



Troubleshooting the Installation

This appendix provides troubleshooting information for Essentials installation and setup. It contains these sections:

- Understanding Installation Messages
- Installing Syslog Analysis
- Failure to Delete a Package During Uninstallation
- Accessing the CiscoWorks2000 Server
- Viewing Process Status
- Browser Problems
- Improving Server Performance

Logging In After Upgrading

If the Login Manager dialog box on the CiscoWorks2000 desktop does not appear correctly when you try to log in for the first time after upgrading, clear your browser cache as follows, then reenter the server URL in your browser.

Wait for a few seconds after the server starts before logging in. If you have trouble logging in, use the “Reload” button on your browser.

Microsoft Internet Explorer

-
- Step 1** Select **Tools > Internet Options**. The Internet Options dialog box appears.

Understanding Installation Messages

- Step 2** Select the **General** tab.
- Step 3** Click **Delete Files**, then click **OK** in the Delete Files dialog box.
-

Netscape Navigator

- Step 1** Select **Edit > Preferences**. The Preferences dialog box appears.
- Step 2** Select **Advanced > Cache**.
- Step 3** Click **Clear Memory Cache**, then click **OK** in the Memory Cache dialog box.
- Step 4** Click **Clear Disk Cache**, then click **OK** in the Disk Cache dialog box.
-

Understanding Installation Messages

The messages that might appear during installation are:

- Information messages, which give you important details
- Warning messages, which tell you that something might be wrong with a particular process, but the process will complete
- Error messages, which tell you that a particular process could not complete

All messages that appear during installation are logged in the `/var/tmp/ciscoinstall.log` file.

Table A-1 shows messages that might occur during installation and describes their reasons.

Table A-1 *Installation Messages*

Message	Reason for Message	User Action
Base package did not install. Exiting.	Installation program cannot install a required package.	Contact your technical support representative.
Cannot backup /etc/services, no change will be made.	Installation program cannot make a copy of /etc/services before modifying it.	Make sure there is enough space in /tmp.

Table A-1 Installation Messages (continued)

Message	Reason for Message	User Action
Cannot change ownership of library. Exiting.	Installation program cannot write to product root directory.	Check the permissions on the directory you specified.
Cannot create <i>directory</i> .	Installation program cannot write to the directory you specified.	Check the permissions on the directory you specified.
Cannot create symlink: ln -s <i>root</i> /opt/CSCOpX.	Installation program cannot create a link from /opt/CSCOpX to the product root directory you specified.	Contact your technical support representative.
Cannot determine the Essentials version.	Installation disk is corrupted.	Contact your technical support representative.
Cannot determine the version of <i>product</i> .	Installation program cannot determine product version.	Contact your technical support representative.
Cannot make list of packages for installation.	Installation suffered a major failure.	Contact your technical support representative.
Cannot upgrade.	Upgrade failed.	Contact your technical support representative.
Copy <i>setupdir</i> to <i>nmsroot</i> failed.	Installation program could not write to product root directory.	Check the permissions on the root.
Installation in progress.	You are already running an installation on this machine.	Run only one installation program at a time.
Missing file <i>file</i> .	Installation program cannot find a file.	Contact your technical support representative.
No Syslog facility is available.	No available Syslog facilities.	Make one of the facilities available.
Not enough disk space: <i>root</i> .	File system has insufficient space to load Essentials.	Make at least 4 GB of disk space available on the partition on which you install Essentials.

Table A-1 *Installation Messages (continued)*

Message	Reason for Message	User Action
Package verification failed: <i>pkg</i> aborting.	While loading packages, one loaded incorrectly.	Contact your technical support representative.
Syslog is not running.	Installation program cannot start syslogd on this machine.	Restart syslogd.
The components have dependency errors.	Installation program suffered a major failure.	Contact your technical support representative.
User must be root.	You must be root to install.	Log in as root and enter the correct password.
User casuser appears in /usr/lib/cron/at.deny. Software Image Manager requires casuser to be able to run at. Contact your local technical support representative to edit the file /usr/lib/cron/at.deny and remove the entry for casuser. User casuser appears in /usr/lib/cron/cron.deny. Software Image Manager requires casuser to be able to run crontab. Contact your local technical support representative to edit the file /usr/lib/cron/cron.deny and remove the entry for casuser.	Software Management requires that the user casuser be allowed to use at and cron.	Edit the relevant files to allow the user casuser to use at and cron. For details, see “Allowing the User casuser to Use at and cron” section on page 2-27.
Wrong OS.	Operating system is not Solaris or not a supported version of Solaris.	Make sure you are running Solaris 2.6 or 2.7.

Installing Syslog Analysis

If the Essentials installation fails during Syslog Analysis installation, make sure you do not have the Cisco DNS/DHCP Manager (CDDM) installed on the same machine as Essentials. CDDM, which can be downloaded from CCO, provides syslog and TFTP daemons as part of its product. You cannot run CDDM Syslog

or TFTP on the same machine as Essentials because they are not compatible. Make sure the server on which you install Essentials is not running CDDM Syslog or TFTP.

**Warning**

The `tftp` directory `'/tftpboot'` appears to be NFS mounted. Using NFS directories often increases the software transfer time and may cause a failure during distribution of the software to the device. Contact your local technical support representative to make `'/tftpboot'` a local directory.

Failure to Delete a Package During Uninstallation

If you try to remove Essentials but the uninstallation program fails to delete a package, try running the uninstall program again. Several circumstances can cause a package to remain after uninstallation. Usually, running the uninstall program again removes the package.

Accessing the CiscoWorks2000 Server

The CiscoWorks2000 Server uses port 1741 by default. This port is normally used by web servers. If you receive an error message that an existing web server is already configured to run on port 1741, and the alternative port is used instead, verify that you entered the correct URL for the server:

```
http://server_name:port_number
```

where `server_name` is the name of the machine where CiscoWorks2000 was installed, and `port_number` is the alternative port on which CiscoWorks2000 is installed if port 1741 is in use.

Verify the Server Is Running

To make sure your server is running, enter:

```
ping server_name
```

Proxy Server Problems

If you get a message that the server is “alive,” and get a proxy error when you try to connect to the server, make sure the proxy is set up correctly.

You will get proxy errors if both these conditions are true:

- Your server is configured to use a proxy server outside the firewall.
- You configured the proxy to ignore requests to a certain machine, set of machines, or domain.

You should specify a proxy server in Netscape Navigator under **Edit > Preferences > Advanced > Proxies** and in Internet Explorer under **Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings**.

Your proxy is set up incorrectly if:

- You receive an error message that you are using a proxy outside the firewall.
- The proxy server recognizes www-int as an internal server, so it does not proxy requests to that server.
- You set up a new internal server, www-nms, but when you make a request to the proxy server, it does not recognize www-nms as an internal server and proxies the request.
- The proxy server outside the firewall tries to request data from a server inside the firewall, and the request is blocked.
- You get a “Connection Refused” error from the proxy server.

Daemon Manager Not Running

If the Daemon Manager is not running, CiscoWorks2000 cannot run. When you install or uninstall CiscoWorks2000, the Daemon Manager is temporarily stopped and then restarted. If the install or uninstall process is interrupted, the Daemon Manager might remain in the stopped state.



Note

Wait a few seconds after the server starts before logging in. If you have trouble logging in, use the “Reload” button on your browser.

To start or stop the Daemon Manager:

-
- Step 1** Log in as root.
- Step 2** Open a shell window.
- Step 3** Start the server by entering
- ```
/etc/init.d/dmgttd start
```
- Step 4** Stop the server by entering
- ```
# /etc/init.d/dmgttd stop
```
-

Viewing Process Status

You can check back-end server process failures by selecting **Server Configuration > Administration > Process Management > Process Status**. Only users with administrator privileges can start and stop processes. For details, refer to *Getting Started with the CiscoWorks2000 Server*.

Browser Problems

If the desktop buttons do not work, Java and JavaScript are not enabled. Make sure you enable Java and JavaScript.

Make sure the browser cache is not set to zero.

Do not resize the browser window while the desktop main page is loading. This can cause a Java error.

For more information about setting up browsers, refer to *Installing and Setting Up CD One on Solaris*.

Improving Server Performance

To improve system performance for Essentials:

- Reduce the number of managed devices polled by Availability.
- Increase the interval used by Availability to poll managed devices.
- Reduce the number of syslog messages saved to the CiscoWorks2000 database.
- Increase the interval used by Configuration Management to collect information about managed devices.