

EPDG Service Configuration Mode Commands

Command Modes

Creates Evolved Packet Data GateWay service and enters EPDG service configuration mode.

Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration

configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name

Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#

- aaa, on page 2
- allow, on page 2
- associate, on page 3
- bind, on page 4
- data-buffering, on page 5
- dns-pgw, on page 5
- end, on page 6
- exit, on page 7
- fqdn, on page 7
- ip, on page 8
- max-sessions, on page 9
- mobile-access-gateway, on page 10
- newcall, on page 10
- pdn-type, on page 11
- pgw-selection, on page 12
- plmn, on page 13
- reporting-action, on page 14
- setup-timeout, on page 14
- subscriber, on page 15
- threshold, on page 16
- timeout idle, on page 17
- username, on page 19
- vendor-specific-attr, on page 20

aaa

	This command configures AAA parameters for ePDG service.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Syntax Description	aaa send framed-mtu value aaa send framed-mtu
	no
	Disables AAA parameters for ePDG service.
	send
	Configures AVP to be send to AAA server.
	framed-mtu <i>value</i>
	This is the framed-MTU AVP value to be sent in DER, which is an integer from 64 through 1500.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure AAA parameters for ePDG service.
	Example
	The following command configures framed-MTU AVP value 100 to be send to AAA server for ePDG service.
	aaa send framed-mtu 100
allow	

	This command allows duplicate precedence in a TFT for a S2b ePDG session.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>[no] allow { custom-swm-swu-error-mapping duplicate-prec-in-tft }</pre>

	no Disables allowing exception.
	custom-swm-swu-error-mapping Customises mapping of SWm errors with SWu Notify Error Type.
	duplicate-prec-in-tft The duplicate precedence is allowed in a tft for a S2b ePDG session.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to allow exception with Spec or RFC.
	Example

The following command is used to allow duplicate precedence in a tft for a S2b ePDG session.

allow duplicate-prec-in-tft

associate

This command associates configuration of ePDG service to qci-qos mapping and EGTP service.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>associate { egtp-service egtp_service_name gtpc-load-control-profile gtpc_load_control_profile_name gtpc-overload-control-profile gtpc_overload_control_profile_name qci-qos-mapping qci_qos_mapping subscriber-map subscriber_map_name } no associate { egtp-service gtpc-load-control-profile gtpc_load_control_profile_name gtpc-overload-control-profile gtpc_overload_control_profile_name gtpc-overload-control-profile</pre>
	no
	Disables association.
	egtp-service egtp_service_name

The eGTP service should be configured before associating the same with ePDG service. *egtp_service_name* is a string and the value must be between *1* and *63*.

gtpc-load-control-profile gtpc_load_control_profile_name Associates GTPC-load-control-profile for the epdg service. I and 64. gtpc-overload-control-profile gtpc_overload_control_profile_name Associates GTPC-overload-control-profile for the ePDG service. I and 64. qci-qos-mapping qci_qos_mapping The associated qci-qos mapping table should be configured prior to associating the same with ePDG service. qci-qos_mapping is a string and the value must be between I and 63. subscriber-map subscriber_map_name Configures subscriber map association to get PGW address locally. subscriber_map_name is a string and the size must be between 1 and 64. Usage Guidelines Use this command to associate the ePDG service to egtp service or QCI to QoS mapping.

Example

The following command removes the association of epdg service to egtp service.

no associate egtp-service

bind

	This command binds the services.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>bind address bind_address crypto-template crypto_template_service_name no bind address</pre>
	no

Disables binding.

address bind_address

Specifies the address of the EPDG service. This must be followed by an IPv4 address, using dotted-decimal notation or an IPv6 address, using xx::yy::zz format.

crypto-template crypto_template_service_name

Specifyes the crypto template to use, this is a string of size between 0 and 127.

Use this command to bind the ePDG service.

Example

The following command binds the ePDG Service to the IPv4 address 12.32.44.56.

bind address 12.32.44.56

data-buffering

This command allows to downlink packets to be buffered, while session is in connecting state. By default it is enabled.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Syntax Description	[no default] data-buffering
	no
	Disables data buffering.
	default
	Sets / restores the data buffering to its default value. By default, the data buffering is enabled.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to allow to downlink packets to be buffered, while session is in connecting state.
	Example
	The following command allows to set the default value of the data-buffering.
	default data-buffering
dns-pgw	

Configures context of dns-client.

ePDG

Product

EPDG Service Configuration Mode Commands

Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>dns-pgw { context dns_client_context_name selection { topology [weight] weight } } { no default } dns-pgw { context selection { topology [weight] </pre>
	weight } }
	default
	Configures context of dns-client to its default value.
	no
	Disables dns-client's context.
	context dns_client_context_name
	Specifies the dns-client's context name, which is a string and should be between 1 and 79.
	selection { topology [weight] weight }
	Specifies the pgw dns selection criteria.
	topology: Enables topology selection.
	topology weight: Enables topology with weight.
	weight: Enables selection with weight-only, disables topology selection.
Usage Guidelines	Enable/disable PGW Selection based on topology and load-balancing of PGWs on weight's from DNS.
-	Use this command to configure the source in which dns-client is configured, dns-pgw selection toplogy/weight will be used to enable/disable PGW Selection based on topology and load-balancing of PGWs.
	Example
	Use the following command to configure dns-client context.
	dns-pgw context 21
ond	
GIIU	
	Exits the current configuration mode and returns to the Exec mode.
Product	All

Privilege	Security Administrator,	Administrator
-----------	-------------------------	---------------

Syntax Description end

Usage Guidelines Use this command to return to the Exec mode.

exit

Exits the current mode and returns to the parent configuration mode.

Product	All
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Syntax Description	exit
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to return to the parent configuration mode.

fqdn

	Designates ePDG fully qualified domain name.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > ePDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	fqdn epdg_fqdn

{ no | default } fqdn

default

Resets the ePDG fully qualified domain name to its default setting.

no

Disables ePDG FQDN.

fqdn *epdg_fqdn*

Designates ePDG with fully qualified domain name, name is a string between 1 and 256 alphanumeric characters.

ip

Usage Guidelines Use this command to configure ePDG FQDN under ePDG service which will be used for longest suffix match during dynamic allocation.

Example

Use the following command to disable ePDG FQDN:

no fqdn

ip

	This command configures Internet Protocol (IP) parameters.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>ip fragment-chain { max-ooo-fragment fragments timeout secs } default ip fragment-chain { max-ooo-fragment timeout }</pre>
	default
	Resets the ePDG Internet Protocol(IP) parameters to default values.
	fragment-chain
	This option configures ip fragment chain settings during TFT handling.
	max-ooo-fragment <i>fragments</i>
	This is the number of fragments to buffer per fragment chain for out-of-order reception before receiving first fragment(for L4 packet filtering).
	fragments is an integer value from 0 through 300.
	The default value is 45.
	0 represents no buffering is done for out-of-order fragments, correct bearer will be selected with first fragment.
	timeout <i>secs</i>

This is the time to hold an ip fragment chain.

secs is an integer value from 1 through 10.

The default value is 5.

Use this command to configure ePDG Internet Protocol (IP) parameters.

Example

Use the following command to configure ePDG IP parameter timeout to 6 seconds:

```
ip fragment-chain timeout 6
```

max-sessions

This command configures the approximate maximum number of sessions ePDG service can support, ranging from 0 to 1000000. Default is 1000000.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	max-sessions value default max-sessions
	default
	Resets the approximate maximum number of sessions that ePDG service can support to default value (1000000).
	value
	This is the approximate maximum number of sessions that ePDG service can support, ranging from 0 to 1000000.
	The default value is 1000000.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure the approximate maximum number of sessions that ePDG service can support.
	Example
	Use the following command to configure the approximate maximum number of sessions that ePDG service can support to 10.

max-sessions 10

I

mobile-access-gateway

	Configures MAG context within epdg service.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>mobile-access-gateway context context_name [mag-service mag_service_name] no mobile-access-gateway context</pre>
	no
	Disables MAG context.
	mobile-access-gateway context <i>context_name</i> [mag-service <i>mag_service_name</i>]
	context designates the name of the context in which the MAG service is configured. This must be followed by <i>context_name</i> of MAG service of size <i>1</i> to 79 characters.
	mag-service designates the name of the MAG service. This must be followed by <i>mag_service_name</i> of size <i>1</i> to <i>63</i> characters.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to specify where MIPv6 sessions are routed through this service.
	Example
	Use the following command to configure MAG context with context name fg.
	mobile-access-gateway context fg

newcall

	Configures new call related behavior.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	[no default] newcall duplicate-session notify-delete name
	no
	Disables new call related behavior.
	default
	Sets the default value for the new call related behavior. 'notify-delete' is enabled by default.
	duplicate-session
	Configures action regarding duplicate session.
	notify-delete
	Initiate delete session request to PGW during reattach if another PGW is selected. Enabled by default.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure new call related behavior.
	Example
	The following example configures new call related behavior:
	newcall duplicate-session notify-delete

pdn-type

	This command configures pdn-type related parameters for ePDG service.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	[no] pdn-type ipv6 path-mtu
	no
	Disables pdn-type related parameters for ePDG service.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure pdn-type related parameters for ePDG service.

Example

Use the following command to disable pdn-type related parameters for ePDG service. no pdn-type ipv6 path-mtu

pgw-selection

 Product
 ePDG

 Privilege
 Security Administrator, Administrator

 Command Modes
 Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration

 configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name

 Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

 [context_name] host_name(config-epdg-service) #

Configures pgw-selection related parameters for the EPDG service.

Syntax Description [no] pgw-selection select pgw 4gonly-ue no-5gs-interworking { agent-info error-terminate | local-configuration-preferred | prefer aaa-pgw-id }

no

Disables pgw-selection related parameters for the EPDG service.

pgw-selection select pgw 4gonly-ue

If the P-GW is enabled for 4G only UE, ePDG selects the P-GW by overriding the default SMF selection.

pgw-selection select pgw no-5gs-interworking

If the P-GW is enabled for 5Gs interworking not subscribed cases, ePDG selects the P-GW and overrides the default SMF+PGW-IWK selection.

pgw-selection agent-info error-terminate

agent-info specifies the action to be taken when MIP6-agent-info is expected but not received from AAA/HSS. **error-terminate** terminates the pgw-selection and rejects the call.

local-configuration-preferred

Configures local PGW selection as the preferred mechanism. Applicable for initial attach. Default is AAA/DNS based selection.

prefer aaa-pgw-id

Configures AAA provided PGW ID(IP address/FQDN) selection as the preferred mechanism for initial attach.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to terminate the pgw-selection and reject the call when MIP6-agent-info is expected but not received from AAA/HSS.

Example

Use the following command to terminate pgw-selection and reject the call.

```
pgw-selection agent-info error-terminate
```

Example

Use the following configuration to override this default behavior and select P-GW as a preferred node:

```
configure
    context context_name
    epdg-service service_name
    [ no ] pgw-selection select pgw no-5gs-interworking
    end
```

plmn

Configures PLMN related parameters for the EPDG service.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	plmn id mcc mcc_plmn_id mnc mnc_plmn_id no plmn id
	no
	Disables PLMN related parameters for the EPDG service.
	plmn id mcc <i>mcc_plmn_id</i> mnc <i>mnc_plmn_id</i>
	plmn id mcc <i>mcc_plmn_id</i> configures MCC part of PLMN ID for the EPDG service and prompts as " Enter a number, ranging from 200999 - string of size 3 to 3" . <i>mcc_plmn_id</i> is a string of three characters, entered as number between 200 and 999.

	mnc <i>mnc_plmn_id</i> configures MNC part of PLMN ID for the EPDG service and prompts as "Enter a number, ranging from 00999 - string of size 2 to 3" . <i>mnc_plmn_id</i> is a string of two to three characters, entered as number between 00 and 000
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure PLMN identifier (MCC and MNC Values) for ePDG Service.

Example

Use the following command to configure PLMN identifier MCC 456 and MNC 64 for ePDG service.

plmn id mcc 456 mnc 64

reporting-action

	Configures reporting of events.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > ePDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg-service epdg_service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[local]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	[no] reporting-action event-record
	no
	Disables RTT record generation for this ePDG service.
	event-record
	Configures event records.
Syntax Description	Use this command to configure the reporting of events for the EPDG service.
	Example
	The following command configures the reporting of event records:
	reporting-action event-record

setup-timeout

Maximum time allowed for session setup in seconds.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	setup-timeout time default setup-timeout
	default
	Sets up the maximum time allowed for a session to default value (as 60 seconds).
	setup-timeout <i>time</i>
	time is an integer value between 2 and 300.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure maximum time allowed for session setup in seconds.
	Example
	Use the following command to configure maximum session time as 120 seconds:

Use the following command to configure maximum session time as 120 seconds: setup-timeout 120

subscriber

I

	Configures a subscriber with a given name.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	[default] subscriber name no subscriber
	default
	Configures a subscriber with a given default name.

I

	no Cancels the subscriber configuration.
Usage Guidelines	subscriber <i>name</i> Configures a subscriber with a given name, which is a string of size between 1 and 127. Use this command to configure the subscriber with a given name.
	Example Use the following command to configure the subscriber as sss.

subscriber sss

threshold

This command is used to configure threshold values to set and clear the alarms for each monitoring parameters separately.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>threshold { epdg-ikev2-authentication-failures epdg-ikev2-setup-attempts epdg-ikev2-setup-failure epdg-ikev2-setup-failure-rate epdg-ikev2-setup-success } threshold_value [clear clear_value] no threshold { epdg-ikev2-authentication-failures epdg-ikev2-setup-attempts epdg-ikev2-setup-failure epdg-ikev2-setup-failure-rate epdg-ikev2-setup-success }</pre>
	no
	Disables the configuration of a specific threshold for ePDG service.
	epdg-ikev2-authentication-failures threshold_value

Configures the threshold value for IKEv2 Authentication Failures.

threshold_value is the threshold value for IKEv2 Authentication Failures, which is an integer between 0 and 1000000.

epdg-ikev2-setup-attempts threshold_value

Configures the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Attempts.

threshold_value is the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Attempts, which is an integer between 0 and 10000000.

epdg-ikev2-setup-failure threshold_value

Configures the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Failure.

threshold_value is the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Failure, which is an integer between 0 and 1000000.

epdg-ikev2-setup-failure-rate threshold_value

Configures the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Failure Rate.

threshold_value is the percentage of IKEv2 Setup Failure Rate, which is an integer between 0 and 100.

epdg-ikev2-setup-success threshold_value

Configures the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Success.

threshold_value is the threshold value for IKEv2 Setup Success, which is an integer between 0 and 10000000.

clear clear_value

Configures the alarm clear threshold for the following.

- IKEv2 Authentication Failures. *clear_value* is the number of IKEv2 Authentication Failures, which is an integer between 0 and 1000000.
- IKEv2 Setup Attempts. *clear_value* is the number of IKEv2 Setup Attempts, which is an integer between 0 and 10000000.
- IKEv2 Setup Failure. *clear_value* is the number of IKEv2 Setup Failure, which is an integer between 0 and 1000000.
- IKEv2 Setup Failure Rate. *clear_value* is the percentage of IKEv2 Setup Failure Rate, which is an integer between 0 and 100.
- IKEv2 Setup Success. *clear_value* is the number of IKEv2 Setup Success, which is an integer between 0 and 10000000.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to configure a specific threshold for ePDG service.

Example

The following command configures ePDG IKEV2 Authentication Failures threshold as 50 for a specific ePDG Service.

threshold epdg-ikev2-authentication-failures 50

timeout idle

Configures the subscriber's time-to-live (TTL) settings for the EPDG service.

Product

ePDG

Privilege System Administrator, Administrator Command Modes Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > ePDG Service Configuration configure > context context_name > epdg-service epdg_service_name Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt: [local]host_name(config-epdg-service)# Syntax Description timeout idle sec { micro-checkpoint-deemed-idle [dur] | micro-checkpoint-periodicity dur } no timeout idle

default timeout idle

no

Disables idle timeout configuration along with the idle seconds micro-checkpoint duration or deemed idle duration configuration.

default

Configures the default value for subscriber's time out settings. The idle timeout default value is 0. The default value of micro-checkpoint-deemed-idle would be 0 seconds and that for micro-checkpoint-periodicity is 10 seconds.

idle*sec*

Designates the maximum duration a session can remain idle, in seconds, before system automatically terminates the session. Must be followed by number of seconds between 0 and 2147483647. Zero indicates function is disabled.

micro-checkpoint-deemed-idledledur

Configures micro-checkpoint duration when UE is deemed idle for this Subscriber. Default is "0" (disabled). dur is an integer between 10 and 1000.

micro-checkpoint-periodicity dur

Configures the micro-checkpoint-periodicity for this Subscriber. Default is "10". dur is the an integer between 10 and 10000.

Syntax Description Use this command to configure the subscriber's time-to-live (TTL) settings for the EPDG service.

Example

The following command configures the idle timeout to 10 and micro-checkpoint-periodicity to 50 for the subscriber:

timeout idle 10 micro-checkpoint-periodicity 50

username

	Sets the options related to username received from mobile.
Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>username { check-mac-address [failure-handling { continue terminate }] mac-address-delimiter { NAI-label colon colon-or-NAI-label } mac-address-stripping } no username { check-mac-address mac-address-stripping }</pre>
	no
	Cancels the options related to username received from mobile.
	username {
	check-mac-address validates Mac address. By default, Mac address is not validated.
	failure-handling { continue terminate } : MAC Address validation failure handling configuration.
	continue ignores failure and continues.
	terminate terminates session on request failure.
	mac-address-delimiter is the second delimiter to be used to extract the MAC address from username when first delimiter is '@'.
	NAI-label NAI-label(.nai) to be used to extract the MAC Address from username as a second delimiter when first delimiter is '@'.
	colon Colon(:) to be used to extract the MAC Address from username as a second delimiter when first delimiter is '@'.
	colon-or-NAI-la bel Either colon(:) or NAI-Label(.nai) to be used to extract the MAC address from username as a second delimiter when first delimiter is '@'. This is the default option.
	mac-address-stripping strips Mac Address from the username. By default, it is disabled.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the options (Validate Mac address / mac-address-delimiter / mac-address-stripping) related to username received from mobile.

Example

Use the following command to set the options related to username received from mobile.

username check-mac-address failure-handling terminate

vendor-specific-attr

Configures the vendor-specific-attributes values on PMIP based S2b interface.

Product	ePDG
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context > EPDG Service Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > epdg service service_name</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-epdg-service)#
Syntax Description	<pre>vendor-specific-attr { dns-server-req { apco pco } pcscf-server-req { apco private-extn } } default vendor-specific-attr { dns-server-req pcscf-server-req }</pre>
	default
	Configues vendor-specific-attributes to default the value. Default setting is to use APCO IE for DNS Server Address and PrivateExtension IE for PCSCF Server Address.
	dns-server-req
	Configures the DNS Server Address to be present in PCO/APCO IE.
	apco
	Configures to use APCO IE to carry information over PMIP based S2b.
	pco
	Configures to use PCO IE to carry information over PMIP based S2b.
	pcscf-server-req
	Configures the PCSCF Server Address to be present in APCO/PrivateExtn IE.
	apco
	Configures to use APCO IE to carry information over GTP based S2b.
	private-extn
	Configures to use PrivateExtension IE to carry information over GTP based S2b.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to configure the vendor-specific-attributes values on PMIP based S2b interface.

Example

Use the following command to configure the vendor-specific-attributes values on PMIP based S2b interface to pco.

vendor-specific-attr dns-server-req pco