



# Using Virtual Network Computing Version 4.0

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Virtual Network Computing (VNC) allows a system administrator to use a server to install applications or perform configuration tasks on a remote server while the user of the remote server views the tasks that occur. In this way, VNC operates similar to Microsoft Terminal Services.

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## Before You Begin

Review the following information before you install VNC:

### **About VNC Terminology**

In this document, *master server* refers to the server where the user initiates, performs, and manages tasks; the *remote server* receives the software or configuration information from the master server.

### **About Compatible Operating System Versions**

Make sure that you have installed Cisco-provided operating system version 2000.2.7 on all servers that will use VNC. For information on upgrading the operating system, refer to the documentation for the version of the Cisco CallManager upgrade that runs in the cluster.



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**Corporate Headquarters:**  
**Cisco Systems, Inc., 170 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA**

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### About Security Risks

Be aware that using VNC poses a security risk by making the cluster vulnerable to attacks.

Installing VNC opens a network port, which may make the server vulnerable to attacks. A network scanner will show port 5900 "VNC => Remote Control Software" and allow an attacker to access the server.

During the VNC installation, enter a complex alphanumeric password for VNC. VNC limits the password to eight characters.

To minimize security risks, set the VNC service to Manual startup and start it only during remote management. This action ensures that users must enter a Windows user name/password that the server can authenticate before starting the service.

If you no longer plan to use Terminal Services for remote management, disable Terminal Services.

### About Upgrading VNC

When you upgrade the operating system or run an operating system patch on the server, make sure that you review the operating system readme document for information on upgrading VNC. Cisco provides the VNC upgrade files in the operating system upgrade and/or operating system support patch, although Cisco does not automatically install these files on the server.

### About Older Versions of VNC

Before you install VNC 4.0, uninstall any previous version of VNC that exists on the server. To uninstall VNC, choose **Start > Programs > Settings > Add/Remove Programs**.

### About CPU Utilization

VNC may use a large percentage of CPU when you move the mouse and particularly when you move entire windows on the desktop. To minimize CPU utilization, limit unnecessary movements on the desktop, particularly while the server is in production.

## Installing and Configuring VNC

Perform the following procedure to install and configure VNC Version 4.0 on all servers that will use VNC.

### Procedure

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- Step 1** Using Windows Explorer, browse to the following folder:  
**C:\utils\VNC\**
- Step 2** In the VNC folder, double-click **vnc-4.0-x86\_win32.exe**.  
The Welcome window displays.
- Step 3** Click **Next**.
- Step 4** To accept the software license agreement, click **I accept the agreement**; then, click **Next**.
- Step 5** In the Select Destination Directory, accept the default location or choose another folder where you want to install VNC; then, click **Next**.
- Step 6** In the Select Components window, click **Next**.
- Step 7** In the Select Start Menu Folder window, accept the default folder name or choose another folder where you want the setup program to create the program shortcuts; then, click **Next**.

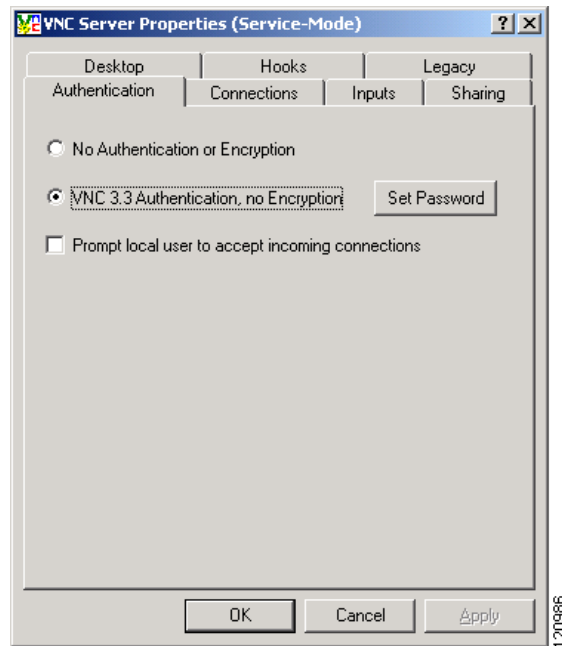
**Step 8** In the Select Additional Tasks window, check the **Register VNC Server as a system service** check box and the **Start the VNC Server System service** check box. If you want to create additional icons, check the check box next to the icons that you want to create; then, click **Next**.

The Ready to Install window displays.

**Step 9** Click **Install**.

The VNC Server Properties window displays, as show in [Figure 1](#).

**Figure 1** VNC Server Properties Window



**Step 10** In the Authentication pane, click **Set Password**; then, enter a password in the Password and Confirm Password fields.

You can enter a password of up to eight characters. You will use this password to open a VNC session between servers.

**Step 11** In the Password window, click **OK**.

**Step 12** Click the **Connections** tab; then, uncheck the **Serve Java viewer via HTTP on port: 5800** check box.

**Step 13** In the VNC Server Properties window, click **OK**.

**Step 14** To continue the setup, click **Next**.

**Step 15** Click **Finish**.

## Starting a Remote Server from the Master Server

To start a remote server via VNC, perform the following procedure:

### Procedure

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- Step 1** From the master server, map a drive to the remote server by using the server name (not the IP address).
  - Step 2** Right-click **My Computer** and choose **Manage**.
  - Step 3** Choose **Action > Connect to another computer....**  
The Select Computer dialog box displays.
  - Step 4** In the Name field, enter the name of the server to which you want to connect; then, click **OK**.
  - Step 5** In the Computer Management window, double-click **Services and Applications**.
  - Step 6** If an Internet Services Manager dialog displays, click **Yes**.
  - Step 7** Click **Services**.
  - Step 8** Right-click **VNC Server Version 4**; then, choose **Start**.
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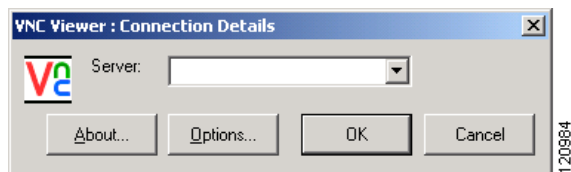
## Using the Master Server to Perform Tasks on the Remote Server

Perform the following procedure to complete installation or configuration tasks via VNC:

### Procedure

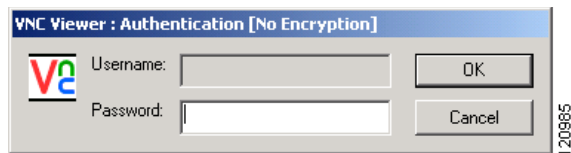
- 
- Step 1** On the master server, choose **Start > Programs > RealVNC > VNC Viewer 4 > Run VNC Viewer**.  
The Connection Details dialog box displays, as shown in [Figure 2](#).

**Figure 2** Connection Details dialog box



- Step 2** In the Server field, enter the IP address of the remote server on which you want to install the software or perform a configuration task.
- Step 3** Click **OK**.  
The VNC Authentication dialog box displays, as shown in [Figure 3](#).

**Figure 3 VNC Authentication Dialog Box**



**Step 4** In the Password field, enter the password that you specified in [Step 10](#) in the “Installing and Configuring VNC” section on page 2.

**Step 5** Click **OK**.

The desktop of the remote server displays.

**Step 6** From the master server, install software or perform configuration tasks on the remote server.



**Caution**

Make sure that you insert installation CD-ROMs into the CD-ROM drive of the remote server or download the files from the web onto the remote server.



**Note**

When you are using a remote terminal over VNC to install Cisco CallManager on an IBM server, the procedure may seem to stall or hang during the installation. On the remote terminal, if you move (drag) the VNC window or refresh the screen by choosing **Request screen refresh** from the VNC application window menu (the menu that displays when you click the VNC icon in the left corner of the window title bar), the procedure will continue.

**Step 7** Stop the **VNC Server** service.

**Step 8** Perform the procedures in the “Starting a Remote Server from the Master Server” section on page 4 and in the “Using the Master Server to Perform Tasks on the Remote Server” section on page 4 for each remote server on which you want to perform installation or configuration tasks.

## Troubleshooting

If you run VNC to install/upgrade Cisco CallManager on IBM xSeries servers, the installation may appear to hang when the server is copying the files during the installation. Move the mouse to continue the installation.

When VNC is used, some servers exhibit high CPU utilization. The server response may be slower than usual.

## Obtaining Documentation

Cisco documentation and additional literature are available on Cisco.com. Cisco also provides several ways to obtain technical assistance and other technical resources. These sections explain how to obtain technical information from Cisco Systems.

## Cisco.com

You can access the most current Cisco documentation at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/univercd/home/home.htm>

You can access the Cisco website at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com>

You can access international Cisco websites at this URL:

[http://www.cisco.com/public/countries\\_languages.shtml](http://www.cisco.com/public/countries_languages.shtml)

## Ordering Documentation

You can find instructions for ordering documentation at this URL:

[http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/es\\_inpk/pdi.htm](http://www.cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/es_inpk/pdi.htm)

You can order Cisco documentation in these ways:

- Registered Cisco.com users (Cisco direct customers) can order Cisco product documentation from the Ordering tool:  
<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/partner/ordering/index.shtml>
- Nonregistered Cisco.com users can order documentation through a local account representative by calling Cisco Systems Corporate Headquarters (California, USA) at 408 526-7208 or, elsewhere in North America, by calling 800 553-NETS (6387).

## Documentation Feedback

You can send comments about technical documentation to [bug-doc@cisco.com](mailto:bug-doc@cisco.com).

You can submit comments by using the response card (if present) behind the front cover of your document or by writing to the following address:

Cisco Systems  
Attn: Customer Document Ordering  
170 West Tasman Drive  
San Jose, CA 95134-9883

We appreciate your comments.

## Obtaining Technical Assistance

For all customers, partners, resellers, and distributors who hold valid Cisco service contracts, Cisco Technical Support provides 24-hour-a-day, award-winning technical assistance. The Cisco Technical Support Website on Cisco.com features extensive online support resources. In addition, Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) engineers provide telephone support. If you do not hold a valid Cisco service contract, contact your reseller.

## Cisco Technical Support Website

The Cisco Technical Support Website provides online documents and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. The website is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>

Access to all tools on the Cisco Technical Support Website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password. If you have a valid service contract but do not have a user ID or password, you can register at this URL:

<http://tools.cisco.com/RPF/register/register.do>

## Submitting a Service Request

Using the online TAC Service Request Tool is the fastest way to open S3 and S4 service requests. (S3 and S4 service requests are those in which your network is minimally impaired or for which you require product information.) After you describe your situation, the TAC Service Request Tool automatically provides recommended solutions. If your issue is not resolved using the recommended resources, your service request will be assigned to a Cisco TAC engineer. The TAC Service Request Tool is located at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/techsupport/servicerequest>

For S1 or S2 service requests or if you do not have Internet access, contact the Cisco TAC by telephone. (S1 or S2 service requests are those in which your production network is down or severely degraded.) Cisco TAC engineers are assigned immediately to S1 and S2 service requests to help keep your business operations running smoothly.

To open a service request by telephone, use one of the following numbers:

Asia-Pacific: +61 2 8446 7411 (Australia: 1 800 805 227)

EMEA: +32 2 704 55 55

USA: 1 800 553 2447

For a complete list of Cisco TAC contacts, go to this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/techsupport/contacts>

## Definitions of Service Request Severity

To ensure that all service requests are reported in a standard format, Cisco has established severity definitions.

**Severity 1 (S1)**—Your network is “down,” or there is a critical impact to your business operations. You and Cisco will commit all necessary resources around the clock to resolve the situation.

**Severity 2 (S2)**—Operation of an existing network is severely degraded, or significant aspects of your business operation are negatively affected by inadequate performance of Cisco products. You and Cisco will commit full-time resources during normal business hours to resolve the situation.

**Severity 3 (S3)**—Operational performance of your network is impaired, but most business operations remain functional. You and Cisco will commit resources during normal business hours to restore service to satisfactory levels.

**Severity 4 (S4)**—You require information or assistance with Cisco product capabilities, installation, or configuration. There is little or no effect on your business operations.

# Obtaining Additional Publications and Information

Information about Cisco products, technologies, and network solutions is available from various online and printed sources.

- Cisco Marketplace provides a variety of Cisco books, reference guides, and logo merchandise. Visit Cisco Marketplace, the company store, at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/marketplace/>

- The Cisco *Product Catalog* describes the networking products offered by Cisco Systems, as well as ordering and customer support services. Access the Cisco Product Catalog at this URL:

<http://cisco.com/univercd/cc/td/doc/pcat/>

- *Cisco Press* publishes a wide range of general networking, training and certification titles. Both new and experienced users will benefit from these publications. For current Cisco Press titles and other information, go to Cisco Press at this URL:

<http://www.ciscopress.com>

- *Packet* magazine is the Cisco Systems technical user magazine for maximizing Internet and networking investments. Each quarter, Packet delivers coverage of the latest industry trends, technology breakthroughs, and Cisco products and solutions, as well as network deployment and troubleshooting tips, configuration examples, customer case studies, certification and training information, and links to scores of in-depth online resources. You can access Packet magazine at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/packet>

- *iQ Magazine* is the quarterly publication from Cisco Systems designed to help growing companies learn how they can use technology to increase revenue, streamline their business, and expand services. The publication identifies the challenges facing these companies and the technologies to help solve them, using real-world case studies and business strategies to help readers make sound technology investment decisions. You can access iQ Magazine at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/go/iqmagazine>

- *Internet Protocol Journal* is a quarterly journal published by Cisco Systems for engineering professionals involved in designing, developing, and operating public and private internets and intranets. You can access the Internet Protocol Journal at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/ipj>

- World-class networking training is available from Cisco. You can view current offerings at this URL:

<http://www.cisco.com/en/US/learning/index.html>

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