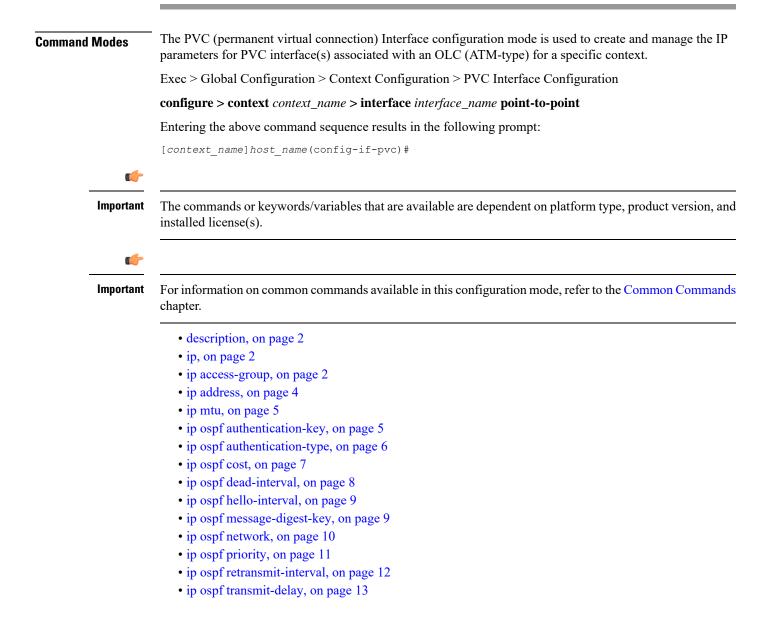


PVC Interface Configuration Mode Commands



description

	Defines descriptive text to provide useful information about the current interface.
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	description text no description
	no
	Erases the port's description from the configuration file.
	text
	<i>text:</i> Must be a string of 1 to 79 alphanumeric characters with no spaces or a string within double quotes that includes printable characters. The description is case-sensitive.
Usage Guidelines	Set the description to provide helpful information, for example the port's primary function, services, end users. Define any information, the only limit is the number of characters, 79.
	Example
	description "PVC12 connects server 1 to home office."
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р	
	The commands in this section are used to configure the IP parameters for the PVC interface.
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Important	Before configuring the OSPF parameters in this section, you need to enable OSPF using the router command and OSPF configuration sub-mode commands accessed in the Context configuration mode and documented in the Context Configuration Mode chapter of this Command Line Interface Reference.

ip access-group

This command identities the access control list (ACL to be associated with this PVC interface in this context.

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Important	Prior to using this command, the access list must be created for this context with the ip access-list command in the Context configuration mode and then the ACL must be configured using the commands described in CLI chapter ACL Configuration Mode.
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	<pre>ip access-group name { in out } no ip access-group name { in out }</pre>
	ΝΟ
	Indicates the specified access group to be removed from the access list.
	name
	Specifies the access control list (ACL) rule to be added or removed from the group.
	name: Must be a string of 1 to 79 alphanumeric characters with no spaces.
(
Important	Up to 8 ACLs can be applied to a group provided that the number of rules configured within the ACL(s) does not exceed the 128 rule limit for the interface.
	in out
	in: Specifies list is for in-bound access control.
	out: Specifies the list is for out-bound access control.
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Important	Even though "in" or "out" can be specified, context-level ACL rules are automatically applied to both directions.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to add IP access lists configured for the same context to an IP access-group. The list can be configured to apply to all inbound and/or outbound traffic.
	Example
	The following adds ACL access-list-1 to the IP access-group associated with this PVC for this context.

ip access-group access-list-1 in

ip address

Defines the primary IP address and the network mask to be associated with this PVC interface for this context. This command can also be used to configure the secondary IP address.

Product	- SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	<pre>ip address ip_address ip_mask [secondary] no ip address ip_address</pre>
	no
	Removes the IP address information for this PVC from the configuration. It is not necessary to include the subnet mask with the command.
	The command must first be issued with the secondary IP address if one exists and then re-issued with the primary IP address.
	address <i>ip_address ip_mask</i>
	Configures the IP address and the network mask for this PVC interface. The first time this command is entered, it automatically defines the primary IP address for this interface.
	<i>ip_address</i> and <i>ip_mask</i> must be specified using the standard IPv4 or IPv6 dotted decimal notation.
	secondary
	secondary: Including this keyword indicates the IP address and subnet mask being defined are to be used as the secondary IP address for this PVC interface. This is referred to as multi-homing of the interface.
Usage Guidelines	Configures or deletes the IPv4 or IPv6 addresses and subnet mask to be associated with this PVC.
	Example
	The following configures the secondary IP address to associate with the interface.
	ip address 131.2.3.4 255.255.255.0 secondary
	The following set of commands removes the primary IP address from the PVC interface configuration for this context.
	no ip address secondary address no ip address primary address

ip mtu

	Configures the maximum transmission unit (MTU) to be supported on this interface.
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	ip mtu value no ip mtu
	no
	Disables and/or restores the option to the system default.
	mtu <i>value</i>
	Configures the maximum transmission unit in octets.
	value: Enter an integer between 576 and 1600. Default is 1500.
Usage Guidelines	Change the maximum transmission unit size to 1300.
	Example

ip mtu 1300

ip ospf authentication-key

This command configures the password or key to be used for OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) authentication with neighboring routers.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#

Syntax Description	<pre>ip ospf authentication-key [encrypted] password auth_key no ip ospf authentication-key</pre>
	no
	Deletes the authentication key.
	encrypted
	Enter this keyword if you are pasting a previously encrypted authentication key into the password <i>auth_key</i> for this command.
	password <i>auth_key</i>
	<i>auth_key</i> is a string variable, from 1 through 16 alphanumeric characters, that denotes the authentication key (password). This variable is entered in clear text format.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the authentication key used when authenticating with neighboring routers.
	Example
	To set the authentication key to 123abc, use the following command;
	ip ospf authentication-key password 123abc
	Use the following command to delete the authentication key;
	no ip ospf authentication-key

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ip ospf authentication-type

This command configures the OSPF authentication method to be used with OSPF neighbors over the logical interface.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	<pre>ip ospf authentication-type { message-digest null text } no ip ospf authentication-type { message-digest null text }</pre>
	no

Disable this function.

	message-digest
	Set the OSPF authentication type to use the message digest (MD) authentication method.
	null
	Set the OSPF authentication type to use no authentication, thus disabling either MD or clear text methods.
	text
	Set the OSPF authentication type to use the clear text authentication method.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the type of authentication to use when authenticating with neighboring routers.
	Example
	To set the authentication type to use clear text, enter the following command;

ip ospf authentication-type text

ip ospf cost

This command configures the cost associated with sending a packet over this logical interface.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	<pre>Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt: [context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#</pre>
Syntax Description	ip ospf cost value no ip ospf cost
	no Disable this function.
	value
	Default: 10
	The cost to assign to OSPF packets. This must be an integer from 1 through 65535.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the cost associated with routes from the interface.

Example

Use the following command to set the cost to 20;

ip ospf cost 20

Use the following command to disable the cost setting;

no ip ospf cost

ip ospf dead-interval

This command configures the dead-interval and the delay time in seconds, for OSPF communications.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point Entering the choice commond common complete in the following prompt:
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt: [context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	ip ospf dead-interval value no ip ospf dead-interval
	no
	Deletes the value set and returns the value to its default.
	value
	The interval, in seconds, that the router should wait. During this interval, if no packets are received then the system considers the neighboring router to be off-line. This interval is typically 4 times the duration of the hello-interval.
	value must be an integer from 1 through 65535. Default: 40
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the dead-intervals or delays for OSPF communications.
	Example
	To set the dead-interval to 100, use the following command;
	ip ospf dead-interval 100
	To delete the setting for the dead-interval and reset the dead-interval value to its default of 40, use the following command'

no ip ospf dead-interval

ip ospf hello-interval

	This command configures the delay time in seconds, for OSPF hello interval.
Product	- SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	ip ospf hello-interval value no ip ospf hello-interval
	no
	Deletes the value set and returns the value to its default.
	value
	The interval, in seconds, between sending hello packets. This value is typically set to be $1/4$ of the value of the dead-interval .
	value must be an integer from 1 through 65535. Default: 10
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the delays for the hello-interval.
	Example
	To set the hello-interval to 25, use the following command;
	ip ospf hello-interval 25
	To delete the setting for the hello-interval and reset the hello-interval value to its default of 10, use the following command'
	no ip ospf hello-interval

ip ospf message-digest-key

This command enables the use of MD5-based OSPF authentication.

Product SGSN

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator

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Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	<pre>ip ospf message-digest-key key_id md5 [encrypted] password authentication_key no ip ospfmessage-digest-key key_id</pre>
	no
	Deletes the key.
	message-digest-key key_id
	Specifies the key identifier number. key_id must be an integer from 1 through 255.
	encrypted
	Use this if you are pasting a previously encrypted authentication key into the CLI command.
	password <i>authentication_key</i>
	The password to use for authentication. <i>authentication_key</i> is a string variable, from 1 through 16 alphanumeric characters, that denotes the authentication password. This variable is entered in clear text format.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to create an authentication key that uses MD5-based OSPF authentication.
	Example
	To create a key with the ID of 25 and a password of 123abc, use the following command;
	ip ospf message-digest-key 25 md5 password 123abc
	To delete the same key, enter the following command;
	no ip ospf message-digest-key 25

ip ospf network

Configures the OSPF network type.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#

Syntax Description	<pre>ip ospf network { broadcast non-broadcast point-to-multipoint point-to-point } no ip ospf network</pre>
	no
	Disable this function.
	broadcast
	Sets the network type to broadcast.
	non-broadcast
	Sets the network type to non-broadcast multi access (NBMA).
	point-to-multipoint
	Sets the network type to point-to-multipoint.
	point-to-point
	Sets the network type to point-to-point.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to specify the OSPF network type.
	Example
	To set the OSPF network type to broadcast, enter the following command;
	ip ospf network broadcast
	To disable the OSPF network type, enter the following command;
	no ip ospf network

ip ospf priority

This command designates the OSPF router priority.

Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#

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Syntax Description	<pre>ip ospf priority value no ip ospf priority value</pre>
	no
	Disable this function.
	value
	The priority value to assign. This must be an integer from 0 through 255.
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the OSPF router priority.
	Example
	To set the priority to 25, enter the following command:
	ip ospf priority 25
	To disable the priority, enter the following command:
	no ip ospf priority

ip ospf retransmit-interval

	This command configures the retransmit-interval and the delay time in seconds, for OSPF communications.
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	ip ospf dead-interval value no ip ospf dead-interval
	no
	Deletes the value set and returns the value to its default.
	value
	The interval, in seconds, between LSA (Link State Advertisement) retransmissions.
	<i>value</i> must be an integer from 1 through 65535. Default: 5
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the retransmit-intervals or delays for OSPF communications.

Example

To set the dead-interval to 25, use the following command;

```
ip ospf retransmit-interval 25
```

ip ospf transmit-delay

	This command configures the transmit-delay the OSPF communications parameters.
Product	SGSN
Privilege	Security Administrator, Administrator
Command Modes	Exec > Global Configuration > Context Configuration > PVC Interface Configuration
	<pre>configure > context context_name > interface interface_name point-to-point</pre>
	Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:
	[context_name]host_name(config-if-pvc)#
Syntax Description	ip ospf transmit-delay value no ip ospf transmit-delay
	no
	Deletes the value set and returns the value to its default.
	transmit-delay <i>value</i>
	The interval, in seconds, that the router should wait before transmitting a packet.
	value must be an integer from 1 through 65535. Default: 1
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to set the transmit-delay.
	Example
	To set the transmit delay to 5 seconds, use the following command;
	ip ospf transmit-delay 5
	To delete the setting for the transmit-delay or reset the transmit-delay value to its default of 1, use the following command'

no ip ospf transmit-delay