



Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

The Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features introduce a new compression technique in DSP firmware and add enhancements to Cisco IOS that include cell switching on ATM segmentation and reassembly (SAR), and the use of an external BITS clocking source. These features enable Cisco multiservice routers to be used to transparently groom and compress traffic in a wireless service provider network and enable a service provider to optimize the bandwidth used to backhaul the traffic from a cell site to the mobile central office for more efficient use of existing T1 and E1 lines.

Feature Specifications for Cisco Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

Feature History	
Release	Modification
12.3(4)XD	These features were introduced.
12.3(7)T	These features were integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T.
Supported Platforms	
Cisco 3660, Cisco 3745	

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the “[Feature Information for <Phrase Based on Module Title>](#)” section on page 7.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.



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Prerequisites for Cisco Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

The Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features require a Cisco 3660 or Cisco 3745 with the following components installed:

Table 1 *Supported Network Modules*

Feature	Cisco 3660	Cisco 3745
Lossless compression R1	NM-HDV	NM-HDV
ATM cell switching	AIM-ATM or AIM-ATM-VOICE-30 NM-xFE2W with VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1	AIM-ATM or AIM-ATM-VOICE-30 NM-xFE2W with VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1 VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1 (on-board WIC slot)
BITS clocking	NM-HDV NM-xFE2W with VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1	NM-HDV NM-xFE2W with VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1 VWIC-xMFT-T1/E1 (on-board WIC slot)

Restrictions for Cisco Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

- Operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM) cell insertion is not supported on cell-switched PVCs.
- AIM-ATM and AIM-ATM-VOICE-30 modules support a maximum of four T1/E1s. This can consist of two incoming and two outgoing, or three incoming and one outgoing T1/E1s. An IMA group cannot be split between multiple AIMs.

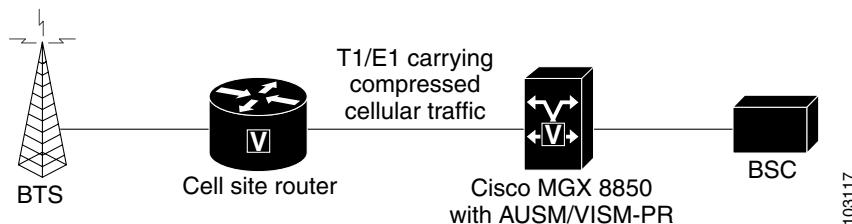
- Certain combinations of AIM modules can become inoperable when installed in a Cisco 3745. This problem only affects Cisco 3745 routers manufactured before June 11, 2003. See the following field notice for detailed information about this problem:
http://www-tac.cisco.com/Support_Library/field_alerts/fn25194.html
- Voice activity detection (VAD) and echo cancellation are disabled when lossless compression is enabled.
- Lossless compression R1 is supported for VoATM calls with AAL2 and subcell multiplexing. VoIP calls are not supported at this time.
- ATM cell switching is limited to a maximum of 25 connections per AIM-ATM.
- Do not configure more than 29 LLCC channels per NM-HDV module. Configuring more than 29 LLCC channels can cause unreliable operation.
- J1 controller is not supported.
- Traffic policing is not supported.
- For Cisco 3660 routers with two NM-HDV modules installed, do not install the modules in the following slot combinations:
 - Slot 1 and Slot 3
 - Slot 2 and Slot 4
 - Slot 5 and Slot 6

Using these slot combinations can result in packet loss.

Information About Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

The Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features work together to groom and compress T1 and E1 traffic between cell sites and a mobile central office. These features require a Cisco 3660 or Cisco 3745 router to be installed at the base transceiver station (BTS). This cell site router performs ATM switching and compression of cell site traffic for transport to the base station controller (BSC). A Cisco MGX 8850 with AUSM and VISM-PR terminates the T1/E1 lines that carry lossless compression codec (LLCC) traffic, converting the traffic back to PCM before passing it to the BSC. [Figure 1](#) shows a sample topology that makes use of the Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features.

Figure 1 *Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source Features*



Lossless Compression Codec on NM-HDV

The Lossless Compression R1 feature introduces a new compression technique in DSP firmware and the VISM card—the lossless compression codec (LLCC). LLCC operates in a similar fashion to the existing clear channel codec: the decoded 64kbps PCM stream is a bit-exact replica of the PCM stream provided on the TDM side of the encoding DSP. However, rather than simply packetizing the PCM stream, the LLCC encoder applies a lossless data compression scheme. This results in a net reduction in the data transmission rate, yielding a reduction in the packet transmission rate.

ATM Cell Switching on AIM-ATM and AIM-ATM-VOICE-30

The Cisco ATM Cell Switching feature enables the router to perform cell switching between two ATM connections on AIM-ATM and AIM-ATM-VOICE-30 cards, giving the router the ability to receive ATM traffic from the BTS and backhaul it to the mobile central office.

BITS Clocking on the Cisco 3660 and Cisco 3745

BITS (Building Integrated Timing Supply) network clocking enables a Cisco 3660 or Cisco 3745 router to derive network timing from the central office. BITS must be configured on the cell site router to support this feature.

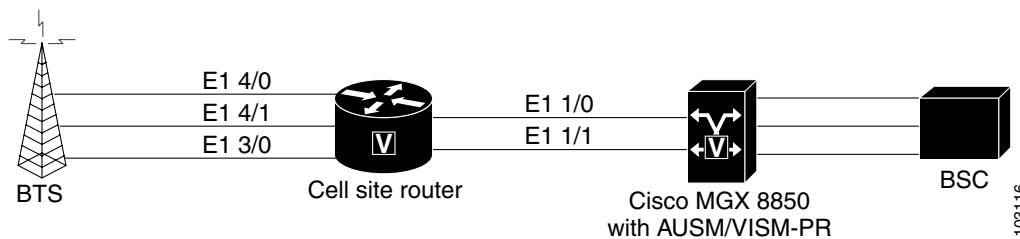
How to Configure Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

The procedures for configuring the Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features require the following tasks:

- [Configuring the Cell Site Router for BITS Clocking, page 5](#)
- [Configuring ATM Cell Switching, page 6](#)
- [Configuring the Lossless Compression Codec, page 7](#)
- [Disabling Connection Admission Control, page 11](#)

The instructions that follow refer to the sample configuration shown in [Figure 2](#). With this configuration, the cell site router supports three E1 connections to the BTS. Compressed cellular traffic is transported to the BSC (by way of the Cisco MGX 8850) over the E1 1/0 and E1 1/1 interfaces. Additionally, BITS clocking is derived from E1 1/1.

Figure 2 *Sample Configuration*



Configuring the Cell Site Router for BITS Clocking

BITS clocking enables the router at a cell site to derive timing from the mobile central office. BITS clocking ensures that data flows to a single network clock source, preventing mismatches and data slips in traffic between the BTS and the BSC. The procedure that follows configures the AIM to receive BITS clocking from E1 1/1 controller.

Summary Steps

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **network-clock-participate slot number**
4. **network-clock-select priority slot number**
5. **controller e1 slot/port**
6. **clock source {line [primary | bits] | internal}**

Detailed Steps

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password when prompted.
	Example: Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	network-clock-participate slot number	Allows the network module in the specified slot to use the network clock for its timing.
	Example: Router(config)# network-clock-participate slot 1	
Step 4	network-clock-select priority slot number	Specifies a port to be used as a timing source for the network clock, and the priority level for the use of that port. The source that is given the highest priority is used first; if it becomes unavailable, the source with the second-highest priority is used, and so forth.
	Example: Router(config)# network-clock-select 1 E1 1/1	
Step 5	controller t1 e1 slot/port	Enters controller configuration mode for the selected T1 or E1.
	Example: Router(config)# controller e1 1/1	
Step 6	clock source {line [primary bits] internal}	Specifies that the clock is generated from the T1 or E1 BITS source.
	Example: Router(config-controller)# clock source line bits	

Configuring ATM Cell Switching

The procedure that follows configures the cell site router to switch ATM traffic with the Cisco MGX 8850 at the BSC. This procedure configures ATM switching between E1 3/0 and E1 1/0, using the AIM installed in Slot 1.

Summary Steps

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **network-clock-participate slot *number***
4. **network-clock-participate slot *number***
5. **network-clock-participate aim *number***
6. **controller t1 | e1 *slot/port***
7. **mode atm aim *aim-slot***
8. **controller t1 | e1 *slot/port***
9. **mode atm aim *aim-slot***
10. **interface atm *interface-number/subinterface-number***
11. **pvc *vpi/vci l2transport***
12. **interface atm *interface-number/subinterface-number***
13. **pvc *vpi/vci l2transport***
14. **connect *id atm slot/port-1 atm slot/port-2***

Detailed Steps

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password when prompted.
	Example: Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	network-clock-participate slot <i>number</i>	Enables the network module in the specified slot to use the network clock for its timing.
	Example: Router(config)# network-clock-participate slot 1	
Step 4	network-clock-participate slot <i>number</i>	Enables the network module in the specified slot to use the network clock for its timing.
	Example: Router(config)# network-clock-participate slot 3	

Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5 <code>network-clock-participate aim number</code>	Specifies that the AIM in Slot 0 will derive clocking from the network source.
Example: Router(config)# network-clock-participate aim 0	
Step 6 <code>controller t1 e1 slot/port</code>	Enters controller configuration mode for the selected T1 or E1.
Example: Router(config)# controller e1 1/0	
Step 7 <code>mode atm aim aim-slot</code>	Sets the mode of the T1 or E1 controller in AIM Slot 0.
Example:: Router(config-controller)# mode atm aim 0	
Step 8 <code>controller t1 e1 slot/port</code>	Enters controller configuration mode for the selected T1 or E1.
Example: Router(config)# controller e1 3/0	
Step 9 <code>mode atm aim aim-slot</code>	Sets the mode of the T1 or E1 controller in AIM Slot 0.
Example: Router(config-controller)# mode atm aim 0	
Step 10 <code>interface atm interface-number/subinterface-number</code>	Enters configuration mode for the selected ATM interface.
Example: Router(config) # interface atm 1/0	
Step 11 <code>pvc vpi/vci 12transport</code>	Creates a PVC for the virtual path identifier (VPI) and virtual channel identifier (VCI) and specifies that the PVC is switched, not terminated.
Example: Router(config-if)# pvc 10/110 12transport	
Step 12 <code>interface atm interface-number/subinterface-number</code>	Enters configuration mode for the selected ATM interface.
Example: Router (config) # interface atm 3/0	
Step 13 <code>pvc vpi/vci 12transport</code>	Creates a PVC for the VPI and VCI and specifies that the PVC is switched.
Example: Router(config-if)# pvc 30/130 12transport	
Step 14 <code>connect id atm slot/port-1 atm slot/port-2</code> Router(config)# connect Switched-Conn atm 1/0 10/110 atm 3/0 30/130	Defines connections between T1 or E1 controller ports and the ATM interface.

Configuring the Lossless Compression Codec

The procedure that follows configures an LLCC voice channel on E1 4/0 and sends it over the ATM network using E1 1/0 and the AIM installed in Slot 1.

Summary Steps

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **network-clock-participate slot *number***
4. **network-clock-participate slot *number***
5. **network-clock-participate aim *number***
6. **voice service {pots | voatm | vofr | voip}**
7. **session protocol aal2**
8. **subcell-mux**
9. **codec aal2-profile custom *profile-number* codec**
10. **controller t1 | e1 *slot/port***
11. **mode atm aim *aim-slot***
12. **controller t1 | e1 *slot/port***
13. **ds0-group *ds0-group-number* timeslots *timeslot-list* type *signaling method***
14. **interface atm *interface-number/subinterface-number***
15. **pvc *vpi/vci***
16. **vbr-rt *peak-rate average-rate burst***
17. **encapsulation aal2**
18. **dial-peer voice *tag* voatm**
19. **destination-pattern *string***
20. **session protocol aal2-trunk**
21. **session target interface pvc *vpi/vci***
22. **signal-type cas | cept | ext-signal | transparent**
23. **codec aal2-profile custom *profile-number* codec**
24. **voice-port {*slot-number/subunit-number/port* | *slot/port:ds0-group-no*}**
25. **playout-delay {fax | maximum | nominal} *milliseconds***
26. **connection {plar | tie-line | plar-opx} *digits* | {trunk *digits* [answer-mode]}**

Detailed Steps

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password when prompted.
	Example: Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	

Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3 <code>network-clock-participate slot number</code>	Enables the network module in the specified slot to use the network clock for its timing.
Example: Router(config)# <code>network-clock-participate slot 1</code>	
Step 4 <code>network-clock-participate slot number</code>	Enables the network module in the specified slot to use the network clock for its timing.
Example: Router(config)# <code>network-clock-participate slot 4</code>	
Step 5 <code>network-clock-participate aim number</code>	Specifies that the AIM in Slot 0 will derive clocking from the network source.
Example: Router(config)# <code>network-clock-participate aim 0</code>	
Step 6 <code>voice service {pots voatm vofr voip}</code>	Enters voice service configuration mode and specifies VoATM as the encapsulation type.
Example: Router(config)# <code>voice service voatm</code>	
Step 7 <code>session protocol aal2</code>	Enters voice-service-session configuration mode and specifies ATM adaptation layer 2 (AAL2) trunking.
Example: Router(config-voi-serv)# <code>session protocol aal2</code>	
Step 8 <code>subcell-mux</code>	Enables AAL2 common part sublayer (CPS) subcell multiplexing.
Example: Router(conf-voi-serv-sess)# <code>subcell-mux</code>	
Step 9 <code>codec aal2-profile custom profile-number codec</code>	Sets the codec profile for the DSP on a per-call basis and specifies the lossless compression codec.
Example: Router# <code>codec aal2-profile custom 51 0 0 llcc 40 0 15</code>	
Step 10 <code>controller t1 e1 slot/port</code>	Enters controller configuration mode for the selected T1 or E1.
Example: Router(config)# controller e1 1/0	
Step 11 <code>mode atm aim aim-slot</code>	Sets the mode of the T1 or E1 controller in AIM Slot 0.
Example: Router(config-controller)# <code>mode atm aim 0</code>	
Step 12 <code>controller t1 e1 slot/port</code>	Enters controller configuration mode for the selected T1 or E1.
Example: Router(config)# controller e1 4/0	

How to Configure Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

Command or Action	Purpose
Step 13 <code>ds0-group ds0-group-number timeslots timeslot-list type signaling method</code>	Specifies the DS0 time slots that make up a logical voice port on a T1 or E1 controller and specifies the signaling type used by the router.
Example: Router(config-controller)# ds0-group 0 timeslots 1 type ext-sig	
Step 14 <code>interface atm interface-number/subinterface-number</code>	Enters configuration mode for the selected ATM interface.
Example: Router(config) # interface atm 1/0	
Step 15 <code>pvc vpi/vci</code>	Enters configuration mode for the selected PVC.
Example: Router(config-if-atm)# pvc 10/110	
Step 16 <code>vbr-rt peak-rate average-rate burst</code>	Configures real-time variable bit rate (VBR) for VoATM voice connections.
Example: Router(config-if-atm-pvc)# vbr-rt 1920 1920 255	
Step 17 <code>encapsulation aal2</code>	Configures the encapsulation type for the ATM virtual circuit.
Example: Router(config-if-atm-pvc)# encapsulation aal2	
Step 18 <code>dial-peer voice tag voatm</code>	Defines a dial-peer and specifies the method of voice encapsulation as VoATM.
Example: Router(config)# dial-peer voice 1001 voatm	
Step 19 <code>destination-pattern string</code>	Specifies the prefix to be used by the dial peer.
Example: Router(config-dial-peer)# destination-pattern 1001	
Step 20 <code>session protocol aal2-trunk</code>	Specifies the dial peer uses AAL2 nonswitched trunk session protocol.
Example: Router(config-dial-peer)# session protocol aal2-trunk	
Step 21 <code>session target interface pvc vpi/vci</code>	Specifies the network-specific address for the VoATM dial peer.
Example: Router(config-dial-peer)# session target atm 1/0 pvc 10/100 9	
Step 22 <code>signal-type cas cept ext-signal transparent</code>	Specifies that external signaling is used when connecting to the dial peer. The DSP does not generate any signaling frames.
Example: Router(config-dial-peer)# signal-type ext-signal	

Command or Action	Purpose
Step 23 <code>codec aal2-profile custom profile-number codec</code>	Sets the codec profile for the DSP on a per-call basis and specifies the lossless compression codec.
Example: <pre>Router(config-dial-peer)# codec aal2-profile custom 51 llcc</pre>	
Step 24 <code>voice-port {slot-number/subunit-number/port slot/port:ds0-group-no}</code>	Enters voice-port configuration mode.
Example: <pre>Router(config)# voice-port 2/0:0</pre>	
Step 25 <code>playout-delay {fax maximum nominal} milliseconds</code>	Tunes the playout buffer to accommodate packet jitter caused by switches in the WAN. The nominal keyword specifies the initial (and minimum allowed) delay time that the DSP inserts before playing out voice packets, in milliseconds.
Example: <pre>Router(config-voice-port)# playout-delay nominal 25</pre>	
Step 26 <code>connection {plar tie-line plar-opx} digits {trunk digits [answer-mode]}</code>	Associates this voice-port to destination-pattern 1001.
Example: <pre>Router(config-voice-port)# connection trunk 1001</pre>	

**Note**

To ensure that the voice-port configuration takes affect, issue the **shutdown** command, followed by **no shutdown** to enable it again.

Disabling Connection Admission Control

Connection admission control (CAC) is a set of actions taken by each ATM switch during connection setup to determine whether the requested QoS will violate the QoS guarantees for established connections. CAC reserves bandwidth for voice calls, however, the bandwidth required when LLCC is used is dynamic and usually less than what is generally reserved by CAC. Disabling CAC may help in better utilization of bandwidth when LLCC is used. The procedure that follows disables CAC.

Summary Steps

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `interface atm interface-number/subinterface-number`
4. `pvc vpi/vci`
5. `cac_off`

Detailed Steps

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password when prompted.
	Example: Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface atm interface-number/subinterface-number	Enters configuration mode for the selected ATM interface.
	Example: Router(config) # interface atm 1/0	
Step 4	pvc vpi/vci	Enters configuration mode for the selected PVC.
	Example: Router(config-if-atm) # pvc 10/110	
Step 5	cac_off	Disables call admission control.
	Example: Router# (config-if-atm-vc) # cac_off	

Verifying Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source Configuration

This section provides a set of **show** commands you can use to verify the configuration of the Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source features. It includes the following commands:

- [show connection all](#)
- [show voice dsp](#)
- [show voice call port-id](#)
- [show voice trunk supervisory summary](#)
- [show interfaces](#)

show connection all

The following example shows output from the **show connection all** command. In this example, Switched-Conn is a cell-switched connection established between PVC 10/110 and PVC 30/130, which are configured under ATM1/0 and ATM3/0 respectively.

```
Router# show connection all
ID      Name           Segment 1          Segment 2          State
=====
3      V-100-700       E1 1/0(VOICE) 00    DSP 07/00/00      UP
4      V-120-700       E1 1/2(VOICE) 00    DSP 07/00/00      UP
```

5	Switched-Conn	ATM1/0 10/110	ATM3/0 30/130	UP
---	---------------	---------------	---------------	----

The **show connection all** command displays the state of Switched-Conn. If it is in the UP state, then it means the ATM cell switching connection is operational.

show voice dsp

The following example shows output from the **show voice dsp** command:

```
Router# show voice dsp
DSP  DSP          DSPWARE CURRET  BOOT          PAK  TX/RX
TYPE NUM CH CODEC  VERSION STATE STATE   RST AI VOICEPORT TS ABORT PACK COUNT
==== == == ===== = ===== = ===== = ===== = ===== = ===== = =====
C549 000 04 llcc    4.3.392 busy   idle      0 4/0:0     04      0 1752/1752
```

The **show voice dsp** command shows if the LLCC codec has been applied to the voice port. Additionally, the TX/RX COUNT indicates if packet exchange is occurring. If LLCC is operational, then TX/RX COUNT will display similar values.

show voice call port-id

The **show voice call** command gives detailed information about the lossless compression codec. The following example shows output from the **show voice call** command:


Note

The **show voice call** command has a limitation that causes it to display invalid values. To ensure that accurate values are reported, invoke this command twice and look at the second output.

```
Router# show voice call 4/0:0
4/0:0 1
    vtsp level 0 state = S_CONNECTvpm level 1 state = S_TRUNKED
    vpm level 0 state = S_UP

lossless compression summary:
    average compression ratio since reset      = 50
    current compression ratio                  = 50
    max buffer size (ms)                      = 41
    nominal buffer size (ms)                  = 25
    current buffer size (ms)                  = 26
    total encoder input frame count          = 5534
    total encoder output frame count         = 2767
    encoded tx front-end compressed frame count = 2767
    encoded tx back-end compressed frame count = 0
    encoded tx frame count (no compression) = 0
    underflow error count                   = 0
    overflow error count                   = 0
    decode error count                     = 0
    tx signalling frame count             = 11
    rx signalling frame count             = 10
    rx bad checksum frame count           = 0
    rx good checksum frame count          = 2777
```

show voice trunk supervisory summary

The following example shows output from the **show voice trunk supervisory summary** command:

```
Router# show voice trunk supervisory summary
SLOW SCAN
4/0:0(1) : state : TRUNK_SC_CCS_CONNECT, master
```

show interfaces

The following example shows output from the **show interfaces** command:

■ Additional References

```

Router# show interfaces atm1/0
ATM1/0 is up, line protocol is up
  Hardware is ATM AIM E1
  MTU 4470 bytes, sub MTU 4470, BW 1920 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
    reliability 0/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ATM, loopback not set
  Encapsulation(s): AAL5
  255 maximum active VCs, 256 VCs per VP, 0 current VCCs
  VC Auto Creation Disabled.
  VC idle disconnect time: 300 seconds
  Last input never, output never, output hang never
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
  Queueing strategy: Per VC Queueing
  30 second input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
  30 second output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
    Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
    0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 collisions, 1 interface resets
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Configuring voice features	Cisco IOS Voice Configuration Library
Configuring ATM advanced integration modules	AIM-ATM and AIM-ATM-VOICE-30 on the Cisco 2600 Series, Cisco 3660, and Cisco 3700 Series
Configuring high-density voice network modules	Digital E1 Packet Voice Trunk Network Module Interfaces

Standards

Standards ¹	Title
No new standards are supported by this feature.	

1. Not all supported standards are listed.

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No new MIBs are supported by this feature. • CISCO-VOICE-COMMON-DIAL-CONTROL-MIB was modified. 	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs ¹	Title
No new RFCs are supported by this feature.	

1. Not all supported RFCs are listed.

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source

Table 2 lists the release history for this feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which software images support a specific software release, feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.



Note **Table 2** lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 2 *Feature Information for <Phrase Based on Module Title>*

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source	12.3(4)XD	These features were introduced.
Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source	12.3(7)T	These features were integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T.

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■ Feature Information for Lossless Compression R1, ATM Cell Switching, and External BITS Clocking Source