

# Troubleshoot

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## Locate chip.log File

If you are asked to send the chip.log file, use the following procedure.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Do one of the following:
  - For Windows, navigate to %HOMEPATH%\Appdata\LocalLow\Cisco\chip.
  - **Note** %HOMEPATH% is generally of the form 'C:\Users\username'.
  - For Safari and Firefox (49 or below) on Mac OS X, navigate to ~/Library/"Internet Plug-Ins"/"Cisco Jabber Guest
  - Plug-in.version-number.plugin"/Contents/Frameworks/Logs.
  - For Chrome and Firefox (50 or later) on Mac OS X, navigate to ~/Applications/Guest/App.app/Contents/Frameworks/Logs/
- **Step 2** Compress the file and email it back to the requester.

## Locate chip.dmp File

If your plug-in crashes, a dump file called chip.dmp is created. Currently, this file is created only for plug-in crashes on Microsoft Windows. If you are asked to send the chip.dmp file, follow this procedure.

### Procedure

Step 1	Navigat	e to <code>%HOMEPATH%\Appdata\LocalLow\Cisco\chip</code> .
	Note	%HOMEPATH% is generally of the form 'C:\Users\username'.
Step 2	Compre	ss the file and email it back to the requester.

## **Reset Admin Password for Cisco Jabber Guest Administration**

### Procedure

Step 1	Sign in to the Cisco Jabber Guest server as root.
Step 2	Change directory to /opt/cisco/webcommon/scripts:
	cd /opt/cisco/webcommon/scripts
Step 3	Enter the following command:
	python mongo_admin_reset.py
	The password is reset to its default value: jabbercserver.

## **Reset Root Password for Cisco Jabber Guest Server**

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Open a console session for the Cisco Jabber Guest server and restart the server.
- **Step 2** Press any key to interrupt the start process.
- Step 3 Press e to edit.
- **Step 4** From the entries, select **kernel** and press **e** to edit.

GNU GRUB version 0.97 (632K lower / 3140608K upper memory)
root (hd0,0)
kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.32-220.el6.x86_64 ro root=/dev/mapper/vg_kitllcbu+
initrd /initramfs-2.6.32-220.el6.x86_64.img
Use the t and I keys to collect which entry is highlighted
Use the $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ keys to select which entry is highlighted.
Press 'b' to boot, 'e' to edit the selected command in the
boot sequence, 'c' for a command-line, 'o' to open a new line
after ('0' for before) the selected line, 'd' to remove the
selected line, or escape to go back to the main menu.

- **Step 5** Start the server in single-user mode:
  - a) Add the word single to the end of the line.
  - b) Press the Enter key.

Minimal BASH-like line editing is supported. For the first word, TAB lists possible command completions. Anywhere else TAB lists the possible completions of a device/filename. ESC at any time cancels. ENTER at any time accepts your changes.]

<BEL=79d3d2d4 single

Step 6Press b to start the server.The Cisco Jabber Guest server starts in single-user mode.

eth0: registered as PCnet/PCI II 79C970A		
pcnet32: 1 cards_found.		
parport_pc 00:08: reported by Plug and Play ACPI		
parport0: PC-style at 0x378, irg 7 [PCSPP,TRISTATE]		
ppdev: user-space parallel port driver		
특별 특별하는 방법 방법에는 또 방법에서는 한 방법 특별한 방법에는 이용 것은 것이다. 이용 방법에서는 이용 방법에서 가장 가장에서 가장 방법에 있는 것이다.	[ 0]	K ]
Setting hostname localhost.localdomain:	01	K ]
Checking filesystems		
에는 이상 은행에는 일반에는 것은 전체에는 것은 이상에 가지 않는 비행에 <del>세계</del> 는 것이다. 이상 등 것이다.	01	( ]
Remounting root filesystem in read-write mode:	[ 0]	K ]
mount: according to mtab, /dev/sda1 is already mounted on /		
Mounting local filesystems:	[ 0]	K ]
Enabling /etc/fstab_swaps:	[ 0]	K ]
Welcome to CentOS		
Starting udev:	[ 0]	K 1
Setting hostname localhost.localdomain:	[ 0]	K ]
Checking filesystems		
	[ 0]	K ]
Remounting root filesystem in read-write mode:	[ 0]	K ]
mount: according to mtab, /dev/sda1 is already mounted on /		
Mounting local filesystems:	[ 0]	1
Enabling /etc/fstab_swaps:	01	ζ ]
[root@localhost /]# _		

**Step 7** Enter **passwd root**, and then enter a new password.

**Step 8** Restart the server.

## **Audio and Video Issues**

### **One-Way Video When Using VPN**

Problem Callers experience one-way video when using Cisco Jabber Guest over VPN.

**Possible Cause** The default Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) on Cisco Expressway-E is too high and can cause packet loss.

Solution Change the MTU.

### No Audio or Video on Single NIC Deployment

Problem No audio or video on single NIC deployment; media is terminating on the Cisco Expressway-E

**Possible Cause** On the Cisco Expressway-C, for the zone to the Cisco Jabber Guest server, **Media** encryption mode is not set to **Best effort**.

**Solution** Set **Media encryption mode** to **Best effort**. *Best effort* forces media from the Cisco Expressway-E to terminate on the Cisco Expressway-C.

### **Don't See Screen Share in Production Deployment**

Problem Callers don't see the screen share.

**Possible Cause** User Datagram Protocol (UDP)/Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP) settings have changed and the BFCP session may not be negotiated.

**Solution** On the Cisco Expressway-C, make sure that **SIP UDP/BFCP filter mode** is set to *Off.* On Cisco Unified Communications Manager, for endpoints that support BFCP and SIP trunk to Cisco Expressway-C, make sure that the SIP Profile is set to **Allow Presentation Sharing using BFCP**. For more information, see *Check BFCP Settings for Screen Sharing*.

### **Check BFCP Settings for Screen Sharing**

By default, Cisco Expressway-C passes the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)/Binary Floor Control Protocol (BFCP) setting untouched to and from Cisco Unified Communications Manager. That is, the **SIP UDP BFCP filter mode** setting, which determines whether INVITE requests sent to this zone filter out UDP/BFCP is set to *Off*. If the setting is set to *On*, UDP/BFCP settings are modified and the BFCP session may not be negotiated.

### Procedure

**Step 1** On the Cisco Expressway-C setting, do one of the following:

• From the administrator command-line interface, enter the following command:

xConfiguration Zones Zone <index> Neighbor SIP UDP BFCP Filter Mode: <On/Off>

Make sure that SIP UDP/BFCP filter mode is set to Off.

*Off* means that INVITE requests are not modified; *On* means that any media line referring to the UDP/BFCP protocol is replaced with TCP/BFCP and disabled.

- From the administrator web page, "Configuration Zones Edit Zones Advanced," set the profile to Custom and make sure that SIP UDP/BFCP filter mode is set to *Off.*
- **Step 2** On Cisco Unified Communications Manager, for endpoints that support BFCP and SIP trunk to Cisco Expressway-C, make sure that the SIP Profile is set to Allow Presentation Sharing using BFCP.

### **Don't See Screen Share in Lab Deployment**

**Problem** In a lab deployment in which Cisco Jabber Guest is pointed directly to Cisco Unified Communications Manager, without configuring Expressway, callers see a black screen instead of the screen share.

Possible Cause The media stream is blocked by a firewall.

Solution Enable a client-side firewall rule to allow the incoming screen share.

## **Call Links Redirect to Cisco Expressway-E Web Page**

Problem Call links redirect to the Cisco Expressway-E web page.

Possible Cause The Cisco Expressway-E administrator already uses ports 80 and 443.

**Solution** Remap incoming requests from the Cisco Jabber Guest client to Cisco Expressway-E on ports 80 and 443 to ports 9980 and 9443, respectively, using a firewall or similar in front of Cisco Expressway-E. For the mobile client, using 9980 or 9443 in call links is not supported; you must use port remapping on your firewall to remap port 80 to port 9980 and port 443 to port 9443.

#### **Related Topics**

Set Domain Used for Links Set Redirect URL for Mobile Clients

## **Plug-in Crashes**

Problem The plug-in crashes.

Possible Cause The video drivers may not be current.

Solution Make sure that the video drivers are up to date on the system.

## **Jabber Guest Web Administrator Page Does Not Load**

**Problem** The Cisco Jabber Guest Web Administrator page does not load after a Cisco Jabber Guest server restart.

Possible Cause The webcommon-ui service might not have been started properly.

Solution Restart the webcommon-ui service manually using the following procedure:

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Sign in to the Cisco Jabber Guest server as root.
- Step 2 Change directory to /etc/init.d
- **Step 3** Execute the following command:

service webcommon-ui restart

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# **Error Messages**

### Table 1: Error Messages

Location	Error Message	What It Means	
Cisco Jabber Guest webcommon logs	"IOException closing sock javax.net.ssl.SSLHandshakeException: General SSLEngine problem" appears In the Cisco Jabber Guest webcommon-tomcat.log file.	<ul> <li>When one of these messages appears, it may indicate a problem with the Expressway certificate that is uploaded to Cisco Jabber Guest Administration.</li> <li>Verify that the Expressway certificate that is uploaded to Cisco Jabber Guest Administration is either an Expressway certificate or the CA certificate that signed it:</li> <li>1. Check the common name (CN) of the issuer and the subject of the certificate that is uploaded to Expressway:</li> <li>a. On the Expressway, choose Maintenance &gt; Security certificates &gt; Server certificate.</li> </ul>	
Cisco Expressway Event Log	Negotiation Error" Service="SIP" Src-ip=" <ip address="">" Src-port="27510" Dst-ip="<ip </ip address&gt;" Dst-port="5061" Detail="No SSL error available, probably remote disconnect" Protocol="TLS" Level="1" UTCTime="yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss,732"ressway, for GuestSIP: Failed to connect to <ip </ip address&gt;:5061 : TLS negotiation failure</ip>		
On Cisco Expressway, status of zone for Cisco Jabber Guest server shows <i>Failed</i>		<ul> <li>b. Click Show (decoded).</li> <li>2. Check the CN of the issuer and the subject of the certificate that is uploaded to Cisco Jabber Guest Administration: <ul> <li>a. Sign in to Cisco Jabber Guest Administration.</li> <li>b. Click Settings, and then click Secure SIP Trust Certificate.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Make sure that Tomcat was restarted: service tomcat-as-standalone.sh restart</li> </ul>	

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Location	Error Message	What It Means
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Failed to acquire TURN credentials	This message may mean that the call control and media settings for Cisco Expressway-C may not be configured correctly. Check the settings:
		1. Sign in to Cisco Jabber Guest Administration as an administrator.
		2. Click Settings, and then click Call Control and Media.
		3. Under Cisco Expressway-C, if Request short-term TURN credentials from is set to Expressway-C server specified above, make sure that the value in the Expressway-C (IP address or DNS name) field is correct.
		<b>4.</b> Check the value in the <b>HTTP port</b> field. The default value is 443.
		<ol> <li>Check the values in the Cisco Expressway-C administrator Username and Password fields:</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>The administrator account is created on the Cisco Expressway-C (Users &gt; Administrator accounts).</li> </ul>
		• The Cisco Expressway-C administrator must have read-write and API access.
		6. Check Cisco Expressway-C server certificate or Cisco Expressway-C certificate authority certificate.
		It must use RSA keys greater than or equal to 1024 bits and must not be signed with MD5.
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Link Not Found	Make sure that the link is active: Click <b>Links</b> , click the link, and check the <b>State</b> settings to make sure that the link has not expired.

Location	Error Message	What It Means
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Link not valid	This message may mean that the link that has not yet been replicated to the Cisco Jabber Guest server that handles the request.
		When you create a click-to-call link on a Cisco Jabber Guest server that is a member of a cluster, you must allow a small amount of time before that link is active on all servers in the cluster.
		If you deploy an application that creates links dynamically by using the link API and pushes them to the Cisco Jabber Guest client, we recommend that you factor this replication delay into your design.
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Missing SDP. There was a networking error between your device and the server.	This message may mean that Cisco Jabber Guest is unable to contact the TURN server. One possible cause is that multiple network interfaces are enabled, including SW VPN. Another possible cause is that a firewall or NAT blocking UDP port 3478 between the client and the Cisco Expressway-E (publicly accessible IP). Some home routers block all UDP.
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Not found on Accelerator	You may see this message because the link between the Cisco Expressway-C and Cisco Expressway-E is down and domain information hasn't replicated from the Cisco Expressway-C to Cisco Expressway-E.
		On Cisco Expressway-E, when viewing Unified Communications status (choose <b>Status</b> > <b>Unified Communications</b> and click <b>View ssh</b> <b>tunnel status</b> ), make sure that:
		• The Cisco Jabber Guest domain is listed.
		• The SSH tunnel is active.
Cisco Jabber Guest client	Server error: class java.lang.IllegalStateException: Error creating sipServletRequest	Apache Tomcat may not be running, perhaps after an upgrade or server interruption. Restart Tomcat on the Cisco Jabber Guest
	ROAP_EXCEPTION	Server: service tomcat-as-standalone.sh restart.

Location	Error Message	What It Means
Cisco Jabber Guest client	SIP Error. The destination associated with this link is not	You may see this message for one of the following reasons:
	reachable.	• The directory number (DN) embedded in the link or associated with the link, does not exist on the Cisco Unified Communications Manager or Cisco TelePresence Video Communication Server.
		• The link contains a URI ( <i>user@domain.com</i> ) but the Cisco Unified Communications Manager is not configured to route calls by URI. Use a DN instead.
Cisco Jabber Guest client	TURN Error. Your call attempt has failed due to incompatibility with your home or company security infrastructure. Please contact your	This message indicates that the web client could not allocate the TURN relay on the TURN server. This could occur for one of the following reasons:
	network administrator or check your home network security settings.	• UDP port 3478 is blocked. You must allow this port inbound from the public Internet to the Cisco Expressway-E.
		• The DNS record for the TURN server is not resolvable (must be a DNS A-record).
		• The Expressway-E TURN Server (IP Address or DNS Name) field and Turn Port fields are not configured correctly in Cisco Jabber Guest Administration (Settings > Call Control and Media).
		• The Domain name (Settings > Call Control and Media, under Cisco Expressway-C) is not a configured domain name on Cisco Expressway-C or is not configured for Cisco Jabber Guest services.