



Configuring the Switch Using the Web User Interface



Note Any figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only.

- [Introduction to Day 0 WebUI Configuration, on page 1](#)
- [Cisco DNA Center Cloud Onboarding Day 0 Wizard, on page 2](#)
- [Classic Day 0 Wizard, on page 5](#)

Introduction to Day 0 WebUI Configuration

After you complete the hardware installation, you need to setup the switch with configuration required to enable traffic to pass through the network. On your first day with your new device, you can perform a number of tasks to ensure that your device is online, reachable and easily configured.

The Web User Interface (Web UI) is an embedded GUI-based device-management tool that provides the ability to provision the device, to simplify device deployment and manageability, and to enhance the user experience. You can use WebUI to build configurations, monitor, and troubleshoot the device without having CLI expertise.

You have two methods to configure the switch using the WebUI.

- [Cisco DNA Center Cloud Onboarding Day 0 Wizard](#)
- [Classic Day 0 Wizard](#)

Figure 1: WebUI Day 0 Wizard

This device is detected as a factory-fresh device. To begin, Click on below cards to create a new user account and launch the setup wizard to bring up the device quickly.

DNAC Cloud Onboarding Day 0 Wizard

This wizard would enable you to on-board this device to dnacentercloud.cisco.com. The wizard would give you step by step guidance to configure the management interface and check the cloud reachability. Make sure you have created a Cisco DNA Center Cloud account and added the device before you start the wizard.

Classic Day 0 Wizard

This wizard would enable you to configure the Switch with basic and advanced settings like User account, Management Interface IP address, VLAN, STP mode selection etc. Once the wizard is successfully completed, user can access the Switch via WEBUI and command line using the Management Interface IP address provided.

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS BELOW BEFORE YOU BEGIN

- Ensure that you have all the required information from your service provider to complete the configuration.
- By default, the wizard enables some recommended configurations. We recommend that you keep these defaults unless you have a reason to change them.
- This wizard helps you to bring up your WAN/LAN connectivity quickly. You can change the configuration and configure advanced features after the wizard completes successfully.
- As a best practice, when you use WebUI to configure a device, do not delete or modify the configuration directly by logging into the device. Changing the configuration method could lead to errors.

Cisco DNA Center Cloud Onboarding Day 0 Wizard

Use this wizard to configure the management interface and check if it is reachable through the cloud.



Note You must add the device to your Cisco DNA Center Cloud account before proceeding with this wizard.

Configuring Account Settings

Setting a username and password is the first task you will perform on your device. Typically, as a network administrator, you will want to control access to your device and prevent unauthorized users from seeing your network configuration or manipulating your settings.

Step 1 Log on using the default username **webui** and password **cisco**.

Step 2 Set a password of up to 25 alphanumeric characters.

The username password combination you set gives you privilege 15 access. The string cannot start with a number, is case sensitive, and allows spaces but ignores leading spaces.

Step 3 In the **Device ID Settings** section, type a unique name in the **Device Name** field to identify your device in the network.

Step 4 Enter the date and time for your device manually in the **Time & Device Mode** field. To synchronize your device with an external timing mechanism such as a Network Time Protocol (NTP) clock source, enter the IP address in the **NTP Server** field.

Figure 2: Account Settings

The screenshot shows the Cisco Configuration Setup Wizard interface. At the top, the Cisco logo and the title "Configuration Setup Wizard" are visible. Below the title, there are four main sections: ACCOUNT SETTINGS, BASIC SETTINGS, TEST CONNECTIVITY, and SUMMARY. The ACCOUNT SETTINGS section is active and contains two sub-sections: "Create New Account" and "Device ID Settings".

Create New Account

- Login Name*: testuser
- Login User Password*:
- Confirm Login User Password*: [Empty field]

Device ID Settings

- Device Name*: testdevice
- NTP Server: X.X.X.X
- Date & Time Mode: NTP Time

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: "< Welcome Page" on the left and "Basic Settings >" on the right. On the right side of the form, there is a "HELP AND TIPS" section with the following text:

Establish a new Username and Password for the Device. Please remember it for next Login.

Establish a new password for the privileged command level.

Device name is an identification that is given to the physical hardware device.

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a networking protocol for clock synchronization between computer systems over packet-switched, variable-latency data networks. Enter the IP address of the NTP server.

If manual time is set then the difference in time will be adjusted at the time of configuring the device.

Configuring Basic Device Settings

On the **Basic Settings** page configure the following information:

- Step 1** In the **Device Management Settings** section, assign an IP address to the management interface using either *Static* or *DHCP* address.
- Step 2** If you chose *Static*, perform the following steps:
- Enter a VLAN ID to associate with the interface in the **Associate VLAN Interface** drop-down list.
 - Ensure that the IP address you assign is part of the subnet mask you enter.
 - Optionally, enter an IP address to specify the default gateway.
 - Enter the address of the DNS Server.

Figure 3: Basic Settings - Static Configuration

The screenshot shows the Cisco Configuration Setup Wizard at the 'BASIC SETTINGS' step. The 'Device Management Settings' section is active, with the 'Static' radio button selected for IP Address configuration. The fields are as follows:

IP Address	<input type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP
VLAN ID*	<input type="text" value="2"/>
IP Address*	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>
Subnet Mask*	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>
Default Gateway (optional)	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x (optional)"/>
Associate VLAN Interface	<input type="text" value="GigabitEthernet1/0/2"/>
DNS Server	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>

Navigation buttons include '< Create New Account' and 'Test Connectivity >'. A 'HELP AND TIPS' sidebar on the right provides instructions for enabling Telnet, SSH, and VTP transparent mode.

Step 3 If you chose *DHCP*, perform the following steps:

- Enter a value in the VLAN ID field.
VLAN ID must be a value other than 1.
- Ensure that the IP address you assign is part of the subnet mask you enter.
- Optionally, enter an IP address to specify the default gateway.
- Enter the address of the DNS Server.

Figure 4: Basic Settings - DHCP Configuration

The screenshot shows the Cisco Configuration Setup Wizard at the 'BASIC SETTINGS' step. The 'Device Management Settings' section is active, with the 'DHCP' radio button selected for IP Address configuration. The fields are as follows:

IP Address	<input type="radio"/> Static <input checked="" type="radio"/> DHCP
VLAN ID*	<input type="text" value="2"/>
IP Address*	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>
Subnet Mask*	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>
Default Gateway (optional)	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x (optional)"/>
DNS Server	<input type="text" value="x.x.x.x"/>

Navigation buttons include '< Create New Account' and 'Test Connectivity >'. A 'HELP AND TIPS' sidebar on the right provides instructions for enabling Telnet, SSH, and VTP transparent mode.

Configuring Test Connectivity

- Step 1** Use the **Test Connectivity/Retest** button to ensure that connection is established between the device to the Cisco DNAC Cloud.
- Step 2** If connection is not established, click the **Retest** button.
If connection still fails, go to the previous **Basic Settings** page, make changes to the settings, and test connectivity again.
- Step 3** Once connectivity is established, go to the **Day Zero Configuration Summary** to save the configurations.

Figure 5: Test Connectivity



- Step 4** Verify that the configurations are applied successfully, and the device is redirected to Cisco DNAC Cloud.

What to do next

If redirection does not succeed, verify if the device is associated with a redirection controller profile on *Cisco PnP Connect (devicehelper)*.

Classic Day 0 Wizard

Use this wizard to configure the device with basic and advanced settings. Once complete, you can access the device through the WebUI using the management interface IP address.

Connecting to the Switch

Before you begin

Set up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client to get the IP address from the switch, and to be able to authenticate with Day 0 login credentials.

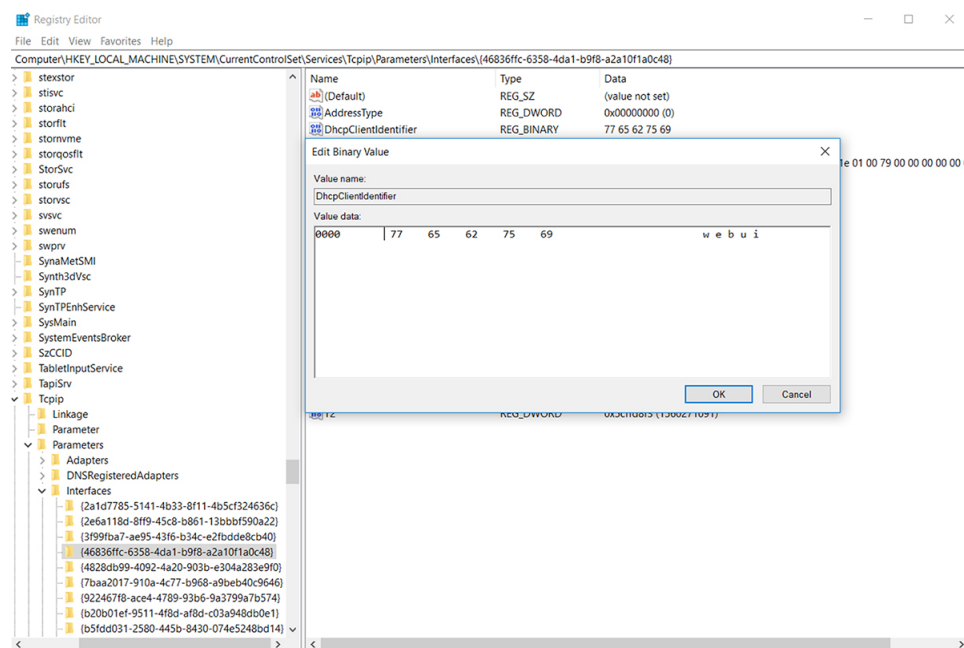
Setting up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client for Windows

1. Type **regedit** in the Windows search box on the taskbar and press *enter*.
2. If prompted by User Account Control, click **Yes** to open the Registry Editor.
3. Navigate to

Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\Interfaces and locate the **Ethernet Interface** Global Unique Identifier (GUID).

4. Add a new REG_BINARY **DhcpClientIdentifier** with Data **77 65 62 75 69** for **webui**. You need to manually type in the value.

Figure 6: Setting up DHCP Client Identifier on Windows



5. Restart the PC for the configuration to take effect.

Setting up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client for MAC

1. Go to **System Preferences > Network > Advanced > TCP > DHCP Client ID:** and enter **webui**.

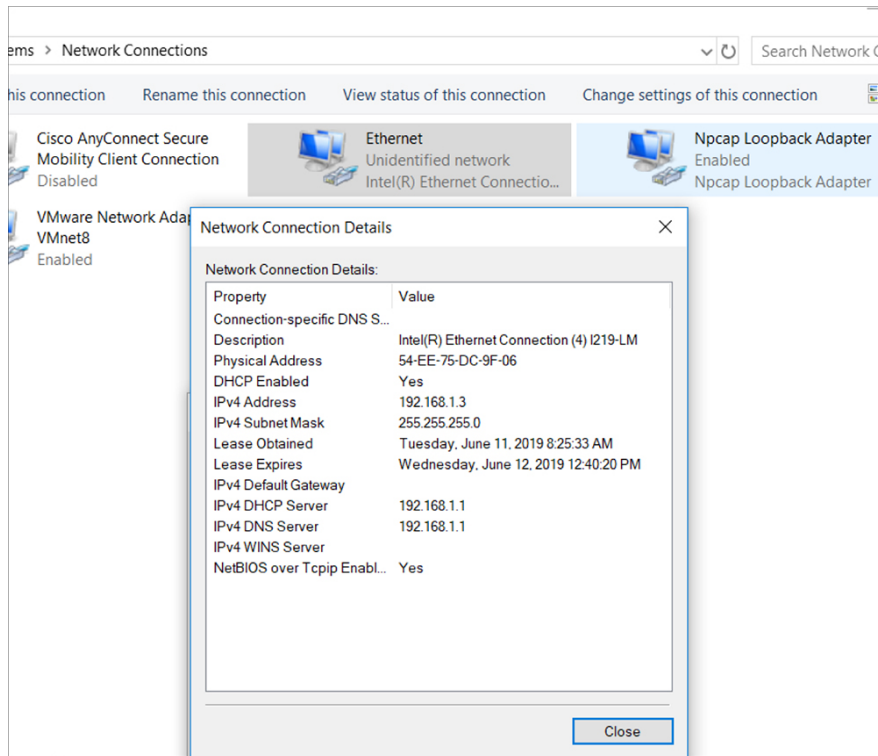
Figure 7: Setting up DHCP Client Identifier on MAC



2. Click **OK** to save the changes.

The bootup script runs the configuration wizard, which prompts you for basic configuration input: (**Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:**). To configure Day 0 settings using the web UI, do not enter a response. Perform the following tasks instead:

-
- Step 1** Make sure that no devices are connected to the switch.
 - Step 2** Connect one end of an ethernet cable to one of the downlink (non-management) ports on the active supervisor and the other end of the ethernet cable to the host (PC/MAC).
 - Step 3** Set up your PC/MAC as a DHCP client, to obtain the IP address of the switch automatically. You should get an IP address within the 192.168.1.x/24 range.

Figure 8: Obtaining the IP Address

It may take up to three mins. You must complete the Day 0 setup through the web UI before using the device terminal.

Step 4 Launch a web browser on the PC and enter the device IP address (<https://192.168.1.1>) in the address bar.

Step 5 Enter the Day 0 **username webui** and **password cisco**.

What to do next

Create a user account.

Creating User Accounts

Setting a username and password is the first task you will perform on your device. Typically, as a network administrator, you will want to control access to your device and prevent unauthorized users from seeing your network configuration or manipulating your settings.

Step 1 Log on using the default username and password provided with the device.

Step 2 Set a password of up to 25 alphanumeric characters. The username password combination you set gives you privilege 15 access. The string cannot start with a number, is case sensitive, and allows spaces but ignores leading spaces.

Figure 9: Create Account

The screenshot shows the 'Create Account' step of the Cisco Configuration Setup Wizard. The interface includes a progress bar at the top with six steps: CREATE ACCOUNT (active), BASIC SETTINGS, SITE PROFILE, SWITCH WIDE SETTINGS, PORT SETTINGS, and SUMMARY. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column contains three input fields: 'Login Name', 'Password', and 'Confirm password'. The right column, titled 'Hardware and Software details of the device', contains five sections: 'Platform Type', 'IOS Installed', 'Serial Number', 'Modules', and 'License Installed', each with a corresponding icon and a text input field. At the bottom of the form, there is a 'Create New Account' button on the left and a 'Basic Device Settings >' button on the right.

Choosing Setup Options

Select **Wired Network** to configure your device based on a site profile, and continue to configure switch wide settings. Otherwise, continue to the next step and configure only basic settings for your device.

Configuring Basic Device Settings

On the **Basic Device Settings** page configure the following information:

- Step 1** In the **Device ID and Location Settings** section, type a unique name to identify your device in the network.
- Step 2** Choose the date and time settings for your device. To synchronize your device with a valid outside timing mechanism, such as an NTP clock source, choose Automatic, or choose Manual to set it yourself.

Figure 10: Basic Settings - Device ID and Location Settings

Step 3 In the **Device Management Settings** section, assign an **IP address** to the management interface. Ensure that the IP address you assign is part of the subnet mask you enter.

Step 4 Optionally, enter an **IP address** to specify the default gateway.

Step 5 To enable access to the device using telnet, check the **Telnet** check box.

Step 6 To enable secure remote access to the device using Secure Shell (SSH), check the **SSH** check box.

Step 7 Check the **VTP transparent mode** check box to disable the device from participating in VTP.

If you did not select **Wired Network**, in the earlier step, continue to the next screen to verify your configuration on the **Day 0 Config Summary** screen, and click **Finish**. To automatically configure your device based on a site profile, click **Setup Options**, and select **Wired Network**.

Figure 11: Basic Settings - Device Management Settings

Configuring Your Device Based on a Site Profile

To ease your configuration tasks and save time, choose a site profile based on where your device may be installed and managed in your network. Based on the site profile you choose, your device is automatically configured according to Cisco best practices. You can easily modify this default configuration, from the corresponding detailed configuration screens.

Choosing a site profile as part of Quick Setup allows you to configure your device based on the business needs of your enterprise. For example, you could use your device as an access switch, to connect client nodes and endpoints on your network, or as a distribution switch, to route packets between subnets and VLANs.

Configuring VLAN Settings

- Step 1** In the **VLAN Configuration** section, you can configure both data and voice VLANs. Type a name for your data VLAN.
- Step 2** To configure a data VLAN, ensure that the **Data VLAN** check box is checked, type a name for your VLAN, and assign a VLAN ID to it. If you are creating several VLANs, indicate only a VLAN range.
- Step 3** To configure a voice VLAN, ensure that the **Voice VLAN** check box is checked, type a name for your VLAN, and assign a VLAN ID to it. If you are creating several VLANs, indicate a VLAN range.

Configuring STP Settings

- Step 1** RPVST is the default STP mode configured on your device. You can change it to PVST from the **STP Mode** drop-down list.
- Step 2** To change a bridge priority number from the default value 32748, change **Bridge Priority** to Yes and choose a priority number from the drop-down list.

Figure 12: VLAN and STP Settings

The screenshot displays the Cisco Configuration Setup Wizard interface. At the top, a progress bar shows six steps: CREATE ACCOUNT, BASIC SETTINGS, SITE PROFILE, SWITCH WIDE SETTINGS, PORT SETTINGS, and SUMMARY. The current step is SWITCH WIDE SETTINGS, which is divided into three sections: VLAN Configuration, STP Configuration, and General Configuration.

VLAN Configuration: Three checkboxes are visible: Data VLAN (unchecked), Voice VLAN (unchecked), and Management Vlan (Switch Wide Settings) (unchecked).

STP Configuration: The STP Mode is set to RPVST. The Bridge Priority checkbox is checked, and the Bridge Priority Number is set to 32748.

General Configuration: Navigation buttons for '< Site Profile' and 'Port Settings >' are present.

HELP AND TIPS: A light blue box on the right contains the following text:

- A data VLAN is a VLAN that is configured to carry user-generated traffic. Voice VLAN allows you to enhance VoIP service by configuring ports to carry IPvoice traffic from IP phones on a specific VLAN.
- STP is to prevent bridge loops and the broadcast radiation that results from them. The part of a network address which identifies it as belonging to a particular domain.
- Configure Syslog Client within the Cisco Device, use a severity level of warnings through emergencies to generate error message about software and hardware malfunctions.
- Protocol for network management and its collecting information from, and configuring, network devices, such as switches, and routers on an IP network.

Configuring DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings

- Step 1** In the **Domain Details** section, enter a domain name that the software uses to complete unqualified hostnames.
- Step 2** Type an IP address to identify the DNS server. This server is used for name and address resolution on your device.
- Step 3** In the **Server Details** section, type the IP address of the DNS server that you want to make available to DHCP clients.
- Step 4** In the **Syslog Server** field, type the IP address of the server to which you want to send syslog messages.
- Step 5** To ensure that your device is configured with the right time, date and timezone, enter the IP address of the NTP server with which you want to synchronize the device time.
- Step 6** In the **Management Details** section, type an IP address to identify the SNMP server. SNMPv1, SNMPv2, and SNMPv3 are supported on your device.
- Step 7** Specify the **SNMP community** string to permit access to the SNMP protocol.

Figure 13: DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Configuration Setup Wizard' interface. At the top, there is a progress bar with six steps: CREATE ACCOUNT, BASIC SETTINGS, SITE PROFILE, SWITCH WIDE SETTINGS, PORT SETTINGS, and SUMMARY. The 'SITE PROFILE' step is currently active. Below the progress bar, the 'General Configuration' section is displayed. It is divided into three sub-sections: 'Domain Details' with fields for 'Domain Name' and 'DNS Server'; 'Server Details' with fields for 'DHCP Server', 'Syslog Server', and 'NTP Server'; and 'Management Details' which is currently empty. On the right side, there is a 'HELP AND TIPS' panel with text about VLANs, STP, and Syslog Client, and a bullet point about network management protocols. Navigation buttons for '< Site Profile' and 'Port Settings >' are located at the bottom of the form.

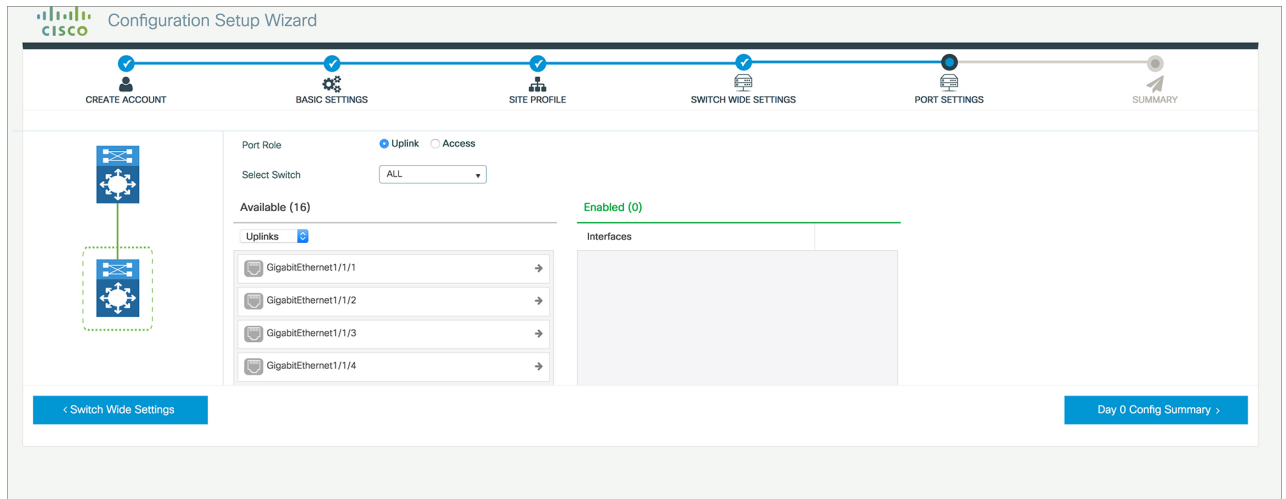
What to do next

Configure port settings.

Configuring Port Settings

- Step 1** Based on the site profile chosen in the earlier step which is displayed in the left-pane, select the **Port Role** from among the following options:
- Uplink – For connecting to devices towards the core of the network.
 - Downlink – For connecting to devices further down in the network topology.
 - Access – For connecting guest devices that are VLAN-unaware.
- Step 2** Choose an option from the **Select Switch** drop-down list.
- Step 3** Make selections from the **Available** list of interfaces based on how you want to enable them and move them to the **Enabled** list.

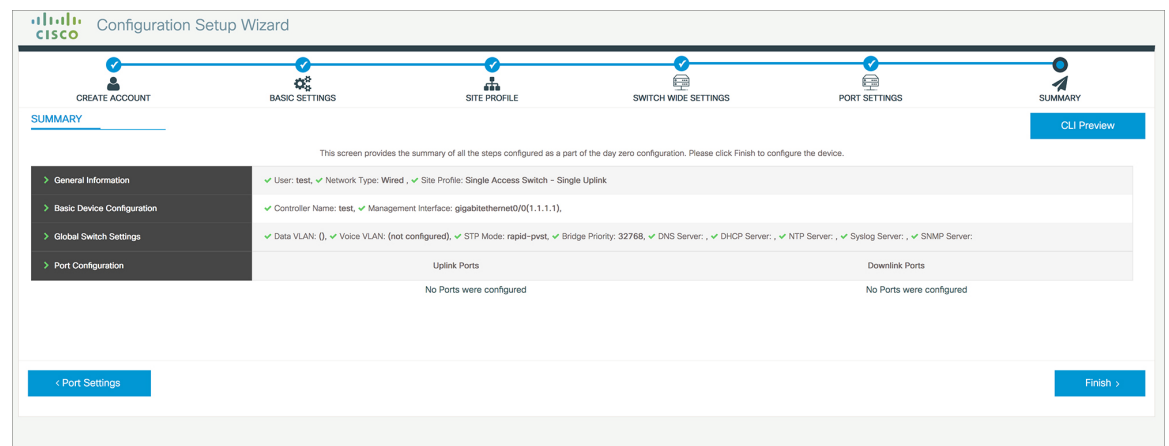
Figure 14: Port Settings



What to do next

- Click **Day 0 Config Summary** to verify your setup.
- Click **Finish**.

Figure 15: Day 0 Config Summary



Configuring VTY Lines

For connecting to the device through Telnet or SSH, the Virtual Terminal Lines or Virtual TeleType (VTY) is used. The number of VTY lines is the maximum number of simultaneous access to the device remotely. If the device is not configured with sufficient number of VTY lines, users might face issues with connecting to the WebUI. The default value for VTY Line is . The device allows up to simultaneous sessions.

- Step 1** From the WebUI, navigate through **Administration > Device** and select the **General** page.
- Step 2** In the **VTY Line** field, enter **0-xx**, depending on how many VTY lines you want to configure.

Figure 16: Configuring VTY Line

Administration > Device

Search Menu Items

Dashboard

Monitoring >

Configuration >

Administration >

Licensing

Troubleshooting

General

FTP/SFTP/TFTP

Bluetooth

IP Routing DISABLED

Host Name*

Banner

Management Interface GigabitEthernet0/0

IP Address*

Subnet Mask*

System MTU(Bytes)

VTY Line [View VTY options](#)

VTY Transport Mode