



Viewing Faults and Logs

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Fault Summary

Viewing the Faults and Logs Summary

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server # scope fault	Enters fault command mode.
Step 2	Server # show fault-entries	Displays a log of all the faults.

Example

This example displays a summary of faults:

```
Server # scope fault
Server /fault # show fault-entries
Time                Severity      Description
-----
Sun Jun 27 04:00:52 2013  info        Storage Local disk 12 missing
Sat Jun 26 05:00:22 2013  warning     Power Supply redundancy is lost

Server /fault #
```

Fault History

Viewing the Fault History

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server # scope fault	Enters fault command mode.
Step 2	Server # show fault-history	Displays the faults' history.

Example

This example displays the faults' history:

```
Server # scope fault
Server /fault # show fault-history
Time                Severity  Source  Cause                Description
-----
-----
2014 Feb 6 23:24:49 error      %CIMC   PSU_REDUNDANCY-FAIL
"[F0743][major][psu-redundancy-fail]....
2014 Feb 6 23:24:49 error      %CIMC   EQUIPMENT_INOPERABLE
"[F0374][major][equipment-inoperable]...
2014 Feb 6 23:24:19 debug      %CIMC   2014 Feb 6 23      "24:19:7:%CIMC::: SEL INIT DONE"

Server /fault #
```

Cisco IMC Log

Viewing the Cisco IMC Log

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	Server /cimc/log # show entries [detail]	Displays Cisco IMC events, including timestamp, the software module that logged the event, and a description of the event.

Example

This example displays the log of Cisco IMC events:

```

Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # show entries
Time                Severity          Source              Description
-----
2012 Jan 30 05:20:45 Informational BMC:ciscoNET:961 " rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() -
result == SUCCESS, callbackData size: 600 "
2012 Jan 30 05:20:45 Informational BMC:ciscoNET:961 rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() -
returned from pFunctionCallback result:0
2012 Jan 30 05:20:45 Informational BMC:ciscoNET:961 " rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() -
szFunctionName:netGetCurrentIfConfig nSize:0 nMaxSize: 600 "
--More--

Server /cimc/log # show entries detail
Trace Log:
  Time: 2012 Jan 30 05:20:45
  Severity: Informational
  Source: BMC:ciscoNET:961
  Description: " rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() - result == SUCCESS, callbackData size:
600 "
  Order: 0
Trace Log:
  Time: 2012 Jan 30 05:20:45
  Severity: Informational
  Source: BMC:ciscoNET:961
  Description: rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() - returned from pFunctionCallback result:0

  Order: 1
Trace Log:
  Time: 2012 Jan 30 05:20:45
  Severity: Informational
  Source: BMC:ciscoNET:961
  Description: " rpc_aim_callback_function_1_svc() - szFunctionName:netGetCurrentIfConfig
nSize:0 nMaxSize: 600 "
  Order: 2
--More--

Server /cimc/log #

```

Clearing the Cisco IMC Log

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	Server /cimc/log # clear	Clears the Cisco IMC log.

Example

The following example clears the log of Cisco IMC events:

```
Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # clear
```

Configuring the Cisco IMC Log Threshold

You can specify the lowest level of messages that will be included in the Cisco IMC log.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	Server /cimc/log # set local-syslog-severity level	<p>The severity <i>level</i> can be one of the following, in decreasing order of severity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • emergency • alert • critical • error • warning • notice • informational • debug <p>Note Cisco IMC does not log any messages with a severity below the selected severity. For example, if you select error, then the Cisco IMC log will contain all messages with the severity Emergency, Alert, Critical, or Error. It will not show Warning, Notice, Informational, or Debug messages.</p>
Step 4	Server /cimc/log # commit	Commits the transaction to the system configuration.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	(Optional) Server /cimc/log # show local-syslog-severity	Displays the configured severity level.

Example

This example shows how to configure the logging of messages with a minimum severity of Warning:

```
Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # set local-syslog-severity warning
Server /cimc/log *# commit
Server /cimc/log # show local-syslog-severity
    Local Syslog Severity: warning

Server /cimc/log #
```

Sending the Cisco IMC Log to a Remote Server

You can configure profiles for one or two remote syslog servers to receive Cisco IMC log entries.

Before you begin

- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive logs from a remote host.
- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive all types of logs, including authentication-related logs.
- The remote syslog server's firewall must be configured to allow syslog messages to reach the syslog server.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	(Optional) Server /cimc/log # set remote-syslog-severity level	The severity <i>level</i> can be one of the following, in decreasing order of severity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • emergency • alert • critical • error • warning • notice

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • informational • debug <p>Note Cisco IMC does not remotely log any messages with a severity below the selected severity. For example, if you select error, then the remote syslog server will receive all Cisco IMC log messages with the severity Emergency, Alert, Critical, or Error. It will not show Warning, Notice, Informational, or Debug messages.</p>
Step 4	Server /cimc/log # scope server {1 2}	Selects one of the two remote syslog server profiles and enters the command mode for configuring the profile.
Step 5	Server /cimc/log/server # set server-ip <i>ipv4 or ipv6 address or domain name</i>	Specifies the remote syslog server address. Note You can set an IPv4 or IPv6 address or a domain name as the remote server address.
Step 6	Server /cimc/log/server # set server-port <i>port number</i>	Sets the destination port number of the remote syslog server.
Step 7	Server /cimc/log/server # set enabled {yes no}	Enables the sending of Cisco IMC log entries to this syslog server.
Step 8	Server /cimc/log/server # commit	Commits the transaction to the system configuration.

Example

This example shows how to configure a remote syslog server profile and enable the sending of Cisco IMC log entries with a minimum severity level of Warning:

```
Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # set remote-syslog-severity warning
Server /cimc/log *# scope server 1
Server /cimc/log/server *# set server-ip www.abc.com
Server /cimc/log/server *# set server-port 514
Server /cimc/log/server *# set enabled yes
Server /cimc/log/server *# commit
Server /cimc/log/server # exit
Server /cimc/log # show server
Syslog Server 1:
  Syslog Server Address: www.abc.com
```

```

Syslog Server Port: 514
Enabled: yes

Server /cimc/log # show remote-syslog-severity
Remote Syslog Severity: warning

Server /cimc/log #

```

Sending a Test Cisco IMC Log to a Remote Server

Before you begin

- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive logs from a remote host.
- The remote syslog server must be configured to receive all types of logs, including authentication-related logs.
- The remote syslog server's firewall must be configured to allow syslog messages to reach the syslog server.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	Server /cimc/log # send-test-syslog	Sends a test Cisco IMC log to the configured remote servers.

Example

This example shows how to send a test Cisco IMC syslog to the configured remote servers:

```

Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # send-test-syslog

```

```

Syslog Test message will be sent to configured Syslog destinations.
If no Syslog destinations configured, this command will be silently ignored.
Syslog Test message has been requested.

```

```

Server /cimc/log #

```

Enabling the Logging of Invalid Usernames

Perform this procedure to enable logging of invalid usernames in case of failed logging attempts.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope cimc	Enters the Cisco IMC command mode.
Step 2	Server /cimc # scope log	Enters the Cisco IMC log command mode.
Step 3	Server /cimc/log # set log-username-on-auth-fail enabled	Enables logging of invalid usernames.
Step 4	Server /cimc/log* # commit	Commits the transaction to the system configuration.

Example

This example displays how to enable logging invalid usernames:

```
Server# scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # set log-username-on-auth-fail enabled
Server /cimc/log* #commit
Server /cimc/log
```

Uploading Remote Syslog Certificate

Before you begin

- You must log in as a user with admin privileges.
- The certificate file to be uploaded must reside on a locally accessible file system.
- The following certificate formats are supported:
 - .crt
 - .cer
 - .pem

Beginning with release 4.2(2a), you can upload a remote syslog certificate to Cisco UCS C-series servers. You can upload the certificate to one or two Cisco UCS C-series servers.

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Server # **scope cimc**
Enters Cisco IMC command mode.
- Step 2** Server /cimc # **scope log**
Enters Cisco IMC log command mode.
- Step 3** Server /cimc/log # **scope server{1|2}**

Selects one of the two remote syslog server profiles and enters the command mode for uploading the remote syslog certificate and enabling secure remote syslog on the selected server.

Step 4 Server /cimc/log/server # **upload-certificate** *remote-protocol server_address path certificate_filename*

Specify the protocol to connect to the remote server. It can be of the following types:

- TFTP
- FTP
- SFTP
- SCP
- HTTP

Note If you enter the protocol as FTP, SCP or SFTP, you will be prompted to enter your username and password.

Along with the remote protocol, enter the filepath from where you want to upload the remote syslog certificate. After validating your remote server username and password, uploads the remote syslog certificate from the remote server.

Step 5 (Optional) Server /cimc/log/server # **paste-certificate**

This is an additional option to upload the remote syslog certificate.

At the prompt, paste the content of the certificate and press CTRL+D.

Step 6 Server /cimc/log/server # **setsecure-enabledyes**

Enables secure remote syslog on the server.

Step 7 Server /cimc/log/server # **commit**

Commits the transaction to the system configuration.

Example

- This example uploads a remote syslog certificate from a remote server and enables secure remote syslog on the selected server:

```
Server # scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # scope server
Server /cimc/log/server # upload-certificate scp 10.10.10.10
/home/user-xyz/rem-sys-log-certif.cert
Server (RSA) key fingerprint is dd:b5:2b:07:ad:c0:30:b2:d5:6a:6a:78:80:85:93:b0
Do you wish to continue? [y/N]y
Username: user-xyz
Password:
Syslog Certificate uploaded successfully
Server /cimc/log/server # set secure-enabled yes
Server /cimc/log/server # commit
Server /cimc/log/server #
```

- This example uploads a remote syslog certificate using paste option:

```

Server # scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # scope server
Server /cimc/log/server # paste-certificate
Please paste your certificate here, when finished, press CTRL+D.
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIFUDCCBdigAwIBAgIKYRF49gAAAAAAjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBLMRMwEQYK
CZImiZPyLgQBGRYDY29tMRMwEQYKcZImiZPyLgQBGRYDdmV3MR8wHQYDVQDExZu
ZXctV01OLU9WQ1NBNE1FU0NBLUNBMB4XDTE3MDczMDIxNTA1NVoXDTE5MDczMDIy
MDA1NVowSzETMBEGCgmSJomT8ixkARkWA2NvbTETMBEGCgmSJomT8ixkARkWA251
dzEfMBOGA1UEAxMwbnV3LVdJTi1PVkJKTRJRURJUDQs1DQTCASiWdQYJKoZIhvcN
AQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBALd8c+hhJddfUH6XKqBv11zVtIAiHfCx+17z9o7F
bELowu0LDVSC9pC1zpJ9wykr6VqUsVhZTkqQan23+84X41YBsD92shQp9bri2gKj
MGntmnXE6qP3b6Trw94j6JVyWXXImYeda/Sftx722orLap8Sdliurue62JGNfq56
vxXBT1SNUH0mgOdfTOenJVyeh51jceOCdKTPpBij4wuq+jJfknhdhW7KKE7ubmyRv
xpRSkiVaqNypf8jv7uG8Kwx1Q8jbcR0wG4nAbPndwhkyJpgyA5zuCdMRU2cN47om
u0VfMzJeVu+HuAif25BqKn4cjwHGOnrWKZcfHtnpKEbbmv0CAwEAAAOCAQJQwgwIw
MBAGCSsGAQQBgjcvAQQDAGeAAMB0GA1UdDgQWBRR2+YJQUcmHKCkBkqVim0/kvfzB
bTAZBgkrBgEEAYI3FAIEDB4KAFMAdQBiAEMAQTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAYYwDwYD
VR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBRo6OQnLNNVa71Vt11YAVRPmW8LQjCB
2AYDVR0FB1IHMqIHNMiHkoIHh0IHEhoHBbGRhcDovLy9DTj1uZXctV01OLU9WQ1NB
NE1FU0NBLUNBLENOPvdJTi1PVkJKTRJRVRNDQsxDtj1DRFASQ049UHVibGljJTlw
S2V5JTU2VydmljZXMsQ049U2VydmljZXMsQ049Q29uZm1ndXJhdGlvbixEQz1u
ZXcsREM9Y29tP2NlcnRpZmljYXRlUmV2b2NhdGlvbkxpc3Q/YmFzZT9vYmplY3RD
bGFzc21jUkxkaXN0cmliZXRpb25Qb2ludDCBxAYIKwYBBQUHAQEgbcwgbQwgbEG
CCsGAQUFBzAChogkGRhcDovLy9DTj1uZXctV01OLU9WQ1NBNE1FU0NBLUNBLENO
PUFJQSxDtj1QdWJsaW1mJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJmJm
b25maWd1cmF0aW9uLERDPW51dyxEQz1jb20/Y0FDZSJ0aWZpY2F0ZT9iYXN1P29i
amVjdENsYXNzPWNlcnRpZmljYXRpb25BdXR0b3JpdHkwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAD
ggEBAE81WaRFEqrrwMHNajunoomON2rdBWRNAm1JhKdIzi49J/9Yy9I10GF+10wR
Q5TeKFYIcWxBj51t1YVWVdB+9YtTKsoEoq7/MeSg/c5KuprJhugqN30U6zCqU4vq
rS1UHNnYkOJiSd0jkOdNeT9EG2YUqiDPr6CqIUcdU4+e36LdtQZW0T1Iko+0z/be
bwIgtmzxkhlYDU711SuKmyz3uRrKq1CWhiIhSa0q4yYFQ0iw6TmFFKJGZ1KnjOrA
AwHhf8QvBBJhPMOwncWGL6DLFb7md21E2YBu+zcVPLdXmYXgk81XsE22brJYJU
gyHqA2enmHAmJequLUFoS9apKU=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
Syslog Certificate pasted successfully.
Server /cimc/log/server #

```

- This example displays that the remote syslog certificate exists on the server and secure remote syslog is enabled on the server:

```

Server # scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # scope server
Server /cimc/log/server # show detail
Syslog Server 1:
Syslog Server Address: 10.10.10.10
Syslog Server Port: 514
Enabled: yes
Secure Enabled: yes
Syslog Server protocol: udp
Certificate Exists: yes
Server /cimc/log/server #

```

Deleting Remote Syslog Certificate

Before you begin

You must log in as a user with admin privileges.

Procedure

- Step 1** Server # **scope cimc**
Enters Cisco IMC command mode.
- Step 2** Server /cimc # **scope log**
Enters Cisco IMC log command mode.
- Step 3** Server /cimc/log # **scope server{1|2}**
Selects one of the two remote syslog server profiles and enters the command mode for deleting the remote syslog certificate on the selected server.
- Step 4** Server /cimc/log/server # **show detail**
Displays the server details and confirms that the remote syslog certificate exists on the selected server.
- Step 5** Server /cimc/log/server # **delete-client-certificate**
Enter **y** at the confirmation prompt to delete the remote syslog certificate from the selected server.
- Step 6** Server /cimc/log/server # **show detail**
Displays the server details and confirms that the remote syslog certificate is not available on the selected server.
-

Example

- This example displays that the remote syslog certificate exists on the server:

```
Server # scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # scope server
Server /cimc/log/server # show detail
Server /cimc/log/server # commit
Syslog Server 1:
Syslog Server Address: 10.10.10.10
Syslog Server Port: 514
Enabled: yes
Secure Enabled: yes
Syslog Server protocol: udp
Certificate Exists: yes
Server /cimc/log/server #
```

- This example deletes the remote syslog certificate on the server:

```
Server # scope cimc
Server /cimc # scope log
Server /cimc/log # scope server
Server /cimc/log/server # show detail
Syslog Server 1:
Syslog Server Address: 10.10.10.10
Syslog Server Port: 514
Enabled: yes
Secure Enabled: yes
Syslog Server protocol: udp
```

```

Certificate Exists: yes
Server /cimc/log/server # delete-client-certificate
You are going to delete the Syslog Certificate.
Are you sure you want to proceed and delete the Syslog Certificate? [y|N]y
Syslog Certificate deleted successfully
Server /cimc/log/server #

```

System Event Log

Viewing the System Event Log

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope sel	Enters the system event log (SEL) command mode.
Step 2	Server /sel # show entries [detail]	For system events, displays timestamp, the severity of the event, and a description of the event. The detail keyword displays the information in a list format instead of a table format.

Example

This example displays the system event log:

```

Server# scope sel
Server /sel # show entries
Time                Severity      Description
-----
[System Boot]       Informational " LED_PSU_STATUS: Platform sensor, OFF event was asserted"

[System Boot]       Informational " LED_HLTH_STATUS: Platform sensor, GREEN was asserted"
[System Boot]       Normal        " PSU_REDUNDANCY: PS Redundancy sensor, Fully Redundant
was asserted"
[System Boot]       Normal        " PSU2 PSU2_STATUS: Power Supply sensor for PSU2, Power
Supply input lost (AC/DC) was deasserted"
[System Boot]       Informational " LED_PSU_STATUS: Platform sensor, ON event was asserted"

[System Boot]       Informational " LED_HLTH_STATUS: Platform sensor, AMBER was asserted"
[System Boot]       Critical      " PSU_REDUNDANCY: PS Redundancy sensor, Redundancy Lost
was asserted"
[System Boot]       Critical      " PSU2 PSU2_STATUS: Power Supply sensor for PSU2, Power
Supply input lost (AC/DC) was asserted"
[System Boot]       Normal        " HDD_01_STATUS: Drive Slot sensor, Drive Presence was
asserted"
[System Boot]       Critical      " HDD_01_STATUS: Drive Slot sensor, Drive Presence was
deasserted"
[System Boot]       Informational " DDR3_P2_D1_INFO: Memory sensor, OFF event was asserted"

2001-01-01 08:30:16 Warning      " PSU2 PSU2_VOUT: Voltage sensor for PSU2, failure event

```

```

was deasserted"
2001-01-01 08:30:16 Critical      " PSU2 PSU2_VOUT: Voltage sensor for PSU2, non-recoverable
event was deasserted"
2001-01-01 08:30:15 Informational " LED_PSU_STATUS: Platform sensor, ON event was asserted"

2001-01-01 08:30:15 Informational " LED_HLTH_STATUS: Platform sensor, AMBER was asserted"
2001-01-01 08:30:15 Informational " LED_HLTH_STATUS: Platform sensor, FAST BLINK event was
asserted"
2001-01-01 08:30:14 Non-Recoverable " PSU2 PSU2_VOUT: Voltage sensor for PSU2, non-recoverable
event was asserted"
2001-01-01 08:30:14 Critical      " PSU2 PSU2_VOUT: Voltage sensor for PSU2, failure event
was asserted"
--More--

```

Clearing the System Event Log

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Server# scope sel	Enters the system event log command mode.
Step 2	Server /sel # clear	You are prompted to confirm the action. If you enter y at the prompt, the system event log is cleared.

Example

This example clears the system event log:

```

Server# scope sel
Server /sel # clear
This operation will clear the whole sel.
Continue?[y|N]y

```

