

About the Cisco IOS Software Documentation

This section discusses the objectives, audience, organization, and conventions of the Cisco Internetwork Operating System (Cisco IOS) software documentation.

Cisco documentation and additional literature are available on a CD-ROM called Cisco Connection Documentation, Enterprise Series. The CD is updated and shipped monthly so it might be more current than printed documentation. To order the documentation CD, contact your local sales representative or call Customer Service. The CD is available both as a single CD and as an annual subscription. You can also access Cisco technical documentation on the World Wide Web URL <http://www.cisco.com>.

Cisco IOS Software Documentation Objectives

This Cisco IOS software documentation describes the tasks and commands necessary to configure and maintain your access server or router.

Audience

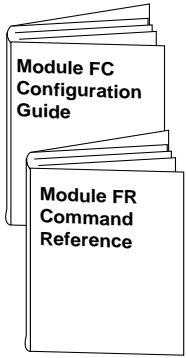
The Cisco IOS software documentation is intended primarily for users who configure and maintain access servers and routers, but are not necessarily familiar with tasks, the relationship between tasks, or the commands necessary to perform particular tasks.

Cisco IOS Software Documentation Organization

The Cisco IOS software documentation is divided into eight modules. Each module consists of two books: a configuration guide and a corresponding command reference. Chapters in a configuration guide describe protocols, configuration tasks, and Cisco IOS software functionality and contain comprehensive configuration examples. Chapters in a command reference match the organization of the corresponding configuration guide and provide complete command syntax information. Each configuration guide should be used in conjunction with its corresponding command reference.

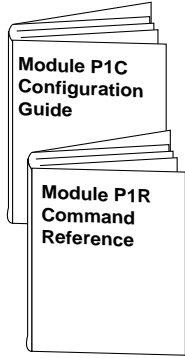
The Cisco IOS software documentation modules are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1 Cisco IOS Software Documentation Modules



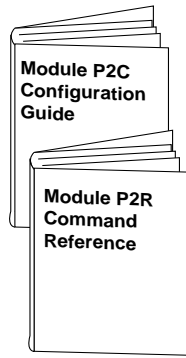
**Module FC/FR:
Configuration Fundamentals**

- Access Server and Router Product Overview
- Cisco IOS Software Configuration Basics
- Images and Configuration Files
- Interface Configuration
- System Management



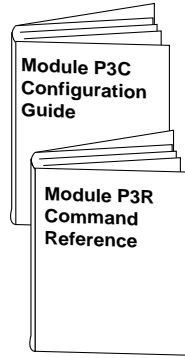
**Module P1C/P1R:
Network Protocols, Part 1**

- IP Addressing
- IP Services
- IP Routing Protocols



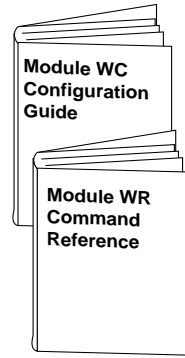
**Module P2C/P2R:
Network Protocols, Part 2**

- AppleTalk
- Novell IPX



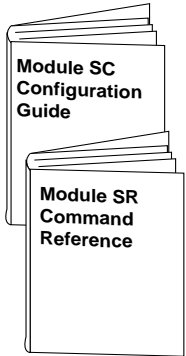
**Module P3C/P3R:
Network Protocols, Part 3**

- Apollo Domain
- Banyan VINES
- DECnet
- ISO CLNS
- XNS



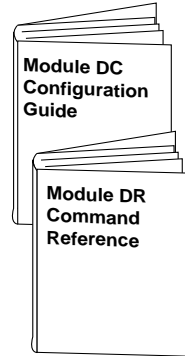
**Module WC/WR:
Wide-Area Networking**

- ATM
- Frame Relay
- SMDS
- X.25 and LAPB



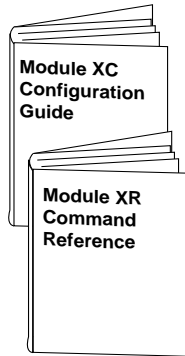
**Module SC/SR:
Security**

- Terminal Access Security
- Network Access Security
- Accounting and Billing
- Filtering Traffic
- Preventing Fraudulent Route Updates
- Network Data Encryption



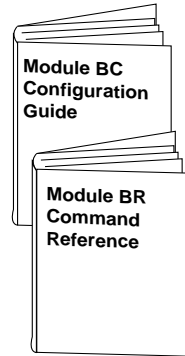
**Module DC/DR:
Dial Solutions**

- Dial Business Solutions and Examples
- Dial-In Port Setup
- DDR and Dial Backup
- Remote Node and Terminal Service
- Cost-Control and Large-Scale Dial Solutions
- VPDN



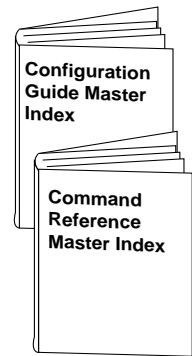
**Module XC/XR:
Cisco IOS Switching Services**

- Switching Paths for IP Networks
 - Fast Switching
 - Autonomous Switching
 - NetFlow Switching
 - Optimum Switching
- Virtual LAN (VLAN) Switching and Routing
 - Inter-Switch Link Protocol Encapsulation
 - IEEE 802.10 Encapsulation
 - LAN Emulation



**Module BC/BR:
Bridging and IBM Networking**

- Transparent Bridging
- Source-Route Bridging
- Remote Source-Route Bridging
- DLSw+
- STUN and BSTUN
- LLC2 and SDLC
- IBM Network Media Translation
- DSPU and SNA Service Point
- SNA Frame Relay Access Support
- APPN
- NCIA Client/Server Topologies
- IBM Channel Attach



Configuration Guide Master Index

Command Reference Master Index

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Document Conventions

Software and hardware documentation uses the following conventions:

- The caret character (^) represents the Control key.
For example, the key combinations ^D and Ctrl-D are equivalent: Both mean hold down the Control key while you press the D key. Keys are indicated in capitals, but are not case sensitive.
- A string is defined as a nonquoted set of characters.
For example, when setting an SNMP community string to *public*, do not use quotation marks around the string; otherwise, the string will include the quotation marks.

Command descriptions use these conventions:

- Vertical bars (|) separate alternative, mutually exclusive, elements.
- Square brackets ([]) indicate optional elements.
- Braces ({ }) indicate a required choice.
- Braces within square brackets ([{ }]) indicate a required choice within an optional element.
- **Boldface** indicates commands and keywords that are entered literally as shown.
- *Italics* indicate arguments for which you supply values; in contexts that do not allow italics, arguments are enclosed in angle brackets (< >).

Examples use these conventions:

- Examples that contain system prompts denote interactive sessions, indicating that the user enters commands at the prompt. The system prompt indicates the current command mode. For example, the prompt `Router(config)#` indicates global configuration mode.
- Terminal sessions and information the system displays are in *screen* font.
- Information you enter is in **boldface screen** font.
- Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are in angle brackets (< >).
- Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets ([]).
- Exclamation points (!) at the beginning of a line indicate a comment line. They are also displayed by the Cisco IOS software for certain processes.



Caution Means *reader be careful*. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.

Note Means *reader take note*. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to materials not contained in this manual.

Within the Cisco IOS software documentation, the term *router* is used to refer to both access servers and routers. When a feature is supported on the access server only, the term *access server* is used. When a feature is supported on one or more specific router platforms (such as the Cisco 4500), but not on other platforms (such as the Cisco 2500), the text specifies the supported platforms.

Within examples, routers and access servers are alternately shown. These products are used only for example purposes—an example that shows one product does not indicate that the other product is not supported.