



# PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

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The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature extends the capabilities of object tracking using Cisco Discovery Protocol to allow the policy-based routing (PBR) process to verify object availability by using additional methods. The verification method can be an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ping, a User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ping, or an HTTP GET request.

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## Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Information About PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

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## Object Tracking

Object tracking is an independent process that monitors objects such as the following:

- State of the line protocol of an interface



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- Existence of an entry in the routing table
- Results of a Service Assurance Agent (SAA) operation, such as a ping

Clients such as Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP), Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP), and (with this feature) PBR can register their interest in specific, tracked objects and then take action when the state of the objects changes.

## PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options Feature Design

The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature gives PBR access to all the objects that are available through the tracking process. The tracking process provides the ability to track individual objects--such as ICMP ping reachability, routing adjacency, an application running on a remote device, a route in the Routing Information Base (RIB)--or to track the state of an interface line protocol.

Object tracking functions in the following manner. PBR will inform the tracking process that a certain object should be tracked. The tracking process will in turn notify PBR when the state of that object changes.

## How to Configure PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

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### Configuring PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

Perform this task to configure PBR support for multiple tracking options. In this task, a route map is created and configured to verify the reachability of the tracked object.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. ip sla monitor operation-number
4. type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho {destination-ip-address| destination-hostname}[source-ipaddr {ip-address| hostname} | source-interface interface-name]
5. exit
6. ip sla monitor schedule operation-number [life {forever | seconds}] [start-time {hh : mm[: ss] [month day | day month] | pending | now | after hh : mm : ss}] [ageout seconds] [recurring]
7. track object-number rtr entry-number [reachability| state]
8. delay {up seconds [down seconds] | [up seconds] down seconds}
9. exit
10. interface type number
11. ip address ip-address mask [secondary]
12. ip policy route-map map-tag
13. exit
14. route-map map-tag [permit | deny] [sequence-number]
15. set ip next-hop verify-availability [next-hop-address sequence track object]
16. end
17. show track object-number
18. show route-map [map-name| all| dynamic]

**DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<p>enable</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router&gt; enable</pre>	<p>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
Step 2	<p>configure terminal</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router# configure terminal</pre>	<p>Enters global configuration mode.</p>
Step 3	<p>ip sla monitor operation-number</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config)# ip sla monitor 1</pre>	<p>Starts a Cisco IOS IP Service Level Agreement (SLA) operation configuration and enters IP SLA monitor configuration mode.</p>

Command or Action	Purpose
<p><b>Step 4</b> <code>type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho {destination-ip-address  destination-hostname}[source-ipaddr {ip-address  hostname}   source-interface interface-name]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-sla-monitor)# type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho 10.1.1.1</pre>	<p>Configures an IP SLA Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo probe operation.</p>
<p><b>Step 5</b> <code>exit</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-sla-monitor)# exit</pre>	<p>Exits IP SLA monitor configuration mode and returns the router to global configuration mode.</p>
<p><b>Step 6</b> <code>ip sla monitor schedule operation-number [life {forever   seconds}] [start-time {hh : mm[: ss] [month day   day month]   pending   now   after hh : mm : ss}] [ageout seconds] [recurring]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config)# ip sla monitor schedule 1 life forever start-time now</pre>	<p>Configures the scheduling parameters for a single Cisco IOS IP SLA operation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In this example, the time parameters for the IP SLA operation are configured.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Step 7</b> <code>track object-number rtr entry-number [reachability  state]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config)# track 123 rtr 1 reachability</pre>	<p>Tracks the reachability of a Response Time Reporter (RTR) object and enters tracking configuration mode.</p>
<p><b>Step 8</b> <code>delay {up seconds [down seconds]   [up seconds] down seconds}</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-track)# delay up 60 down 30</pre>	<p>(Optional) Specifies a period of time, in seconds, to delay communicating state changes of a tracked object.</p>
<p><b>Step 9</b> <code>exit</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-track)# exit</pre>	<p>Exits tracking configuration mode and returns the router to global configuration mode.</p>

Command or Action	Purpose
<p><b>Step 10</b> <code>interface type number</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config)# interface serial 2/0/0</pre>	<p>Specifies an interface type and number and enters interface configuration mode.</p>
<p><b>Step 11</b> <code>ip address ip-address mask [secondary]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-if)# ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0</pre>	<p>Specifies a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See the "Configuring IPv4 Addresses" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS XE IP Addressing Services Configuration Guide</i>, Release 2, for information on configuring IPv4 addresses.</li> <li>• In this example, the IP address of the incoming interface is specified. This is the interface on which policy routing is to be enabled.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Step 12</b> <code>ip policy route-map map-tag</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-if)# ip policy route-map alpha</pre>	<p>Enables policy routing and identifies a route map to be used for policy routing.</p>
<p><b>Step 13</b> <code>exit</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-if)# exit</pre>	<p>Exits interface configuration mode and returns the router to global configuration mode.</p>
<p><b>Step 14</b> <code>route-map map-tag [permit   deny] [sequence-number]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config)# route-map alpha</pre>	<p>Specifies a route map and enters route-map configuration mode.</p>
<p><b>Step 15</b> <code>set ip next-hop verify-availability [next-hop-address sequence track object]</code></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>Router(config-route-map)# set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123</pre>	<p>Configures the route map to verify the reachability of the tracked object.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In this example, the policy is configured to forward packets received on serial interface 2/0/0 to 10.1.1.1 if that device is reachable.</li> </ul>

Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 16</b> <code>end</code>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router(config-route-map)# end</pre>	Exits route-map configuration mode and returns the router to privileged EXEC mode.
<b>Step 17</b> <code>show track object-number</code>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router# show track 123</pre>	(Optional) Displays tracking information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use this command to verify the configuration. See the display output in the "Examples" section of this task.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 18</b> <code>show route-map [map-name] all dynamic]</code>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>Router# show route-map alpha</pre>	(Optional) Displays route map information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In this example, information about the route map named alpha is displayed. See the display output in the "Examples" section of this task.</li> </ul>

### Examples

The following output from the **show track** command shows that the tracked object 123 is reachable.

```
Router# show track 123
Track 123
  Response Time Reporter 1 reachability
  Reachability is Up
    2 changes, last change 00:00:33
  Delay up 60 secs, down 30 secs
  Latest operation return code: OK
  Latest RTT (milliseconds) 20
  Tracked by:
    ROUTE-MAP 0
```

The following output from the **show route-map** command shows information about the route map named alpha that was configured in the task.

```
Router# show route-map alpha
route-map alpha, permit, sequence 10
Match clauses:
Set clauses:
  ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123 [up]
Policy routing matches: 0 packets, 0 bytes
```

## Configuration Examples for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

- [Configuring PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options Example, page 7](#)

## Configuring PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options Example

The configured policy is that packets received on GigabitEthernet interface 0/0/0 should be forwarded to 10.1.1.1 only if that device is reachable (responding to pings). If 10.1.1.1 is not up, then the packets should be forwarded to 10.2.2.2. If 10.2.2.2 is also not reachable, then the policy routing fails and the packets are routed according to the routing table.

Two RTRs are configured to ping the remote devices. The RTRs are then tracked. Policy routing will monitor the state of the tracked RTRs and make forwarding decisions based on their state.

```
! Define and start the RTRs.
ip sla monitor 1
  type echo protocol ipicmpecho 10.1.1.1
ip sla monitor schedule 1 start-time now life forever
!
ip sla monitor 2
  type echo protocol ipicmpecho 10.2.2.2
ip sla monitor schedule 2 start-time now life forever
!
! Track the RTRs.
track 123 rtr 1 reachability
track 124 rtr 2 reachability
!
! Enable policy routing on the incoming interface.
interface gigabitethernet 0/0/0
  ip address 10.4.4.4 255.255.255.0
  ip policy route-map beta
!
! 10.1.1.1 is via this interface.
interface gigabitethernet 1/0/0
  ip address 10.1.1.254 255.255.255.0
!
! 10.2.2.2 is via this interface.
interface gigabitethernet 2/0/0
  ip address 10.2.2.254 255.255.255.0
!
! Define a route map to set the next-hop depending on the state of the tracked RTRs.
route-map beta
  set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.1.1.1 10 track 123
  set ip next-hop verify-availability 10.2.2.2 20 track 124
```

## Additional References

The following sections provide references related to the PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature.

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Object tracking within Cisco IOS XE software	"Configuring Enhanced Object Tracking" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS XE IP Application Services Configuration Guide</i> , Release 2
Configuring IP addresses	"Configuring IPv4 Addresses" chapter of the <i>Cisco IOS XE IP Addressing Services Configuration Guide</i> , Release 2
Cisco IOS master command list, all releases	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases</a>

**Standards**

Standard	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	--

**MIBs**

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL:  <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

**RFCs**

RFC	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	--

**Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.  To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.  Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/techsupport">http://www.cisco.com/techsupport</a>

## Feature Information for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software

release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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**Table 1** Feature Information for PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.2	<p>The PBR Support for Multiple Tracking Options feature extends the capabilities of object tracking using Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) to allow the policy-based routing (PBR) process to verify object availability by using additional methods. The verification method can be an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ping, a User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ping, or an HTTP GET request.</p> <p>This feature was introduced on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers.</p> <p>The following commands were introduced or modified by this feature: <b>set ip next-hop verify-availability</b>.</p>

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