



## Conference Bridges

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Conference Bridge for Cisco CallManager designates a software and hardware application that is designed to allow both ad hoc and meet-me voice conferencing. Additional conference bridge types support other types of conferences, including video conferences. Each conference bridge can host several simultaneous, multiparty conferences.

Conference Bridge includes the following features:

- Adding new participants to an existing conference call
- Ending a conference call
- Canceling a conference call
- Parking a conference call
- Transferring a conference call



**Note**

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The hardware model type for Conference Bridge contains a specific Media Access Control (MAC) address and device pool information.

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This section covers the following topics:

- [Understanding Conference Devices, page 21-2](#)
- [Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration, page 21-6](#)
- [Using Different Types of Conferences: Meet-Me and Ad Hoc, page 21-9](#)
- [Dependency Records, page 21-14](#)
- [Conference Bridge Performance Monitoring and Troubleshooting, page 21-14](#)

- [Conference Bridge Configuration Checklist, page 21-16](#)
- [Where to Find More Information, page 21-17](#)

## Understanding Conference Devices

Cisco CallManager supports multiple conference devices to distribute the load of mixing audio between the conference devices. A component of Cisco CallManager called Media Resource Manager (MRM) locates and assigns resources throughout a cluster. The MRM resides on every Cisco CallManager server and communicates with MRMs on other Cisco CallManager servers.

Cisco CallManager supports hardware and software conference devices; both hardware and software conference bridges can be active at the same time.

For conferencing, you must determine the total number of concurrent users (or audio streams) that are required at any given time. Then, if you plan to use a software conference device, you create and configure the device to support the calculated number of streams. You cannot configure the number of streams for hardware conference bridges. One large conference, or several small conferences, can use these audio streams.



### Caution

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Although a single software conference device can run on the same server as the Cisco CallManager service, Cisco strongly recommends against this configuration. Running a conference device on the same server as Cisco CallManager service may adversely affect performance on the Cisco CallManager.

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For more information on hardware and software conference devices, see the following sections:

- [Hardware Conference Devices, page 21-3](#)
- [Software Conference Devices, page 21-4](#)
- [Video Conference Devices, page 21-5](#)
- [Annunciator Support For Conference Bridges, page 21-6](#)
- [Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration, page 21-6](#)

# Hardware Conference Devices

Hardware-enabled conferencing provides the ability to support voice conferences in hardware. Digital Signaling Processors (DSPs) convert multiple Voice over IP Media Streams into TDM streams that are mixed into a single conference call stream. The DSPs support both meet-me and ad hoc conferences by Cisco CallManager.

Hardware conference devices provide transcoding for G.711, G.729, G.723, GSM Full Rate (FR), and GSM Enhanced Full Rate (EFR) codecs.

## MTP WS-X6608 DSP Service Card

Because hardware conference devices are fixed at 32 full-duplex streams per WS-X6608 port, hardware conference devices support 32 divided by three (32/3), or 10, conferences. Users cannot change this value.



### Caution

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Full-duplex streams per WS-X6608 port cannot exceed the maximum limit of 32.

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## NM-HDV Network Modules

The following NM-HDV network modules can support the sessions that are specified in the [“Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration” section on page 21-6](#). For more information on network modules, refer to the *Cisco IP Telephony Solution Reference Network Design Guide* and the documentation that supports the network module.

- NM-HDV
- NM-HDV-2E1-60
- NM-HDV-2T1-48
- NM-HDV-FARM-C36
- NM-HDV-FARM-C54
- NM-HDV-FARM-C90

### NM-HD Network Modules

The following NM-HD network modules can support the sessions that are specified in the [“Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration” section on page 21-6](#). For more information on network modules, refer to the *Cisco IP Telephony Solution Reference Network Design Guide* and the documentation that supports the network module.

- NM-HD-1V
- NM-HD-2V
- NM-HD-2VE

### NM-HDV2 Network Modules

The following NM-HDV2 network modules can support the sessions that are specified in the [“Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration” section on page 21-6](#). For more information on network modules, refer to the *Cisco IP Telephony Solution Reference Network Design Guide* and the documentation that supports the network module.

- NM-HDV2
- NM-HDV2-1T1/E1
- NM-HDV2-2T1/E1

## Software Conference Devices

For software conference devices, you can adjust the number of streams because software conference devices support a variable number of audio streams. You can create and configure a software conference device and choose the number of full-duplex audio streams that the device supports. To calculate the total number of conferences that a device supports, divide the number of audio streams by three. The maximum number of audio streams equals 128. For more information on software conference devices, see the [“Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration” section on page 21-6](#).

## Video Conference Devices

The Cisco video conference bridge, a dual multimedia bridge, provides video conferencing. Cisco CallManager controls this conference bridge type upon appropriate configuration. The Cisco video conference bridge provides audio and video conferencing functions for Cisco IP video phones, H.323 endpoints, and audio-only Cisco IP Phones. Administrators can partition the resources of the Cisco video conference bridge between the video telephony network and the H.323/SIP network. The Cisco video conference bridge supports the H.261, H.263, and H.264 codecs for video.

To configure this type of conference device, the user chooses the Cisco Video Conference Bridge (IPVC-35xx) conference bridge type in Cisco CallManager Administration.

To ensure that only a video conference bridge gets used when a user wants to hold a video conference, add the video conference bridge to a media resource group. Add the media resource group to a media resource group list and assign the media resource group list to the device or device pool that will use the video conference bridge. Refer to the [Conference Bridge Configuration](#), [Media Resource Group Configuration](#), [Media Resource Group List Configuration](#), and [Device Pool Configuration](#) sections of the *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide* for details. Refer to the *Cisco IP/VC 3511 MCU and Cisco IP/VC 3540 MCU Module Administrator Guide* for more information about the Cisco video conference bridge.

## Cisco Conference Devices (WS-SVC-CMM)

Applications can control a Cisco Conference Bridge (WS-SVC-CMM). For more information on Cisco Conference Devices (WS-SVC-CMM), see the “[Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration](#)” section on page 21-6.

To configure this type of conference device, the user chooses the Cisco Conference Bridge (WS-SVC-CMM) conference bridge type in Cisco CallManager Administration.

## Annunciator Support For Conference Bridges

Cisco CallManager provides annunciator resource support to a conference bridge under the following circumstances:

- If the media resource group list that contains the annunciator is assigned to the device pool where the conference bridge exists.
- If the annunciator is configured as the default media resource, which makes it available to all devices in the cluster.

Cisco CallManager does not provide annunciator resource support for a conference bridge if the media resource group list is assigned directly to the device that controls the conference.


## Conference Bridge Types in Cisco CallManager Administration

The conference bridge types in [Table 21-1](#) exist in Cisco CallManager Administration.

**Table 21-1** Conference Bridge Types

Conference Bridge Type	Description
Cisco Conference Bridge Hardware	<p>This type supports the Cisco Catalyst 4000 and 6000 Voice Gateway Modules and the following number of conference sessions.</p> <p><b>Cisco Catalyst 6000</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• G.711 conference—32 available streams; up to 10 conference sessions with three participants in each conference or one conference session with 32 participants</li> </ul> <p><b>Cisco Catalyst 4000</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• G.711 conference only—24 conference participants; maximum of four conferences with six participants each</li> </ul>

**Table 21-1 Conference Bridge Types (continued)**

<b>Conference Bridge Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
Cisco Conference Bridge Software	<p>Software conference devices support G.711 codecs by default.</p> <p>The maximum number of audio streams for this type equals 128. With 128 streams, a software conference media resource can handle 128 users in a single conference, or the software conference media resource can handle up to 42 conferencing resources with three users per conference.</p> <p>If the Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming Application service runs on a different server than the Cisco CallManager service, a software conference cannot exceed the maximum limit of 128 participants.</p> <p></p> <p><b>Caution</b> If the Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming Application service runs on the same server as the Cisco CallManager service, a software conference should not exceed the maximum limit of 48 participants.</p>
Cisco IOS Conference Bridge	<p>This type, which uses NM-HDV, supports G.711 ulaw conversions to and from G.729a, G.729ab, G.729, G.729b, GSM FR, and GSM EFR codecs for the Cisco VG 200.</p> <p><b>NM-HDV</b></p> <p><b>Tip</b> Maximum number of participants per conference equals six.</p>

**Table 21-1 Conference Bridge Types (continued)**

<b>Conference Bridge Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
Cisco IOS Enhanced Conference Bridge	<p><b>Per NM-HD</b></p> <p>This type, which supports Cisco 2600XM, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745, provides the following number of sessions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• G.711 only conference—24</li> <li>• G.729 conference—6</li> <li>• GSM FR conference—2</li> <li>• GSM EFR conference—1</li> </ul> <p><b>Tip</b> Maximum number of participants per conference equals eight.</p> <p><b>Tip</b> In Cisco CallManager Administration, ensure that you enter the same conference bridge name that exists in the gateway Command Line Interface.</p> <p><b>Per NM-HDV2</b></p> <p>This type, which supports Cisco 2600XM, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745, provides the following number of sessions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• G.711 only conference—50</li> <li>• G.729 conference—32</li> <li>• GSM FR conference—14</li> <li>• GSM EFR conference—10</li> </ul>
Cisco Video Conference Bridge (IPVC-35xx)	<p>This conference bridge type specifies a dual multimedia bridge that provides video conferencing. The Cisco video conference bridge provides audio and video conferencing functions for Cisco IP video phones, H.323 endpoints, and audio-only Cisco IP Phones.</p>

**Table 21-1** Conference Bridge Types (continued)

Conference Bridge Type	Description
Cisco Conference Bridge (WS-SVC-CMM)	<p>This conference bridge type supports the Cisco Catalyst 6500 series and Cisco 7600 series Communication Media Module (CMM).</p> <p>This conference bridge type supports up to eight parties per conference and up to 64 conferences per port adapter. This conference bridge type supports the following codecs: G.711 mu-law, G.711 a-law, G.729 annex A and annex B, and G.723.1. This conference bridge type supports ad hoc conferencing.</p>

## Using Different Types of Conferences: Meet-Me and Ad Hoc

Cisco CallManager supports both meet-me conferences and ad hoc conferences. Meet-Me conferences allow users to dial in to a conference. Ad hoc conferences allow the conference controller to let only certain participants into the conference.

Meet-me conferences require that a range of directory numbers be allocated for exclusive use of the conference. When a meet-me conference is set up, the conference controller chooses a directory number and advertises it to members of the group. The users call the directory number to join the conference. Anyone who calls the directory number while the conference is active joins the conference. (This situation applies only when the maximum number of participants that is specified for that conference type has not been exceeded and when sufficient streams are available on the conference device.)

## Initiating an Ad Hoc Conference Bridge

Initiate ad hoc conferences in two ways:

- Put a call on hold, dial another participant, and conference additional participants.
- Join established calls by using the Select and Join softkeys.

### Using Conference Softkey for Ad Hoc Conference

The conference controller controls ad hoc conferences. When you initiate an ad hoc conference, Cisco CallManager considers you the conference controller. In an ad hoc conference, only a conference controller can add participants to a conference. If sufficient streams are available on the conference device, the conference controller can add up to the maximum number of participants that is specified for ad hoc conferences to the conference. (Configure the maximum number of participants for an ad hoc conference in Cisco CallManager Administration, Cisco CallManager Service Parameters Configuration by using the Maximum Ad Hoc Conference service parameter setting.) Cisco CallManager supports multiple, concurrent ad hoc conferences on each line appearance of a device.

When the conference controller initiates a conference call, Cisco CallManager places the current call on hold, flashes the conference lamp (if applicable), and provides dial tone to the user. At the dial tone, the conference controller dials the next conference participant and, when the user answers, presses Conference softkey again to complete the conference. Cisco CallManager then connects the conference controller, the first participant, and the new conference participant to a conference bridge. Each participant Cisco IP Phone display reflects the connection to the conference.

The conference controller can drop the last conference participant from the conference by pressing the RmLstC softkey on the Cisco IP Phone model 7960 or 7940. If a conference participant transfers the conference to another party, the transferred party becomes the last conference participant in the conference. If a conference participant parks the conference, the participant becomes the last party in the conference when the participant picks up the conference. When only two participants remain in the conference, Cisco CallManager terminates the conference, and the two remaining participants reconnect directly as a point-to-point call.

Participants can leave a conference by simply hanging up. A conference continues even if the conference controller hangs up, although the remaining conference participants cannot add new participants to the conference.

### **Conference by Using Join Softkey**

The user initiates an ad hoc conference by using the Select and Join softkeys. During an established call, the user chooses conference participants by pressing the Select softkey and then presses the Join softkey, making it an ad hoc conference. Up to 15 established calls can be added to the ad hoc conference, for a total of 16 participants. Cisco CallManager treats the ad hoc conference the same way as one that is established by using the Conference softkey method.

### **Conference by Using cBarge**

You can initiate a conference by pressing the cBarge softkey. When cBarge gets pressed, a barge call gets set up by using the shared conference bridge, if available. The original call gets split and then joined at the conference bridge. The call information for all parties gets changed to Conference.

The barged call becomes a conference call with the barge target device as the conference controller. It can add more parties to the conference or can drop any party.

When any party releases from the call, leaving only two parties in the conference, the remaining two parties experience a brief interruption and then get reconnected as a point-to-point call, which releases the shared conference resource.

For more information about shared conferences using cBarge, see [Barge and Privacy](#) in the *Cisco CallManager Features and Services Guide*.

## Ad Hoc Conference Settings

Cisco CallManager Administration provides the clusterwide service parameter, Drop Ad Hoc Conference, so you can choose when to drop an ad hoc conference on the basis of the value that is entered in the Service Parameters Configuration window of Cisco CallManager Administration.

To configure the value of the service parameter, perform the following procedure:

### Procedure

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- Step 1** From Cisco CallManager Administration, choose **Service > Service Parameter**.
- Step 2** From the Server drop-down list box, choose a server in the cluster.
- Step 3** From the Service drop-down list box, choose **Cisco CallManager**.
- Step 4** From the Drop Ad Hoc Conference drop-down list box, choose one of the following options:
- **Never**—The conference is not dropped. (This is the default option.)
  - **When No OnNet Parties Remain in the Conference**—The system drops the active conference when the last on-network party in the conference hangs up or drops out of the conference. Cisco CallManager releases all resources that are assigned to the conference.

For more information about OnNet and OffNet, refer to the [Understanding Cisco CallManager Voice Gateways](#), [Understanding Cisco CallManager Trunk Types](#), and [Understanding Route Plans](#) chapters in the *Cisco CallManager System Guide*.

- **When Conference Creator Drops Out**—The active conference terminates when the primary controller (conference creator) hangs up. Cisco CallManager releases all resources that are assigned to the conference.

**Note**

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If the conference controller transfers, parks, or redirects the conference to another party, the party that retrieves the call acts as the virtual controller for the conference. A virtual controller cannot add new parties to the conference nor remove the last party that was added to the conference, but a virtual controller can transfer, park, or redirect the conference to another party, who would, in turn, become the virtual controller of the conference. When this virtual controller hangs up the call, the conference ends.

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**Step 5** Click **Update**.

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**Note**

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Cisco CallManager does not support multiple options; that is, all conferences will support the same functionality depending on the option that you choose.

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## Initiating a Meet-Me Conference Bridge

Meet-me conferences require that a range of directory numbers be allocated for exclusive use of the conference. When a meet-me conference is set up, the conference controller chooses a directory number and advertises it to members of the group. The users call the directory number to join the conference. Anyone who calls the directory number while the conference is active joins the conference. (This situation applies only when the maximum number of participants that is specified for that conference type has not been exceeded and when sufficient streams are available on the conference device.)

When you initiate a meet-me conference by pressing Meet-Me on the phone, Cisco CallManager considers you the conference controller. The conference controller provides the directory number for the conference to all attendees, who can then dial that directory number to join the conference. If other participants in a meet-me conference press Meet-Me and the same directory number for the conference bridge, the Cisco CallManager ignores the signals.

The conference controller chooses a directory number from the range that is specified for the conference device. The Cisco CallManager Administrator provides the meet-me conference directory number range to users, so they can access the feature.

A conference continues even if the conference controller hangs up.

## Dependency Records

To find out which media resource groups are associated with a conference bridge, click the Dependency Records link that is provided on the Cisco CallManager Administration Conference Bridge Configuration window. The Dependency Records Summary window displays information about media resource groups that are using the conference bridge. To find out more information about the media resource group, click the media resource group, and the Dependency Records Details window displays. If the dependency records are not enabled for the system, the dependency records summary window displays a message.

For more information about Dependency Records, refer to [Accessing Dependency Records](#) in the *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*.

## Conference Bridge Performance Monitoring and Troubleshooting

Microsoft Performance Monitor counters for conference bridges allow you to monitor the number of conferences that are currently registered with the Cisco CallManager but are not currently in use, the number of conferences that are currently in use, the number of times that a conference completed, and the number of times that a conference was requested for a call, but no resources were available.

For more information about performance monitor counters, refer to the *Cisco CallManager Serviceability System Guide* and the *Cisco CallManager Serviceability Administration Guide*.

Cisco CallManager writes all errors for conference bridges to the Event Viewer. In Cisco CallManager Serviceability, you can set traces for the Cisco IP Voice Media Streaming Application service; to troubleshoot most issues, you must choose the Significant or Detail option for the service, not the Error option. After you troubleshoot the issue, change the service option back to the Error option.

Cisco CallManager generates registration and connection alarms for conference bridges in Cisco CallManager Serviceability. For more information on alarms, refer to the *Cisco CallManager Serviceability Administration Guide* and the *Cisco CallManager Serviceability System Guide*.

If you need technical assistance, locate conference bridge logs from C:\Program Files\Cisco\Trace\CMS\cms\*.\* and C:\Program Files\Cisco\Trace\CMM before you contact your Cisco AVVID Partner or the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC).

# Conference Bridge Configuration Checklist

Table 21-2 provides a checklist to configure conference bridge.

**Table 21-2 Conference Bridge Configuration Checklist**

Configuration Steps	Related procedures and topics
<p><b>Step 1</b> Configure the conference device(s).</p>	<p><a href="#">Adding a Software Conference Device</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p> <p><a href="#">Adding a Hardware Conference Device</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p> <p><a href="#">Adding a Cisco IOS Conference Bridge Device</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p> <p><a href="#">Adding a Cisco Video Conference Bridge Device</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p> <p><a href="#">Adding a Cisco Conference Bridge (WS-SVC-CMM) Device</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p>
<p><b>Step 2</b> Configure the Meet-Me Number/Pattern.</p>	<p><a href="#">Meet-Me Number/Pattern Configuration</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p>
<p><b>Step 3</b> Add a Conference button for ad hoc or Meet Me Conference button for the meet-me conference to the phone templates, if needed.</p> <p>You only need to do this for Cisco IP Phone models 12 SP, 12 SP+, and 30 VIP.</p>	<p><a href="#">Modifying Phone Button Templates</a>, <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i></p>

Table 21-2 Conference Bridge Configuration Checklist (continued)

Configuration Steps		Related procedures and topics
<b>Step 4</b>	If users will use the Join softkey to initiate ad hoc conferences, assign the Standard Feature or Standard User softkey templates to the user device.	<a href="#">Modifying Softkey Templates</a> , <i>Cisco CallManager Administration Guide</i>
<b>Step 5</b>	Configure the ad hoc conference settings.	See the “ <a href="#">Ad Hoc Conference Settings</a> ” section on page 21-12.
<b>Step 6</b>	Notify users that the Conference Bridge feature is available.  If applicable, notify users of the meet-me conference number range.	Refer to the phone documentation for instructions on how users access conference bridge features on their Cisco IP Phone.

## Where to Find More Information

### Related Topics

- [Server Configuration](#), *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*
- [Phone Button Template Configuration](#), *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*
- [Cisco IP Phone Configuration](#), *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*
- [Partition Configuration](#), *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*
- [Conference Bridge Configuration](#), *Cisco CallManager Administration Guide*
- [Cisco DSP Resources for Transcoding, Conferencing, and MTP](#), page 25-1

### Additional Cisco Documentation

- *Cisco IP Phone Administration Guide for Cisco CallManager*
- Cisco IP Phone user documentation and release notes (all models)
- *Cisco CallManager Serviceability System Guide*
- *Cisco CallManager Serviceability Administration Guide*
- *Cisco IP/VC 3511 MCU and Cisco IP/VC 3540 MCU Module Administrator Guide*

