

## **Configuring AAA Overrides for FlexConnect**

- Authentication, Authorization, Accounting Overrides, on page 1
- Restrictions on AAA Overrides for FlexConnect, on page 3
- Configuring AAA Overrides for FlexConnect on an Access Point (GUI), on page 5
- Configuring VLAN Overrides for FlexConnect on an Access Point (CLI), on page 5

### Authentication, Authorization, Accounting Overrides

The Allow Authentication, Authorization, Accouting (AAA) Override option of a WLAN enables you to configure the WLAN for authentication. It enables you to apply VLAN tagging, QoS, and ACLs to individual clients based on the returned RADIUS attributes from the AAA server.

AAA overrides for FlexConnect access points introduce a dynamic VLAN assignment for locally switched clients. AAA overrides for FlexConnect also support fast roaming (Opportunistic Key Caching [OKC]/ Cisco Centralized Key management [CCKM]) of overridden clients.

VLAN overrides for FlexConnect are applicable for both centrally and locally authenticated clients. VLANs can be configured on FlexConnect groups.

If a VLAN on the AP is configured using the WLAN-VLAN, the AP configuration of the corresponding ACL is applied. If the VLAN is configured using the FlexConnect group, the corresponding ACL configured on the FlexConnect group is applied. If the same VLAN is configured on the FlexConnect group and also on the AP, the AP configuration, with its ACL takes precedence. If there is no slot for a new VLAN from the WLAN-VLAN mapping, the latest configured FlexConnect group VLAN is replaced.

If the VLAN that was returned from the AAA is not present on the AP, the client falls back to the default VLAN configured for the WLAN.

Before configuring a AAA override, the VLAN must be created on the access points. These VLANs can be created by using the existing WLAN-VLAN mappings on the access points, or by using the FlexConnect group VLAN-ACL mappings.

#### **AAA Override for IPv6 ACLs**

In order to support centralized access control through a centralized AAA server such as the Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) or ACS, the IPv6 ACL can be provisioned on a per-client basis using AAA Override attributes. In order to use this feature, the IPv6 ACL must be configured on the controller and the WLAN must be configured with the AAA Override feature enabled. The AAA attribute for an IPv6 ACL is *Airespace-IPv6-ACL-Name* similar to the *Airespace-ACL-Name* attribute used for provisioning an IPv4-based

ACL. The AAA attribute-returned contents should be a string that is equal to the name of the IPv6 ACL as configured on the controller.

#### AAA Overrides of Bidirectional Rate Limiting on an AP and Controller

You can have AAA overrides for FlexConnect APs to dynamically assign QoS levels and/or bandwidth contracts for both locally switched traffic on web-authenticated WLANs and 802.1X-authenticated WLANs. Both upstream and downstream parameters are sent to the corresponding AP.

#### **Table 1: Bidirectional Rate-Limiting Implementation**

Upstream/Downstream	Local Mode	FlexConnect Central Switching	FlexConnect Local Switching	FlexConnect Standalone
Per-Client Downstream	АР	АР	АР	АР
Per-Client Upstream	AP	AP	AP	AP
Per-SSID Downstream	АР	АР	АР	АР
Per-SSID Upstream	AP	AP	AP	AP

There is an option to select the downstream rate limit through the QoS profile page. Users that already make use of QoS profiles functionality have additional granularity and capabilities.

The trade-off with configuring the rate limits under the QoS profile is that there are only four QoS profiles available. Thus, there are only four sets of configuration options to use.

Also, because the QoS profile is applied to all clients on the associated SSID, all clients connected to the same SSID will have the same rate limited parameters.

AAA	QoS Profile of AAA	WLAN	QoS Profile of WLAN	Applied to Client
100 Kbps	200 Kbps	300 Kbps	400 Kbps	100 Kbps
Х	—			200 Kbps
Х	X	—	—	300 Kbps
Х	X	Х		400 Kbps
Х	Х	Х	Х	Unlimited

#### **Important Guidelines**

- Rate limiting is supported for APs in Local and FlexConnect mode (both Central and Local switching).
- When the controller is connected and central switching is used, the controller handles the downstream enforcement of per-client rate limit only.
- APs handle the enforcement of the upstream traffic and per-SSID rate limit for downstream traffic.

- For the locally switched environment, both upstream and downstream rate limits will be enforced on the AP. The enforcement on the AP will take place in the dot11 driver. This is where the current classification exists.
- In both directions, per-client rate limit is applied/checked first and per-SSID rate limit is applied/checked second.
- The WLAN rate limiting will always supercede the global QoS setting for WLAN and user.
- Rate limiting works only for TCP and UDP traffic. Other types of traffic (IPSec, GRE, ICMP, CAPWAP, etc) cannot be limited.
- Using AVC rule, you can limit the bandwidth of a particular application for all the clients joined on the WLAN. These bandwidth contracts coexist with per-client downstream rate limiting. The per-client downstream rate limits takes precedence over the per-application rate limits.
- Bidirectional rate limiting (BDRL) configuration in a mobility Anchor-Foreign setup needs to be done both on Anchor and Foreign controller. As a best practice, we recommend that you do identical configuration on both the controllers to avoid breakage of any feature.
- Per WLAN BDRL is supported on these currently supported Cisco Wave1 APs: 1600, 2600, 3600, 1700, 2700, 3700, and 3500.
- For information about BDRL support on Cisco Wave 2 APs, see the *FlexConnect Feature Matrix* section in the Feature Matrix for Cisco Wave 2 Access Points and Wi-Fi 6 (802.11ax) Access Points.
- BDRL is not supported in mesh platforms. On Cisco Virtual Wireless Controller (vWLC), per-client downstream rate limiting is not supported in FlexConnect central switching.
- In Release 8.5, in anchor-foreign scenario with Cisco Wave 2 APs, only per-client downstream works. The per-client upstream, per-SSID downstream, and per-SSID upstream are not supported. However, all of these are supported in Cisco Wave 1 APs.

In Release 8.8, in anchor-foreign scenario with Cisco Wave 2 APs, all both per-client upstream and downstream and per-SSID upstream and downstream are supported, provided that the configuration is the same in both and anchor and foreign controllers.

Related Documentation: Wireless Bi-Directional Rate Limiting Deployment Guide

This section contains the following subsections:

### **Restrictions on AAA Overrides for FlexConnect**

- Before configuring a AAA override, VLANs must be created on the access points. These VLANs can be created by using the existing WLAN-VLAN mappings on the access points, or by using the FlexConnect group VLAN-ACL mappings.
- At any given point, an AP has a maximum of 16 VLANs. First, the VLANs are selected as per the AP configuration (WLAN-VLAN), and then the remaining VLANs are pushed from the FlexConnect group in the order that they are configured or displayed in the FlexConnect group. If the VLAN slots are full, an error message is displayed.
- VLAN, ACL, QoS, Rate limiting are supported with local and central switching WLAN.

- Dynamic VLAN assignment is not supported for web authentication from a controller with Access Control Server (ACS).
- AAA override of bidirectional rate limiting on an AP and the controller is supported on all the following 802.11n nonmesh access points:
  - 1040
  - 1140
  - 1250
  - 1260
  - 1600
  - 1700
  - 2600
  - 2700
  - 3500
  - 3600
  - 3700

This feature is not supported on the mesh and legacy AP platforms:

- 1130
- 1240
- 1520
- 1550
- For bidirectional rate limiting:
  - If bidirectional rate limiting is not present, AAA override cannot occur.
  - The QoS profile of a client can be Platinum even if the QoS profile of the corresponding WLAN is Silver. The AP allows the client to send packets in a voice queue. However, Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) snooping is disabled on the WLAN to ensure that the traffic for a SIP client does not go to the voice queue.
  - The ISE server is supported.
  - The upstream rate limit parameter is equal to the downstream parameter, from AAA override.
  - Local authentication is not supported.
- If you assign multiple VLAN names to a VLAN ID, the client display represents the first matching VLAN name that is assigned to the VLAN ID.

# Configuring AAA Overrides for FlexConnect on an Access Point (GUI)

Step 1 Choose Wireless > All > APs.

The All APs page is displayed. This page lists the access points associated with the controller.

- **Step 2** Click the corresponding AP name.
- **Step 3** Click the **FlexConnect** tab.
- **Step 4** Enter a value for **Native VLAN ID**.
- **Step 5** Click the VLAN Mappings button to configure the AP VLANs mappings.

The following parameters are displayed:

- AP Name—The access point name.
- Base Radio MAC—The base radio of the AP.
- WLAN-SSID-VLAN ID Mapping—For each WLAN configured on the controller, the corresponding SSID and VLAN IDs are listed. Change a WLAN-VLAN ID mapping by editing the VLAN ID column for a WLAN.
- Centrally Switched WLANs—If centrally switched WLANs are configured, WLAN–VLAN mapping is listed.
- AP Level VLAN ACL Mapping—The following parameters are available:
  - VLAN ID—The VLAN ID.
  - Ingress ACL-The Ingress ACL corresponding to the VLAN.
  - Egress ACL—The Egress ACL corresponding to the VLAN.

Change the ingress ACL and egress ACL mappings by selecting the mappings from the drop-down list for each ACL type.

- Group Level VLAN ACL Mapping—The following group level VLAN ACL mapping parameters are available:
  - VLAN ID-The VLAN ID.
  - Ingress ACL—The ingress ACL for this VLAN.
  - Egress ACL—The egress ACL for this VLAN.

Step 6 Click Apply.

## Configuring VLAN Overrides for FlexConnect on an Access Point (CLI)

To configure VLAN overrides on a FlexConnect access point, use the following command: **config ap flexconnect vlan add** *vlan-id* **acl** *ingress-acl egress-acl ap name*