

# **Local Policy Ruledef Configuration Mode Commands**

## **Command Modes**

The Local Policy Ruledef Configuration Mode is used to configure the rule definitions to be used for local QoS policies.

Exec > Global Configuration > Local Policy Service Configuration > Local Policy Ruledef Configuration configure > local-policy-service service\_name > ruledef ruledef\_name

Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

[context\_name]host\_name(config-local-policy-ruledef)#



# **Important**

The commands or keywords/variables that are available are dependent on platform type, product version, and installed license(s).

- condition, on page 2
- end, on page 7
- exit, on page 8

# condition

This command is used to configure the conditions which trigger the ruledef event.

**Product** 

P-GW

SAEGW

## **Privilege**

Security Administrator, Administrator

# **Command Modes**

Exec > Global Configuration > Local Policy Service Configuration > Local Policy Ruledef Configuration

configure > local-policy-service service\_name > ruledef ruledef\_name

Entering the above command sequence results in the following prompt:

[context name]host name(config-local-policy-ruledef)#

# **Syntax Description**

```
condition priority priority { variable { eq | ge | gt | le | lt | match | ne
  | nomatch } regex | string_value | int_value | set }
no condition priority priority
```

# priority priority

Specifies a priority for the specified condition.

priority must be unique and an integer from 1 to 2048.

# variable

The following variables are supported:

• 3g-uli mcc mcc\_num mnc mnc\_num tac

Configures 3G-ULI parameter with values for MCC, MNC and LAC. Operator takes specific action or applies local-policy rule based on the 3G-ULI value in Change event notification from MME.

- mcc mcc num: MCC is a three digit number from 001 to 999. It is a string of size 3 to 3.
- mnc mnc num: MNC is a two or three digit number from 01 to 999. It is a string of size 2 to 3.
- lac: LAC is a 4 byte field. It is a string of 4 hexadecimal values from 0x1 to 0xffff.

#### • apn

The APN associated with the current session expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### arp

The ARP value associated with the current session expressed as an integer from 1 through 15.

## · bandwidth

Total bandwidth associated with the QCI and ARP value associated with the request, expressed as an integer from 0 through 1000000000.

# • bsid

Base Station Identifier associated with the subscriber expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### · cause-code

Failure Cause Code associated with the subscriber expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### date

Date value to match. <Clock in format YYYY:MM:DD>

#### · day-of-month

The day of the month to match the rule to, expressed as an integer from 1 through 31.

#### · day-of-week

Sunday...Saturday, expressed as an integer from 1 to 7.

#### • ecgi mcc mcc num mnc mnc num eci

Configures E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier with values for MCC, MNC and ECI. Operator takes specific action or applies local-policy rule based on the ECGI value in ECGI-Change event notification from MME.

- mcc mcc num: MCC is a three digit number from 001 to 999. It is a string of size 3 to 3.
- mnc mnc num: MNC is a two or three digit number from 01 to 999. It is a string of size 2 to 3.
- eci: ECI is a hexadecimal number from 0x1 to 0xfffffff. It is a string of size 1 to 7.

# • final-unit-action { redirect | restrict-access | terminate } [ filter-id ] [ eq | ge | gt | le | lt | match | ne | nomatch ] filter-id

This variable allows configuring different filter IDs and different Final-Unit-Action (FUA) actions for the events like out-of-credit, etc. Based on the FUA and filter ID values, local policy engine will either install pre-configured redirection rules/pre-configured rule that might drop all packets, or push a different rule/policy.

When the FUA received from the session manager during out-of-credit scenario matches with the configured FUA, then one of the following actions will be taken. If multiple filter-ids are configured, then at least one filter-id should be matched.

- redirect: Redirects the service
- restrict-access : Restricts the service
- terminate: Terminates the service

*filter-id*: This variable denotes the name of the filter list for the user. *filter-id* is a string of 1 through 128 characters. Note that **match**, **nomatch**, **ne**, and **eq** are more appropriate operators though other values can also be used. Wild card values can be specified for string match.



#### **Important**

This feature of supporting FUA in local policy will be active only when Gx Assume Positive is active.

# • imeisv

IMEISV of the user equipment expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### • imsi

IMSI associated with the subscriber expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

# • local-policy-mode [ fallback | dual-mode | lp-only ]

This variable allows selecting different actions for different modes like local-policy only, dual-mode, and fallback mode for the same event.

- **fallback**: This mode indicates that the action has to be taken only when the call is with local-policy because of failure-handling.
- dual-mode: This mode indicates that action has to be taken if the call is in dual-mode wherein both PCRF and local-policy co-exist.
- Ip-only: This mode indicates that action has to be taken when only local-policy exists and PCRF does not.

#### meid

MEID associated with the subscriber expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### month-of-year

Jan, Feb....Dec, expressed as an integer from 1 through 12.

#### msisdr

MSISDN associated with the session expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

#### • nai

NAI associated with the session expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

# • pdn-type

Type of PDNs associated with the same APN.

- IPV4: IPv4 PDN Type
- IPV4V6: IPv4v6 PDN Type
- IPV6: IPv6 PDN Type

# • qci

QCI associated with the current event expressed as an integer from 1 through 254.

# · radio-access-technology

Radio access technology associated with the subscriber:

- cdma-1xrtt: CDMA 1X RTT radio access technology
- · cdma-evdo: CDMA-EVDO radio access technology
- cdma-evdo-reva: CDMA EVDO REVA radio access technology
- cdma-other: Other CDMA radio access technologies
- ehrpd: EHRPD radio access technology
- eutran: EUTRAN radio access technology

- gan: GAN radio access technology
- gprs-geran: GPRS GERAN radio access technology
- gprs-other: Other GPRS radio access technology
- hspa: HSPA radio access technology
- unknown: Unknown radio access technology
- wcdma-utran: WCDMA UTRAN radio access technology
- wimax: WiMax radio access technology
- wireless-lan: Wireless LAN radio access technology

# · serving-node-address

IP address associated with the current node serving the subscriber entered using IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

# serving-plmn

PLMN associated with the current node serving the subscriber expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

# • tai mcc mcc num mnc mnc num tac

Configures Tracking Area Identification associated with the subscriber. Operator takes specific action or applies local-policy rule based on the TAI value in TAI-Change event notification from MME.

- mcc mcc num: MCC is a three digit number from 001 to 999. It is a string of size 3 to 3.
- mnc mnc\_num: MNC is a two or three digit number from 01 to 999. It is a string of size 2 to 3.
- tac: TAC is a 4 byte field. It is a string of 4 hexadecimal values from 0x1 to 0xffff.

# time-of-day

Time associated with the change. <Clock in format HH:mm:ss or HH:mm >

# eq | ge | gt | le | lt | match | ne | nomatch

- eq: Operation equal to
- ge: Operation greater than or equal to
- gt: Operation greater than
- le: Operation less than or equal to
- It: Operation less than

**match**: Operation match

ne: Operation not equal to

nomatch: Operation nomatch

# no condition priority priority

Deletes the specified condition.

# **Usage Guidelines**

Use this command to configure the conditions which trigger the ruledef event. A ruledef represents a set of matching conditions.

This command can be entered multiple times to configure multiple conditions for a ruledef. The conditions are examined in priority order until a match is found and the corresponding condition is applied.

# **Example**

The following command creates a condition with priority set to 5 and configured match apn myapn\*:

condition priority 5 apn match myapn\*

end

# end

Product

Privilege

Exits the current configuration mode and returns to the Exec mode.
All
Security Administrator, Administrator

Syntax Description
Usage Guidelines

Use this command to return to the Exec mode.

# exit

Exits the current mode and returns to the parent configuration mode.

Product All

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator

Syntax Description exit

**Usage Guidelines** Use this command to return to the parent configuration mode.