



Product Overview

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series Multilayer Fabric Switches provide an intelligent, cost-effective, and small-profile switching platform for small- and medium-sized storage environments. The Cisco MDS 9100 Series also provides full-feature capability with the Cisco MDS 9500 Series multilayer directors for a transparent, end-to-end service delivery in large data-center core-edge deployments.

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series includes four fixed configuration fabric switches:

- The Cisco MDS 9134 Multilayer Fabric Switch is a 32-port 1-, 2-, and 4-Gbps autosensing Fibre Channel and 2-port 10-Gbps switch.
- The Cisco MDS 9124 Multilayer Fabric Switch is a 24-port, 1-, 2-, and 4-Gbps autosensing Fibre Channel port switch.
- The Cisco MDS 9140 is a 40-port Fibre Channel switch.
- The Cisco MDS 9120 is a 20-port Fibre Channel switch.

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series is packaged in compact 1-RU enclosures with redundant hot-swappable power supplies. The Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch also include two hot-swappable fan modules. Management access is provided through 10/100 Ethernet and serial console interfaces.

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series provides the following features:

- High port density at 40, 32, 24, or 20 ports per 1 RU.
- Port interfaces that support field-replaceable, hot-swappable small form-factor pluggable (SFP) transceivers.
- Redundant and hot-swappable power supplies for high availability.
- Hot-swappable fan modules in the Cisco MDS 9140 Switch, Cisco MDS 9134 Switch, and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch.
- Front to back airflow.
- Cisco MDS SAN-OS multilayer intelligent software.
- Full compatibility with the Cisco MDS 9000 Family.

The Cisco MDS 9134 Multilayer Fabric Switch and the Cisco MDS 9124 Multilayer Fabric Switch also provide the following features:

- On-Demand Port activation licensing that provides 8-, 16-, and 24-port configurations in the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch to optimize price and scalability. By default, the first 8 ports on the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch are licensed.
- On-Demand Port activation licensing provides 24 licensed ports by default in the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch. Port capacity can be increased on-site to 32 ports with an additional license. The 10 Gbps ports are also available through an additional license.
- Stacking of the Cisco MDS 9134 Switches by using copper X2 CX4 transceivers to expand up to 64 ports.
- Quick configuration wizard that provides an easy-to-use interface allowing you to quickly enable server access to storage devices.

For a list of features supported on the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch and the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch and for information on how to configure the Cisco MDS 9100 Series, see the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family Fabric Manager Configuration Guide* and the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide*.

This chapter describes hardware information about the Cisco MDS 9100 Series and its components, and it includes the following sections:

- Cisco MDS 9100 Series Multilayer Fabric Switches, page 1-2
- Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter, page 1-5
- Power Supplies, page 1-6
- Fan Modules, page 1-6
- Cisco MDS 9100 Series Ports, page 1-7
- Switch LEDs, page 1-10
- Supported SFP Transceivers, page 1-13

Cisco MDS 9100 Series Multilayer Fabric Switches

This section describes the four Cisco MDS 9100 Series configurations:

- Cisco MDS 9134 Switch, page 1-3
- Cisco MDS 9124 Switch, page 1-4
- Cisco MDS 9140 Switch, page 1-4
- Cisco MDS 9120 Switch, page 1-5

Cisco MDS 9134 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9134 Multilayer Fabric Switch has a total of 32 1-, 2-, and 4-Gbps autosensing Fibre Channel ports, and 2 10-Gbps ports. The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch (see Figure 1-1) features On-Demand Port activation licensing. By default, the first 24 ports are licensed. An additional license is required for the remaining 8 ports. The 2 10-Gbps ports are not licensed by default. They require a separate license.

Two Cisco MDS 9134 Switches can be stacked by using copper CX4 X2 transceivers. By means of the stacked switch configuration, two Cisco MDS 9134 Switches enable 48 ports and/or 64 ports. For information on stacked switch installation, see Installing Cisco MDS 9134 48-Port and 64-Port Stackable Bundles, page 2-21.

Cisco MDS 9134 Multilayer Fabric Switch supports N port identifier virtualization (NPIV). NPIV can assign multiple FC IDs to a single N port. This feature allows multiple applications on the N port to use different identifiers and allows access control, zoning, and port security at the application level. For a list of features supported on the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch, see the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family Fabric Manager Configuration Guide* and the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide*.

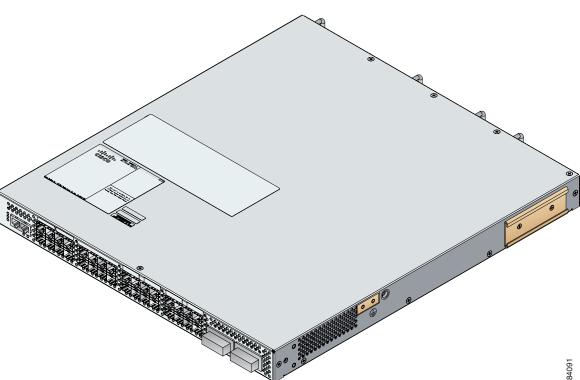
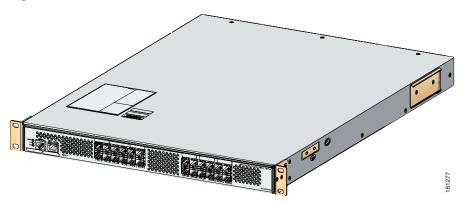


Figure 1-1 Cisco MDS 9134 Switch

Cisco MDS 9124 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9124 Multilayer Fabric Switch has a total of 24 1-, 2-, and 4-Gbps autosensing Fibre Channel ports. The Cisco MDS 9124 Switch features On-Demand Port Licensing. You can activate licensing in 8-port increments with each on-demand port activation license for up to a total of 24 ports. By default, the first 8 ports are licensed. Two additional licenses are required to license all 24 ports. See Figure 1-2.

Figure 1-2 Cisco MDS 9124 Switch



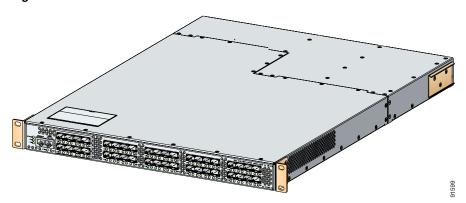
Cisco MDS 9124 Multilayer Fabric Switch supports N port identifier virtualization (NPIV). NPIV can assign multiple FC IDs to a single N port. This feature allows multiple applications on the N port to use different identifiers and allows access control, zoning, and port security at the application level

For a list of features supported on the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch, see the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family Fabric Manager Configuration Guide* and the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide*.

Cisco MDS 9140 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9140 Switch has a total of 40 1/2-Gbps autosensing, optionally configurable ports. The first eight ports on the left-hand side are the bandwidth-optimized ports. They are delineated by a white border. The remaining eight groups of four ports each are the host optimized port groups. See Figure 1-3.

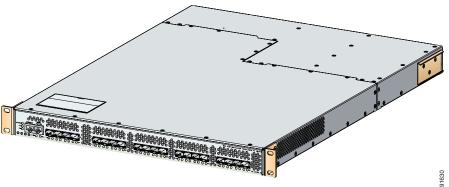
Figure 1-3 Cisco MDS 9140 Switch



Cisco MDS 9120 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9120 Switch has a total of 20 1/2-Gbps autosensing, optionally configurable ports. The first group of four ports on the left-hand side are the bandwidth-optimized ports. They are delineated by a white border. The remaining four groups of four ports each are the host optimized port groups. See Figure 1-4.

Figure 1-4 Cisco MDS 9120 Switch



Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter

The Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter is designed for IBM BladeCenter environments. The Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch is based on the Cisco MDS 9000 Family SAN switching technology, which integrates the Cisco MDS 9000 Family of switches and directors into a blade-switch architecture. The advanced architecture of the Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter, along with 4-GB technology, provides outstanding performance between Bladeswitches and the rest of the Fibre Channel infrastructure.

The Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter provides 4-GB Fibre Channel performance to blade-server switching. It also provides network intelligence features such as virtual SANs (VSANs), quality of service (QoS), and N-port interface virtualization (NPIV). It also offers nondisruptive software upgrades and on-demand port activation and is the most complete embedded Fibre Channel switching available for the IBM BladeCenter, BladeCenter-T, and BladeCenter-H platforms.

The Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter provides up to 20 nonblocking 1-, 2-, and 4-GB Fibre Channel ports that are available in two configurations: 7 internal ports and 3 external ports, or 14 internal ports and 6 external ports. Each port provides line-rate performance up to 4-GB without any performance loss for integrated features such as VSANs, QoS, or Network Address Translation (NAT). The Cisco MDS Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter supports up to 16 VSANs per blade switch.

Each external port on the Cisco MDS FC Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter also provides line-rate performance up to 4-GB for Inter-Switch Links (ISLs) or additional device connectivity such as storage or host bus adapters (HBAs).

The Cisco SAN-OS software provides role-based access control (RBAC) for management access of the Cisco Fibre Channel Bladeswitch for IBM BladeCenter command-line interface (CLI) and Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). For more information, see the *Cisco 9000 Family Command Reference*.

Power Supplies

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series supports dual AC power supplies. Each power supply provides sufficient power to maintain switch operation in the event of a single power supply failure. Power supplies are hot swappable and can be individually replaced without disruption to the system. (See the "Power Specifications" section on page B-2.)



Power supplies for the Cisco 9100 Series look similar but they differ slightly. Be sure to use the correct power supply designated for your Cisco 9100 Series switch. Using an incorrect power supply will not provide redundant power in the case of a power supply failure.

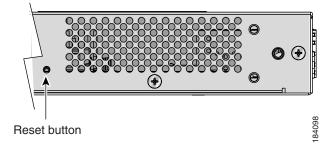
The power supply has two LEDs, AC ok and DC ok. Power supply status is also indicated on a front panel LED.

Procedures for replacing and installing the power supplies are available in the "Removing and Installing Components" section on page 2-26.

The Cisco MDS 9124 Switch includes a front panel reset button that resets the switch without cycling the power.

The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch includes a reset button on the left side of the switch as shown in Figure 1-5.

Figure 1-5 Reset Button on the Side of the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch



Fan Modules

The Cisco MDS 9140 Switch, the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch, and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch support two hot-swappable fan modules that allow the switches to continue to run if a fan module is removed, provided that the preset temperature thresholds have not been exceeded. You can swap out a fan module without having to bring the system down. Each fan module on the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch has two fans. The Cisco MDS 9124 Switch includes three fixed fans and an additional fan in each removable power supply. For normal operation, the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch requires four fans.



The Cisco MDS 9000 Family has internal temperature sensors that are capable of shutting down the system if the temperature at different points within the chassis exceed certain safety thresholds. To be effective, the temperature sensors require the presence of airflow; therefore, in the event a fan module is removed from the chassis, the Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and the Cisco 9120 Switch will shut down after five minutes to prevent potentially undetectable overheating. However, the switches will shut down sooner if the higher-level temperature threshold is exceeded. For normal operation, the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch requires four fans. When fewer than four fans are operating on the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch, the switch will shut down.

Except for the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch, the fan modules each have one Status LED. The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch fan modules do not have a Status LED. Fan module status is also indicated on a front panel LED.

Procedures for replacing and installing the fan modules are available in the "Removing and Installing Components" section on page 2-26.

Cisco MDS 9100 Series Ports

The Cisco MDS 9100 Series provides host, target, and Inter-Switch Link (ISL) connectivity.

Ports on the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch provides up to 32 autosensing and autonegotiating Fibre Channel ports capable of speeds of 1, 2, and 4 Gbps. The first 24 ports are licensed by default. On-Demand Port Activation Licensing allows expansion to 32 ports, with additional ports available as an 8-port group. The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch also offers two 10-Gbps ports. Table 1-1 shows the mapping of ports to port groups.

Table 1-1 Port Group Mapping on the Cisco MDS 9134 Switch

Ports	Port Group
Front panel fc1/1-4	Port group 0
Front panel fc1/5-8	Port group 1
Front panel fc1/9–12	Port group 2
Front panel fc1/13-16	Port group 3
Front panel fc1/17-20	Port group 4
Front panel fc1/21-24	Port group 5
Front panel fc1/25-28	Port group 6
Front panel fc1/29-32	Port group 7
10-Gbps ports	Port group 8 and 9

All 32 4-Gbps ports and 2 10-Gbps ports can operate at line rate concurrently. In addition, the 10-Gbps ports can be activated independently at 24- or 32-port configurations.

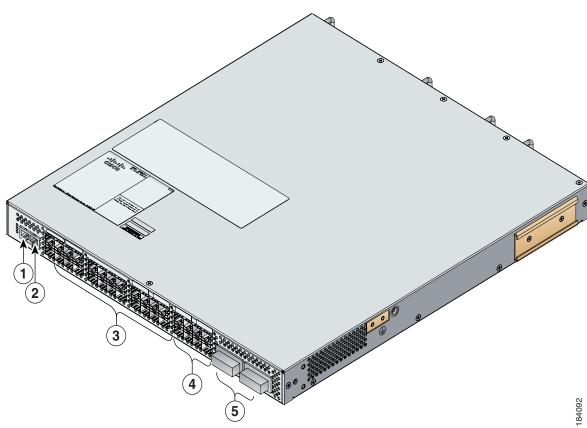
A 64-port switch can be formed by stacking two Cisco MDS 9134 Switches together using a copper CX4 X2 transceiver.

The Cisco MDS 9134 Switch includes hot-swappable SFP interfaces. All SFP interfaces are 1, 2, and 4 Gbps, with autosensing capabilities. Individual ports can be configured with either short- or long-wavelength SFP optics for connectivity up to 860 meters and 10 kilometers, respectively. The two 10-Gbps ports support X2 form factor optics, either copper or optical.

For more information about on-demand port licensing, see the Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide and the Cisco MDS 9000 Family Fabric Manager Configuration Guide.

Figure 1-6 shows the Cisco MDS 9134 ports.

Figure 1-6 Cisco MDS 9134 Ports



1	Console port	4	8 on-demand ports
2	10/100 Ethernet management port	5	2 10-Gbps ports
3	3 24 default licensed ports		

Ports on the Cisco MDS 9124 Switch

The Cisco MDS 9124 Switch has 24 1-, 2-, and 4-Gbps autosensing and autonegotiating Fibre Channel ports with on-demand port activation licensing.

The on-demand ports are licensed in groups of eight. By default, an on-demand license for the first eight ports (ports 1 through 8) is included with the switch. You can transfer that license to other ports on the switch or obtain extra licenses to make more ports on the switch available. You can activate additional ports in 8-port increments with each on-demand port license. To purchase additional on-demand port licenses, contact your customer service representative and refer to Part Number M9124PL8-4G=.

For more information about on-demand port licensing, see the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family CLI Configuration Guide* and the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family Fabric Manager Configuration Guide*. See Figure 1-7.

Figure 1-7 Cisco MDS 9124 Ports

1Console port38 default licensed ports210/100 Ethernet management port416 on-demand ports

Ports on the Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch

On the Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch, bandwidth optimized ports are on the left side of the front panel, surrounded by a white border. These ports are best used for applications requiring very high bandwidth: for example, ISL connections between switches and high-performance host or target controllers. These ports support a sustained data rate of up to 2 Gbps in each direction, on all ports simultaneously.

Host optimized ports are best for all but the most bandwidth intensive connections and are typically used to connect host devices (servers) to the SAN. These ports are organized into four port groups.

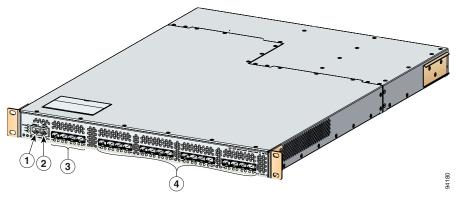
The four ports within a port group share access to a single internal channel resulting in a subscription ratio of approximately 3.2:1.



For full 2-Gbps bandwidth between two devices using host optimized ports, connect one device to the first port group and connect the second device to the second port group.

Only the first port in each four-port group can be an Inter-Switch Link (ISL). If the first port is an ISL, the other three ports in the group are disabled. See Figure 1-8.

Figure 1-8 Cisco MDS 9140 and Cisco MDS 9120 Switch Ports

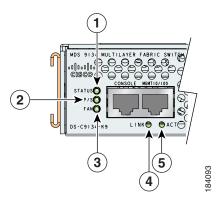


1	Console port	3	Bandwidth optimized switching ports
2	10/100 Ethernet management port	4	Host optimized switching port groups

Switch LEDs

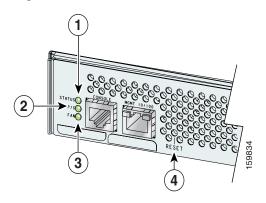
The front panel of the Cisco MDS 9100 Series includes the LEDs shown in Figure 1-9, Figure 1-10, and Figure 1-11. You can use the LEDs on this panel to quickly identify system status.

Figure 1-9 Cisco MDS 9134 Switch LEDs



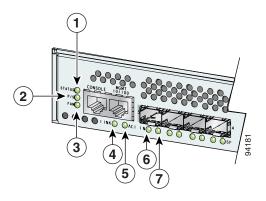
1	Switch status LED	4	10/100 Ethernet management port link LED
2	Power supply LED	5	10/100 Ethernet management port activity LED
3	Fan module status LED		

Figure 1-10 Cisco MDS 9124 Switch LEDs



1	Switch status LED	3	Fan module status LED
2	Power supply LED	4	Reset button

Figure 1-11 Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and Cisco MDS 9120 Switch LEDs



1	Switch status LED	5	10/100 Ethernet management port activity LED
2	Power supply LED	6	Top port link LED
3	Fan module status LED	7	Bottom port link LED
4	10/100 Ethernet management port link LED		

Table 1-2 describes the front panel LEDs for the Cisco MDS 9100 Series.

Table 1-2 Switching Module LEDs

LED	Status	Description	
Switch status	Green	All diagnostics pass. The module is operational (normal initialization sequence).	
	Orange	The module is booting or running diagnostics (normal initialization sequence).	
		Switch temperature is high. (A minor threshold was exceeded during environmental monitoring.)	
	Red	The diagnostic test failed. The module is not operational because a fault occurred during the initialization sequence.	
		Switch overheated. (A major threshold was exceeded during environmental monitoring.)	
Power supply	Green	Both power supplies are working.	
status	Orange	One power supply has failed or has been removed.	
	Red or all LEDs off	Both power supplies have failed.	
Fan module	Green	Both fan modules are working properly.	
status	Orange	One of the fan modules has failed.	
	Red	Both fan modules have failed.	
Management Intermittent Traffic is on the management port link flashing green		Traffic is on the management port.	
Management	Green	Management port is active.	
port activity	Red	Management port is not active.	
Port speed	On	2-Gbps mode.	
	Off	1-Gbps mode.	
Port link	Solid green	Link is up.	
	Steady flashing green	Link is up (beacon used to identify port). ¹	
	Intermittent flashing green	Link is up (traffic on port).	
	Solid orange	Link is disabled by software.	
	Flashing orange	A fault condition exists.	

The flashing green light turns on automatically when an external loopback is detected that causes the interfaces to be isolated.
 The flashing green light overrides the beacon mode configuration. The state of the LED is restored to reflect the beacon mode configuration after the external loopback is removed.

Supported SFP Transceivers

The following types of SFP transceivers are available from Cisco Systems and are supported on the Cisco MDS 9100 Series:

- Fibre Channel SFP transceivers, in either short wavelength (SWL) or long wavelength (LWL)
- Combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet SFP transceivers, in either SWL or LWL
- Combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet course wavelength division multiplexers (CWDM)
 SFP transceivers, which can be used for extended long wavelength (ELWL) transmission or for
 CWDM



Switches running Cisco MDS SAN-OS Release 1.1(1a) or later support combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet SFP transceivers.

SFP transceivers are field-replaceable. You can use any combination of SFP transceivers that are supported by the switch. The only restrictions are that SWL transceivers must be paired with SWL transceivers, and LWL transceivers with LWL transceivers, and the cable must not exceed the stipulated cable length for reliable communications.

For the list of supported SFP transceivers, see the *Cisco MDS 9000 Family Release Notes*. For more information about a specific Cisco SFP transceiver, see the "SFP Transceiver Specifications" section on page B-4. SFP transceivers can be ordered separately or with the Cisco MDS 9100 Series.



Use only Cisco SFP transceivers on the Cisco MDS 9100 Series. Each Cisco SFP transceiver is encoded with model information that enables the switch to verify that the SFP transceiver meets the requirements for the switch.

Fibre Channel SFP Transceivers

Cisco Fibre Channel SFP transceivers are available in SWL or LWL versions. Both versions are 1-Gbps/2-Gbps capable. The Cisco MDS 9124 Switch supports 4-Gbps Fibre Channel SFP transceivers.

Cisco Fibre Channel SFP transceivers have LC connectors and comply with 1-, 2-, and 4 Gbps Fibre Channel standards as defined in FC-PI 10.0 2.

Transmission ranges for 2 Gbps are as follows:

- Long wavelength: Up to 6.2 miles (10 km) on 9-micron single-mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 328 yards (300 m) on 50-micron multi-mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 164 yards (150 m) on 62.5-micron multi-mode fiber

Transmission ranges for 4 Gbps are as follows:

- Long wavelength: Up to 6.2 miles (10 km) on 9-micron single-mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 546 yards (500 m) on 50-micron multi-mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 328 yards (300 m) on 62.5-micron multi-mode fiber

For transceiver specifications, see Appendix C, "Cable and Port Specifications."

Combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet SFP Transceivers

The combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet SFP transceivers from Cisco Systems are available in SWL or LWL versions for the Cisco MDS 9140 Switch and the Cisco MDS 9120 Switch. Both versions are 1-Gbps and 2-Gbps capable.

The combination SFP transceivers from Cisco Systems have LC connectors and comply with 1-Gbps and 2-Gbps Fibre Channel as defined in FC-PI 10.0 2 and Gigabit Ethernet as defined in IEEE 802.3z.

Transmission ranges are as follows:

- Long wavelength: Up to 6.2 miles (10 km) on 9-micron single mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 328 yards (300 m) on 50-micron multi-mode fiber
- Short wavelength: Up to 164 yards (150 m) on 62.5-micron multi-mode fiber

For transceiver specifications, see Appendix C, "Cable and Port Specifications."

CWDM Combination Fibre Channel/Gigabit Ethernet SFP Transceivers

All Fibre Channel and Gigabit Ethernet ports in the Cisco MDS 9100 Series support CWDM SFP transceivers.

The Cisco CWDM SFP transceivers have LC connectors and support both Gigabit Ethernet and Fibre Channel (1-Gbps / 2-Gbps). They match the wavelength plan of Cisco CWDM GBICs and Cisco CWDM optical add/drop multiplexers (OADMs).

CWDM SFP transceivers can be used in two ways:

- CWDM transmission can send and receive up to eight laser wavelengths carrying different signals simultaneously on the same optical fiber, using an OADM.
- ELWL signals can transmit over longer distances than LWL SFP transceivers.

There are eight different "colors" of CWDM SFP transceivers, one for each fixed wavelength. The fiber optic cables from the CWDM SFP transceivers must be connected to an OADM, which combines the wavelengths of the different outgoing signals into one composite send signal, and separates the received transmissions into the different wavelengths and sends them to the corresponding CWDM SFP transceiver.

For detailed transceiver specifications, see Appendix C, "Cable and Port Specifications."