



Installing and Upgrading Cisco Video Surveillance Virtual Matrix (VSVM)

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System Requirements

This section describes the requirements of the server and client systems on which you install VSVM.

The server must meet the following minimum requirements:

- Hardware
 - Intel Celeron or Pentium, 1.7 GHz
 - 1 GB DRAM
 - 10 GB hard disk
- Operating System (one of the following):
 - Red Hat Enterprise 4 Update 2 (RHEL4)
 - SuSE Enterprise 9 Service Pack 3 (SLES9-SP3)
 - SuSE Enterprise 10 Service Pack 1 (SLES10-SP1)
 - SuSE Enterprise 10 Service Pack 1 64-bit (SLES10-SP1-64)

A client PC must meet the following minimum requirements:

- Hardware
 - 1.7 GHz Pentium III if running 1 video window
 - 1.7 GHz Pentium 4 if running 2 video windows
 - 3.2 GHz Pentium 4 with hyperthreading enabled if running 4 video windows
 - 1 GB DRAM
 - ATI or Nvidia DirectX 9 compatible graphics interface. The graphics interface and Drivers must support DirectX Acceleration, Direct3D Acceleration, and AGP texture acceleration and have at least 128 MB of video memory.
- Operating system:
 - Microsoft Windows XP SP2 (32-bit)
- Software:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0
 - Microsoft DirectX 9.0c

Installation Notes

- Licenses are no longer required for Cisco Video Surveillance Operations Manager (VSOM), Cisco Video Surveillance Media Server (VSMS), and VSVM.
- On the Cisco Video Surveillance Management Console (VSMC) you can set the default server home page to VSMC or VSOM.
- The Pegasus MJPEG video decoder is installed automatically with the VSVM client.
- Cisco recommends that you use NTP source to maintain the correct time on the server. Configuring NTP should be done before video recording is configured. The hardware clock should be set to use UTC time and the appropriate time zone for the server. If you are using SUSE, you can use YaST to configure the server time.
- The performance of client devices can vary depending on client configuration and applications.

Obtaining VSVM Software

The VSVM software is available from

<http://tools.cisco.com/support/downloads/pub/Redirect.x?mdfid=281550158>

You must log in to the Cisco website to access the software. Select the Cisco Video Surveillance Operations Manager software version for the appropriate for your Linux version.

Installing VSVM

Copy the downloaded .zip file with the VSVM software to the server and then follow these steps:

Procedure

- Step 1** Extract the contents of the downloaded .zip file. Cisco recommends that you create a directory for the extracted contents.

```
shell> mkdir vsvm-6.2.1
shell> unzip Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx-xxxxx.zip -d vsvm-6.2.1
```

- Step 2** Verify that all files are present:

```
shell> cd vsvm-6.2.1
shell> ls -l
Cisco_VSBase-6.2.1-xx-xxxx-i586.rpm
Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx.i586.rpm
Cisco_VSTools-6.2.1-noarch.rpm
```

- Step 3** Install each of VSVM .rpm file:

```
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSBase-6.2.1-xx-xxxx-i586.rpm
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx-xxxx-i586.rpm
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSTools-6.2.1-noarch.rpm
```

Configuring VSVM

After you install VSVM, perform the following steps to use the Management Console (VSMC) to set repositories for archives, clips and events. The VSMC authentication information is:

```
Userid: root
password: secur4u
```

Procedure

- Step 1** Open a web browser from a Windows PC and enter `http://<server name/IP address>/vsmc.html`.
 - Step 2** Click the Virtual Matrix link to access the VSVM configuration. You are prompted to authenticate.
 - Step 3** Click **Update**.
 - Step 4** Click **Restart Server, Restart Now, and Verify**.
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Upgrading VSVM

To upgrade VSVM, follow these steps:

Procedure

- Step 1** Extract the contents of the downloaded .zip file. Cisco recommends that you create a directory for the extracted contents.

```
shell> mkdir vsvm-6.2.1
shell> unzip Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx-xxxxx-spl.zip -d vsvm-6.2.1
```

- Step 2** Verify that all files are present:

```
shell> cd vsvm-6.2.1
shell> ls -l
Cisco_VSBase-6.2.1-xx-xxxx-i586.rpm
Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx.i586.rpm
```

```
Cisco_VSTools-6.2.1-noarch.rpm
```

Step 3 Stop the VSVM service:

```
shell> /etc/init.d/cisco stop
```

Step 4 VSDrivers must be removed prior to uninstalling Cisco_VSVM. Uninstall all previous MS modules including some (but not all) of the following based on the previously installed version:

```
shell> rpm -e Cisco_VSTools
shell> rpm -e Cisco_VSVM
shell> rpm -e Cisco_VSBase
```

If VSOM is installed you may get an error message when uninstalling the Cisco_VSBase package; to uninstall the Cisco_VSBase package run

```
shell> rpm -e Cisco_VSBase --nodeps
```

This will leave the VSOM module installed.

Step 5 Run the following commands in the following order:

```
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSBase-6.2.1-xx-xxxxx-i586.rpm
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSVM-6.2.1-xx-xxxxx-i586.rpm
shell> rpm -ivh Cisco_VSTools-6.2.1-noarch.rpm
```
