOS references. Use the reference master index or search online to find these commands.

# vad (voice register pool)

To enable voice activity detection (VAD) on a VoIP dial peer, use the **vad** command in voice register pool configuration mode. To disable VAD, use the **no** form of this command.

**vad**

**no vad**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** VAD is enabled.

**Command Modes** Voice register pool configuration (config-register-pool)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4 Cisco SIP SRST 3.4	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** VAD detects periods of silence in the voice signal and temporarily discontinues transmission of the signal during these periods to save bandwidth. Because VAD is enabled by default, there is no comfort noise during periods of silence. As a result, the call may seem to be disconnected and you may prefer to set **no vad** on the SIP phone pool.

**Examples** The following example shows how to disable VAD for pool 1:

```
Router(config)# voice register pool 1
Router(config-register-pool)# no vad
```

# vad (voice register template)

To enable voice activity detection (VAD) on SIP phones, use the **vad** command in voice register template configuration mode. To return to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**vad**

**no vad**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** VAD is disabled.

**Command Modes** Voice register template configuration (config-register-temp)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** VAD detects periods of silence in the voice signal and temporarily discontinues transmission of the signal during these periods to save bandwidth. To apply the template to a SIP phone, use the **template** command in voice register pool configuration mode.

**Examples** The following example shows how to enable VAD:

```
Router(config)# voice register template 1
Router(config-register-temp)# vad
```

Related Commands	Description
<b>template (voice register pool)</b>	Applies a template to a SIP phone.

## vca

To specify the audio file used for the vacant code announcement, use the **vca** command in voice MLPP configuration mode. To disable use of this audio file, use the **no** form of this command.

```
vca audio-url voice-class cause-code tag
```

```
no vca
```

### Syntax Description

<i>audio-url</i>	Location of the announcement audio file in URL format. Valid storage locations are TFTP, FTP, HTTP, and flash memory.
<i>tag</i>	Number of the voice class that defines the cause codes for which the VCA is played. Range: 1 to 64.

### Command Default

No announcement is played.

### Command Modes

Voice MLPP configuration (config-voice-mlpp)

### Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

### Usage Guidelines

This command specifies the G.711 a-law or u-law 8-KHz encoded audio file (.wav or .au format) for the announcement that plays to callers when they dial an invalid or unassigned number.

The **mlpp indication** command must be enabled (default) for a phone to play precedence announcements.

The VCA plays for the cause codes defined with the **voice class cause-code** command.

This command is not supported by Cisco IOS help. If you type **?**, Cisco IOS help does not display a list of valid entries.

### Examples

The following example shows that the audio file played for the vacant code announcement is named **vca.au** and is located in flash. The announcement plays for the unassigned-number and invalid-number cause codes, which are defined in the matching cause-code voice class.

```
voice class cause-code 1
  unassigned-number
  invalid-number
!
!
voice mlpp
  vca flash:vca.au voice-class cause-code 1
```

**Related Commands**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>bnea</b>	Specifies the audio file used for the busy station not equipped for preemption announcement.
<b>bpa</b>	Specifies the audio file used for the blocked precedence announcement.
<b>ica</b>	Specifies the audio file used for the isolated code announcement.
<b>mlpp indication</b>	Enables MLPP indication on an SCCP phone or analog FXS port.
<b>voice class cause-code</b>	Creates a voice class for defining a set of cause codes.

# video (ephone)

To enable video capabilities for an SCCP phone in Cisco Unified CME, use the **video** command in ephone configuration mode. To reset to default, use the **no** form of this command.

**video**

**no video**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** Video capabilities are disabled.

**Command Modes** Ephone configuration (config-ephone)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)XC	Cisco Unified CME 4.0	This command was introduced.
	12.4(9)T	Cisco Unified CME 4.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T.

**Usage Guidelines** This command enables video capabilities in the ephone configuration for a particular phone. Video capabilities for SCCP phones in Cisco Unified CME must be enabled globally as well as for individual phones. You must enable video for all video-capable SCCP phones associated with a Cisco Unified CME router by configuring the videoCapability parameter of the **service phone** command. Video parameters, such as maximum bit rate, are set at a system-level in video configuration mode.

**Examples** The following example shows the ephone portion from the **show running-configuration** command:

```
router# show running-configuration
.
.
.
ephone 6
  video
  mac-address 000F.F7DE.CAA5
  type 7960
  button 1:6
```

**Related Commands** **service phone** Modifies the vendorConfig parameters in phone configuration files.

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<b>video</b> <b>(telephony-service)</b>	Enters video configuration mode for modifying video parameters in Cisco Unified CME.
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# video (telephony-service)

To enter video configuration mode for setting video parameters for all video-capable phones in Cisco Unified CME, use the **video** command in telephony-service configuration mode. To reset global video parameters, use the **no** form of this command.

**video**

**no video**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** Defaults for global video parameters are configured.

**Command Modes** Telephony-service configuration (config-telephony)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)XC	Cisco Unified CME 4.0	This command was introduced.
	12.4(9)T	Cisco Unified CME 4.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(9)T.

**Usage Guidelines** This command enters video configuration mode for setting video parameters for all video-capable Cisco Unified IP phones associated with a Cisco Unified CME router.

**Examples** The following example shows how to enter video configuration mode for a Cisco Unified CME router. You must enter video configuration mode to set video parameters, such as maximum bit rate.

```
Router(config)# telephony-service
Router(config-telephony)# video
Router(config-tele-video)# maximum bit-rate 256
```

Related Commands	Description
<b>maximum bit-rate</b>	Sets the maximum video bandwidth for phones in Cisco unified CME.
<b>show call active video</b>	Displays call information for SCCP video calls in progress.
<b>show call history video</b>	Displays call history information for SCCP video calls.

# vm-device-id (ephone)

To define a voice-messaging identification string, use the **vm-device-id** command in ephone configuration mode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

**vm-device-id** *id-string*

**no vm-device-id**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>id-string</i>	Voice-messaging device port identification (ID) string; for example, CiscoUM-VI1 for the first port and CiscoUM-VI2 for the second port. Note that the first two characters after the hyphen must be the uppercase letters V and I.
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<b>Command Default</b>	No voice-mail identification string is defined.
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<b>Command Modes</b>	Ephone configuration (config-ephone)
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.2(2)XT	Cisco ITS 2.0	This command was introduced
	12.2(8)T	Cisco ITS 2.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to define a voice-messaging device ID string. A voice-messaging port registers with a device ID instead of a MAC address. To distinguish among different voice-messaging ports, the value of the voice-messaging device ID is used. The voice-messaging device ID is configured to a Cisco IP phone port, which maps to a corresponding voice-messaging port.
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<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows how to set the voice-messaging device ID to CiscoUM-VI1:
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```
Router(config) ephone 1
Router(config-ephone) vm-device-id CiscoUM-VI1
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>voicemail (telephony-service)</b>	Configures the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed.

# vm-integration

To enter voice-mail integration configuration mode and enable voice-mail integration with dual tone multifrequency (DTMF) and analog voice-mail systems, use the **vm-integration** command in global configuration mode. To disable voice-mail integration, use the **no** form of this command.

**vm-integration**

**no vm-integration**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** DTMF integration with voice-mail system is disabled.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.2(11)YT	Cisco SRST 2.1	This command was introduced for Cisco Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST).
	12.2(2)XT	Cisco ITS 2.0	This command was introduced Cisco ITS.
	12.2(8)T	Cisco ITS 2.0 Cisco SRST 2.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T.

**Usage Guidelines** The **vm-integration** command is used to enter voice-mail integration configuration mode to enable in-band DTMF integration with a voice-mail system.

**Examples** The following example shows how to enter the voice-mail integration configuration mode:

```
Router(config) vm-integration
Router(config-vm-integration) pattern direct 2 CGN *
```

Related Commands	Description
<b>pattern direct (vm-integration)</b>	Configures the DTMF digit pattern forwarding necessary to activate the voice-mail system when a user presses the Messages button on a phone.
<b>pattern ext-to-ext busy (vm-integration)</b>	Configures the DTMF digit pattern forwarding necessary to activate the voice-mail system once an internal extension reaches a busy extension and the call is forwarded to voice mail.
<b>pattern ext-to-ext no-answer (vm-integration)</b>	Configures the DTMF digit pattern forwarding necessary to activate the voice-mail system once an internal extension fails to connect to an extension and the call is forwarded to voice mail.

	Description
<b>pattern trunk-to-ext busy (vm-integration)</b>	Configures the DTMF digit pattern forwarding necessary to activate the voice-mail system once an external trunk call reaches a busy extension and the call is forwarded to voice mail.
<b>pattern trunk-to-ext no-answer (vm-integration)</b>	Configures the DTMF digit pattern forwarding necessary to activate the voice-mail system when an external trunk call reaches an unanswered extension and the call is forwarded to voice mail.

# voice-class codec (voice register pool)

To assign a previously configured codec selection preference list, use the **voice-class codec** command in voice register pool configuration mode. To remove the codec preference assignment from the voice register pool, use the no form of this command.

**voice-class codec** *tag*

**no voice-class codec**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>tag</i>	Unique number assigned to the voice class. Range is from 1 to 10000. The tag number maps to the tag number created by using the <b>voice class codec</b> command in dial-peer configuration mode.
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**Command Default** There is no codec preference assignment in the voice register pool configuration.

**Command Modes** Voice register pool configuration (config-register-pool)

<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.2(15)ZJ	Cisco SIP SRST 3.0	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	Cisco SIP SRST 3.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4 Cisco SIP SRST 3.4	This command was added to Cisco CME.

**Usage Guidelines** During Cisco Unified Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST) or Cisco Unified CallManager Express (Cisco Unified CME) registration, a dial peer is created and that dial peer includes codec g729r8 by default. This command allows you to change the automatically selected default codec.

You can assign one voice class to each voice register pool. If you assign another voice class to a pool, the last voice class assigned replaces the previous voice class.



**Note**

The **id** (voice register pool) command is required and must be configured before any other voice register pool commands. The **id** command identifies a locally available individual Cisco SIP IP phone or set of Cisco SIP IP phones.

**Examples**

The following partial sample output from the **show running-config** command shows that voice register pool 1 has been set up to use the previously configured codec voice class 1:

```
voice register pool 1
  id mac 0030.94C2.A22A
  preference 5
  cor incoming call91 1 91011
  translate-outgoing called 1
  proxy 10.2.161.187 preference 1 monitor probe icmp-ping
  alias 1 94... to 91011 preference 8
voice-class codec 1
```

**Related Commands**

	<b>Description</b>
<b>codec (voice register pool)</b>	Specifies the codec supported by a single Cisco SIP phone or a VoIP dial peer in a Cisco Unified SIP SRST or a Cisco Unified CME environment.
<b>id (voice register pool)</b>	Explicitly identifies a locally available individual Cisco SIP IP phone, or when running Cisco Unified SIP SRST, set of Cisco SIP IP phones.
<b>voice class codec (dial-peer)</b>	Assigns a previously configured codec selection preference list (codec voice class) to a VoIP dial peer.

# voice emergency response location

To create a tag for identifying an emergency response location (ERL) for E911 services, use the **voice emergency response location** command in global configuration mode. To remove the ERL tag, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice emergency response location** *tag*

**no voice emergency response location** *tag*

## Syntax Description

<i>tag</i>	Unique number that identifies this ERL tag.
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## Command Default

No ERL tag is created.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(15)T	Cisco Unified CME 4.1 Cisco Unified SRST 4.1 Cisco Unified SIP SRST 4.1	This command was introduced. For Cisco Unified CME, this command is supported in SRST fallback mode only.
12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SRST 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SIP SRST 4.2(1)	This command was added for Cisco Unified CME.
12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0 Cisco Unified SRST 7.0 Cisco Unified SIP SRST 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to create an ERL that identifies an area where emergency teams can quickly locate a 911 caller. The ERL definition optionally includes which ELINs are associated with the ERL and which IP phones are located in the ERL. You can define two or fewer unique IP subnets and two or fewer ELINs. If you define one ELIN, this ELIN is always used for phones calling from this ERL. If you define two ELINs, the system alternates between using each ELIN. If you define zero ELINs and phones use this ERL, the outbound calls do not have their calling numbers translated. The PSAP sees the original calling numbers for these 911 calls. You can optionally add the civic address using the **address** command and an address description using the **name** command.

## Examples

In the following example, all IP phones with the IP address of 10.X.X.X or 192.168.X.X are automatically associated with this ERL. If one of the phones dials 911, its extension is replaced with 408 555-0100 before it goes to the PSAP. The PSAP will see that the caller's number is 408 555-0100. The civic address, 410 Main St, Tooty, CA, and a descriptive identifier, Bldg 3 are included.

```
voice emergency response location 1
elin 1 4085550100
subnet 1 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0
subnet 2 192.168.0.0 255.255.0.0
address 1,408,5550100,410,Main St.,Tooly,CA
name Bldg 3
```

**Related Commands**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>address</b>	Specifies a comma separated text entry (up to 250 characters) of an ERL's civic address.
<b>elin</b>	Specifies a PSTN number that will replace the caller's extension.
<b>name</b>	Specifies a string (up to 32-characters) used internally to identify or describe the emergency response location.
<b>subnet</b>	Defines which IP phones are part of this ERL.

# voice emergency response settings

To define 911 call behavior settings, use the **voice emergency response settings** command in global configuration mode. To remove the settings, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice emergency response settings**

**no voice emergency response settings**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** No default behavior or values

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SRST 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SIP SRST 4.2(1)	This command was introduced.
	12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0 Cisco Unified SRST 7.0 Cisco Unified SIP SRST 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to enable definition of the following 911 call behavior settings:

- **elin**: Default ELIN to use if a 911 caller's IP phone's address does not match the subnet of any location in any zone.
- **expiry**: Number of minutes a 911 call is associated to an ELIN in the case of a callback from the 911 operator.
- **callback**: Default number to contact if a 911 callback cannot find the last 911 caller.
- **logging**: Syslog informational message that is printed to the console each time an emergency call is made. This feature is enabled by default, however you can disable this feature by entering the **no** form of this command.

## Examples

In the following example, if the 911 caller's IP phone address does not match any of the voice emergency response locations, the ELIN defined in the **voice emergency response settings** configuration (4085550101) is used. After the 911 call is placed to the PSAP, the PSAP has 120 minutes (2 hours) to call back 408 555-0101 to reach the 911 caller. If during a callback, the last caller's extension number cannot be found, the call is routed to extension 7500. The outbound 911 calls do not cause a syslog message to the logging facility (for example, to the local buffer, console, or remote host).

```
voice emergency response settings
```

```
callback 7500
elin 4085550101
expiry 120
no logging
```

**Related Commands**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>callback</b>	Default phone number to contact if a 911 callback cannot find the last 911 caller from the ERL.
<b>elin</b>	E.164 number used as the default ELIN if no matching ERL to the 911 caller's IP phone address is found.
<b>expiry</b>	Number of minutes a 911 call is associated to an ELIN in the case of a callback from the 911 operator.
<b>logging</b>	Syslog informational message printed to the console every time an emergency call is made.

# voice emergency response zone

To create an emergency response zone, use the **voice emergency response zone** command in global configuration mode. To remove the created voice emergency response zone, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice emergency response zone** *tag*

**no voice emergency response zone** *tag*

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>tag</i>	Identifier (1-100) for the voice emergency response zone.
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<b>Command Default</b>	No default behavior or values
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<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SRST 4.2(1) Cisco Unified SIP SRST 4.2(1)	This command was introduced.
	12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0 Cisco Unified SRST 7.0 Cisco Unified SIP SRST 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	Use this command to create voice emergency response zones that allow routing of 911 calls to different PSAPs.
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<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows an assignment of ERLs to a voice emergency response zone. The calls have an ELIN from ERLs 8, 9, and 10. The locations for ERLs in zone 10 are searched in the order each CLI is entered for a phone address match because no priority order is assigned.
-----------------	---

```
voice emergency response zone 10
location 8
location 9
location 10
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<b>location</b>	Identifies locations within an emergency response zone and optionally assigns a priority order to the location.

# voice-gateway system

To enter voice-gateway configuration mode and create a voice gateway configuration, use the **voice-gateway system** command in global configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice-gateway system** *tag*

**no voice-gateway system** *tag*

## Syntax Description

<i>tag</i>	Unique number that identifies the voice gateway. Range: 1 to 25. There is no default value.
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## Defaults

Gateway configuration is not defined.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(22)YB	Cisco Unified CME 7.1	This command was introduced.
12.4(24)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.1	This command has been integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(24)T.

## Usage Guidelines

This command enters voice-gateway configuration mode to define the parameters for a voice gateway using the auto-configuration feature. Define a configuration for each Cisco voice gateway whose analog FXS ports you want under the control of this Cisco Unified CME router.

## Examples

The following example shows a voice gateway configuration:

```
voice-gateway system 1
 network-locale FR
 type VG224
 mac-address 001F.A30F.8331
 voice-port 0-23
 create cnf-files
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>mac-address</b>	Defines the MAC address of the Cisco voice gateway that downloads its configuration from Cisco Unified CME.
<b>type</b>	Defines the type of voice gateway to autoconfigure in Cisco Unified CME.
<b>voice-port</b>	Identifies the analog ports on the voice gateway that register to Cisco Unified CME.

# voice hunt-group

To create a hunt group for phones in a Cisco Unified CME system, use the **voice hunt-group** command in global configuration mode. To delete a hunt group, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice hunt-group hunt-tag {longest-idle | parallel | peer | sequential}
```

```
no voice hunt-group hunt-tag
```

## Syntax Description

<i>hunt-tag</i>	Unique sequence number that identifies the hunt group. Range: 1 to 100
<b>longest idle</b>	Hunt group in which calls go to the directory number that has been idle the longest.
<b>parallel</b>	Hunt group in which calls simultaneously ring multiple phones.
<b>peer</b>	Hunt group in which the first extension to ring is selected round-robin from the list. Ringing proceeds in a circular manner, left to right, for the number of hops specified when the hunt group is defined. The round-robin selection starts with the number left of the number that answered when the hunt-group was last called.
<b>sequential</b>	Hunt group in which extensions ring in the order in which they are listed, left to right, when the hunt group was defined.

## Command Default

No voice hunt group is created.

## Command Modes

Global configuration

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4	This command was introduced.
12.4(15)XZ	Cisco Unified CME 4.3	Support for SCCP phones was added.
12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

## Usage Guidelines

This command enters voice hunt-group configuration mode to define a hunt group. A hunt group is a list of phone numbers that take turns receiving incoming calls to a specific number (pilot number), which is defined with the **pilot** command. The specific extensions included in the hunt group, and the order and maximum number of extensions allowed in the list is defined with the **list** command.

If a number in the list is busy or does not answer, the call is redirected to the next number in the list. The last number tried is the final number, which is defined with the **final** command. If the number of times that a call is redirected to a new number exceeds 5, you must use the **max-redirect** command to increase the allowable number of redirects in the Cisco Unified CME system.

To configure a new hunt group, you must specify the **longest-idle**, **peer**, or **sequential** keyword. To change an existing hunt group configuration, the keyword is not required. To change the type of hunt group, for instance from **peer** to **sequential** or **sequential** to **peer**, you must remove the existing hunt group first by using the **no** form of this command and then re-create it.

The **parallel** keyword creates a dial peer to allow an incoming call to ring multiple phones simultaneously. The use of parallel hunt groups is also referred to as application-level forking because it enables the forking of a call to multiple destinations. A pilot dial peer cannot be used as a voice hunt group and a hunt group at the same time.

## Examples

The following example shows how to define a longest-idle hunt group 1 with a pilot number 7501, a final number 8000, and 9 numbers in the list. After a call is redirected six times (makes six hops), it is redirected to the final number 8000.

```
Router(config)# voice hunt-group 1 longest-idle
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# pilot 7501
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# list 7001, 7002, 7023, 7028, 7045, 7062, 7067, 7072, 7079
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# final 8000
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# hops 6
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# timeout 20
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# exit
```

The following example shows how to define a peer hunt group number 2. Callers dial the pilot number 5610 to reach the hunt group. The first extension to ring the first time that this hunt group is called is 5601. If 5601 does not answer, the hunt proceeds from left to right, beginning with the extension directly to the right, for four hops. If none of those extensions answer before the hops limit is reached, the call is forwarded to extension 6000, which is the number for the voice-mail service.

The second time someone calls the hunt group, the first extension to ring is 5602 if 5601 was answered during the previous call.

```
Router(config)# voice hunt-group 2 peer
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# pilot 5610
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# list 5601, 5602, 5617, 5633
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# final 6000
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# hops 4
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# timeout 30
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# exit
```

The following example shows how to define a sequential hunt group number 3. When callers dial extension 5601, the first phone to ring is 5001, then 5002, 5017, and 5028. If none of those extensions answer, the call is forwarded to extension 6000, which is the number for the voice-mail service.

```
Router(config)# voice hunt-group 3 sequential
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# pilot 5601
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# list 5001, 5002, 5017, 5028
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# final 6000
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# timeout 30
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# exit
```

The following example shows how to define a parallel hunt group. When callers dial extension 1000, extension 1001, 1002, and so forth ring simultaneously. The first extension to answer is connected. All other call legs are disconnected. If none of the extensions answer, the call is forwarded to extension 2000, which is the number for the voice-mail service.

```
Router(config)# voice hunt-group 4 parallel
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# pilot 1000
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# list 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# final 2000
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# timeout 20
Router(config-voice-hunt-group)# exit
```

#### Related Commands

	Description
<b>final (voice hunt-group)</b>	Defines the last extension in a voice hunt group.
<b>hops (voice hunt-group)</b>	Defines the number of times that a call is redirected to the next phone number in a peer voice hunt-group list before proceeding to the final phone number.
<b>list (voice hunt-group)</b>	Defines the phone numbers that participate in a voice hunt group.
<b>pilot (voice hunt-group)</b>	Defines the phone number that callers dial to reach a voice hunt group.
<b>timeout (voice hunt-group)</b>	Sets the number of seconds after which a call that is not answered is redirected to the next number in the hunt-group list and defines the last phone number in the hunt group.



# voice logout-profile

To enter voice logout-profile configuration mode to create a logout profile and define the default appearance for a Cisco Unified IP phone enabled for Extension Mobility, use the **voice logout-profile** command in global configuration mode. To delete an logout profile, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice logout-profile** *profile-tag*

**no voice logout-profile** *profile-tag*

## Syntax Description

<i>profile-tag</i>	Unique number that identifies this profile during configuration tasks. Range: 1 to maximum number supported phones, where maximum is platform dependent.
--------------------	--

## Command Default

No logout profile is created.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(11)XW	Cisco Unified CME 4.2	This command was introduced.
12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1)	This command was introduced.
12.4(15)XZ	Cisco Unified CME 4.3	This command was introduced.
12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to create a logout profile containing a set of commands that define the default appearance for an IP phone that is registered in Cisco Unified CME and enabled for Extension Mobility, when the IP phone boots and no phone user is logged into the phone.

Type **?** in voice profile configuration mode to see the commands that are available in this mode and that can be included in a logout profile. The following example shows a list of commands that were available in voice logout-profile configuration mode at the time that this document was written:

```
Router(config-logout-profile)#?
```

```
Logout profile configuration commands:
number          Create ip-phone line definition
pin
reset           Reset all phones associated with the profile being configured
speed-dial      Define ip-phone speed-dial number
username        Create authentication credential for TSP
```

All directory numbers to be included in a logout profile or user profile must already be configured in Cisco Unified CME.

After creating a logout profile, assign the profile to one or more supported Cisco Unified IP phones by using the **logout-profile** command in ephone configuration mode to enable the IP phones for Extension Mobility.

The same logout profile can be assigned to more than one IP phone to create the appearance of shared lines. All IP phones on which the logout profile is downloaded will have the same directory numbers associated with the same buttons.

You cannot assign more than one logout profile to a particular IP phone. If you assign a second logout profile to a phone to which a logout profile is already applied, the second profile will overwrite the first profile configuration when you use the **reset** command or when the phone is powered off and then powered on.

After creating or modifying a profile, use the **reset** (voice logout-profile) command to reset all phones on which this profile is downloaded to propagate the modifications.

## Examples

The following example shows the configuration for two logout profiles and the three different IP phones to which the profiles are assigned. All three phones are enabled for Extension Mobility. Two phones share logout profile 1, while the third phone is assigned logout profile 2. The logout profiles assigned to each phone are downloaded when these phones boot and when no phone user is logged into the phone.

```
voice logout-profile 1
  pin 12345
  user me password pass123
  number 2001 type silent-ring
  number 2002 type beep-ring
  number 2003 type feature-ring
  number 2004 type monitor-ring
  number 2005,2006 type overlay
  number 2007,2008 type cw-overly
  speed-dial 1 3001
  speed-dial 2 3002 blf
  !
voice logout-profile 2
  speed-dial 1 9911
  speed-dial 2 2000
  !
  !
  !
ephone 1
  mac-address 00D.EDAB.3566
  type 7960
  logout-profile 1

ephone 2
  mac-address 0012.DA8A.C43D
  type 7970
  logout-profile 1

ephone 3
  mac-address 1200.80FC.9B01
  type 7911
  logout-profile 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>logout-profile</b>	Enables Cisco Unified IP phone for Extension Mobility and assigns a logout profile to this phone.
	<b>reset (voice logout-profile and voice user-profile)</b>	Performs a complete reboot of all IP phones on which a particular logout profile or user profile is downloaded.



# voice lpcor call-block cause

To define the cause code that is used when a call is blocked because LPCOR validation fails, use the **voice lpcor call-block cause** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice lpcor call-block cause** *cause-code*

**no voice lpcor call-block cause**

## Syntax Description

*cause-code* Number of the cause code to generate when a call is blocked by the LPCOR validation process. Range: 1 to 180.

## Command Default

Default cause code is 63 (serv/opt-unavail-unspecified).

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

[Table 65](#) lists the available cause codes.

**Table 65 Cause Codes for Calls Blocked by LPCOR Validation**

Message	Description	Code Number
access-info-discard	access info discarded (43)	43
b-cap-not-implemented	bearer capability not implemented (65)	65
b-cap-restrict	restricted digital info bc only (70)	70
b-cap-unauthorized	bearer capability not authorized (57)	57
b-cap-unavail	bearer capability not available (58)	58
call-awarded	call awarded (7)	7
call-cid-in-use	call exists call id in use (83)	83
call-clear	call cleared (86)	86
call-reject	call rejected (21)	21
cell-rate-unavail	cell rate not available (37)	37
channel-unacceptable	channel unacceptable (6)	6
chantype-not-implement	chan type not implemented (66)	66
cid-in-use	call id in use (84)	84

**Table 65 Cause Codes for Calls Blocked by LPCOR Validation**

<b>Message</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Code Number</b>
codec-incompatible	codec incompatible (171)	171
cug-incalls-bar	cug incoming calls barred (55)	55
cug-outcalls-bar	cug outgoing calls barred (53)	53
dest-incompatible	incompatible destination (88)	88
dest-out-of-order	destination out of order (27)	27
dest-unroutable	no route to destination (3)	3
dsp-error	dsp error (172)	172
dtl-trans-not-node-id	dtl transit not my node id (160)	160
facility-not-implemented	facility not implemented (69)	69
facility-not-subscribed	facility not subscribed (50)	50
facility-reject	facility rejected (29)	29
glare	glare (15)	15
glaring-switch-pri	glaring switch PRI (180)	180
htspm-oos	HTSPM out of service (129)	129
ie-missing	mandatory ie missing (96)	96
ie-not-implemented	ie not implemented (99)	99
info-class-inconsistent	inconsistency in info and class (62)	62
interworking	interworking (127)	127
invalid-call-ref	invalid call ref value (81)	81
invalid-ie	invalid ie contents (100)	100
invalid-msg	invalid message (95)	95
invalid-number	invalid number (28)	28
invalid-transit-net	invalid transit network (91)	91
misdialled-trunk-prefix	misdialled trunk prefix (5)	5
msg-incomp-call-state	message in incomp call state (101)	101
msg-not-implemented	message type not implemented (97)	97
msgtype-incompatible	message type not compatible (98)	98
net-out-of-order	network out of order (38)	38
next-node-unreachable	next node unreachable (128)	128
no-answer	no user answer (19)	19
no-call-suspend	no call suspended (85)	85
no-channel	channel does not exist (82)	82
no-circuit	no circuit (34)	34
no-cug	non existent cug (90)	90
no-dsp-channel	no dsp channel (170)	170

**Table 65** Cause Codes for Calls Blocked by LPCOR Validation

Message	Description	Code Number
no-req-circuit	no requested circuit (44)	44
no-resource	no resource (47)	47
no-response	no user response (18)	18
no-voice-resources	no voice resources available (126)	126
non-select-user-clear	non selected user clearing (26)	26
normal-call-clear	normal call clearing (16)	16
normal-unspecified	normal unspecified (31)	31
not-in-cug	user not in cug (87)	87
number-changed	number changed (22)	22
param-not-implemented	non implemented param passed on (103)	103
perm-frame-mode-oos	perm frame mode out of service (39)	39
perm-frame-mode-oper	perm frame mode operational (40)	40
precedence-call-block	precedence call blocked (46)	46
preempt	preemption (8)	8
preempt-reserved	preemption reserved (9)	9
protocol-error	protocol error (111)	111
qos-unavail	qos unavailable (49)	49
rec-timer-exp	recovery on timer expiry (102)	102
redirect-to-new-destination	redirect to new destination (23)	23
req-vpci-vci-unavail	requested vpci vci not available (35)	35
send-infotone	send info tone (4)	4
serv-not-implemented	service not implemented (79)	79
serv/opt-unavail-unspecified	service or option not available unspecified (63)	63
stat-enquiry-resp	response to status enquiry (30)	30
subscriber-absent	subscriber absent (20)	20
switch-congestion	switch congestion (42)	42
temp-fail	temporary failure (41)	41
transit-net-unroutable	no route to transit network (2)	2
unassigned-number	unassigned number (1)	1
unknown-param-msg-discard	unrecognized param msg discarded (110)	110
unsupported-aal-parms	aal parms not supported (93)	93
user-busy	user busy (17)	17
vpci-vci-assign-fail	vpci vci assignment failure (36)	36
vpci-vci-unavail	no vpci vci available (45)	45

---

**Examples**

The following example shows the cause code set to 79:

```
Router(config)# voice lpcor call-block cause 79
```

---

**Related Commands**

Command	Description
<b>voice lpcor policy</b>	Creates a LPCOR policy for a resource group.

---

# voice lpcor custom

To define the logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) resource groups on the Cisco Unified CME router, use the **voice lpcor custom** command in global configuration mode. To remove the custom resource list, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice lpcor custom**

**no voice lpcor custom**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** Custom LPCOR resource list is not defined.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command enters LPCOR custom configuration mode where you define the name of each of your resource groups using the **index** command. Only one custom resource list is allowed on a Cisco Unified CME router. After you add a resource group to this list, you must then create a LPCOR policy for each resource group that requires call restrictions.

**Examples** The following example shows a LPCOR configuration with six resource groups:

```
voice lpcor custom
group 1 sccp_phone_local
group 2 sip_phone_local
group 3 analog_phone_local
group 4 sip_remote
group 5 sccp_remote
group 6 isdn_local
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>group (lpcor custom)</b>	Adds a LPCOR resource group to the custom resource list.
	<b>voice lpcor enable</b>	Enables LPCOR functionality on the Cisco Unified CME router.
	<b>voice lpcor policy</b>	Creates a LPCOR policy for a resource group.

# voice lpcor enable

To enable logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) functionality on the Cisco Unified CME router, use the **voice lpcor enable** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice lpcor enable**

**no voice lpcor enable**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** LPCOR capability is disabled.

**Command Modes** Global configuration

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** After using this command, use the **voice lpcor custom** command to create a list of your LPCOR resource groups.

**Examples** The following example shows a configuration with LPCOR enabled and a custom resource list :

```
voice lpcor enable
voice lpcor custom
  group 1 local_sccp_phone_1
  group 2 local_sip_phone_1
  group 3 local_analog_phone_1
  group 4 local_sccp_phone_2
!
voice lpcor policy local_sccp_phone_1
  accept local_sip_phone_1
  accept local_analog_phone_1
  accept local_sccp_phone_2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>voice lpcor custom</b>	Defines the LPCOR resource groups on the Cisco Unified CME router.
	<b>voice lpcor policy</b>	Creates a LPCOR policy for a resource group.

# voice lpcor ip-phone mobility

To set the default LPCOR policy for mobility-type phones, use the **voice lpcor ip-phone mobility** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility {incoming | outgoing} lpcor-group
```

```
no voice lpcor ip-phone mobility {incoming | outgoing}
```

## Syntax Description

<b>incoming</b>	Sets default LPCOR policy for incoming calls.
<b>outgoing</b>	Sets default LPCOR policy for outgoing calls.
<i>lpcor-group</i>	Name of the LPCOR resource group.

## Command Default

Default LPCOR policy is not defined for mobility-type phones.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

This command defines the default LPCOR policy for a mobility-type phone if the LPCOR policy cannot be provisioned using the LPCOR IP-phone subnet table.

## Examples

The following example shows that the default LPCOR policy for mobility-type phones is set to `remote_group1`. Any mobility-type phones with a shared IP address from DHCP pool1 are considered local IP phones and are associated with the `local_group1` LPCOR policy. Other mobility-type phones without a shared IP address are considered remote IP phones and are associated with the `remote_group1` default LPCOR policy.

```
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
  index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
  index 1 local_group1 dhcp-pool pool1
!
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility incoming remote_group1
voice lpcor ip-phone mobility outgoing remote_group1
```

## Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>voice lpcor ip-phone subnet</b>	Creates a LPCOR IP-phone subnet table for calls to or from a mobility-type phone.

# voice lpcor ip-phone subnet

To create a logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) IP-phone subnet table for calls to or from a mobility-type phone, use the **voice lpcor ip-phone subnet** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet {incoming | outgoing}
```

```
no voice lpcor ip-phone subnet {incoming | outgoing}
```

Syntax Description	incoming	Creates IP-phone subnet table for incoming calls from mobility-type phone.
	outgoing	Creates IP-phone subnet table for outgoing calls from mobility-type phone.

**Command Default** IP-phone subnet table is not created.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command is used for mobility-type phones only, which can include Extension Mobility phones, teleworker remote phones, and Cisco IP Communicator softphones.

This command enters LPCOR IP-phone subnet configuration mode to add LPCOR groups to the incoming or outgoing IP-phone subnet tables. Two IP-phone subnet tables, one for incoming calls and one for outgoing calls, can be defined on each Cisco Unified CME router and can include up to 50 IP address or DHCP pool entries.

A LPCOR policy is dynamically associated with calls to and from a mobility-type phone based on its current IP address or DHCP pool.

**Examples** The following example shows :

```
voice lpcor ip-phone subnet incoming
  index 1 local_g2 10.0.10.23 255.255.255.0 vrf vrf-group2
  index 2 remote_g2 171.19.0.0 255.255.0.0
  index 3 local_g1 dhcp-pool pool1

voice lpcor ip-phone subnet outgoing
  index 1 local_g4 10.1.10.23 255.255.255.0 vrf vrf-group2
  index 2 remote_g4 171.19.0.0 255.255.0.0
  index 3 local_g5 dhcp-pool pool1
```

## Related Commands

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>index (ip-phone)</b>	Adds a LPCOR group to the IP-phone subnet table.
<b>lpcor type</b>	Specifies the LPCOR type for an IP phone.
<b>voice lpcor ip-phone mobility</b>	Sets the default LPCOR policy for mobility-type phones.

# voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming

To create a logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) IP-trunk subnet table for incoming calls from a VoIP trunk, use the **voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming**

**no voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** IP-trunk subnet table is not created.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command enters LPCOR IP-trunk subnet configuration mode to add LPCOR groups to the IP-trunk subnet table. One IP-trunk subnet table, containing up to 50 index entries, can be defined on each Cisco Unified CME router for incoming calls from H.323 or SIP trunks.

Incoming VoIP trunk calls are associated with a LPCOR policy by matching the IP address or hostname in the IP-trunk subnet table first. If the IP address or hostname is not found in the table, the LPCOR policy specified with the **lpcor incoming** command in voice service configuration mode is applied.

**Examples** The following example shows three resource groups are included in the IP-trunk subnet table:

```
voice lpcor ip-trunk subnet incoming
  index 1 h323_group1 172.19.33.0 255.255.255.0
  index 2 sip_group1 172.19.22.0 255.255.255.0
  index 3 sip_group2 hostname sipexample
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>index (lpcor ip-trunk)</b>	Adds a LPCOR resource group to the IP trunk subnet table.
	<b>lpcor incoming</b>	Associates a LPCOR resource-group policy with an incoming call.
	<b>voice lpcor ip-phone subnet</b>	Creates a LPCOR IP-phone subnet table for calls to or from a mobility-type phone.

# voice lpcor policy

To create a logical partitioning class of restriction (LPCOR) policy for a resource group, use the **voice lpcor policy** command in global configuration mode. To reset to the default, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice lpcor policy** *lpcor-group*

**no voice lpcor policy** *lpcor-group*

## Syntax Description

*lpcor-group* Name of the LPCOR resource group.

## Command Default

LPCOR policy is not defined.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

You can define one policy for each LPCOR resource group. The policy defines the other resource groups from which this resource group can accept calls. You must first name the policy by including it in the custom resource list using the **voice lpcor custom** command.

If you do not explicitly include any resource groups in the policy by using the **accept** command, that policy blocks all incoming calls that are associated with any LPCOR policy other than its own.

If a LPCOR policy is not defined for a target destination, the target can accept incoming calls from any resource group.

## Examples

The following examples show a LPCOR configuration with four resource groups:

```
voice lpcor custom
  index 1 siptrunk
  index 2 h323trunk
  index 3 pstn
  index 4 voicemail
!
```

The LPCOR policy for h323trunk accepts calls from the voicemail group and rejects calls from the siptrunk and pstn groups:

```
voice lpcor policy h323trunk
  accept voicemail
!
```

The LPCOR policy for pstn blocks calls from the siptrunk, h323trunk, and voicemail groups:

```
voice lpcor policy pstn
!
```

The LPCOR policy for voicemail accepts calls from the siptrunk, h323trunk, and pstn groups:

```
voice lpcor policy voicemail
  accept siptrunk
  accept h323trunk
  accept pstn
```

The siptrunk group does not have a LPCOR policy defined so it can accept calls from any of the other resource groups.

---

**Related Commands**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>accept</b>	Allows a LPCOR resource group to accept incoming calls from another resource group.
<b>show voice lpcor policy</b>	Displays the LPCOR policy for the specified resource group.
<b>voice lpcor custom</b>	Defines the LPCOR resource groups on the Cisco Unified CME router.

# voice mlpp

To enter MLPP configuration mode to enable MLPP service, use the voice service command in global configuration mode. To disable MLPP service, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice mlpp**

**no voice mlpp**

**Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.4(22)YB	This command was introduced.
	12.4(24)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(24)T.

**Usage Guidelines** Voice-mlpp configuration mode is used for the gateway globally.

**Examples** The following example shows how to enter voice-mlpp configuration mode:

```
Router(config)# voice mlpp
Router(config-voice-mlpp)# access-digit
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>access-digit</b>	Defines the access digit that phone users dial to request a precedence call.
	<b>mlpp preemption</b>	Enables calls on an SCCP phone or analog FXS port to be preempted.
	<b>preemption trunkgroup</b>	Enables preemption capabilities on a trunk group.

# voice moh-group

To enter voice-moh-group configuration mode and set up music on hold (MOH) group parameters, use the **voice moh-group** command in global configuration mode. To remove the music on hold (MOH) group parameters from the configuration for SCCP IP phones, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice moh-group moh-group tag**

**no voice moh-group tag**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>tag</i>	Specifies a moh-group number tag (1-5) to be used for music on hold group parameters.
---------------------------	------------	---

<b>Command Default</b>	No voice-moh-group is enabled.
------------------------	--------------------------------

<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
----------------------	-------------------------------

<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	15.0(1)XA	Cisco Unified CME 8.0 Cisco Unified SRST 8.0	This command was introduced.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	This command enters the voice-moh-group configuration mode for configuring music on hold (MOH) group parameters for SCCP IP phones in Cisco Unified CME or in Cisco Unified SRST.
-------------------------	---

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows how to enter voice-moh-group configuration mode for configuring a moh group in Cisco Unified CME. This example also includes the command to configure a music on hold (MOH) flash file for this voice-moh- group.
-----------------	---

```
Router(config)# voice-moh-group 1
Router(config-voice-moh-group) #moh minuet.wav
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>moh</b>	Enables music on hold from a flash audio feed.
	<b>multicast moh</b>	Enables multicast of the music-on-hold audio stream.
	<b>extension-range</b>	Defines extension range for a clients calling a voice-moh-group.

# voice-port (voice-gateway)

To identify the analog ports on the voice gateway that register to Cisco Unified CME, use the **voice-port** command in voice-gateway configuration mode. To remove the ports, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice-port** *port-range*

**no voice-port**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>port-range</i>	Individual port number, or range of port numbers, on the voice gateway controlled by Cisco Unified CME. Enter individual port values separated by a comma (,) or enter a range using a hyphen (x-y). There is no default value.
---------------------------	-------------------	---

**Command Default** No voice ports are supported.

**Command Modes** Voice-gateway configuration (config-voice-gateway)

<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.4(22)YB	Cisco Unified CME 7.1	This command was introduced.
	12.4(24)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.1	This command has been integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(24)T.

**Usage Guidelines** This command sets the total number of analog endpoints on the voice gateway that you intend to register to the Cisco Unified CME router. The Cisco VG202 supports two ports, Cisco VG204 supports four ports, and the Cisco VG224 supports 24 ports, numbered 0 to 23.

**Examples** The following example shows a configuration for a Cisco VG224 voice gateway with 24 ports:

```
voice-gateway system 1
 network-locale FR
 type VG224
 mac-address 001F.A30F.8331
 voice-port 0-23
 create cnf-files
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Command</b>	<b>Description</b>
	<b>network-locale (voice-gateway)</b>	Selects a geographically specific set of tones and cadences for the voice gateway's analog endpoints that register to Cisco Unified CME.
	<b>type (voice-gateway)</b>	Defines the type of voice gateway to autoconfigure in Cisco Unified CME.

# voice register dialplan

To enter voice register dialplan configuration mode to define a dial plan for SIP phones, use the **voice register dialplan** command in global configuration mode. To remove the dialplan, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice register dialplan dialplan-tag
```

```
no voice register dialplan dialplan-tag
```

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>dialplan-tag</i>	Number that identifies the dial plan. Range: 1 to 24.
---------------------------	---------------------	---

<b>Command Default</b>	No dial plan is defined.
------------------------	--------------------------

<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
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Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(11)XJ	Cisco Unified CME 4.1	This command was introduced.
	12.4(15)T	Cisco Unified CME 4.1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(15)T.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	<p>A dial plan allows a SIP phone to determine when enough digits are collected for call processing to take place. You define a dial plan using this command and then apply the dial plan to a SIP phone by using the <b>dialplan</b> command.</p>
-------------------------	--

Dial plans allow SIP phones to perform pattern recognition as user input is collected. After a defined pattern is recognized, a SIP INVITE message is automatically sent to Cisco Unified CME and the user does not have to press the Dial key or wait for the interdigit timeout.

This command creates a dial plan file that is downloaded to the phone when the phone is reset or restarted.

<b>Examples</b>	The following example shows how to create dial plan 10 for a Cisco Unified IP Phone 7905:
-----------------	---

```
Router(config)# voice register dialplan 10
Router(config-register-dialplan)# type 7905-7912
Router(config-register-dialplan)# pattern 52...
Router(config-register-dialplan)# pattern 91.....
```

## Related Commands

	<b>Description</b>
<b>dialplan</b>	Assigns a dial plan to a SIP phone.
<b>filename</b>	Specifies a custom XML configuration file that contains the dial patterns to use for a SIP dial plan.
<b>pattern (voice register dialplan)</b>	Defines a dial pattern for a SIP dial plan.
<b>show voice register dialplan</b>	Displays all configuration information for a specific SIP dial plan.
<b>type (voice register dialplan)</b>	Defines a phone type for a SIP dial plan.

# voice register dn

To enter voice register dn configuration mode to define an extension for a phone line, intercom line, voice-mail port, or a message-waiting indicator (MWI), use the **voice register dn** command in global configuration mode. To remove the directory number, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice register dn** *dn-tag*

**no voice register dn** *dn-tag*

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>dn-tag</i>	Unique sequence number that identifies a particular directory number during configuration tasks. Range is 1 to 150, or the maximum defined by the <b>max-dn</b> command.
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<b>Command Default</b>	Directory number is not defined.
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<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4 and Cisco SIP SRST 3.4	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to create directory numbers for SIP IP phones directly connected in Cisco Unified CME. In voice register dn configuration mode, you assign an extension number by using the **number** command, a name to appear in the local directory by using the **name** command, and other provisioning parameters by using various commands.

Before using this command, set the maximum number of directory numbers to appear in your system by using the **max-dn** command in voice register global configuration mode.



**Note**

This command can also be used for Cisco SIP SRST.

**Examples**

The following example shows how to enter voice register dn configuration mode for directory number 4 and forward calls to extension 8888 when extension 1001 does not answer:

```
Router(config)# voice register dn 4
Router(config-register-dn)# number 1001
Router(config-register-dn)# call-forward phone noan 8888
Router(config-register-dn)# call-forward b2bua all 5454
Router(config-register-dn)# call-forward b2bua busy 5705
Router(config-register-dn)# call-forward b2bua mbox 5550
Router(config-register-dn)# call-forward b2bua noan 5050 timeout 20
Router(config-register-dn)# after-hour exempt
```

**Related Commands**

	<b>Description</b>
<b>max-dn (voice register global)</b>	Sets the maximum number of SIP phone directory numbers (extensions) supported by a Cisco CME router.
<b>mode (voice register global)</b>	Enables the mode for provisioning SIP phones in a Cisco CallManager Express (Cisco CME) system.
<b>number (voice register pool)</b>	Configures a valid number for a SIP phone.

# voice register global

To enter voice register global configuration mode in order to set global parameters for all supported Cisco SIP IP phones in a Cisco Unified CME or Cisco Unified Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST) environment, use the **voice register global** command in global configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice register global**

**no voice register global**

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Command Default** There are no system-level parameters configured for SIP IP phones.

**Command Modes** Global configuration (config)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4 Cisco SIP SRST 3.4	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines**

**Cisco Unified CME**  
Use this command to set provisioning parameters for all supported SIP phones in a Cisco Unified CME system.

**Cisco Unified SIP SRST**  
Use this command to set provisioning parameters for multiple pools; that is, all supported Cisco SIP IP phones in a SIP SRST environment.

**Examples****Cisco Unified CME**

The following is partial sample output from the **show voice register global** command. All of the parameters listed were set under voice register global configuration mode:

```
Router# show voice register global
CONFIG [Version=4.0(0)]
=====
Version 4.0(0)
Mode is cme
Max-pool is 48
Max-dn is 48
Source-address is 10.0.2.4 port 5060
Load 7960-40 is POS3-07-4-07
Time-format is 12
Date-format is M/D/Y
Time-zone is 5
Hold-alert is disabled
Mwi stutter is disabled
Mwi registration for full E.164 is disabled
Dst auto adjust is enabled
  start at Apr week 1 day Sun time 02:00
  stop  at Oct week 8 day Sun time 02:00
```

**Related Commands**

	Description
<b>allow connections sip to sip</b>	Allows connections between SIP endpoints in a Cisco multiservice IP-to-IP gateway.
<b>application (voice register global)</b>	Selects the session-level application for all dial peers associated with SIP phones.
<b>mode (voice register global)</b>	Enables the mode for provisioning SIP phones in a Cisco Unified system.

# voice register pool

To enter voice register pool configuration mode and create a pool configuration for a SIP IP phone in Cisco Unified CME or for a set of SIP phones in Cisco Unified SIP SRST, use the **voice register pool** command in global configuration mode. To remove the pool configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice register pool pool-tag
```

```
no voice register pool pool-tag
```

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>pool-tag</i>	Unique number assigned to the pool. Range is 1 to 100.
		<b>Note</b> For Cisco Unified CME systems, the upper limit for this argument is defined by the <b>max-pool</b> command.

<b>Command Default</b>	There is no pool configured.
------------------------	------------------------------

<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
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Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.2(15)ZJ	Cisco SIP SRST 3.0	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	Cisco SIP SRST 3.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4 Cisco SIP SRST 3.4	This command was added to Cisco CME.

<b>Usage Guidelines</b>	<p><b>Cisco Unified CME</b></p> <p>Use this command to set phone-specific parameters for SIP phones in a Cisco Unified CME system. Before using this command, enable the <b>mode cme</b> command and set the maximum number of SIP phones supported in your system by using the <b>max-pool</b> command.</p>
-------------------------	--

	<p><b>Cisco Unified SIP SRST</b></p> <p>Use this command to enable user control on which registrations are to be accepted or rejected by a SIP SRST device. The voice register pool command mode can be used for specialized functions and to restrict registrations on the basis of MAC, IP subnet, and number range parameters.</p>
--	---

**Examples****Cisco Unified CME**

The following example shows how to enter voice register pool configuration mode and forward calls to extension 9999 when extension 2001 is busy:

```
Router(config)# voice register pool 10
Router(config-register-pool)# type 7960
Router(config-register-pool)# number 1 2001
Router(config-register-pool)# call-forward busy 9999 mailbox 1234
```

**Cisco Unified SIP SRST**

The following partial sample output from the **show running-config** command shows that several voice register pool commands are configured within voice register pool 3:

```
voice register pool 3
id network 10.2.161.0 mask 255.255.255.0
number 1 95... preference 1
cor outgoing call95 1 95011
max registrations 5
voice-class codec 1
```

**Related Commands**

	Description
<b>max-pool (voice register global)</b>	Sets the maximum number of SIP phones that are supported by a Cisco Unified CME system.
<b>mode (voice register global)</b>	Enables the mode for provisioning SIP phones in a Cisco Unified CME system.
<b>number (voice register pool)</b>	Configures a valid number for a SIP phone.
<b>type (voice register pool)</b>	Defines a Cisco IP phone type.

# voice register session-server

To enter voice register session-server configuration mode to enable and configure a session manager in Cisco Unified CME for an external feature server, use the **voice register session-server** command in global configuration mode. To remove a session manager, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice register session-server** *session-server-tag*

**no voice register session-server** *session-server-tag*

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>session-server-tag</i>	Explicitly identifies a session manager for configuration tasks. Range: 1 to 8.
---------------------------	---------------------------	---

<b>Command Default</b>	No session manager is created.
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<b>Command Modes</b>	Global configuration (config)
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<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.4(11)XW2	Cisco Unified CME 4.2	This command was introduced.
	12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1)	This command was introduced.
	12.4(15)XZ	Cisco Unified CME 4.3	This command was introduced.
	12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

**Usage Guidelines**

Provisioning and configuration information in Unified CCX is automatically provided to Cisco Unified CME. Use this command to enter voice register session-server configuration mode and reconfigure and enable a session manager for Unified CCX on a Cisco CRS if the configuration from Unified CCX is deleted or must be modified.

A single Cisco Unified CME can support multiple session managers.

After creating one or more session managers, use the **session-server** command in voice register pool configuration mode to identify a session manager for controlling a route point.

After creating one or more session managers, use the **session-server** command in ephone-dn configuration mode to specify session managers for monitoring a directory numbers.

**Examples**

The following partial output from the **show running-configuration** command shows the configuration for session manager, session-server 1:

```
!
voice register session-server 1
  keepalive 300
  register-id SB-SJ3-UCCX1_1164774025000
!
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	<b>session-server</b>	Specifies a session server to manage and monitor registration and subscription messages for an external feature server.



# voice register template

To enter voice register template configuration mode and define a template of common parameters for SIP phones, use the **voice register template** command in global configuration mode. To remove a template, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice register template** *template-tag*

**no voice register template** *template-tag*

Syntax Description	<i>template-tag</i>	Declares a template tag. Range: 1 to 10.
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Command Default	No default behavior or values
-----------------	-------------------------------

Command Modes	Global configuration (config)
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Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4	This command was introduced.
	12.4(11)XJ	Cisco Unified CME 4.1	The maximum number of templates was increased from 5 to 10.
	12.4(15)T	Cisco Unified CME 4.1	The increase in the template number was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(15)T.

Usage Guidelines	Up to ten different templates can be defined and applied to SIP phones. You create the template with this command and then apply the template to a phone by using the <b>template</b> command in voice register pool configuration mode.
------------------	--

Examples	In the following example, template 1 is created by using the <b>voice register template</b> command.
----------	--

```
Router(config)# voice register template 1
Router(config-register-temp)# anonymous block
Router(config-register-temp)# caller-id block
Router(config-register-temp)# voicemail 5001 timeout 15
```

Related Commands	Description
<b>anonymous block</b> ( <b>voice register template</b> )	Enables anonymous call blocking in a SIP phone template.
<b>caller-id block</b> ( <b>voice register template</b> )	Enables caller-ID blocking for outbound calls from a specific SIP phone.

	<b>Description</b>
<b>template (voice register pool)</b>	Applies a template to a SIP phone.
<b>voicemail (voice register template)</b>	Defines the extension that calls are forwarded to when an extension does not answer.

# voice user-profile

To enter voice user-profile configuration mode and create a user profile for downloading by Extension Mobility for a particular individual phone user, use the **voice user-profile** command in global configuration mode. To delete an logout profile, use the **no** form of this command.

**voice user-profile** *profile-tag*

**no voice user-profile** *profile-tag*

## Syntax Description

<i>profile-tag</i>	Unique number that identifies this profile during configuration tasks. Range: 1 to three times the maximum number supported phones, where maximum is platform and version dependent and defined by the <b>max-ephone</b> command.
--------------------	---

## Command Default

No user profile is created.

## Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(11)XW	Cisco Unified CME 4.2	This command was introduced.
12.4(15)XY	Cisco Unified CME 4.2(1)	This command was introduced.
12.4(15)XZ	Cisco Unified CME 4.3	This command was introduced.
12.4(20)T	Cisco Unified CME 7.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(20)T.

## Usage Guidelines

Use this command to create a user profile containing a user's own personal settings, such as directory number, speed-dial lists, and services, for downloading to the IP phone when the individual phone user logs into a Cisco Unified IP phone that is registered in Cisco Unified CME and enabled for Extension Mobility.

Type **?** in voice profile configuration mode to see the commands that are available in this mode and that can be included in a user profile. The following example shows a list of commands that were available in voice user-profile configuration mode at the time that this document was written:

```
Router(config-user-profile)#?
```

```
Logout profile configuration commands:
```

```
name          Define username and password for Extension Mobility.
number        Create ip-phone line definition
pin
reset         Reset all phones associated with the profile being configured
speed-dial    Define ip-phone speed-dial number
```

All directory numbers to be included in a default logout profile or voice-user profile must already be configured in Cisco Unified CME.

After creating or modifying a profile, use the **reset (voice user-profile)** command to reset all phones on which this profile is downloaded to propagate the modifications.

### Examples

The following example shows the configuration for a voice-user profile to be downloaded when a phone user logs into a Cisco Unified IP phone that is enabled for Extension Mobility. The lines and speed-dial buttons in this profile that are configured on a phone after the user logs in depend on the phone type. For example, if the user logs into a Cisco Unified IP Phone 7970, all buttons are configured according to voice-user profile1. However, if the phone user logs into a Cisco Unified IP Phone 7960, all six lines are mapped to phone buttons and the speed dial is ignored because no button is available for speed dial.

```
pin 12345
user me password pass123
number 2001 type silent-ring
number 2002 type beep-ring
number 2003 type feature-ring
number 2004 type monitor-ring
number 2005,2006 type overlay
number 2007,2008 type cw-overly
speed-dial 1 3001
speed-dial 2 3002 blf
```

### Related Commands

Command	Description
<b>logout-profile</b>	Enables Cisco Unified IP phone for Extension Mobility and assigns a logout profile to this phone.
<b>reset (voice logout-profile and voice user-profile)</b>	Performs a complete reboot of all IP phones on which a particular logout profile or user profile is downloaded.



# voicemail (telephony-service)

To define the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed, use the **voicemail** command in telephony-service configuration mode. To disable the Messages button, use the **no** form of this command.

**voicemail** *phone-number*

**no voicemail**

<b>Syntax Description</b>	<i>phone-number</i>	Phone number that is configured as a speed-dial number for retrieving messages.
---------------------------	---------------------	---

**Command Default** No phone number is configure and the Messages button is disabled.

**Command Modes** Telephony-service configuration (config-telephony)

<b>Command History</b>	<b>Cisco IOS Release</b>	<b>Cisco Product</b>	<b>Modification</b>
	12.1(5)YD	Cisco ITS 1.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(8)T	Cisco ITS 2.0	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(8)T.

**Usage Guidelines** This command configures the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed. The same telephone number is configured for voice messaging for all Cisco IP phones connected to the router.

**Examples** The following example sets the phone number 914085550100 as the speed-dial number that is dialed to retrieve messages when the Messages button is pressed:

```
Router(config)# telephony-service
Router(config-telephony)# voicemail 914085550100
```

<b>Related Commands</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>telephony-service</b>	Enters telephony-service configuration mode.
<b>vm-device-id (ephone)</b>	Defines the voice-mail ID string.

# voicemail (voice register global)

To define the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed, use the **voicemail** command in voice register global configuration mode. To disable the Messages button, use the **no** form of this command.

**voicemail** *phone-number*

**no voicemail**

## Syntax Description

<i>phone-number</i>	Telephone number that is speed-dialed for retrieving messages.
---------------------	--

## Command Default

No phone number is configure and the Messages button is disabled.

## Command Modes

Voice register global configuration (config-register-global)

## Command History

Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4	This command was introduced.

## Usage Guidelines

This command configures the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed. The same telephone number is configured for voice messaging for all Cisco IP phones connected to the router.

## Examples

The following example shows how to set telephone number 914085550100 as the speed-dial number to retrieve messages when the Messages button is pressed:

```
Router(config)# voice register global
Router(config-register-global)# voicemail 914085550100
```

## Related Commands

	Description
<b>url (voice register global)</b>	Provision uniform resource locators (URLs) for feature buttons on Cisco IP phones.
<b>voicemail (voice register template)</b>	Defines the extension that calls are forwarded to when an extension does not answer.
<b>voice register global</b>	Enters voice register global configuration mode in order to set global parameters for all supported Cisco SIP phones in a Cisco CME or Cisco SIP SRST environment.

# voicemail (voice register template)

To define the extension that calls are forwarded to when an extension does not answer, use the **voicemail** command in voice register template configuration mode. To disable the voicemail extension, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voicemail phone-number timeout timeout
```

```
no voicemail
```

Syntax Description		
<i>phone-number</i>		Telephone number to which calls are forwarded when an extension does not answer.
<b>timeout</b> <i>seconds</i>		Duration that a call can ring with no answer before the call is forwarded to the voicemail extension. Range is 5 to 60000. There is no default value.

**Command Default** This command has no default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** Voice register template configuration (config-register-temp)

Command History	Cisco IOS Release	Cisco Product	Modification
	12.4(4)T	Cisco CME 3.4	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command defines the destination extension for voicemail when an extension on a SIP phone does not answer. To apply the template to a SIP phone, use the **template** command in voice register pool configuration mode.

**Examples** The following example shows how to set telephone number 914085550100 as the number to be dialed to retrieve messages when the Messages button is pressed:

```
Router(config)# voice register template 1
Router(config-register-temp)# voicemail 50100 timeout 15
```

Related Commands	Description
<b>template (voice register pool)</b>	Applies a template to a SIP phone.
<b>url (voice register global)</b>	Provisions uniform resource locators (URLs) for feature buttons on Cisco IP phones.
<b>voice register global</b>	Enters voice register global configuration mode in order to set global parameters for all supported Cisco SIP phones in a Cisco CME or Cisco SIP SRST environment.

	Description
<b>voice register template</b>	Enters voice register template configuration mode and defines a template of common parameters for SIP phones.
<b>voicemail (voice register global)</b>	Defines the telephone number that is speed-dialed when the Messages button on a Cisco IP phone is pressed.