

# **WLAN Commands**

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# aaa-override

To enable AAA override on the WLAN, use the **aaa-override** command. To disable AAA override, use the **no** form of this command.

aaa-override no aaa-override

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

AAA is disabled by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

## Release Modification

Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable AAA on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# aaa-override
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable AAA on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# no aaa-override
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# accounting-list

To configure RADIUS accounting servers on a WLAN, use the **accounting-list** command. To disable RADIUS server accounting, use the **no** form of this command.

accounting-list radius-server-acct no accounting-list

## **Syntax Description**

radius-server-acct Accounting RADIUS server name.

#### **Command Default**

RADIUS server accounting is disabled by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to configure RADIUS server accounting on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# accounting-list test
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable RADIUS server accounting on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no accounting-list test
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# ap name ap-name lan port-id port-id poe

To enable PoE in the LAN port of AP, use the **ap name ap-name lan port-id port-id poe** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable PoE in the LAN port of AP, use **no** form of this command.



Note

PoE can be configured only for port 1.

ap name ap-name lan port-id poe

ap name ap-name no lan port-id poe

**Syntax Description** 

ap-name Name of the AP.

port-id ID of the port.

**Command Default** 

By default, PoE is disabled.

**Command Modes** 

privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to enable PoE in the LAN port of AP:

Switch # ap name AP00FE.C82D.DFB0 lan port-id 1 poe

# ap name ap-name lan override

To override AP group LAN port configurations, use the **ap name ap-name lan override** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable Override in an AP group LAN port configuration, use **no** form of this command.

ap name ap-name lan override

ap name ap-name no lan override

**Syntax Description** 

*ap-name* Name of the AP.

**Command Default** 

By default, LAN override is disabled.



Note

The LAN port configurations for each of the AP is allowed only when the LAN override is enabled.

**Command Modes** 

privileged EXEC

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to enable Override in an AP group LAN port configuration:

Switch # ap name AP00FE.C82D.DFB0 lan override

# band-select

To configure band selection on a WLAN, use the **band-select** command. To disable band selection, use the **no** form of this command.

## band-select no band-select

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

Band selection is disabled by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

When you enable band select on a WLAN, the access point suppresses client probes on 2.4GHz and moves the dual band clients to the 5-GHz spectrum. The band-selection algorithm directs dual-band clients only from the 2.4-GHz radio to the 5-GHz radio of the same access point, and it only runs on an access point when both the 2.4-GHz and 5-GHz radios are up and running.

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable band select on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# band-select
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable band selection on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no band-select
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# broadcast-ssid

To enable a Service Set Identifier (SSID) on a WLAN, use the **broadcast-ssid** command. To disable broadcasting of SSID, use the **no** form of this command.

## broadcast-ssid no broadcast-ssid

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

The SSIDs of WLANs are broadcasted by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable a broadcast SSID on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# broadcast-ssid
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable a broadcast SSID on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no broadcast-ssid
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# call-snoop

To enable Voice over IP (VoIP) snooping on a WLAN, use the **call-snoop** command. To disable Voice over IP (VoIP), use the **no** form of this command.

## call-snoop no call-snoop

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

VoIP snooping is disabled by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLN configuration

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See the Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The WLAN on which call snooping is configured must be configured with Platinum QoS. You must disable quality of service before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on configuring QoS service-policy.

This example shows how to enable VoIP on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# call-snoop
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable VoIP on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no call-snoop
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

```
service-policy (WLAN) wlan, on page 61
```

# channel-scan defer-priority

To configure the device to defer priority markings for packets that can defer off-channel scanning, use the **channel-scan defer-priority** command. To disable the device to defer priority markings for packets that can defer off-channel scanning, use the **no** form of this command.

channel-scan defer-priority priority no channel-scan defer-priority priority

## **Syntax Description**

priority Channel priority value. The range is 0 to 7. The default is 3.

#### **Command Default**

Channel scan defer is enabled.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to enable channel scan defer priority on a WLAN and set it to a priority value 4:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# channel-scan defer-priority 4
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable channel scan defer priority on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no channel-scan defer-priority 4
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

# channel-scan defer-time

To assign a channel scan defer time, use the **channel-scan defer-time** command. To disable the channel scan defer time, use the **no** form of this command.

channel-scan defer-time *msecs* no channel-scan defer-time

## **Syntax Description**

msecs Deferral time in milliseconds. The range is from 0 to 60000. The default is 100.

## **Command Default**

Channel-scan defer time is enabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

The time value in milliseconds should match the requirements of the equipment on the WLAN.

This example shows how to enable a channel scan on the WLAN and set the scan deferral time to 300 milliseconds:

#### Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# channel-scan defer-time 300
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable channel scan defer time on a WLAN:

#### Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no channel-scan defer-time
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

# chd

To enable coverage hole detection on a WLAN, use the **chd** command. To disable coverage hole detection, use the **no** form of this command.

## chd no chd

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

Coverage hole detection is enabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

	Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE This command was introduced.	Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	

This example shows how to enable coverage hole detection on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# chd
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable coverage hole detection on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no chd
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

# client association limit

To configure the maximum number of client connections on a WLAN, use the **client association limit** command. To disable clients association limit on the WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

client association limit {association-limit}
no client association limit {association-limit}

## **Syntax Description**

association-limit

Number of client connections to be accepted. The range is from 0 to 2000. A value of zero (0) indicates no set limit.

#### **Command Default**

The maximum number of client connections is set to 0 (no limit).

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to configure a client association limit on a WLAN and configure the client limit to 200:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# client association limit 200
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable a client association limit on a WLAN:

#### Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# no client association limit
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to configure a client association limit per radio on a WLAN and configure the client limit to 200:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config) # wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan) # client association limit radio 200
Switch(config-wlan) # no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan) # end
```

This example shows how to configure a client association limit per AP on a WLAN and configure the client limit to 300::

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# client association limit ap 300
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# client vlan

To configure a WLAN interface or an interface group, use the **client vlan** command. To disable the WLAN interface, use the **no** form of this command.

client vlan interface-id-name-or-group-name no client vlan

## **Syntax Description**

 $interface\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}name\hbox{-}or\hbox{-}group\hbox{-}name$ 

Interface ID, name, or VLAN group name. The interface ID can also be in digits too.

## **Command Default**

The default interface is configured.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable a client VLAN on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# client vlan client-vlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable a client VLAN on a WLAN:

#### Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no client vlan
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# ccx aironet-iesupport

To enable Aironet Information Elements (IEs) for a WLAN, use the **ccx aironet-iesupport** command. To disable Aironet Information Elements (IEs), use the **no** form of this command.

## ccx aironet-iesupport no ccx aironet-iesupport

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

Aironet IE support is enabled.

### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable an Aironet IE for a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# ccx aironet-iesupport
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable an Aironet IE on a WLAN:

#### Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no ccx aironet-iesupport
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# datalink flow monitor

To enable NetFlow monitoring in a WLAN, use the **datalink flow monitor** command. To disable NetFlow monitoring, use the **no** form of this command.

datalink flow monitor datalink-monitor-name {input|output} no datalink flow monitor datalink-monitor-name {input|output}

## **Syntax Description**

datalink-monitor-name	Flow monitor name. The datalink monitor name can have up to 31 characters.
input	Specifies the NetFlow monitor for ingress traffic.
output	Specifies the NetFlow monitor for egress traffic.

## **Command Default**

None.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable NetFlow monitoring on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# datalink flow monitor test output
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable NetFlow monitoring on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no datalink flow monitor test output
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# device-classification

To enable client device classification in a WLAN, use the device-classification command. To disable device classification, use the **no** form of this command.

device-classification no device-classification

**Syntax Description** 

device-classification Enables/Disables Client Device Classification.

**Command Default** 

None.

**Command Modes** 

WLAN configuration

**Command History** 

Modification Release

Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE This command was introduced.

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Switch (config) # wlan wlan1

Switch(config-wlan)# device-classification

Switch(config-wlan)# end

# default

To set the parameters to their default values, use the **default** command.

## default {aaa-override|accounting-list|

## imretgenpijtssiedindenrieskingsbruckt

## **Syntax Description**

aaa-override	Sets the AAA override parameter to its default value.
accounting-list	Sets the accounting parameter and its attributes to their default values.
band-select	Sets the band selection parameter to its default values.
broadcast-ssid	Sets the broadcast Service Set Identifier (SSID) parameter to its default value.
call-snoop	Sets the call snoop parameter to its default value.
ccx	Sets the Cisco client extension (Cisco Aironet IE) parameters and attributes to their default values.
channel-scan	Sets the channel scan parameters and attributes to their default values.
chd	Sets the coverage hold detection parameter to its default value.
client	Sets the client parameters and attributes to their default values.
datalink	Sets the datalink parameters and attributes to their default values.
diag-channel	Sets the diagnostic channel parameters and attributes to their default values.
dtim	Sets the Delivery Traffic Indicator Message (DTIM) parameter to its default value.
exclusionlist	Sets the client exclusion timeout parameter to its default value.
ip	Sets the IP parameters to their default values.
ipv6	Sets the IPv6 parameters and attributes to their default values.
load-balance	Sets the load-balancing parameter to its default value.
local-auth	Sets the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) profile parameters and attributes to their default values.
mac-filtering	Sets the MAC filtering parameters and attributes to their default values.
media-stream	Sets the media stream parameters and attributes to their default values.
mfp	Sets the Management Frame Protection (MPF) parameters and attributes to their default values.

mobility	Sets the mobility parameters and attributes to their default values.
nac	Sets the RADIUS Network Admission Control (NAC) parameter to its default value.
passive-client	Sets the passive client parameter to its default value.
peer-blocking	Sets the peer to peer blocking parameters and attributes to their default values.
radio	Sets the radio policy parameters and attributes to their default values.
roamed-voice-client	Sets the roamed voice client parameters and attributes to their default values.
security	Sets the security policy parameters and attributes to their default values.
service-policy	Sets the WLAN quality of service (QoS) policy parameters and attributes to their default values.
session-timeout	Sets the client session timeout parameter to its default value.
shutdown	Sets the shutdown parameter to its default value.
sip-cac	Sets the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Call Admission Control (CAC) parameters and attributes to their default values.
static-ip	Sets the static IP client tunneling parameters and their attributes to their default values.
uapsd	Sets the Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery (UAPSD) parameters and attributes to their default values.
wgb	Sets the Workgroup Bridges (WGB) parameter to its default value.
wmm	Sets the WMM parameters and attributes to their default values.

## **Command Default**

None.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to set the Cisco Client Extension parameter to its default value:

Switch(config-wlan)# default ccx aironet-iesupport

## **Related Topics**

# dtim dot11

To configure the Delivery Traffic Indicator Message (DTIM) period for a WLAN, use the **dtim dot11** command. To disable DTIM, use the **no** form of this command.

dtim dot11 {5ghz|24ghz} dtim-period no dtim dot11 {5ghz|24ghz} dtim-period

## **Syntax Description**

5ghz	Configures the DTIM period on the 5-GHz band.
24ghz	Configures the DTIM period on the 2.4-GHz band.
dtim-period	Value for the DTIM period. The range is from 1 to 255.

## **Command Default**

The DTIM period is set to 1.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable the DTIM period on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan)# dtim dot11 24ghz 3
```

This example shows how to disable the DTIM period on a WLAN on the 2.4-GHz band:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no dtim dot11 24ghz 3
```

## **Related Topics**

# exclusionlist

To configure an exclusion list on a wireless LAN, use the **exclusionlist** command. To disable an exclusion list, use the **no** form of this command.

exclusionlist [timeout seconds]
no exclusionlist [timeout]

## **Syntax Description**

**timeout** seconds (Optional) Specifies an exclusion list timeout in seconds. The range is from 0 to 2147483647. A value of zero (0) specifies no timeout.

## **Command Default**

The exclusion list is set to 60 seconds.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to configure a client exclusion list for a WLAN:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan)# exclusionlist timeout 345

This example shows how to disable a client exclusion list on a WLAN:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config) # wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan) # no exclusionlist timeout 345

# exit

To exit the WLAN configuration submode, use the exit command.

exit

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to exit the WLAN configuration submode:

Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# exit
Switch(config)#

# exit (WLAN AP Group)

To exit the WLAN access point group submode, use the exit command.

exit

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** 

Vone

**Command Modes** 

WLAN AP Group configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to exit the WLAN AP group submode:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config) # ap group test
Switch(config-apgroup) # exit

# ip access-group

To configure WLAN access control group (ACL), use the **ip access-group** command. To remove a WLAN ACL group, use the **no** form of the command.

ip access-group [web] acl-name no ip access-group [web]

## **Syntax Description**

web	(Optional) Configures the IPv4 web ACL.	
acl-name	Specify the preauth ACL used for the WLAN with the security type value as webauth.	

## **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to configure a WLAN ACL:

#### Switch#configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config) #wlan #wlan1 Switch(config-#wlan) #ip access-group test-acl

This example shows how to configure an IPv4 WLAN web ACL:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# ip access-group web test
Switch(config-wlan)#
```

## **Related Topics**

# ip flow monitor

To configure IP NetFlow monitoring, use the **ip flow monitor** command. To remove IP NetFlow monitoring, use the **no** form of this command.

ip flow monitor ip-monitor-name {input|output}
no ip flow monitor ip-monitor-name {input|output}

## **Syntax Description**

ip-monitor-name	Flow monitor name.	
input	Enables a flow monitor for ingress traffic.	
output	Enables a flow monitor for egress traffic.	

## **Command Default**

None

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command.

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to configure an IP flow monitor for the ingress traffic:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# ip flow monitor test input

This example shows how to disable an IP flow monitor:

## Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan)# no ip flow monitor test input

# ip verify source mac-check

To enable IPv4 Source Guard (IPSG) on a WLAN, use the **ip verify source mac-check** command. To disable IPSG, use the **no** form of this command.

ip verify source mac-check no ip verify source mac-check

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

IPSG is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.	3SE This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

Use this feature to restrict traffic from a host to a specific interface that is based on the host's IP address. The feature can also be configured to bind the source MAC and IP of a host so that IP spoofing is prevented.

Use this feature to bind the IP and MAC address of a wireless host that is based on information received from DHCP snooping, ARP, and Dataglean. Dataglean is the process of extracting location information such as host hardware address, ports that lead to the host, and so on from DHCP messages as they are forwarded by the DHCP relay agent. If a wireless host tries to send traffic with IP address and MAC address combination that has not been learned by the switch, this traffic is dropped in the hardware. IPSG is not supported on DHCP packets. IPSG is not supported for foreign clients in a foreign switch.

You must disable the WLAN before using this command.

This example shows how to enable IPSG:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# ip verify source mac-check
```

This example shows how to disable IPSG:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no ip verify source mac-check
```

# load-balance

To enable load balancing on a WLAN, use the **load-balance** command. To disable load balancing, use the **no** form of this command.

## load-balance no load-balance

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

Load balancing is disabled by default.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	The command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable load balancing on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# shutdown
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# load-balance
Switch(config)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

This example shows how to disable load balancing on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# shutdown
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no load-balance
Switch(config)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
```

## **Related Topics**

# mobility anchor

To configure mobility sticky anchoring, use the **mobility anchor sticky** command. To disable the sticky anchoring, use the **no** form of the command.

To configure guest anchoring, use the mobility anchor ip-address command.

To delete the guest anchor, use the **no** form of the command.

To configure the device as an auto-anchor, use the **mobility anchor** command.

mobility anchor {ip-address|sticky} no mobility anchor {ip-address|sticky}

## **Syntax Description**

## sticky

The client is anchored to the first switch that it associates.

Note

This command is by default enabled and ensures low roaming latency. This ensures that the point of presence for the client does not change when the client joins the mobility domain and roams within the domain.

*ip-address* Configures the IP address for the guest anchor switch to this WLAN.

## **Command Default**

Sticky configuration is enabled by default.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN Configuration

#### **Command History**

R	Δ	lea	22
п		L C a	9E

#### Modification

Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

- The wlan id or guest lan id must exist and be disabled.
- Auto-anchor mobility is enabled for the WLAN or wired guest LAN when you configure the first mobility anchor.
- Deleting the last anchor disables the auto-anchor mobility feature and resumes normal mobility for new associations.
- Mobility uses the following ports, that are allowed through the firewall:
  - 16666
  - 16667
  - 16668

This example shows how to enable the sticky mobility anchor:

Switch(config-wlan) # mobility anchor sticky

This example shows how to configure guest anchoring:

Switch(config-wlan) # mobility anchor 209.165.200.224

This example shows how to configure the device as an auto-anchor:

Switch(config-wlan)# mobility anchor

## nac

To enable RADIUS Network Admission Control (NAC) support for a WLAN, use the **nac** command. To disable NAC out-of-band support, use the **no** form of this command.

nac no nac

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

NAC is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You should enable AAA override before you enable the RADIUS NAC state.

This example shows how to configure RADIUS NAC on the WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# aaa-override
Switch(config-wlan)# nac
```

This example shows how to disable RADIUS NAC on the WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no nac
Switch(config-wlan)# no aaa-override
```

## **Related Topics**

aaa-override, on page 3

# passive-client

To enable the passive client feature on a WLAN, use the **passive-client** command. To disable the passive client feature, use the **no** form of this command.

# passive-client no passive-client

## **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

## **Command Default**

Passive client feature is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must enable the global multicast mode and multicast-multicast mode before entering this command. Both multicast-multicast mode and multicast unicast modes are supported. The multicast-multicast mode is recommended.

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This show how to enable the passive client feature on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wireless multicast
Switch(config)# wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan)# passive-client
```

This example shows how to disable the passive client feature on a WLAN:

## Switch# configure terminal

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wireless multicast
Switch(config)# wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan)# no passive-client
```

## **Related Topics**

# peer-blocking

To configure peer-to-peer blocking on a WLAN, use the **peer-blocking** command. To disable peer-to-peer blocking, use the **no** form of this command.

peer-blocking {drop|forward-upstream}
no peer-blocking

## **Syntax Description**

drop	Specifies the switch to discard the packets.
forward-upstream	Specifies the packets to be forwarded on the upstream VLAN. The device next in the hierarchy to the switch decides what action to take regarding the packets.

## **Command Default**

Peer blocking is disabled.

## **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

## **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable the drop and forward-upstream options for peer-to-peer blocking:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# peer-blocking drop
Switch(config-wlan)# peer-blocking forward-upstream
```

This example shows how to disable the drop and forward-upstream options for peer-to-peer blocking:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no peer-blocking drop
Switch(config-wlan)# no peer-blocking forward-upstream
```

#### **Related Topics**

# port

To configure port id of an AP group, use the **port** command in interface configuration mode.

port port-id

**Syntax Description** 

port-id ID of the port.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Interface configuration (config-apgroup)

**Command History** 

ReleaseModificationCisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to configure port id of an AP group:

Switch(config-apgroup)# port 1

# poe

To enable PoE on a port, use the **poe** command in interface configuration mode.



Note

PoE can be configured only for port 1.

poe no poe

**Command Default** 

By default, PoE is disabled.

**Command Modes** 

Interface configuration (config-port-apgroup)

## **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to enable PoE on a port:

Switch(config-port-apgroup)# poe

# radio

To enable the Cisco radio policy on a WLAN, use the **radio** command. To disable the Cisco radio policy on a WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

# $radio \hspace{0.2cm} \{all|dot11a|dot11ag|dot11bg|dot11g\} \\ no \hspace{0.2cm} radio$

# **Syntax Description**

all	Configures the WLAN on all radio bands.
dot11a	Configures the WLAN on only 802.11a radio bands.
dot11ag	Configures the WLAN on 802.11a/g radio bands.
dot11bg	Configures the wireless LAN on only 802.11b/g radio bands (only 802.11b if 802.11g is disabled).
dot11g	Configures the wireless LAN on 802.11g radio bands only.

#### **Command Default**

Radio policy is enabled on all bands.

# **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to configure the WLAN on all radio bands:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# radio all
```

This example shows how to disable all radio bands on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no radio all
```

### **Related Topics**

# radio-policy

To configure the radio policy on a WLAN access point group, use the **radio-policy** command. To disable the radio policy on the WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

radio-policy {all|dot11a|dot11bg|dot11g} no radio{all|dot11a|dot11bg|dot11g}

# **Syntax Description**

all	Configures the wireless LAN on all radio bands.
dot11a	Configures the wireless LAN on only 802.11a radio bands.
dot11bg	Configures the wireless LAN on only 802.11b/g (only 802.11b if 802.11g is disabled) radio bands.
dot11g	Configures the wireless LAN on only 802.11g radio bands.

## **Command Default**

Radio policy is enabled on all the bands.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN AP Group configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

The WLAN must be restarted for the changes to take effect. See Related Commands section for more information on how to shutdown a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable the radio policy on the 802.11b band for an AP group:

```
Switch(config)# ap group test
Switch(config-apgroup)# wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan-apgroup)# radio-policy dot11b
```

This example shows how to disable the radio policy on the 802.11b band of an AP group:

```
Switch(config) # ap group test
Switch(config-apgroup) # wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan-apgroup) # no radio-policy dot11bg
```

# **Related Topics**

```
wlan, on page 61 wlan shutdown, on page 62
```

# remote-lan

To specify Remote-LAN profile name, use the remote-lan command in global configuration mode. To disable the configured profile name, use **no** form of this command.

remote-lan profile-name id no remote-lan profile-name id

Syntax Description	profile-name	Remote-LAN profile name.
	id	Remote LAN identifier. The range is from 1 to 64.

**Command Default** None

**Command History** 

Global configuration (config) **Command Modes** 

Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.	

The following example shows how to specify Remote-LAN profile name:

Switch(config) # remote-lan test-lan 3

# remote-lan

To add a Remote-LAN to an AP group, use the **remote-lan** command in interface configuration mode. To remove a Remote-LAN from an AP group, use **no** form of this command.

remote-lan remote-lan-name no remote-lan remote-lan-name



Note

The remote-lan remote-lan-name command is also required to map a Remote-LAN to a port.

**Syntax Description** 

remote-lan-name Name of the Remote-LAN.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Interface configuration (config-apgroup)

**Command History** 

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to add a Remote-LAN to an AP group:

Switch(config-apgroup)# remote-lan test-lan

# roamed-voice-client re-anchor

To enable the roamed-voice-client re-anchor feature, use the **roamed-voice-client re-anchor** command. To disable the roamed-voice-client re-anchor feature, use the **no** form of this command.

# roamed-voice-client re-anchor no roamed-voice-client re-anchor

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

Roamed voice client reanchor feature is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

#### **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable the roamed voice client re-anchor feature:

```
Switch# configure terminal
```

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# roamed-voice-client re-anchor

This example shows how to disable the roamed voice client re-anchor feature:

## Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no roamed-voice-client re-anchor

#### **Related Topics**

# security web-auth

To change the status of web authentication used on a WLAN, use the **security web-auth** command. To disable web authentication on a WLAN, use the **no** form of the command.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{security web-auth} & [\{\textbf{authentication-list} & \textit{authentication-list-name} | \textbf{on-macfilter-failure} | \textbf{parameter-map} \\ \textit{parameter-map-name} \}] \end{array}$ 

no security web-auth [{authentication-list

[authentication-list-name]|on-macfilter-failure|parameter-map [parameter-name]}]

# **Syntax Description**

authentication-list authentication-list-name	Sets the authentication list for IEEE 802.1x.
on-macfilter-failure	Enables web authentication on MAC failure.
parameter-map parameter-map-name	Configures the parameter map.

#### **Command Default**

Web authentication is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Examples**

The following example shows how to configure the authentication-list web authentication on a WLAN:

 ${\tt Switch}\,({\tt config-wlan})\,\#\,\,\textbf{security web-auth authentication-list test}$ 

# service-policy (WLAN)

To configure the WLAN quality of service (QoS) service policy, use the **service-policy** command. To disable a QoS policy on a WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

service-policy [client] {input|output} policy-name
no service-policy [client] {input|output} policy-name

# **Syntax Description**

client	(Optional) Assigns a policy map to all clients in the WLAN.
input	Assigns an input policy map.
output	Assigns an output policy map.
policy-name	The policy name.

#### **Command Default**

No policies are assigned and the state assigned to the policy is None.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

#### **Examples**

This example shows how to configure the input QoS service policy on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# service-policy input policy-test
```

This example shows how to disable the input QoS service policy on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no service-policy input policy-test
```

This example shows how to configure the output QoS service policy on a WLAN to platinum (precious metal policy):

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# service-policy output platinum
```

#### **Related Topics**

# session-timeout

To configure session timeout for clients associated to a WLAN, use the **session-timeout** command. To disable a session timeout for clients that are associated to a WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

# session-timeout seconds no session-timeout

# **Syntax Description**

seconds Tin

Timeout or session duration in seconds. A value of zero (0) is equivalent to no timeout. The range is from 300 to 86400.

#### **Command Default**

The client timeout is set to 1800 seconds for WLANs that are configured with dot1x security. The client timeout is set to 0 for open WLANs.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to configure a session timeout to 300 seconds:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan)# session-timeout 300

This example shows how to disable a session timeout:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with  ${\tt CNTL/Z.}$  Switch(config)# wlan wlan1

Switch(config-wlan)# no session-timeout

# show remote-lan all

To display Remote-LAN properties of all configured Remote-LANs, use the show remote-lan all command.

#### show remote-lan all

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** 

Jone

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

#### **Command History**

## Release

#### Modification

Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1 This command was introduced.

The following example displays Remote-LAN properties of all configured Remote-LANs:

```
Switch#show remote-lan all
Remote-LAN Profile Name : test
_____
Identifier : 1
Status : Disabled
Universal AP Admin : Disabled
Max Associated Clients per Remote-LAN: 0
AAA Policy Override : Disabled
Number of Active Clients : 0
Exclusionlist Timeout: 60
Session Timeout: 1800 seconds
Interface : default
Interface Status : Up
Remote-LAN ACL : unconfigured
DHCP Server: 0.0.0.0
DHCP Address Assignment Required : Disabled
Local EAP Authentication : Disabled
Mac Filter Authorization list name : Disabled
Accounting list name : Disabled
802.1x authentication list name : Disabled
Security
802.11 Authentication: Open System
802.1X : Disabled
Web Based Authentication : Disabled
Conditional Web Redirect : Disabled
Splash-Page Web Redirect : Disabled
Webauth On-mac-filter Failure : Disabled
Webauth Authentication List Name : Disabled
Webauth Parameter Map: Disabled
```

# show remote-lan id

To display the Remote-LAN configuration by ID, use the **show remote-lan id** command.

show remote-lan id id

**Syntax Description** 

id Remote LAN identifier. The range is from 1 to 64.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

Release Modification

Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1 This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to display the Remote-LAN configuration by ID:

Switch #show remote-lan id 2

Remote-LAN Profile Name : test

Identifier : 2

Status : Disabled Universal AP Admin : Disabled Max Associated Clients per Remote-LAN : 0 AAA Policy Override : Enabled Number of Active Clients : 0 Exclusionlist Timeout : 21474 Session Timeout : 864 seconds : default Interface Interface Status : Up Remote-LAN ACL : testacl DHCP Server : 10.5.7.9 DHCP Address Assignment Required : Disabled

Local EAP Authentication : testeapprofile
Mac Filter Authorization list name : testmaclist
Accounting list name : testlist

802.1x authentication list name : dotxauth

Security

802.11 Authentication : Open System 802.1X : Enabled Encryption : 104-bit WEP

# show remote-lan name

To display Remote-LAN configuration by profile name, use the **show remote-lan name** command.

show remote-lan name name

**Syntax Description** 

name Remote-LAN profile name.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

Release Modification

Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1 This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to display Remote-LAN configuration by profile name:

```
Switch# show remote-lan name test
Remote-LAN Profile Name : test
_____
Identifier: 1
Status : Disabled
Universal AP Admin : Disabled
Max Associated Clients per Remote-LAN : 0
AAA Policy Override : Disabled
Number of Active Clients: 0
Exclusionlist Timeout: 60
Session Timeout : 1800 seconds
Interface : default
Interface Status : Up
Remote-LAN ACL : unconfigured
DHCP Server: 0.0.0.0
DHCP Address Assignment Required : Disabled
Local EAP Authentication : Disabled
Mac Filter Authorization list name : Disabled
Accounting list name : Disabled
802.1x authentication list name : Disabled
Security
802.11 Authentication : Open System
802.1X : Disabled
Web Based Authentication : Disabled
Conditional Web Redirect : Disabled
Splash-Page Web Redirect : Disabled
Webauth On-mac-filter Failure : Disabled
Webauth Authentication List Name : Disabled
Webauth Parameter Map: Disabled
```

# show remote-lan summary

To display the summary of all Remote-LANs, use the show remote-lan summary command.

show remote-lan summary

**Syntax Description** 

This command has no keywords or arguments.

**Command Default** 

Vone

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1	This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to display the summary of all Remote-LANs:

Switch # show remote-lan summary

Number of Remote-LANs: 1

Remote-LAN	Profile	Name	VLAN	Status
2.	t.e.s.t.		1	DOWN

# show running-config remote-lan

To display Remote-LAN configuration, use the **show running-config remote-lan** command.

show running-config remote-lan name

**Syntax Description** 

name Remote-LAN profile name.

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

Privileged EXEC (#)

**Command History** 

Release Modification

Cisco IOS XE Denali 16.3.1 This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to display Remote-LAN configuration:

Switch# show running-config remote-lan test

remote-lan test 1 aaa-override

accounting-list test-all-list

exclusionlist timeout 100

ip access-group test-acl

ip dhcp server 10.100.12.5

mac-filtering test-mac-list

security dot1x authentication-list test-dot1x-list

session-timeout 100

shutdown

# show wlan

To view WLAN parameters, use the **show wlan** command.

show wlan {all | id | wlan-id | name | wlan-name | summary}

# **Syntax Description**

all	Displays a summary of parameters of all configured WLANs. The list is ordered by the ascending order of the WLAN IDs.
id wlan-id	Specifies the wireless LAN identifier. The range is from 1 to 512.
name wlan-name	Specifies the WLAN profile name. The name is from 1 to 32 characters.
summary	Displays a summary of the parameters configured on a WLAN.

# **Command Default**

None

# **Command Modes**

Global configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to display a summary of the WLANs configured on the device:

Switch# show wlan summary

Number of WLANs: 1

WLAN	Profile Name	SSID	VLAN	Status
45	test-wlan	test-wlan-ssid	1	UP

This example shows how to display a summary of parameters configured on a particular WLAN:

# Switch# show wlan name test-wlan

WLAN Identifier	:	45
Profile Name	:	test-wlan
Network Name (SSID)	:	test-wlan-ssid
Status	:	Enabled
Broadcast SSID	:	Enabled
Maximum number of Associated Clients	:	0
AAA Policy Override	:	Disabled
Network Admission Control		
NAC-State	:	Disabled
Number of Active Clients	:	0
Exclusionlist Timeout	:	60
Session Timeout	:	1800 seconds
CHD per WLAN	:	Enabled
Webauth DHCP exclusion	:	Disabled
Interface	:	default
Interface Status	:	Up

```
Multicast Interface
                                              : test
WLAN IPv4 ACL
                                              : test
WLAN IPv6 ACL
                                              : unconfigured
DHCP Server
                                              : Default
DHCP Address Assignment Required
                                             : Disabled
DHCP Option 82
                                              : Disabled
DHCP Option 82 Format
                                              : ap-mac
DHCP Option 82 Ascii Mode
                                              : Disabled
DHCP Option 82 Rid Mode
                                              : Disabled
QoS Service Policy - Input
 Policy Name
                                              : unknown
  Policy State
                                              : None
QoS Service Policy - Output
 Policy Name
                                              : unknown
  Policy State
                                              : None
QoS Client Service Policy
 Input Policy Name
                                              : unknown
  Output Policy Name
                                              : unknown
WifiDirect
                                              · Disabled
                                              : Disabled
Channel Scan Defer Priority:
  Priority (default)
                                              : 4
                                              : 5
  Priority (default)
 Priority (default)
                                              : 6
Scan Defer Time (msecs)
                                              : 100
Media Stream Multicast-direct
                                             : Disabled
                                             : Enabled
CCX - AironetIe Support
CCX - Gratuitous ProbeResponse (GPR)
                                             : Disabled : Disabled
CCX - Diagnostics Channel Capability
Dot11-Phone Mode (7920)
                                             · Invalid
Wired Protocol
                                             : None
Peer-to-Peer Blocking Action
                                             : Disabled
Radio Policy
                                             : All
DTIM period for 802.11a radio
                                              : 1
DTIM period for 802.11b radio
                                              : 1
Local EAP Authentication
                                             : Disabled
Mac Filter Authorization list name
                                             : Disabled
                                             : Disabled
Accounting list name
802.1x authentication list name
                                              : Disabled
Security
    802.11 Authentication
                                              : Open System
    Static WEP Keys
                                              : Disabled
    802.1X
                                             : Disabled
    Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA/WPA2)
                                              : Enabled
       WPA (SSN IE)
                                              : Disabled
       WPA2 (RSN IE)
                                              : Enabled
           TKIP Cipher
                                              : Disabled
           AES Cipher
                                              : Enabled
       Auth Key Management
           802.1x
                                              : Enabled
           PSK
                                              : Disabled
           CCKM
                                              : Disabled
    IP Security
                                              : Disabled
    IP Security Passthru
                                              : Disabled
                                              : Disabled
    L2TP
    Web Based Authentication
                                              : Disabled
    Conditional Web Redirect
                                              : Disabled
    Splash-Page Web Redirect
                                              : Disabled
    Auto Anchor
                                             : Disabled
                                             : Enabled
    Sticky Anchoring
    Cranite Passthru
                                              : Disabled
    Fortress Passthru
                                              : Disabled
    РРТР
                                              : Disabled
    Infrastructure MFP protection
                                             : Enabled
```

Client MFP : Optional Webauth On-mac-filter Failure : Disabled Webauth Authentication List Name : Disabled Webauth Parameter Map : Disabled Tkip MIC Countermeasure Hold-down Timer : 60 Call Snooping : Disabled Passive Client : Disabled Non Cisco WGB : Disabled Band Select : Disabled Load Balancing : Disabled : Disabled IP Source Guard Netflow Monitor : test Direction : Input Traffic : Datalink

Mobility Anchor List IP Address

# show wireless wlan summary

To display wireless wlan summary, use the show wireless wlan summary command.

# show wireless wlan summary

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

# **Command Default**

None

# **Command History**

# **Release Modification**

15.2(3)E This command was introduced.

The following is a sample output of the **show wireless wlan summary** command.

Cisco-Controller# show wireless wlan summary

Total WLAN Configured: 3

Total Client Count: 0

ID :	Profile Name Status	SSID	Security	Radio	VLAN	Client
1	Test1 DOWN	xxx	WPA1/WPA2	All	1	0
2	wlan1 DOWN	wlan2-ssid	WPA1/WPA2	All	1	0
3	wlan3 DOWN	mywlan3	WPA1/WPA2	All	1	0

# shutdown

To disable a WLAN, use the **shutdown** command. To enable a WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

# shutdown no shutdown



Note

To enable LAN port in an AP group configuration and Remote-LAN profile, use the **no** form of this command.

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

None

# **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# This example shows how to disable a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
Switch# show wlan summary
Number of WLANs: 1
```

WLAN	Profile Name	SSID	VLAN	Status
45	test-wlan	test-wlan-ssid	1	DOWN

### This example shows how to enable a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan test-wlan
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# end
Switch# show wlan summary
Number of WLANs: 1

WLAN Profile Name SSID VLAN Status
45 test-wlan test-wlan-ssid 1 UP
```

# sip-cac

To configure the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Call Admission Control (CAC) feature on a WLAN, use the **sip-cac** command. To disable the SIP CAC feature, use the **no** form of this command.

sip-cac {disassoc-client|send-486busy}
no sip-cac {disassoc-client|send-486busy}

# **Syntax Description**

disassoc-client	Enables a client disassociation if a CAC failure occurs.
send-486busy	Sends a SIP 486 busy message if a CAC failure occurs.

#### **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable a client disassociation and 486 busy message on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# sip-cac disassoc-client
Switch(config-wlan)# sip-cac send-486busy
```

This example shows how to disable a client association and 486 busy message on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no sip-cac disassoc-client
Switch(config-wlan)# no sip-cac send-486busy
```

# **Related Topics**

# static-ip tunneling

To enable static IP tunneling on a WLAN, use the **static-ip tunneling** command. To disable the static IP tunneling feature, use the **no** form of this command.

# static-ip tunneling no static-ip tunneling

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

# **Command Default**

None

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

This example shows how to enable static-IP tunneling:

Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# static-ip tunneling

This example shows how to disable static-IP tunneling:

Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no static-ip tunneling

# vlan

To assign a VLAN to an AP group, use the **vlan** command. To remove a VLAN ID, use the **no** form of this command.

vlan interface-name no vlan

# **Syntax Description**

interface-name VLAN interface name.

# **Command Default**

No VALN is assigned to the AP group. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

# **Command Modes**

WLAN AP Group configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command.

This example shows how to configure a VLAN on an AP group:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# ap group ap-group-1 Switch(config-apgroup)# wlan test-wlan Switch(config-wlan-apgroup)# vlan 3

## **Related Topics**

# universal-admin

To configure the WLAN as the universal admin, use the **universal-admin** command. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

# universal-admin

**Command Default** 

None

**Command Modes** 

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.7.0 E	This command was introduced.

Switchenable
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)#universal-admin

# wgb non-cisco

To enable non-Cisco Workgroup Bridges (WGB) clients on the WLAN, use the **wgb non-cisco** command. To disable support for non-Cisco WGB clients, use the **no** form of this command.

wgb non-cisco no wgb non-cisco

# **Syntax Description**

This command has no keywords or arguments.

#### **Command Default**

Non-Cisco WGB clients are disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable non-Cisco WGBs on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# wgb non-cisco
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
```

This example shows how to disable support for non-Cisco WGB clients on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown
Switch(config-wlan)# no wgb non-cisco
Switch(config-wlan)# no shutdown
```

# wlan (AP Group Configuration)

To configure WLAN parameters of a WLAN in an access point (AP) group, use the **wlan** command. To remove a WLAN from the AP group, use the **no** form of this command.

wlan wlan-name no wlan wlan-name

# **Syntax Description**

wlan-name WLAN profile name. The range is from 1 to 32 alphanumeric characters.

#### **Command Default**

WLAN parameters are not configured for an AP group.

#### **Command Modes**

AP Group configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to configure WLAN related parameters in the AP group configuration mode:

Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# ap group test
Switch(config-apgroup)# wlan qos-wlan

#### **Related Topics**

# wlan

To create a wireless LAN, use the **wlan** command. To disable a wireless LAN, use the **no** form of this command.

### **Syntax Description**

wlan-name	WLAN profile name. The name is from 1 to 32 alphanumeric characters.
wlan-id	Wireless LAN identifier. The range is from 1 to 512.
wlan-ssid	SSID. The range is from 1 to 32 alphanumeric characters.

#### **Command Default**

WLAN is disabled.

#### **Command Modes**

Global configuration

#### **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

### **Usage Guidelines**

If you do not specify an SSID, the profile name parameter is used for both the profile name and the SSID. If the management and AP-manager interfaces are mapped to the same port and are members of the same VLAN, you must disable the WLAN before making a port-mapping change to either interface. If the management and AP-manager (Access Point Manager) interfaces are assigned to different VLANs, you do not need to disable the WLAN.

An error message appears if you try to delete a WLAN that is assigned to an access point group. If you proceed, the WLAN is removed from the access point group and from the access point's radio.

This example shows how to create a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config)# wlan test-wlan-cr 67 test-wlan-cr-ssid
```

This example shows how to delete a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config)# no wlan test-wlan-cr 67 test-wlan-cr-ssid
```

# wlan shutdown

To disable a WLAN, use the wlan shutdown command. To enable a WLAN, use the no form of this command.

wlan shutdown no wlan shutdown

# **Command Default**

The WLAN is disabled.

# **Command Modes**

Global configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to shut down a WLAN:

Switch# configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)# wlan wlan1 Switch(config-wlan)# shutdown

# **Related Topics**

# wmm

To enable Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) on a WLAN, use the **wmm** command. To disable WMM on a WLAN, use the **no** form of this command.

wmm {allowed|require} no wmm

# **Syntax Description**

allowed Allows WMM on a WLAN.require Mandates that clients use WMM on the WLAN.

# **Command Default**

WMM is enabled.

#### **Command Modes**

WLAN configuration

# **Command History**

Release	Modification
Cisco IOS XE 3.3SECisco IOS XE 3.3SE	This command was introduced.

# **Usage Guidelines**

When the switch is in Layer 2 mode and WMM is enabled, you must put the access points on a trunk port in order to allow them to join the switch.

You must disable the WLAN before using this command. See Related Commands section for more information on how to disable a WLAN.

This example shows how to enable WMM on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# wmm allowed
```

This example shows how to disable WMM on a WLAN:

```
Switch# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# wlan wlan1
Switch(config-wlan)# no wmm
```

# **Related Topics**

wmm