



MPLS AToM—ATM AAL5 over MPLS

Feature History

Release	Modification
12.0(10)ST	This feature was introduced to support the Cisco 12000 Series router.
12.0(21)ST	This feature was updated to support an additional line card.

This feature module describes the ATM adaptation layer 5 (AAL5) over Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) feature for transporting AAL5 service data units (SDUs) across an IP/MPLS backbone. This document contains information about the benefits of AAL5 over MPLS and lists supported platforms. It also provides configuration tasks, examples and related commands.

This document includes the following sections:

- [Feature Overview, page 1](#)
- [Supported Platforms, page 3](#)
- [Supported Standards, MIBs, and RFCs, page 3](#)
- [Prerequisites, page 4](#)
- [Configuration Tasks, page 4](#)
- [Configuration Examples, page 9](#)
- [Command Reference, page 12](#)
- [Debug Commands, page 23](#)

Feature Overview

The AAL5 over MPLS feature provides an ATM permanent virtual circuit (PVC) for transporting AAL5 SDUs across an IP/MPLS backbone with rate-limit policing and configurable PVC priority value. A dynamic MPLS tunnel is configured to enable label imposition and disposition of encapsulated ATM SDUs transported between two edge routers having a Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) neighbor relationship.

Label Stacking

Each routed PVC label stack has two levels of labels prepended to each ATM SDU:

- An Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) stack consisting of zero or more labels
- A PVC-based label

Routers at the edge of the MPLS backbone perform label imposition and disposition. The imposition router encapsulates the ATM SDU into an MPLS SDU to transport it to the correct disposition router. The disposition router takes the MPLS SDU, de-encapsulates the ATM SDU, and delivers it to the correct ATM interface and virtual path identifier/virtual circuit identifier (VPI/VCI).

Benefits

As Internet service providers (ISPs) begin to deploy IP/MPLS backbones, services including ATM frame switching must be supported. The AAL5 over MPLS feature allows an ISP to transport AAL5 frames over an IP/MPLS backbone consisting of Cisco 12000 Series router platforms with Packet over SONET (POS) links.

Restrictions

The following restriction apply to AAL5 over MPLS:

- The AAL5 over MPLS feature supports only AAL5 SDU switching.
- The following services are not supported with the AAL5 over MPLS feature:
 - ATM switched virtual circuits (SVCs)
 - ATM signaling
 - Fragmentation and reassembly
 - Traffic shaping of packets in the MPLS-to-ATM path
- The instructions for configuring AAL5 over MPLS in this feature module apply only to the Cisco 12000 series router for 12.0(21)ST. Avoid using these instructions for any other platform or release.

Related Documents

Refer to the following documents for more information:

- *MPLS Label Distribution Protocol*
- *MPLS Traffic Engineering and Enhancements*
- *MPLS Class of Service*

Supported Platforms

The AAL5 over MPLS feature is supported on the Cisco 12000 Series router. For information on which engines and line cards are supported, see the [Release Notes for Cisco IOS Release 12.0 ST](#).

Determining Platform Support Through Cisco Feature Navigator

Cisco IOS software is packaged in feature sets that support specific platforms. To get updated information regarding platform support for this feature, access Cisco Feature Navigator. Cisco Feature Navigator dynamically updates the list of supported platforms as new platform support is added for the feature.

Cisco Feature Navigator is a web-based tool that enables you to quickly determine which Cisco IOS software images support a specific set of features and which features are supported in a specific Cisco IOS image. You can search by feature or release. Under the release section, you can compare releases side by side to display both the features unique to each software release and the features in common.

To access Cisco Feature Navigator, you must have an account on Cisco.com. If you have forgotten or lost your account information, send a blank e-mail to cco-locksmith@cisco.com. An automatic check will verify that your e-mail address is registered with Cisco.com. If the check is successful, account details with a new random password will be e-mailed to you. Qualified users can establish an account on Cisco.com by following the directions at <http://www.cisco.com/register>.

Cisco Feature Navigator is updated regularly when major Cisco IOS software releases and technology releases occur. For the most current information, go to the [Cisco Feature Navigator home page](#).

Availability of Cisco IOS Software Images

Platform support for particular Cisco IOS software releases is dependent on the availability of the software images for those platforms. Software images for some platforms may be deferred, delayed, or changed without prior notice. For updated information about platform support and availability of software images for each Cisco IOS software release, refer to the online release notes or, if supported, Cisco Feature Navigator.

Supported Standards, MIBs, and RFCs

Standards

None.

MIBs

None.

RFCs

- *RFC 3036, LDP Specification*
- *RFC 3032, MPLS Label Stack Encoding*

Prerequisites

Maximum Transmission Unit Size Restriction

Because AAL5 over MPLS does not support fragmentation and reassembly, ensure that the maximum transmission unit (MTU) of all intermediate links between endpoints is sufficient to carry the largest ATM AAL5 cell received.

Dynamic IP Labeling

You must enable LDP label distribution for the dynamic MPLS tunnels used for AAL5 over MPLS.

Configuration Tasks

See the following sections for configuration tasks to enable AAL5 over MPLS:

- [Configuring a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel](#) (required)
- [Configuring ATM PVCs Over a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel](#) (required)
- [Configuring a CoS Map Matrix](#) (optional)
- [Configuring a Point-to-Point ATM Link on the Customer CE Routers](#) (required)



Note

Make sure dynamic MPLS switching is enabled on all interfaces in your core, including traffic engineering tunnels.

Configuring a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel

To configure a dynamic MPLS tunnel to transport ATM SDUs between two endpoints, perform the following steps on the routers that are endpoints of the tunnel.



Note

The commands used to create an MPLS tunnel are supported only on Cisco IOS Releases 12.0(10)ST to 12.0(21)ST.

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	Router(config)# interface tunnel <i>tunnel_number</i>	Configures a tunnel interface and enters the interface configuration mode. Specify the number of the tunnel interface that you want to create and configure.
Step 2	Router(config-if)# tunnel mode mpls dynamic	Sets the encapsulation mode for an MPLS tunnel on all interfaces in the core.
Step 3	Router(config-if)# tunnel destination <i>ip-address</i>	Specifies the destination for the tunnel interface. We recommend that you use the loopback address as the tunnel destination address. Make sure the backbone network does not perform summarization of this destination address. The IP address of the host destination is expressed in decimal in four-part, dotted notation.

	Command	Purpose
Step 4	Router(config-if)# tunnel key <i>key-number</i>	Enables an ID key for a tunnel interface. The key number ranges from 0 to 4,294,96,295 and identifies the tunnel key. The tunnel key must be the same at both ends of the tunnel.
Step 5	Router(config-if)# mpls atm-transport	Enables the transport of ATM frames across an MPLS tunnel. Alternatively, you can use the global mpls label protocol ldp command to configure LDP for all interfaces.

Configuring ATM PVCs Over a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel

To configure an ATM PVC over a dynamic MPLS tunnel, perform the following steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	Router(config)# interface atm <i>interface</i>	Configures an ATM interface and enters the interface configuration mode.
Step 2	Router(config-if)# pvc <i>input_vpi/input_vci</i>	Creates an ATM input VPI/VCI to route.
Step 3	Router(config-if-atm)# atm route interface <i>tunnel-interface</i> <i>output_vci</i> [priority <i>number</i>][rate-limit <i>CIR Bc</i>]	Specifies the dynamic MPLS tunnel enabled for ATM transport for routing the PVC. The <i>tunnel-interface</i> specifies the dynamic MPLS tunnel. The <i>output_vci</i> is the VCI value to use over dynamic MPLS tunnels. The priority is optional; the value of <i>number</i> must be between 0 and 3 inclusive. The rate-limit is optional. <i>CIR</i> specifies the value of the committed information rate, in bits per second. The value of <i>CIR</i> must be between 8,000 and 2,000,000,000 inclusive. <i>Bc</i> specifies burst, in bytes per millisecond. The value of <i>Bc</i> must be between 8,000 and 2,000,000 inclusive.

Configuring a CoS Map Matrix

A CoS map matrix can be used to route SDUs to ATM PVCs over a dynamic MPLS tunnel. This procedure is optional. To create a CoS map matrix, perform the following steps:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	Router(config)# interface tunnel <i>tunnel_number</i>	Configures a tunnel interface and enters the interface configuration mode. Specify the number of the tunnel interface that you want to create and configure.
Step 2	Router(config-if)# mpls atm-transport cos-map <i>0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7</i>	Specifies a CoS map number from 0 to 7 and the associated committed information rate (CIR) for the packet. The meaning of each number is described below. 0: CIR = 0, priority = 0 1: CIR = 0, priority = 1 2: CIR = 0, priority = 2 3: CIR = 0, priority = 3 4: CIR = 1, priority = 0 5: CIR = 2, priority = 1 6: CIR = 3, priority = 2 7: CIR = 4, priority = 3

Configuring a Point-to-Point ATM Link on the Customer CE Routers

To configure a point-to-point ATM link with PVCs and encapsulated AAL5 SNAP, perform the following steps on the customer's CE routers:

	Command	Purpose
Step 1	Router(config)# interface ATMcard/port	Enters configuration mode for the ATM subinterface.
Step 2	Router(config-if)# no shut	Enables the ATM interface and the configuration changes just made to it.
Step 3	Router(config-if)# interface ATMcard/port.subinterfacenum point-to-point	Configures the specified subinterface at the designated card and port.
Step 4	Router(config-subif)# ip address address subnet-mask	Specifies the IP address for the ATM interface. The <i>address</i> is the Internet address for the interface. The <i>subnet-mask</i> is the mask of address bits that specifies the network portion of the address.
Step 5	Router(config-subif)# pvc vpi/vci	Creates an ATM PVC for each end node with which the router communicates. The virtual path identifier (VPI) can be any value. The VCI range is 34 to 1025.
Step 6	Router(config-subif)# broadcast	Sends duplicate broadcast packets for all protocols configured on a PVC.
Step 7	Router(config-subif)# encapsulation aal5snap	Configures the ATM adaptation layer 5 encapsulation type.

Verifying AAL5 Over MPLS Tunnel Configuration

To verify and display the configuration of AAL5 over MPLS tunnels, perform the following steps:

- Step 1** To determine the state of the dynamic tunnel interface, use the **show ip interface brief** command:

```
Router# show ip interface brief
Interface  IP-Address  OK?  Method  Status  Protocol
Ethernet0  1.0.46.10   YES  manual  administratively down  down
PCbus0     198.135.1.43  YES  manual  administratively down  down
Serial0    198.135.2.49  YES  manual  administratively down  down
Tunnel1    unassigned  YES  manual  up       up
Loopback0  12.12.12.12  YES  manual  up       up
```

- Step 2** To make sure the tunnel endpoints have discovered each other, use the **show mpls ldp discovery** command:

```
Router# show mpls ldp discovery
Local LDP Identifier:
 12.12.12.12:0
Discovery Sources:
Interfaces:
  POS0/3 (ldp): xmit/recv
    LDP Id: 11.11.11.11:0
  POS5/0 (ldp): xmit/recv
    LDP Id: 14.14.14.14:0
  Tunnel1 (ldp): -> 11.11.11.11
Targeted Hellos:
 12.12.12.12 -> 11.11.11.11 (ldp): active, xmit/recv
    LDP Id: 11.11.11.11:0
```

The LDP targeted hello is for the AAL5 over MPLS tunnel interface whose tunnel destination is 11.11.11.11.

- Step 3** To make sure the label distribution session has been established, use the **show mpls ldp neighbors** command:

```
Router# show mpls ldp neighbors
Peer LDP Ident: 14.14.14.14:0; Local LDP Ident 12.12.12.12:0
  TCP connection: 14.14.14.14.11021 - 12.12.12.12.646
  State: Oper; Msgs sent/rcvd: 6081/6073; Downstream
  Up time: 3d16h
  LDP discovery sources:
    POS5/0
  Addresses bound to peer LDP Ident:
    14.14.14.14    180.0.0.2    181.0.0.1    185.0.0.1
Peer LDP Ident: 11.11.11.11:0; Local LDP Ident 12.12.12.12:0
  TCP connection: 11.11.11.11.646 - 12.12.12.12.12700
  State: Oper; Msgs sent/rcvd: 5864/8340; Downstream
  Up time: 3d13h
  LDP discovery sources:
    POS0/3
  Targeted Hello 12.12.12.12 -> 11.11.11.11, active
  Addresses bound to peer LDP Ident:
    11.11.11.11    183.0.0.2    188.0.0.2    3.3.48.1
```

- Step 4** To view the currently routed ATM PVCs, use the **show atm route** command:

```
Router# show atm route
Input Intf   Input VC   Output Intf   Output VC   Status
ATM0/0      1          Tunnel8       555         UP
Tunnel8     555       ATM0/0        1           UP
```

- Step 5** To view a summary of the ATM PVCs and PVCs configured over dynamic MPLS tunnels, use the **show atm pvc** command. To view specific information about a PVC, include a VPI/VCI parameter with this command.

```
Router# show atm pvc
Interface   VCD/Name   VPI  VCI  Type  Encaps  Peak Kbps  Avg/Min kbps  Burst  Cells  Sts
0/0         1          0    888  PVC   SNAP    62200     0             0     0     UP
Tunnel 8   N/A        0    555  PVC   N/A     0         0             0     0     UP
```

- Step 6** To view the local labels that are assigned to PVCs over dynamic MPLS tunnels, use the **show mpls forwarding** command.

```
Router# show mpls forwarding
Local tag   Outgoing tag   Prefix           Bytes/tag   Outgoing   Next Hop
            or VC         or Tunnel ID    switched   interface
127        Untagged      ATM(Tu8:555)    66856      AT0/0     point2point
```

- Step 7** To view the current AAL5 over MPLS CoS map, use the **show mpls atm-transport cos-map** command. The values used in this example are the default settings.

```
Router# show mpls atm-transport cos-map 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

                Pri=0  Pri=1  Pri=2  Pri=3
In CIR          1      3      5      7
Out CIR         0      2      4      6
```

- Step 8** To view the imposition information about a line card, use the **show mpls atm-transport imposition** command.

```
Router# attach 2
```

```

Router-lc2# execute-on all show mpls atm-transport imposition detail
Interface ATM0:
ATM vcd: 1-> Tunnel2 mpls_vci: 42 label: 21
  input pkts: 0 output pkts: 0 impose_seq_num:0x8279
  priority: 0 rate limit: unlimited active: yes
MPLS Detailed info:
  Impose Rewrite:
    22  ATM/MPLS  impose 0   PO6/0   point2point
    MAC/Encaps=4/12, MTU=4466, Tag Stack{22 21}
    04019110 0001600000015001
GSR-LC Detailed ATM vcd info:
  vcd:1 pcr:25801 scr:25801 mbs:94 cid:9672
  pvc output_info:0x4019130
GSR-LC Detailed Output MPLS intf. info:
  local_outputq:0x9800 output:0x4000 output_info:0x4019110
Router-lc2# exit

```

Step 9 To view the disposition information about a line card, use the **show mpls atm-transport disposition** command.

```

Router# attach 3
Router-lc3# execute-on all show mpls atm-transport disposition detail
Tunnel2 MPLS vci:42 -> ATM3/0 ATM vcd:1
  Local Label: 16 dispose_seq_num:0x68C9 atm output_info: 0x4019130
  input pkts:0 output pkts:0
Router-lc3# exit

```

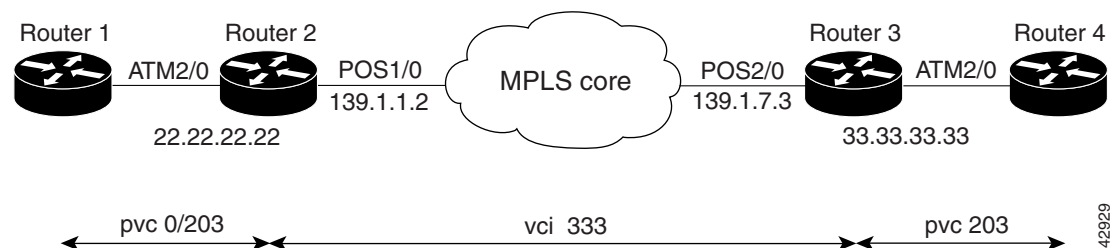
Configuration Examples

This section provides the following configuration examples:

- [Configuring a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel and the ATM PVC Over the Tunnel](#)
- [Configuring the Customer's ATM Subinterfaces in the PVC](#)

Figure 1 illustrates the network configuration that the configuration commands reference.

Figure 1 Configuring AAL5 Over MPLS



Configuring a Dynamic MPLS Tunnel and the ATM PVC Over the Tunnel

The configuration commands for router 2 and router 3 accomplish the following for this example network:

- Configuration of dynamic MPLS tunnels between router 2 and router 3.
- Routing of PVC 0/203 across the dynamic MPLS tunnels between routers 2 and 3.

- Use of LDP for label distribution between router 2 and router 3 in support of the AAL5 over MPLS feature.
- Use of dynamic MPLS switching between router 2 and router 3. It is assumed that dynamic MPLS switching is enabled throughout the MPLS core.
- Configuration of routing on router 2 and router 3. The sample configurations assume OSPF is used within the MPLS core. The sample configurations illustrate the OSPF configuration to ensure that routers 2 and 3 have routes to the tunnel endpoints.

The following configuration commands configure the transport for PVC 0/203 between router 2 and router 3 across the MPLS core.

**Note**

The **mpls label protocol ldp** command is a global configuration command. When you use this command from the Router# prompt, it forces all label distribution sessions to use LDP. See the *MPLS Label Distribution Protocol Feature Module* for more information on this command.

Router 2 Configuration

```

interface Loopback0                                !Configure loopback interface
ip address 22.22.22.22 255.255.255.255

interface Tunnel133                                !Configure dynamic tunnel to Router 3.
mpls atm-transport                                !Enable transport of ATM across tunnel.
mpls label protocol ldp                            !Use LDP label distribution for tunnel.
tunnel destination 33.33.33.33                     !Specify tunnel destination as
                                                    !Router 3 loopback.

tunnel source Loopback0                            !Make it a dynamic MPLS tunnel.
tunnel mode mpls dynamic                            !Specify ID for tunnel.
tunnel key 2233

interface ATM2/0
pvc 0/203
atm route interface tunnel133 333                 !Route pvc 0/203 on Tunnel133 with
                                                    !vci 333 across the MPLS core.

interface POS1/0                                   !Configure interface to MPLS core.
ip address 139.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
mpls ip                                            !Enable dynamic MPLS switching.
mpls label protocol ldp                            !Use LDP label distribution. Assumes the
                                                    !core router on the interface uses LDP.

router ospf 10                                     !Configure OSPF routing.
passive-interface Loopback0
network 22.22.22.22 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 139.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

```

Router 3 Configuration

```

interface Loopback0                                !Configure loopback interface
ip address 33.33.33.33 255.255.255.255

interface Tunnel122                                !Configure dynamic tunnel to Router 2.
mpls atm-transport                                !Enable transport of ATM across tunnel.
mpls label protocol ldp                            !Use LDP label distribution for tunnel.
tunnel destination 22.22.22.22                     !Specify tunnel destination as
                                                    !Router 2 loopback.

tunnel source Loopback0                            !Make it a dynamic MPLS tunnel.
tunnel mode mpls dynamic

```

```

tunnel key 2233                                !Specify ID for tunnel.

interface ATM1/0
pvc 0/203
atm route interface tunnel22 333             !Route PVC 0/203 on Tunnel22 with
                                              !vci 333 across the MPLS core 333.

interface POS2/0
ip address 139.1.7.3 255.255.255.0          !Configure interface to MPLS core.
mpls ip                                       !Enable dynamic MPLS switching
mpls label protocol ldp                     !Use LDP label distribution. Assumes the
                                              !core router on the interface uses LDP.

router ospf 10                                !Configure OSPF routing.
passive-interface Loopback0
network 33.33.33.33 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 139.1.7.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

```

Configuring the Customer's ATM Subinterfaces in the PVC

Router 1

```

interface ATM2/0
no ip address
no ip directed-broadcast
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
no shut
no atm enable-ilmi-trap
no atm ilmi-keepalive

interface ATM2/0.100 point-to-point
ip address 1.0.0.2 255.255.255.224
no ip directed-broadcast
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
no shut
no atm enable-ilmi-trap
pvc 0/203
broadcast

```

Command Reference

This section describes the following new commands:

- **atm route interface**
- **mpls atm-transport**
- **mpls atm-transport cos-map**
- **show atm route**
- **show mpls atm-transport cos-map**
- **show mpls atm-transport disposition**
- **show mpls atm-transport imposition**
- **show mpls forwarding-table**
- **tunnel mode mpls dynamic**

atm route interface

To configure a dynamic MPLS tunnel with MPLS ATM transport to route a PVC on a main interface, use the **atm route interface** command in interface configuration mode. To disable the configuration of a dynamic MPLS tunnel, use the **no** form of this command.

atm route interface *tunnel_interface* *output_vci* [**priority number**] [**rate-limit** *CIR Bc*]

no atm route interface *tunnel_interface* *output_vci* [**priority number**] [**rate-limit** *CIR Bc*]

Syntax Description		
<i>tunnel_interface</i>		Specifies the dynamic MPLS tunnel enabled for ATM transport to route the PVC.
<i>output_vci</i>		Specifies the VCI value to use over the dynamic MPLS tunnel. The value must be the same at both ends of the tunnel.
priority number		(Optional) Specifies the priority; the value of <i>number</i> must be between 0 and 3 inclusive.
rate-limit <i>CIR Bc</i>		(Optional) Specifies the value of the committed information rate (CIR), expressed in bits per second. The value must be between 8,000 and 2,000,000,000 inclusive. <i>Bc</i> is expressed in bytes per millisecond. The value must be between 8,000 and 2,000,000 inclusive.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines After a dynamic MPLS tunnel with MPLS transport is configured, you can use it as an outgoing interface by issuing the **atm route interface** command. Specify AAL5 for the encapsulation of the input PVC; the default encapsulation is AAL5SNAP. This ATM forwarding service does not look at the SDU being transmitted, it simply forwards the AAL5SNAP or AAL5MUX packet.

Routed PVCs are supported on main interfaces, not subinterfaces.

Examples The following example shows an MPLS tunnel interface enabled for routing an ATM PVC:

```
Router(config)# interface atm 1/0
Router(config-if)# no ip address
Router(config-if)# no ip directed-broadcast
Router(config-if)# atm clock internal
Router(config-if)# no atm ilmi-keepalive
Router(config-if)# pvc 0/534
Router(config-if-atm)# atm route interface tunnel2 534
```

mpls atm-transport

To enable the transport of ATM frames across an MPLS tunnel, use the **mpls atm-transport** command in interface configuration mode. To disable the configuration of ATM transport, use the **no** form of this command.

mpls atm-transport

no mpls atm-transport

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example shows a configured MPLS tunnel interface, with the transport of ATM frames enabled, and the destination address of 101.1.1.1:

```
Router(config)# interface tunnel2
Router(config-if)# no ip address
Router(config-if)# no ip directed-broadcast
→ Router(config-if)# mpls atm-transport
Router(config-if)# mpls label protocol ldp
→ Router(config-if)# tunnel destination 101.1.1.1
Router(config-if)# tunnel mode mpls dynamic
Router(config-if)# tunnel key 10111
Router(config-if)# end
!
Router(config)# interface loopback0
Router(config-if)# ip address 102.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
Router(config-if)# no ip directed-broadcast
Router(config-if)# ip ospf interface-retry 0
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mpls atm-transport cos-map	Displays the current ATM transport over MPLS CoS map matrix.
	show mpls atm-transport disposition	Displays information about the label disposition on a specified line card.
	show mpls atm-transport imposition	Displays information about the label imposition on a specified line card.

mpls atm-transport cos-map

To configure an MPLS CoS map that can be used to specify the priority of each SDU transported across an MPLS backbone, use the **mpls atm-transport cos-map** command in interface configuration mode.

```
mpls atm-transport cos-map number0 number1 number2 number3 number4 number5 number6
number7
```

Syntax Description	<i>number</i>	Specifies the MPLS CoS value associated with a SDU: 0: Committed Information Rate (CIR) = 0, priority = 0 1: CIR = 0, priority = 1 2: CIR = 0, priority = 2 3: CIR = 0, priority = 3 4: CIR = 1, priority = 0 5: CIR = 1, priority = 1 6: CIR = 1, priority = 2 7: CIR = 1, priority = 3				
Defaults	The default is 1, 3, 5, 7, 0, 2, 4, 6.					
Command Modes	Interface configuration					
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12.0(10)ST</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.	
Release	Modification					
12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	The CoS map is used to set up a policy that is applied to traffic as it enters the MPLS core through ATM transport over MPLS. Class-based weighted fair queuing (CBWFQ) or an MPLS CoS aware scheduling algorithm must be run in the core for the policy to be effective.					
Related Commands	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Command</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>show mpls atm-transport cos-map</td> <td>Displays the current ATM/MPLS CoS map.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Command	Description	show mpls atm-transport cos-map	Displays the current ATM/MPLS CoS map.	
Command	Description					
show mpls atm-transport cos-map	Displays the current ATM/MPLS CoS map.					

show atm route

To display the currently routed ATM PVC, use the **show atm route** command in EXEC mode.

show atm route

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example shows a currently routed ATM PVC on the input and output interfaces:

```
Router# show atm route
```

Input Intf	Input VC	Output Intf	Output VC	Status
ATM0/0	1	Tunnel8	555	UP
Tunnel8	555	ATM0/0	1	UP

[Table 1](#) describes the fields used in the preceding example.

Table 1 *show atm route Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Input Intf	Input interface of the currently routed PVC.
Input VC	Input virtual connection.
Output Intf	Output interface assigned to the PVC.
Output VC	Output virtual connection.
Status	Status of the connection.

show mpls atm-transport cos-map

To show the current ATM/MPLS CoS map, use the **show mpls atm-transport cos-map** command in EXEC mode.

show mpls atm-transport cos-map

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples In the following example, the current ATM CoS map is shown:

```
Router# show mpls atm-transport cos-map

                Pri=0  Pri=1  Pri=2  Pri=3
In CIR          1      3      5      7
Out CIR         0      2      4      6
```

[Table 2](#) describes the fields used in the preceding example.

Table 2 *show mpls atm-transport cos-map Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Pri=	Priority assigned to a packet.
In CIR	CIR of the input interface.
Out CIR	CIR of the output interface .

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mpls atm-transport cos-map	Configures an MPLS CoS map for a specified PVC.

show mpls atm-transport disposition

To view label disposition information about a line card, use the **show mpls atm-transport disposition** command in EXEC mode.

show mpls atm-transport disposition {detail | normal | summary}

Syntax Description

detail	Specifies the virtual channel identifier (VCI) range to display in detail mode.
normal	Specifies the VCI range to display in normal mode.
summary	Specifies the VCI range to display in summary mode.

Defaults

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows detailed disposition information about the ATM line card in slot 3:

```
Router# attach 3
Router-lc3# execute-on all show mpls atm-transport disposition detail
Tunnel2 MPLS vci:42 -> ATM3/0 ATM vcd:1
  Local Label:16 dispose_seq_num:0x68C9 atm output_info:0x4019130
  Input pkts:0 output pkts:0
Router-lc3# exit
Router#
```

[Table 3](#) describes the fields used in the preceding example.

Table 3 *show mpls atm-transport disposition Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
vci	Number assigned to the VCI.
vcd	Number assigned to the virtual circuit descriptor (VCD).
Input pkts	Number of packets delivered to the input interface.
output pkts	Number of packets delivered to the output interface.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show mpls atm-transport imposition	Displays information about label imposition on a specified line card.

show mpls atm-transport imposition

To view label imposition information about a line card, use the **show mpls atm-transport imposition** command in exec mode.

show mpls atm-transport imposition {detail | normal | summary}

Syntax Description	detail	Displays the virtual channel identifier (VCI) range in detail mode.
	normal	Displays the VCI range to display in normal mode.
	summary	Displays the VCI range to display in summary mode.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Do not invoke this command while traffic is flowing to the line card.

Examples The following example shows detailed label imposition information about the line card in slot 2:

```
Router-lc2# execute-on all show mpls atm-transport imposition detail
Interface ATM0:
ATM vcd: 1-> Tunnel2 mpls_vci: 42 label: 21
  input pkts: 0 output pkts: 0 impose_seq_num:0x8279
  priority: 0 rate limit: unlimited active: yes
MPLS Detailed info:
  Impose Rewrite:
    22   ATM/MPLS   impose 0   PO6/0   point2point
    MAC/Encaps=4/12, MTU=4466, Tag Stack{22 21}
    04019110 0001600000015001
GSR-LC Detailed ATM vcd info:
  vcd:1 pcr:25801 scr:25801 mbs:94 cid:9672
  pvc output_info:0x4019130
GSR-LC Detailed Output MPLS intf. info:
  local_outputq:0x9800 output:0x4000 output_info:0x4019110
Router-lc2# exit
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show mpls atm-transport disposition	Displays label disposition information about a specified line card.

show mpls forwarding-table

To view an MPLS forwarding table, use the **show mpls forwarding-table** command in EXEC mode. This is also called the **show tag-switching forwarding table** command.

show mpls forwarding-table

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example shows an MPLS forwarding table:

```
Router# show mpls forwarding-table
```

tag	Outgoing tag or VC	Prefix or tunnel ID	Bytes tag switched	Outgoing Interface	Next Hop
128	Pop tag	7.7.7.7/32	0	PO1/0	point2point
129	Pop tag	10.1.3.0/24	0	PO1/0	point2point
130	129	88.88.88.88/32	0	PO1/0	point2point
131	Untagged	ATM(Tu8:555)	0	AT2/0	point2point

[Table 4](#) describes the fields used in the preceding example.

Table 4 *show mpls forwarding-table Field Descriptions*

Field	Description
Local tag	Tag assigned by this router.
Outgoing tag or VC	Tag assigned by next hop, or VPI/VCI used to get to next hop. Entries in this column include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Untagged—There is no tag for the destination from the next hop, or tag switching is not enabled on the outgoing interface. Pop tag—The next hop advertised an implicit NULL tag for the destination, and this router popped the top tag. [T]—Forwarding through a TSP tunnel.
Prefix or tunnel ID	Address or tunnel to which packets with this tag are going.
Bytes tag-switched	Number of bytes switched with this incoming tag.

Field	Description
Outgoing Interface	Interface through which packets with this tag are sent.
Next Hop	IP address of the neighbor that assigned the outgoing tag.

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface tunnel	Configures a tunnel interface and enters the interface configuration mode.

tunnel mode mpls dynamic

To set the encapsulation mode for an MPLS tunnel interface, use the **tunnel mode mpls dynamic** command in interface configuration mode. To disable encapsulation mode for an MPLS tunnel interface, use the **no** form of this command.

tunnel mode mpls dynamic

no tunnel mode mpls dynamic

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Interface configuration

Examples The following example enables dynamic MPLS tunneling:

```
Router# interface tunnel 1
Router (config-if)# tunnel mode mpls dynamic
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface tunnel	Configures a tunnel interface and enters the interface configuration mode.

Debug Commands

This section describes three new debug commands.

- `debug mpls atm-transport control`
- `debug mpls atm-transport distributed`
- `debug mpls atm-transport switching`

debug mpls atm-transport control

To enable debug messages about the control of traffic transported between ATM and MPLS, use the **debug mpls atm-transport control** command in EXEC mode. To disable the debug messages about MPLS ATM transport control, use the **no** form of this command.

debug mpls atm-transport control

no debug mpls atm-transport control

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example enables debugging of AAL5 over MPLS control:

```
Router# debug mpls atm-transport control
ATM transport over MPLS, Control interactions debugging is on
Router#
ATM_TRANS:GOT ATOM_EVENT_TDP_UP on Tunnel88
ATM_TRANS: Advertising all pvcs on Tunnel88
ATM_TRANS: sending bind for pvc 170 on Tunnel88 label 19
ATM_TRANS: Requesting all pvcs on Tunnel88
ATM_TRANS: sending request_bind for pvc 0 on Tunnel88
ATM_TRANS: received BIND mpls_vci: 170 on Tunnel88 label 16
ATM_TRANS: Done setting imp.rewrite for vc 170 parent dest 88.88.88.88
```

debug mpls atm-transport distributed

To enable the distribution of debug messages about label imposition and label disposition on line cards, use the **debug mpls atm-transport distributed** command in EXEC mode. To disable the debug messages about label imposition and label disposition on line cards, use the **no** form of this command.

debug mpls atm-transport distributed

no debug mpls atm-transport distributed

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example enables debug messages related to the process of label imposition/disposition:

```
Router# debug mpls atm-transport distributed
ATM transport over MPLS, Distributed switching debugging is on
Router#
ATM_TRANS: removing label disposition info for tun:Tunnel88 vci:0 from all slots
ATM_TRANS: disposition change for tun:Tunnel88 vci:170, (none) -> (all) (queued)
ATM_TRANS: sending label disposition info for tun:Tunnel88 vci:170 to all slots
```

debug mpls atm-transport switching

To enable debug messages about the transport of information for ATM to MPLS and MPLS to ATM switching, use the **debug mpls atm-transport switching** command in EXEC mode. To disable debug messages about ATM to MPLS switching, use the **no** form of this command.

debug mpls atm-transport switching

no debug mpls atm-transport switching

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(10)ST	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example enables debugging of AAL5 over MPLS switching:

```
Router# debug mpls atm-transport switching
AAL5 transport over MPLS, switching debugging is on
Router(config)# int atm3/0
Router(config-if)# shut
Router(config-if)# no shut
Router(config-if)# end
11:46:48: mpls_atm_trans_atm_hwif_up() enter - max_intf_vcs (2048)
11:46:49: mpls_atm_trans_atm_hwif_up() enter - max_intf_vcs (2048)
11:46:49: mpls_atm_trans_atm_swif_up(), out_vc(50)
11:46:50: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

SLOT 5:09:18:23: ADJ: Received adjacency update event for 0.0.0.0(connector-id 0)
SLOT 5:09:18:23: ADJ: via ATM3/0, mac-rewrite length 4, output_info
0x1C059220, local_outputq 0x8C00, outputq 16384, enctype 33adj_index 1 mtu 4470
SLOT 5:09:18:23: ADJ: Add AT3/0 index=1 old=0x4127F280 new=0x4127F280
SLOT 5:09:18:23: ADJ: add 0.0.0.0 via ATM3/0
```