



Viewing Faults and Logs

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Faults Summary

Viewing the Fault Summary

Procedure

- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults Summary** tab, review the following information:

Name	Description
Time	The time when the fault occurred.

Name	Description
Severity	This can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cleared - A fault or condition was cleared. • Critical • Info • Major • Minor • Warning
Code	The unique identifier assigned to the fault.
DN	The distinguished name (DN) is a hierarchical representation of the device endpoint and its instance on the server.
Probable Cause	The unique identifier associated with the event that caused the fault.
Description	More information about the fault. It also includes a proposed solution.

Fault History

Viewing the Fault History

Procedure

- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults History** tab, review the following information:

Name	Description
Time	The time when the fault occurred.

Name	Description
Severity	<p>This can be one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency • Alert • Critical • Error • Warning • Notice • Informational • Debug
Source	The software module that logged the event.
Probable Cause	The unique identifier associated with the event that caused the fault.
Description	<p>More information about the fault.</p> <p>It also includes a proposed solution.</p>

Cisco IMC Log

Viewing the Cisco IMC Log

Procedure

- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** window, click **Cisco IMC Log**.
- Step 4** Review the following information for each Cisco IMC event in the log.

Name	Description
Time column	The date and time the event occurred.

Name	Description
Severity column	The event severity. This can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency • Alert • Critical • Error • Warning • Notice • Informational • Debug
Source column	The software module that logged the event.
Description column	A description of the event.
Clear Log button	Clears all events from the log file. Note This option is only available if your user ID is assigned the admin or user user role.

Step 5 From the **Entries Per Page** drop-down list, select the number of Cisco IMC events to display on each page.

Step 6 Click <**Newer** and **Older**> to move backward and forward through the pages of Cisco IMC events, or click <<**Newest** to move to the top of the list.
By default, the newest Cisco IMC events are displayed at the top if the list.

Clearing the Cisco IMC Log

Before You Begin

You must log in as a user with user privileges to clear the Cisco IMC log.

Procedure

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- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** pane, click **Cisco IMC Log**.
- Step 4** In the **Cisco IMC Log** pane, click **Clear Log**.
- Step 5** In the dialog box that appears, click **OK**.
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System Event Log

Viewing the System Event Log

Procedure

- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** window, click **System Event Log**.
- Step 4** Above the log table, view the percentage bar, which indicates how full the log buffer is.
- Step 5** Review the following information for each system event in the log:

Name	Description
Time column	The date and time the event occurred.
Severity column	The severity field includes both text and a color-coded icon. For the icon, green indicates normal operation, yellow is informational, and warning, critical, and non-recoverable errors are shown in shades of red.
Description column	A description of the event.
Clear Log button	<p>Clears all events from the log file.</p> <p>Note This option is only available if your user ID is assigned the admin or user user role.</p>

- Step 6** From the **Entries Per Page** drop-down list, select the number of system events to display on each page.
- Step 7** Click **<Newer** and **Older>** to move backward and forward through the pages of system events, or click **<<Newest** to move to the top of the list.
- By default, the newest system events are displayed at the top of the list.

Clearing the System Event Log

Before You Begin

You must log in as a user with user privileges to clear the system event log.

Procedure

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- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** window, click **System Event Log**.
- Step 4** In the **System Event Log** pane, click **Clear Log**.
- Step 5** In the dialog box that appears, click **OK**.
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Logging Controls

Sending the Cisco IMC Log to a Remote Server

You can configure profiles for one or two remote syslog servers to receive Cisco IMC log entries.

Before You Begin

- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive logs from a remote host.
- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive all types of logs, including authentication-related logs.
- The remote syslog server's firewall must be configured to allow syslog messages to reach the syslog server.

Procedure

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- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** pane, click the **Logging Controls** tab.
- Step 4** In either of the **Remote Syslog Server** areas, complete the following fields:

Name	Description
Enabled check box	If checked, Cisco IMC sends log messages to the Syslog server named in the IP Address field.
Host Name/IP Address field	The address of the Syslog server on which the Cisco IMC log should be stored. You can set an IPv4 or IPv6 address or a domain name as the remote system address.
Port field	Enter a destination port number of the Syslog server within the range 1 to 65535. The default port number is 514.

Step 5 (Optional) In the **Minimum Severity to Report** drop-down list, specify the lowest level of messages that will be included in the remote logs.

You can select one of the following, in decreasing order of severity:

- **Emergency**
- **Alert**
- **Critical**
- **Error**
- **Warning**
- **Notice**
- **Informational**
- **Debug**

Note Cisco IMC does not remotely log any messages with a severity below the selected severity. For example, if you select **Error**, then the Cisco IMC remote log will contain all messages with the severity Emergency, Alert, Critical, or Error. It will not show Warning, Notice, Informational, or Debug messages.

Step 6 Click **Save Changes**.

Configuring the Cisco IMC Log Threshold

You can specify the lowest level of messages that will be included in the Cisco IMC log.

Procedure

Step 1 In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.

Step 2 On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.

Step 3 In the **Faults and Logs** pane, click the **Logging Controls** tab.

Step 4 In the **Local Logging** area, use the **Minimum Severity to Report** drop-down list to specify the lowest level of messages that will be included in the Cisco IMC log.

You can select one of the following, in decreasing order of severity:

- **Emergency**
- **Alert**
- **Critical**
- **Error**
- **Warning**
- **Notice**
- **Informational**

- **Debug**

Note Cisco IMC does not log any messages with a severity below the selected severity. For example, if you select **Error**, then the Cisco IMC log will contain all messages with the severity Emergency, Alert, Critical, or Error. It will not show Warning, Notice, Informational, or Debug messages.

Sending a Test Cisco IMC Log to a Remote Server

Before You Begin

- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive logs from a remote host.
- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive all types of logs, including authentication-related logs.
- The remote syslog server's firewall must be configured to allow syslog messages to reach the syslog server.

Procedure

- Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click the **Server** tab.
- Step 2** On the **Server** tab, click **Faults and Logs**.
- Step 3** In the **Faults and Logs** pane, click the **Logging Controls** tab.
- Step 4** In the **Action** area, click **Send Test Syslog**.
A test Cisco IMC log is sent to the configured remote servers.
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