

Exec Mode show Commands (H-L)

The Exec Mode is the initial entry point into the command line interface system. Exec mode **show** commands are useful in troubleshooting and basic system monitoring.

Command Modes	This section includes the commands show ha-service through show lte-policy .
	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local] <i>host name</i> #
	- •
Impo	The commands or keywords/variables that are available are dependent on platform type, product version, an installed license(s).
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show ha-service

Product	HA
Privilege	Security Administrator Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ha-service { all name ha_name } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all name <i>ha_name</i>
	all: Displays information on all Home Agent services.
	name <i>ha_name</i> : Displays information for an existing HA service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Display home agent service configuration information.

Displays information on configured Home Agent (HA) services.

Example

The following commands displays information on the HA service *sampleService* and all services, respectively.

```
show ha-service name sampleService show ha-service all
```

show ha-spi-list

Displays all or a specific Home Agent-Security Parameters Index (HA-SPI) remote address list(s).

Product	HA
Privilege	Security Administrator Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ha-spi-list { all name ha_name } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all name <i>ha_name</i>
	all: Displays information on all HA-SPI lists.
	name <i>ha_name</i> : Displays information for an existing HA-SPI list specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Display a single or all HA-SPI lists.
	Example
	The following commands displays information on the HA-SPI list named <i>spi012</i> and all lists, respectively.
	show ha-spi-list name spi012
	show ha-spi-list all

show hardware

Displays information on the system hardware.

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hardware { card [card_num] inventory version [board diags fans] } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	card [<i>card_num</i>]
	Provides the hardware information for all ASR 5x00 cards or the card specified by <i>card_num</i> . <i>card_num</i> must be a value in the range 1 through 48 for the ASR 5000 or 1 through 20 for the ASR 5500 and must refer to an installed card.
	inventory
	Displays the ASR 5x00 hardware information for all slots in tabular format.
	version [board diags fans]
	Displays the CPU information for all ASR 5x00 application cards and fan controller version for the upper and lower fan trays.
	board: Only include the CPLD and FPGA version information.
	diags: Only include the CFE diagnostics version information.
	fans: Show the fan controller versions for the upper and lower fan trays.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Show the hardware information and hardware component versions.
	Example
	The following displays the hardware information for a card installed in slot 1.
	show hardware card 1
	The following command displays the hardware inventory for the entire chassis.

show hardware inventory

The following command results in the display of the CPU version for all application cards displaying only the CPLD and FPGA information.

show hardware version board

The following command displays VPC virtual card information:

show hardware



Important Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show hd raid

Shows the output of the Redundant Array of Independent Disks (RAID) established on the ASR 5000 SMCs or ASR 5500 FSCs.

Product	_ All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	show hd raid [verbose]
	Example
	The following command displays HD RAID configuration information:
	show hd raid verbose
	(*
Impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show hd-storage-policy

Displays Array Configuration Replicator (ACR) counter and statistical information.

Product	HSGW
	P-GW
	SAEGW

	S-GW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hd-storage-policy { all counters [all] [name name] [verbose] name name statistics [all] [name name] [verbose] }</pre>
	all
	Displays ACR information for all HD storage policies configured on the system.
	counters [all] [name <i>name</i>] [verbose]
	all: Displays ACR counter information for all HD storage policies configured on the system.
	name <i>name</i> : Displays ACR counter information for an existing HD storage policy specified as an alphanumeric string of 0 through 63 characters.
	statistics [all] [name <i>name</i>] [verbose]
	all: Displays ACR statistical information for all HD storage policies configured on the system.
	name <i>name</i> : Displays ACR statistical information for an existing HD storage policy specified as an alphanumeric string of 0 through 63 characters.
	verbose
	Displays HD storage statistics based on instance.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display ACR counter and statistic information.
	Example
	The following command displays ACR statistical information for an HD storage policy named <i>pgwsgw</i> :

show hd-storage-policy statistics name pgwsgw

show henbgw

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Important

In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

This command displays Home evolved NodeB Gateway (HeNBGW) service related information.

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Product	HeNBGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show henbgw { henb-association [all full henbgw-access-service henbgw_acc_svc_name peer-address peer_ip_address peer-id peer_id_value summary] session [all callid call_id full [all callid call_id qci qci_value s1-peer s1_peer_address] qci qci_value s1-peer s1_peer_address summary [all callid call_id qci qci_value s1-peer s1_peer_address]] ue [all summary] [{ grep grep_options more }] }</pre>
	henb-association [all full henbgw-access-service <i>henbgw_acc_svc_name</i> peer-address <i>peer_ip_address</i> peer-id <i>peer_id_value</i> summary]
	henb-association : Displays information about HENB associations.
	all: Displays information for all HeNB associations.
	full: Displays all available information for associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).
	henbgw-access-service : Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified HeNBGW access service.
	henbgw_acc_svc_name is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	peer-address: Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified peer.
	<i>peer_ip_address</i> is an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation or an IPv6 address in colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
	peer-id: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified peer.
	peer_id_value is an integer from 0 to 4294967295.
	summary: Displays a summary of available information for the associated keyword (previous keyword).
	session
	Displays HeNBGW sessions.
	all
	Displays information for all HeNB sessions.
	call-id <i>call_id</i>
	call-id: Specifies a Call Identification Number. <i>call_id</i> is an eight-digit hexadecimal number.
	full

qci *qci_value*

call-id: Displays information for the HeNB associated with a specific QCI value. *qci_value* is an integer between 1 and 9.

s1-peer s1_peer_address

s1-peer: a specific S1 peer identified by the IP address of a peer eNodeB.

s1_peer_address is an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation or an IPv6 address in colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

summary

This command displays summary information covering matching sessions.

ue

Displays UE information.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Use this command to displays HeNBGW service related information.

Example

The following command displays information for all HeNB associations :

show henbgw henb-association all

show henbgw-access-service

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	Important	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.	
	Thi	s command displays HeNBGW Access service related information.	
Product	Hel	NBGW	
Privilege	Insj	pector	
Command Mod	es Exe	c	
	The	e following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show henbgw-access-service { all | henb-association [all | csg-id csg_id_value| full | henbgw-access-service henbgw_acc_svc_name | peer-address peer_ip_address | peer-id_peer_id_value | summary | tai mcc mcc_val mnc mnc_val tac] | name name | statistics [henbgw-access-service henbgw_acc_svc_name | miscellaneous [verbose] | peer-id_peer_id_valueslap [cause | [verbose]] | sctp [buffer [sessmgr sessmgr_value]] [verbose]] [| { grep grep_options | more }]}

henb-association [all | csg-id *csg_id_value*| full | henbgw-access-service *henbgw_acc_svc_name* | peer-address *peer_ip_address* | peer-id *peer_id_value* | summary | tai mcc *mcc_val* mnc *mnc_val* tac] | name *name*

henb-association : Displays information about HeNB associations.

all: Displays information about all HeNBGW Access services.

csg-id: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified CSG ID.

csg_id_value is an integer between 0 and 4294967295.

full: Displays all available information for associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).

henbgw-access-service: Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified HeNBGW Access service.

henbgw_acc_svc_name is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address: Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified peer.

peer_ip_address is an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation or an IPv6 address in colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

peer-id: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified peer.

peer_id_value is an integer from 0 to 4294967295.

summary: Displays a summary of available information for associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).

tai: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified TAI.

mcc: Specifies a Mobile Country Code (MCC) as a three-digit number between 100 to 999.

mcc_valis MCC value. MCC values of 000-099 are Reserved codes.

mnc: Specifies the Mobile National Code (MNC).

*mnc_val*is MCC a two- or three-digit number between 00 to 999.

tac: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified Type Allocation Code (TAC).

miscellaneous : Displays all available information for associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).

name*name* statistics [henbgw-access-service henbgw_acc_svc_name|miscellaneous [verbose]|peer-id peer_id_values1ap [cause | [verbose]] | sctp [buffer [sessmgr sessmgr_value

name: Displays information for specific HeNBGW Access service name.

name: is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

statistics: Displays HeNBGW Access service statisticsmiscellaneous : Displays Miscellaneous statistics.slap: Displays S1AP statistics.cause: Displays S1AP cause statistics.sctp: Displays SCTP statistics.buffer: Displays SCTP tax/RX buffer statistics.sessmgr: Displays SCTP TX/RX buffer statistics on a specific sessmgr.verbose: Specifies the verbosity.[{ grep grep_options | more }Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section of the Command Line Interface Overview chapter.Usage GuidelinesUse this command to display HeNBGW Access service related information.

Example

The following command displays S1AP statistics:

show henbgw-access-service statistics slap

show henbgw-network-service

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Impo	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
	This command displays configuration for HeNBGW Network service.
Product	HeNBGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show henbgw-network-service { all mme-association [all full henbgw-network-service henbgw_net_svc_name peer-address peer_ip_address peer-id peer_id_value summary] name name statistics [henbgw-network-service henbgw_net_svc_name peer-id peer_id_value slap [</pre>

```
cause | [ verbose ] ] | sctp [ buffer [ henbgwmgr henbgwmgr_value] ] [
verbose ] ] [ | { grep grep_options | more } ] }
```

henb-association [all | csg-id *csg_id_value*| full | henbgw-access-service *henbgw_acc_svc_name* | peer-address *peer_ip_address* | peer-id *peer_id_value* | summary] | name *name*

mme-association : Displays information about MME associations.

all: Displays all HeNBGW Network services.

full: Displays all available information for associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).

henbgw-network-service: Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified HeNBGW Network service.

henbgw_net_svc_name is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address: Displays information about HeNB associations with the specified peer.

peer_ip_address is an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation or an IPv6 address in colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

peer-id: Displays information about HeNB associations for the specified peer.

peer_id_value is an integer from 0 to 4294967295.

summary: Displays a summary of available information for the associated display or filter keyword (previous keyword).

name*name*statistics [henbgw-network-service *henbgw_net_svc_name* | peer-id *peer_id_value*s1ap [cause |[verbose]] | sctp [buffer [henbgwmgr *sessmgr_value*

name: Displays information for specific HeNBGW Network service name.

name: is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

statistics: Displays statistics for specified object.

s1ap: Displays S1AP statistics.

cause: Displays S1AP cause statistics.

sctp: Displays SCTP statistics.

buffer Displays SCTP TX/RX buffer statistics.

henbgwmgr: Displays SCTP TX/RX buffer statistics on a specific henbgwmgr.

verbose: Specifies the verbosity.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Use this command to display HeNBGW Network service related information.

Example

The following command displays S1AP Cause statistics :

show henbgw-network-service statistics slap cause

show hexdump-module

This command displays hexdump module related information. ePDG Product SaMOG Administrator, Inspector Privilege Exec **Command Modes** The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# show hexdump-module { file-space-usage | statistics } [| { grep grep options Syntax Description | more }] file-space-usage Displays information about the file space usage of hexdump records. statistics Displays information on various statistics related to hexdump records. |{ grep grep_options | more } Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent. For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section of the Command Line Interface Overview chapter. Use this command to display hexdump module related information. **Usage Guidelines**

Example

The following command displays information about the file space usage of hexdump records:

show hexdump-module file-space-usage

show hnbgw access-control-db

In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative. lays the white list of IMSI records in the Access Control database residing on Home NodeB Gateway B-GW) service instances that control HNB and UE access to HNB-GW sessions. GGW ector following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: cal]host_name# w hnbgw access-control-db { hnbgw-servicehnbgw svc name imsi imsi value}
B-GW) service instances that control HNB and UE access to HNB-GW sessions. GGW ector following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: cal]host_name#
ector c following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: cal]host_name#
following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: al]host_name#
following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: al]host_name#
al]host_name#
w hnbqw access-control-db { hnbqw-servicehnbqw svc name imsi imsi value}
jw-service hnbgw_svc_name
lays Access Control database records for an existing HNB-GW service specified as an alphanumeric g of 1 through 63 characters.
This keyword is not supported in StarOS 14.0 and higher releases.
imsi_value
tifies the International Mobile Subscriber Identification (IMSI) number which is found on the Access trol database for he HNB-GW service.
<i>_value</i> is an integer consisting of the 3-digit MCC (Mobile Country Code), the 2- or 3-digit MNC (Mobile vork Code) followed by the MSIN (Mobile Subscriber Identification Number). The total IMSI value must exceed 15 digits.
command displays the white list IMSI records in an Access Control database residing on a system support Iome-NodeB Gateway (HNB-GW) service instances. The white list controls HNB and UE access to 3-GW sessions. Access Control database records can be filtered by IMSI value.
nple
following command displays the information for registered IMSIs and their status in the HNB-GW base:
w hnbgw access-control-db imsi

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show hnbgw counters

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	Important	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Releas 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
		splays the session counter information for Home-NodeB Gateway (HNB-GW) services connected on this stem.
Product	HN	IBGW
Privilege	Ins	pector
Command Mo	des Exe	ec
	The	e following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[lc	<pre>pcal]host_name#</pre>
Syntax Description	puon	<pre>ow hnbgw counters [hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name hnbid hnb_identifier] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	hnt	bgw-service hnbgw_svc_name
		ters the counter display based on an existing HNB-GW service name specified as an alphanumeric string 1 through 63 characters.
	hnt	bid hnb_identifier
		ters the counter display based on a Home-NodeB identifier specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 5 characters.
	{ g	grep grep_options more }
		bes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which output of this command will be sent.
		r details on the usage of the grep and more commands, refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines		e this command to view the session counter information for HNB-GW services configured and HNBs nnected on this system.
	Exa	ample
	The	e following command displays the counters for the HNB-GW service named hnbgw1:

show hnbgw counter hnbgw-service hnbgw1

Important

t Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show hnbgw-global

Displays the global configuration parameters for configured HNBGW service(s) on this system. Product HNBGW Privilege Inspector Command Modes Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local] host_name# Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system: show hnbgw-global Synew in the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Impo	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Releas 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
Privilege Inspector Command Modes Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:		Displays the global configuration parameters for configured HNBGW service(s) on this system.
Command Modes Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Product	- HNBGW
Communit indices The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Privilege	Inspector
Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Command Modes	Exec
Syntax Description show hnbgw-global Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:		The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system. Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:		[local]host_name#
Example The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Syntax Description	show hnbgw-global
The following command displays the global configuration parameters applicable for all HNBGW services configured on this system:	Usage Guidelines	Use this command to view the global configuration parameters set for all HNBGW service(s) on this system.
services configured on this system:		Example
show hnbgw-global		
		show hnbgw-global

show hnbgw sessions

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Important In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Displays the active/dormant session information about registered HNB(s) on Home-NodeB Gateway (HNB-GW) service instances configured and running on this system based on different filter criteria.

Product	HNBGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hnbgw sessions [full summary] [all] [address hnb_ip_address cell-id cell_id hnb-access-mode {closed hybrid open } hnb-local-id hnb_id hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name [hnb-access-mode { closed hybrid open }] hnbid hnb_glbl_id mcc mcc mnc mnc [lac lac rac rac rnc rnc]] [{grep grep_options more }]</pre>

full

Displays the full information for a specific registered HNB session(s) on an HNB-GW service instance running on the system. The display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

summary

Displays summarized information for a specific registered HNB session(s) on an HNB-GW service instance running on the system. The display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

all

Displays summarized information for all registered HNB sessions on an HNB-GW service instance running on the system. The display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

address hnb_ip_address

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics to show only HNB session(s) based on the registered HNB IP address expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

cell-id cell_id

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics to show only HNB session(s) based on the registered Femto cell ID where the user/subscriber is geographically located. and must be an integer from 0 through 268435455.*cell_id* is an integer from 0 through 268435455.

hnb-access-mode {closed | open | hybrid }

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics to show only HNB session(s) based on the HNB access mode in an HNB-GW service instance.

- **closed** filters the session statistics for closed HNBs connected with HNB-GW service instance in Closed Access mode.
- hybrid filters the session statistics for hybrid HNBs connected with HNB-GW service instance in Hybrid Access mode.

• **open** filters the session statistics for open HNBs connected with HNB-GW service instance in Open Access mode.

hnb-local-id hnb_id

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics to show only HNB session(s) based on the registered local ID of HNB specified as an integer from 1 through 25.

hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name

Filters the display of session statistics to show only registered HNB session(s) based on an existing HNB-GW service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

This can be further filtered by using access-mode criteria: Closed, Hybrid, or Open.

hnbid hnb_glbl_id

Displays summarized or full information of HNB session(s) based on the registered global ID of HNB specified as an integer between 1 through 255.

mcc *mcc*

Displays summary information of HNB session(s) based on the registered Mobile Country Code (MCC) identification number of the UE specified as an integer between 101 through 999.

mnc mnc

Displays summarized or full information of HNB session(s) based on the registered Mobile Network Code (MCC) identification number of the UE specified as a 2- or 3-digit integer between 00 through 999.

lac *lac*

Displays summarized or full information for HNB session(s) based on the registered Location Area Code (LAC) identification number of the UE specified as an integer between 1 through 65535.

rac *rac*

Displays summarized or full information for HNB session(s) based on the registered Radio Access Code (RAC) identification number of the UE specified as an integer between 1 through 255.

rnc *rnc*

Displays summarized or full information for HNB session(s) based on the registered Radio Network Code (RAC) identification number of the HNB specified as an integer between 1 through 65535.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the session statistics of all or specific registered HNB session(s) or in selected part of user session for HNB-GW services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays summarized session statistics for all registered HNBs on the HNB-GW service named *hnbgw1*:

show hnbgw sessions summary hnbgw-service hnbgw1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show hnbgw statistics hnbgw-service

Impo	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
	Displays the session statistics for Home-NodeB Gateway (HNB-GW) services configured and running on this system.
Product	HNB-GW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hnbgw statistics [gtpu-only] [hnb-access-mode { closed hybrid open }] [hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name [gtpu-only hnb-access-mode { closed hybrid open } hnbap-only ipne-only paging-only ranap-only rtp-only rua-only sabp-only sctp-only]] [hnbid hnb_identifier] [hnbap-only ipne-only paging-only rua-only</pre>
	gtpu-only
	Displays Forwarded GTPU Pkt statistics for selected HNB/HNBGW Service.
	hnb-access-mode { closed hybrid open }
	Displays the session statistics of an existing HNB-GW service based on access mode filters. Other supported filters are:
	• closed : shows the statistics of only those UEs which are connected through Closed HNBs to the HNB-GW services on a chassis. This command applies to all Closed HNB sessions on a chassis. If any other criteria

specified it will filter the statistics based on given criteria.

- hybrid: shows the statistics of only those UEs which are connected through Hybrid HNBs to the HNB-GW services on a chassis. This command applies to all Closed HNB sessions on a chassis. If any other criteria specified it will filter the statistics based on given criteria.
- **open**: shows the statistics of only those UEs which are connected through Open HNBs to the HNB-GW services on a chassis. This command applies to all Closed HNB sessions on a chassis. If any other criteria specified it will filter the statistics based on given criteria.

hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name

Filters the display of session statistics for an existing HNB-GW service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

hnbap-only

Filters the display of session statistics to show only Home NodeB Application Part (HNBAP) traffic for the selected HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

ipne-only

Filters the display of session statistics to show only IPNE for selected HNBGW Service which is configured and running on this system.

paging-only

Filters the display of Paging statistics for selected HNBGW Service.

ranap-only

Flitters the display of session statistics t to show only Radio Access Network Application Protocol (RANAP) traffic for the selected HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

rua-only

Filters the display of session statistics to show only RANAP User Adaptation (RUA) traffic for the selected HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

sccp-only

Filters the display of session statistics to show only Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) traffic for the selected HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

sctp-only

Filters the display of session statistics to show only Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) traffic for selected HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

verbose

Displays detailed statistics for all sessions on HNB-GW services or for a selected filtered and named HNB-GW service which is configured and running on this system.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the session statistics for overall session or in selected part of user session for HNB-GW services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays session statistics for the HNBAP part of session details for the HNB-GW service named *hnbgw1*:

show hnbgw statistics hnbgw-service hnbgw1 hnbap-only

The following command displays session statistics for the RANAP part of session with maximum details for the HNB-GW service named *hnbgw1*:

show hnbgw statistics hnbgw-service hnbgw1 ranap-only verbose

show hnbgw statistics hnbid

string of 1 through 255 characters.

	¢		
Imp	portant	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.	
	Dis	plays the session statistics for Home-NodeB (HNB) connected to an HNB-GW service on this system.	
Product	HN	BGW	
Privilege	Insj	pector	
Command Modes	Exe	20	
	The	e following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[lo	cal]host_name#	
Syntax Description		<pre>ow hnbgw statistics hnbid hnb_identifier [hnbap-only ranap-only rua nly] [verbose] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	hnb	id hnb_identifier	
	Filt	ers the display of session statistics based on an existing Home-NodeB identifier specified as an alphanumeric	

hnbap-only

Filters the display of session statistics display to show only Home NodeB Application Part (HNBAP) traffic for the selected HNB which is connected to this system through HNB-GW service.

ranap-only

Filters the display of session statistics display to show only Radio Access Network Application Protocol (RANAP) traffic for the selected HNB which is connected to this system through HNB-GW service.

rua-only

Filters the display of session statistics display to show only RANAP User Adaptation (RUA) traffic for the selected HNB which is connected to this system through HNB-GW service.

verbose

Displays detailed statistics for all HNB sessions or for the selected filter and HNB which is connected to this system through HNB-GW service.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view the session statistics for overall session or in selected part of user session for selected HNB which is connected to this system through HNB-GW service.

Example

The following command displays session statistics for the HNBAP part of session details for the HNB identified as *hnb112234* on this system:

show hnbgw statistics hnbid hnb112234 hnbap-only

The following command displays detailed session statistics for the RANAP part of session details for the HNB identified as *hnb112234* on this system:

show hnbgw statistics hnbid hnb112234 ranap-only verbose

show hnbgw-service



Important

In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Displays the configuration details for configured HNBGW service(s) on this system.

Product	- HNBGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hnbgw-service { all hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name }</pre>
	all
	Displays configuration and other default parameters for all HNB-GW service configured on this system.
	hnbgw-service hnbgw_svc_name
	Displays configuration and default parameters for an existing HNB-GW service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to view the configuration and service parameters set for all or any specific HNB-GW service(s) on this system.
	Example
	The following command displays configuration parameters for all HNB-GW services configured on this system:
	show hnbgw-service all
Impo	ortant Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show hsgw-service

Displays information for HRPD Serving Gateway (HSGW) services on this system.

Product	HSGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show hsgw-service { all name service_name statistics { all name service _name } } [dns-stats pcf-status [address IPv4_address filter { all </pre>

icmp-monitored | no-calls | summary | up }]] [| { grep grep_options |
more }]

all

Displays configuration information for all HSGW services configured on this system.

name service_name

Displays configuration information for an existing HSGW service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

statistics

Displays node-level statistics for the HSGW.

dns-stats

Displays information related to DNS P-GW selection for load balancing using DNS SRV lookup.

pcf-status

Displays information about the status of Packet Control Functions (PCFs) being monitored.

address IPv4_address

Displays status information for the specified PCF.

IPv4_address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

filter { all | icmp-monitored | no-calls | summary | up }

Filters the PCF status information. Must be followed by the filter to be applied.

all: Shows all the PCFs.

icmp-monitored: Shows only PCFs which are ICMP monitored.

no-calls: Shows only PCFs which has no active sessions.

summary: Shows only a summary of the status of the PCFs.

up: Shows only PCFs which are alive.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view configuration information for HSGW services on this system.

Example

The following command displays service statistics for the HSGW service named *hsgw1*:

show hsgw-service name hsgw1

show hss-peer-service

Displays service, session, and statistics information for Home Subscriber Server (HSS) peer services configured on this system.

Product	MME
Privilege	Inspector
Syntax Description	<pre>show hss-peer-service { service { all name name } session { all callid id full mdn mdn nai nai summary } statistics { all service name summary } } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	service { all name <i>name</i> }
	Displays HSS peer service statistics for HSS peer services configured on this system.
	all: Displays HSS peer service statistics for all configured HSS peer services on this system.
	name <i>name</i> : Displays HSS peer service statistics for an existing HSS peer service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	session { all callid <i>id</i> full mdn <i>mdn</i> nai <i>nai</i> summary }
	Displays HSS peer service statistics for sessions on this system.
	all: Displays HSS peer service statistics for all sessions on this system.
	This keyword is also used to further filter the full and summary options.
	callid <i>id</i> : Displays summarized or detailed statistics of HSS peer service sessions running and filtered on the basis of the call identifier specified as an 8-digit hexadecimal number.
	This keyword is also used to further filter the full and summary options.
	mdn <i>mdn</i> : Displays summarized or detailed statistics of MME sessions running and filtered on the basis of an existing Mobile Directory Number (MDN) expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 100 characters.
	This keyword is also used to further filter the full and summary options.
	nai <i>nai</i> : Displays summarized or detailed statistics of MME-HSS sessions running and filtered on the basis of an existing Network Access Identifier (NAI) expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 128 characters.
	This keyword is also used to further filter the full and summary options.
	summary : Displays a summarized output of session information. This keyword can be further filtered by adding the following options:
	• full

• callid id

- mdn mdn
- nai nai

statistics { all | service name | summary }

Displays statistics for HSS peer services configured on this system.

all: Displays statistics for all HSS peer services configured on this system.

service *name*: Displays statistics for a an existing HSS peer service expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

summary: Displays summarized statistics for all HSS peer services configured on this system.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *CLI Overview* chapter of the *Command Line Interface Reference*.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display service, session, and statistics information for HSS peer services configured on this system.

Example

The following command displays HSS peer service information and statistics for a session with a call ID of *08f11fa4*:

show hss-peer-service sessions full callid 08f11fa4

show imei-profile

Displays information for configured International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) profiles.

Product	- SGSN
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show imei-profile { all full { all name imei_name } name imei_name } [</pre>

all

Lists all IMEI profiles configured on the system.

full { all | name apn_name }

full: Instructs the system to display all information in the IMEI profile(s).

all: Displays a full set of information for all IMEI profiles configured on the system.

name *imei_name*: Displays a full set of information for a specific IMEI profile.

apn_name: Must be an existing IMEI profile expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

name *imei_name*

Displays information for a specific IMEI profile expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information for IMEI profiles configured on the system. APN profiles are configured through the global configuration mode and in the IMEI profile configuration mode. For more information regarding IMEI profile commands, refer to the *IMEI Profile Configuration Mode Commands* chapter.

Example

The following command displays all available information for an IMEI profile named *imeiprof1*:

```
show imei-profile full name imeiprof1
```

show ims-authorization policy-control

Displays information and statistics specific to the policy control in IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) authorization service.

Product	SCM
	GGSN
	IMS
	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#

Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization policy-control statistics [service ims_auth_svc_name server { ip-address ip_address [port port_value] name server_name }] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	statistics	
	Displays the total collected statistics of all policy control parameters of IMS authorization service sessions since the last system restart or clear command.	
	service ims_auth_svc_name	
	Displays the total collected statistics of all IMS authorization sessions processed by a specific IMS authorization service since the last system restart or clear command. <i>ims_auth_svc_name</i> must be an existing IMS authorization service name, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.	
	server { ip-address <i>ip_address</i> [port <i>port_value</i>] name <i>server_name</i> }	
	Displays the server-level message statistics and the server IP address.	
	Specify the PCRF server name (1 through 64 alphanumeric characters), or server IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.	
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }	
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.	
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.	
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information and statistics about policy control configuration in existing IMS authorization services.	
	Example	
	The following command displays the existing IMS authorization service name <i>ims_auth_gx1</i> on the system:	
	show ims-authorization policy-control statistics service ims_auth_gx1	
	(

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show ims-authorization policy-control misc-info

Displays the maximum backpressure information.

Product

GGSN P-GW

Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization policy-control misc-info max-backpressure [all facility sessmgr instance instance_number] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all
	Displays the max-backpressure count among all active session manager instances.
	facility sessmgr instance <i>instance_number</i>
	Displays logged events for specific facility. That is, it will display the maximum backpressure count on that specific session manager instance.
	<i>instance_number</i> must be an existing IMS authorization service name, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 0 to 10000000 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the maximum backpressure at a particular session manager instance or at all instances, and the time stamp at which maximum backpressure was seen.
	Example
	The following command displays the maximum backpressure information for <i>session1</i> facility on the system:
	show ims-authorization policy-control misc-info max-backpressure facility sessmgr instance session1
	(
Impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show ims-authorization policy-gate

Displays information of installed Policy Gates for specific subscriber in an IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) authorization (IMSA) service.

Draduat	SCM
Product	GGSN
	IMS
	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization policy-gate { { status [summary full] [{ imsi imsi_value [nsapi nsapi_value] } callid call_id { ims-auth-service ims_auth_svc } [rulename rule_name] } { counters [all { imsi imsi_value [nsapi nsapi_value] } { rulename rule_name} { callid call_id }] } [{ grep grep_options more }]]</pre>
	status [summary full]
	Displays the status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with the run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the specified criteria.
	summary : Limits the display to a summary on the status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the specified criteria.
	full : Displays the full information on status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the specified criteria.
	counters all
	Displays the counters/statistics of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the specified criteria.
	all displays all counters of the installed gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the specified criteria.
	imsi <i>imsi_value</i> [nsapi <i>nsapi_value</i>]
	Displays all of the counters/status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with the run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI).
	nsapi <i>nsapi_value</i> specifies the Network Service Access Point Identifier (NSAPI) and limits the display to a single PDP context of the subscriber.
	callid <i>call_id</i>
	Displays all of the counters/status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the call identifier.

ims-auth-service ims_auth_svc

Displays the status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in the named IMS authorization service.

rulename rule_name

Displays all of the counters/status of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with their run-time status in an IMS authorization service based on the named dynamic charging rule.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

Please refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Reference* for details on the usage of **grep** and **more**.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display information/statistics/counters about all of the installed policy gates and their flow definitions along with the run-time status with specified criteria and filters in existing IMS authorization services.

Example

The following command displays the full status of the installed policy gates in an existing IMS authorization service on the system:

show ims-authorization policy-gate status full

The following command displays the all counters of the installed policy gates in an existing IMS authorization service on the system:

```
show ims-authorization policy-gate counters all
```

¢

```
Important
```

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ims-authorization servers

Displays information and statistics specific to the authorization servers used for IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) authorization (IMSA) service.

Product	SCM
	GGSN
	IMS
	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization servers [ims-auth-service ims_auth_svc_name [{ grep grep_options more }]]</pre>
	server [ims-auth-service <i>ims_auth_svc_name</i>]
	Displays the information and statistics for all authorization servers configured within an IMS authorization service in a system.
	ims-auth-service <i>ims_auth_svc_name</i> : Displays the configured authorization servers for IMS authorization within the named IMS authorization service.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	Please refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Reference</i> for details on the usage of grep and more .
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information and statistics about IMS authorization servers configured on a system or IMS authorization service.
	Example
	The following command displays the information and statistics of the authorization servers in the IMS authorization service named in <i>ims_auth_gx1</i> :
	show ims-authorization servers ims-auth-service ims_auth_gx1
	*

.

Important Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ims-authorization service

Displays information, configuration, and statistics of all/specific IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) authorization (IMSA) service.

Product	GGSN
	P-GW
	SAEGW
	SCM
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator

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- Essa

Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization service { { all [verbose] name ims_auth_svc_name [p-cscf { all ip_address ipv4/ipv6_address summary] } { statistics [all name ims_auth_svc_name] [verbose] } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	

all [verbose]

Displays information and configuration for all configured IMS authorization services with a single line of information for each IMS authorization service.

verbose: Displays all information and configuration data for all IMS authorization services configured on system.

name ims_auth_svc_name [p-cscf { all | ip_address ipv4/ipv6_address

Displays the information, statistics, and configuration data for the named IMS authorization service. If the optional keyword is configured, this command displays the statistics information of all P-CSCF servers or specific server.

summary

Displays summarized information and configuration data for all IMS authorization services configured in a system.

statistics [all | name ims_auth_svc_name] [verbose]

Displays the IMS Authorization service statistics including following information:

- Initial authorization procedures
- · Re-authorization procedures initiated by us
- Re-authorization procedures initiated by servers
- Various failure statistics

If no criteria are specified, only summarized statistics for all IMS Authorization services are displayed

- all: displays individual statistics for every IMS authorization service configured on system.
- name ims_auth_svc_name: Displays the statistics for the IMS authorization service named in ims_auth_svc_name
- verbose: displays detailed statistics for a configured IMS authorization service.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

Please refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Reference* for details on the usage of **grep** and **more**.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display the status, counters and configuration. for an IMS Authorization service. The status includes the state of a server table switchover. The Statistics option displays information about various processes.

Example

The following command displays the information and configuration data of the IMS authorization service named in *ims_auth_gx1*:

```
show ims-authorization service name ims auth gx1
```

```
(
```

```
Important
```

t Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ims-authorization sessions

Displays information, configuration, and statistics of sessions active in an IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) authorization (IMSA) service.

Product	SCM
	GGSN
	IMS
	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ims-authorization sessions [all apn apn_name callid call_id facility sessmgr instance instance_no full ggsn-only ims-auth-service ims_auth_svc_name imsi imsi_value [nsapi nsapi_value] ip-address ip_address local-sessions remote-sessions summary] [{ grep grep_options more }]]</pre>

all

Displays information and configuration for all sessions running in IMS authorization services with a single line of information for each IMS authorization session.

apn *apn_name*

Displays all of the counters/status for the running services in an IMS authorization service based on the specified Access Point Name (APN).

callid *call_id*

Displays all of the counters/status for the running services in IMS authorization service based on the named call identifier.

facility sessmgr instance instance_no

Displays the IMS authorization sessions at the session manager instance level.

full

Displays complete information and configuration data for all sessions in IMS authorization services configured in a system.

ggsn-only

Displays GGSN-specific information in addition to detailed information about the session.

ims-auth-service ims_auth_svc_name

Displays the information, statistics, and configuration data for sessions in the named IMS authorization service.

imsi imsi_value [nsapi nsapi_value]

Displays all of the counters/status of the running services in an IMS authorization service based on the specified International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) and Network Service Access Point Identifier (NSAPI). The display is limited to a single PDP context of the subscriber.

ip-address ip_address

Displays all of the counters/status for the running services in IMS authorization service based on the specified host IP address.

local-sessions

Displays the IMS authorization sessions that are associated with local-policy.

remote-sessions

Displays the IMS authorization sessions that are associated with PCRF.

summary

Displays summarized information and configuration data for all IMS authorization services configured in a system.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

Please refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Reference* for details on the usage of **grep** and **more**.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display the sessions running under IMS Authorization service on a system with different filter criteria.

Example

The following command displays the information and statistical data for a session in an IMS authorization service:

```
show ims-authorization sessions full
```

```
(
```

```
Important
```

nt Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show instance-logging

Displays the instance numbers for all currently enabled, facility-specific log instances.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show instance-logging facility facility_name[{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	facility facility_name
	Specifies the facility for which instance-level logging has been enabled. <i>facility_name</i> can be aaamgr, hamgr or sessmgr.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of the grep and more commands, refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section in the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Displays the instance numbers for all currently enabled, facility-specific log instances. These instances have been previously enabled via the Exec mode logging filter enable facility command.

Example

The following command displays instance-specific logging enabled for the sessmgr facility:

```
show instance-logging facility sessmgr
```

show inventory

Displays Unique Device Identifier (UDI) information for all hardware in the system for which a UDI is available.

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show inventory [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of the grep and more commands, refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section in the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Displays UDI information (card/item description, Cisco PID, serial number) for all hardware installed in this system.
	Example
	The following command displays UDI information for all cards in the system:
	show inventory

show ip access-group statistics

Displays statistics for each rule in an access control group.

```
      Product
      HA

      Privilege
      Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

      Command Modes
      Exec
```

	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip access-group statistics [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the configured access control groups in the current context.
	Example
	The following command displays the contents of an access control group named ACG_4:

```
show ip access-list ACG_4
```

show ip access-list

Displays the information for all Access Control Lists (ACLs) or the named ACL. With no keyword supplied, a list of all access lists and their entries is displayed.

Product	HA
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip access-list list_name [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	list_name
	Specifies the name of an existing ACL configured in the current context as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 47 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the configured ACLs in the current context.

Example

Ć

The following command displays the contents of an ACL named ACL_4:

```
show ip access-list ACL_4
```

show ip arp

Displays the ARP table or the ARP information associated with the specified IP address.

	•••
Impo	When it restarts, the VPN Manager removes all interfaces from the kernel; the kernel then removes all ARP entries. When this happens, the NPU still holds all of the ARP entries so that there is no traffic disruption. From a user point of view, show ip arp is broken since this command gathers information from the kernel and not the NPU.
Product	HA
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip arp [ip_address vrf vrf_name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	ip_address
	Specifies an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
	vrf vrf_name
	Displays information for an existing VPN Routing and Forwarding (VRF) name expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the configured ACLs in the current context.
	Example
	The following command displays the contents of an ACL named ACL_4:

show ip access-list ACL_4

show ip as-path-access-list

Displays the contents of a Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) router Autonomous System (AS) path access list in the current context.

Product	HA	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	- Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip as-path-access-list list_name [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	list_name	
	Specifies the name of an existing AS path access list configured in the current context as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.	
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }	
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.	
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.	
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the configured entries for the specified BGP router AS path access list in the current context.	
	Example	
	The following command displays the contents of an AS path access list named ASlist1:	
	show ip as-path-access-list ASlist1	

show ip bgp

Displays Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) information for the current context.

 Product
 HA

 Privilege
 Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# Syntax Description show ip bgp [ip_address/mask | debugging | filter-list list_name | neighbors [ip_address] | route-map map_name | vpnv4 [all [ip_address/mask | neighbors | summary] | route-distinguisher { ipv4_address | asn_value } rd_value | vrf vrf_name [ip_address/mask | neighbors | summary] | vpnv6 [all [ipv4_ddress | neighbors | summary] | route-distinguisher { ipv4_address | asn_value } rd_value | vrf vrf-name [ip_address/mask | neighbors | summary]] [| { grep grep_options | more }]

```
ip_address/mask
```

Specifies the IP address and netmask bits for the network for which information should be displayed. The IP address and mask is the number of subnet bits, representing a subnet mask in CIDR notation. These must be entered in the IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal CIDR notation.

debugging

Displays debug flags that are enabled.

filter-list list_name

Displays routes that match the specified filter list.

neighbors [ip_address]

Displays information for all neighbors or a neighbor specified as an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

route-map *map_name*

Displays routes that match the specified route-map.

summary

Displays summary BGP information.

|vpnv4[all[*ip_address/mask*|neighbors|summary]|route-distinguisher{*ipv4_address*|asn_value} rd_value|vrf vrf_name[ip_address/mask|neighbors|summary]

Displays all VPNv4 routing data.

- all: Displays all VPNv4 routing information. If this is specified, the information displayed is gathered from all the VRF's known to BGP and displayed. It could contain the list of neighbors, the list of networks, or a particular network.
- **neighbors**: Displays neighbor information for the all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.
- **summary**: Displays summary information of neighbors for all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.

- route-distinguisher { *ipv4_address* | *asn_value* } *rd_value*: Displays information about the route distinguisher. Where
 - *ipv4_address*: Specifies an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
 - asn_value: Specifies an autonomous system number as an integer from 0 through 65535.
 - *rd_value*: Specifies a route distinguisher value as an integer from 0 through 4294967295.
- vrf_vrf_name [ipv4_address/mask | neighbors | summary]: Displays information about the VRF. Where
 - vrf_name: Specifies the name of the VRF as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
 - ip_address/mask: Specifies an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal CIDR notation.
 - **neighbors**: Displays neighbor information for the all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.
 - **summary**: Displays summary information of neighbors for all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.

| vpnv6 [all [*ipv4_ddress* | neighbors | summary] | route-distinguisher { *ipv4_address* | *asn_value* } *rd_value* | vrf *vrf-name* [*ip_address/mask* | neighbors | summary]]

Displays all VPNv6 routing data.

- all: Displays all VPNv6 routing information. If this is specified, the information displayed is gathered from all the VRF's known to BGP and displayed. It could contain the list of neighbors, the list of networks, or a particular network.
- **neighbors**: Displays neighbor information for the all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.
- **summary**: Displays summary information of neighbors for all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.
- route-distinguisher { *ipv4_address* | *asn_value* } *rd_value*: Displays information about the route distinguisher. Where
 - *ipv4_address*: Specifies an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
 - asn_value: Specifies an autonomous system number as an integer from 0 through 65535.
 - *rd_value*: Specifies a route distinguisher value as an integer from 0 through 4294967295.
- vrf_name [ipv4_address/mask | neighbors | summary]: Displays information about the VRF. Where
 - *vrf_name*: Specifies the name of the VRF as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
 - ip_address/mask: Specifies an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal CIDR notation.
 - **neighbors**: Displays neighbor information for the all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.
 - summary: Displays summary information of neighbors for all the VRFs including the default VRF or for the VRF with a matching RD value.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command display to BGP information for the current context.

Example

The following command displays information for all BGP neighbors:

show ip bgp neighbors

show ip framed-prefixes

Displays the framed-prefixes along with session-id, vrf-name and pool-name. The command will also display the total number of framed-prefixes matching the filtering criteria.

Product	All
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip framed-prefixes [sess-id session_identifier vrf vrf_identifier]</pre>
	sess-id session identifier
	Displays framed-prefixes added by a specific session.
	session_identifier must be an integer from 1 to 1152.
	vrf vrf_identifier
	Displays VRF specific routing information.
	vrf_identifier must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the framed-prefixes. This command also enables filtering of framed-prefixes based on vrf-name and/or session-id to the display. The display will show framed-prefixes along with session-id, vrf-name, and pool-name. The command will also display the total number of framed-prefixes matching the filtering criteria.
	Example
	The following command displays ip framed-prefixes by a specific session.
	show ip framed-prefixes sess-id session_identifer

show ip igmp group

Displays Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) information for all groups in a context or a specific IP address.

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip igmp group [ip_address all } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	ip_address
	Displays IGMP information for the IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
	all
	Displays information for all IGMP groups associated with this context.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display IGMP group information.
	Example
	To display appared ICMD information for all anoma in this contact autom the following common du

To display general IGMP information for all groups in this context, enter the following command;

show ip igmp all

show ip interface

Displays statistical and configuration information for the IPv4-based interfaces, including a Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) table for a specific context.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

	Exec
Command Modes	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip interface [vrf vrf-name] [name intfc_name [tunnel [gre-keepalive]] [summary] [vrf vrf-name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	name intfc_name
	Displays information for an existing interface specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters. If no interface name is specified, the information for all IP interfaces is displayed.
	summary
	Displays summarized information about requested IP interfaces.
	tunnel [gre-keepalive]
	Filters the IP interface information for GRE/IP-in-IP tunnel type interfaces.
	gre-keepalive : Displays the keepalive information for a generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnel configured with this IP interface.
	vrf vrf_name
	Displays Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) routing information for an existing VRF specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the summarized of detailed configuration and statistical information for a configured IP interface. This information can be used to verify and/or troubleshoot communication difficulties between to a remote host/node.
	Example
	The following command displays the interface information, including statistics, for the IP interface <i>Interface_1</i> .
	show ip interface Interface_1 statistics
	The following command displays the GRE keepaliye information for an IP interface named in

The following command displays the GRE keepalive information for an IP interface named in *IP_gre1*.

show ip interface IP_gre1 tunnel gre-keepalive



Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ip ipsp

Displays the names of IP pools that are enabled for the IP pool sharing protocol (IPSP) and lists the disposition of addresses in the pools.

Product	PDSN
	НА
	ASN-GW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	
	summary
	Displays only the disposition of the addresses in the participating IP pools. Does not show the names of the participating IP pools.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to list the names of IP pools that are participating in the IPSP and list the disposition of IP addresses in those pools.
	(
Impo	For information on configuring and using IPSP refer to the <i>System Administration Guide</i> .

Example

To list information on all IPSP participating pools and address disposition, enter the following command:

show ip ipsp



Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ip localhosts

Displays host name to IP address mapping for current context. Must be followed by a specific IP host name.

Product	PDSN
	НА
	GGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	show ip localhosts hostname [{ grep grep_options more]
	hostname
	Specifies a configured hostname as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display mappings of a host name to IP addresses.
	Example
	To display IP address mapping for host name <i>local_2345</i> , enter the following command;
	show ip localhosts local_2345

show ip ospf

Displays Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing information.

Product

PDSN HA

I

	GGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip ospf [border-routers database [verbose] [ls-id ip_addr] [adv-router ip_addr] [ls-type { router network summary asbr-summary</pre>
	border-routers
	Displays all known area border routers (ABRs) and autonomous system border routers (ASBRs) for OSPF.
	database [verbose] [ls-id <i>ip_addr</i>] [adv-router <i>ip_addr</i>] [ls-type { router network summary asbr-summary external nssa <i>integer</i> }]
	Displays a summary of the database information for OSPF.
	verbose: Displays detailed OSPF database information.
	ls-id <i>ip_addr</i> : Displays OSPF database information for the link state advertisements (LSAs) with the specified link state identifier (LSID). <i>ip_addr</i> is entered using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
	adv-router ip_addr : Displays OSPF database information for the advertising router with the specified LSID. ip_addr is entered using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
	ls-type { router network summary asbr-summary external nssa <i>LSA_Numerical_Type </i> }]: Displays OSPF database information for the specified LSA type.
	debugging
	Lists which debugging parameters are enabled.
	interface
	Displays interface information for OSPF.
	neighbor [details]
	Displays summarized information about all known OSPF neighbors.
	details: Displays detailed information about all known OSPF neighbors.
	route [summary]
	Displays the OSPF routing table.
	summary: Displays the number of intra-area, inter-area, external-1 and external-2 routes.
	summary. Displays the number of intra-area, inter-area, external-1 and external-2 routes.

virtual-links

Displays the OSPF virtual links.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display OSPF information.

Example

To display general OSPF information, enter the following command;

```
show ip ospf
```

show ip policy-forward

Displays information for IP packet redirecting policy for Home Agent (HA).

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	_ show ip policy-forward [{ grep grep_options more }]
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to see all the settings for IP packet redirection configuration from existing HA to new HA during upgrade.
	u (*
Impo	This is a customer specific command.

Example

The following command displays forward policy configuration for an HA: **show ip policy-forward**

show ip pool

	Displays statistics specific to IP pools.
Product	- PDSN
	GGSN
	НА
	ASN-GW
	A-BG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip pool [address { pool-name pool_name group-name group_name } { used free hold release } [limit limit] group-name group_name groups hold-timer { imsi imsi msid msid username username [imsi imsi msid msid] } many-to-one nat-realm one-to-one overlap pool-name pool_name private public resource static summary verbose wide] [{ grep grep_options more }</pre>
	address { pool-name <i>pool_name</i> group-name <i>group_name</i> }{ used free hold release}[limit <i>limit</i>]
	Displays IP pool addresses for the specified IP pool or pool group that are currently in the specified state.
	pool-name <i>pool_name</i> : Displays IP addresses from an existing IP pool name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 31 characters.
	group-name group_name: Displays IP addresses from an existing IP pool group name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 31 characters.
	used: Displays the IP addresses that are in a used state.
	free: Displays the IP addresses that are in a free state.
	hold: Displays the IP addresses that are in a hold state.
	release: Displays the IP addresses that are in a release state.
	limit <i>limit</i> : Specifies the maximum number of address to display as an integer from 1 through 524287.

group-name group_name

Displays information about an existing IP pool group name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 31 characters.

groups

Lists information about all IP pool groups.

hold-timer {imsi imsi | msid msid | username username [imsi imsi | msid msid]}

Displays hold timer address information for the specified IMSI, MSID, or username.

imsi *imsi*: Displays hold-timer information for a valid IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity), specified as a 15-character field that identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier.

msid msid: Displays hold-timer information for the MSID specified as a number from 7 through 16 digits.

username *username*: Displays hold-timer information for an existing username specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters.

C)

Important Active users cannot be displayed. If an active ID or username is entered, the following error message appears: Failure: No address matching the specified information was found! Please confirm that the options used match the network architecture/deployment, such as IMSI/MSID only, Username only, or IMSI/MSID plus Username. Please note that this command does not apply for addresses in the used state.

many-to-one

Lists information on Many-to-One NAT Realm IP address pools.

nat-realm

Lists information on NAT Realm IP address pools.

one-to-one

Lists information One-to-One NAT Realm IP address pools.

overlap

Lists information on overlapping IP pools.

pool-name pool_name

Displays information about an existing IP pool.

private

Displays information about IP pools marked Private.

public

Displays information about IP pools marked Public.

resource

Displays information about resource IP pools.

static

Displays information about static IP pools.

summary

Displays a summary of all IP pool information.

verbose

Displays detailed information about all IP pools.

wide

Displays detailed information formatted to more than 80 columns.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section of the Command Line Interface Overview chapter.

Use this command to display statistics pertaining to IP Pools in the current context. **Usage Guidelines**

Example

The following command displays IP address information for an IP Pool named pool1:

```
show ip pool address pool-name pool
```

To display a summary list for all IP pools in the current context, enter the following command:

show ip pool summary

The following command displays IP pool information for all IP pools configured in the current context:

show ip pool verbose

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ip prefix-list

Displays IP prefix lists used to filter routes. With no keyword supplied, a list of all prefix lists and their entries is displayed.

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip prefix-list [detail name summary] list_name [{ grep grep_options more]</pre>
	detail
	Displays detailed information for the named prefix list.
	name
	Displays information for the named prefix list.
	summary
	Displays summary information for the named prefix list.
	list_name
	Specifies the name of an existing prefix list as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information about IP prefix lists.
	Example
	To display detailed information about a prefix list named <i>route_101</i> , enter the following command:
	show ip prefix-list detail route_101
Impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show ip route

Displays information related to currently configured static or VRF routes for the current context.

Command Modes E	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: local]host_name#
T	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: local]host_name#
	local]host_name#
-	bow in route [in address (mark wrf and new] [] aren and entions more
Syntax Description 3	
ij	p_address/mask
	pecifies an IP address/mask (CIDR) for a static route in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 olon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
I	vrf vrf_name
	Displays information for an existing Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) name expressed as an alphanumeric tring of 1 through 63 characters.
ŀ	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which he output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command ine Interface Overview</i> chapter.
oougo dalaolilloo	Jse this command to display information related to currently configured static or VRF routes for the current ontext.
E	xample
Т	o display detailed information about a route for a static IP address, enter the following command:
s	show ip route 209.165.200.224/24
Importan	t Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show ip route-access-list

Displays information related to currently configured route-access-list used to filter routes.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip route-access list [name] [{ grep grep_options more]</pre>
	name
	Specifies the name of an existing route access list as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information about IP route access lists.
	Example
	To display detailed information about an access list named <i>access_route_3</i> , enter the following command:
	<pre>show ip route-access-list accesss_route_3</pre>
	uf*
Impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show ip static-route

Displays information related to currently configured static routes.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip static route [ip_address/mask] { grep grep_options more]</pre>
	ip_address/mask
	Specifies an IP address/mask (CIDR) for a static route in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

|{ grep grep_options | more } Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent. For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section of the Command Line Interface Overview chapter. Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information about IP static routes. Example To display detailed information about route 209.165.200.226/24, enter the following command: show ip static route 209.165.200.226/24

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ip vrf

Displays configuration information for VPN Routing and Forwarding instances.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	In 21.20.19 and earlier releases:
	<pre>show ip vrf [vrf_name [mpls-map-dscp-exp]]] { grep grep_options more]</pre>
	In 21.20.19 21.24 and later releases:
	<pre>show ip vrf [name vrf_name [mpls-map-dscp-exp]]] { grep grep_options more]</pre>
	vrf_name
	Specifies an existing VRF name as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	mpls-map-dscp-exp
	Displays the MPLS mapping for the VRF.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information about VRF names.

Example

To display information for a VRF named *corporate_range2* with MPLS mapping:

```
show ip vrf name corporate_range2 mpls-map-dscp-exp
```



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show ip vrf-list

Displays configuration information for VRF lists currently on the system.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ip vrf-list [list_name]</pre>
	list_name
	Specifies the name of an existing VRF list as an alphanumerical string of 1 through 63 characters.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display information about all VRF lists or a specified VRF list.
	Example
	The following command displays information about all VRF lists in the system:

show ip vrf-list

show ipms status

Displays the status of Intelligent Packet Monitoring System (IPMS) client service with information related to system and call events. It also displays the status of configured IPMS servers.

Product	IPMS
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec

	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	show ipms status [summary all server address ip_address]
	summary
	Displays the summary of all configured IPMS client and IPMS servers.
	all
	Displays information for all configured IPMS client and IPMS servers.
	server address <i>ip_address</i>
	Displays status for the IPMS server specified as an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
Usage Guidelines	This command is used to show/verify the status or configuration of one or all IPMS server along with system and call event information.
	Example
	The following command displays status of an IPMS server with IP address 209.165.200.229:
	show ipms status server address 209.165.200.229

show ipne peers

Generates a list of the IP Network Enabler (IPNE) peers.

Product	MME.
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipne peers { all service ipne_service_name summary } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>

all

Generates a list of all peers bound to the IPNE services, including the local and peer addresses. Also displays the TCP connections for every Session Manager.

service ipne_service_name

Generates a list of the peers associated with the specified IPNE service.

	Summary	
	Generates a summary of all available IPNE peer statistics.	
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }	
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to we the output of this command will be sent.	
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.	
Usage Guidelines Use this command to monitor and troubleshoot MME connections to the IPNE client and	Use this command to monitor and troubleshoot MME connections to the IPNE client and peer.	
Example		
	List all IPNE peers with a command similar to the following:	

show ipne peers all

show ipsg service

	Displays IP Service Gateway (IPSG) service information.	
Product	eWAG	
	IPSG	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipsg service { all name ipsg_service_name } [counters][{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	all	
	Displays information for all IPSG service(s) configured on the system.	
	name ipsg_service_name	
	Displays information for the specified IPSG service. <i>ipsg_service_name</i> must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.	

counters

counters requires the output is to display counters associated with the IPSG service(s).

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Specifies to pipe (send) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command should be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view information for all IPSG services or a specific IPSG service.

Example

The following command displays information for all IPSG services configured on the system:

```
show ipsg service all
```

show ipsg sessions

Displays IP Service Gateway (IPSG) session information.

Product	eWAG	
	IPSG	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipsg sessions [counters full summary] [all callid call_id ip-address ipv4_address msid msid_number peer-address ipv4_address username user_name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	counters	
	Displays session counters for matching sessions.	
	full	
	Displays all available information for matching sessions.	
	summary	
	Displays a summary of available information for matching sessions.	
	all	
	Displays session information including call ID, NAI, and home address for all current IPSG sessions.	
	This is the default behavior for the show ipsg sessions command.	

callid call_id

Displays session information for a current IPSG session based on the specified call ID. *call_id* must be an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

ip-address ipv4_address

Displays session information for a specific IPSG session based on the subscriber IP address. *ipv4_address* must be specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

msid *msid_number*

Displays session information for a current IPSG session based on the specified MSID.

msid_number must be an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

peer-address ipv4_address

Displays session information for a current IPSG session based on the IP address of the device sending the RADIUS accounting messages.

ipv4_address must be specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

username user_name

Displays session information for an IPSG session based on subscriber's user name.

user_name must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to view IPSG session information.

Example

The following command displays all the existing IPSG service sessions on the system:

```
show ipsg session all
```

¢

Important Output descriptions for commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show ipsg statistics

Displays IP Services Gateway (IPSG) service statistics.

I

Product	eWAG
	IPSG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipsg statistics [name ipsg_service_name peer-address ipv4_address] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	name ipsg_service_name
	Displays cumulative statistics of all IPSG sessions processed by the specified service since the last system restart or clear command.
	<i>ipsg_service_name</i> must be the name of an IPSG service, and must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	peer-address <i>ipv4_address</i>
	Displays cumulative statistics of all IPSG sessions associated with the specified IP address of the device sending the RADIUS accounting messages. The statistics displayed are from the last system restart or clear command.
	<i>ipv4_address</i> must be specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to view IPSG service statistics.
	Example
	The following command displays cumulative IPSG session statistics on the system:
	show ipsg statistics
	The following command displays the cumulative IPSG session statistics for an IPSG service named <i>ipsg1</i> :
	show ipsg statistics name ipsgl
	(
impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show ipv6 access-group statistics

Displays statistics for each rule in all IPv6 access groups or a specified IPv6 access control group.

Product	- HA
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the configured IPv6 access control groups in the current context.
	Example
	The following command displays the contents of an IPv6 access control group named ACGv6_4:
	show ipv6 access-group ACGv6 4

show ipv6 access-group ACGv6_4

show ipv6 access-list

Displays the information for all IPv6 Access Control Lists (ACLs) or the named ACL. With no keyword supplied, a list of all access lists and their entries is displayed.

Product	НА	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 access-list list_name [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	

list_name

Specifies the name of an existing ACL configured in the current context as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 47 characters.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display the configured IPv6 ACLs in the current context.

Example

The following command displays the contents of an IPv6 ACL named ACLv6_4:

```
show ipv6 access-list ACLv6_4
```

show ipv6 interface

Displays statistical and configuration information for the IPv6-based interfaces, including a Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) table for a specific context.

Product	All		
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector		
Command Modes	Exec		
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:		
	[local]host_name#		
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 interface [name intfc_name] [statistics] [summary] [vrf vrf-name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>		
	name intfc_name		

Displays information for an existing interface specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters. If no interface name is specified, the information for all IPv6 interfaces is displayed.

statistics

Displays the session statistics of all ingress and egress packets processed through this IPv6 interface.

summary

Displays summarized information about requested IPv6 interfaces.

vrf vrf_name

Displays Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) routing information for an existing VRF specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display the summarized of detailed configuration and statistical information for a configured IPv6 interface. This information can be used to verify and/or troubleshoot communication difficulties between to a remote host/node.

Example

The following command displays the interface information, including statistics, for the IPv6 interface *IPv6Interface_2*.

show ipv6 interface IPv6Interface_2 statistics

()

Important

t Output descriptions for commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show ipv6 neighbors

Displays the neighbor table for all IPv6 addresses or a specified IPv6 address in the current context.

Product	All	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 neighbors [ipv6_address] [vrf vrf-name] [{ grep grep_options</pre>	
	ipv6_address	

Displays information for an existing IPv6 address specified in IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation. If no IPv6 address is specified, the information for all IPv6 addresses is displayed.

vrf vrf_name

Displays Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) routing information for an existing VRF specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display neighbor information for IPv6 address(es) in the current context. This information can be used to verify and/or troubleshoot communication difficulties between to a remote host/node.

Example

The following command displays the neighbor information for the IPv6 address *ffe:ffff:101::230:6eff:fe04:d9aa*.

show ipv6 neighbor ffe:ffff:101::230:6eff:fe04:d9aa



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ipv6 ospf

Displays information regarding the configuration of the OSPFv3 Protocol on this system.

Product	PDSN	
	HA	
	GGSN	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 ospf [database debugging interface nieghbor route virtual-links] [verbose [verbose] [{ grep grep_options more }] show ipv6 ospf database [adv-routeripv4-address] [ls-type { external inter-prefix inter-router intra-prefix link network router } show ipv6 ospf debugging show ipv6 ospf interface show ipv6 ospf neighbor [details]</pre>	

```
show ipv6 ospf route [ summary ]
show ipv6 ospf virtual-links
```

show ipv6 ospf database

Displays the OSPFv3 database including the following components.

- adv-router *ipv4-address*: Displays OSPF database information from the advertising router specified as an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
- Is-type: Displays the specified Link-State Advertisement (LSA) type, which can be one of the following:
 - external: Display External LSA information
 - inter-prefix: Displays Inter Area Prefix LSA information
 - inter-router: Displays Inter Area Router LSA information
 - intra-prefix: Displays Intra Area Prefix LSA information
 - · link: Displays Link LSA information
 - network: Displays Network LSA information
 - router: Displays Router LSA information

show ipv6 ospf debugging

Displays OSPFv3 Debugging Flags.

show ipv6 ospf interface

Displays OSPFv3 Interfaces.

show ipv6 ospf neighbor [details]

Displays OSPFv3 neighbors with the option for full details.

show ipv6 ospf route [summary]

Displays OSPFv3 route information with the option for summarized information.

show ipv6 ospf virtual-links

Displays OSPFv3 virtual links.

verbose

Displays detailed information.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to see all OSPFv3 information.

Example

The following command displays IPv6 OSPF information:

show ipv6 ospf

show ipv6 pool

Displays information related IPv6 Pool configuration/state.

Duadaat	PDSN
Product	
	GGSN
	ASN-GW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 pool[group-name group-name] [pool-name pool-name] [summary] [verbose] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	group-name <i>group-name</i>
	Displays IP address pool information for an existing group-name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 31 characters.
	pool-name <i>pool-name</i>
	Displays IPv6 address pool information for an existing pool name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 31 characters.

summary

Displays summary information about all IP address pools; this is the default.

verbose

Displays detailed information about all IP address pools.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to see all the ipv6 pool information.

Example

The following command displays IPv6 pool information:

show ipv6 pool

show ipv6 prefix-list

Displays information related to an IPv6 prefix list.

Product	PDSN
	GGSN
	ASN-GW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 prefix-list[detailprefix-list-name] [nameprefix-list-name [ip-address/mask [longer] [match-first]] [seq seq_value]] [summary prefix-list-name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	detail <i>prefix-list-name</i>
	Displays detailed IP address information for an existing prefix-list specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.
	name <i>prefix-list-name</i>

Displays IP address information for an existing prefix-list specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

ip-address/mask

Specifies an IPv6 Network Address/Mask Bits combination in CIDR notation.

longer Displays IP address prefix-list details in longer format. match-first Displays first matched IP address prefix-list details. seq seq_value Specifies the sequence number as an integer from 1 through 4294967295. seq_value is the integer value between 1 through 4294967295. summary prefix-list-name Displays prefix-list summary for an existing prefix-list specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters. { grep grep_options | more } Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent. For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section of the Command Line Interface Overview chapter. Use this command to see all the ipv6 prefix-list information. Example The following command displays IPv6 prefix list information:

show ipv6 prefix-list

show ipv6 route

Usage Guidelines

Displays information related to specific route for current context.

Product	PDSN
	GGSN
	ASN-GW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#

Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 route [ip-address/mask] [vrf vrf-name] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	ip-address/mask
	Specifies an IP address entered using IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal and CIDR notation.
	vrf <i>vrf-name</i>
	Displays Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) routing information for an existing VRF specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to see all the ipv6 route information.
	Example

The following command displays IPv6 route information:

show ipv6 route 2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334/5

show ipv6 route-access-list

Displays the route access list.

Product	PDSN
	GGSN
	ASN-GW
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ipv6 route-access-list [route-access-list] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>

route-access-list

route-access-list is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to see all the IPv6 route access list information.

Example

The following command displays IPv6 route access list information:

```
show ipv6 route-access-list
```

show iups-service

Displays information for Iu-PS services in the current context. The Iu-PS interface links the radio network controller (RNC) with the packet switched core network.

Product	- SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show iups-service { all name srvc_name} [gtpu-table rnc { all id rnc_id }] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all
	Shows information for all configured IuPS services.
	name <i>srvc_name</i>
	Specifies an existing IuPS service as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	gtpu-table
	Displays the configured GTPU database.
	rnc all

Displays information for all configured RNCs.

rnc *rnc_id*

Specifies the identification number of an existing RNC configuration instance as an integer from 0 through 4095.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Iu-PS services control the interface between the SGSN and the RNCs in the UMTS radio access network (UTRAN). Iu-PS services include the control plane and the data plane between these nodes.

Use this command to display information for a specific Iu-PS service or for all Iu-PS services configured within the context. A filtering keyword can limit the display to only information for a specific RNC or for a GTPU table in the Iu-PS service configuration.

Example

The next command displays information for all Iu-PS services configured in the current context:

```
show iups-service all
```

This command displays information for a specific RNC for a specific Iu-PS services:

```
show iups-service name iups-svc-1 rnc 123name
```

C-

```
Important
```

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show l2tp sessions

Displays information for Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) tunnels.

Product	LNS
	PDSN
	GGSN
	НА
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local] <i>host_name</i> #

Syntax Description show 12tp sessions [full | summary | counters] [all | callid id | username name | msid ms_id | lac-service service_name | lns-service service_name | pdsnclosedrp-service service_name | peer-address [operator] peer_address

full

1

Displays all available information for the specified sessions.

summary

Displays a summary of available information for the specified sessions.

counters

Displays counters for the specified L2TP sessions.

all

Displays all current sessions.

callid *id*

Displays session information for the call ID. specified an 8-byte hexadecimal number. The output of the command **show l2tp tunnels** contains a field labeled Callid Hint which lists the call ID information to use with this command.

username name

Displays session information for an existing subscriber specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters. Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed.

msid *ms_id*

Displays session information for the MSID specified as 7 to 16 digits for an IMSI, MIN, or RMI. Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed.

lac-service service_name

Displays all L2TP sessions in the specified LAC service.

Ins-service service_name

Displays all L2TP sessions in the specified LNS service.

pdsnclosedrp-service service_name

Displays all L2TP sessions in the specified Closed R-P service.

peer-address [operator] peer_address

Displays all L2TP sessions to the destination (peer LNS) specified as an IP address in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

In conjunction with sessions keyword, indicates a range of peers is to be displayed.

peer-address [operator] peer_address is specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

operator implies how to logically specify a range of peer-address and it must be one of the following:

- <: IP address less than the specified *peer_address*
- >: IP address less than the specified *peer_address*
- greater-than: IP address less than the specified peer_address
- less-than: IP address less than the specified peer_address

Usage Guidelines Use this command to show information for sessions in the current context.

 Important
 If this command is executed from within the local context, cumulative session information is displayed for all contexts.

Example

The following command displays cumulative statistics for all sessions processed within the current context:

```
show 12tp sessions
```

The following command displays all information pertaining to the L2TP session of a subscriber named *isp1vpnuser1*:

```
show 12tp session full username isp1vpnuser1
```

(¢



Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show l2tp statistics

Displays statistics for all Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) tunnels and sessions.

Product	PDSN
	GGSN
	НА
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#

Syntax Description	<pre>show l2tp statistics [lac-service service_name lns-service service_name pdsnclosedrp-service service_name peer-address peer_ip_address]</pre>
	lac-service service_name
	Displays L2TP statistics for all tunnels and sessions in an existing L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC) service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	Ins-service <i>service_name</i>
	Displays L2TP statistics for all tunnels and sessions in tan existing L2TP Network Server (LNS) service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	pdsnclosedrp-service <i>service_name</i>
	Displays L2TP statistics for all tunnels and sessions in an existing Closed R-P service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	peer-address <i>peer_address</i>
	Displays L2TP statistics for all tunnels and sessions to the destination (peer LNS) at the IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display statistics for L2TP services.
	Example
	The following command displays statistics for a specific LAC service named <i>vpn1</i> :
	show 12tp statistics lac-service vpn1
	uf-

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show l2tp tunnels

Displays information for Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) tunnels.

Product	PDSN
	GGSN
	НА
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#

Syntax Description show 12tp tunnels [full | summary | counters] [all | callid id | username name | msid ms_id | lac-service service_name | lns-service service_name | pdsnclosedrp-service service_name | peer-address [operator] peer_address]

full

Displays all available information for the specified tunnels.

summary

Displays a summary of available information for the specified tunnels.

counters

Displays counters for the specified L2TP tunnels.

all

Displays all current tunnels.

callid *id*

Displays tunnel information for the call id specified as an 8-digit hexadecimal number. The output of the command **show l2tp tunnels** contains a field labeled Callid Hint which lists the call id information to use with this command.

username name

Displays tunnel information for an existing subscriber specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters. Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed.

msid *ms_id*

Displays tunnel information for the MSID specified as 7 to 16 digits for an IMSI, MIN, or RMI. Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed.

lac-service service_name

Displays all L2TP tunnels in the specified LAC service.

Ins-service service_name

Displays all L2TP tunnels in the specified LNS service.

pdsnclosedrp-service service_name

Displays all L2TP tunnels in the specified Closed R-P service.

peer-address [operator] peer_address

Displays all L2TP tunnels to the destination (peer LNS) at the IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

In conjunction with tunnels keyword, indicates a range of peers is to be displayed.

	peer-address [operator]: Specifies a peer address using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.
	operator implies how to logically specify a range of peer-address and it must be one of the following:
	• <: IP address less than the specified <i>peer_address</i>
	• >: IP address less than the specified <i>peer_address</i>
	• greater-than: IP address less than the specified <i>peer_address</i>
	• less-than: IP address less than the specified <i>peer_address</i>
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to show information for tunnels in the current context.
	Example
	The following command displays all of the tunnels currently being facilitated by LAC services within the current context:
	show 12tp tunnels all
	The following command displays information pertaining to the L2TP tunnel(s) established for a LAC-service named vpn1:
	show 12tp tunnels full lac-service vpn1
	c/~
Impo	Output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show lac-service

Displays the information for all L2TP Access Concentrator (LAC) services or for a particular LAC service.

Product	PDSN
	НА
	GGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show lac-service { all name service_name } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all
	Display information for all LAC services.

name service_name

Display information only for an existing LAC service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to list information for LAC services configured on this system.

Example

The following commands display information for all LAC services and the LAC service named *lac1*, respectively.

```
show lac-service all
```

show lac-service name lac1

show lawful-intercept

Refer to the Lawful Intercept Configuration Guide for a full description of this command.

show lawful-intercept ssdf statistics

Refer to the Lawful Intercept Configuration Guide for a description of these statistics.

show Idap connection all

Displays all details about the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) subsystem.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show ldap connection all [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Display all details about the LDAP subsystem.

Example

The following command displays full information about the LDAP subsystem.

show ldap connection all

show leds

Displays the current status of the light emitting diodes (LEDs) for a specific card or all cards.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show leds { all card_num } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all <i>card_num</i>
	all: Displays the LED status for all cards.
	card_num: Displays the LED status for the card specified by its slot number.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Display the status of the LEDs as a part of an automated periodic script which checks the LEDs of the chassis.
	€
Impo	rtant This command is not supported on all platforms.

Example

The following commands display the LED status for all cards and only card 8, respectively.

show leds all

show leds 8

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Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show license

Displays information about licensing as configured on this system.

Product	All
Privilege	Administrator
Command Modes	Exec The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show license { all enforcement { policy status [allowed blocked] [feature service] } eval-period history information [key key_name] [full] key privilege-bits smart-tags [feature service] statistics [verbose] status summary tech-support udi usage } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all
	Shows a superset of information that includes show status, show usage, show UDI, as well as the Smart Licensing agent version.
	This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.
	enforcement { policy status [allowed blocked] [feature service] }
	Shows the enforcement policy applied to or current enforcement status of Smart Licenses. Status information can be filtered based on the licenses which are currently allowed or blocked, or by license type.
	allowed: displays the current status, and if out of compliance (OOC) the list of services which are blocked.
	blocked: displays the list of services and features which are blocked.
	feature: displays the current status, and if out of compliance (OOC) the list of services which are blocked.
	service : displays the current status and if out of compliance (OOC) the list of services and features which are blocked.

This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.

eval-period

Shows information about the evaluation period. Licenses are granted a 90 day evaluation period until they are registered.

This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.

history

Displays the history of installed license and how much time each license was in each state. This keyword applies to legacy licensing only.

information [key key_name] [full]

Displays the license information to verify the proper keys have been installed. This command is also helpful in troubleshooting user system access due to the maximum number of sessions being reached.

key *key_name*: Displays the information for an existing license key specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 of 1 through 500 characters.

full: Displays the full features and quantities without any hardware limits in place.

key

Displays the installed keys in encrypted format.

privilege-bits

Displays all the CLI privilege bits that are turned on. This keyword applies for legacy licensing only.

smart-tags [feature | service]

Shows the features and services that are currently supported and the corresponding Smart Entitlement Tags.

feature: filters the output to show only features.

service: filters the output to show only services.

This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.

statistics [verbose]

Shows Smart Licensing details for each individual feature. Use the optional **verbose** keyword to display additional information.

status

Shows information about the current state of Smart Licensing on the system, such as registration and license authorization status.

summary

Shows information about the current state of Smart Licensing on the system, such as registration, license authorization, and license usage status.

tech-support

Shows information useful for debugging issues with Smart Licensing.

udi

Shows details for all Unique Device Identifiers (UDI). This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.

usage

Shows the usage information for all entitlements that are currently in use. This keyword applies to Smart Licensing only.

[{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines This command displays licensing information, both the legacy licensing model as well as the Smart Licensing model introduced in Release 21.3. The history, information, key, and privilege-bits keywords apply only to the legacy license key model. All other keywords display information related to Smart Licensing introduced in Release 21.3.

Refer to the *Smart Licensing* chapter of the *System Administration Guide* for more details about Smart Licensing.

Example

The following displays all information about Smart Licensing as configured on the system.

show license all

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Important

t Output descriptions for commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show link-aggregation

Displays information about any Link Aggregation Group (LAG) configured in this system. A LAG works by exchanging control packets via Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) over configured physical ports with peers to reach agreement on an aggregation of links. The LAG sends and receives the control packets directly on physical ports.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

```
      Syntax Description
      show link-aggregation { info | lacp info | statistics } group group_number

      [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]

      show link-aggregation table [all] [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]

      show link-aggregation utilization table [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

{ info | lacp info | statistics }

Displays the following categories of LAG information:

- info LAG configuration and operating state
- lacp info LACP Rx and Tx counters
- statistics LAG Rx and Tx counters and data throughput statistics

group group_number

Specifies the LAG number as an integer from 1 through 1023.

table [all] group_number

Displays information about the current LAG port configuration in tabular form. The **all** option includes ATM PVCs for ATM ports (ASR 5000 only).

utilization table

Displays LAG utilization data in tabular form.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to displays information about any Link Aggregation Group (LAG) configured in this system.

Example

The following command displays configuration information for LAG number 100:

show link-aggregation info group 100



Important

Output descriptions for **show** commands are available in the *Statistics and Counters Reference*.

show linkmgr

	Displays statistics for the link manager (linkmgr).
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show linkmgr { all instance instance } [parser]</pre>
	all
	Display statistics for all link managers.
	instance instance
	Display statistics for a single instance of a link manager specified as an integer from 1 to 4.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	This command displays statistical information for the SGSN's link manager which handles the layer between the session manager and the SS7 functionality downwards from layer 3.
	Example
	Use the following command to display the statistics for link manager 4:
	show linkmgr 4
	(
Impo	output descriptions for commands are available in the <i>Statistics and Counters Reference</i> .

show IIc statistics

Displays traffic statistics for the GPRS logical link-control (LLC) layer.

Product

SGSN

I

Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show llc statistics [gprs-service srvc_name] [verbose] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	gprs-service <i>srvc_name</i>
	Displays the statistics for an existing GPRS service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	verbose
	Displays all possible statistics for specified command or keyword.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For more information on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Reference</i> .
Usage Guidelines	This command can display either a summarized or full (verbose) view of statistics collected for the traffic that has gone through the LLC layer for either all GPRS services or for a specified GPRS service.
	Example
	The following command displays the frame Tx/Rx LLC statistics for GPRS service gprs1:

show llc statistics gprs-service gprs1

show IIc status

Displays status information for the GPRS logical link-control (LLC) layer.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#

Syntax Description show llc status gprs-service srvc_name sessmgr instance instance { dlci ms-id ms_id sapi sapid | lsap sapid sapid | ms ms_id | usap sapid sapid [| { grep grep_options | more }]

gprs-service srvc_name

Displays the LLC layer status for an existing GPRS service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

sessmgr instance instance

Displays the LLC status for a session manager instance specified as an integer. The range varies depending upon the release:

- for releases prior to 14.0, the range is from 1 to 4294967295.
- for releases 14.0 and later, the range is from 1 to 384.

dlci ms-id ms_id [sapi sapid]

Displays the LLC status for a specific data link connection identifier (DLCI) between the LLC and the mobile station (MS). *ms_id* must be an integer from 0 to 65536 that identifies the DLCI interface connecting to a specific MS.

sapi: Filters the display of the LLC status information to focus on a specific service access point interface (SAPI) within the specified DLCI specified as.an integer from 1 to 11

lsap *sapid*

Refines the display of the LLC status to focus on a specific lower service access point interface (LSAP) specified as an integer from 0 to 65536.

ms-id *ms_id*

Displays the LLC status for a connected MS specified as an integer from 0 to 65536.

usap sapid

Refines the display of the LLC statistics to focus on a specific upper service access point interface (USAP) specified as an integer from 0 to 65536.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For more information on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Reference*.

Usage Guidelines This command can display either a summarized or full (verbose) view of statistics collected for the traffic that has gone through the LLC layer for either all GPRS services or for a specified GPRS service.

Example

The following command displays the frame Tx/Rx LLC statistics for GPRS service gprs1:

```
show llc statistics gprs-service gprs1
```

show Ima-service

Displays statistic and counter information for Local Mobility Anchor (LMA) services on this system.

Product	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show lma-service all show lma-service name service_name show lma-service session [all callid id counters full ipv6-address { < address > address address greater-than address [less-than address]</pre>

all

Displays information about all configured LMA services on this system.

name service_name

Displays configuration information for an existing LMA service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

session [all | callid *id* | counters | full | ipv6-address { < *address* | > *address* | *address* | greater-than *address* [less-than *address*] less-than *address* [greater-than *address*] } summary | username *name*]

Displays session information filtered by the following parameters:

all: Displays all active LMA sessions using LMA services on the system.

callid *id*: Displays available session information for the call identification number specified as an eight-byte hexadecimal number.

counters: Displays session counters for active LMA sessions using LMA services on the system. This keyword can also be filtered by the following:

• all

- callid
- ipv6-address
- username

Refer to the keyword descriptions in this command for information regarding these filters.

full: Displays additional session information for active LMA sessions using LMA services on the system. This keyword includes the information in the output of the **all** keyword plus additional information. This keyword can also be filtered by the following:

- all
- callid
- ipv6-address
- username

Refer to the keyword descriptions in this command for information regarding these filters.

ipv6-address:

- < address and less-than address: Displays summarized information for a group of IPv6 addresses that are less than the specified IPv6 address using one of these keywords. A range can be specified by including an address with the greater-than option. address must be specified in IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
- > address and greater-than address: Displays summarized information for a group of IPv6 addresses that are greater than the specified IPv6 address using one of these keywords. A range can be specified by including an address with the less-than option. address must be specified in IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.
- address: Displays summarized information for a specific IPv6 address using an LMA service on this system. address must be specified in IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

summary: Displays the number of LMA sessions currently active for LMA services configured on the system.

username *name*: Displays available session information for an existing user specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters.

statistics [Ima-service name]

Ima-service *name*: Displays LMA service statistics for an existing LMA service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Use this command to view configuration information for LMA services on this system.

Example

The following command displays service statistics for the LMA service named *lma1*: show lma-service name lma1

show Ins-service

	Displays the information for all L2TP Network Server (LNS) services or for a particular LNS service.
Product	PDSN
	НА
	GGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show lns-service { all name service_name } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	all
	Display information for all LNS services.
	name service_name
	Displays information only for an existing LNS service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to list information for LNS services configured on this system.
	Example
	The following commands display information for all LNS services and the LNS service named <i>lns1</i> , respectively.

show lns-service all

show lns-service name lns1

show local-policy

Displays information pertaining to local QoS policy services.

Product	P-GW
	SAEGW
Privilege	Security Administrator
Command Modes	- Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show local-policy statistics { all service service_name summary } { grep grep_options more }</pre>
	statistics { all service <i>service_name</i> summary }
	Display statistics pertaining to local QoS services.
	all: Displays information for all local QoS services.
	service <i>service_name</i> : Displays statistics only for an existing local QoS service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.
	summary: Displays summarized statistics all local QoS services.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display statistics for local QoS policies on this system.
	Example
	The following command displays statistics for the local QoS policy named sample1.
	show local-policy statistics service sample1

show local-user

Displays information pertaining to local-user accounts.

I

Impo	rtant In a release 20.0 or higher Trusted build, this command is <u>not</u> available.
Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show local-user [[username name] [inactive filter] [verbose wide] statistics [verbose]]</pre>
	username <i>name</i>
	Displays information for an existing local-user administrative account specified as an alphanumeric string of 3 through 16 characters that is case sensitive. If a username is not specified, information is displayed for all local users.
	inactive filter
	Specifies a filter for displaying inactive local-user accounts:
	• < $days$: Displays accounts that have been inactive less than the specified number of days.
	• > <i>days</i> : Displays accounts that have been inactive more than the specified number of days.
	• greater-than days: Displays accounts that have been inactive more than the specified number of days.
	• less-than days: Displays accounts that have been inactive less than the specified number of days.
	days can be configured to an integer from 1 through 365.
	[verbose wide]
	Specifies how the information is to be displayed as one of the following options:
	• verbose : The data is displayed in list format. Additional information is provided beyond what is displayed when the wide option is used.
	• wide: The data is displayed in tabular format. This is the default setting.
	statistics [verbose]
	Displays local-user statistics.
	Using the verbose keyword displays additional statistics.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information and statistics on local-user administrative accounts.

Example

The following command displays detailed information on local-user administrative accounts that have been inactive for more than 10 days:

show local-user inactive greater-than 10 verbose

The following command displays detailed information for a local-user account named Test:

show local-user username Test verbose

The following command displays detailed local-user account statistics:

```
show local-user statistics verbose
```

C)

Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show location-service

Displays information and statistics for all location services or for a specific location service.

Product	- MME	
	SGSN	
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector	
Command Modes	les Exec	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:	
	[local]host_name#	
Syntax Description	<pre>show location-service { service { all name service_name } statistics { all service service_name } [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>	
	service { all name <i>service_name</i> }	
	Display configuration information pertaining to location services.	
	all: Displays information for all location services.	
	name <i>service_name</i> : Displays information only for an existing location service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.	
	<pre>statistics { all service service_name }</pre>	
	Display statistics pertaining to location services.	
	all: Displays statistics for all location services.	
	name <i>service_name</i> : Displays statistics only for an existing location service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.	

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to list configuration information and statistics for location services configured on this system.

Example

The following commands display information for all location services and the location service named *location_service1*, respectively.

show location-service service all

show location-service service name location_service1

The following command displays statistics for the location service named location_service1.

show location-service statistics service location service1

show logging

Displays the defined logging filters for the current context. All Product Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector **Privilege** Exec **Command Modes** The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host name# show logging [active | verbose] [| { grep grep options | more }] Syntax Description active | verbose active: Displays only active CLI logging filter information in concise format. verbose: Displays as much information as possible. { grep grep_options | more } Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent. For details on the usage of grep and more, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command*

Line Interface Overview chapter.

Usage Guidelines View log filters to troubleshoot disk utilization issues.

Example show logging show logging active show logging verbose show logging active verbose

show logical-port utilization table

Displays logical port (VLAN and NPU) utilization for a specified interface port.

Product	- All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector
Command Modes	Exec
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show logical port utilization table slot/port [vlan { 5-minute hourly }] [{ grep grep_options more }]</pre>
	slot/port
	Specifies the port for which logical-port statistics will be displayed. The slot and port must refer to an installed card and port.
	vlan { 5-minute hourly }
	Displays only active VLAN information for the specified collection interval.
	• 5-minute: Displays 5-minute utilization intervals for the past 24 hours.
	• hourly: Displays hourly utilization intervals for the past 24 hours.
	{ grep <i>grep_options</i> more }
	Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.
	For details on the usage of grep and more , refer to the <i>Regulating a Command's Output</i> section of the <i>Command Line Interface Overview</i> chapter.
Usage Guidelines	View logical port (VLAN) statistics for 5-minute intervals on port 17/1.

Example

show logical-port utilization table 17/1 vlan 5-minute

Displays active and inactive logs filtered by the options specified.

show logs

Product

Privilege

All Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector Exec **Command Modes** The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode: [local]host_name# show logs [active] [inactive] [callid call id] [encrypted-li] [Syntax Description event-verbosity evt verboseness] [facility facility] [level severity level] [pdu-data pdu_format] [pdu-verbosity pdu_verboseness] [proclet facility] [since from date time [until to date time]] [| { grep grep options | more }]

active

Displays data from active logs.

inactive

Displays data from inactive logs.

callid call id

Displays log information only for a call ID specified as a 4-digit hexadecimal number.

encrypted-li

This keyword is only visible to an administrator with li-privilege. It displays the boot config output for the encrypted LI configuration when require segregated li-configuration has been enabled.



For additional information, see the Lawful Intercept Configuration Guide.

event-verbosity evt_verboseness

Specifies the level of verboseness to use in displaying of event data as one of:

• min - displays minimal information about the event. Information includes event name, facility, event ID, severity level, date, and time.

- **concise** displays detailed information about the event, but does not provide the event source within the system.
- **full** displays detailed information about event, including source information, identifying where within the system the event was generated.

facility facility

Specifies the facility to modify the filtering of logged information for as one of:

- a10: A10 interface facility
- a11: A11 interface facility
- allmgr: All Manager facility
- aaa-client: Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA) client facility
- aaamgr: AAA manager logging facility
- aaaproxy: AAA Proxy facility
- aal2: ATM Adaptation Layer 2 (AAL2) protocol logging facility
- acl-log: Access Control List (ACL) logging facility
- acsctrl: Active Charging Service (ACS) Controller facility
- acsmgr: ACS Manager facility
- afctrl: Fabric Controller facility [ASR 5500 only]
- afmgr: Fabric Manager logging facility [ASR 5500 only]
- alarmctrl: Alarm Controller facility
- alcap: Access Link Control Application Part (ALCAP) protocol logging facility
- alcapmgr: ALCAP manager logging facility
- all: All facilities
- asngwmgr: Access Service Network (ASN) Gateway Manager facility
- asnpcmgr: ASN Paging Controller Manager facility
- bfd: Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) protocol logging facility
- bgp: Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) facility
- bindmux: IPCF BindMux-Demux Manager logging facility
- bngmgr: Broadband Network Gateway (BNG) Demux Manager logging facility
- **bssap**+: Base Station Sub-system Application Part+ protocol facility for the login interface between the SGSN and the MSC/VLR (2.5G and 3G)
- **bssgp**: Base Station Sub-system GPRS Protocol logging facility handles exchange information between the SGSN and the BSS (2.5G only)
- bulkstat: Statistics logging facility

- callhome: Call Home application logging facility
- **cap**: CAMEL Application Part (CAP) logging facility for protocol used in prepaid applications (2.5G and 3G)
- cbsmgr: Cell Broadcasting Service (CBS) logging facility [HNBGW]

C)

Important In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

- cdf: Charging Data Function (CDF) logging facility
- cgw: Converged Access Gateway (CGW) logging facility
- cli: Command Line Interface (CLI) logging facility
- cmp: Certificate Management Protocol (IPSec) logging facility
- confdmgr: ConfD Manager proclet (NETCONF) logging facility
- connectedapps: SecGW ASR 9000 oneP communication procotol
- comproxy: Controller Proxy logging facility
- credit-control: Credit Control (CC) facility
- csp: Card/Slot/Port controller facility
- css: Content Service Selection (CSS) facility
- css-sig: CSS RADIUS Signaling facility
- cx-diameter: Cx Diameter Messages facility [CSCF <--> HSS]
- · data-mgr: Data Manager Framework logging facility
- dcardctrl: IPSec Daughter Card Controller logging facility
- dcardmgr: IPSec Daughter Card Manager logging facility
- demuxmgr: Demux Manager API facility
- dgmbmgr: Diameter Gmb Application Manager logging facility
- dhcp: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) logging facility
- dhcpv6: DHCPv6
- dhost: Distributed Host logging facility
- diabase: Diabase messages facility
- diactrl: Diameter Controller proclet logging facility
- · diameter: Diameter endpoint logging facility
- diameter-acct: Diameter Accounting

- diameter-auth: Diameter Authentication
- · diameter-dns: Diameter DNS subsystem
- · diameter-ecs: ACS Diameter signaling facility
- · diameter-engine: Diameter version2 engine logging facility
- · diameter-hdd: Diameter Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) Interface facility
- diameter-svc: Diameter Service
- diamproxy: DiamProxy logging facility
- dpath: IPSec Data Path facility
- drvctrl: Driver Controller facility
- dpath: IPSec Data Path logging facility
- drvctrl: Driver Controller logging facility
- doulosuemgr: Doulos (IMS-IPSec-Tool) user equipment manager
- eap-diameter: Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IP Sec urity facility
- eap-ipsec: Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) IPSec facility
- eap-sta-s6a-s13-s6b-diameter: EAP/STA/S6A/S13/S6B Diameter messages facility
- ecs-css: ACSMGR <-> Session Manager Signalling Interface facility
- egtpc: eGTP-C logging facility
- egtpmgr: enhanced GPRS Tunneling Protocol (eGTP) manager logging facility
- egtpu: eGTP-U logging facility
- embms: evolved Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Services Gateway facility
- embms: eMBMS Gateway Demux facility
- epdg: evolved Packet Data (ePDG) gateway logging facility
- event-notif: Event Notification Interface logging facility
- evlog: Event log facility
- famgr: Foreign Agent manager logging facility
- firewall: Firewall logging facility
- fng: Femto Network Gateway (FNG) logging facility
- gbmgr: SGSN Gb Interface Manager facility
- gmm:
 - For 2.5G: Logs the GPRS Mobility Management (GMM) layer (above LLC layer)
 - For 3G: Logs the access application layer (above the RANAP layer)

- gprs-app: GPRS Application logging facility
- gprs-ns: GPRS Network Service Protocol (layer between SGSN and the BSS) logging facility
- gq-rx-tx-diameter: Gq/Rx/Tx Diameter messages facility
- gss-gcdr: GTPP Storage Server GCDR facility
- gtpc: GTP-C protocol logging facility
- gtpcmgr: GTP-C protocol manager logging facility
- gtpp: GTP-prime protocol logging facility
- gtpu: GTP-U protocol logging facility
- gtpumgr: GTP-U Demux manager
- gx-ty-diameter: Gx/Ty Diameter messages facility
- gy-diameter: Gy Diameter messages facility
- h248prt: H.248 port manager facility
- hamgr: Home Agent manager logging facility
- hat: High Availability Task (HAT) process facility
- hdctrl: HD Controller logging facility
- henbapp: Home Evolved NodeB (HENB) App facility

6

Important

In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

henbgw: HENB-GW facility

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Important In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

• henbgw-pws: HENB-GW Public Warning System logging facility



Important In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

• henbgw-sctp-acs: HENB-GW access Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) facility

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Important	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• he	enbgw-sctp-nw: HENBGW network SCTP facility
(
Important	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• he	enbgwdemux: HENB-GW Demux facility
¢	
Important	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• he	enbgwmgr: HENB-GW Manager facility
(
Important	In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• hı	nb-gw: HNB-GW (3G Femto GW) logging facility
Important	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• h	nbmgr: HNB-GW Demux Manager logging facility
(
Important	In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.
• hs	ss-peer-service: Home Subscriber Server (HSS) Peer Service facility
• ig	mp: Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
• ik	xev2: Internet Key Exchange version 2 (IKEv2)
• in	ns-authorizatn: IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) Authorization Service facility

- ims-sh: HSS Diameter Sh Interface Service facility
- imsimgr: SGSN IMSI Manager facility
- imsue: IMS User Equipment (IMSUE) facility
- ip-arp: IP Address Resolution Protocol facility
- ip-interface: IP interface facility
- ip-route: IP route facility
- ipms: Intelligent Packet Monitoring System (IPMS) logging facility
- ipne: IP Network Enabler (IPNE) facility
- ipsec: IP Security logging facility
- ipsecdemux: IPSec demux logging facility
- ipsg: IP Service Gateway interface logging facility
- ipsgmgr: IP Services Gateway facility
- ipsp: IP Pool Sharing Protocol logging facility
- kvstore: Key/Value Store (KVSTORE) Store facility
- 12tp-control: Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) control logging facility
- 12tp-data: L2TP data logging facility
- **12tpdemux**: L2TP Demux Manager logging facility
- I2tpmgr: L2TP Manager logging facility
- lagmgr: Link Aggregation Group (LAG) manager logging facility
- lcs: Location Services (LCS) logging facility
- Idap: Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) messages logging facility
- li: Refer to the Lawful Intercept Configuration Guide for a description of this command.
- linkmgr: SGSN/BSS SS7 Link Manager logging facility (2.5G only)
- Ilc: Logical Link Control (LLC) Protocol logging facility; for SGSN: logs the LLC layer between the GMM and the BSSGP layers for logical links between the MS and the SGSN
- local-policy: Local Policy Service facility
- location-service: Location Services facility
- m3ua: M3UA Protocol logging facility
- magmgr: Mobile Access Gateway manager logging facility
- map: Mobile Application Part (MAP) protocol logging facility
- megadiammgr: MegaDiameter Manager (SLF Service) logging facility
- mme-app: Mobility Management Entity (MME) Application logging facility

- mme-misc: MME miscellaneous logging facility
- mmedemux: MME Demux Manager logging facility
- mmemgr: MME Manager facility
- mmgr: Master Manager logging facility
- mobile-ip: Mobile IP processes
- mobile-ip-data: Mobile IP data facility
- mobile-ipv6: Mobile IPv6 logging facility
- mpls: Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) protocol logging facility
- mrme: Multi Radio Mobility Entity (MRME) logging facility
- mseg-app: Mobile Services Edge Gateway (MSEG) application logging facility (This option is not supported in this release.)
- mseg-gtpc: MSEG GTP-C application logging facility (This option is not supported in this release.)
- mseg-gtpu: MSEG GTP-U application logging facility (This option is not supported in this release.)
- msegmgr: MSEG Demux Manager logging facility (This option is not supported in this release.)
- mtp2: Message Transfer Part 2 (MTP2) Service logging facility
- mtp3: Message Transfer Part 3 (MTP3) Protocol logging facility
- multicast-proxy: Multicast Proxy logging facility
- nas: Non-Access Stratum (NAS) protocol logging facility [MME 4G]
- netwstrg: Network Storage facility
- npuctrl: Network Processor Unit Control facility
- npudrv: Network Processor Unit Driver facility [ASR 5500 only]
- npumgr: Network Processor Unit Manager facility
- npumgr-acl: NPUMGR ACL logging facility
- npumgr-drv: NPUMGR DRV logging facility
- npumgr-flow: NPUMGR FLOW logging facility
- npumgr-fwd: NPUMGR FWD logging facility
- npumgr-init: NPUMGR INIT logging facility
- npumgr-lc: NPUMGR LC logging facility
- npumgr-port: NPUMGR PORT logging facility
- npumgr-recovery: NPUMGR RECOVERY logging facility
- npumgr-rri: NPUMGR RRI (Reverse Route Injection) logging facility
- npumgr-vpn: NPUMGR VPN logging facility
- npusim: NPUSIM logging facility [ASR 5500 only]

- ntfy-intf: Notification Interface logging facility [Release 12.0 and earlier versions only]
- ocsp: Online Certificate Status Protocol logging facility.
- orbs: Object Request Broker System logging facility
- ospf: OSPF protocol logging facility
- ospfv3: OSPFv3 protocol logging facility
- p2p: Peer-to-Peer Detection logging facility
- pagingmgr: PAGINGMGR logging facility
- pccmgr: Intelligent Policy Control Function (IPCF) Policy Charging and Control (PCC) Manager library
- pdg: Packet Data Gateway (PDG) logging facility
- pdgdmgr: PDG Demux Manager logging facility
- pdif: Packet Data Interworking Function (PDIF) logging facility
- pgw: Packet Data Network Gateway (PGW) logging facility
- pmm-app: Packet Mobility Management (PMM) application logging facility
- ppp: Point-To-Point Protocol (PPP) link and packet facilities
- pppoe: PPP over Ethernet logging facility
- proclet-map-frwk: Proclet mapping framework logging facility
- push: VPNMGR CDR push logging facility
- radius-acct: RADIUS accounting logging facility
- radius-auth: RADIUS authentication logging facility
- · radius-coa: RADIUS change of authorization and radius disconnect
- ranap: Radio Access Network Application Part (RANAP) Protocol facility logging info flow between SGSN and RNS (3G)
- rct: Recovery Control Task logging facility
- rdt: Redirect Task logging facility
- resmgr: Resource Manager logging facility
- rf-diameter: Diameter Rf interface messages facility
- rip: Routing Information Protocol (RIP) logging facility [RIP is not supported at this time.]
- rlf: Rate Limiting Function (RLF) logging facility
- rohc: Robust Header Compression (RoHC) facility
- rsvp: Reservation Protocol logging facility
- rua: RANAP User Adaptation (RUA) [3G Femto GW RUA messages] logging facility
- s102: S102 protocol logging facility

- s102mgr: S102Mgr logging facility
- s1ap: S1 Application Protocol (S1AP) Protocol logging facility
- sabp: Service Area Broadcast Protocol (SABP) logging facility
- saegw: System Architecture Evolution (SAE) Gateway facility
- sbc: SBc protocol logging facility
- sccp: Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP) Protocol logging (connection-oriented messages between RANAP and TCAP layers).
- sct: Shared Configuration Task logging facility
- sctp: Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) Protocol logging facility
- sef_ecs: Severely Errored Frames (SEF) APIs printing facility
- sess-gr: SM GR facility
- sessctrl: Session Controller logging facility
- sessmgr: Session Manager logging facility
- sesstrc: session trace logging facility
- sft: Switch Fabric Task logging facility
- sgs: SGs interface protocol logging facility
- sgsn-app: SGSN-APP logging various SGSN "glue" interfaces (for example, between PMM, MAP, GPRS-FSM, SMS).
- sgsn-failures: SGSN call failures (attach/activate rejects) logging facility (2.5G)
- sgsn-gtpc: SGSN GTP-C Protocol logging control messages between the SGSN and the GGSN
- sgsn-gtpu: SGSN GTP-U Protocol logging user data messages between the SGSN and GGSN
- sgsn-mbms-bearer: SGSN Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS) Bearer app (SMGR) logging facility
- sgsn-misc: Used by stack manager to log binding and removing between layers
- sgsn-system: SGSN System Components logging facility (used infrequently)
- sgsn-test: SGSN Tests logging facility; used infrequently
- sgtpcmgr: SGSN GTP-C Manager logging information exchange through SGTPC and the GGSN
- sgw: Serving Gateway facility
- sh-diameter: Sh Diameter messages facility
- sitmain: System Initialization Task main logging facility
- sls: Service Level Specification (SLS) protocol logging facility
- sm-app: SM Protocol logging facility
- sms: Short Message Service (SMS) logging messages between the MS and the SMSC

- sndcp: Sub Network Dependent Convergence Protocol (SNDCP) logging facility
- snmp: SNMP logging facility
- sprmgr: IPCF Subscriber Policy Register (SPR) manager logging facility
- srdb: Static Rating Database
- srp: Service Redundancy Protocol (SRP) logging facility
- sscfnni: Service-Specific Coordination Function for Signaling at the Network Node Interface (SSCF-NNI) logging facility
- sscop: Service-Specific Connection-Oriented Protocol (SSCOP) logging facility
- ssh-ipsec: Secure Shell (SSH) IP Security logging facility
- ssl: Secure Socket Layer (SSL) message logging facility
- stat: Statistics logging facility

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Important

Int The keyword bulkstat was added in StarOS release 21.1 to provide consistency with other CLI commands. Both keywords are supported for statistics logging facility.

- supserv: Supplementary Services logging facility [H.323]
- system: System logging facility
- tacacsplus: TACACS+ Protocol logging facility
- tcap: TCAP Protocol logging facility
- testctrl: Test Controller logging facility
- testmgr: Test Manager logging facility
- threshold: threshold logging facility
- ttg: Tunnel Termination Gateway (TTG) logging facility
- tucl: TCP/UDP Convergence Layer (TUCL) logging facility
- udr: User Data Record (UDR) facility (used with the Charging Service)
- user-data: User data logging facility
- user-l3tunnel: User Layer 3 tunnel logging facility
- usertcp-stack: User TCP Stack
- vim: Voice Instant Messaging (VIM) logging facility
- vinfo: VINFO logging facility
- vmgctrl: Virtual Media Gateway (VMG) controller facility
- vmgctrl: VMG Content Manager facility
- vpn: Virtual Private Network logging facility

- wimax-data: WiMAX DATA
- wimax-r6: WiMAX R6
- wsg: Wireless Security Gateway (ASR 9000 Security Gateway)
- x2gw-app: X2GW (X2 proxy Gateway, eNodeB) application logging facility
- x2gw-demux: X2GW demux task logging facility

level severity_level

level *severity_level*: Specifies the level of information to be logged from the following list which is ordered from highest to lowest:

- · critical display critical events
- error display error events and all events with a higher severity level
- warning display warning events and all events with a higher severity level
- unusual display unusual events and all events with a higher severity level
- info display info events and all events with a higher severity level
- trace display trace events and all events with a higher severity level
- debug display all events

pdu-data pdu_format

Specifies output format for the display of packet data units as one of:

- none output is in raw format (unformatted).
- hex output being displayed in hexadecimal format.
- hex-ascii output being displayed in hexadecimal and ASCII similar to a main-frame dump.

pdu-verbosity pdu_verboseness

Specifies the level of verboseness to use in displaying of packet data units as an integer from 1 through 5, where 5 is the most detailed.

proclet facility

Shows the logs from a specific proclet facility. The available facilities are the same as those listed earlier.

since from_date_time [until to_date_time]

Default: no limit.

since *from_date_time*: indicates only the log information which has been collected more recently than *from_date_time* is to be displayed.

until *to_date_time*: indicates no log information more recent than *to_date_time* is to be displayed. **until** defaults to current time when omitted.

from_date_time and *to_date_time* must be formatted as YYYY:MM:DD:HH:mm or YYYY:MM:DD:HH:mm:ss. Where:

- YYYY = 4-digit year
- MM = 2-digit month in the range 01 through 12
- DD = 2-digit day in the range 01 through 31
- HH = 2-digit hour in the range 00 through 23
- mm = 2-digit minute in the range 00 through 59
- ss = 2-digit second in the range 00 through 59

to_date_time must be a time which is more recent than *from_date_time*.

The use of the **until** keyword allows for a time range of log information while only using the **since** keyword will display all information up to the current time.

{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines View log files for general maintenance or troubleshooting system issues.

Example

The following command displays log information for the *al1mgr* facility starting with July 1th, 2011 at midnight.

show logs facility allmgr since 2011:07:11:00:00

The following command displays the log information for call ID FE881D32 only in active logs.

show logs active callid FE881D32

show lte-policy

Displays information for Long term Evolution (LTE) policy configurations on this system including congestion action profiles, handover restriction lists, paging maps, paging profiles, subscriber maps, and tracking area identifiers (TAIs).

Product	HeNBGW
	MME
	SAEGW
	S-GW

Privilege	Inspector
	- Exec
Command Modes	
	The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:
	[local]host_name#
Syntax Description	<pre>show lte-policy { cause-code-group { name group_name summary } congestion-action-profile { name congest_profile_name summary } foreign-plmn-guti-mgmt-db { name db_name summary } henbgw { mme-pool { name mme_pool_name summary } qci-dscp-mapping-table { name table_name</pre>
	cause-code-group { name <i>group_name</i> summary }
	This MME-specific keyword displays information about the Cause Code Groups configured on this system.
	name <i>group_name</i> : Displays information about a specific cause code group configured on this system. <i>group_name</i> must be an existing cause code group, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 16 characters.
	summary: Displays summarized information about all cause code groups configured on this system.
	congestion-action-profile { name <i>congest_profile_name</i> summary }
	Displays information about MME congesting action profiles configured on this system.
	name <i>profile_name</i> : Displays information about a specific congestion action profile configured on this system. <i>profile_name</i> must be an existing HO restriction list, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.
	summary: Displays summarized information about all congestion action profiles configured on this system.

foreign-plmn-guti-mgmt-db { name db_name | summary }

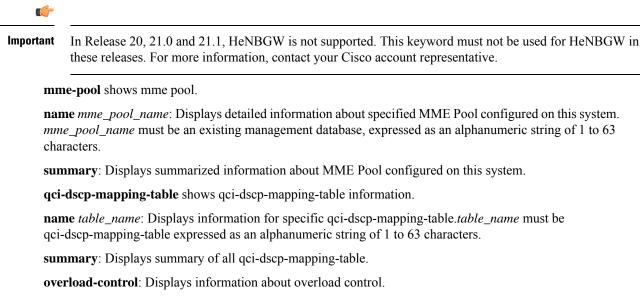
This MME-specific keyword displays information about LTE Foreign PLMN GUTI management databases configured on this system.

name *db_name*: Displays information about a specific management database configured on this system. *db_name* must be an existing management database, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all Foreign PLMN GUTI management databases configured on this system.

henbgw { mme-pool { name mme_pool_name | summary } | qci-dscp-mapping-table { name table_name | summary } | overload-control | session-recovery }

This HeNBGW keyword displays information about HeNBGW configured on this system.



s1-reset: Displays information about s1 reset.

session-recovery: Displays information about session recovery.

ho-restriction-list { name list_name | summary }

Displays information about handover restriction lists configured on this system.

name *ho_list_name*: Displays information about a specific handover restriction list configured on this system. *name* must be an existing HO restriction list, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all handover restriction lists configured on this system.

Ite-emergency-profile { name emer_profile_name | summary }

Displays information about LTE emergency profiles configured on this system.

name *emer_profile_name*: Displays information about a specific LTE emergency profile configured on this system. *emer_profile_name* must be an existing LTE emergency profile, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all LTE emergency profiles configured on this system.

mme paging cache parameters

Displays the configured MME paging cache timeout and MME paging cache size configured with the **mme paging cache** command in the LTE Policy configuration mode.

paging-map { name page_map_name | summary }

Displays information about LTE paging maps configured on this system.

name *page_map_name*: Displays information about an existing LTE paging map specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all LTE paging maps configured on this system.

paging-profile { name page_profile_name | summary }

Displays information about LTE paging profiles configured on this system.

name *page_profile_name*: Displays information about an existing LTE paging profile specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all LTE paging profiles configured on this system.

peer-map { name name | summary }

Displays information about peer maps configured on this system.

name *map_name*: Displays information about an existing peer map specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all peer maps configured on this system.

subscriber-map { name name | summary }

Displays information about subscriber maps configured on this system.

name *sub_map_name*: Displays information about an existing subscriber map specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about all subscriber maps configured on this system.

tai-list-db { name tai_list_ name | summary }

Displays information about TAI list databases configured on this system

name*tai_list_name*: Displays information about specified TAI list database as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

summary: Displays summarized information about specified TAI list databases configured on this system.

tai-mgmt-db { name name [tai-mgmt-obj name obj_name | tai-custom-list tac cstm_tac_value] | summary }

Displays information about TAI management databases configured on this system.

name *tai_name*: Displays information about an existing TAI management database specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

tai-mgmt-obj name *obj_name* : Filters the information by the specified TAI Management Object name, where *obj_name* is a string from 1 through 64 characters.

tai-custom-list tac *cstm_tac_value* : Filters the information by the specified Custom TAI List TAC, where *cstm_tac_value* is an integer from 0 through 65535.

summary: Displays summarized information about all TAI management databases configured on this system.

[{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *CLI Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information for LTE policy configurations on this system including congestion action profiles, handover restriction lists, paging maps, paging profiles, subscriber maps, and tracking area identifiers (TAIs).

Example

The following command displays information about a subscriber map named *map3*:

```
show lte-policy subscriber-map name map3
```



Important Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.