

show port config

To display the configuration parameters of the active session for the specified port or the specified port range, use the **show port config** command in EXEC mode.

Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort Dial Feature Card (DFC)

```
show port config {slot | slot/port}
```

Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port Card (UPC)

```
show port config {shelfslot | shelfslot/port}
```

Syntax Description	slot	All ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
	slot/port	All ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7. The port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.
	shelfslot	All ports on the specified shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1 and UPC slot values range from 2 to 11. You must include the slash mark.
	shelfslot/port	All ports on the specified SPE. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1, slot values range from 2 to 11, and port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash marks.

Command Modes	EXEC
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Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400 and Cisco AS5800.
	12.2(2)XA	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350.
	12.2(2)XB1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(2)XB1.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T.

Usage Guidelines	The port should have an associated active session when the show port config command is executed.
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Note

The **show port config** command is similar to the **show modem config** MICA technologies modem command.

Examples

The following example shows output from the **show port config** command on the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC. This example shows port configuration for the modem service port slot 1, port 0.

```
Router# show port configuration 1/0

Service Type                               :Modem service
Originate/Answer Mode                       :Answer
Data Bits Selection                         :8
Parity Selection                            :No Parity
Stop bits Selection                         :1
V.42 ODP generation                         :Enabled
EC Autodetect Time-out                     :5000 ms
Protocol Negotiation Time-out               :10000 ms
Protocol Negotiation Fallback character     :13
Protocol Negotiation Retransmission Limit  :12
EC Min, Max Octets Frame length            :256
Data Compression                           :V.44Tx  V.44Rx
ARA Error Correction                        :ARA1.0 & ARA2.0 Disabled
V.42 Error Correction                       :V.42(LAP-M) Originate&Answer enabled
MNP Error Correction                        :MNP Originate&Answer enabled
Link Protocol Fallback                     :Async Framing (Start/Stop/Parity)
Calling Tone                               :Disabled
Guard Tone                                 :Disabled
Modem Standard                             :V.90 Automode
Max Non-PCM Connect Rate                    :33600 bps
Min Non-PCM Connect Rate                   :300 bps
Max PCM Connect Rate                       :60000 bps
Min PCM Connect Rate                       :28000 bps
Signal Quality Threshold                    :Bit Errors >= 1:1000 cause recovery
Fallback/Fallforward Squelch Timer         :500 ms
Fall Forward Timer                         :10000 ms
Fall Back Timer                            :500 ms
Terminate Time-out                         :20 secs
Wait for Data Mode Time-out                :60 secs
Lost Carrier To Hang-up Delay              :1400 ms
PCM Transmit Level Setting                  :-13 dBm
Retrain Limit                              :4
V.34 Max Symbol Rate                       :3429 Baud
V.34 Min Symbol Rate                       :2400 Baud
V.34 Carrier Frequency                     :Auto Carrier Selection
V.34 Preemphasis Filter Selection          :11
+++ Escape Detection                        :Enabled-in-Originate-Mode-Only
AT Command Processor                       :Enabled
Call Setup Delay                           :0 ms
Automatic Answer Delay                     :2 secs
Escape Detection Character                  :ASCII 43 (+)
Carriage Return Character                  :ASCII 13 (CR)
Line Feed Character                        :ASCII 10 (LF)
Backspace Character                        :ASCII 8 (BS)
Pause Before Blind Dialing                 :2 secs
Comma Dial Modifier Time                   :2 secs
MOH Timeout                                :No limit
QC Configuration                           :Enabled ANSpcm Level -12dBm
V.44 Max Tx Codewords                      :256
V.44 Max Rx Codewords                      :256
V.44 Max Tx String Length                  :32
V.44 Max Rx String Length                  :32
V.44 Max Tx History Size                   :256
V.44 Max Rx History Size                   :256
```

The following example shows port configuration information for a digital service port slot 1, port 8 on the Cisco AS5800 with the UPC:

```
Router# show port configuration 1/8

Shelf/Slot/SPE/Port -- 1/8/27/165
Service Type                : Modem service
Originate/Answer Mode      : Answer
Data Bits Selection        : 8
Parity Selection           : No Parity
Stop bits Selection        : 1
V.42 ODP generation        : Enabled
EC Autodetect Time-out     : 5000 ms
Protocol Negotiation Time-out : 10000 ms
Protocol Negotiation Fallback character : 13
Protocol Negotiation Retransmission Limit : 12
EC Min, Max Octets Frame length : 256
Data Compression           : V.42bis or MNP5
ARA Error Correction       : ARA1.0 & ARA2.0 Disabled
V.42 Error Correction      : V.42(LAP-M) Originate&Answer enabled
MNP Error Correction       : MNP Originate&Answer enabled
Link Protocol Fallback     : Async Framing (Start/Stop/Parity)
Calling Tone               : Disabled
Guard Tone                 : Disabled
Modem Standard             : V.90 Automode
Max Non-PCM Connect Rate   : 33600 bps
Min Non-PCM Connect Rate   : 300 bps
Max PCM Connect Rate       : 60000 bps
```

Table 87 describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 87 show port config Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Service Type	Digital or analog service type.
Originate/Answer Mode	Answer or originate. Default is answer.
Data Bits Selection	7, 8, or 9 data bits. Default is 8.
Parity Selection	0 = no parity, 1 = even parity, 2 = odd parity. Default is no parity.
Stop bits Selection	1 or 2 stop bits. Default is 1 stop bit.
V.42 ODP generation	Disabled or generate ODP sequence when originating a V.42 call. Default is Generate ODP sequence when originating a V.42 call.
EC Autodetect Time-out value	Maximum period, in milliseconds (ms), during which the modem will run an automated detection machine upon the incoming data. Default is 5000 ms.
Protocol Negotiation Time-out	Maximum wait (in ms) for error correction protocol negotiation before fallback. Default is 10000 ms.
Protocol Negotiation Fallback Character	0 to 127. Default is 13.
Protocol Negotiation Retransmission Limit	0 = Do not disconnect on excessive retransmission; 1 to 255 = number of successive retransmissions to cause disconnect. Default is 12.
EC Min, Max Octets Frame Length	Buffer length; 64 to 1024 octets of data. Default is 256.

Table 87 show port config Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Data Compression	Disabled, V.42bis, MNP5, or V.42bis or MNP5 (V.42 has precedence). Default is V.42bis or MNP5 (V.42 has precedence).
ARA Error Correction	ARA1.0 & ARA2.0 Disabled, Enabled for Answer only, Enabled for Answer originate ARA1.0, and Enabled for Answer originate ARA2.0. Default is Enabled for Answer only.
V.42 Error Correction	V.42(LAP-M) Disabled, V.42(LAP-M) Originate&Answer enabled. Default is Disabled.
MNP Error Correction	MNP Disabled or MNP Originate&Answer enabled. Default is MNP Originate&Answer enabled.
Link Protocol Fallback	Asynch Framing (Start/Stop/Parity), Synchronous framing (Raw 8 bits to DSP), or Disconnect (Hang-up). Default is Asynch Framing (Start/Stop/Parity).
DSP processor MVIP TDM slice	0 to 15.
Calling Tone	Disabled or Send calling tone. Default is Disabled.
Guard Tone	Disabled, Use Guard tone (V.22 & V.22bis only). Default is Disabled.
Modem Standard	V.34bis Automode with terbo, V.34bis Automode skip terbo, V.32 terbo Automode, V.32bis Automode, V.22bis Automode, or K56Flex 1.1. Default is V.34bis Automode with terbo.
Max. Connect Rate	75 to 56000 bits per second (bps).
Min. Connect Rate	75 to 56000 bps.
Signal Quality Threshold	No action on bit errors, Bit Errors >=1:100 cause recovery, Bit Errors >=1:1000 cause recovery, Bit Errors >=1:10000 cause recovery, Bit Errors >=1:100000 cause recovery, or Bit Errors >=1:1000000 cause recovery. Default is 1:1000.
Fallback/Fallforward Squelch Timer	Time to delay (in ms) after a speed shift before allowing another speed shift. Default is 500 ms.
Fall Forward Timer	Elapsed time (in ms) with continuous good signal quality to cause a fall forward. Default is 10000 ms.
Fall Back Timer	Elapsed time (in ms) with bad signal quality to cause a fallback. Default is 500 ms.
Terminate Time-out	Elapsed time (in seconds) after a disconnect request before forcing a link disconnection. During this period, the modem sends buffered data and then clears down the link. Default is 20 seconds.
Wait for Data Mode Time-out	Maximum time (in seconds) during link establishment before disconnection. Default is 40; 60 for K56Flex.
Lost Carrier To Hang-up Delay	Maximum time (in ms) without a carrier to cause the link disconnect. Default is 1400 ms.
PCM Transmit Level Setting	6d Bm, 7 dBm, 8 dBm, -20 dBm, or -21 dBm. Default is 9 dBm.
Retrain Limit	Maximum successive failed retrains to cause the link to disconnection. Default is 4.

Table 87 show port config Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
V.34 Max. Symbol Rate	2400 baud, 2743 baud, 2800 baud, 3000 baud, 3200 baud, or 3429 baud. Default is 3429 baud.
V.34 Min. Symbol Rate	2400 baud, 2743 baud, 2800 baud, 3000 baud, 3200 baud, or 3429 baud. Default is 2400 baud.
V.34 Carrier Frequency	Low Carrier, High Carrier, or Auto Carrier Selection. Default is High Carrier.
V.34 Preemphasis Filter Selection	0 to 10 = a selected filter; 11 = Automatic Preemphasis Selection. Default is 11.
Tx and Rx Signaling Type	NULL signaling, MF signaling, DTMF signaling, Lower band R2 signaling, Upper band R2 signaling, or R1 signaling. Default is NULL signaling.
Call Progress Tone Detection	No tone detection, Dial tone detection, Ring-Back tone detection, or Busy tone detection. Default is No tone detection.
+++ Escape Detection	Disabled, Enabled, or Enabled-in-Originate-Mode-Only. Default is Enabled-in-Originate-Mode-Only.
AT Command Processor	Disabled or Enabled. Default is Disabled.
Call Set Up Delay	No delay before link initiation, delay value (1 to 255 ms). Default is No delay.
Automatic Answer	Answer immediately, delay value (1 to 255 seconds). Default is 1 second.
Escape Detection Character	ASCII value (0 to 127). Default is 43.
Carriage Return Character	ASCII value (0 to 127). Default is 13.
Line Feed Character	ASCII value (0 to 127). Default is 10.
Backspace Character	ASCII value (0 to 127). Default is 8.
Pause Before Blind Dialing	2 to 255 seconds. Default is 2.
Wait For Carrier After Dial	Wait for data mode timeout.
Comma Dial Modifier Time	2 to 255 seconds. Default is 2.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show port operational-status	Displays the operational status of a specific port or port range.

show port digital log

To display the data event log for digital modems, use the **show port digital log** command in EXEC mode.

```
show port digital log [reverse slot/port] [slot | slot/port]
```

Syntax Description	reverse	(Optional) Displays a report with the most recent entry first.
	slot	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
	slot/port	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7 and port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(5)XM1	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350 universal gateway.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350.

Usage Guidelines



Note

This command is not supported on the Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port DFC.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show port digital log** command on the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC:

```
Router# show port digital log

Port 5/00 Events Log
 00:02:41: incoming called number: 35140
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: IDLE
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: ACTIVE
 00:02:41: Digital State event:
    State: Steady
 00:02:40: Digital Static event:
    Connect Protocol           : V.110
    Data Bits                   : 8
    Parity                       : 0
```

```

    Stop Bits                               : 1
    TX,RX Bit Rate                           : 19200, 19200
Port 5/01 Events Log
00:02:42: incoming called number: 35140
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: IDLE
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: ACTIVE
00:02:41: Digital State event:
    State: Steady
00:02:41: Digital Static event:
    Connect Protocol                         : V.110
    Data Bits                               : 8
    Parity                                  : 0
    Stop Bits                               : 1
    TX,RX Bit Rate                           : 19200, 19200
Port 5/02 Events Log
00:02:42: incoming called number: 35140
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: IDLE
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: ACTIVE
00:02:42: Digital State event:
    State: Steady
00:02:42: Digital Static event:
    Connect Protocol                         : V.110
    Data Bits                               : 8
    Parity                                  : 0
    Stop Bits                               : 1
    TX,RX Bit Rate                           : 19200, 19200
Port 5/03 Events Log
00:02:43: incoming called number: 35140
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: IDLE
    Service type: DIGITAL_DATA
    Session State: ACTIVE
00:02:43: Digital State event:
    State: Steady
00:02:43: Digital Static event:
    Connect Protocol                         : V.110
    Data Bits                               : 8
    Parity                                  : 0
.
.
.

```

Table 88 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 88 show port digital log Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Port	The port and slot with the events log of current session.
incoming called number	The incoming called number.
Service type	The type of digital service, data or voice.
Session State	The condition of the current state, active or idle.

Table 88 *show port digital log Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Digital State event:	The digital state. Values are as follows: 0—IDLE state 10—CONNECTING state 30—Steady 50—TERMINATING state
Connect Protocol	The data carrier connect standard used to support the rates of bits per second (bps).
Data Bits	The number of data bits, 7, 8, or 9. Default is 8.
Parity	The parity selection of 0 = no parity, 1 = odd parity. Default is no parity.
Stop Bits	The selection of stop bits, 1 or 2. Default is 1.
TX, RX Bit Rate	The transmit and receive bit rate. For RX, the bit rate is from the remote service provider to the local service provider. For TX, the bit rate is from the local service provider to the remote service provider.
Events Log	Displays the log of events for that port.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear port digital log	Clears specific service events.
clear port log	Clears all event entries in the port level history event log.
show port digital log	Displays port events with the most recent event first.

show port log

To display the service events generated by the sessions, use the **show port log** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show port {fax | voice} log [reverse] [slot/port] [slot | slot/port]
```

Syntax Description	
fax	Displays the fax data event log.
voice	Displays the voice data event log.
reverse	(Optional) Displays the port history event log with the most recent event first.
<i>slot/port</i>	(Optional) Displays information for all ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). Slot values range from 1 to 7 and port values range from 0 to 107. You must include the slash mark.
<i>slot</i>	(Optional) Displays information for all ports on the specified slot. Slot values range from 1 to 7.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400 and Cisco AS5800.
	12.1(5)XM2	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)XM2.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350 and Cisco AS5400 platforms.
	12.3(4)T	Voice activity detection (VAD) background noise, echo return loss (ERL) level, and Acombined (ACOM) level were replaced with average values for each statistic in the output. A new field was added for the average echo canceller (ECAN or EC) background noise.
	12.3(14)T	T.38 fax relay call statistics were made available to Call Detail Records (CDRs) through Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSAs) and added to the call log.

Examples

The following example shows value averages for VAD background noise, ERL level, ACOM level, and EC background noise level. Relevant fields in the output are shown in bold.

```
Router# show port voice log 1/0
```

```
Port 1/00 Events Log
*Aug 22 07:59:27.515:Voice Terminate event:
  Disconnect Reason           : normal call clearing (16)
  Call Timer                   : 57 secs
  Current playout delay       : 65 ms
  Min/Max playout delay       : 65/105 ms
  Clock offset                 : 142003 ms
  Predictive concealment      : 0 ms
```

show port log

```

Interpolative concealment      : 0 ms
Silence concealment           : 0 ms
Buffer overflow discards      : 1
End-point detection errors     : 0
Tx/Rx Voice packets          : 2813/2816
Tx/Rx signaling packets       : 0/0
Tx/Rx comfort noise packets   : 0/0
Tx/Rx duration                : 56260/56260 ms
Tx/Rx voice duration          : 0/0 ms
Out of sequence packets       : 0
Bad protocol headers          : 0
Num. of late packets         : 0
Num. of early packets         : 1
Tx/Rx Power                   : -87.0/-57.3 dBm
Tx/Rx Mean                    : -86.7/-57.0 dBm
Average VAD Background noise level : 6.2 dBm
Average ERL level                  : 127.0 dB
Average ACOM level                 : 127.0 dB
Tx/Rx current activity        : silence/silence
Tx/Rx byte count              : 450080/450240
Average ECAN Background noise level: -83.4 dBm
*Aug 22 07:59:27.515:Voice SSRC change events:
  Latest ssrc value           : 391643394
  Total ssrc changes          : 1

```

The following example shows output for the Cisco AS5400 with the universal port Dial Feature Card (DFC). The example shows the port voice history event log for slot 4, port 0.

```
Router# show port voice log 4/0
```

```

03:36:26: incoming caller number: 11001
03:36:26: incoming called number: 21001
03:36:26: Voice Connect event:
Voice Codec : G.711 a-law
Echo Canceler Length : 64 taps
Digit detection enable : DTMF signaling - enabled
Echo Cancellation Control : Echo cancellation - enabled
Echo update - enabled
Non-linear processor - enabled
Echo reset coefficients -
disabled
High pass filter enable -
disabled
Comfort noise generation : Generate comfort noise
Voice activity detection : Disabled
Information field size : 20 ms
Digit relay enable : OOB Digit relay -
disabled
IB Digit relay -
disabled
Encapsulation protocol : RTP
Playout de-jitter mode : adaptive
Input Gain : 0 dB
Output Gain : 0 dB
Tx/Rx SSRC : 0/0
03:36:27: Voice Terminate event:
Disconnect Reason : Non-specific host disconnect
Call Timer : 122 secs
Current playout delay : 30 ms
Min/Max playout delay : 25/45 ms
Clock offset : 528623613 ms
Predictive concealment : 0 ms
Interpolative concealment : 0 ms
Silence concealment : 0 ms

```

```

Buffer overflow discards : 0
End-point detection errors : 0
Tx/Rx Voice packets : 6130/6130
Tx/Rx signaling packets : 0/0
Tx/Rx comfort noise packets : 0/0
Tx/Rx duration : 122615/122615
Tx/Rx voice duration : 90000/82000
:
Out of sequence packets : 0
Bad protocol headers : 0
Num. of late packets : 0
Num. of early packets : 0
Tx/Rx Power : 932/101 dBm
Tx/Rx Mean : 364/325 dBm
:
Background noise level : -1 dBm
ERL level : 623 dB
ACOM level : 586 dB
Tx/Rx current activity : silence/silence

```

Table 89 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 89 *show port log* Field Descriptions

Field	Description
incoming caller number	The incoming caller number.
incoming called number	The incoming called number.
Voice Codec	Codec used for the current call.
Echo Canceler Length	Length of echo canceler in number of taps. Ranges from 1 to 1024 (128 milliseconds [ms]).
Digit detection enable	Bit mask where 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled, Bit 0 = dual tone multifrequency (DTMF) signaling detection.
Echo Cancellation Control	Bit mask where 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled. Bit 0: Echo cancellation enable. Bit 1: Echo update enable. Bit 2: Nonlinear processor enable. Bit 3: Echo reset coefficients (single shot). Bit 4: High pass filter disable. Bits 5—15: reserved (set to 0).
Echo update	Bit 1: Echo update enable.
Non-linear processor	Bit 2: Nonlinear processor enable.
Echo reset coefficients	Bit 3: Echo reset coefficients (single shot).
High pass filter enable	Bit mask where 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled Bit 0 = Echo cancellation enable. Bit 1: Echo update enable Bit 2: Nonlinear processor enable Bit 3: Echo reset coefficients (single shot) Bit 4: High pass filter disable Bits 5—15: reserved (set to 0)

Table 89 show port log Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Comfort noise generation	0 = generate silence - G.711 only, 1 = generate comfort noise.
Voice activity detection	0 = disabled, 1 = enabled.
Information field size	Maximum size (in ms) of information field in fax relay packets. The range is 0 to 90 ms.
Digit relay enable	Bit mask where 1 = enabled, 0 = disabled, Bit 0 = Digit Passthrough suppression.
IB Digit relay	Bit 1 = IB Digit Relay.
Encapsulation protocol	1 = RTP (VoIP), 2 = FRF.11 (VoFR), 3 = VoATM.
Playout de-jitter mode	0 = fixed, 1 = adaptive.
Input Gain	-6.0 to 6.0 in 0.1 decibel (dB) increments.
Output Gain	0 to -14.0 in 0.1 dB increments.
Disconnect Reason	Disconnect reason.
Call Timer	In seconds.
Current playout delay	Current playout delay estimate (in ms).
Min/Max playout delay	Minimum and Maximum playout delay encountered (in ms).
Clock offset	Clock offset value (in ms).
Predictive concealment	Cumulative duration (in ms).
Interpolative concealment	Cumulative duration (in ms).
Silence concealment	Cumulative duration (in ms).
Buffer overflow discards	Cumulative number buffer overflow errors.
End-point detection errors	Cumulative number of endpoint detection errors.
Tx/Rx SSRC	Value of Tx/Rx SSRC in the Routing Table Protocol (RTP) header.
Tx/Rx Voice packets	Cumulative count of voice packets sent and received.
Tx/Rx signaling packets	Cumulative count of signaling packets sent and received.
Tx/Rx comfort noise packets	Cumulative count of comfort noise packets sent and received.
Tx/Rx duration	Total duration of voice transmission and reception (in ms).
Tx/Rx voice duration	Total duration of voice transmission and reception (in ms).
Out of sequence packets	Cumulative count of packets received out of sequence.
Bad protocol headers	Cumulative count of packets received with bad protocol headers.
Num. of late packets	Cumulative count of packets received late.
Num. of early packets	Cumulative count of packets received early.
Tx/Rx Power	Current power of sent and received signal (to time-division multiplexing [TDM]) in 0.1 dBm increments.
Tx/Rx Mean	Average power of sent and received signal (to TDM) in 0.1 dBm increments.

Table 89 show port log Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Background noise level	Current background noise level estimate in 0.1 decibel (dB) increments.
ERL level	Current Echo Return Loss (ERL) level estimate in 0.1 dB increments.
ACOM level	Current ACOM level estimate in 0.1 dB increments. The term ACOM is used in G.165, "General Characteristics of International Telephone Connections and International Telephone Circuits: Echo Cancellers." ACOM is the combined loss achieved by the echo canceller, which is the sum of the ERL, ERL enhancement, and nonlinear processing loss for the call.
Tx/Rx current activity	0 = silence, 1 = voice.

The following example shows output for the Cisco AS5400 with the universal port DFC. The example shows the port fax history event log for slot 1, port 0.

```
Router# show port fax log 1/0

Port 1/00 Events Log
Port 1/01 Events Log
Port 1/02 Events Log
*Jan 1 18:39:30.499 UTC: Fax-relay Connect event:
  Max. transmission rate      : 4800 bps
  Information field size      : 20 ms
  TCF generation              : transparent
  Transmit level              : -10 dBm
  Encapsulation protocol      : UDPTL
  IFP Payload Type            :
  ECM Disable                  : Disabled
```

The following example shows output for the Cisco AS5350 on shelf 1, slot 3 with the T.38 Fax Relay statistics:

```
Router# show port fax log 1/3

Port 1/03 Events Log
May 7 21:32:22.556 UTC: Fax-relay Connect event:
  Max. transmission rate      : 14400 bps
  Information field size      : 20 ms
  TCF generation              : transparent
  Transmit level              : -10 dBm
  Encapsulation protocol      : UDPTL
  ECM Disable                  : Not disabled
  1 bytes of link info not formatted : 0x01 0x00
Fax-relay Terminate event:
  Disconnect Reason           : 0
  Call Timer                   : 55 secs
  Current playout delay       : 80 ms
  Min/Max playout delay       : 1/560 ms
  Buffer underflow discard     : 0
  Buffer overflow discard      : 0
  End-point detection errors   : 0
  Tx/Rx Fax packets           : 1580/90
  Tx/Rx duration               : 32856/6193 ms
  Tx/Rx pages                  : 1/0
  Out of sequence packets     : 0
  Bad protocol headers        : 0
  Fax state                    : Idle
```

!

show port log

```

Current signal level      : 42 dBm
Phase jitter              : 0 degrees
Frequency offset         : 0 Hz
EQM                       : 0
Packet loss concealment count : 0
TX/RX Byte Count        : 0/76
Recent HS Modulation     : V.17/short/14400
ECM in use               : 1

```

The following example shows output for the Cisco AS5350 on shelf 1, slot 3 with the T.38 fax relay statistics:

```
Router# show port fax log 1/3
```

```
Port 1/03 Events Log
```

```
May 7 21:32:22.556 UTC: Fax-relay Connect event:
```

```

Max. transmission rate    : 14400 bps
Information field size    : 20 ms
TCF generation           : transparent
Transmit level           : -10 dBm
Encapsulation protocol   : UDPTL
ECM Disable              : Not disabled
1 bytes of link info not formatted : 0x01 0x00

```

```
Fax-relay Terminate event:
```

```

Disconnect Reason        : 0
Call Timer               : 55 secs
Current playout delay    : 80 ms
Min/Max playout delay    : 1/560 ms
Buffer underflow discard : 0
Buffer overflow discard  : 0
End-point detection errors : 0
Tx/Rx Fax packets       : 1580/90
Tx/Rx duration           : 32856/6193 ms
Tx/Rx pages             : 1/0
Out of sequence packets  : 0
Bad protocol headers     : 0
Fax state                : Idle

```

```
!
```

```

Current signal level      : 42 dBm
Phase jitter              : 0 degrees
Frequency offset         : 0 Hz
EQM                       : 0
Packet loss concealment count : 0
TX/RX Byte Count        : 0/76
Recent HS Modulation     : V.17/short/14400
ECM in use               : 1

```

Table 90 lists the significant fields displayed in the output of **show port fax log** command:

Table 90 *show port fax log Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Max. transmission rate	0: No Limit. 1: 2400 bits per second (bps). 2: 4800 bps. 3: 7200 bps. 4: 9600 bps. 5: 12000 bps. 6: 14400 bps.
Information field size	Maximum size of information field in fax relay packets. The range is 0 to 90 ms.
TCF generation	0: transparent (remote). 1: controlled (local).
Transmit level	Transmit level of remodulator (in decibels per milliwatt [dBm]): -10 to -21.
Encapsulation protocol	1: UDPTL (T.38—VoIP) (default). 2: FRF.11 (VoFR). 3: RTP (IFP in RTP).
IFP Payload Type	0 to 127. Negotiated payload type for fax relay over RTP. (Valid only when encapsulation protocol is RTP.)
ECM Disable	0 - Error Correction Mode (ECM) is not disabled. 1 - ECM is disabled.
Disconnect Reason	Disconnect Reason.
Call Timer	Call timer in seconds.
Current playout delay	Current playout delay estimate in milliseconds (ms).
Min/Max playout delay	Minimum and maximum playout delay encountered in ms.
Buffer underflow discard	Cumulative number of buffer underflow errors.
Buffer overflow discard	Cumulative number of buffer overflow errors.
End-point detection errors	Cumulative number of endpoint detection errors.
Tx/Rx Fax packets	Cumulative count of fax packets sent and received.
Tx/Rx duration	Total duration of fax transmission and reception in ms.
Tx/Rx pages	Total pages of fax transmitted and received.
Out of sequence packets	Cumulative count of packets received out of sequence.
Bad protocol headers	Cumulative count of packets received with bad protocol headers.
Fax state	Idle.
Current signal level	Current sent and received signal level estimate in dBm.

Table 90 *show port fax log Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Phase jitter	Measured amount of phase jitter which indicates how large the “rocking” is in degrees. On an oscilloscope, the constellation points would look like crescent moons. Values can range up to 15 degrees. The typical value is 0 (that is, phase jitter is not normally present).
Frequency offset	The difference (in hertz) between the expected RX carrier frequency and the actual RX carrier frequency.
EQM	Eye Quality Monitor (EQM) provides an assessment of line quality during transmission of both high speed (V.29, V.17, etc) and low speed (V.21) data.
Packet loss concealment count	Packet loss concealment count.
Tx/Rx Byte Count	Number of bytes sent and received.
Recent HS Modulation	Recent high-speed modulation used.
ECM in use	0 - Error Correction Mode (ECM) is not in use. 1 - ECM is in use.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear port log	Clears all port log events.
show port operational-status	Displays active session statistics.

show port modem calltracker

To display the port-level information for an active modem, use the **show port modem calltracker** command in EXEC mode.

Cisco AS5350 and Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort Dial Feature Card (DFC)

```
show port modem calltracker [slot | slot/port]
```

Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port Card (UPC)

```
show port modem calltracker [shelfslot | shelfslot/port]
```

Syntax Description	
<i>slot</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
<i>slot/port</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7. Port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.
<i>shelfslot</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1 and Universal Port Card (UPC) slot values range from 2 to 11. You must include the slash mark.
<i>shelfslot/port</i>	(Optional) The specified port range on a shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1, slot values range from 2 to 11, and SPE values range from 1 to 323. You must type in the forward slashes (/).

Command Modes	
	EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400 and Cisco AS5800.
	12.1(5)XM1	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350 universal gateway.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350.

Usage Guidelines

When there is no call on the specified port, the most recent call information is displayed. This command uses the Call Tracker database. To enable Call Tracker, enter the **calltracker enable** global configuration command.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show port modem calltracker** command on the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC. This example shows output for slot 3, port 3:

```
Router# show port modem calltracker 3/3
```


show port modem log

To display the events generated by the modem sessions, use the **show port modem log** command in EXEC mode.

Cisco AS5350 and Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort Dial Feature Card (DFC)

```
show port modem log [reverse slot/port] [slot | slot/port]
```

Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port Card (UPC)

```
show port modem log [reverse shelfslot/port] [shelfslot | shelfslot/port]
```

Syntax	Description
reverse	(Optional) Displays the modem port history event log with the most recent event first.
<i>slot/port</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7. Port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.
<i>slot</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
<i>shelfslot/port</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified SPE. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1, slot values range from 2 to 11, and port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must type in the forward slashes (/).
<i>shelfslot</i>	(Optional) All ports on the specified shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1 and Universal Port Card (UPC) slot values range from 2 to 11. You must include the slash mark.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400 and Cisco AS5800.
	12.1(5)XM1	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350.
	12.2(2)XA	Link and states information was added.
	12.2(2)XB1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(2)XB1.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350.

Usage Guidelines The port modem test log displays the results of the SPE diagnostics tests.

Examples

The following is sample output for the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC. This example shows the port history event log for slot 5, port 47:

```
Router# show port modem log 5/47

Port 5/47 Events Log
  Service type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Service mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Session State: IDLE
00:02:23: incoming called number: 35160
  Service type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Service mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Session State: IDLE
  Service type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Service mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
  Session State: ACTIVE
00:02:23: Modem State event:
      State: Connect
00:02:16: Modem State event:
      State: Link
00:02:13: Modem State event:
      State: Train Up
00:02:05: Modem State event:
      State: EC Negotiating
00:02:05: Modem State event:
      State: Steady
00:02:05: Modem Static event:
  Connect Protocol           : LAP-M
  Compression                : V.42bis
  Connected Standard         : V.34+
  TX,RX Symbol Rate         : 3429, 3429
  TX,RX Carrier Frequency   : 1959, 1959
  TX,RX Trellis Coding       : 16/16
  Frequency Offset           : 0 Hz
  Round Trip Delay           : 0 msec
  TX,RX Bit Rate             : 33600, 33600
  Robbed Bit Signalling (RBS) pattern : 0
  Digital Pad                : None
  Digital Pad Compensation   : None
  4 bytes of link info not formatted : 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00
00:02:06:Modem Dynamic event:
  Sq Value                   : 5
  Signal Noise Ratio         : 40 dB
  Receive Level              : -12 dBm
  Phase Jitter Frequency     : 0 Hz
  Phase Jitter Level         : 2 degrees
  Far End Echo Level         : -90 dBm
  Phase Roll                  : 0 degrees
  Total Retrans              : 0
  EC Retransmission Count    : 0
  Characters transmitted, received : 0, 0
  Characters received BAD    : 0
  PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received : 0, 0
  PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
  EC packets transmitted, received OK : 0, 0
  EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED) : 0
```

The following example shows the port history event log with the most recent event first on slot 5, port 40:

```
Router# show port modem log reverse 5/40

Modem port 5/40 Events Log
00:02:18:Modem Dynamic event:
  Sq Value                   : 5
```

```

Signal Noise Ratio           : 38 dB
Receive Level                : -12 dBm
Phase Jitter Frequency      : 0 Hz
Phase Jitter Level          : 0 degrees
Far End Echo Level          : 0 dBm
Phase Roll                   : 0 degrees
Total Retrans               : 0
EC Retransmission Count     : 0
Characters transmitted, received : 0, 0
Characters received BAD      : 0
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received : 0, 0
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
EC packets transmitted, received OK : 0, 0
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED) : 0
00:02:18: Modem Static event:
Connect Protocol             : LAP-M
Compression                  : V.42bis
Connected Standard          : V.90
TX,RX Symbol Rate           : 8000, 3200
TX,RX Carrier Frequency     : 1829, 1829
TX,RX Trellis Coding        : 16/16
Frequency Offset             : 0 Hz
Round Trip Delay             : 4 msec
TX,RX Bit Rate              : 52000, 28800
Robbed Bit Signalling (RBS) pattern : 255
Digital Pad                  : None
Digital Pad Compensation    : Enabled
4 bytes of link info not formatted : 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00
00:02:23: Modem State event:
State: Steady
00:02:23: Modem State event:
State: EC Negotiating
00:02:36: Modem State event:
State: Train Up
00:02:39: Modem State event:
State: Link
00:02:46: Modem State event:
State: Connect
00:02:46: Port State Reached:
Service type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
Service mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
Session State: ACTIVE
00:02:46: Port State Reached:
Service type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
Service mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
Session State: IDLE
00:02:47: incoming called number: 6000
00:02:47: incoming caller number: 90002

```

The following is sample output for the Cisco AS5800 with the UPC. This example shows the port history event log for slot 8, ports 0 to 6:

```
Router# show port modem log 1/8/0 1/8/6
```

```

Port 1/08/00 Events Log
09:09:53: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:53: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:53: Session State: FLUSHING
09:09:53: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:53: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:53: Session State: IDLE
09:09:53: Modem State event:
State: Terminate
09:09:53: Modem End Connect event:

```

show port modem log

```

Call Timer                               : 26 secs
Disconnect Reason Info                   : 0x1F00
  Type (=0 ) : <unknown>
  Class (=31 ) : Requested by host
  Reason (=0 ) : non-specific host disconnect
Total Retransmits                        : 0
EC Retransmission Count                  : 0
Characters transmitted, received         : 2633, 485
Characters received BAD                   : 0
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received  : 0, 0
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
EC packets transmitted, received OK      : 27, 21
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED)       : 0
09:09:54: Modem Link Rate event:
09:09:55: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:55: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:55: Session State: IDLE
09:09:55: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:55: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:55: Session State: ACTIVE
09:09:55: Modem State event:
  State: Connect
09:09:55: Modem State event:
  State: Link
09:09:55: Modem State event:
  State: Train Up
09:09:55: Modem State event:
  State: EC Negotiating
09:09:55: Modem State event:
  State: Steady
09:09:55: Modem Static event:
  Connect Protocol           : LAP-M
  Compression                : V.42bis
  Connected Standard         : V.34+
  TX,RX Symbol Rate         : 3429, 3429
  TX,RX Carrier Frequency   : 1959, 1959
  TX,RX Trellis Coding      : 16/16
  Frequency Offset          : 0 Hz
  Round Trip Delay          : 1 msecs
  TX,RX Bit Rate            : 31200, 28800
  Robbed Bit Signalling (RBS) pattern : 0
  Digital Pad                : None
  Digital Pad Compensation   : None
  4 bytes of link info not formatted : 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00
09:09:56: Modem Dynamic event:
  Sq Value                   : 5
  Signal Noise Ratio         : 38 dB
  Receive Level              : -15 dBm
  Phase Jitter Frequency    : 13 Hz
  Phase Jitter Level        : 0 degrees
  Far End Echo Level        : -90 dBm
  Phase Roll                 : 0 degrees
  Total Retransmits         : 0
  EC Retransmission Count   : 0
  Characters transmitted, received : 0, 0
  Characters received BAD   : 0
  PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received : 0, 0
  PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
  EC packets transmitted, received OK : 0, 0
  EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED) : 0
09:09:58: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:58: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:58: Session State: FLUSHING
09:09:58: Service Type: DATA_FAX_MODEM

```

```

09:09:58: Service Mode: DATA_FAX_MODEM
09:09:58: Session State: IDLE
09:09:58: Modem State event:
          State: Terminate
.
.
.

```

Table 91 describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 91 *show port modem log Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Port<5/47> Events Log	Port number and slot is displayed.
Service type:	Data fax modem is displayed.
Service mode:	Data fax modem mode.
Session State:	Idle or busy state.
Incoming called number:	The number of the incoming call.
Modem <slot/port> Events Log:	The modem for which log events are currently displayed.
Modem State Event	Current state of the modem, which can be any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect—Modem is connected to a remote host. Open—Open modem event. Link—Link protocol event occurred. Training—Modem retraining event. EC correction—Error correction frames sent or received. Steady—Steady modem event. Bad—Inoperable state, which is configured by the modem bad command. Bad*—Inoperable state, which is configured by the modem startup-test command during initial power-up testing. Reset—Modem is in reset mode. D/L—Modem is downloading firmware. Bad FW—Downloaded modem firmware is not operational. Busy—Modem is out of service and not available for calls Idle—Modem is ready for incoming and outgoing calls.

Table 91 *show port modem log Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Modem Static event:	Current static event of the MICA modem, which can be any of the following:
	Connect Protocol—Connection protocol used for the current session, which can be SYNC mode, ASYNC mode, ARA1.0, ARA2.0, LAP-M, or MNP.
	Compression—Type of compression used for the current session, which can be None, V.42bis TX, V.42bis RX, V.42bis both, or MNP5 data compression.
	Connected Standard—Standards protocol used to connect, which can be V.21, Bell103, V.22, V.22bis, Bell212, V.23, V.32, V.32bis, V.32terbo, V.34, V.34+, or K56Flex 1.1.
	TX, RX Symbol Rate—Symbol rate used to send samples to the line or receive samples off of the line.
	TX, RX Carrier Frequency—Carrier frequency used by the remote service provider.
	TX, RX Trellis Coding—Trellis coding received and sent.
	Frequency Offset—+/-32 in 1/8 hertz (Hz) steps.
	Round Trip Delay—Total round trip propagation delay of the link, which is expressed in milliseconds (ms).
	TX, RX Bit Rate—For RX, the bit rate from the remote service provider to the local service provider. For TX, the bit rate from the local service provider to the remote service provider.

Table 91 *show port modem log Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Modem Dynamic event:	
	Sq Value—Signal quality value, which can be from 0 to 7 (0 is the worst possible quality).
	Signal Noise Ratio—Expressed in decibels, which can be from 0 to 70 dB steps.
	Receive Level—Expressed in decibels, which can be from 0 to 128 dBm steps.
	Phase Jitter Frequency—+/-32 in 1/8 Hz steps.
	Phase Jitter Level—0 to 90 degrees.
	Far End Echo Level—0 to -90 in dBm of far end echo level (that portion of the sent analog signal that has bounced off the analog front end of the remote modem).
	Phase Roll—+/-32 in 1/8 Hz steps.
	Total Retrans—Count of total retrans.
	ECR retransmission Count—Count of total error correction retransmissions that occurred during the duration of the link.
	Characters Transmitted, Received—Count of total characters sent and received.
	Characters received BAD—A subset of the characters sent and received. Represents the total number of parity error characters.
	PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received—Total count of PPP/SLIP packets sent and received. This total could include all PPP/SLIP packets, including BAD/ABORTED packets.
	PPP/SLIP packets received, (BAD/ ABORTED)—Total count of the bad or aborted PPP/Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP) packets, which is a subset of the above (PPP/SLIP packets received, transmitted).
	EC packets transmitted, received—Count of total error correction frames sent and received. This total could include all error correction packets, including BAD/ABORTED packets.
	EC packets (Received BAD/ ABORTED)—Total count of the bad or aborted error correction packets, which is a subset of the EC packets sent and received.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear port log	Clears all event entries in the port level history event log.
port modem autotest	Automatically and periodically performs a modem diagnostics test for modems inside the access server or router.
port modem startup-test	Performs diagnostic testing for all modems.
show port modem log	Displays the events generated by the modem sessions.

Command	Description
show spe modem active	Displays active modem statistics of all SPEs, a specified SPE, or the specified SPE range.
test port modem back-to-back	Tests two specified ports back-to-back and transfers a specified amount of data between the ports.

show port modem test

To display the modem test log, use the **show port modem test** command in EXEC mode.

Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort Dial Feature Card (DFC)

```
show port modem test [slot | slot/port]
```

Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port Card (UPC)

```
show port modem test [shelfslot | shelfslot/port]
```

Syntax Description	slot	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
	slot/port	(Optional) All ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7. Port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.
	shelfslot	(Optional) All ports on the specified shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1 and Universal Port Card (UPC) slot values range from 2 to 11. You must include the slash mark.
	shelfslot/port	(Optional) The specified port range on a shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1, slot values range from 2 to 11, and SPE values range from 0 to 53. You must include the slash marks.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was introduced on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400 and Cisco AS5800.
	12.1(5)XM1	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350.

Usage Guidelines The port modem test log displays the results of the SPE diagnostics tests.

Examples The following is sample output for the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC. This example displays the results of the SPE startup test, SPE autotest, and SPE back-to-back test.



Note

The Reason column indicates why the test was started. The TIME INTERVAL is one of the triggers under autotest, the other being the error threshold.

show port modem test

```
Router# show port modem test
```

Date	Time	Modem	Test	Reason	State	Result
3/02	12:00:57 PM	2/01	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:00:57 PM	2/00	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:00:58 PM	2/02	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:00:58 PM	2/03	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:00:58 PM	2/04	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:00:58 PM	2/05	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
.
3/02	12:01:14 PM	3/95	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:01:14 PM	3/94	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:01:15 PM	3/75	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:01:15 PM	3/74	Back-To-Back	:STARTUP TEST	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:13:52 PM	3/20	Back-To-Back	:USER INITIATED	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:13:52 PM	2/10	Back-To-Back	:USER INITIATED	Idle	PASS
.
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/102	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/103	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/104	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/105	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/106	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:00 PM	3/107	No Test (Time)	:MIN IDLE MODEMS	Idle	NOTST
3/02	12:44:21 PM	2/73	Back-To-Back	:TIME INTERVAL	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:44:21 PM	2/72	Back-To-Back	:TIME INTERVAL	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:44:21 PM	2/33	Back-To-Back	:TIME INTERVAL	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:44:21 PM	2/32	Back-To-Back	:TIME INTERVAL	Idle	PASS
3/02	12:44:21 PM	3/37	Back-To-Back	:TIME INTERVAL	Idle	PASS

Table 92 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 92 show port modem test Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Date	Date the back-to-back test occurred for the specified modem.
Time	Time the test occurred.
Modem	Specified modem that performed a back-to-back test.
Test	Operation performed on the specified modem.
Reason	Reason the modem performed the back-to-back test.
State	Current operational state of the modem.
Result	Result of the back-to-back test for the specified modem.

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear port log	Clears all event entries in the port level history event log.
port modem autotest	Automatically and periodically performs a modem diagnostics test for modems inside the access server or router.
port modem startup-test	Performs diagnostic testing for all modems.
show port modem log	Displays the modem port history event log or modem test log.
show port log reverse	Displays the latest event first from the port history event log.

Command	Description
show port modem log	Displays the events generated by the modem sessions.
test port modem back-to-back	Tests two specified ports back-to-back and transfers a specified amount of data between the ports.

show port operational-status

To display the active session statistics, use the **show port operational-status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Cisco AS5350 and Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort Dial Feature Card (DFC)

```
show port operational-status {slot | slot/port}
```

Cisco AS5800 with the Universal Port Card (UPC)

```
show port operational-status {shelf/slot | shelf/slot/port}
```

Syntax Description	
<i>slot</i>	Displays information for all ports on the specified slot. For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7.
<i>slot/port</i>	Displays information for all ports on the specified slot and service processing element (SPE). For the Cisco AS5350 slot values range from 1 to 3. For the Cisco AS5400, slot values range from 1 to 7. Port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must include the slash mark.
<i>shelf/slot</i>	Displays information for all ports on the specified shelf and slot. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1 and Universal Port Card (UPC) slot values range from 2 to 11. You must include the slash mark.
<i>shelf/slot/port</i>	Displays information for all ports on the specified SPE. For the Cisco AS5800, shelf values range from 0 to 1, slot values range from 2 to 11, and port values range from 0 to one less than the number of ports supported by the card. You must type in the forward slashes (/).

Command Modes	
	Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(1)XD	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5400.
	12.1(3)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5800.
	12.1(5)XM1	This command was implemented on the Cisco AS5350.
	12.2(2)XA	Disconnect reasons and states information were added.
	12.2(2)XB1	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(2)XB1.
	12.2(11)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)T and support was added for the Cisco AS5350.
	12.3(4)T	Configuration output was modified to show voice activity detection (VAD) background noise and echo canceller (EC or ECAN) background noise statistics.
	12.3(14)T	T.38 fax relay call statistics were made available to Call Detail Records (CDRs) through Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSAs) and added to the call log.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays the operational status of a specific port or port range. The port should have an associated active modem session when the command is executed. The **show port operational-status** command is equivalent to the **show modem operational-status** MICA technologies modem command.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show port operational-status** command on the Cisco AS5400 with the NextPort DFC. This example displays operational status for slot 2, SPE 0, port 1:

```
Router# show port operational-status 2/1

slot/spe/Port -- 2/0/1
Service Type                               :Modem service
Disconnect Reason Info                     :0x0
Type (=0 ): <unknown>
Class (=0 ): Other
Reason (=0 ): no disconnect has yet occurred
Modulation Standard                        :V.34+
TX/RX Bit Rate                             :31200/14400
Connect Protocol                           :LAP-M
Compression                                :V.42bis
Call Timer                                  :47 secs
Link Signal Quality                         :7
SNR                                          :37 dB
TX/RX Symbol Rate                          :3429/3429
TX/RX Carrier Frequency                    :1959/1959
TX/RX Trellis Coding                        :16/16
TX/RX Preemphasis Index                    :0/1
TX/RX Constellation Shaping                :On-Active/On-Active
TX/RX Nonlinear Encoding                   :On-Active/On-Active
TX/RX Precoding                            :On-Active/On-Active
TX/RX Xmit Level Reduction                  :3/1 dBm
Receive Level                              :-15 dBm
Frequency Offset                           :0 Hz
Phase Jitter Frequency                     :2 Hz
Phase Jitter Level                         :2 degrees
Far End Echo Level                         :-90 dBm
Phase Roll                                  :0 degrees
Round Trip Delay                           :0 msecs
>Total Retrans                             :0
Self Test Error count                      :0
EC Retransmission count                    :0
EC packets transmitted/received OK         :11/12
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED)         :0
Characters transmitted/received            :76/13
Characters received BAD                     :0
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted/received      :0/0
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED)    :0
RBS Pattern                                 :0
Digital Pad                                 :0
Digital Pad Compensation                    :0
```

The following example displays operational status for a V.110 digital service for the Cisco AS5400 on slot 2, SPE 3, port 23:

```
Router# show port operational-status 2/23

slot/spe/Port -- 2/3/23
Service Type                               : Digital service
Connect Protocol                           : V110
Data Bits                                   : 8
Parity                                      : 0
Stop Bits                                   : 1
```

show port operational-status

```

TX/RX Bit Rate           : 19200/19200
Call Timer               : 116 secs
EC packets transmitted/received OK : 0/0
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED) : 0
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted, received : 8/8
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
Sync Loss                : 0

```

The following example shows output from the **show port operational-status** command for the Cisco AS5800 on shelf 1, slot 8:

```

Router# show port operational-status 1/8

Shelf/Slot/SPE/Port -- 1/8/32/194
Service Type           : Modem service
Disconnect Reason Info : 0x0
  Type (=0 ) : <unknown>
  Class (=0 ) : Other
  Reason (=0 ) : no disconnect has yet occurred
Modulation Standard    : V.34+
TX/RX Bit Rate         : 31200/31200
Connect Protocol       : LAP-M
Compression            : V.42bis
Call Timer             : 18 secs
Link Signal Quality    : 6
SNR                    : 38 dB
TX/RX Symbol Rate     : 3429/3429
TX/RX Carrier Frequency : 1959/1959
TX/RX Trellis Coding   : 16/16
TX/RX Preemphasis Index : 0/1
TX/RX Constellation Shaping : Off-None/On-Active
TX/RX Nonlinear Encoding : Off-None/On-Active
TX/RX Precoding        : Off-None/On-Active
TX/RX Xmit Level Reduction : 6/5 dBm
Receive Level          : -15 dBm
Frequency Offset       : 0 Hz
Phase Jitter Frequency : 5 Hz
Phase Jitter Level     : 2 degrees
Far End Echo Level     : -90 dBm
Phase Roll              : 0 degrees
Round Trip Delay       : 1 msec
Total Retrans          : 0
Self Test Error count  : 0
EC Retransmission count : 1
EC packets transmitted/received OK : 34/14
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED) : 0
Characters transmitted/received : 9393/355
Characters received BAD : 0
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted/received : 0/0
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED) : 0
RBS Pattern            : 0
Digital Pad            : 0
Digital Pad Compensation : 0
.
.
.

```

The following example shows VAD background noise and ECAN background noise statistics:

```

Router# show port operational-status 1/0

Slot/SPE/Port -- 1/0/0
Service Type           :Voice service
Voice Codec            :G.711 u-law

```

```

Echo Canceler Length                :8 ms
Echo Cancellation Control           :Echo cancellation      - enabled
                                     Echo update              - enabled
                                     Non-linear processor    - enabled
                                     Echo reset coefficients - disabled
                                     High pass filter enable - disabled
Digit detection enable              :DTMF signaling       - enabled
Voice activity detection             :Disabled
Comfort noise generation            :Generate comfort noise
Digit relay enable                  :OOB Digit relay      - disabled
                                     IB Digit relay         - disabled

Information field size              :20 ms
Playout de-jitter mode              :adaptive
Encapsulation protocol              :RTP
Input Gain                          :0.0 dB
Output Gain                         :0.0 dB
Tx/Rx SSRC                          :20/0
Current playout delay               :65 ms
Min/Max playout delay               :65/105 ms
Clock offset                         :142003 ms
Predictive concealment              :0 ms
Interpolative concealment           :0 ms
Silence concealment                 :0 ms
Buffer overflow discards             :1
End-point detection errors          :0
Tx/Rx Voice packets                 :1337/1341
Tx/Rx signaling packets             :0/0
Tx/Rx comfort noise packets         :0/0
Tx/Rx duration                      :26745/26745 ms
Tx/Rx voice duration                :0/0 ms
Out of sequence packets             :0
Bad protocol headers                :0
Num. of late packets                :0
Num. of early packets               :1
Tx/Rx Power                         :-87.0/-57.3 dBm
Tx/Rx Mean                          :-86.3/-57.0 dBm
VAD Background noise level          :6.2 dBm
ERL level                           :127.0 dB
ACOM level                          :127.0 dB
Tx/Rx current activity               :silence/silence
Tx/Rx byte count                    :213920/214240
ECAN Background noise level         :-83.4 dBm
Latest SSRC value                   :391643394
Number of SSRC changes              :1
Number of payload violations         :0

```

Table 93 describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 93 show port operational-status Field Descriptions

Field	Description
slot/SPE/Port	Displays the slot and port designation for the SPE card location.
Service Type	Indicates the type of service.
Disconnect Reason Info	Displays the reason for disconnection.
Modulation Standard	Modulation standard can be V.21, Bell103, V.22, V.22bis, Bell 212, V.23, V.32, V.32bis, V.32terbo, V.34, V.34+, or K56Flex 1.1.
TX/RX Bit Rate	TX is the bit rate from the local DCE to the remote DCE. RX is the bit rate from the remote DCE to the local DCE. These rates may be asynchronous.

Table 93 *show port operational-status Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Connect Protocol	Connect protocol for the current session, which can be SYNC mode, ARA1.0, ARA2.0, LAP-M, MNP, FAX mode, SS7/COT, or V.110.
Compression	Compression protocol used for the current connection, which can be None, V.42bis TX, V.42bis RX, V.42bis both, or MNP5 data compression.
Link Signal Quality	Measure of line quality for a given bit rate where 0 is the worst and 3 is steady state. If a 1 or 2 is present, the modem must shift down to a lower rate. Likewise, if the value is 4 to 7, the modem speeds shift up to a higher rate. If the value is high (for example, 7) and the bit rate is low, then there may be a problem at the remote end receiver.
SNR	The ratio measurement (in dB) of the desired signal to noise. This value can range from 0 to 70 dB and changes in 1 dB steps. Note that a 28.8-kbps connection demands an SNR of about 37 dB. Any values lower than this level result in a diminished quality of connection. A 33.6-kbps connection demands a signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) of 38 to 39 dB. Also note that a “clean” line has an SNR of about 41 dB.
TX/RX Symbol Rate	TX is symbol rate used to send samples to the line. RX is the symbol rate used to receive samples off of the line. The rates are synchronous with each other.
TX/RX Carrier Frequency	For TX, carrier frequency used by the local DCE. For RX, carrier frequency used by the remote DCE.
TX/RX Trellis Coding	Adds dependency between symbols in order to make the detection in noise more robust (Forward Error Correction). Modems may use 8 (V.32, V.32bis, V.17), 16, 32, 64 (V.34, V.34+, V.90, K56flex), or no trellis coding (V.22, V.22bis, V.21, Bell212, Bell103, V.29, V.27).
TX/RX Preemphasis Index	Involves shaping the raw transmit spectrum in order to deal with spectrum roll-offs. The preemphasis index can take on the values 0 to 10. A zero denotes no reshaping. Typical values usually fall in the ranges from 0 to 2 or 6 to 7. This technique is used with V.34 and V.34+ standards.
TX/RX Constellation Shaping	A method for improving noise immunity by using a probability distribution for sent signal points. The signal states used to predict the sensitivity to certain transmission impairments. Values may be either Off-none or On-active. This technique is used with V.34 and V.34+ standards.
TX/RX Nonlinear Encoding	Occurs during the training phase and moves the outer points of the constellation away in order to deal with nonlinear distortion. Nonlinear distortion (0 to 200 Hz) tends to affect the higher power signals. Moving the outer constellation points out reduces the chance of error. Values may be either Off-none or On-active. MICA modems support nonlinear coding in both directions. This technique is used with V.34 and V.34+ standards.

Table 93 *show port operational-status Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
TX/RX Precoding	Serves the same purpose as the preemphasis index but instead manages the bits and not the raw transmit signals. This is done only when requested and therefore will occur in the RX mode. The values may be either Off-none or On-active. This technique is used with V.34 and V.34+ standards.
TX/RX Xmit Level Reduction	Affects the transmit signal with 0 to 15 in dBm of reduction. If nonlinear distortion is detected, the modem prompts the client for a lower-powered TX signal. If the remote end detects nonlinear distortion, it may request that the sender lower the TX signal. This technique is used with V.34 and V.34+ standards.
Receive Level	The power of the received signal in dBm steps. It ranges from 0 to -128 dBm. Typically the range in the United States is about -22 dBm, and in Europe is -12 dBm. A good range is from -12 dBm to -24 dBm.
Frequency Offset	The difference (in hertz) between the expected RX carrier frequency and the actual RX carrier frequency.
Phase Jitter Frequency	Peak to peak differential (in hertz) between two signal points. Uncanceled phase jitter looks like “rocking” of the baseband quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM) constellation. The points look like arcs with the outer points having longer arcs.
Phase Jitter Level	Amount of phase jitter measured and indicates how large the “rocking” is in degrees. On an oscilloscope, the constellation points would look like crescent moons. Values can range up to 15 degrees. The typical value is zero (that is, phase jitter is not normally present).
Far End Echo Level	Over long connections, an echo is produced by impedance mismatches at 2-wire-to-4-wire and 4-wire-to-2-wire hybrid circuitry. The far-end echo level (that portion of the sent analog signal that has bounced off of the remote modem analog front end) may range from 0 to -90 in dBm.
Phase Roll	Phase roll affects the echo signal coming back. A certain constellation pattern is sent from a modem and arrives at the central office. Some echoed form of this signal/constellation pattern is sent back. However, the constellation shape may be rotated from 0 to 359 degrees. This rotation is called the phase roll.
Round Trip Delay	Total round trip propagation delay of the link (in milliseconds). This is important for proper echo cancellation. The amount that the delay varies on the network.
Total Retrans	Count of total retrains and speed shifts.
Self Test Error count	Total errors generated during a self-test run.
EC Retransmission count	The number of times the NextPort has gone into error recovery in the TX direction for a particular connection. The larger the number, the worse the connection. However, this parameter should be weighed against the count produced by EC packets sent and received in order to determine if there should really be a concern.

Table 93 show port operational-status Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
EC packets transmitted/received OK	Error correction (EC) packets sent is the number of TX frames that the client modem accepted. EC packets received is the number of data RX frames accepted.
EC packets (Received BAD/ABORTED)	This is identical to the EC Retransmission count field.
PPP/SLIP packets transmitted/received	Total count of PPP/Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP) packets sent and received. This total could include all PPP/SLIP packets, including BAD/ABORTED packets.
PPP/SLIP packets received (BAD/ABORTED)	Total count of the bad or aborted PPP/SLIP packets, which is a subset of PPP/SLIP packets received. A counted PPP packet has a bad frame check sequence (FCS), or the SLIP packet has a transparency error.
RBS Pattern	Reports the number of robbed bits detected in the connection. The robbed bits are used for inband signaling. This information is reported only for K56Flex (by the analog modem) and is found only on a channelized line such as T1 or E1. The six least significant bits (LSBs) of the returned value indicate the periodic robbed bit signaling (RBS) pattern where a 1 denotes a pulse code modulation (PCM) sample with a robbed bit.
VAD Background noise level	VAD background noise level, in 6.2 dBm increments.
ECAN Background noise level	ECAN background noise level, in -83.4 decibels per milliwatt (dBm) increments.

The following example shows output from the **show port operational-status** command for the Cisco AS5350 on shelf 1, slot 5 with the T.38 fax relay statistics:

```
Router# show port operational-status 1/5
```

```
Telephony call-legs: 1
SIP call-legs: 0
H323 call-legs: 0
MGCP call-legs: 0
Multicast call-legs: 0
Total call-legs: 1

GENERIC:
SetupTime=10465510 ms
Index=1
PeerAddress=41023
PeerSubAddress=
PeerId=1
PeerIfIndex=242
LogicalIfIndex=180
ConnectTime=1046791
CallDuration=00:00:41 sec
CallState=4
CallOrigin=2
ChargedUnits=0
InfoType=fax
TransmitPackets=260
TransmitBytes=4396
ReceivePackets=1014
```

```

ReceiveBytes=40385

TELE:

ConnectionId=[0x37DF8CCA 0x9FA611D8 0x8007000A 0xF4107CA0]
!
IncomingConnectionId=[0x37DF8CCA 0x9FA611D8 0x8007000A 0xF4107CA0]
CallID=11
TxDuration=6640 ms
VoiceTxDuration=0 ms
FaxTxDuration=0 ms
FaxRate=disable bps
FaxRelayMaxJitBufDepth 0
FaxRelayJitterBufOverflow 0
Initial HS Modulation is UNKNOWN
Recent HS modulation is UNKNOWN
Number of pages 0
Direction of transmission is Unknown
Num of Packets TX'ed/RX'ed 0/0
Packet loss conceal is 0
Encapsulation protocol is T.38 (UDPTL)
ECM is DISABLED
NoiseLevel=0
ACOMLevel=0
OutSignalLevel=0
InSignalLevel=0
InfoActivity=0
ERLLevel=0
SessionTarget=
!
ImgPages=0
CallerName=Analog 41023
CallerIDBlocked=False
OriginalCallingNumber=
OriginalCallingOctet=0x80
OriginalCalledNumber=41021
OriginalCalledOctet=0xA1
OriginalRedirectCalledNumber=
OriginalRedirectCalledOctet=0xFF
TranslatedCallingNumber=41023
TranslatedCallingOctet=0x80
TranslatedCalledNumber=41021
TranslatedCalledOctet=0xA1
TranslatedRedirectCalledNumber=
TranslatedRedirectCalledOctet=0xFF
GwReceivedCalledNumber=41021
GwReceivedCalledOctet3=0xA1
GwOutpulsedCalledNumber=41021

```

Table 94 describes the significant fields showing T.38 fax relay statistics:

Table 94 *show port operational-status Field Descriptions showing significant T.38 Fax Relay Statistics*

Field	Description
Telephony call-legs	Type of call: Telephony.
SIP call-legs	Type of call: Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
H323 call-legs	Type of call: H.323.
MGCP call-legs	Type of call: Media Gateway Control Protocol (MGCP).

Table 94 *show port operational-status Field Descriptions showing significant T.38 Fax Relay Statistics (continued)*

Field	Description
Multicast call-legs	Type of call: Multicast.
Total call-legs	Total calls.
PeerIfIndex	Voice port index number for this peer. For ISDN media, this would be the index number of the B channel used for this call.
LogicalIfIndex	Index number of the logical interface for this call.
TxDuration	Duration of transmit path open from this peer to the voice gateway for this call.
VoiceTxDuration	Duration of voice transmission from this peer to the voice gateway for this call in milliseconds (ms).
FaxTxDuration	Duration of fax transmission from this peer to the voice gateway for this call in ms.
FaxRate	Fax transmission rate from this peer to the specified dial peer in bps.
FaxRelayMaxJitBufDepth	Fax relay maximum jitter buffer depth in ms.
FaxRelayJitterBufOverflow	Fax relay jitter buffer overflow in ms.
Initial HS Modulation	Initial high speed modulation used.
Recent HS Modulation	Recent high-speed modulation used
ACOMLevel	Current ACOM level estimate in 0.1 dB increments. The term ACOM is used in G.165, "General Characteristics of International Telephone Connections and International Telephone Circuits: Echo Cancellers." ACOM is the combined loss achieved by the echo canceller, which is the sum of the ERL, ERL enhancement, and nonlinear processing loss for the call.
ERLLevel	Current Echo Return Loss (ERL) level estimate in 0.1 dB increments.
OriginalCallingNumber, OriginalCallingOctet, OriginalCalledNumber, OriginalCalledOctet, OriginalRedirectCalledNumber, OriginalRedirectCalledOctet	Original call information regarding calling, called, and redirect numbers, as well as octet-3s. Octet-3s are information elements (IEs) of Q.931 that include type of number, numbering plan indicator, presentation indicator, and redirect reason information.
TranslatedCallingNumber, TranslatedCallingOctet, TranslatedCalledNumber, TranslatedCalledOctet, TranslatedRedirectCalledNumber, TranslatedRedirectCalledOctet	Translated call information.
GwReceivedCalledNumber, GwReceivedCalledOctet3	Call information received at the gateway.

Related Commands

Command	Description
port modem autotest	Automatically and periodically performs a modem diagnostics test for modems inside the access server or router.
show modem operational-status	Displays the operational status of a specific port or port range.
show spe modem active	Displays active modem statistics of all SPEs, a specified SPE, or the specified range of SPEs.
test port modem back-to-back	Tests two specified ports back-to-back and transfers a specified amount of data between the ports.
voicecap configure	Applies a voicecap on NextPort platforms.

show ppp bap

To display the BAP configuration settings and run-time status for a multilink bundle, use the **show ppp bap** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show ppp bap { counters [reset] | group [name] | queues }
```

Syntax Description	counters [reset]	Incoming and outgoing call counters and connection request data. The optional reset keyword resets the counters.
	group [name]	All or, optionally, a specific BAP bundle group.
	queues	BAP queues.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC
---------------	-----------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.3	This command was introduced.
	12.2T	This command was enhanced with a display of incoming and outgoing call counters and connection request data.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ppp bap group** command for the bundle group named bap-peer:

```
Router# show ppp bap group

Group bap-peer (multilink), id 35, peer has precedence, state Idle
Master interface: Dialer1
Outgoing requests: Call, Link Drop
Incoming requests: Call, Callback, Link Drop
Original number dialed 5553926
Transmit queue size threshold is not set
Peer link addition dependent upon load
Timers (secs): Call not set, Callback not set, Link Drop not set,
                Response 30, Pending 20
Retries: Request 3, Dial 1, Indication no limit
Link removal after 3 link drop retries not set
```

[Table 95](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display of the **show ppp bap group** command.

Table 95 show ppp bap group Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Group bap-peer (multilink), id 35	Group name and internally assigned ID. “(multilink)” indicates the governing protocol.
peer has precedence	In cases where the remote and local peers issue simultaneous requests, the remote peer’s request takes precedence when the “peer has precedence” message is displayed. The local peer’s request takes precedence when the “precedence over peer” message is displayed.

Table 95 *show ppp bap group Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
state Idle	Internal state.
Outgoing requests	Current requests configured for outbound negotiation.
Incoming requests	Current requests allowed for inbound negotiation.
Peer link addition dependent upon load	Router is monitoring the load and subjecting requests to the load settings.
Timers (secs): Call not set, Callback not set, Link Drop not set, Response 30, Pending 20	Settings for specified timers.
Retries: Request 3, Dial 1, Indication no limit	Limits set on specified types of retransmissions.
Link removal after 3 link drop retries not set	The link will not be removed after no response to the link removal request because default behavior was not changed and the relevant link drop parameter was not set.

The display from the **show ppp bap counters** command is statistics gathered about request and response datagrams that allow endpoints to negotiate a connection and add or drop links from a multilink bundle, per RFC 2125:

- CallReq—Call-Request is a request for permission to add a link to a bundle.
- CallRsp—Call-Response is the required response to Callback-Request datagram.
- CallbackReq—Callback-Request is a request that the peer add a link to a bundle via a callback.
- CallbackRsp—Callback-Response is sent in response to a received Callback-Request.
- DropQueryReq—Link-Drop-Query-Request negotiates with the peer to drop a link from a bundle.
- DropQueryRsp—Link-Drop-Query-Response is sent to the peer to negotiate dropping a link.
- StatusInd—Call-Status-Indication is sent to its peer as a result of a Call-Request or a Callback-Request to indicate whether the attempt to add the link succeeded or failed.
- StatusRsp—Call-Status-Response is sent in response to a received Call-Status-Indication.

The counters record statistical information used by Cisco personnel for debugging purposes that is generally of no value to end users. Following is sample output:

Router# **show ppp bap counters**

```

Incoming      inv-link  opt-err  rejects
              0         4        2

Outgoing      inv-link  add-att  rem-att  add-fail  add-pass  dial-att  oob-ind
              1         6         5         0         0         0         0

Incoming      off  pend  pend-add  wait  unf-req
CallReq       0    1     1         0     0
CallRsp       0    0     0         0     0
CallbackReq   0    0     0         0     0
CallbackRsp   0    0     0         0     0
DropQueryReq  0    0     0         0     0
DropQueryRsp  0    0     0         0     0
StatusInd     0    0     0         0     0
StatusRsp     0    0     0         0     0

```

■ show ppp bap

Outgoing	off	pend	pend-add	unf	unf-req
CallReq	0	0	0	0	0
CallRsp	0	1	0	0	0
CallbackReq	0	0	0	0	0
CallbackRsp	0	0	0	0	0
DropQueryReq	0	0	0	0	0
DropQueryRsp	0	0	0	0	0
StatusInd	0	0	0	0	0
StatusRsp	0	0	0	0	0

Related Commands

Command	Description
show ppp multilink	Displays bundle information for the MLP bundles.

show ppp mppe

To display Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE) information for an interface, use the **show ppp mppe** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show ppp mppe {serial | virtual-access} [number]
```

Syntax Description	serial	Displays MPPE information for all serial interfaces.
	virtual-access	Displays MPPE information for all virtual-access interfaces.
	<i>number</i>	(Optional) Specifies an interface number. Issuing the optional <i>number</i> argument restricts the display to MPPE information for only the specified interface number.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(5)XE5	This command was introduced.
	12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.

Usage Guidelines None of the fields in the output from the **show ppp mppe** command are fatal errors. Excessive packet drops, misses, out of orders, or CCP-Resets indicate that packets are getting lost. If you see such activity and have stateful MPPE configured, you may want to consider switching to stateless mode.

Examples The following example displays MPPE information for virtual-access interface 3:

```
Router# show ppp mppe virtual-access 3

Interface Virtual-Access3 (current connection)
  Hardware (ISA5/1, flow_id=13) encryption, 40 bit encryption, Stateless mode
  packets encrypted = 0      packets decrypted = 1
  sent CCP resets = 0      receive CCP resets = 0
  next tx coherency = 0    next rx coherency = 0
  tx key changes = 0      rx key changes = 0
  rx pkt dropped = 0      rx out of order pkt= 0
  rx missed packets = 0
```

To update the key change information, reissue the **show ppp mppe virtual-access 3** command:

```
Router# show ppp mppe virtual-access 3

Interface Virtual-Access3 (current connection)
  Hardware (ISA5/1, flow_id=13) encryption, 40 bit encryption, Stateless mode
  packets encrypted = 0      packets decrypted = 1
  sent CCP resets = 0      receive CCP resets = 0
  next tx coherency = 0    next rx coherency = 0
  tx key changes = 0      rx key changes = 1
  rx pkt dropped = 0      rx out of order pkt= 0
  rx missed packets = 0
```

Table 96 describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 96 *show ppp mppe Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
packets encrypted	Number of packets that have been encrypted.
packets decrypted	Number of packets that have been decrypted.
sent CCP resets	Number of CCP-Resets sent. One CCP-Reset is sent for each packet loss that is detected in stateful mode. When using stateless MPPE, this field is always zero.
next tx coherency	The coherency count (the sequence number) of the next packet to be encrypted.
next rx coherency	The coherency count (the sequence number) of the next packet to be decrypted.
key changes	Number of times the session key has been reinitialized. In stateless mode, the key is reinitialized once per packet. In stateful mode, the key is reinitialized every 256 packets or when a CCP-Reset is received.
rx pkt dropped	Number of packets received and dropped. A packet is dropped because it is suspected of being a duplicate or already received packet.
rx out of order pkt	Number of packets received that are out of order.

Related Commands

Command	Description
encryption mppe	Enables MPPE encryption on the virtual template.
pptp flow-control static-rtt	Specifies the timeout interval of the tunnel server between sending a packet to the client and receiving a response.

show ppp multilink

To display bundle information for Multilink PPP (MLP) bundles, use the **show ppp multilink** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show ppp multilink [active | inactive | interface bundle-interface | [username name] [endpoint endpoint]]
```

Syntax Description		
active	(Optional)	Displays information about active multilink bundles only.
inactive	(Optional)	Displays information about inactive multilink bundles only.
interface <i>bundle-interface</i>	(Optional)	Name of a bundle interface. Displays information for the specified bundle interface.
username <i>name</i>	(Optional)	Username of a peer. Displays information for all multilink bundles that have the specified peer username.
endpoint <i>endpoint</i>	(Optional)	Endpoint discriminator of a peer. Displays information for all multilink bundles that have the specified endpoint discriminator.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	12.2(13)T	This command was modified to include per-class information when Multiclass Multilink PPP (MCMP) is negotiated. The <i>bundle-interface</i> argument was added.
	12.3(7)T	The following keywords were added to enable information to be displayed for bundles that have specific parameters: active , inactive , username , endpoint .

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show ppp multilink** command when no bundles are on a system:

```
Router# show ppp multilink
```

```
No active bundles
```

The following is sample output when a single MLP bundle (named *bundle1*) is on a system:

```
Router# show ppp multilink
```

```
Bundle bundle1, 3 members, first link is BRI0: B-channel 1
0 lost fragments, 8 reordered, 0 unassigned, sequence 0x1E/0x1E rcvd/sent
```

The following is sample output when two active bundles are on a system.

```
Router# show ppp multilink
```

```
Bundle bundle1, 3 members, first link is BRI0: B-Channel 1
0 lost fragments, 8 reordered, 0 unassigned, sequence 0x1E/0x1E rcvd/sent
```

show ppp multilink

```
Bundle bundle2, 4 members, first link is BRI2: B-Channel 1
  0 lost fragments, 28 reordered, 0 unassigned, sequence 0x12E/0x12E rcvd/sent
```

The following example shows output when a stack group has been created. On stack group member systema, the MLP bundle named bundle1 has bundle interface Virtual-Access4. Two child interfaces are joined to this bundle interface. The first is a local PRI channel (serial 0:4), and the second is an interface from stack group member systemb.

```
Router# show ppp multilink
```

```
Bundle bundle1 2 members, Master link is Virtual-Access4
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered, 0 unassigned, 100/255 load
0 discarded, 0 lost received, sequence 40/66 rcvd/sent
members 2
  Serial0:4
  systemb:Virtual-Access6 (10.1.1.1)
```

The following is sample output when the PPP Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol (BACP) is enabled for the multilink bundle:

```
Router# show ppp multilink
```

```
Bundle bundle1, 1 member, Master link is Virtual-Access1
Bundle under BAP control
Dialer Interface is Dialer1
  0 lost fragments, 0 reordered, 0 unassigned, sequence 0x0/0x0 rcvd/sent
  0 discarded, 0 lost received, 1/255
Member links: 1
BRI0:1

Discriminators Local Remote
BRI0:1                24      1
```

Table 97 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 97 *show ppp multilink Field Descriptions with PPP BACP Enabled*

Field	Description
Bundle	Configured name of the multilink bundle.
member	Number of interfaces in the group.
Master link is	Multilink bundle virtual interface.
Bundle under BAP control	Multilink bundle is controlled and bandwidth is allocated by BACP.
Dialer Interface is	Name of the interface that dials the calls.
load	Load on the link in the range from 1/255 to 255/255 (255/255 is a 100 percent load).
Member links	Number of child interfaces.
BRI0:1	Identity of the child interface. Link 1 is using physical interface BRI 0:1.
Discriminators Local Remote	Link Control Protocol (LCP) link discriminators, which are identifiers negotiated for each link in the bundle. This information is specific to BACP. BACP uses these discriminators to determine which link to drop during negotiations.

The following is sample output when MCMP is negotiated on a virtual access interface named Virtual-Access3:

```
Router# show ppp multilink interface Virtual-Access3

Virtual-Access3, bundle name is bundle1
Bundle up for 01:59:35, 1/255 load, 2 receive classes, 2 transmit classes
Receive buffer limit 12192 bytes per class, frag timeout 1524 ms
Dialer interface is Dialer1
!
Receive Class 0:
0/0 fragments/bytes in reassembly list
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered
0/0 discarded fragments/bytes, 0 lost received
0x0 received sequence
!
Receive Class 1:
0/0 fragments/bytes in reassembly list
0 lost fragments, 0 reordered
0/0 discarded fragments/bytes, 0 lost received
0x0 received sequence
!
Transmit Class 0:
0x8 sent sequence
!
Transmit Class 1:
0x0 sent sequence
!
Member links: 1 (max not set, min not set)
BR2/0:1, since 01:59:35, 80 weight, 72 frag size
```

Table 98 describes the significant fields shown in the display when MCMP is enabled.

Table 98 *show ppp multilink Field Descriptions with MCMP Enabled*

Field	Description
bundle name is	Configured name of the multilink bundle.
Bundle up for	Time (in hh:mm:ss) for which the bundle has been up.
load	Load on the link in the range from 1/255 to 255/255 (255/255 is a 100 percent load).
receive classes, transmit classes	Number of data classes defined for the multilink bundle.
Receive buffer limit	Maximum number of bytes that will be buffered for reassembly for each class of data.
frag timeout	Time, in milliseconds (ms), for which the router will wait for the expected sequence number to arrive after receiving an out-of-order fragment.
Receive Class 0	Information about Class 0 (normal data) packets received by the router.
Receive Class 1	Information about Class 1 (high-priority) packets received by the router.
Transmit Class 0	Information about Class 0 (normal data) packets sent by the router.
Transmit Class 1	Information about Class 1 (high-priority) packets sent by the router.
fragments/bytes in reassembly list	Number of fragments and bytes currently buffered and awaiting reassembly.

Table 98 *show ppp multilink Field Descriptions with MCMP Enabled (continued)*

Field	Description
lost fragments	Number of fragments that have been lost.
reordered	Number of fragments that have been reordered.
discarded fragments/bytes	Number of fragments and bytes that have been discarded. This usually occurs only if the fragment is a part of a packet for which one or more fragments were lost.
lost received	Number of fragments that arrived after they were declared lost.
Member links	Number of child interfaces.
BR2/0:1	Identity of the child interface.
since	Time (in hh:mm:ss) for which the interface has been active.
weight	Relative weight of the link (calculated as bandwidth x fragment delay). This value is used to calculate the fragment size and for load balancing. Each fragment should be less than or equal to the weight, including all link layer headers.
frag size	Fragment size of packets sent over the link, not including link layer headers. The difference between the weight and the fragment size indicates how much link layer overhead is being calculated for each fragment.

The following sample output displays information about all the active multilink bundles.

Router# **show ppp multilink active**

```
Virtual-Access4, bundle name is 7200-4
Endpoint discriminator is 7200-4
Bundle up for 00:31:26, 1/255 load
Receive buffer limit 12192 bytes, frag timeout 1000 ms
  0/0 fragments/bytes in reassembly list
  0 lost fragments, 0 reordered
  0/0 discarded fragments/bytes, 0 lost received
  0x0 received sequence, 0x0 sent sequence
Member links:1 (max not set, min not set)
  Vi3, since 00:31:26
  PPPoATM link, ATM PVC 15/200 on ATM4/0.10000
  Packets in ATM PVC Holdq:0 , Particles in ATM PVC Tx Ring:1
```

Table 99 describes the significant fields shown in the display when information for all active bundles is displayed.

Table 99 *show ppp multilink Field Descriptions for Active Bundles*

Field	Description
bundle name is	Configured name of the multilink bundle.
Endpoint discriminator	Identifies the MLP bundle to which the PPPoA session is associated.
Bundle up for	Time (in hh:mm:ss) for which the bundle has been up.
1/255 load	Load on the link in the range from 1/255 to 255/255 (255/255 is a 100 percent load).

Table 99 *show ppp multilink Field Descriptions for Active Bundles (continued)*

Field	Description
Receive buffer limit	Maximum number of bytes that will be buffered for reassembly for each class of data.
frag timeout	Time, in milliseconds (ms), for which the router will wait for the expected sequence number to arrive after receiving an out-of-order fragment.
fragments/bytes in reassembly list	Number of fragments and bytes currently buffered and awaiting reassembly.
lost fragments	Number of fragments that have been lost.
reordered	Number of fragments that have been reordered.
discarded fragments/bytes	Number of fragments and bytes that have been discarded. This usually occurs only if the fragment is a part of a packet for which one or more fragments were lost.
lost received	Number of fragments that arrived after they were declared lost.
received sequence	Sequence number of the last MLP packet received.
sent sequence	Sequence number of the last MLP packet sent.
Member links	Number of child interfaces.
Vi3	Identity of the child interface.
since	Time (in hh:mm:ss) for which the interface has been active.
Packets in ATM PVC Holdq	Number of packets in the ATM PVC hold queue.
Particles in ATM PVC Tx Ring	Number of particles in transmission ring of the ATM PVC.

show queuing virtual-access

To display information about interleaving, use the **show queuing virtual-access** command in EXEC mode.

show queuing virtual-access *number*

Syntax Description

number Virtual access interface number.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
11.3	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show queuing virtual-access** command:

```
Router# show queuing virtual-access 1

  Input queue: 0/75/0 (size/max/drops); Total output drops: 164974
  Queueing strategy: weighted fair
  Output queue: 315/64/164974/31191 (size/threshold/drops/interleaves)
    Conversations 5/8 (active/max active)
    Reserved Conversations 2/2 (allocated/max allocated)

  (depth/weight/discards/interleaves) 64/4096/38669/0
  Conversation 36, linktype: ip, length: 52
  source: 172.23.3.201, destination: 225.1.2.3, id: 0x0001, ttl: 254,
  TOS: 0 prot: 17, source port 6789, destination port 2345

  (depth/weight/discards/interleaves) 64/4096/0/0
  Conversation 2, linktype: ip, length: 52
  source: 172.23.3.201, destination: 225.1.2.4, id: 0x0001, ttl: 254,
  TOS: 0 prot: 17, source port 5432, destination port 9870
```

Table 100 describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 100 *show queuing virtual-access Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Input queue: size, max, drops	Input queue used for virtual access interface 1, with the current size, the maximum size, and the number of dropped packets.
Total output drops	Number of output packets dropped.
Output queue: size/threshold/drops/interleaves	Output queue counters. Maximum number of packets allowed in the queue, number in the queue, the number of packets dropped due to a full queue, and the number of real-time packets interleaved among fragments of larger packets.
Conversations (active/max active)	Fair queue conversation statistics: number of conversations currently active and the maximum that have been active.

Table 100 *show queuing virtual-access Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Reserved conversations (allocated, max allocated)	Reserved conversations in the weighted fair queue (current/maximum number allocated). Reserved conversations get the highest priority.
(depth/weight/discards/interleaves) 64/4096/38669/0	Depth of the queue, weight assigned to each packet in the queue, number of packets discarded in the queue so far, and the number of interleaves.
Conversation 36, linktype: ip, length: 52	Conversation identifier, protocol used on the link (IP), and the number of bytes.
source: 140.3.3.201, destination: 225.1.2.3,	Source IP address and destination IP address.
id: 0x0001	Protocol ID, identifying IP.
ttl: 254	Time to live, in seconds.
TOS: 0	Type of service.
prot: 17	Protocol field in IP. The value 17 indicates UDP.
source port 5432	Source TCP/UDP port.
destination port 9870	Destination TCP/UDP port.

show rcapi status

To display whether RAPI is turned on or off, use the **show rcapi status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show rcapi status

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(7)XV	This command was introduced on the Cisco 800 series router.

Usage Guidelines When RAPI is running, details about the list of CAPI clients currently registered, the type of application that each client is running, and the status of each CAPI call at the time of the display. This command works only with the Net3 switch type.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show rcapi status** command:

```
Router# show rcapi status

RCAPI SERVER ON
RCAPI SERVER PORT 2578
RCAPI NUMBER 5553000 5553100
```

CLIENT	SESSION ID	LISTEN	CONNECTION ID	TYPE	CALL STATUS
172.18.100.3	16777212	ON			
172.18.100.5	16777218	OFF	50333953	Bit Transparent	Connected
172.18.100.6	16777227	OFF	50333962	HDLC	Connected

Related Commands	Command	Description
	debug rcapi events	Displays diagnostic DCP and driver messages.
	rcapi number	Enables the Cisco 800 series router to distinguish between incoming CAPI calls and incoming non-CAPI calls such as POTS, PPP, and X.25.
	rcapi server	Enables the RAPI server on the 800 series router and, optionally, sets the TCP port number.

show resource-pool call

To display all active call information for all customer profiles and resource groups, use the **show resource-pool call** command in EXEC mode.

show resource-pool call

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(4)XI	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use the **show resource-pool call** EXEC command to see all active call information for all customer profiles and resource groups. Use this command to see output when one call is up. If no calls are up, there is no output. Enter the command to see valid information for all current calls.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show resource-pool call** command:

```
Router# show resource-pool call

Shelf 0, slot 0, port 0, channel 2, state RM_RPM_RES_ALLOCATED
  Customer profile cpl, resource group isdn1
  DNIS number 71017
```

[Table 101](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 101 show resource-pool call Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Shelf	The shelf number where the call is being handled.
Slot	The slot number where the call is being handled.
Port	The port number where the call is being handled.
Channel	The channel number where the call is being handled.
State	The state of the call.
Customer profile	The customer profile name (alphanumeric).
Resource group	The name of the resource group being used for the call.
DNIS number	The DNIS number for the call.

show resource-pool customer

To display the contents of one or more customer profiles, use the **show resource-pool customer** command in EXEC mode.

show resource-pool customer [*name*]

Syntax Description	<i>name</i>	(Optional) Name of a specific customer profile. The name can have up to 23 characters.
---------------------------	-------------	--

Command Modes	EXEC
----------------------	------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(4)XI	This command was introduced.

Examples

```
Router# show resource-pool customer customer1_isp

 5 active connections
 3 calls accepted
 8 max number of simultaneous connections
 0 calls rejected due to profile limits
 0 calls rejected due to resource unavailable
 0 overflow connections
 0 overflow states entered
 0 minutes spent in overflow
28 minutes since last clear command
```

[Table 102](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 102 show resource-pool customer Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Active connections	Lists the number of active connections in the specified customer profile.
Calls accepted	Cumulative number of calls accepted since the last clear command in the customer profile—regardless of the call type.
Max number of simultaneous connections	Maximum number of simultaneous connections assigned for this customer profile.
Calls rejected due to profile limits	Cumulative number of calls rejected since the last clear command because the maximum number of allowable simultaneous connections was exceeded. You can configure each customer profile to not exceed a simultaneous call limit. This feature stops a single customer profile from consuming all the system resources.

Table 102 *show resource-pool customer Field Descriptions (continued)*

Field	Description
Calls rejected due to resource unavailable	Cumulative number of calls rejected since the last clear command because no system resources were available to accept the call (such as a free modem for an analog call or an HDLC framer for a circuit switched data call).
Overflow connections	Number of overflow connections active since the last clear command.
Overflow states entered	Number of overflow states processed since the last clear command.
Minutes spent in overflow	Number of minutes that the overflow session has been in process since the last clear command.
Minutes since last clear command	Number of minutes since the clear command has been used.
List of Customer Profiles	Lists the customer profiles set up on the access server.

show resource-pool discriminator

To see how many times an incoming call has been rejected due to a specific Calling Line Identification (CLID) or Dialed Number Identification Service (DNIS) call-type combination, use the **show resource-pool discriminator** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show resource-pool discriminator [name]
```

Syntax Description

<i>name</i>	(Optional) Name of the specific CLID or DNIS and call-type that will be rejected. The name can have up to 23 characters.
-------------	--

Defaults

No default behavior or values. You must configure a call discriminator for the command to work or appear.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(4)XI	This command was introduced.
12.1(5)T	This command was enhanced to include the CLID group when the discriminator contains CLID groups.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show resource-pool discriminator** EXEC command to see how many times an incoming call has been rejected due to a specific CLID or DNIS and call-type combination.

If you enter the **show resource-pool discriminator** command without including a call discriminator name, a list of the current call discriminator profiles appears. If you enter a call discriminator profile name with the **show resource-pool discriminator** command, the number of calls rejected by the selected call discriminator appears.

Examples

The following command displays the list of call discriminator profiles configured.

```
Router# show resource-pool discriminator

List of Call Discriminator Profiles:
  cd1
  cd2
  cd3
  cd4
```

The following command displays the number of calls rejected by call discriminator **cd1** since the last clear command was used (this number is cumulative).

```
Router# show resource-pool discriminator cd1

  0 calls rejected
```

Table 103 describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 103 *show resource-pool discriminator Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
List of Call Discriminator Profiles	A list of the Call Discriminator Profile names currently assigned.
Calls rejected	Number of calls rejected since the last clear command was used. (This is cumulative.)

Related Commands

Command	Description
resource-pool call treatment discriminator	Configures a CLID group in a discriminator.

show resource-pool resource

To see the resource groups configured in the network access server, use the **show resource-pool resource** command in EXEC mode.

```
show resource-pool resource [name]
```

Syntax Description	<i>name</i>	(Optional) Contents of a specifically named resource group, which was set up by using the resource-pool group resource name command. The name can have up to 23 characters.
---------------------------	-------------	--

Command Modes	EXEC
----------------------	------

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(4)XI	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use the **show resource-pool resource** EXEC command to see the resource groups configured in the network access server. To see the contents of a specific resource group, use the **show resource-pool resource name** command.

Examples The following is sample output from the **show resource-pool resource** EXEC command:

```
Router# show resource-pool resource
```

```
List of Resources:
  modem1
  rg1
  hi
```

The following is sample output about **modem-group-1** from the **show resource-pool resource** EXEC command:

```
Router# show resource-pool resource modem-group-1

  2 resources in the resource group
  0 resources currently active
  0 calls accepted in the resource group
  0 calls rejected due to resource unavailable
  0 calls rejected due to resource allocation errors
```

[Table 104](#) describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 104 *show resource-pool resource name Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Resources in the resource group	Number of resources allocated to this pool. For example, you can limit a range of modems to five. You can limit a range of circuit-switched data calls to 50.
Resources currently active	Number of resources that are currently used in the resource group.
Calls accepted in the resource group	Number of calls accepted in the resource group (this is cumulative).
Calls rejected due to resource unavailable	Number of calls rejected because a resource was not available (this is cumulative).
Calls rejected due to resource allocation errors	Number of times the access server had an available resource, but the resource had an error when the access server tried to allocate it (for example, a bad modem). Therefore, the call was rejected. (This is cumulative.)

show resource-pool vpdn

To see the contents of a specific virtual private dialup network (VPDN) group or specific VPDN profile, use the **show resource-pool vpdn** command in EXEC mode.

```
show resource-pool vpdn {group | profile} [name]
```

Syntax Description

group	All the VPDN groups configured inside the network access server.
profile	All the VPDN profiles configured inside the network access server.
<i>name</i>	(Optional) Specific VPDN group or profile.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(4)XI	This command was introduced.

Examples

Use the **show resource-pool vpdn group** command to see the contents of a specific VPDN group.

Example 1

This example shows specific information about a VPDN group:

```
Router# show resource-pool vpdn group customer2-vpdng

VPDN Group customer2-vpdng found under Customer Profiles: customer2

Tunnel (LTP)
-----
dnis:customer2-calledg
hp.com

Endpoint          Session Limit Priority Active Sessions Status Reserved Sessions
-----
172.21.9.97      *              1           0                OK
-----
Total            *              0           0                0
```

Example 2

The following example shows all the VPDN groups configured inside the network access server:

```
Router# show resource-pool vpdn group

List of VPDN Groups under Customer Profiles
Customer Profile user1: big
Customer Profile user2: green
List of VPDN Groups under VPDN Profiles
VPDN Profile lggate: vpdnlgate
VPDN Profile yellow: hi
```

[Table 105](#) describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 105 *show resource-pool vpdn group Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Endpoint	IP address of HGW/LNS router.
Session Limit	Number of sessions permitted for the designated endpoint.
Priority	Loadsharing HGW/LNSs are always marked with a priority of 1.
Active Sessions	Number of active sessions on the network access server. These are sessions successfully established with endpoints (not reserved sessions).
Status	Only two status types are possible: OK and busy.
Reserved Sessions	Authorized sessions that are waiting to see if they can successfully connect to endpoints. Essentially, these sessions are queued calls. In most cases, reserved sessions become active sessions.
*	No limit is set.
List of VPDN Groups under Customer Profiles	A list of VPDN groups that are assigned to customer profiles. The customer profile name is listed first, followed by the name of the VPDN group assigned to it.
List of VPDN Groups under VPDN Profiles	A list of VPDN groups that are assigned to customer profiles. The VPDN profile name is listed first, followed by the VPDN group assigned to it.

Example 3

The following example shows a list of all VPDN profiles:

```
Router# show resource-pool vpdn profile

% List of VPDN Profiles:
  lg-hmgate
  lggate
  yellow
```

Example 4

The following example shows details about a specific VPDN profile:

```
Router# show resource-pool vpdn profile lggate

  0 active connections
  0 max number of simultaneous connections
  0 calls rejected due to profile limits
  0 calls rejected due to resource unavailable
  0 overflow connections
  0 overflow states entered
  0 overflow connections rejected
  3003 minutes since last clear command
```

[Table 106](#) describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 106 *show resource-pool vpdn profile Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
List of VPDN Profiles	A list of the VPDN profiles that have been assigned.
Active connections	Number of active VPDN connections counted by the VPDN profile.
Max number of simultaneous connections	Maximum number of VPDN simultaneous connections counted by the VPDN profile. This value helps you determine how many VPDN sessions to subscribe to a specific profile.
Calls rejected due to profile limits	Number of calls rejected since the last clear command because the profile limit has been exceeded.
Calls rejected due to resource unavailable	Number of calls rejected since the last clear command because the assigned resource was unavailable.
Overflow connections	Number of overflow connections used since the last clear command.
Overflow states entered	Number of overflow states entered since the last clear command.
Overflow connections rejected	Number of overflow connections rejected since the last clear command.
Minutes since last clear command	Number of minutes elapsed since the last clear command was used.