

Configuring 802.11 parameters and Band Selection

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all of the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Restrictions on Band Selection, 802.11 Bands, and Parameters

- Band-selection enabled WLANs do not support time-sensitive applications like voice and video because of roaming delays.
- Band selection can be used only with Cisco Aironet 1040, 1140, 1250, 1260, 3500, and the 3600 series access points.
- Band selection operates only on access points that are connected to a controller. A FlexConnect access point without a controller connection does not perform band selection after a reboot.

- The band-selection algorithm directs dual-band clients only from the 2.4-GHz radio to the 5-GHz radio of the same access point, and it only runs on an access point when both the 2.4-GHz and 5-GHz radios are up and running.
- You can enable both band selection and aggressive load balancing on the controller. They run independently and do not impact one another.
- It is not possible to enable or disable band selection and client load balancing globally through the controller GUI or CLI. You can, however, enable or disable band selection and client load balancing for a particular WLAN. Band selection and client load balancing are enabled globally by default.

Information About Configuring Band Selection, 802.11 Bands, and Parameters

Band Selection

Band selection enables client radios that are capable of dual-band (2.4- and 5-GHz) operation to move to a less congested 5-GHz access point. The 2.4-GHz band is often congested. Clients on this band typically experience interference from Bluetooth devices, microwave ovens, and cordless phones as well as co-channel interference from other access points because of the 802.11b/g limit of three nonoverlapping channels. To prevent these sources of interference and improve overall network performance, you can configure band selection on the device.

Band selection is enabled globally by default.

Band selection works by regulating probe responses to clients. It makes 5-GHz channels more attractive to clients by delaying probe responses to clients on 2.4-GHz channels.

802.11 Bands

You can configure the 802.11b/g/n (2.4-GHz) and 802.11a/n (5-GHz) bands for the controller to comply with the regulatory requirements in your country. By default, both 802.11b/g/n and 802.11a/n are enabled.

When a controller is configured to allow only 802.11g traffic, 802.11b client devices are able to successfully connect to an access point but cannot pass traffic. When you configure the controller for 802.11g traffic only, you must mark 11g rates as mandatory.

802.11n Parameter

This section provides instructions for managing 802.11n devices such as the Cisco Aironet 1140 and 3600 Series Access Points on your network. The 802.11n devices support the 2.4- and 5-GHz bands and offer high-throughput data rates.

The 802.11n high-throughput rates are available on all 802.11n access points for WLANs using WMM with no Layer 2 encryption or with WPA2/AES encryption enabled.



Some Cisco 802.11n APs may intermittently emit incorrect beacon frames, which can trigger false wIPS alarms. We recommend that you ignore these alarms. The issue is observed in the following Cisco 802.11n APs: 1140, 1250, 2600, 3500, and 3600.

802.11h Parameter

802.11h informs client devices about channel changes and can limit the transmit power of those client devices.

How to Configure 802.11 Bands and Parameters

Configuring Band Selection (CLI)

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. wireless client band-select cycle-count cycle_count
- 3. wireless client band-select cycle-threshold milliseconds
- 4. wireless client band-select expire suppression seconds
- 5. wireless client band-select expire dual-band seconds
- 6. wireless client band-select client-rssi client_rssi
- 7. end
- 8. wlan wlan_profile_name wlan_ID SSID_network_name band-select
- 9. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 2	wireless client band-select cycle-count cycle_count	Sets the probe cycle count for band select.
	Example: Device(config)# wireless client band-select cycle-count 3	You can enter a value between 1 and 10 for the <i>cycle_count</i> parameter.
Step 3	wireless client band-select cycle-threshold milliseconds	Sets the time threshold for a new scanning cycle period. You can enter a value for threshold between 1 and 1000 for the <i>milliseconds</i> parameter.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Device(config)# wireless client band-select cycle-threshold 5000	
Step 4	<pre>wireless client band-select expire suppression seconds Example: Device(config)# wireless client band-select expire suppression 100</pre>	Sets the suppression expire to the band select. You can enter a value for suppression between 10 to 200 for the <i>seconds</i> parameter.
Step 5	<pre>wireless client band-select expire dual-band seconds Example: Device (config) # wireless client band-select expire dual-band 100</pre>	Sets the dual band expire. You can enter a value for dual band between 10 and 300 for the <i>seconds</i> parameter.
Step 6	wireless client band-select client-rssi client_rssi Example: Device (config) # wireless client band-select client-rssi 40	Sets the client RSSI threshold. You can enter a value for minimum dBm of a client RSSI to respond to a probe between 20 and 90 for the <i>client_rssi</i> parameter.
Step 7	end Example: Device(config)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press Ctrl-Z to exit global configuration mode.
Step 8	<pre>wlan wlan_profile_name wlan_ID SSID_network_name band-select Example: Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12 Device(config-wlan)# band-select</pre>	Configures band selection on specific WLANs. You can enter a value between 1 and 512 for the <i>wlan_ID</i> parameter. You can enter the up to 32 alphanumeric characters for <i>SSID_network_name</i> parameter.
Step 9	end Example: Device(config)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press Ctrl-Z to exit global configuration mode.

Configuring the 802.11 Bands (CLI)

You can configure 802.11 bands and parameters.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
- **3**. ap dot11 24ghz shutdown
- 4. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} beaconperiod time_unit
- 5. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} fragmentation threshold
- 6. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} dtpc
- 7. wireless client association limit number interval milliseconds
- 8. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} rate rate {disable | mandatory | supported}
- 9. no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
- 10. no ap dot11 24ghz shutdown
- 11. ap dot11 24ghz dot11g
- 12. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 2	ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Disables the 802.11a band.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Note You must disable the 802.11a band before configuring the 802.11a network parameters.
Step 3	ap dot11 24ghz shutdown	Disables the 802.11b band.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 24ghz shutdown	Note You must disable the 802.11b band before configuring the 802.11b network parameters.
Step 4	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} beaconperiod	Specifies the rate at which the SSID is broadcast by the access point.
	<pre>time_unit Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz beaconperiod 500</pre>	The beacon interval is measured in time units (TUs). One TU is 1024 microseconds. You can configure the access point to send a beacon every 20 to 1000 milliseconds.
Step 5	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} fragmentation	Specifies the size at which packets are fragmented.
	<pre>threshold Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz fragmentation 300</pre>	The threshold is a value between 256 and 2346 bytes (inclusive). Specify a low number for areas where communication is poor or where there is a great deal of radio interference.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} dtpc	Enables access points to advertise their channels and transmit the power levels in beacons, and probe responses.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dtpc Device(config)# no ap dot11 24ghz dtpc	The default value is enabled. Client devices using dynamic transmit power control (DTPC) receive the channel and power level information from the access points and adjust their settings automatically. For example, a client device used primarily in Japan could rely on DTPC to adjust its channel and power settings automatically when it travels to Italy and joins a network there. Note On access points that run Cisco IOS software, this feature is called world mode. The no form of the command disables the 802.11a or 802.11b DTPC setting.
Step 7	wireless client association limit number	Specifies the maximum allowed clients that can be configured.
	Example:	You can configure a maximum number of association request on a single access point slot at a given interval. The range of association limit that you can configure is from one through 100.
Device(config)# wireless client association limit 50 interval 1000	The association request limit interval is measured between 100 to 10000 milliseconds.	
Step 8	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} rate rate {disable mandatory supported}	Specifies the rate at which data can be transmitted between the controller and the client.
Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz rate 36	• <i>disabled</i> —Defines that the clients specify the data rates used for communication.	
	mandatory	• <i>mandatory</i> —Defines that the clients support this data rate in order to associate to an access point on the controller.
		• <i>supported</i> —Any associated clients that support this data rate may communicate with the access point using that rate. However, the clients are not required to be able to use this rate in order to associate.
		• <i>rate</i> —Specifies the rate at which data is transmitted. For the 802.11a and 802.11b bands, the data is transmitted at the rate of 1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, or 54 Mbps.
Step 9	no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Enables the 802.11a band.
	Example: Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Note The default value is enabled.
Step 10	no ap dot11 24ghz shutdown	Enables the 802.11b band.
	Example: Device(config)# no ap dot11 24ghz shutdown	Note The default value is enabled.
Step 11	ap dot11 24ghz dot11g	Enables or disables 802.11g network support.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 24ghz dot11g	The default value is enabled. You can use this command only if the 802.11b band is enabled. If you disable this feature, the 802.11b band is enabled without 802.11g support.
Step 12	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device(config)# end	

Configuring 802.11n Parameters (CLI)

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure terminal
- **2**. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} dot11n
- **3.** ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} dot11n mcs tx *rtu*
- 4. wlanwlan_profile_name wlan_ID_SSID_network_name wmm require
- 5. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} shutdown
- 6. {ap | no ap} dot11 {5ghz | 24 ghz} dot11n a-mpdu tx priority {all | 0-7}
- 7. no ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} shutdown
- 8. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} dot11n guard-interval {any | long}
- 9. ap dot11 {5ghz | 24ghz} dot11n rifs rx
- 10. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 2	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} dot11n	Enables 802.11n support on the network.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n	The no form of the command disables the 802.11n support on the network.
Step 3	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} dot11n mcs tx <i>rtu</i> Example:	Specifies the modulation and coding scheme (MCS) rates at which data can be transmitted between the access point and the client. You can set a value from 0 through 23 for the mcs tx parameter.
	Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n mcs tx 20	The no form of the command disables the MCS rates that is configured.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 4	wlanwlan_profile_name wlan_ID SSID_network_name wmm require	Enables WMM on the WLAN and configured.	uses the 802.11n data rates that you
	Example: Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12 Device(config-wlan)# wmm require	The require parameter requires cli do not support WMM cannot join	ent devices to use WMM. Devices that the WLAN.
Step 5	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} shutdown	Disables the network.	
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown		
Step 6	{ap no ap} dot11 {5ghz 24 ghz} dot11n	Specifies the aggregation method	used for 802.11n packets.
	a-mpdu tx priority {all 0-7} Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n a-mpdu tx priority all	Aggregation is the process of grout than transmitting them separately. Aggregated MAC Protocol Data U Service Data Unit (A-MSDU). Both in the software.	ping packet data frames together rather Two aggregation methods are available: Init (A-MPDU) and Aggregated MAC A-MPDU and A-MSDU are performed
		You can specify the aggregation m the access point to the clients.	ethod for various types of traffic from
		The following table defines the pri type.	ority levels (0-7) assigned per traffic
		Table 1: Traffic Type Priority Levels	
		User Priority	Traffic Type
		0	Best effort
		1	Background
		2	Spare
		3	Excellent effort
		4	Controlled load
		5	Video, less than 100-ms latency and jitter
		6	Voice, less than 100-ms latency and jitter
		7	Network control

	Command or Action	Purpose
		You can configure each priority level independently, or you can use the all parameter to configure all of the priority levels at once. You can configure priority levels so that the traffic uses either A-MPDU transmission or A-MSDU transmission.
		• When you use the ap command along with the other options, the traffic associated with that priority level uses A-MPDU transmission.
		• When you use the no ap command along with the other options, the traffic associated with that priority level uses A-MSDU transmission.
		Configure the priority levels to match the aggregation method used by the clients. By default, A-MPDU is enabled for priority level 0, 4 and 5 and the rest are disabled. By default, A-MPDU is enabled for all priorities except 6 and 7.
Step 7	no ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} shutdown	Reenables the network.
	Example: Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	
Step 8	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} dot11n guard-interval {any long}	Configures the guard interval for the network.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n guard-interval long	
Step 9	ap dot11 {5ghz 24ghz} dot11n rifs rx	Configures the Reduced Interframe Space (RIFS) for the network.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n rifs rx	
Step 10	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press Ctrl-Z to exit global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config)# end</pre>	

Configuring 802.11h Parameters (CLI)

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
- **3.** {**ap** | **no ap**} **dot11 5ghz channelswitch mode** *switch_mode*
- 4. ap dot11 5ghz power-constraint value
- 5. no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
- 6. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 2	ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Disables the 802.11a network.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	
Step 3	<pre>{ap no ap} dot11 5ghz channelswitch mode switch_mode</pre>	Enables or disables the access point to announce when it is switching to a new channel.
	<pre>Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz channelswitch mode 0</pre>	You can enter a 0 or 1 for the channelswitch parameter to specify whether transmissions are restricted until the actual channel switch (0) or are not restricted (1). The default value is disabled.
Step 4	ap dot11 5ghz power-constraint value	Configures the 802.11h power constraint value in a range from zero through 255.
	Example: Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz power-constraint 200	The default value for the value parameter is 3 dB.
Step 5	no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	Reenables the 802.11a network.
	Example: Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown	
Step 6	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode. Alternatively, you can also press Ctrl-Z to exit global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config)# end</pre>	

Monitoring Configuration Settings for Band Selection, 802.11 Bands, and Parameters

Monitoring Configuration Settings Using Band Selection and 802.11 Bands Commands

This section describes the new commands for band selection and 802.11 bands.

The following commands can be used to monitor band selection, and 802.11 bands and parameters the .

Table 2: Monitoring Configuration Settings Using Band Selection and 802.11 Bands Commands

Command	Purpose
show ap dot11 5ghz network	Displays 802.11a bands network parameters, 802.11a operational rates, 802.11n MCS settings, and 802.11n status information.
show ap dot11 24ghz network	Displays 802.11b bands network parameters, 802.11b/g operational rates, 802.11n MCS settings, and 802.11n status information.
show wireless dot11h	Displays 802.11h configuration parameters.
show wireless band-select	Displays band select configuration settings.

Example: Viewing the Configuration Settings for 5-GHz Band

```
Device# show ap dot11 5ghz network
802.11a Network : Enabled
11nSupport : Enabled
 802.11a Low Band : Enabled
 802.11a Mid Band : Enabled
 802.11a High Band : Enabled
802.11a Operational Rates
 802.11a 6M : Mandatory
 802.11a 9M : Supported
 802.11a 12M : Mandatory
 802.11a 18M : Supported
 802.11a 24M : Mandatory
 802.11a 36M : Supported
 802.11a 48M : Supported
 802.11a 54M : Supported
802.11n MCS Settings:
 MCS 0 : Supported
 MCS 1 : Supported
 MCS 2 : Supported
 MCS 3 : Supported
```

```
MCS 4 : Supported
  MCS 5 : Supported
  MCS 6 : Supported
  MCS 7 : Supported
  MCS 8 : Supported
  MCS 9 : Supported
  MCS 10 : Supported
  MCS 11 : Supported
  MCS 12 : Supported
  MCS 13 : Supported
  MCS 14 : Supported
  MCS 15 : Supported
  MCS 16 : Supported
  MCS 17 : Supported
  MCS 18 : Supported
  MCS 19 : Supported
  MCS 20 : Supported
  MCS 21 : Supported
  MCS 22 : Supported
  MCS 23 : Supported
802.11n Status:
  A-MPDU Tx:
    Priority 0 : Enabled
    Priority 1 : Disabled
    Priority 2 : Disabled
    Priority 3 : Disabled
    Priority 4 : Enabled
    Priority 5 : Enabled
    Priority 6 : Disabled
    Priority 7 : Disabled
  A-MSDU Tx:
    Priority 0 : Enabled
    Priority 1 : Enabled
    Priority 2 : Enabled
    Priority 3 : Enabled
    Priority 4 : Enabled
    Priority 5 : Enabled
    Priority 6 : Disabled
    Priority 7 : Disabled
Guard Interval : Any
  Rifs Rx : Enabled
Beacon Interval : 100
CF Pollable mandatory : Disabled
CF Poll Request Mandatory : Disabled
CFP Period : 4
CFP Maximum Duration : 60
Default Channel : 36
Default Tx Power Level : 1
DTPC Status : Enabled
Fragmentation Threshold : 2346
Pico-Cell Status : Disabled
Pico-Cell-V2 Status : Disabled
TI Threshold : 0
Legacy Tx Beamforming setting : Disabled
Traffic Stream Metrics Status : Disabled
Expedited BW Request Status : Disabled
EDCA profile type check : default-wmm
Call Admision Control (CAC) configuration
Voice AC
  Voice AC - Admission control (ACM) : Disabled
  Voice Stream-Size : 84000
  Voice Max-Streams : 2
  Voice Max RF Bandwidth : 75
  Voice Reserved Roaming Bandwidth : 6
  Voice Load-Based CAC mode : Enabled
  Voice tspec inactivity timeout : Enabled
CAC SIP-Voice configuration
  SIP based CAC : Disabled
  SIP Codec Type : CODEC_TYPE_G711
  SIP call bandwidth : 6\overline{4}
  SIP call bandwith sample-size : 20
Video AC
  Video AC - Admission control (ACM) : Disabled
```

```
Video max RF bandwidth : Infinite
Video reserved roaming bandwidth : 0
```

Example: Viewing the Configuration Settings for 24-GHz Band

Device# show ap dot11 24ghz network 802.11b Network : Enabled 11gSupport : Enabled 11nSupport : Enabled 802.11b/g Operational Rates 802.11b 1M : Mandatory 802.11b 2M : Mandatory 802.11b 5.5M : Mandatory 802.11g 6M : Supported 802.11g 9M : Supported 802.11b 11M : Mandatory 802.11g 12M : Supported 802.11g 18M : Supported 802.11g 24M : Supported 802.11g 36M : Supported 802.11g 48M : Supported 802.11g 54M : Supported 802.11n MCS Settings: MCS 0 : Supported MCS 1 : Supported MCS 2 : Supported MCS 3 : Supported MCS 4 : Supported MCS 5 : Supported MCS 6 : Supported MCS 7 : Supported MCS 8 : Supported MCS 9 : Supported MCS 10 : Supported MCS 11 : Supported MCS 12 : Supported MCS 13 : Supported MCS 14 : Supported MCS 15 : Supported MCS 16 : Supported MCS 17 : Supported MCS 18 : Supported MCS 19 : Supported MCS 20 : Supported MCS 21 : Supported MCS 22 : Supported MCS 23 : Supported 802.11n Status: A-MPDU Tx: Priority 0 : Enabled Priority 1 : Disabled Priority 2 : Disabled Priority 3 : Disabled Priority 4 : Enabled Priority 5 : Enabled Priority 6 : Disabled Priority 7 : Disabled A-MSDU Tx: Priority 0 : Enabled Priority 1 : Enabled Priority 2 : Enabled Priority 3 : Enabled Priority 4 : Enabled Priority 5 : Enabled Priority 6 : Disabled Priority 7 : Disabled Guard Interval : Any Rifs Rx : Enabled

```
Beacon Interval : 100
CF Pollable Mandatory : Disabled
CF Poll Request Mandatory : Disabled
CFP Period : 4
CFP Maximum Duration : 60
Default Channel : 11
Default Tx Power Level : 1
DTPC Status : true
Call Admission Limit : 105
G711 CU Quantum : 15
ED Threshold : -50
Fragmentation Threshold : 2346
PBCC Mandatory : Disabled
Pico-Cell Status : Disabled
Pico-Cell-V2 Status : Disabled
RTS Threshold : 2347
Short Preamble Mandatory : Enabled
Short Retry Limit : 7
Legacy Tx Beamforming setting : Disabled
Traffic Stream Metrics Status : Disabled
Expedited BW Request Status : Disabled
EDCA profile type : default-wmm
Call Admision Control (CAC) configuration
Voice AC
  Voice AC - Admission control (ACM) : Disabled
  Voice Stream-Size : 84000
  Voice Max-Streams : 2
  Voice Max RF Bandwidth : 75
  Voice Reserved Roaming Bandwidth : 6
  Voice Load-Based CAC mode : Enabled
  Voice tspec inactivity timeout : Enabled
CAC SIP-Voice configuration
  SIP based CAC : Disabled
  SIP Codec Type : CODEC TYPE G711
  SIP call bandwidth : 6\overline{4}
  SIP call bandwith sample-size : 20
Video AC
  Video AC - Admission control (ACM) : Disabled
  Video max RF bandwidth : Infinite
  Video reserved roaming bandwidth : 0
```

Example: Viewing the status of 802.11h Parameters

Device# show wireless dot11h Power Constraint: 0 Channel Switch: 0 Channel Switch Mode: 0

Example: Verifying the Band Selection Settings

Device# show wireless band-s	select
Band Select Probe Response	: per WLAN enabling
Cycle Count	: 2
Cycle Threshold (millisec)	: 200
Age Out Suppression (sec)	: 20
Age Out Dual Band (sec)	: 60
Client RSSI (dBm)	: 80

Configuration Examples for Band Selection, 802.11 Bands, and Parameters

Examples: Band Selection Configuration

This example shows how to set the probe cycle count and time threshold for a new scanning cycle period for band select:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# wireless client band-select cycle-count 3
Device(config)# wireless client band-select cycle-threshold 5000
Device(config)# end
```

This example shows how to set the suppression expire to the band select:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# wireless client band-select expire suppression 100
Device(config)# end
```

This example shows how to set the dual band expire for the band select:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# wireless client band-select expire dual-band 100
Device(config)# end
```

This example shows how to set the client RSSI threshold for the band select:

Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# wireless client band-select client-rssi 40
Device(config)# end

This example shows how to configure band selection on specific WLANs:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12
Device(config-wlan)# band-select
Device(config)# end
```

Examples: 802.11 Bands Configuration

This example shows how to configure 802.11 bands using beacon interval, fragmentation, and dynamic transmit power control:

```
Device# configure terminal

Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown

Device(config)# ap dot11 24ghz shutdown

Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz beaconperiod 500

Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz fragmentation 300

Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dtpc

Device(config)# wireless client association limit 50 interval 1000

Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz rate 36 mandatory

Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown

Device(config)# no ap dot11 24ghz shutdown

Device(config)# ap dot11 24ghz dot11g

Device(config)# ap dot11 24ghz dot11g

Device(config)# apd
```

Examples: 802.11n Configuration

This example shows how to configure 802.11n parameters for 5-GHz band using aggregation method:

Device# configure terminal Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n mcs tx 20 Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12 Device(config-wlan)# wmm require\ Device(config-wlan)# exit Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n a-mpdu tx priority all Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown

This example shows how to configure the guard interval for 5-GHz band:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n mcs tx 20
Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12
Device(config-wlan)# wmm require\
Device(config-wlan)# wmm require\
Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n guard-interval long
Device(config)# end
```

This example shows how to configure the RIFS for 5-GHz band:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n mcs tx 20
Device(config)# wlan wlan1 25 ssid12
Device(config-wlan)# wmm require\
Device(config-wlan)# exit
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n rifs rx
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz dot11n rifs rx
```

Examples: 802.11h Configuration

This example shows how to configure the access point to announce when it is switching to a new channel using restriction transmission:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz channelswitch mode 0
Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)#end
```

This example shows how to configure the 802.11h power constraint for 5-GHz band:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)# ap dot11 5ghz power-constraint 200
Device(config)# no ap dot11 5ghz shutdown
Device(config)#end
```

Additional References for 802.11 Parameters and Band Selection

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
System management commands	System Management Command Reference, Cisco IOS XE Release 3SE (Cisco WLC 5700 Series)

Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
None	—

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
All supported MIBs for this release.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature History and Information For Performing 802.11 parameters and Band Selection Configuration

Release	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This feature was introduced.