

service cdma pdsn

To enable PDSN service, use the **service cdma pdsn** command in global configuration mode. To disable PDSN service, use the **no** form of this command.

service cdma pdsn

no service cdma pdsn

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Global Configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Usage Guidelines This command must be configured to enable CDMA PDSN on the router.

Examples The following example enables PDSN service:

```
service cdma pdsn
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cdma pdsn pcf brief	Displays a table of all PCFs that have R-P tunnels to the PDSN.
	show cdma pdsn session	Displays PDSN session information.

show cdma pdsn

To display the status and current configuration of the PDSN gateway, use the **show cdma pdsn** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
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Defaults	No default keywords or arguments.
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Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples	The following example shows output from the show cdma pdsn command:
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7200-c5 image:

```
PRG5-7206-PDSN#show cdma pdsn
PDSN software version 1.2, service is enabled

A11 registration-update timeout 1 sec, retransmissions 5
Mobile IP registration timeout 300 sec
A10 maximum lifetime allowed 1800 sec
GRE sequencing is on
Maximum PCFs limit not set
Maximum sessions limit not set (default 8000 maximum)  <<<<<< changed
SNMP failure history table size 10
MSID Authentication is disabled
Ingress address filtering is disabled
Sending Agent Adv in case of IPCP Address Negotiation  is disabled
Aging of idle users disabled

Number of pcfs connected 0
Number of sessions connected 0,
  Simple IP flows 0, Mobile IP flows 0,
  Proxy Mobile IP flows 0
```

7200-c6 image

```
PRG5-7206-PDSN#sho cdma pdsn
PDSN software version 1.2, service is enabled

A11 registration-update timeout 1 sec, retransmissions 5
Mobile IP registration timeout 300 sec
```

show cdma pdsn

```
A10 maximum lifetime allowed 1800 sec
GRE sequencing is on
Maximum PCFs limit not set
Maximum sessions limit not set (default 20000 maximum) <<<< changed
SNMP failure history table size 10
MSID Authentication is disabled
Ingress address filtering is disabled
Sending Agent Adv in case of IPCP Address Negotiation is disabled
Aging of idle users disabled

Number of pcfs connected 0
Number of sessions connected 0,
  Simple IP flows 0, Mobile IP flows 0,
  Proxy Mobile IP flows 0
```

show cdma pdsn accounting

To display the accounting information for all sessions and the corresponding flows, use the **show cdma pdsn accounting** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Usage Guidelines The counter names appear in abbreviated format.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn accounting** command:

```
PDSN-6500#sh cdma pdsn accounting
UDR for session
session ID: 12
Mobile Station ID IMSI 123451234512357

A - A1:123451234512357
C - ' 'C3:0
D - D3:4.0.0.11 D4:000000000000
E - E1:0000
F - F1:00F1 F2:00F2 F5:00F5 F6:F6 F7:F7 F8:F8 F9:F9 F10:FA F14:00
G - G3:0 G8:0 G9:0 G10:0 G11:0 G12:0 G13:0 G14:655 G15:408 G16:378
I - I1:0 I4:0
Y - Y2:12

UDR for flow
Mobile Node IP address 15.0.0.3
B - B1:15.0.0.3 B2:mwts-mip-p1-user121@ispxyz.com
C - ' 'C2:36
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:02 F12:01 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906326
Packets- in:0 out:0

UDR for flow
Mobile Node IP address 15.0.0.4

B - B1:15.0.0.4 B2:mwts-mip-p1-user122@ispxyz.com
```

■ show cdma pdsn accounting

```

C - ' 'C2:37
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:02 F12:01 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906326
Packets- in:0 out:0

```

UDR for flow

Mobile Node IP address 15.0.0.5

```

B - B1:15.0.0.5 B2:mwts-mip-pl-user123@ispxyz.com
C - ' 'C2:38
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:02 F12:01 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906326
Packets- in:0 out:0

```

UDR for session

session ID: 2

Mobile Station ID IMSI 000000000003

```

A - A1:000000000003
C - ' 'C3:0
D - D3:4.0.0.1 D4:000000000000
E - E1:0000
F - F1:00F1 F2:00F2 F5:00F5 F6:F6 F7:F7 F8:F8 F9:F9 F10:FA F14:00
G - G3:0 G8:0 G9:0 G10:0 G11:0 G12:0 G13:0 G14:201 G15:0 G16:0
I - I1:0 I4:0
Y - Y2:2

```

UDR for flow

Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.5

```

B - B1:6.0.0.5 B2:mwt10-sip-user1
C - ' 'C2:39
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:01 F12:00 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906826
Packets- in:0 out:0

```

UDR for session

session ID: 3

Mobile Station ID IMSI 000000000004

```

A - A1:000000000004
C - ' 'C3:0
D - D3:4.0.0.1 D4:000000000000
E - E1:0000
F - F1:00F1 F2:00F2 F5:00F5 F6:F6 F7:F7 F8:F8 F9:F9 F10:FA F14:00
G - G3:0 G8:0 G9:0 G10:0 G11:0 G12:0 G13:0 G14:241 G15:0 G16:0
I - I1:0 I4:0
Y - Y2:3

```

UDR for flow

Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.14

```

B - B1:6.0.0.14 B2:mwt10-sip-user1
C - ' 'C2:40
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:01 F12:00 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906826
Packets- in:0 out:0

```

PDSN-6500#

show cdma pdsn accounting detail

To display accounting information for all sessions and the corresponding flows, and to display the counter names (along with the abbreviated names), use the **show cdma pdsn accounting detail** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting detail

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn accounting detail** command:

```
PDSN-6500#sh cdma pdsn accounting detail
UDR for session
session ID: 12
Mobile Station ID IMSI 123451234512357

Mobile Station ID (A1) IMSI 123451234512357
Session Continue (C3) ' ' 0
Serving PCF (D3) 4.0.0.11 Base Station ID (D4) 000000000000
User Zone (E1) 0000
Forward Mux Option (F1) 241 Reverse Mux Option (F2) 242
Service Option (F5) 245 Forward Traffic Type (F6) 246
Reverse Traffix type (F7) 247 Fundamental Frame size (F8) 248
Forward Fundamental RC (F9) 249 Reverse Fundamntal RC (F10) 250
DCCH Frame Format (F14) 0
Bad PPP Frame Count (G3) 0 Active Time (G8) 0
Number of Active Transitions (G9) 0
SDB Octet Count Terminating (G10) 0
SDB Octet Count Originating (G11) 0
Number of SDBs Terminating (G12) 0
Number of SDBs Originating G13 0
Number of HDLC Layer Bytes Received (G14) 655
In-Bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G15) 408
Out-bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G16) 378
IP Quality of Service (I1) 0
Airlink Quality of Service (I4) 0
R-P Session ID (Y2) 12

UDR for flow
Mobile Node IP address 15.0.0.3
```

show cdma pdsn accounting detail

```

    IP Address (B1) 15.0.0.3, Network Access Identifier (B2)
mwt5-mip-pl-user121@ispxyz.com
    Correlation ID (C2) ' ' 36
    MIP Home Agent (D1) 0.0.0.0
    IP Technology (F11) 02 Compulsory Tunnel indicator (F12) 01
    Release Indicator (F13) 00
    Data Octet Count Terminating (G1) 0
    Data Octet Count Originating (G2) 0 Event Time G4:1023906326
    Packets- in:0 out:0

UDR for session
session ID: 2
Mobile Station ID IMSI 000000000003

    Mobile Station ID (A1) IMSI 000000000003
    Session Continue (C3) ' ' 0
    Serving PCF (D3) 4.0.0.1 Base Station ID (D4) 000000000000
    User Zone (E1) 0000
    Forward Mux Option (F1) 241 Reverse Mux Option (F2) 242
    Service Option (F5) 245 Forward Traffic Type (F6) 246
    Reverse Traffix type (F7) 247 Fundamental Frame size (F8) 248
    Forward Fundamental RC (F9) 249 Reverse Fundamntal RC (F10) 250
    DCCH Frame Format (F14) 0
    Bad PPP Frame Count (G3) 0 Active Time (G8) 0
    Number of Active Transitions (G9) 0
    SDB Octet Count Terminating (G10) 0
    SDB Octet Count Originating (G11) 0
    Number of SDBs Terminating (G12) 0
    Number of SDBs Originating G13 0
    Number of HDLC Layer Bytes Received (G14) 201
    In-Bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G15) 0
    Out-bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G16) 0
    IP Quality of Service (I1) 0
    Airlink Quality of Service (I4) 0
    R-P Session ID (Y2) 2

UDR for flow
    Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.5

    IP Address (B1) 6.0.0.5, Network Access Identifier (B2)
mwt10-sip-user1
    Correlation ID (C2) ' ' 39
    MIP Home Agent (D1) 0.0.0.0
    IP Technology (F11) 01 Compulsory Tunnel indicator (F12) 00
    Release Indicator (F13) 00
    Data Octet Count Terminating (G1) 0
    Data Octet Count Originating (G2) 0 Event Time G4:1023906826
    Packets- in:0 out:0

UDR for session
session ID: 3
Mobile Station ID IMSI 000000000004

    Mobile Station ID (A1) IMSI 000000000004
    Session Continue (C3) ' ' 0
    Serving PCF (D3) 4.0.0.1 Base Station ID (D4) 000000000000
    User Zone (E1) 0000
    Forward Mux Option (F1) 241 Reverse Mux Option (F2) 242
    Service Option (F5) 245 Forward Traffic Type (F6) 246
    Reverse Traffix type (F7) 247 Fundamental Frame size (F8) 248
    Forward Fundamental RC (F9) 249 Reverse Fundamntal RC (F10) 250
    DCCH Frame Format (F14) 0
    Bad PPP Frame Count (G3) 0 Active Time (G8) 0
    Number of Active Transitions (G9) 0

```

```

SDB Octet Count Terminating (G10) 0
SDB Octet Count Originating (G11) 0
Number of SDBs Terminating (G12) 0
Number of SDBs Originating G13 0
Number of HDLC Layer Bytes Received (G14) 241
In-Bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G15) 0
Out-bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G16) 0
IP Quality of Service (I1) 0
Airlink Quality of Service (I4) 0
R-P Session ID (Y2) 3

UDR for flow
  Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.14

  IP Address (B1) 6.0.0.14, Network Access Identifier (B2)
mwt10-sip-user1
  Correlation ID (C2) ' ' 40
  MIP Home Agent (D1) 0.0.0.0
  IP Technology (F11) 01 Compulsory Tunnel indicator (F12) 00
  Release Indicator (F13) 00
  Data Octet Count Terminating (G1) 0
  Data Octet Count Originating (G2) 0 Event Time G4:1023906826
  Packets- in:0 out:0

PDSN-6500#

```

show cdma pdsn accounting session

To display the accounting information for the session identified by the msid, and the accounting information for the flows tied to the session, use the **show cdma pdsn accounting session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting session *msid*

Syntax Description	msid	The ID number of the mobile subscriber.
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Defaults	No default keywords or arguments.
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Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Usage Guidelines	The counter names appear in abbreviated format.
------------------	---

Examples	The following example shows output from the show cdma pdsn accounting session command:
----------	---

```
PDSN-6500#show cdma pdsn accounting session 000000000004
UDR for session
session ID: 3
Mobile Station ID IMSI 000000000004

  A - A1:000000000004
  C - ' 'C3:0
  D - D3:4.0.0.1 D4:000000000000
  E - E1:0000
  F - F1:00F1 F2:00F2 F5:00F5 F6:F6 F7:F7 F8:F8 F9:F9 F10:FA F14:00
  G - G3:0 G8:0 G9:0 G10:0 G11:0 G12:0 G13:0 G14:241 G15:0 G16:0
  I - I1:0 I4:0
  Y - Y2:3

UDR for flow
Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.14

  B - B1:6.0.0.14 B2:mwt10-sip-user1
  C - ' 'C2:40
  D - D1:0.0.0.0
  F - F11:01 F12:00 F13:00
  G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906826
  Packets- in:0 out:0
PDSN-6500#
```

show cdma pdsn accounting session detail

To display the accounting information (with counter names) for the session identified by the msid, and the accounting information for the flows tied to the session, use the **show cdma pdsn accounting session detail** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting session *msid* detail

Syntax Description	msid	The ID number of the mobile subscriber.
---------------------------	-------------	---

Defaults	No default keywords or arguments.
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
----------------------	-----------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Usage Guidelines	The counter names appear in abbreviated format.
-------------------------	---

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn accounting session** command:

```
PDSN-6500#sh cdma pdsn accounting session 00000000004 detail
UDR for session
session ID: 3
Mobile Station ID IMSI 00000000004

Mobile Station ID (A1) IMSI 00000000004
Session Continue (C3) ' ' 0
Serving PCF (D3) 4.0.0.1 Base Station ID (D4) 000000000000
User Zone (E1) 0000
Forward Mux Option (F1) 241 Reverse Mux Option (F2) 242
Service Option (F5) 245 Forward Traffic Type (F6) 246
Reverse Traffix type (F7) 247 Fundamental Frame size (F8) 248
Forward Fundamental RC (F9) 249 Reverse Fundamntal RC (F10) 250
DCCH Frame Format (F14) 0
Bad PPP Frame Count (G3) 0 Active Time (G8) 0
Number of Active Transitions (G9) 0
SDB Octet Count Terminating (G10) 0
SDB Octet Count Originating (G11) 0
Number of SDBs Terminating (G12) 0
Number of SDBs Originating G13 0
Number of HDLC Layer Bytes Received (G14) 241
In-Bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G15) 0
Out-bound Mobile IP Signalling Octet Count (G16) 0
IP Quality of Service (I1) 0
Airlink Quality of Service (I4) 0
```

show cdma pdsn accounting session detail

```
R-P Session ID (Y2) 3

UDR for flow
  Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.14

  IP Address (B1) 6.0.0.14, Network Access Identifier (B2)
mwt10-sip-user1
  Correlation ID (C2) ' ' 40
  MIP Home Agent (D1) 0.0.0.0
  IP Technology (F11) 01 Compulsory Tunnel indicator (F12) 00
  Release Indicator (F13) 00
  Data Octet Count Terminating (G1) 0
  Data Octet Count Originating (G2) 0 Event Time G4:1023906826
  Packets- in:0 out:0

PDSN-6500#
```

show cdma pdsn accounting session flow

To display the accounting information for a specific flow that is associated with the session identified by the msid, use the **show cdma pdsn accounting session flow** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting session *msid* flow { mn-ip-address *IP_address* }

Syntax Description	msid	The ID number of the mobile subscriber.
	mn-ip-address <i>ip_address</i>	Specifies the IP addresses assigned to the mobile numbers in each session.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Usage Guidelines The counter names appear in abbreviated format.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn accounting session flow** command:

```
PDSN-6500#show cdma pdsn accounting session 00000000004 flow
mn-ip-address 6.0.0.14
  UDR for flow
    Mobile Node IP address 6.0.0.14

    B - B1:6.0.0.14 B2:mwt10-sip-user1
    C - ' 'C2:40
    D - D1:0.0.0.0
    F - F11:01 F12:00 F13:00
    G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906826
    Packets- in:0 out:0

PDSN-6500#
```

show cdma pdsn accounting session flow user

To display accounting information for a flow with username that is associated with the session identified by the msid, use the **show cdma pdsn accounting session flow user** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn accounting session *msid* **flow user** *username*

Syntax Description	username	The username that is associated with the session identified by the msid.
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Defaults	No default keywords or arguments.
----------	-----------------------------------

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn accounting session flow user** command:

```
PDSN-6500#show cdma pdsn accounting session 123451234512357 flow user
mwts-mip-pl-user121@ispxyz.com
```

```
UDR for flow
Mobile Node IP address 15.0.0.3

B - B1:15.0.0.3 B2:mwts-mip-pl-user121@ispxyz.com
C - ' 'C2:36
D - D1:0.0.0.0
F - F11:02 F12:01 F13:00
G - G1:0 G2:0 G4:1023906326
Packets- in:0 out:0
```

```
PDSN-6500#
```

show cdma pdsn ahdlc

To display AHDLC engine information, use the **show cdma pdsn ahdlc** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn ahdlc *slot_number* **channel** [*channel_id*]

Syntax Description	slot_number	Slot number of the AHDLC of interest.
	channel [<i>channel_id</i>]	Channel on the AHDLC. Possible values are 0 through 8000, or 0 to 20000 depending on the image you are using. If no channel is specified, information for all channels is displayed.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.2(8)BY	The possible values for channel ID were extended to 20000.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn ahdlc** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn ahdlc 0 channel
Ch id  State  Framing ACCM      Deframing ACCM  FCS size
12     OPENED  00000000          00000000       16
13     OPENED  00000000          00000000       16
14     OPENED  00000000          00000000       16

Router# show cdma pdsn ahdlc 0 channel 12
Channel id = 12 State = OPENED Framing ACCM = 00000000
Deframing ACCM = 00000000 FCS size = 16
Framing input 153 bytes 7 paks
Framing output 242 bytes 7 paks 0 errors
Deframing input 181 bytes 9 paks
Deframing output 121 bytes 5 paks 0 errors
0 Bad FCS 0 Escaped end
```

show cdma pdsn cluster controller

To display configuration and statistics for the PDSN cluster controller, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster controller { configuration | statistics }

Syntax Description

configuration	Displays configuration information associated with the cluster controller.
statistics	Displays various statistics collected on the cluster controller signaling messages with the cluster member, and redundancy message statistics with the redundancy peer.

Defaults

No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller** command:

Router# **show cdma pdsn cluster controller**

show cdma pdsn cluster controller configuration

To display the IP addresses of the members that registered with a specific controller, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller configuration** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster controller configuration

Syntax Description	There are no arguments or keywords for this command.
---------------------------	--

Defaults	No default keywords or arguments.
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples	The following example shows output from the show cdma pdsn cluster controller configuration command:
-----------------	---

```
Router# show cdma pdsn cluster controller configuration
sh cdma pdsn cluster controller config
cluster interface FastEthernet0/0
no R-P signaling proxy
timeout to seek member = 10 seconds
window to seek member is 2 timeouts in a row if no reply (afterwards the member is
declared offline)
this PDSN cluster controller is configured

controller redundancy:
  database in-sync or no need to sync
  group: sit_cluster1
```

show cdma pdsn cluster controller member

To display detailed information about a specific cluster controller member, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller member** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster controller member { *load* | *time* | *ipaddr* }

Syntax Description

load	The load reported by every PDSN member in the cluster, sorted from the lowest load value.
time	The seek time of the member, sorted from the past to the future.
ipaddr	Specifies the controller member.

Defaults

No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller member** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn cluster controller member
Ch id  State   Framing ACCM          Deframing ACCM  FCS size
 12    OPENED  00000000             00000000        16
 13    OPENED  00000000             00000000        16
 14    OPENED  00000000             00000000        16

Router# show cdma pdsn ahd1c 0 channel 12
Channel id = 12 State = OPENED Framing ACCM = 00000000
Deframing ACCM = 00000000 FCS size = 16
Framing input 153 bytes 7 paks
Framing output 242 bytes 7 paks 0 errors
Deframing input 181 bytes 9 paks
Deframing output 121 bytes 5 paks 0 errors
0 Bad FCS 0 Escaped end
```

show cdma pdsn cluster controller session

To display session count, or count by age, or one or a few oldest session records, or a session records corresponding to the IMSI entered and a few session records that arrived afterwards, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster controller session { *count* [*age days*] | *oldest* [*more 1-20 records*] | *imsi* *BCDs* [*more 1-20 records*] }

Syntax Description		
count		The number of session records on cluster controller.
age		The number of session records of this age on the cluster controller. Age measured in days.
oldest		The oldest session record on the cluster controller.
<i>more 1-20 records</i>		Displays the configured number (from 1 to 20) of the oldest session records on the cluster controller.
<i>imsi BCDs</i>		Displays the session record with this imsi on the cluster controller.
<i>more 1-20 records</i>		Displays the configured number (from 1 to 20) of additional session records on the cluster controller.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller session** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn clu contr session imsi 000000000007
```

```

      IMSI      Member IPv4 Addr   Age [days]   Anchor changes
-----
000000000007      10.0.0.50
-----
```

```
Router# show cdma pdsn clu contr session count
      10 session records
```

```
Router# show cdma pdsn clu contr session oldest
      IMSI      Member IPv4 Addr   Age [days]   Anchor changes
-----
000000000002      10.0.0.50
-----
```

show cdma pdsn cluster controller statistics

To display the IP addresses of the members that registered with a specific controller, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster controller statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster controller statistics

Syntax Description There are no arguments or keywords for this command.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn controller statistics** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn cluster controller statistics
0 times did not get a buffer for a packet
  0 times couldn't allocate memory
744 A11-RegReply received
  0 A11-RegReply discarded, authentication problem
  0 A11-RegReply discarded, identification problem
  0 A11-RegReply discarded, unrecognized extension
975 A11-RegRequest received
  0 A11-RegRequest discarded, authentication problem
  0 A11-RegRequest discarded, identification problem
  0 A11-RegRequest discarded, unrecognized application type
  0 A11-RegRequest discarded, unrecognized extension
  0 A11-RegRequest with unrecognized type of data
  0 A11-RegRequest not sent, interface cdma-Ix not configed
744 CVSEs seek reply received
755 CVSEs seek received
  4 CVSEs state ready received
  4 CVSEs state admin prohibited received
  0 msgs received neither A11-RegReq nor A11-RegReply
116 A10 up A11-RegReq received
 96 A10 end A11-RegReq received
   2 PDSN cluster members
redundancy:
  error: mismatch id 0 authen fail 0
        ignore due to no redundancy 0
Update rcvd 0 sent 1481 orig sent 1300 fail 4
UpdateAck rcvd 1466 sent 0
DownloadReq rcvd 1 sent 4 orig sent 2 fail 0
DownloadReply rcvd 4 sent 2 orig sent 2 fail 0 drop 0
DownloadAck rcvd 2 sent 4 drop 0
mwt13-6500c#
```

show cdma pdsn cluster member

To display configuration and statistics for the PDSN cluster member, use the **show cdma pdsn cluster member** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn cluster member {configuration | statistics}

Syntax Description	configuration	Displays configuration information associated with the cluster member.
	statistics	Displays various statistics collected on cluster member signaling messages with the cluster controller.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn cluster member** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn cluster member
```

show cdma pdsn flow

To display flow-based summary of active sessions, and the flows and IP addresses assigned to the mobile numbers in each session, use the **show cdma pdsn flow** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn flow {mn-ip-address *ip_address* | msid *string* | service-type | user *string*}

Syntax Description

mn- ip-address ip_address	Specifies the IP addresses assigned to the mobile numbers in each session.
msid string	Specifies the mobile subscriber id number.
service-type	Specifies the service type.
user string	Specifies the user.

Defaults

No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn flow** command:

Router# **show cdma pdsn flow**

MSID	NAI	Type	MN IP Address	St
100000000000099	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.1	ACT
200000000000047	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.2	ACT
100000000000100	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.40	ACT
200000000000048	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.3	ACT
100000000000101	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.5	ACT
200000000000049	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.4	ACT
100000000000102	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.6	ACT
200000000000050	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.7	ACT
100000000000103	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.9	ACT
200000000000051	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.8	ACT
100000000000104	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.11	ACT
200000000000052	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.10	ACT
100000000000105	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.12	ACT
200000000000053	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.13	ACT
300000000000008	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.14	ACT
100000000000106	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.15	ACT
200000000000054	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.16	ACT
300000000000009	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.17	ACT
100000000000107	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.19	ACT
200000000000055	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.18	ACT
100000000000122	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.21	ACT
200000000000070	sim1	Simple	100.4.1.20	ACT

```

3000000000000025 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.22 ACT
1000000000000123 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.24 ACT
2000000000000071 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.23 ACT
3000000000000026 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.25 ACT
1000000000000124 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.26 ACT
2000000000000072 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.27 ACT
3000000000000027 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.28 ACT
1000000000000125 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.29 ACT
2000000000000073 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.30 ACT
3000000000000028 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.31 ACT
1000000000000126 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.33 ACT
2000000000000074 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.32 ACT
3000000000000029 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.34 ACT
1000000000000127 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.36 ACT
2000000000000075 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.35 ACT
3000000000000030 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.37 ACT
1000000000000128 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.39 ACT
2000000000000076 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.38 ACT
3000000000000101 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.41 ACT
1000000000000199 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.43 ACT
2000000000000147 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.42 ACT
3000000000000102 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.44 ACT
1000000000000200 sim1 Simple 100.4.1.46 ACT
--More--

```

show cdma pdsn flow service

To display flow-based information for a specified service type in each session, use the **show cdma pdsn flow service** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn flow service { **mobile** | **proxy-mobile** | **simple** | **simple-ipv6** }

Syntax Description

mobile	Specifies mobile service type.
proxy-mobile	Specifies the proxy-mobile service type.
simple	Specifies the simple service type .
simple-ipv6	Specifies the simple-IPv6 service type.

Defaults

No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(8)BY	This command was introduced.
12.3(14)YX	simple-ipv6 output was introduced.
12.4(11)T	This command was incorporated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn flow service simple-ipv6** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn flow service simple-ipv6
```

```
MSID NAI Type MN IP
```

```
Address St
```

```
000000000000101 mwts-uc1-np-user1 Simple-ipv6
```

```
2001:420:10:0:211:20FF:FE43:61C ACT
```

show cdma pdsn pcf

To display information about PCFs that have R-P tunnels to the PDSN, use the **show cdma pdsn pcf** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn pcf { **brief** | *ip_addr* | **secure** }

Syntax Description	brief	Displays information about all PCFs with connected sessions.
	<i>ip_addr</i>	Displays detailed PCF information by IP address.
	secure	Displays the security associations for all PCFs on this PDSN.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
	12.2(2)XC	The parameters of this command were changed.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output of the **show cdma pdsn pcf** command with the keyword **brief** specified, with an IP address specified, and with the keyword **secure** specified:

```
router# show cdma pdsn pcf brief
PCF IP Address      Sessions      Pkts In      Pkts Out      Bytes In      Bytes Out
4.0.0.1              1             14           275           23           936
```

[Table 6](#) describes the fields shown in the output of the brief version of the command.

Table 6 *show cdma pdsn pcf brief* Field Descriptions

Field	Description
PCF IP Address	IP address of the PCF.
Sessions	Number of active sessions.
Pkts In	Total packets received from a PCF.
Pkts Out	Total packets sent to a PCF.
Bytes In	Total bytes received from a PCF.
Bytes Out	Total bytes sent to a PCF.

```
router# show cdma pdsn pcf 4.0.0.1
PCF 4.0.0.1 has 1 session
  Received 14 pkts (275 bytes), sent 23 pkts (936 bytes)
```

show cdma pdsn pcf

```
PCF Session ID 1, Mobile Station ID MIN 2000000001
A10 connection age 00:00:28
A10 registration lifetime 65535 sec, time since last registration 28 sec
```

[Table 7](#) describes the fields shown in the output of the command when an IP address is specified.

Table 7 *show cdma pdsn pcf Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
PCF (x.x.x.x) has x session	PCF address and the number of active sessions.
received x pkts (x bytes)	Total packets received from a PCF.
sent x pkts (x bytes)	Total packets sent to a PCF.
PCF Session ID x	Session ID associated with the PCF.
Mobile Station ID MIN xxxx	MIN of the mobile station initiating the session.
status	Status of the IMSI session.
A10 connection age	Amount of time the connection has been active.
A10 registration lifetime	Duration for which the A10 registration will be active.

```
Router# show cdma pdsn pcf secure
Security Associations (algorithm, replay protection, key):
default:
  spi 300, Timestamp +/- 60, key ascii foo
4.0.0.1:
  spi 100, Timestamp +/- 60, key ascii test
  spi 200, Timestamp +/- 60, key ascii foo
4.0.0.2:
  spi 100, Timestamp +/- 0, key ascii test
  spi 400, Timestamp +/- 0, key hex 12345678901234567890123456789012
4.0.0.3:
  spi inbound 100 outbound 200, Timestamp +/- 0, key ascii test
```

[Table 8](#) describes the fields shown in the output of the command when the keyword **secure** is specified.

Table 8 *show cdma pdsn pcf secure Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
default	The default security associations (used for PCFs that do not have an explicitly configured security association).
x.x.x.x	IP address of the PCF
spi spi_value	Security Parameter Index, a 4-byte hex index within the security association that selects the specific security parameters to be used.
Timestamp +/- value	Maximum difference allowed between the timestamp received in the A11 message and the system time on the PDSN for the A11 message to be accepted.
key {ascii hex} key	The shared secret key for the security associations

show cdma pdsn redundancy

To show whether or not the PDSN redundancy feature is enabled or not, use the **show cdma pdsn redundancy** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(14)YX	This command was introduced.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Examples The following example illustrates the output for the **show cdma pdsn redundancy** command:

```
router# show cdma pdsn redundancy

CDMA PDSN Redundancy is enabled
CDMA PDSN Session Redundancy system status
PDSN state = ACTIVE
PDSN-peer state = STANDBY HOT
CDMA PDSN Session Redundancy Statistics
Last clearing of cumulative counters never
Synced to standby Current
since peer up Connected
Sessions 1 2
SIP Flows 0 0
MIP Flows 1 0
PMIP Flows 0 0
```

show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics

To display a variety of information about the sessions and the associated flows that have been/are synchronized to/from the standby/active, use **show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.3(8)XW	Prepaid output was included in examples.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Usage Guidelines **show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics** will be hidden until **service internal** is configured.

Examples The following output is displayed with the **show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn redundancy statistics
Last clearing of cumulative counters never Number of messages sent to standby:

Session Events
Up 10, Down 39, Reregistration 0
Handoff 0, PPP renegotiation 0
Flow Events
Simple IP Up 1, Down 1
Mobile IP Up 7, Down 7
Proxy Mobile IP Up 2, Down 2
Accounting Events
Update 0, Flow Start0, Stop 0
Active to Dormant 0, Dormant to Active 0
```

show cdma pdsn resource

To display AHDLC resources allocated in resource manager, use the **show cdma pdsn resource** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn resource [*slot_number* [**ahdlc-channel** [*channel_id*]]]

Syntax Description	slot_number	(Optional) Slot number of the AHDLC of interest.
	ahdlc-channel [<i>channel_id</i>]	(Optional) Channel on the AHDLC. If no channel is specified, information for all channels is displayed.

Defaults The c6500-c5 image supports 8000 sessions and the c6500-c6 image supports 20000 sessions.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
	12.2(8)BY	The possible values for channel ID was extended to 20000.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output from the **show cdma pdsn resource** command:

```
Router# show cdma pdsn resource
Resource allocated/available in the resource manager

slot 0:
    AHDLC Engine Type:CDMA HDLC ENGINE
    Engine is ENABLED
    total channels:16000, available channels:16000

Router#show cdma pdsn resource 0 ahdlc-channel 0
    AHDLC Channel 0 State CLOSED
```

show cdma pdsn selection

To display a summary of a session table entry or the entry by MSID, use the **show cdma pdsn selection** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn selection {**summary** | **msid** *octet_stream*}

Syntax Description

summary	Displays a summary of the session table entry.
msid number	Keyword to indicate that the PDSN selection table entry for a particular MSID is to be displayed.

Defaults

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples

The following example shows output of the **show cdma pdsn selection** command with the **msid** specified:

```
router#show cdma pdsn selection msid 00000000400000
MSID=00000000400000 PDSN=51.4.1.40 (7206-PDSN-1)
```

The following example shows output of the **show cdma pdsn selection** command with **summary** specified:

```
Router#show cdma pdsn selection summary
CDMA PDSN selection summary

  Hostname      PDSN      Session-count  Max-sessions
*7206-PDSN-1   51.4.1.40      0              16000
7206-PDSN-3    51.4.3.40      0              16000
7206-PDSN-2    51.4.2.40      0              16000

  Hostname      Keepalive  Interface      Load-factor
*7206-PDSN-1    10         70.4.1.40      0.00
7206-PDSN-3     10         70.4.3.40      0.00
7206-PDSN-2     10         70.4.2.40      0.00
```

show cdma pdsn session

To display the session information on the PDSN, use the **show cdma pdsn session** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn session [**brief** | **dormant** | mn-ip-address *address* | **msid number** | **user nai** | **prepaid**]

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Displays a summary of all sessions.
	dormant	(Optional) Displays information about dormant PDSN sessions.
	mn-ip-address <i>address</i>	(Optional) Displays user information for the specified IP address.
	msid number	(Optional) Displays information for the specified MSID.
	user nai	(Optional) Displays information for the specified NAI.
	prepaid	(Optional) Displays information about prepaid flows.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
	12.2(2)XC	The parameters of this command were altered.
	12.2(8)BY	The prepaid variable was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example shows output of the **show cdma pdsn session** command:

```
router# show cdma pdsn session
Mobile Station ID IMSI 111111111111111
  PCF IP Address 2.2.2.100, PCF Session ID 1
  A10 connection time 00:00:09, registration lifetime 65535 sec
  Number of A11 re-registrations 0, time since last registration 9 sec
  Current Access network ID 0002-0202-64
  Last airlink record received is Active Start, airlink is active
  GRE sequence number transmit 8, receive 10
  Using interface Virtual-Access1, status ACT
  Using AHDLC Engine on slot 1, channel ID 2
  This session has 1 flow

Flow service Proxy-Mobile, NAI mwts-mipp-np-homeaddr@ispxyz.com
  Mobile Node IP address 30.0.0.2
  Home Agent IP address 7.0.0.2
  Packets in 0, bytes in 0
  Packets out 0, bytes out 0
  Prepaid duration 36000 secs, used 6500 secs, cumulative 13000 secs
```

show cdma pdsn statistics

To display VPDN, PPP, and RP interface statistics for the PDSN, use the **show cdma pdsn selection** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn statistics [rp | ppp | ahdlc 0-6]

Syntax Description

rp	Displays all RP interface statistics.
ppp	Displays all PPP interface statistics
ahdlc 0-6	Displays all AHDLC statistics. where the range <0-6> is engine slot-id and an optional parameter. In the absence of the optional parameter, the statistics for all the engines will get displayed. The output of this command with the new option is the framing/defarming statistics of the engine.

Defaults

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples

The following example shows output of the **show cdma pdsn statistics** command:

```
router# show cdma pdsn statistics
RP Interface:
  Reg Request rcvd 23, accepted 22, denied 1, discarded 0
  Initial Reg Request accepted 4, denied 0
  Re-registration requests accepted 14, denied 0
  De-registration accepted 4, denied 0
  Error: Unspecified 23, Administratively prohibited 0
        Resource unavailable 4, Authentication failed 4
        Identification mismatch 2, Poorly formed requests 2
        Unknown PDSN 2, Reverse tunnel mandatory 22
        Reverse tunnel unavailable 1, Bad CVSE 0

  Update sent 2, accepted 2, denied 0, not acked 0
  Initial Update sent 2, retransmissions 0
  Acknowledge received 2, discarded 0
  Update reason lifetime expiry 1, PPP termination 0, other 1
  Error: Unspecified 23 Administratively prohibited 0
        Authentication failed 4, Identification mismatch 4
        Poorly formed request 2

PPP:
  Current Connections 0
  Connection requests 4, success 4, failure 0
  Failure reason LCP 0, authentication 0, IPCP 3
```

```
Connection enters stage LCP 4, Auth 4, IPCP 7

Renegotiation total 0, by PDSN 0, by Mobile Node 0
Renegotiation reason LCP/IPCP 0, address mismatch 0, other 0

CHAP attempt 4, success 4, failure 0
PAP attempt 0, success 0, failure 0
MSCHAP attempt 0, success 0, failure 0
EAP attempt 0, success 0, failure 0
Release total 4, by PDSN 4, by Mobile Node 0
Release by ingress address filtering 0
Release reason: administrative 1, LCP termination 0, idle timeout 0
  L2TP tunnel NOT READY YET
  insufficient resources 0, session timeout 0
  service unavailable 0, other 0

Connection negotiated compression 0
Compression Microsoft 0, Stack 0, other 0
Connections negotiated MRRU 0, IPX 0, IP 4
Connections negotiated VJ-Compression 0, BAP 0
PPP bundles 0

VPDN Flows:
  All registration-update timeout 1 sec, retransmissions 5
  Mobile IP registration timeout 5 sec
  A10 maximum lifetime allowed 65535 sec
  GRE sequencing is on
  Maximum PCFs limit not set
  Maximum sessions limit not set (default 20000 maximum)
  SNMP failure history table size 100
  MSID Authentication is disabled
  Ingress address filtering is disabled
  Sending Agent Adv in case of IPCP Address Negotiation is disabled
  Aging of idle users disabled

Number of pcfs connected 1
Number of sessions connected 29,
  Simple IP flows 10, Mobile IP flows 9,
  Proxy Mobile IP flows 0, VPDN flows 10

AHDLC:

PDSN#show cdma pdsn statistics ahdlc
slot 0:
  AHDLC Engine Type: CDMA HDLC SW ENGINE
  Engine is ENABLED
  total channels: 8000, available channels: 8000

Framing input 0 bytes, 0 paks
Framing output 0 bytes, 0 paks
Framing errors 0, insufficient memory 0,
  queue overflow 0, invalid size 0

Deframing input 0 bytes, 0 paks
Defaming output 0 bytes, 0 paks
Deframing errors 0, insufficient memory 0,
  queue overflow 0, invalid size 0, CRC errors 0
```

show cdma pdsn statistics prepaid

To display statistics related to all prepaid enabled flows, use the **show cdma pdsn statistics prepaid** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

show cdma pdsn statistics prepaid

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(8)XW	Prepaid output was included in examples.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Examples Here is sample output of the **show cdma pdsn statistics prepaid** command:

```
router# show cdma pdsn statistics prepaid
Prepaid-related statistics:
Total prepaid flows opened: 0
Volume-based 0, Duration-based 0
Simple IP 0, VPDN 0, Proxy Mobile IP 0, Mobile IP 0
Total online Access Requests sent 0
Total online Access Response received 0
Accepted 0, Discarded 0, Timeout 0
Online Access Requests sent with Update Reason:
Pre-Initialization 0
Initial Request 0
Threshold Reached 0
Quota Reached 0
Remote Forced Disconnect 0
Client Service Termination 0
Main SI Released 0
SI not established 0
Tariff Switch Update 0
```

show ip mobile cdma ipsec

To display if IS835 IPSec security is enabled, use the **show ip mobile cdma ipsec** command in EXEC mode.

show ip mobile cdma ipsec

Syntax Description	There are no arguments or keywords for this command.
---------------------------	--

Command Modes	EXEC
----------------------	------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(8)XW	This command was introduced.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Usage Guidelines	This command is only present in crypto images for the 7200, and non-crypto images for the MWAM.
-------------------------	---

Examples	The following example illustrates how to enable the show ip mobile cdma ipsec command: <pre>router# show ip mobile cdma ipsec</pre>
-----------------	---

show ip mobile cdma ipsec profile

To display the crypto profile configured for IPsec, use the **show ip mobile cdma ipsec profile** command in EXEC mode.

show ip mobile cdma ipsec profile

Syntax Description There are no arguments or keywords for this command.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(8)XW	This command was introduced.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Usage Guidelines This command is only present in crypto images for the 7200, and non-crypto images for the MWAM.

Examples The following example illustrates how to enable the **show ip mobile cdma ipsec profile** command:

```
router# show ip mobile cdma ipsec profile
```

show ip mobile proxy

To display information about a proxy Mobile IP host, use the **show ip mobile proxy** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mobile proxy [**host** [*nai string*] | **registration** | **traffic**]

Syntax Description

host	(Optional) Displays information about the proxy host.
nai string	(Optional) Network access identifier.
registration	(Optional) Displays proxy registration information.
traffic	(Optional) Displays proxy traffic information.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(2)XC	This command was introduced.
12.3(4)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T for PDSN platforms.

Usage Guidelines

This command is available only on Packet Data Serving Node (PDSN) platforms running specific PDSN code images; consult Feature Navigator for your Cisco IOS software release.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip mobile proxy host** command:

```
Router# show ip mobile proxy host
```

```
Proxy Host List:
```

```
MoIPProxy1@cisco.com:
  Home Agent Address 10.3.3.1
  Lifetime 6000
  Flags :sBdmgvt
```

show ip mobile secure

To display the mobility security associations for the mobile host, mobile visitor, foreign agent, home agent, or proxy Mobile IP host, use the **show ip mobile secure** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mobile secure { **host** | **visitor** | **foreign-agent** | **home-agent** | **proxy-host** | **summary** }
 { *ip-address* | *nai string* }

Syntax Description		
host		Displays security association of the mobile host on the home agent.
visitor		Displays security association of the mobile visitor on the foreign agent.
foreign-agent		Displays security association of the remote foreign agents on the home agent.
home-agent		Displays security association of the remote home agent on the foreign agent.
proxy-host		Displays security association of the proxy mobile user. This keyword is only available on Packet Data Serving Node (PDSN) platforms running specific PDSN code images.
summary		Displays number of security associations in table.
<i>ip-address</i>		IP address.
<i>nai string</i>		Network access identifier (NAI).

Command Modes	EXEC
---------------	------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(1)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(2)XC	The nai keyword was added.
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
	12.3(4)T	The proxy-host keyword was added for PDSN platforms.

Usage Guidelines	Multiple security associations can exist for each entity. The proxy-host keyword is only available on PDSN platforms running specific PDSN code images; consult Feature Navigator for your Cisco IOS software release.
------------------	--

Examples	The following is sample output from the show ip mobile secure command:
----------	---

```
Router# show ip mobile secure

Security Associations (algorithm,mode,replay protection,key):
10.0.0.6
  SPI 300, MD5, Prefix-suffix, Timestamp +/- 7,
  Key 00112233445566778899001122334455
```

[Table 9](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 9 *show ip mobile secure Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
10.0.0.6	IP address. The NAI is displayed if configured.
In/Out SPI	The SPI is the 4-byte opaque index within the mobility security association that selects the specific security parameters to be used to authenticate the peer. Allows either “SPI” or “In/Out SPI.” The latter specifies an inbound and outbound SPI pair. If an inbound SPI is received, then outbound SPI will be used when a response is sent.
MD5	Message Digest 5 authentication algorithm. HMAC-MD5 id displayed if configured.
Prefix-suffix	Authentication mode.
Timestamp	Replay protection method.
Key	The shared secret key for the security associations, in hexadecimal format.

show ip mobile traffic

To display protocol counters, use the **show ip mobile traffic** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mobile traffic

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(1)T	This command was introduced.
	12.2(13)T	This command was enhanced to display successful registration requests with NAT detect and to display information about foreign agent reverse tunnels and foreign agent challenge and response extensions.
	12.3(14)T	The command output was enhanced to display the count of UDP Port 434 input packets that were dropped by UDP.

Usage Guidelines Counters can be reset to zero using the **clear ip mobile traffic** command, which also allows you to undo the reset.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show ip mobile traffic** command:

```
Router# show ip mobile traffic

IP Mobility traffic:
UDP:
  Port: 434 (Mobile IP) input drops: 0
Advertisements:
  Solicitations received 0
  Advertisements sent 0, response to solicitation 0
Home Agent Registrations:
  Register 0, Deregister 0 requests
  Register 0, Deregister 0 replied
  Accepted 0, No simultaneous bindings 0
  Denied 0, Ignored 0
  Unspecified 0, Unknown HA 0
  Administrative prohibited 0, No resource 0
  Authentication failed MN 0, FA 0
  Bad identification 0, Bad request form 0
  Unavailable encap 0, reverse tunnel 0
  Reverse tunnel mandatory 0
  Binding updates received 0, sent 0 total 0 fail 0
  Binding update acks received 0, sent 0
  Binding info request received 0, sent 0 total 0 fail 0
  Binding info reply received 0 drop 0, sent 0 total 0 fail 0
  Binding info reply acks received 0 drop 0, sent 0
  Gratuitous 0, Proxy 0 ARPs sent
  Total incoming requests using NAT detect 1
```

Foreign Agent Registrations:

```

Request in 0,
Forwarded 0, Denied 0, Ignored 0
Unspecified 0, HA unreachable 0
Administrative prohibited 0, No resource 0
Bad lifetime 0, Bad request form 0
Unavailable encapsulation 0, Compression 0
Unavailable reverse tunnel 0
Reverse tunnel mandatory
Replies in 0
Forwarded 0, Bad 0, Ignored 0
Authentication failed MN 0, HA 0
Received challenge/gen. authentication extension, feature not enabled 0
Route Optimization Binding Updates received 0, acks sent 0 neg acks sent 0
Unknown challenge 1, Missing challenge 0, Stale challenge 0

```

Table 10 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 10 *show ip mobile traffic Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Port: 434 (Mobile IP) input drops	Total number of UDP Port 434 (Mobile IP) packets dropped by UDP processing due to a full input queue. These packets are not processed by the home agent or foreign agent and so are not otherwise counted or displayed by Mobile IP. This count is the same count displayed by using the show ip socket detail command.
Solicitations received	Total number of solicitations received by the mobility agent.
Advertisements sent	Total number of advertisements sent by the mobility agent.
response to solicitation	Total number of advertisements sent by the mobility agent in response to mobile node solicitations.
Home Agent	
Register requests	Total number of registration requests received by the home agent.
Deregister requests	Total number of registration requests received by the home agent with a lifetime of zero (requests to deregister).
Register replied	Total number of registration replies sent by the home agent.
Deregister replied	Total number of registration replies sent by the home agent in response to requests to deregister.
Accepted	Total number of registration requests accepted by the home agent (Code 0).
No simultaneous bindings	Total number of registration requests accepted by the home agent—simultaneous mobility bindings unsupported (Code 1).
Denied	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent.
Ignored	Total number of registration requests ignored by the home agent.
Unspecified	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—reason unspecified (Code 128).
Unknown HA	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—unknown home agent address (Code 136).
Administrative prohibited	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—administratively prohibited (Code 129).

Table 10 *show ip mobile traffic Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
No resource	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—insufficient resources (Code 130).
Authentication failed MN	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—mobile node failed authentication (Code 131).
Authentication failed FA	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—foreign agent failed authentication (Code 132).
Bad identification	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—identification mismatch (Code 133).
Bad request form	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—poorly formed request (Code 134).
Unavailable encap	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—unavailable encapsulation (Code 139).
Reverse tunnel mandatory	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—reverse tunnel is mandatory and the “T” bit is not set (Code 138).
Unavailable reverse tunnel	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—reverse tunnel unavailable (Code 137).
Binding updates	A Mobile IP standby message sent from the active router to the standby router when a registration request comes into the active router.
Binding update acks	A Mobile IP standby message sent from the standby router to the active router to acknowledge the reception of a binding update.
Binding info request	A Mobile IP standby message sent from a router coming up from reboot/or a down interface. The message is a request to the current active router to send the entire Mobile IP binding table.
Binding info reply	A reply from the active router to the standby router that has part or all of the binding table (depending on size).
Binding info reply acks	An acknowledge message from the standby router to the active router that it has received the binding info reply.
Gratuitous ARP	Total number of gratuitous ARPs sent by the home agent on behalf of mobile nodes.
Proxy ARPs sent	Total number of proxy ARPs sent by the home agent on behalf of mobile nodes.
Total incoming registration requests...	Total number incoming registration requests using NAT detect.
Foreign Agent	
Request in	Total number of registration requests received by the foreign agent.
Forwarded	Total number of registration requests relayed to the home agent by the foreign agent.
Denied	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent.
Ignored	Total number of registration requests ignored by the foreign agent.
Unspecified	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—reason unspecified (Code 64).

Table 10 *show ip mobile traffic Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
HA unreachable	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—home agent unreachable (Codes 80-95).
Administrative prohibited	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—administratively prohibited (Code 65).
No resource	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—insufficient resources (Code 66).
Bad lifetime	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—requested lifetime too long (Code 69).
Bad request form	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—poorly formed request (Code 70).
Unavailable encapsulation	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—unavailable encapsulation (Code 72).
Unavailable compression	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—requested Van Jacobson header compression unavailable (Code 73).
Unavailable reverse tunnel	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—reverse tunnel unavailable (Code 74).
Reverse tunnel mandatory	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—reverse tunnel is mandatory and the “T” bit is not set (Code 75).
Replies in	Total number of well-formed registration replies received by the foreign agent.
Forwarded	Total number of valid registration replies relayed to the mobile node by the foreign agent.
Bad	Total number of registration replies denied by the foreign agent—poorly formed reply (Code 71).
Ignored	Total number of registration replies ignored by the foreign agent.
Authentication failed MN	Total number of registration requests denied by the home agent—mobile node failed authentication (Code 67).
Authentication failed HA	Total number of registration replies denied by the foreign agent—home agent failed authentication (Code 68).
Received challenge/gen. authentication extension, feature not enabled	Total number of registration requests dropped by the foreign agent—received challenge/generalized-authentication extension in registration request but Mobile IP foreign agent challenge/response extension is not enabled.
Unknown challenge	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—unknown challenge (Code 104).
Missing Challenge	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—missing challenge (Code 105).
Stale Challenge	Total number of registration requests denied by the foreign agent—stale challenge (Code 106).

show ip mobile violation

To display information about security violations, use the **show ip mobile violation** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mobile violation [*address* | **nai** *string*]

Syntax Description

address (Optional) Displays violations from a specific IP address.

nai *string* (Optional) Network access identifier.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(1)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(2)XC	The nai keyword and associated parameters were added.
12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.

Usage Guidelines

The most recent violation is saved for all the mobile nodes. A circular log holds up to 50 unknown requesters, which are the violators without security associations. The oldest violations will be purged to make room for new unknown requesters when the log limit is reached.

Security violation messages are logged at the informational level (see the **logging** global configuration command). When logging is enabled to include this severity level, violation history can be displayed using the **show logging** command.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip mobile violation** command:

```
Router# show ip mobile violation
Security Violation Log:
```

```
Mobile Hosts:
```

```
20.0.0.1:
```

```
Violations: 1, Last time: 06/18/97 01:16:47
```

```
SPI: 300, Identification: B751B581.77FD0E40
```

```
Error Code: MN failed authentication (131), Reason: Bad authenticator (2)
```

[Table 11](#) describes significant fields shown in the display.

Table 11 *show ip mobile violation* Field Descriptions

Field	Description
<i>IP address</i>	IP address of the violator. The network access identifier (NAI) is displayed if configured.
Violations	Total number of security violations for this peer.
Last time	Time of the most recent security violation for this peer.

Table 11 *show ip mobile violation Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
SPI	SPI of the most recent security violation for this peer. If the security violation is due to an identification mismatch, then this is the SPI from the mobile-home authentication extension. If the security violation is due to an invalid authenticator, then this is the SPI from the offending authentication extension. In all other cases, it should be set to zero.
Identification	Identification used in request or reply of the most recent security violation for this peer.
Error Code	Error code in request or reply.
Reason Codes	Reason for the most recent security violation for this peer. Possible reasons are: • (1) No mobility security association • (2) Bad authenticator • (3) Bad identifier • (4) Bad SPI • (5) Missing security extension • (6) Other

show ip mobile visitor

To display the visitor table that contains information on mobile nodes (MNs) using this foreign agent (FA), use the **show ip mobile visitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip mobile visitor [[**pending**] [*ip-address* | **summary**] | **nai** *string* [**session-id** *string*]]

Syntax Description

pending	(Optional) Displays the pending registration table.
<i>ip-address</i>	(Optional) IP address of visiting MNs.
summary	(Optional) Displays all values in the table.
nai <i>string</i>	(Optional) Network access identifier (NAI).
session-id <i>string</i>	(Optional) Session identifier. The string value must be fewer than 25 characters.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(1)T	This command was introduced.
12.2(2)XC	The nai keyword was added.
12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
12.3(4)T	The session-id keyword was added.
12.3(8)T	The output was enhanced to display UDP tunneling.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to find out information on MNs that are registered with their (home agent) HA via this FA. The FA updates the visitor table that contain a list of the MNs using a FA.

A session identifier is used to uniquely identify a Mobile IP flow. A Mobile IP flow is the set of {NAI, IP address}. The flow allows a single NAI to be associated with one or multiple IP addresses, for example, {NAI, ipaddr1}, {NAI, ipaddr2}, and so on. A single user can have multiple sessions for example, when logging through different devices such as a PDA, cellular phone, or laptop. If the session identifier is present in the initial registration, it must be present in all subsequent registration renewals from that MN.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ip mobile visitor** command:

```
Router# show ip mobile visitor
```

```
Mobile Visitor List:
```

```
Total 1
```

```
10.0.0.1:
```

```
Interface Ethernet1/2, MAC addr 0060.837b.95ec
```

```
IP src 20.0.0.1, dest 67.0.0.31, UDP src port 434
```

```
HA addr 66.0.0.5, Identification B7510E60.64436B38
```

```
Lifetime 08:20:00 (30000) Remaining 08:19:16
```

```
Tunnel100 src 68.0.0.31, dest 66.0.0.5, reverse-allowed
```

```
Routing Options - (T)Reverse-tunnel
```

If the mobile node has visited and is associated with a session identifier, then the visitor entry for the mobile node shows the session identifier as shown below:

```
Router# show ip mobile visitor
```

```
Mobile Visitor List:
Total 1
  user01@cisco.com
  Home addr 100.100.100.17
    Interface Ethernet3/3, MAC addr 0004.6d25.b857
    IP src 0.0.0.0, dest 100.100.100.1, UDP src port 434
    HA addr 100.100.100.100, Identification BC189864.B2FE6CC4
    Lifetime 00:33:20 (2000) Remaining 00:33:06
    Tunnel0 src 70.70.70.2, dest 100.100.100.100, reverse-allowed
    Routing Options - (B)Broadcast
    Session identifier PD
```

The following sample output shows that the MN is registering with the HA (at the FA):

```
Router# show ip mobile visitor
```

```
Mobile Visitor List:
Total 1
10.99.100.2:
  Interface FastEthernet3/0, MAC addr 00ff.ff80.002b
  IP src 10.99.100.2, dest 30.5.3.5, UDP src port 434
  HA addr 200.1.1.1, Identification BCE7E391.A09E8720
  Lifetime 01:00:00 (3600) Remaining 00:30:09
  Tunnel1 src 200.1.1.5, dest 200.1.1.1, reverse-allowed
  Routing Options - (T)Reverse Tunneling
```

Table 12 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 12 *show ip mobile visitor Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Total	Number of mobile nodes visiting the foreign agent.
10.0.0.1	Home IP address of a visitor. The NAI is displayed if configured.
Interface	Interface the FA received the MN's registration on.
MAC addr	MAC address of the visitor.
IP src	Source IP address of the registration request of a visitor.
IP dest	Destination IP address of the registration request of a visitor. A MN solicits an advertisement from the FA, and the FA uses the output interface's address (where it received the solicitation) as the source IP address in the advertisement. The MN picks up on this address and sends in a RRQ to it. This tells you which destination address the MN used when it sent in its registration request to the FA (typically the interface address). If it had sent the registration request to a broadcast or multicast address, or advertised address (not knowing the interface address), the FA will reply using the output interface address (typically the interface where it received the RRQ).
UDP src port	UDP src port used by the visiting mobile node in its registration request.
HA addr	Home agent IP address for that visiting mobile node.
Identification	Identification used in that registration by the mobile node.
Lifetime	The lifetime (in hh:mm:ss) granted to the mobile node for this registration.

Table 12 *show ip mobile visitor Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Remaining	The time (in hh:mm:ss) remaining until the registration is expired. It has the same initial value as in the Lifetime field, and is counted down by the foreign agent.
Tunnel	The tunnel used by the mobile node is characterized by the source and destination addresses, and reverse-allowed or reverse-off for reverse tunnel. The options are IPIP, GRE, and UDP. The default is IPIP encapsulation.
Routing Options	Routing options list all foreign agent-accepted services, based on registration flags sent by the mobile node. Options are: • (S) Multi-binding (not supported on home agent) • (B) Broadcast • (D) Direct-to-mobile node • (M) MinIP (not supported on home agent) • (G) GRE • (T) Reverse-tunnel
Session identifier	Session identifier can be the device name or MAC address.

Related Commands

Command	Description
debug ip mobile	Displays IP mobility activities.
ip mobile foreign-agent nat traversal	Enables NAT UDP traversal support for MIP FAs.
ip mobile home-agent nat traversal	Enables NAT UDP traversal support for MIP HAs.
show ip mobile binding	Displays the mobility binding table.
show ip mobile globals	Displays global information about MIP HAs, FAs, and MNs.
show ip mobile tunnel	Displays information about UDP tunneling.

show ipc sctp

To display ipc sctp statistics, use the **show ipc sctp** command.

show ipc sctp

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Defaults No default keywords or arguments.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(8)XW	This command was introduced.
	12.4(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(11)T.

Examples Sample show output for the **show ipc sctp** command:

```
router # show ipc sctp statistics
IPC default Zone:
  IPC association Id: 1
    SCTP Protocol Local: port: 6602 ip: 10.2.86.26
      keepalive 1500
      retransmit-timeout 300 600
      bundling 20
      cumulative-sack 200
      path-retransmit 4
      assoc-retransmit 4
      max-inbound-streams 2
      init-timeout 1000
      init-retransmit 8
      receive-window 24000
    SCTP Protocol Remote: port: 22 ip: 10.2.87.26
router #
```

snmp-server enable traps cdma

To enable network management traps for CDMA, use the **snmp-server enable traps cdma** command in global configuration mode. To disable network management traps for CDMA, use the **no** form of this command.

snmp-server enable traps cdma

no snmp-server enable traps cdma

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults Network management traps disabled.

Command Modes Global Configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(3)XS	This command was introduced.
	12.3(4)T	This command was incorporated in Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.

Examples The following example enables network management traps for CDMA:

```
snmp-server enable traps cdma
```

snmp-server enable traps ipmobile

To enable Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) security notifications for Mobile IP, use the **snmp-server enable traps ipmobile** command in global configuration mode. To disable SNMP notifications for Mobile IP, use the **no** form of this command.

snmp-server enable traps ipmobile

no snmp-server enable traps ipmobile

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults

SNMP notifications are disabled by default.

Command Modes

Global configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
12.2(2)T	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

SNMP Mobile IP notifications can be sent as traps or inform requests. This command enables both traps and inform requests. This command enables Mobile IP Authentication Failure notifications. This notification is defined in RFC2006-MIB.my as the mipAuthFailure notification type {mipMIBNotifications 1}. This notification, when enabled, is triggered when there is an authentication failure for the Mobile IP entity during validation of the mobile registration request or reply.

For a complete description of this notification and additional MIB functions, see the RFC2006-MIB.my file, available on Cisco.com at <http://www.cisco.com/public/mibs/v2/>.

The **snmp-server enable traps ipmobile** command is used in conjunction with the **snmp-server host** command. Use the **snmp-server host** global configuration command to specify which host or hosts receive SNMP notifications. To send SNMP notifications, you must configure at least one **snmp-server host** command.

Examples

The following example enables the router to send Mobile IP informs to the host at the address myhost.cisco.com using the community string defined as public:

```
snmp-server enable traps ipmobile
snmp-server host myhost.cisco.com informs version 2c public
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
snmp-server host	Specifies the recipient of an SNMP notification operation.
snmp-server trap-source	Specifies the interface from which an SNMP trap should originate.