CHAPTER 3

Configuring Client Computers for Cisco Unified Communications for RTX

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About Client Computer Configuration

Before you install Cisco Unified Communications for RTX (Cisco UC for RTX), you must perform some configuration on the computers of your users:

• Specify the RTX settings.
• Specify other security-related settings that you want the client computers to use.
• Deploy the policy changes to the computers in your Cisco Unified Communications system. To do this, you can use a software management system, for example, Active Directory Group Policy, Altiris Deployment Solution, Microsoft System Center Configuration Manager (SCCM), and so on.

Location of Client Services Framework Configuration Data

You specify the configuration for Client Services Framework in the following registry key:

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Cisco Systems, Inc.\Client Services Framework\AdminData

If you use Active Directory Group Policy to configure Cisco UC for RTX, then Client Services Framework configuration data is specified in the following registry key:

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Policies\Cisco Systems, Inc.\Client Services Framework\AdminData
Configuring Registry Subkeys for the Client Services Framework Client Integration

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Specifying TFTP, CTIManager, and CCMCIP Server Registry Settings

Table 3-1 lists the registry subkeys that you must use to specify the TFTP, CCMCIP, and CTIManager server configurations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TftpServer1,</td>
<td>Enter the IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the primary TFTP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TftpServer2,</td>
<td>server in your Cisco Unified Communications system, and any other TFTP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TftpServer3</td>
<td>servers. If you are using certificates, the certificate common name must</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>match the network identifier used to access the server (for example, IP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>address or hostname).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtiServer1,</td>
<td>Enter the IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the primary CTI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtiServer2</td>
<td>Manager server in your Cisco Unified Communications system, and the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>secondary CTIManager server, if present. If you are using certificates,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the certificate common name must match the network identifier used to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>access the server (for example, IP address or hostname).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Configuring Registry Subkeys for the Client Services Framework Client Integration

**Table 3-2 Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Server Registry Subkeys**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WebConfServer</td>
<td>Enter the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) of the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace server in your Cisco Unified Communications system. Do not include the IP address.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Related Topics**

- Installing Security Certificates on Client Computers, page 3-11

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**Specifying Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Server Registry Settings**

Table 3-2 lists the registry subkeys that you must use to specify the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace server configuration.
Table 3-2 Cisco Unified MeetingPlace Server Registry Subkeys (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WebConfPort</td>
<td>Enter the port number for the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace server. The port number for HTTP protocol is usually 80 and the port number for HTTPS protocol is usually 443.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| WebConfServerValidation | Specify the type of security certificate validation that Client Services Framework uses with HTTPS to validate requests from the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace web conferencing server. Enter one of the following values:  
0: Client Services Framework accepts all certificates.  
1: Client Services Framework accepts certificates that are defined in the keystore and self-signed certificates. This is the default.  
2: Client Services Framework only accepts certificates that are defined in the keystore. |

Related Topics
- Installing Security Certificates on Client Computers, page 3-11

Specifying Voicemail Registry Settings

Table 3-3 lists the registry subkey that you must use to specify the voicemail configuration.

Table 3-3 Voicemail Registry Subkey

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VoicemailPilotNumber</td>
<td>Enter the number of the voice message service in your Cisco Unified Communications system. This value only relates to when users use the desk phone to access their voice messages. If users are using the phone on their computer to access voicemail, the pilot number comes from the voicemail pilot number associated with the voicemail profile configured on the Client Services Framework device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specifying Video Registry Settings

Table 3-4 lists the registry subkeys that you must use to specify video values.
### Configuring Registry Subkeys for the Client Services Framework Client Integration

**Specifying Security Certificate Registry Settings**

Table 3-5 lists the registry subkey that you must use to specify the location of security certificates.

**Table 3-5 Security Registry Subkey**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SECURITY_CertificateDirectory</td>
<td>Specify the location of the directory where the security certificates are stored. For example, you might store LDAP or CCMCIP certificates in this location. Use this setting to specify a location for the certificates where the certificates will not be overwritten if you reinstall Cisco UC for RTX. If you do not specify a value for this setting, the certificates are stored in the following locations:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Windows XP: <code>&lt;drive&gt;\Documents and Settings\&lt;username&gt;\Local Settings\Application Data\Cisco\Unified Communications\Client Services Framework\certificates</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Windows Vista and Windows 7: <code>&lt;drive&gt;\Users\&lt;username&gt;\AppData\Local\Cisco\Unified Communications\Client Services Framework\certificates</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Configuring Registry Subkeys for the Client Services Framework Client Integration

Specifying Account Credential Synchronization Registry Settings

Client Services Framework includes settings that enable you to manage the credentials of Cisco Unified Communications back-end services. You can use these settings to configure the source of credentials for each service.

For example, you might have separate directories for your phone system, voicemail system, and meeting system. If you do not set the appropriate values for these services, your users have to select File > Cisco UC Settings > Accounts, then enter their username and password for each service.

Table 3-6 lists the registry subkeys that you must use to specify account credential synchronization.

Table 3-6  Account Credential Synchronization Registry Subkeys

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PhoneService_UseCredentialsFrom</td>
<td>You must set the ContactService_UseCredentialsFrom subkey to the value, Phone. The other two subkeys are reserved for future use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ContactService_UseCredentialsFrom</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WebConfService_UseCredentialsFrom</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specifying Contact Resolution Registry Settings

Table 3-7 lists the registry subkey that you must use to enable contact resolution.

Table 3-7  Contact Resolution Registry Subkey

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subkey Names</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RTX_Mode</td>
<td>Controls whether contact resolution is enabled on Cisco UC for RTX. Contact resolution maps phone numbers to RTX accounts and the other way round. If contact resolution is enabled, detailed contact information, such as contact names, images, phone numbers, and email addresses, is displayed in conversation windows, conversation history, and contact cards. Set the value of this subkey to 1 to enable contact resolution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specifying Automatic Device Selection Registry Settings

Table 3-8 lists the registry subkey that you must use to disable automatic device selection.
### Using an Active Directory Group Policy Administrative Template to Configure Client Services Framework Clients

A Group Policy administrative template is provided with Cisco UC for RTX. You can use this template to define the Client Services Framework registry settings on a system, or for groups of users.

You can get the administrative templates from the Administration Toolkit for Cisco UC for RTX. To access the Administration Toolkit, navigate to Cisco Unified Communications for RTX from the Download Software page at the following URL:

http://tools.cisco.com/support/downloads/go/Model.x?mdfid=283454590

**Procedure**

| Step 1 | Execute the following command to start the Group Policy application: 
|        | `gpedit.msc` |
| Step 2 | Expand the User Configuration node. |
| Step 3 | Right-click Administrative Templates, then select Add/Remove Templates. |
| Step 4 | Add the administrative template to the list of current policy templates in the Add/Remove Templates dialog box, then select Close. |
| Step 5 | Open the Cisco Unified Communications for RTX folder in the right pane. |

**Note**

In Windows Vista and Windows 7, this folder is in the Administrative Templates > Classic Administrative Templates folder. In Windows XP, this folder is in the Administrative Templates folder.

| Step 6 | Open the folder for the settings whose value you want to specify. |
| Step 7 | Double-click the setting whose value you want to specify. |
| Step 8 | Enter the value you require, then select OK. |

After the ADM file is imported and populated, you can apply the resulting policy to an organizational unit using the Group Policy Management Editor.
About the Client Services Framework Cache Searches

Cisco Unified Client Services Framework allows users to cache the following user credentials between sign-outs and sign-ins:

- Cisco Unified Communications Manager
- Voicemail
- Cisco Unified MeetingPlace

When you place a call, receive a call, or miss a call, the contacts for the calls are added to your Client Services Framework cache. Any contact that is in your conversation history is automatically placed in your cache. All of the data for the contacts in your contact list in RTX is also cached.

All contacts in the Client Services Framework cache have already had the directory lookup dialing rules applied to all of their numbers. When Cisco UC for RTX displays numbers for contacts that are in the Client Services Framework cache, the numbers have already had the directory lookup dialing rules applied to them.

The Client Services Framework cache is a memory-only cache. The contents of the cache are not copied to a local file system. The contents of the Client Services Framework cache are refreshed in the following scenarios:

- Users sign out of Cisco UC for RTX and sign in to it again.
- The cucsf.exe process is restarted.

Incoming Calls

When a user receives a call, the following events occur:

1. When Cisco Unified Communications Manager detects the incoming call, it sends the following data to Client Services Framework:
   - The directory number from which the call originates.
   - The Alerting Name of the directory number that is specified in the Directory Number Configuration screen, if the field is not blank.

2. Client Services Framework sends the directory number and alerting name to Cisco UC for RTX.

3. Cisco UC for RTX displays the directory number and the alerting name in a notification window and, if the call is answered, in the conversation window.

4. Client Services Framework searches the Client Services Framework cache for the number that is returned after the directory number is processed by the directory lookup dialing rules.

5. If the processed directory number is in the Client Services Framework cache, and the contact name for that number does not come from RTX contact information, the display name in the conversation window is the Alerting Name from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

6. If the processed directory number is in the Client Services Framework cache, and the contact name for that number comes from RTX contact information, Client Services Framework also gets the local path of the photo from RTX. Then Client Services Framework sends the display name and the photo URI to Cisco UC for RTX. Proceed to 8.
If the processed directory number is not in the Client Services Framework cache, Client Services Framework sends the directory number and the Alerting Name from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager to Cisco UC for RTX.

7. Client Services Framework starts an asynchronous thread to search RTX contact information for the processed directory number. If the contact with the number is found, Client Services Framework updates the cache with detailed RTX contact information, including the display name, the RTX account, the office phone number, the mobile phone number, and the email address. Client Services Framework also gets the local path of the photo from RTX.

8. Client Services Framework sends the display name and the photo URI to Cisco UC for RTX.

9. If other party answers the call, Client Services Framework gets the display name of the directory number from Cisco Unified Communications Manager. If the contact name does not come from RTX contact information, Client Services Framework sends the display name to the Cisco UC for RTX.

10. Cisco UC for RTX updates the conversation window.

### Outgoing Calls to Contacts by Names

You can place a call to a contact in the following ways:

- Select the **Start Audio conversation** menu item.
- Select the **Place a Call** menu item.

When you place a call in either of these ways, the following events occur:

1. Cisco UC for RTX sends the RTX account for the contact to be called to Client Services Framework, and asks Client Services Framework to place a call to that number.

2. If the RTX account is not in the Client Services Framework cache, Client Services Framework searches local RTX contact information for details of the party to be called.

3. Client Services Framework sends data about the contact back to Cisco UC for RTX. Cisco UC for RTX uses the contact data during the conversation. If the contact has more than one number, Cisco UC for RTX sends the office phone number to call. Otherwise, Cisco UC for RTX sends that number to call.

4. Client Services Framework applies the application dialing rules and sends the number to Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

5. Cisco Unified Communications Manager places the call.

### Outgoing Calls to Contacts by Numbers

You can place a call to a contact the following ways:

- Select a number of the contact.
- Enter a number in keypad.

When you place a call in either of these ways, the following events occur:

1. Cisco UC for RTX sends the number for the contact to be called to Client Services Framework, and asks Client Services Framework to place a call to that number.

2. Client Services Framework searches the Client Services Framework cache for the number that is returned after the directory number is processed by the directory lookup dialing rules.
3. If the contact is in the Client Services Framework cache, and the contact name for that number does not come from RTX contact information, the display name in the conversation window is the Alerting Name from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

4. If the contact is not in Client Services Framework cache, Client Services Framework creates a contact with the directory number and a blank display name.

5. Client Services Framework starts an asynchronous thread to search RTX contact information for the processed directory number. If the contact with the number is found, Client Services Framework updates the cache with detailed RTX contact information, including the display name, the RTX account, the office phone number, the mobile phone number, and the email address. Client Services Framework also gets the local path of the photo from RTX.

6. Client Services Framework applies the application dialing rules and sends the number to Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

7. Cisco Unified Communications Manager places the call.

8. Client Services Framework sends the directory number and the display name to Cisco UC for RTX.

9. When Cisco Unified Communications Manager sends Client Services Framework an ALERT message, Cisco Unified Communications Manager sends the Alerting Name of the directory number to Client Services Framework. If the contact information does not come from RTX, the display name of the contact is the Alerting Name from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager. The directory number is processed by the directory lookup dialing rules from the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

10. Client Services Framework sends updated data to Cisco UC for RTX.

11. If other party answers the call, Client Services Framework gets the display name of the directory number from Cisco Unified Communications Manager. If the contact name does not come from RTX contact information, Client Services Framework sends the display name to Cisco UC for RTX.

How to Configure Cisco UC for RTX Clients for Secure Access to Cisco Unified MeetingPlace

- Configuring Secure Access to Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, page 3-10
- Downloading the IIS Certificate from Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, page 3-11

Configuring Secure Access to Cisco Unified MeetingPlace

For information about how to set up the Cisco Unified MeetingPlace web server for secure access, see the Administration Documentation for Cisco Unified MeetingPlace at:


What To Do Next
Downloading the IIS Certificate from Cisco Unified MeetingPlace, page 3-11
Installing Security Certificates on Client Computers

**Procedure**

**Step 1** Put the certificate file into the folder where you store your security certificates.

**Step 2** Use the SECURITY_CertificateDirectory registry subkey value name to specify the folder where the certificates are stored.

**Related Topics**
- Specifying Security Certificate Registry Settings, page 3-5