

# **Server-Related Faults**

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# fltAdapterUnitMissing

## **Fault Code**

F0203

## Description

[sensor\_name]:[id] missing: reseat or replace [id].

This fault occurs when the adapter is missing in the adapter slot, or when the endpoint cannot detect or communicate with the adapter.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Make sure the adapter is inserted properly in the adapter slot.
- 2. Check whether the adapter is connected, configured, and running the recommended firmware version.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: warning Cause: equipment-missing mibFaultCode: 203 mibFaultName:fltAdapterUnitMissing moClass: compute:adapter Type: equipment

# fltComputeBoardCmosVoltageThresholdCritical

### **Fault Code**

F0424

## Description

Battery voltage level is upper critical: Replace battery.

#### Explanation

This fault occurs when the CMOS battery voltage drops lower than the normal operating range. The low battery voltage might affect the clock and other CMOS settings.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, replace the CMOS battery.

Before replacing this component, see the server-specific Installation and Service Guide for prerequisites, safety recommendations, and warnings.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: critical

Cause: voltage-problem

mibFaultCode: 424

mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardCmosVoltageThresholdCritical

moClass: compute:Board

Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardCmosVoltageThresholdNonRecoverable

#### **Fault Code**

F0425

### Description

Battery voltage level is upper non-recoverable: Replace battery.

#### **Explanation**

This fault indicates that the CMOS battery voltage has dropped and is unlikely to recover. The low voltage impacts the clock and other CMOS settings.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, replace the CMOS battery.

Before replacing this component, see the server-specific Installation and Service Guide for prerequisites, safety recommendations and warnings.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: voltage-problem mibFaultCode: 425 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardCmosVoltageThresholdNonRecoverable moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageLowerThresholdCritical

## **Fault Code**

F0921

#### Description

You see one of the following messages when this fault is raised:

• Stand-by voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is lower critical: Check the power supply.

- Auxiliary voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is lower critical: Check the power supply.
- Motherboard voltage ([Val] V) is lower critical: Check the power supply.

This fault indicates that one or more motherboard input voltages have crossed lower critical thresholds.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

**1.** Reseat or replace the power supply.

Before replacing this component, see the server-specific Installation and Service Guide for prerequisites, safety recommendations and warnings.

2. If the issue persists, create a tech-support file and contact TAC.

#### **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: voltage-problem mibFaultCode: 921 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageLowerThresholdCritical moClass: compute: Board Type:environmental

# fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageThresholdLowerNonRecovera

## **Fault Code**

F0919

## Description

You see one of the following messages when this fault is raised:

- Stand-by voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is lower non-recoverable: Check the power supply.
- Auxiliary voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is lower non-recoverable: Check the power supply.
- Motherboard voltage ([Val] V) is lower non-recoverable: Check the power supply.

## Explanation

This fault indicates that one or more motherboard input voltages has dropped too low and is unlikely to recover.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: voltage-problem mibFaultCode: 919 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageThresholdLowerNonRecoverable moClass:compute: Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageThresholdUpperNonRecover

## **Fault Code**

F0918

# Description

You see one of the following messages when this fault is raised:

- Stand-by voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is upper non-recoverable: Check the power supply.
- Motherboard voltage ([Val] V) is upper non-recoverable: Check the power supply.
- Auxiliary voltage ([Val] V) to the motherboard is upper non-recoverable: Check the power supply.

### Explanation

This fault indicates that one or more motherboard input voltages are high and are unlikely to recover.

### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: voltage-problem mibFaultCode: 918 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageThresholdUpperNonRecoverable moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageUpperThresholdCritical

## **Fault Code**

F0920

## Description

You see one of the following messages when this fault is raised:

- Stand-by voltage (xV) to the motherboard is upper critical: Check the power supply.
- Auxiliary voltage (xV) to the motherboard is upper critical: Check the power supply.
- Motherboard voltage (xV) is upper critical: Check the power supply.

## Explanation

This fault indicates that one or more motherboard input voltages have exceeded upper critical thresholds.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- **1.** Reseat or replace the power supply.
- 2. If the issue persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

# **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: voltage-problem mibFaultCode: 920 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardMotherBoardVoltageUpperThresholdCritical moClass: compute: Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardPowerError

## **Fault Code**

F0310

#### Description

P[Id]V[Id]\_AU[Id]\_PWRGD: Voltage rail Power Good dropped due to PSU or HW failure, please contact CISCO TAC for assistance.

This fault indicates that the server power sensors have detected a problem.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

1. Reseat or replace the power supply.

Before replacing this component, see the server-specific Installation and Service Guide for prerequisites, safety recommendations, and warnings.

2. If the recommended action did not resolve the issue, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: power-problem mibFaultCode: 310 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardPowerError moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# **fltComputeBoardPowerFail**

## **Fault Code**

F0868

## Description

The server failed to power on: Check Power Supply.

## Explanation

This fault indicates that the power sensors on the server have detected a problem.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: power-problem mibFaultCode: 868 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardPowerFail moClass: compute:Board

Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardPowerUsageProblem

## **Fault Code**

F1040

#### Description

You see one of the following messages when this fault is raised:

- · Motherboard Power usage is upper critical: Check hardware.
- Motherboard Power usage is upper non-recoverable: Check hardware.

### Explanation

This fault occurs when the motherboard power consumption exceeds a certain threshold limit.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: warning Cause: power-problem mibFaultCode: 1040 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardPowerUsageProblem moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeBoardThermalProblem

## **Fault Code**

F0869

## Description

Motherboard chipset inoperable due to high temperature.

### Explanation

This fault indicates that the motherboard thermal sensors on the server have detected a problem.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Verify that the server fans are working properly.
- 2. Wait for 24 hours to see if the problem resolves itself.
- 3. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: thermal-problem mibFaultCode: 869 mibFaultName: fltComputeBoardThermalProblem moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# fltComputeIOHubThermalNonCritical

## **Fault Code**

F0538

#### Description

[sensor\_name]: Motherboard chipset temperature is upper non-critical.

### Explanation

This fault indicates that the I/O controller temperature is outside the upper or lower non-critical threshold.

### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Monitor other environmental events related to this server and make sure that the temperature is within the recommended range.
- 2. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: minor Cause: thermal-problem mibFaultCode: 538 mibFaultName: fltComputeIOHubThermalNonCritical moClass: compute:IOHub

Type: environmental

# fltComputeIOHubThermalThresholdCritical

#### **Fault Code**

F0539

### Description

[sensor\_name]: Motherboard chipset temperature is upper critical.

#### Explanation

This fault occurs when the I/O controller temperature is outside the upper or lower critical threshold.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Monitor other environmental events related to the server and make sure that the temperature is within the recommended range.
- 2. Consider turning off the server for a while if possible.
- 3. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

#### **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: thermal-problem mibFaultCode: 539 mibFaultName: fltComputeIOHubThermalThresholdCritical moClass: compute:IOHub Type: environmental

# fltComputeIOHubThermalThresholdNonRecoverable

## **Fault Code**

F0540

## Description

[sensor\_name]: Motherboard chipset temperature is upper non-recoverable.

This fault indicates that the I/O controller temperature is outside the recoverable range of operation.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Shut down the server immediately.
- 2. Create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

#### **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: thermal-problem mibFaultCode: 540 mibFaultName: fltComputeIOHubThermalThresholdNonRecoverable moClass: compute:IOHub Type: environmental

# fltComputePhysicalBiosPostTimeout

### **Fault Code**

F0313

## Description

BIOS POST Timeout occurred: Contact Cisco TAC.

## Explanation

This fault indicates that the server did not complete the BIOS POST.

### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Connect to the CIMC Web UI and launch the KVM console to monitor the BIOS POST completion.
- 2. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: equipment-inoperable mibFaultCode: 313 mibFaultName: fltComputePhysicalBiosPostTimeout

moClass: compute: Physical

Type: equipment

# fltComputePhysicalPostfailure

## Fault Code

F0517

### Description

[sensor\_name]: BIOS POST Failed: Check hardware.

### Explanation

This fault indicates that the server has encountered a diagnostic failure or an error during POST.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Check the POST result for the server.
- 2. Reboot the server.
- 3. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

### **Fault Details**

Severity: critical Cause: equipment-problem mibFaultCode: 517 mibFaultName: fltComputePhysicalPostfailure moClass: compute:Physical Type: server

# fltComputePhysicalUnidentified

# **Fault Code**

F0320

## Description

[sensor\_name]: server [id] Chassis Intrusion detected: Please secure the server chassis.

This fault indicates that the server chassis or cover is open.

## **Recommended Action**

Make sure that the server chassis/cover is in place.

#### **Fault Details**

Severity: warning Cause: equipment-problem mibFaultCode: 320 mibFaultName: fltComputePhysicalUnidentified moClass: equipment: Chassis Type: equipment

# fltEquipmentTpmTpmMismatch

# **Fault Code**

F1783

## Description

PM\_FAULT\_STATUS: Check TPM, either wrong TPM revision installed for CPU type or previously installed TPM has been removed.

## Explanation

This fault indicates that a wrong TPM has been installed or a previously installed TPM has been removed.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. If an incorrect revision of the TPM has been installed, remove the TPM.
- 2. Install the correct revision of the TPM.
- 3. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: warning Cause: equipment-inoperable mibFaultCode: 1783 mibFaultName: fltEquipmentTpmTpmMismatch Type: equipment

# fltMgmtlfMissing

## Fault Code

F0717

# Description

Link Down : < Interface> Check the network cable connection

Here <Interface> can be one of the following:

- DEDICATED\_MODE\_<port>
- LOM\_ACTIVE\_STANDBY\_<port>
- LOM\_ACTIVE\_ACTIVE\_<port>
- CISCO\_CARD\_ACTIVE\_STANDBY\_<port>
- CISCO\_CARD\_ACTIVE\_ACTIVE\_<port>
- LOM10G\_ACTIVE\_STANDBY\_<port>
- LOM10G\_ACTIVE\_ACTIVE\_<port>
- LOM\_EXT\_MODE\_<port>

## Explanation

This fault indicates that the corresponding interface cable is not connected.

## **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Check whether the interface cable is connected properly.
- 2. If the problem persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

#### **Fault Details**

Severity: info Cause: link-missing mibFaultCode: 717 mibFaultName: fltMgmtIfMissing

# fltPowerBudgetPowerBudgetBmcProblem

#### **Fault Code**

F0637

### Description

Power capping failed: System shutdown is initiated by Node Manager.

#### Explanation

This fault indicates that the assigned power-cap value is not maintained. If the power-cap fail exception action is set as shutdown, then the host shut down is initiated.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following action:

- 1. Disable the corresponding power profile in the Power Cap Configuration page and power on the host.
- 2. Increase the power-cap value in the Power Cap profile page for which the shutdown action is configured.
- **3.** If the assigned power-cap value needs to be maintained (irrespective of the host performance impact), reduce the load on the host.
- 4. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: power-cap-fail mibFaultCode: 637 mibFaultName: fltPowerBudgetPowerBudgetBmcProblem moClass: compute:Board Type: environmental

# fltPowerBudgetPowerBudgetCmcProblem

## **Fault Code**

F0635

#### Description

Power capping correction time exceeded: Please set an appropriate power limit.

This fault indicates that the assigned power-cap value is not attainable for the correction time set.

#### **Recommended Action**

If you see this fault, take the following actions:

- 1. Increase the power-cap value and the power limiting correction time in the corresponding power-profile settings.
- 2. If the problem still persists, create a tech-support file and contact Cisco TAC.

## **Fault Details**

Severity: major Cause: power-cap-fail mibFaultCode: 635

mibFaultName: fltPowerBudgetPowerBudgetCmcProblem

moClass: compute:Board

Type: environmental