



CHAPTER 7

Configuring the Line Interface

This module describes how to configure the physical line interfaces (ports) as well how to configure those interfaces for VLAN translation, and traffic rules.

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Line Interfaces

The Line Interfaces (User and Network) are used to connect the NME-APA module to the network. The NME-APA module has Fast Ethernet line interfaces.

Configuring Traffic Rules and Counters

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About Traffic Rules and Counters

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What are Traffic Rules and Counters?

Traffic rules and counters may be configured by the user. This functionality enables the user to define specific operations on the traffic flowing through the NME-APA Module, such as ignoring certain flows or counting certain packets. The configuration of traffic rules and counters is independent of the application loaded by the NME-APA module, and thus is preserved when the application being run by the NME-APA module is changed.

Possible uses for traffic rules and counters include:

- Enabling the user to count packets according to various criteria. Since the traffic counters are readable via the NME-APA SNMP MIB, these might be used to monitor up to 32 types of packets, according to the requirements of the installation.
- Ignoring certain types of flows. When a traffic rule specifies an “ignore” action, packets matching the rule criteria will not open a new flow, but will pass through the NME-APA module without being processed. This is useful when a particular type of traffic should be ignored by the NME-APA module.

Possible examples include ignoring traffic from a certain IP range known to require no service, or traffic from a certain protocol.

It should be noted that using traffic rules and counters does not affect performance. It is possible to define the maximum number of both traffic rules and counters without causing any degradation in the NME-APA module performance.

Traffic Rules

A traffic rule specifies that a defined action should be taken on packets processed by the NME-APA Module that meet certain criteria. The maximum number of rules is 128, which includes not only traffic rules configured via the NME-APA module CLI, but also any additional rules configured by external management systems, such as NME-APA Device Console. Each rule is given a name when it is defined, which is then used when referring to the rule.

Packets are selected according to user-defined criteria, which may be any combination of the following:

- **IP address**—A single address or a subnet range can be specified for each of the line ports (Subscriber / Network).
- **Protocol**—TCP/UCP/ICMP/IGRP/EIGRP/IS-IS/OSPF/Other
- **TCP/UDP Ports**—A single port or a port range can be specified for each of the line ports (Subscriber / Network). Valid for the TCP/UDP protocols only.
- **Direction (Upstream/Downstream)** (TCP only).

The possible actions are:

- **Count** the packet by a specific traffic counter
- **Ignore** the packet (do not provide service for this packet—No bandwidth metering, transaction reporting etc. is done)
- **Quick-forward** the packet **with service**—Forward delay-sensitive packets through the fast path while maintaining serviceability for these packets
- **Quick-forward** the packet **with no service**—Forward delay-sensitive packets through the fast path with no service provided for these packets

The **Ignore** action affects only packets that are not part of an existing flow.

It is possible for a single packet to match more than one rule. The simplest way to cause this is to configure two identical rules with different names. When this happens, the system operates as follows:

- Any counter counts a specific packet only once. This means that:
 - If two rules specify that the packet should be counted by the same counter, it is counted only once.
 - If two rules specify that the packet should be counted by different counters, it is counted twice, once by each counter.

Traffic Counters

Traffic counters count the traffic as specified by the traffic rules. The maximum number of counters is 32. Each counter is given a name when it is defined, which is then used when referring to the counter.

A traffic counter can be configured in one of two ways:

- **Count packets**—The counter is incremented by 1 for each packet it counts.
- **Count bytes**—The counter is incremented by the number of bytes in the packet for each packet it counts.

Configuring Traffic Counters

A traffic counter must be created before it can be referenced in a traffic rule. Use the following commands to create and delete traffic counters.

**Note**

Be sure to run the **traffic-counter** command from the LineCard Interface mode.

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Creating a Traffic Counter

Options

The following options are available:

- **name**—The name of the counter
- **Count packets**—The counter is incremented by 1 for each packet it counts.
- **Count bytes**—The counter is incremented by the number of bytes in the packet for each packet it counts.

Step 1 From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **traffic-counter name name count-bytes|count-packets** and press Enter.

Adds a traffic counter with the specified name and counting mode.

Deleting a Traffic Counter

Step 1 From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **no traffic-counter name name** and press Enter.

Note that a traffic counter cannot be deleted if it is used by any existing traffic rule.

Deleting all Existing Traffic Counters

Step 1 From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **no traffic-counter all** and press Enter.

Removes all traffic counters.

Note that a traffic counter cannot be deleted if it is used by any existing traffic rule.

Configuring Traffic Rules

Use the following commands to create and delete traffic rules.



Note

Be sure to run the **traffic-rule** command from the LineCard Interface mode.

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Creating a Traffic Rule

- [Options, page 7-4](#)

Options

The following options are available:

IP specification:

all | ([all-but] (ip-address|ip-range))

- *ip-address* is a single IP address in dotted-decimal notation, such as 10.1.2.3
- *ip-range* is an IP subnet range, in the dotted-decimal notation followed by the number of significant bits, such as 10.1.2.0/24.
- Use the **all-but** keyword to exclude the specified IP address or range of IP addresses

protocol:

Any one of the following protocols:

TCP/UCP/ICMP/IGRP/EIGRP/IS-IS/OSPF/Other

direction:

Any of the following:

upstream/downstream/both

traffic-counter:

Either of the following:

- **name** <*name of an existing traffic counter*>—Packets meeting the criteria of the rule are to be counted in the specified counter. If a counter name is defined, the “count” action is also defined implicitly. The keyword **name** must appear as well as the actual name of the counter.
- **none**—If **none** is specified, then an action must be explicitly defined via the action option.

action: (not required if the action is count only)

One of the following:

- **ignore**—Bypass the specified traffic; traffic receives no service
- **quick-forwarding**—Forward delay-sensitive packets through the fast path while maintaining serviceability for these packets
- **quick-forwarding-ignore**—Forward delay-sensitive packets through the fast path with no service provided for these packets

Step 1 From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **traffic-rule name name IP-addresses (all | subscriber-side IP specification network-side IP specification protocol protocol direction direction traffic-counter traffic-counter [action action]**

Example 1

This example creates the following traffic rule:

- Name = rule1
- IP addresses: subscriber side = all IP addresses, network side = 10.10.10.10 only
- Protocol = other
- Direction = both
- Traffic counter = counter1
- The only action performed will be counting

```
NME-APA(config if)# traffic-rule rule1 IP-addresses subscriber-side all network-side
10.10.10.10 protocol other direction both traffic-counter name counter1
```

Example 2

This example creates the following traffic rule:

- Name = rule2
- IP addresses: all
- Protocol = IS-IS
- Direction = upstream
- Traffic counter = none
- Action = ignore (required since traffic-counter = none)
- The only action performed will be **Ignore** .

```
NME-APA(config if)# traffic-rule rule2 IP-addresses all protocol IS-IS direction upstream
traffic-counter none action ignore
```

Deleting a Traffic Rule

Step 1 From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **no traffic-rule name name** and press Enter.
Removes the specified traffic rule.

Deleting all Traffic Rules

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA(config if)# prompt, type **no traffic-rule all** and press Enter.
Removes all existing traffic rules.
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Managing Traffic Rules and Counters

Use these commands to display existing traffic rule configuration, as well as traffic counter configuration (packets/bytes and the name of the rule using the counter) and traffic counter value.

You can also reset a specific counter or all counters.

- [Viewing a Specified Traffic Rule, page 7-6](#)
- [Viewing all Traffic Rules, page 7-6](#)
- [Viewing a Specified Traffic Counter, page 7-6](#)
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Viewing a Specified Traffic Rule

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **show interface linecard 0 traffic-rule name *rule-name*** and press Enter.
Displays the configuration of the specified traffic rule.
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Viewing all Traffic Rules

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **show interface linecard 0 traffic-rule all** and press Enter.
Displays the configuration of all existing traffic rules.
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Viewing a Specified Traffic Counter

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **show interface linecard 0 traffic-counter name *counter-name*** and press Enter.
Displays the value of the specified counter and lists the traffic rules that use it.
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Example

The following example displays information for the traffic counter “cnt”.

```
NME-APA# show interface linecard 0 traffic-counter name cnt
Counter 'cnt' value: 0 packets. Rules using it: None.
```

Viewing all Traffic Counters

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **show interface linecard 0 traffic-counter all** and press Enter. Displays the value of the each counter and lists the traffic rules that use it.
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Example

The following example displays information for all existing traffic counters.

```
NME-APA# show interface linecard 0 traffic-counter all
Counter 'cnt' value: 0 packets. Rules using it: None.
Counter 'cnt2' value: 0 packets. Rules using it: Rule2.
2 counters listed out of 32 available.
```

Resetting a Specified Traffic Counter

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **clear interface linecard 0 traffic-counter name *counter-name*** and press Enter. Displays the value of the specified counter and lists the traffic rules that use it.
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Resetting all Traffic Counters

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- Step 1** From the NME-APA# prompt, type **clear interface linecard 0 traffic-counter all** and press Enter. Displays the value of the each counter and lists the traffic rules that use it.
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