rmon collection stats

Use the **rmon collection stats** interface configuration command to collect Ethernet group statistics, which include usage statistics about broadcast and multicast packets, and error statistics about cyclic redundancy check (CRC) alignment errors and collisions. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default setting.

rmon collection stats index [owner name]

no rmon collection stats *index* [**owner** *name*]

Syntax Description	index	Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) collection control index. The range is 1 to 65535.	
	owner name	(Optional) Owner of the RMON collection.	
Defaults	The RMON statistics collection is disabled.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration	1	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The RMON statistics collection command is based on hardware counters.		
Examples	This example shows how to collect RMON statistics for the owner root:		
	Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/1 Switch(config-if)# rmon collection stats 2 owner root		
	You can verify your setting by entering the show rmon statistics privileged EXEC command.		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show rmon statistics	Displays RMON statistics.	
		For syntax information, select Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference, Release 12.2 > System Management Commands > RMON Commands.	

sdm prefer

Use the **sdm prefer** global configuration command on the switch to configure the template used in Switch Database Management (SDM) resource allocation. You can use a template to allocate system resources to best support the features being used in your application. Use a template to provide maximum system usage for unicast routing or for VLAN configuration. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default template.

sdm prefer {default | routing | vlan}

no sdm prefer

Syntax Description	default	Give balance to all functions.			
	routing	Provide maximum system usage for unicast routing. You would typically use this template for a router or aggregator in the middle of a network.			
	vlan	Provide maximum system usage for VLANs. This template maximizes system resources for use as a Layer 2 switch with no routing.			
Defaults	The default temp	The default template provides a balance to all features.			
	1	1			
Command Modes	Global configura	ation			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	command before	the switch for the configuration to take effect. If you enter the show sdm prefer you enter the reload privileged EXEC command, the show sdm prefer command ate currently in use and the template that will become active after a reload.			
	Use the no sdm prefer command to set the switch to the default desktop template.				
	The default template balances the use of system resources.				
	Use the sdm prefer vlan global configuration command only on switches intended for Layer 2 switching with no routing. When you use the VLAN template, no system resources are reserved for routing entries, and any routing is done through software. This overloads the CPU and severely degrades routing performance.				
	Do not use the routing template if you do not have routing enabled on your switch. Entering the sdm prefer routing global configuration command prevents other features from using the memory allocated to unicast routing in the routing template.				
	Table 2-15 lists the approximate number of each resource supported in each of the three templates for a switch. The first eight rows in the tables (unicast MAC addresses through security ACEs) represent approximate hardware boundaries set when a template is selected. If a section of a hardware resource is				

full, all processing overflow is sent to the CPU, seriously impacting switch performance. The last row is a guideline used to calculate hardware resource consumption related to the number of Layer 3 VLANs configured.

Resource	Default	Routing	VLAN
Unicast MAC addresses	6 K	3 K	12 K
IGMP groups and multicast routes	1 K	1 K	1 K
Unicast routes	8 K	11 K	0
Directly connected hosts	6 K	3 K	0
Indirect routes	2 K	8 K	0
Policy-based routing ACEs	0	512	0
QoS classification ACEs	512	512	512
Security ACEs	1 K	1 K	1 K
Layer 2 VLANs	1 K	1 K	1 K

Examples

This example shows how to configure the routing template on a switch:

```
Switch(config)# sdm prefer routing
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload
```

This example shows how to change a switch template to the default template.

```
Switch(config)# no sdm prefer
Switch(config)# exit
Switch# reload
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show sdm prefer privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show sdm prefer	Displays the current SDM template in use or displays the templates that can	
		be used, with approximate resource allocation per feature.	

Syntax Description

service password-recovery

Use the **service password-recovery** global configuration command to enable the password-recovery mechanism (the default). This mechanism allows an end user with physical access to the switch to hold down the **Mode** button and interrupt the boot process while the switch is powering up and to assign a new password. Use the **no** form of this command to disable part of the password-recovery functionality. When the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, interrupting the boot process is allowed only if the user agrees to set the system back to the default configuration.

service password-recovery

no service password-recovery

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults	The password-recovery r	nechanism is enabled.
Command Modes	Global configuration	
Command History	Release 12.1(19)EA1	Modification This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines As a system administrator, you can use the **no service password-recovery** command to disable some of the functionality of the password recovery feature by allowing an end user to reset a password only by agreeing to return to the default configuration.

To use the password-recovery procedure, a user with physical access to the switch holds down the **Mode** button while the unit powers up and for a second or two after the LED above port 1X turns off. When the button is released, the system continues with initialization. If the password-recovery mechanism is disabled, this message appears:

The password-recovery mechanism has been triggered, but is currently disabled. Access to the boot loader prompt through the password-recovery mechanism is disallowed at this point. However, if you agree to let the system be reset back to the default system configuration, access to the boot loader prompt can still be allowed.

Would you like to reset the system back to the default configuration (y/n)?

If the user chooses not to reset the system back to the default configuration, the normal boot process continues, as if the **Mode** button had not been pressed. If you choose to reset the system back to the default configuration, the configuration file in flash memory is deleted, and the VLAN database file, *flash:vlan.dat* (if present), is deleted.

Note	recommend the uses the pass	no service password-recovery command to control end user access to passwords, we at you save a copy of the config file in a location away from the switch in case the end user recovery procedure and sets the system back to default values. Do not keep a backup nfig file on the switch.
		s operating in VTP transparent mode, we recommend that you also save a copy of the a location away from the switch.
	You can verif EXEC comm	v if password recovery is enabled or disabled by entering the show version privileged nd.
Examples	-	shows how to disable password recovery on a switch so that a user can only reset a greeing to return to the default configuration.
	Switch(confi Switch(confi	g)# no service-password recovery g)# exit
Related Comm	ands Command	Description
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

service-policy

Use the **service-policy** interface configuration command to apply a policy map defined by the **policy-map** command to the input of a physical port or a switch virtual interface (SVI). Use the **no** form of this command to remove the policy map and port association.

service-policy input *policy-map-name*

no service-policy input policy-map-name

Syntax Description	input policy-map-name	Apply the specified policy map to the input of a physical port or an SVI.	
 Note		nmand-line help strings, the history keyword is not supported, and you should it gathers. The output keyword is also not supported.	
Defaults	No policy maps are attac	hed to the port.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification	
,	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(25)SE	A policy map can now be applied to a physical port or an SVI.	
Usage Guidelines		ingress port is supported. In software releases earlier than Cisco IOS cy maps can be configured only on physical ports.	
	In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SE or later, policy maps can be configured on physical ports or on SVIs. When VLAN-based quality of service (QoS) is disabled by using the no mls qos vlan-based interface configuration command on a physical port, you can configure a port-based policy map on the port. If VLAN-based QoS is enabled by using the mls qos vlan-based interface configuration command on a physical port, the switch removes the previously configured port-based policy map. After a hierarchical policy map is configured and applied to an SVI, the interface-level policy map takes effect on the interface.		
	In software releases earlier than Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SE, you can apply a policy map only to the input of a physical port. In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SE or later, you can apply a policy map to the input of a physical port or an SVI.		
		rt trust state (for example, mls qos trust [cos dscp ip-precedence] and a , service-policy input <i>policy-map-name</i>) are mutually exclusive. The last one e previous configuration.	

Examples	This example shows how to apply <i>plcmap1</i> to an physical ingress port:			
	5	face gigabitethernet0/1 rvice-policy input plcmap1		
	This example shows how to remove <i>plcmap2</i> from a physical port: Switch(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/2 Switch(config-if)# no service-policy input plcmap2			
	This example shows how to apply <i>plcmap1</i> to an ingress SVI when VLAN-based QoS is enabled: Switch(config)# interface vlan 10 Switch(config-if)# service-policy input plcmap1			
				You can verify your settings by entering the show running-config privileged EXEC command.
	Related Commands	Command	Description	
Related Commanus		•		
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.		

show policy-map	Displays QoS policy maps.
show running-config	Displays the running configuration on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference , Release 12.2 > File Management Commands > Configuration File
	Management Commands.

set

Use the **set** policy-map class configuration command to classify IP traffic by setting a Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) or an IP-precedence value in the packet. Use the **no** form of this command to remove traffic classification.

set {**dscp** *new-dscp* | **ip precedence** *new-precedence*}

no set {**dscp** *new-dscp* | **ip precedence** *new-precedence*}

S, Note

Beginning with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SE, the **set dscp** *new-dscp* command replaces the **set ip dscp** *new-dscp* command.

Syntax Description	dscp new-dscp		New DSCP value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 63. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.	
	ip precedence new-precedence		New IP-precedence value assigned to the classified traffic. The range is 0 to 7. You also can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value.	
Defaults	No traffic classifica	tion is define	d.	
Command Modes	Policy-map class cc	onfiguration		
Command History	Release	Modifi	cation	
	12.1(19)EA1	This co	ommand was introduced.	
	12.2(25)SE	The ip	dscp new-dscp keyword was changed to dscp new-dscp.	
Usage Guidelines		dscp in the s	f or later, if you have used the set ip dscp command, the switch changes witch configuration. If you enter the set ip dscp command, this setting configuration.	
	The set command is mutually exclusive with the trust policy-map class configuration command within the same policy map.			
	For the set dscp <i>new-dscp</i> or the set ip precedence <i>new-precedence</i> command, you can enter a mnemonic name for a commonly used value. For example, you can enter the set dscp af11 command, which is the same as entering the set dscp 10 command. You can enter the set ip precedence critical command, which is the same as entering the set ip precedence 5 command. For a list of supported mnemonics, enter the set dscp ? or the set ip precedence ? command to see the command-line help strings.			
	T 1	C"		

To return to policy-map configuration mode, use the **exit** command. To return to privileged EXEC mode, use the **end** command.

Examples

This example shows how to assign DSCP 10 to all FTP traffic without any policers:

```
Switch(config)# policy-map policy_ftp
Switch(config-pmap)# class ftp_class
Switch(config-pmap-c)# set dscp 10
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
```

You can verify your settings by entering the show policy-map privileged EXEC command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	class	Defines a traffic classification match criteria (through the police , set , and trust policy-map class configuration commands) for the specified class-map name.
	police	Defines a policer for classified traffic.
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.
	show policy-map	Displays quality of service (QoS) policy maps.
	trust	Defines a trust state for traffic classified through the class policy-map configuration command or the class-map global configuration command.

set

setup

Use the setup privileged EXEC command to configure the switch with its initial configuration. setup Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords. **Command Modes** Privileged EXEC **Command History** Release Modification 12.1(19)EA1 This command was introduced. **Usage Guidelines** When you use the setup command, make sure that you have this information: IP address and network mask Password strategy for your environment Whether the switch will be used as the cluster command switch and the cluster name When you enter the setup command, an interactive dialog, called the System Configuration Dialog, appears. It guides you through the configuration process and prompts you for information. The values shown in brackets next to each prompt are the default values last set by using either the setup command facility or the configure privileged EXEC command. Help text is provided for each prompt. To access help text, press the question mark (?) key at a prompt. To return to the privileged EXEC prompt without making changes and without running through the entire System Configuration Dialog, press Ctrl-C. When you complete your changes, the setup program shows you the configuration command script that was created during the setup session. You can save the configuration in NVRAM, or return to the setup program or the command-line prompt without saving it. Examples This is an example of output from the setup command: Switch# setup --- System Configuration Dialog ---Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: yes At any point you may enter a question mark '?' for help. Use ctrl-c to abort configuration dialog at any prompt. Default settings are in square brackets '[]'. Basic management setup configures only enough connectivity for management of the system, extended setup will ask you to configure each interface on the system. Would you like to enter basic management setup? [yes/no]: yes

Configuring global parameters: Enter host name [Switch]: host-name The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. Enter enable secret: enable-secret-password The enable password is used when you do not specify an enable secret password, with some older software versions, and some boot images. Enter enable password: enable-password The virtual terminal password is used to protect access to the router over a network interface. Enter virtual terminal password: terminal-password Configure SNMP Network Management? [no]: yes Community string [public]: Current interface summary Any interface listed with OK? value "NO" does not have a valid configuration Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol Vlan1 172.20.135.202 YES NVRAM up up GigabitEthernet0/1 unassigned YES unset up up GigabitEthernet0/2 unassigned YES unset up down <output truncated> Port-channel1 unassigned YES unset up down Enter interface name used to connect to the management network from the above interface summary: vlan1 Configuring interface vlan1: Configure IP on this interface? [yes]: yes IP address for this interface: *ip_address* Subnet mask for this interface [255.0.0.0]: subnet mask Would you like to enable as a cluster command switch? [yes/no]: yes Enter cluster name: cluster-name The following configuration command script was created: hostname host-name enable secret 5 \$1\$LiBw\$0Xc1wyT.PXPkuhFwqyhVi0 enable password enable-password line vty 0 15 password terminal-password snmp-server community public no ip routing interface GigabitEthernet0/1 no ip address 1 interface GigabitEthernet0/2 no ip address 1

cluster enable cluster-name
!
end
Use this configuration? [yes/no]: yes
!
[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.
[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.
[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.
Enter your selection [2]:

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show running-config	Displays the running configuration on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference, Release 12.2 > File Management Commands > Configuration File Management Commands .
	show version	Displays version information for the hardware and firmware.

setup express

Use the **setup express** global configuration command to enable Express Setup mode. Use the **no** form of this command to disable Express Setup mode.

setup express

no setup express

Syntax Description	This command has n	no arguments or keywords.
--------------------	--------------------	---------------------------

- Defaults Express Setup is enabled.
- Command Modes Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

When Express Setup is enabled on a new (unconfigured) switch, pressing the Mode button for 2 seconds activates Express Setup. You can access the switch through an Ethernet port by using the IP address 10.0.0.1 and then can configure the switch with the web-based Express Setup program or the command-line interface (CLI)-based setup program.

When you press the Mode button for 2 seconds on a configured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button start blinking. If you press the Mode button for a total of 10 seconds, the switch configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots. The switch can then be configured like a new switch, either through the web-based Express Setup program or the CLI-based setup program.



As soon as you make any change to the switch configuration (including entering *no* at the beginning of the CLI-based setup program), configuration by Express Setup is no longer available. You can only run Express Setup again by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds. This deletes the switch configuration and reboots the switch.

If Express Setup is active on the switch, entering the **write memory** or **copy running-configuration startup-configuration** privileged EXEC commands deactivates Express Setup. The IP address 10.0.0.1 is no longer valid on the switch, and your connection using this IP address ends.

The primary purpose of the **no setup express** command is to prevent someone from deleting the switch configuration by pressing the Mode button for 10 seconds.

Г

Examples This example shows how to enable Express Setup mode:

Switch(config)# setup express

You can verify that Express Setup mode is enabled by pressing the Mode button:

- On an unconfigured switch, the LEDs above the Mode button turn solid green after 3 seconds.
- On a configured switch, the mode LEDs begin blinking after 2 seconds and turn solid green after 10 seconds.



If you *hold* the Mode button down for a total of 10 seconds, the configuration is deleted, and the switch reboots.

This example shows how to disable Express Setup mode:

Switch(config)# no setup express

You can verify that Express Setup mode is disabled by pressing the Mode button. The mode LEDs do not turn solid green *or* begin blinking green if Express Setup mode is not enabled on the switch.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show setup express	Displays if Express Setup mode is active.

show access-lists

Use the **show access-lists** privileged EXEC command to display access control lists (ACLs) configured on the switch.

show access-lists [name | number | hardware counters | ipc] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	name	(Optional) Name of the ACL.
	number	(Optional) ACL number. The range is 1 to 2699.
	hardware counters	(Optional) Display global hardware ACL statistics for switched and routed packets.
	ipc	(Optional) Display Interprocess Communication (IPC) protocol access-list configuration download information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	Though visible in the com	mand-line help strings, the rate-limit keywords are not supported.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The switch supports only IP standard and extended access lists. Therefore, the allowed numbers are only 1 to 199 and 1300 to 2699.	
	-	tive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Examples	This is an example of outp	put from the show access-lists command:
	Switch# show access-lis Standard IP access list 10 permit 1.1.1.1 20 permit 2.2.2.2 30 permit any 40 permit 0.255.255 Standard IP access list 10 permit 1.1.1.1	5.255, wildcard bits 12.0.0.0

```
10 permit 10.10.10.10
Extended IP access list 121
   10 permit ahp host 10.10.10.10 host 20.20.10.10 precedence routine
Extended IP access list CMP-NAT-ACL
   Dynamic Cluster-HSRP deny ip any any
    10 deny ip any host 19.19.11.11
   20 deny ip any host 10.11.12.13
   Dynamic Cluster-NAT permit ip any any
    10 permit ip host 10.99.100.128 any
    20 permit ip host 10.46.22.128 any
    30 permit ip host 10.45.101.64 any
    40 permit ip host 10.45.20.64 any
    50 permit ip host 10.213.43.128 any
    60 permit ip host 10.91.28.64 any
    70 permit ip host 10.99.75.128 any
    80 permit ip host 10.38.49.0 any
```

This is an example of output from the show access-lists hardware counters command:

```
Switch# show access-lists hardware counters
L2 ACL INPUT Statistics
     Drop:
                          All frame count: 855
                       All bytes count: 94143
All frame count: 0
All bytes count: 0
     Drop:
     Drop And Log:
     Drop And Log:
     Bridge Only:
                         All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only:
                        All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
                   All frame count: 2121
     Forwarded:
     Forwarded:
                          All bytes count: 180762
     Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
     Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
 L3 ACL INPUT Statistics
     Drop:
                         All frame count: 0
                        All bytes count: 0
     Drop:
                      All frame count: 0
     Drop And Loq:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Drop And Log:
     Bridge Only:
                          All frame count: 0
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only:
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarded: All frame count: 13586
                         All bytes count: 1236182
     Forwarded.
     Forwarded And Log: All frame count: 0
Forwarded And Log: All bytes count: 0
 L2 ACL OUTPUT Statistics
            All frame count: 0
     Drop:
     Drop:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Drop And Log:
                        All frame count: 0
     Drop And Log:
                         All bytes count: 0
                         All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only:
     Bridge Only:
                         All bytes count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All frame count: 0
     Bridge Only And Log: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All frame count: 0
     Forwarding To CPU: All bytes count: 0
     Forwarded:
                          All frame count: 232983
```

Forwarded: Forwarded And Log: Forwarded And Log:	
L3 ACL OUTPUT Statistics	
Drop:	All frame count: 0
Drop:	All bytes count: 0
Drop And Log:	All frame count: 0
Drop And Log:	All bytes count: 0
Bridge Only:	All frame count: 0
Bridge Only:	All bytes count: 0
Bridge Only And Log:	All frame count: 0
Bridge Only And Log:	All bytes count: 0
Forwarding To CPU:	All frame count: 0
Forwarding To CPU:	All bytes count: 0
Forwarded:	All frame count: 514434
Forwarded:	All bytes count: 39048748
Forwarded And Log:	All frame count: 0
Forwarded And Log:	All bytes count: 0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	access-list	Configures a standard or extended numbered access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference , Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.
	ip access list	Configures a named IP access list on the switch. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS IP Command Reference, Volume 1 of 3:Addressing and Services, Release 12.2 > IP Services Commands.
	mac access-list extended	Configures a named or numbered MAC access list on the switch.

show archive status

Use the **show archive status** privileged EXEC command to display the status of a new image being downloaded to a switch with the HTTP or TFTP protocol.

show archive status [{begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release Modification		
	12.2(20)SEThis command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	If you use the archive download-sw privileged EXEC command to download an image to a TFTP server, the output of the archive download-sw command shows the status of the download. If you do not have a TFTP server, you can use Network Assistant or the embedded device manager to download the image by using the HTTP protocol. The show archive status command shows the progress		
	of the download. Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain are not displayed, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.	output	
Examples	These are examples of output from the show archive status command:		
	IDLE: No upgrade in progress Switch# show archive status LOADING: Upgrade in progress		
	Switch# show archive status EXTRACT: Extracting the image		
	Switch# show archive status VERIFY: Verifying software		
	Switch# show archive status		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	archive download-sw	Downloads a new image from a TFTP server to the switch.

show arp access-list

Use the **show arp access-list** user EXEC command to display detailed information about Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) access lists.

show arp access-list [acl-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Syntax Description	acl-name	(Optional) Nam	ne of the ACL.
	begin	(Optional) Disp	play begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Disp	play excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Disp	play includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in t	he output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Mod	ification
	12.2(20)SE	This	command was introduced.
Examples	This is an exa	mple of output fr	om the show arp access-list command:
Examples	Switch> show arp access-list		
	ARP access 1	-	
		p 10.101.1.1 0. p 20.3.1.0 0.0.	0.0.255 mac any
	permit i	p 20.3.1.0 0.0.	
Related Commands	Command		Description
	arp access-li	st	Defines an ARP access control list (ACL).
	deny (ARP a configuration		Denies an ARP packet based on matches against the DHCP bindings.
	ip arp inspec	ction filter vlan	Permits ARP requests and responses from a host configured with a static IP address.
	permit (ARF configuration		Permits an ARP packet based on matches against the DHCP bindings.

show auto qos

Use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) commands entered on the interfaces on which automatic QoS (auto-QoS) is enabled.

show auto qos [interface [interface-id]]

Syntax Description	interface [interface-id]	(Optional) Display auto-QoS information for the specified port or for all ports. Valid interfaces include physical ports.	
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(20)SE	The information in the command output changed, and the user guidelines were updated.	
Usage Guidelines	 In releases earlier than Cisco IOS Release 12.2(20)SE, the show auto qos [interface [interface-id]] command output shows the initial generated auto-QoS configuration. In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(20)SE or later, the show auto qos command output shows only the auto-QoS command entered on each interface. The show auto qos interface interface-id command output shows the auto-QoS command entered on a specific interface. Use the show running-config privileged EXEC command to display the auto-QoS configuration and the 		
	user modifications.	oning privileged DATEC command to display the auto Qob configuration and the	
	To display information a commands:	bout the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS, use one of these	
	 show mls qos 		
	 show mls qos maps 	s cos-dscp	
	• show mls qos interface [interface-id] [buffers queueing]		
	 show mls qos maps [cos-dscp cos-input-q cos-output-q dscp-cos dscp-input-q dscp-output-q] 		
		• show mls qos input-queue	
	 show mls qos input 	-queue	

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos** command after the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** and the **auto qos voip cisco-softphone** interface configuration commands are entered:

Switch> **show auto qos** GigabitEthernet0/4 auto qos voip cisco-softphone

GigabitEthernet0/5 auto qos voip cisco-phone

GigabitEthernet0/6 auto qos voip cisco-phone

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet 0/5 GigabitEthernet0/5 auto qos voip cisco-phone

This is an example of output from the **show running-config** privileged EXEC command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** and the **auto qos voip cisco-softphone** interface configuration commands are entered:

Switch# show running-config Building configuration ... mls qos map policed-dscp 24 26 46 to 0 mls qos map cos-dscp 0 8 16 26 32 46 48 56 mls gos srr-queue input bandwidth 90 10 mls gos srr-queue input threshold 1 8 16 mls gos srr-queue input threshold 2 34 66 mls qos srr-queue input buffers 67 33 mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 2 1 mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 0 mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 1 2 mls gos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 2 4 6 7 mls qos srr-queue input cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 5 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 32 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 1 $\,$ 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 $\,$ mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 48 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 2 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 1 threshold 3 5 mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 2 threshold 3 3 6 7 mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 3 threshold 3 2 4 mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 2 1 mls qos srr-queue output cos-map queue 4 threshold 3 0 mls gos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 1 threshold 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 mls gos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 2 threshold 3 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 3 threshold 3 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 1 8 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 2 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map queue 4 threshold 3 $\,$ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 $\,$ mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 1 100 100 100 100 mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 2 75 75 75 250

```
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 3 75 150 100 300
mls qos queue-set output 1 threshold 4 50 100 75 400
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 1 100 100 100 100
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 2 35 35 35 35
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 3 55 82 100 182
mls qos queue-set output 2 threshold 4 90 250 100 400
mls qos queue-set output 1 buffers 15 20 20 45
mls qos queue-set output 2 buffers 24 20 26 30
mls qos
. . .
!
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
 match ip dscp ef
class-map match-all AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
 match ip dscp cs3 af31
1
policy-map AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
 class AutoQoS-VoIP-RTP-Trust
   set dscp ef
   police 320000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
  class AutoQoS-VoIP-Control-Trust
   set dscp cs3
   police 32000 8000 exceed-action policed-dscp-transmit
!
. . .
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/4
switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 400
 service-policy input AutoQoS-Police-SoftPhone
 speed 100
 duplex half
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
 srr-queue bandwidth shape 10 0 0 0
 auto qos voip cisco-softphone
I.
interface GigabitEthernet0/5
 switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 1999
 speed 100
 duplex full
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
 srr-queue bandwidth shape 10 0 0 0
mls qos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
auto qos voip cisco-phone
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/6
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport trunk native vlan 2
switchport mode access
 speed 10
 srr-queue bandwidth share 10 10 60 20
 srr-queue bandwidth shape 10 0 0 0
mls gos trust device cisco-phone
mls qos trust cos
 auto qos voip cisco-phone
I.
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show auto qos interface** *interface-id* command when the **auto qos voip cisco-phone** interface configuration command is entered:

Switch> show auto qos interface fastethernet0/2 FastEthernet0/2 auto qos voip cisco-phone

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is disabled on the switch:

Switch> **show auto qos** AutoQoS not enabled on any interface

These are examples of output from the **show auto qos** interface *interface-id* command when auto-QoS is disabled on an interface:

Switch> show auto qos interface gigabitethernet0/1 AutoQoS is disabled

Related Commands

	Command	Description
-	auto qos voip	Automatically configures QoS for VoIP within a QoS domain.
-	debug auto qos	Enables debugging of the auto-QoS feature.

show boot

Use the **show boot** privileged EXEC command to display the settings of the boot environment variables.

show boot [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
		Madification
Command History	Release	Modification
Command History Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case se	This command was introduced.
	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the This is an example of o	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the This is an example of or display.	This command was introduced. ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case se are not displayed, but the This is an example of o	This command was introduced. Ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. For the show boot command. Table 2-16 describes each field in the flash:c3560-i5-mz.121-19.EA1/c3560-i5-mz.121-19.EA1.bin flash:config.text

Field	Description		
BOOT path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting.		
	If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash file system. In a depth-first search of a directory, each encountered subdirectory is completely searched before continuing the search in the original directory.		
	If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash file system.		
Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.		
Private Config file	Displays the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.		
Enable Break	Displays whether a break during booting is enabled or disabled. If it is set to yes, on, or 1, you can interrupt the automatic boot process by pressing the Break key on the console after the flash file system is initialized.		
Manual Boot	Displays whether the switch automatically or manually boots. If it is set to no or 0, the boot loader attempts to automatically boot the system. If it is set to anything else, you must manually boot the switch from the boot loader mode.		
Helper path-list	Displays a semicolon separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.		
NVRAM/Config file buffer size	Displays the buffer size that Cisco IOS uses to hold a copy of the configuration file in memory. The configuration file cannot be larger than the buffer size allocation.		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	boot config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
	boot enable-break	Enables interrupting the automatic boot process.
	boot manual	Enables manually booting the switch during the next boot cycle.
	boot private-config-file	Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the private configuration.
	boot system	Specifies the Cisco IOS image to load during the next boot cycle.

show cable-diagnostics tdr

Use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** privileged EXEC command to display the Time Domain Reflector (TDR) results.

show cable-diagnostics tdr interface *interface-id* [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id							
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches th	e expression.					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the express	ssion.					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specif	ied expression.					
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXI	С						
Command History	Release	Modification						
···· ,	12.2(20)SE3	This command was introduced.						
Usage Guidelines	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s ule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module						
Usage Guidelines	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s	ports. For more information					
	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar do not appear, This is an exar	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s ule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module the software configuration guide for this release. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude outpu	ports. For more information at, the lines that contain <i>output</i>					
J	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar do not appear, This is an exar a switch other Switch# show TDR test last	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s bule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module the software configuration guide for this release. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude outpu but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ple of output from the show cable-diagnostics tdr inter	ports. For more information at, the lines that contain <i>output</i> f ace <i>interface-id</i> command on					
Usage Guidelines Examples	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar do not appear, This is an exar a switch other Switch# show TDR test last Interface Spe	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s bule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module the software configuration guide for this release. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude outpu but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ple of output from the show cable-diagnostics tdr inter han a Catalyst 3560G-24PS or 3560G-48PS switch: cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2 run on: March 01 20:15:40 ed Local pair Pair length Remote pair Pair	ports. For more information at, the lines that contain <i>output</i> f ace <i>interface-id</i> command on					
-	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar do not appear, This is an exar a switch other Switch# show TDR test last Interface Spe	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s bule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module the software configuration guide for this release. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude outpu but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ple of output from the show cable-diagnostics tdr inter han a Catalyst 3560G-24PS or 3560G-48PS switch: exble-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2 run on: March 01 20:15:40 ed Local pair Pair length Remote pair Pair	ports. For more information at, the lines that contain <i>output</i> f ace <i>interface-id</i> command on					
J	TDR is suppor 10-Gigabit mo about TDR, se Expressions ar do not appear, This is an exar a switch other Switch# show TDR test last Interface Spe	ed only on copper Ethernet 10/100/1000 ports. It is not s bule ports, or small form-factor pluggable (SFP)-module the software configuration guide for this release. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude outpu but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ple of output from the show cable-diagnostics tdr inter han a Catalyst 3560G-24PS or 3560G-48PS switch: cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2 run on: March 01 20:15:40 ed Local pair Pair length Remote pair Pair po Pair A 0 +/- 2 meters N/A Open	ports. For more information at, the lines that contain <i>output</i> f ace <i>interface-id</i> command on					

This is an example of output from the **show cable-diagnostics tdr interface** *interface-id* command on a Catalyst 3560G-24PS or 3560G-48PS switch:

```
Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2
```

TDR test]	last rı	in on:	March	ı 01 2	20:15:40		
Interface	Speed	Local	pair	Pair	length	Remote pair	Pair status
Gi0/2	auto	Pair .	A	0	+/- 4 meters	N/A	Open
		Pair	B	0	+/- 4 meters	N/A	Open
		Pair	_		+/-4 meters	,	Open
					,	,	1
		Pair 1	D	0	+/- 4 meters	N/A	Open

Table 2-17 lists the descriptions of the fields in the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** command output.

Field	Description
Interface	Interface on which TDR was run.
Speed	Speed of connection.
Local pair	Name of the pair of wires that TDR is testing on the local interface.
Pair length	Location on the cable where the problem is, with respect to your switch. TDR can only find the location in one of these cases:
	• The cable is properly connected, the link is up, and the interface speed is 1000 Mbps.
	• The cable is open.
	• The cable has a short.
Remote pair	Name of the pair of wires to which the local pair is connected. TDR can learn about the remote pair only when the cable is properly connected and the link is up.
Pair status	The status of the pair of wires on which TDR is running:
	• Normal—The pair of wires is properly connected.
	• Not completed—The test is running and is not completed.
	• Not supported—The interface does not support TDR.
	• Open—The pair of wires is open.
	• Shorted—The pair of wires is shorted.

Table 2-17 Fields Descriptions for the show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output

This is an example of output from the **show interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is running:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet0/2 gigabitethernet0/2 is up, line protocol is up (connected: TDR in Progress)
```

This is an example of output from the **show cable-diagnostics tdr interface** *interface-id* command when TDR is not running:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/2 $\$ TDR test was never issued on Gi0/2

If an interface does not support TDR, this message appears:

Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gigabitethernet0/28 % TDR test is not supported on switch 1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	test cable-diagnostics tdr	Enables and runs TDR on an interface.

show class-map

Use the **show class-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) class maps, which define the match criteria to classify traffic.

show class-map [class-map-name] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	*	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	are not displayed,	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
Usage Guidelines Examples	are not displayed, This is an example	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	are not displayed, This is an example Switch> show cla s Class Map match-	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	This is an example Switch> show clas Class Map match- Match access- Class Map match	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. of output from the show class-map command: ss-map all videowizard_10-10-10 (id 2)
	This is an example Switch> show clas Class Map match- Match access- Class Map match Match any	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. of output from the show class-map command: ss-map all videowizard_10-10-10 (id 2) group name videowizard_10-10-10 -any class-default (id 0) -all dscp5 (id 3)
	This is an example Switch> show clas Class Map match- Match access- Class Map match Match any Class Map match	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. of output from the show class-map command: ss-map all videowizard_10-10-10 (id 2) group name videowizard_10-10-10 -any class-default (id 0) -all dscp5 (id 3)
Examples	are not displayed, i This is an example Switch> show class Class Map match- Match access- Class Map match Match any Class Map match Match ip dscp	but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. of output from the show class-map command: ss-map all videowizard_10-10-10 (id 2) group name videowizard_10-10-10 -any class-default (id 0) -all dscp5 (id 3) 5

match (class-map configuration)	Defines the match criteria to classify traffic.

show cluster

Use the **show cluster** user EXEC command to display the cluster status and a summary of the cluster to which the switch belongs. This command can be entered on the cluster command switch and cluster member switches.

show cluster [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display	begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display	excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display	includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the	putput to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.1(19)EA1	This command wa	s introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	If you enter this con cluster member app		not a cluster member, the error message Not a management			
	On a cluster member switch, this command displays the identity of the cluster command switch, the switch member number, and the state of its connectivity with the cluster command switch.					
	On a cluster command switch, this command displays the cluster name and the total number of members. It also shows the cluster status and time since the status changed. If redundancy is enabled, it displays the primary and secondary command-switch information.					
	-	e sensitive. For example, ut the lines that contain <i>C</i>	if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output Dutput</i> are displayed.			
Examples	This is an example of switch:	of output when the show of	cluster command is entered on the active cluster command			
	Status: Time sinc Redundanc S S S Heartbeat Heartbeat	r cluster "Ajang" ber of members: e last status change:	7 1 members are unreachable 0 days, 0 hours, 2 minutes Enabled Member 1 Ajang_standby 110 8 80 3			

This is an example of output when the **show cluster** command is entered on a cluster member switch:

Switch1> show cluster Member switch for cluster "hapuna"	
Member number:	3
Management IP address:	192.192.192.192
Command switch mac address:	0000.0c07.ac14
Heartbeat interval:	8
Heartbeat hold-time:	80

This is an example of output when the show cluster command is entered on a cluster member switch that is configured as the standby cluster command switch:

Switch> show cluster	
Member switch for cluster "hapuna"	
Member number:	3 (Standby command switch)
Management IP address:	192.192.192.192
Command switch mac address:	0000.0c07.ac14
Heartbeat interval:	8
Heartbeat hold-time:	80

This is an example of output when the **show cluster** command is entered on the cluster command switch that has lost connectivity with member 1:

Switch>	show cluster	
Command	switch for cluster "Ajang"	
	Total number of members:	7
	Status:	1 members are unreachable
	Time since last status change:	0 days, 0 hours, 5 minutes
	Redundancy:	Disabled
	Heartbeat interval:	8
	Heartbeat hold-time:	80
	Extended discovery hop count:	3

This is an example of output when the show cluster command is entered on a cluster member switch that has lost connectivity with the cluster command switch:

Switch> show cluster	
Member switch for cluster "hapuna"	
Member number:	<unknown></unknown>
Management IP address:	192.192.192.192
Command switch mac address:	0000.0c07.ac14
Heartbeat interval:	8
Heartbeat hold-time:	80

Related Commands	Command	Description
	cluster enable	Enables a command-capable switch as the cluster command switch, assigns a cluster name, and optionally assigns a member number to it.
	show cluster candidates	Displays a list of candidate switches.
	show cluster members	Displays information about the cluster members.

show cluster candidates

Use the show cluster candidates privileged EXEC command to display a list of candidate switches.

show cluster candidates [detail | mac-address *H.H.H.*] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	detail	(Optional) Display detailed i	nformation for all candidates.		
	mac-address H.H.H.	(Optional) MAC address of t	he cluster candidate.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins wi	ith the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes	lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to u	se as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduce	ed.		
	The SN in the display means <i>switch member number</i> . If E appears in the SN column, it means that the switch is discovered through extended discovery. If E does not appear in the SN column, it means that the <i>switch member number</i> is the upstream neighbor of the candidate switch. The hop count is the number of devices the candidate is from the cluster command switch.				
	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are	er exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> displayed.		
Examples	This is an example of o	utput from the show cluster ca	ndidates command:		
	Switch> show cluster	candidates			
	00e0.1e7e.be8 00e0.1e9f.7a0 00e0.1e9f.8c0	0 ldf-dist-128 WS-C3524-XL 0 1900_Switch 1900	Upstream PortIf FEC Hops SN PortIf FEC Gi0/1 2 1 Fa0/11 Fa0/7 1 0 Fa0/24 3 0 1 0 Fa0/11 Fa0/5 1 0 Fa0/3 Fa0/4 1 0 Fa0/7 Fa0/1 1 0 Fa0/9		

This is an example of output from the **show cluster candidates** command that uses the MAC address of a cluster member switch directly connected to the cluster command switch:

```
Switch> show cluster candidates mac-address 00d0.7961.c4c0
Device 'Tahiti-12' with mac address number 00d0.7961.c4c0
Device type: cisco WS-C3560-12T
Upstream MAC address: 00d0.796d.2f00 (Cluster Member 0)
Local port: Gi0/1 FEC number:
Upstream port: GI0/11 FEC Number:
Hops from cluster edge: 1
Hops from command device: 1
```

This is an example of output from the **show cluster candidates** command that uses the MAC address of a cluster member switch three hops from the cluster edge:

```
Switch> show cluster candidates mac-address 0010.7bb6.lcc0
Device 'Ventura' with mac address number 0010.7bb6.lcc0
Device type: cisco WS-C2912MF-XL
Upstream MAC address: 0010.7bb6.lcd4
Local port: Fa2/1 FEC number:
Upstream port: Fa0/24 FEC Number:
Hops from cluster edge: 3
Hops from command device: -
```

This is an example of output from the show cluster candidates detail command:

```
Switch> show cluster candidates detail
Device 'Tahiti-12' with mac address number 00d0.7961.c4c0
                             cisco WS-C3512-XL
       Device type:
       Upstream MAC address: 00d0.796d.2f00 (Cluster Member 1)
                     Fa0/3 FEC Number:
                             Fa0/3 FEC number:
       Local port:
       Upstream port:
       Hops from cluster edge: 1
       Hops from command device: 2
Device '1900 Switch' with mac address number 00e0.1e7e.be80
       Device type:
                      cisco 1900
       Upstream MAC address: 00d0.796d.2f00 (Cluster Member 2)
                      3 FEC number: 0
Fa0/11 FEC Number:
       Local port:
       Upstream port:
       Hops from cluster edge: 1
       Hops from command device: 2
Device 'Surfers-24' with mac address number 00e0.1e9f.7a00
       Device type:
                            cisco WS-C2924-XL
       Upstream MAC address: 00d0.796d.2f00 (Cluster Member 3)
       Local port: Fa0/5 FEC number:
       Upstream port:
                             Fa0/3 FEC Number:
       Hops from cluster edge: 1
       Hops from command device: 2
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cluster	Displays the cluster status and a summary of the cluster to which the switch belongs.
	show cluster members	Displays information about the cluster members.

show cluster members

Use the **show cluster members** privileged EXEC command to display information about the cluster members.

show cluster members [*n* | **detail**] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	n	(Optional) Number that identifies a cluster member. The range is 0 to 15.			
, ,	detail				
	begin				
	exclude				
	include				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	с			
Command History	Release	Modification			
2	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines		is available only on the cluster command switch. s no members, this command displays an empty line at the prompt.			
Usage Guidelines	If the cluster has Expressions are	-	n <i>output</i>		
Usage Guidelines Examples	If the cluster has Expressions are are not displaye	s no members, this command displays an empty line at the prompt. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contai			
	If the cluster has Expressions are are not displaye This is an examp	s no members, this command displays an empty line at the prompt. case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contai d, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. ple of output from the show cluster members command. The SN in the displa	-		

This is an example of output from the **show cluster members** for cluster member 3:

```
Switch# show cluster members 3

Device 'SanJuan2' with member number 3

Device type: cisco WS-C3560-12T

MAC address: 0002.4b29.4400

Upstream MAC address: 0030.946c.d740 (Cluster member 1)

Local port: Gi0/1 FEC number:

Upstream port: GI0/11 FEC Number:

Hops from command device: 2
```

This is an example of output from the show cluster members detail command:

1 1	
Switch# show cluster members de	tail
Device 'StLouis1' with member r	umber 0 (Command Switch)
Device type:	cisco WS-C3560-12T
MAC address:	0002.4b29.2e00
Upstream MAC address:	
Local port:	FEC number:
Upstream port:	FEC Number:
Hops from command devic	:e: 0
Device 'tal-switch-14' with mem	ıber number 1
Device type:	cisco WS-C3548-XL
MAC address:	0030.946c.d740
Upstream MAC address:	0002.4b29.2e00 (Cluster member 0)
Local port:	Fa0/13 FEC number:
Upstream port:	Gi0/1 FEC Number:
Hops from command devic	2e: 1
Device 'nms-2820' with member r	umber 2
Device type:	cisco 2820
MAC address:	0002.b922.7180
Upstream MAC address:	0030.946c.d740 (Cluster member 1)
Local port:	10 FEC number: 0
Upstream port:	Fa0/18 FEC Number:
Hops from command devic	
Device 'SanJuan2' with member r	
Device type:	cisco WS-C3560-12T
MAC address:	0002.4b29.4400
-	0030.946c.d740 (Cluster member 1)
Local port:	Gi0/1 FEC number:
Upstream port:	Fa0/11 FEC Number:
Hops from command devic	
Device 'GenieTest' with member	
Device type:	cisco SeaHorse
MAC address:	0002.4b28.c480
	0030.946c.d740 (Cluster member 1)
Local port:	Gi0/2 FEC number:
Upstream port:	Fa0/9 FEC Number:
Hops from command devic	
Device 'Palpatine' with member	cisco WS-C2924M-XL
Device type: MAC address:	00b0.6404.f8c0
	0002.4b29.2e00 (Cluster member 0) Gi2/1 FEC number:
Local port:	Gi2/1 FEC number: Gi0/7 FEC Number:
Upstream port:	
Hops from command devic	:е: т

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show cluster	Displays the cluster status and a summary of the cluster to which the switch belongs.
	show cluster candidates	Displays a list of candidate switches.

show controllers cpu-interface

Use the **show controllers cpu-interface** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the CPU network interface ASIC and the send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.

show controllers cpu-interface [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional)	Display beg	gins with the	The that matches the capies	sion.	
	exclude	ude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	(Optional)	Display inc	ludes lines t	hat match the specified expre	ession.	
	expression	Expression	in the outp	out to use as a	a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modif	ication				
	12.1(19)EA1	This c	command w	as introduce	1.		
Usage Guidelines			on that migh	nt be useful f	or Cisco technical support re	presentatives	
		se sensitive. F			exclude output , the lines t isplayed.	hat contain <i>output</i>	
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, t	se sensitive. F out the lines t	hat contain	<i>Output</i> are d	isplayed.	-	
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, t	se sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t	hat contain from the sh	<i>Output</i> are d		-	
Examples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames	the sensitive. How the lines the lin	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	Output are d	isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block	-	
xamples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont	se sensitive. H put the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	<i>Output</i> are d	isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block	-	
xamples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames	e sensitive. Hout the lines to	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped	Output are d	isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block	-	
xamples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	put the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0	-	
xamples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	put the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047	hat contain from the sh -interface dropped 	Output are d	isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0		
xamples	Expressions are cas are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames rpc stp ipc	put the lines t put example crollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047	hat contain from the sh interface dropped 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0</pre>		
xamples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines the sensitive of the lines the lines the sense of the s	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d now controll invalid 0 0 0 0	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>	-	
xamples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines the line	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d invalid 0 0 0 0	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>	-	
xamples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines the line	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>		
zamples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines to	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>		
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines t eput example crollers cput retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>	-	
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0 68411	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>		
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0 68411 0	hat contain from the sh 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>		
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0 68411 0 0	hat contain from the sh 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>		
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines the line	hat contain from the sh - interface dropped 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>	-	
Examples	Expressions are cass are not displayed, b This is a partial out Switch# show cont cpu-queue-frames 	e sensitive. Fout the lines t put the lines t rollers cpu retrieved 4523063 1545035 1903047 96145 79596 0 5756 225646 46472 0 68411 0 0	hat contain from the sh 	Output are d	<pre>isplayed. ers cpu-interface command: hol-block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</pre>	-	

Supervisor ASIC receive-queue parameters _____ queue 0 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1419A20 paktail 13EAED4 queue 1 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 15828E0 paktail 157FBFC queue 2 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 1470D40 paktail 1470FE4 queue 3 maxrecevsize 5EE pakhead 19CDDD0 paktail 19D02C8 <output truncated> Supervisor ASIC Mic Registers MicDirectPollInfo 80000800 MicIndicationsReceived 00000000 MicInterruptsReceived 00000000 MicPcsInfo 0001001F MicPlbMasterConfiguration 00000000 MicRxFifosAvailable 00000000 MicRxFifosReady 0000BFFF MicTimeOutPeriod: FrameTOPeriod: 00000EA6 DirectTOPeriod: 00004000 <output truncated> MicTransmitFifoInfo: Fifo0: StartPtrs: 038C2800 ReadPtr: 038C2C38 WritePtrs: 038C2C38 Fifo_Flag: 8A800800 Weights: 001E001E 03A9BC00 Fifol: StartPtr: ReadPtr: 03A9BC60 Fifo Flag: 89800400 WritePtrs: 03A9BC60 writeHeaderPtr: 03A9BC60 Fifo2: StartPtr: 038C8800 WritePtrs: 038C88E0 ReadPtr: 038C88E0 Fifo_Flag: 88800200 writeHeaderPtr: 038C88E0 03C30638 Fifo3: StartPtr: 03C30400 ReadPtr: WritePtrs: 03C30638 Fifo Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03C30638 Fifo4: StartPtr: 03AD5000 ReadPtr: 03AD50A0 WritePtrs: 03AD50A0 Fifo Flag: 89800400 writeHeaderPtr: 03AD50A0 Fifo5: StartPtr: 03A7A600 ReadPtr: 03A7A600 Fifo_Flag: WritePtrs: 03A7A600 88800200 writeHeaderPtr: 03A7A600 03BF8400 Fifo6: StartPtr: ReadPtr: 03BF87F0 WritePtrs: 03BF87F0 Fifo Flag: 89800400

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.
	show interfaces	Displays the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show controllers ethernet-controller

Use the **show controllers ethernet-controller** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware. Use with the **phy** keyword to display the interface internal registers or the **port-asic** keyword to display information about the port ASIC.

show controllers ethernet-controller [interface-id] [phy [detail]] [port-asic {configuration |
 statistics}] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Syntax Description	interface-id	The physical interface (including type, module, and port number).			
	phy (Optional) Display the status of the internal registers on the switc				
		device (PHY) for the device or the interface. This display includes the operational			
		state of the automatic medium-dependent interface crossover (Auto-MDIX)			
	1 (1)	feature on an interface.			
	detail	(Optional) Display details about the PHY internal registers.			
	port-asic	(Optional) Display information about the port ASIC internal registers.			
	configuration	Display port ASIC internal register configuration.			
	statistics	Display port ASIC statistics, including the Rx/Sup Queue and miscellaneous statistics.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes		(only supported with the <i>interface-id</i> keywords in user EXEC mode)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This display with or for the specifie	out keywords provides traffic statistics, basically the RMON statistics for all interface d interface.			
		he phy or port-asic keywords, the displayed information is useful primarily for Cisco representatives troubleshooting the switch.			
		ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outpu</i> , but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.			

Examples

This is an example of output from the show controllers ethernet-controller command for an interface. Table 2-18 describes the Transmit fields, and Table 2-19 describes the Receive fields.

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller gigabitethernet0/1 Transm

h# 8	show controllers ethernet-contr	coller gigabitethernet0/1
mit	GigabitEthernet0/1	Receive
	0 Bytes	0 Bytes
	0 Unicast frames	0 Unicast frames
	0 Multicast frames	0 Multicast frames
	0 Broadcast frames	0 Broadcast frames
	0 Too old frames	0 Unicast bytes
	0 Deferred frames	0 Multicast bytes
	0 MTU exceeded frames	0 Broadcast bytes
	0 1 collision frames	0 Alignment errors
	0 2 collision frames	0 FCS errors
	0 3 collision frames	0 Oversize frames
	0 4 collision frames	0 Undersize frames
	0 5 collision frames	0 Collision fragments
	0 6 collision frames	
	0 7 collision frames	0 Minimum size frames
	0 8 collision frames	0 65 to 127 byte frames
	0 9 collision frames	0 128 to 255 byte frames
	0 10 collision frames	0 256 to 511 byte frames
	0 11 collision frames	0 512 to 1023 byte frames
	0 12 collision frames	0 1024 to 1518 byte frames
	0 13 collision frames	0 Overrun frames
	0 14 collision frames	0 Pause frames
	0 15 collision frames	0 Symbol error frames
	0 Excessive collisions	
	0 Late collisions	0 Invalid frames, too large
	0 VLAN discard frames	0 Valid frames, too large
	0 Excess defer frames	0 Invalid frames, too small
	0 64 byte frames	0 Valid frames, too small
	0 127 byte frames	
	0 255 byte frames	0 Too old frames
	0 511 byte frames	0 Valid oversize frames
	0 1023 byte frames	0 System FCS error frames
	0 1518 byte frames	0 RxPortFifoFull drop frame
	0 Too large frames	
	0 Good (1 coll) frames	

Table 2-18 Transmit Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Bytes	The total number of bytes sent on an interface.
Unicast Frames	The total number of frames sent to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames sent to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames sent to broadcast addresses.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the egress port because the packet aged out.
Deferred frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds 2*maximum-packet time.
MTU exceeded frames	The number of frames that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
1 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs.
2 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after two collisions occur.
3 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after three collisions occur.
4 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after four collisions occur.

Field	Description
5 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after five collisions occur.
6 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after six collisions occur.
7 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after seven collisions occur.
8 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after eight collisions occur.
9 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after nine collisions occur.
10 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after ten collisions occur.
11 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 11 collisions occur.
12 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 12 collisions occur.
13 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 13 collisions occur.
14 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 14 collisions occur.
15 collision frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after 15 collisions occur.
Excessive collisions	The number of frames that could not be sent on an interface after 16 collisions occur.
Late collisions	After a frame is sent, the number of frames dropped because late collisions were detected while the frame was sent.
VLAN discard frames	The number of frames dropped on an interface because the CFI ¹ bit is set.
Excess defer frames	The number of frames that are not sent after the time exceeds the maximum-packet time.
64 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are 64 bytes.
127 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
255 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
511 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
1023 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1518 byte frames	The total number of frames sent on an interface that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Too large frames	The number of frames sent on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Good (1 coll) frames	The number of frames that are successfully sent on an interface after one collision occurs. This value does not include the number of frames that are not successfully sent after one collision occurs.

Table 2-18 Transmit Field Descriptions (continued)

1. CFI = Canonical Format Indicator

Table 2-19	Receive Field Descriptions	
------------	-----------------------------------	--

Field	Description
Bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by frames received on an interface, including the FCS^1 value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Unicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to unicast addresses.
Multicast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on the interface that are directed to multicast addresses.
Broadcast frames	The total number of frames successfully received on an interface that are directed to broadcast addresses.

Field	Description
Unicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by unicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Multicast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by multicast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Broadcast bytes	The total amount of memory (in bytes) used by broadcast frames received on an interface, including the FCS value and the incorrectly formed frames. This value excludes the frame header bits.
Alignment errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have alignment errors.
FCS errors	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but do not have the correct FCS values.
Oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Undersize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes.
Collision fragments	The number of collision fragments received on an interface.
Minimum size frames	The total number of frames that are the minimum frame size.
65 to 127 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 65 to 127 bytes.
128 to 255 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 128 to 255 bytes.
256 to 511 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 256 to 511 bytes.
512 to 1023 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 512 to 1023 bytes.
1024 to 1518 byte frames	The total number of frames that are from 1024 to 1518 bytes.
Overrun frames	The total number of overrun frames received on an interface.
Pause frames	The number of pause frames received on an interface.
Symbol error frames	The number of frames received on an interface that have symbol errors.
Invalid frames, too large	The number of frames received that were larger than maximum allowed MTU^2 size (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too large	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size.
Invalid frames, too small	The number of frames received that are smaller than 64 bytes (including the FCS bits and excluding the frame header) and that have either an FCS error or an alignment error.
Valid frames, too small	The number of frames received on an interface that are smaller than 64 bytes (or 68 bytes for VLAN-tagged frames) and that have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS bits but excludes the frame header bits.
Too old frames	The number of frames dropped on the ingress port because the packet aged out.
Valid oversize frames	The number of frames received on an interface that are larger than the maximum allowed frame size and have valid FCS values. The frame size includes the FCS value but does not include the VLAN tag.

Field	Description
System FCS error frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that have a valid length (in bytes) but that do not have the correct FCS values.
RxPortFifoFull drop frames	The total number of frames received on an interface that are dropped because the ingress queue is full.

Table 2-19 Receive Field Descriptions (continued)

1. FCS = frame check sequence

2. MTU = maximum transmission unit

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller phy** command for a specific interface. Note that the last line of the display is the setting for Auto-MDIX for the interface.

Switch# show controllers ethernet-co	ntrol	ler q	iqabitethernet(/2 phy
Control Register		-	0001 0100 0000	
Control STATUS	:	0111	1001 0100 1001	
Phy ID 1	:	0000	0001 0100 0001	-
Phy ID 2	:	0000	1100 0010 0100)
Auto-Negotiation Advertisement	:	0000	0011 1110 0001	-
Auto-Negotiation Link Partner	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
Auto-Negotiation Expansion Reg	:	0000	0000 0000 0100)
Next Page Transmit Register	:	0010	0000 0000 0001	-
Link Partner Next page Registe	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
1000BASE-T Control Register				
1000BASE-T Status Register				
Extended Status Register	:	0011	0000 0000 0000)
PHY Specific Control Register	:	0000	0000 0111 1000)
PHY Specific Status Register	:	1000	0001 0100 0000)
Interrupt Enable	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
Interrupt Status	:	0000	0000 0100 0000)
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	1100 0110 1000)
Receive Error Counter	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
Reserved Register 1	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
Global Status	:	0000	0000 0000 0000)
LED Control	:	0100	0001 0000 0000)
Manual LED Override	:	0000	1000 0010 1010)
Extended PHY Specific Control	:	0000	0000 0001 1010)
Disable Receiver 1	:	0000	0000 0000 1011	
Disable Receiver 2	:	1000	0000 0000 0100)
Extended PHY Specific Status	:	1000	0100 1000 0000)
Auto-MDIX	:	On	[AdminState=1	Flags=0x00052248]

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration** command:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic configuration _____ PortASIC 0 Registers _____ DeviceType : 000101BC : 00000000 Reset PmadMicConfig : 00000001 PmadMicDiag : 0000003
 SupervisorReceiveFifoSramInfo
 : 000007D0 000007D0 40000000

 SupervisorTransmitFifoSramInfo
 : 000001D0 000001D0 40000000
 GlobalStatus : 00000800 IndicationStatus : 00000000 IndicationStatusMask : FFFFFFFF InterruptStatus : 00000000 InterruptStatusMask : 01FFE800

SupervisorDiag	:	00000000			
SupervisorFrameSizeLimit	:	000007C8			
SupervisorBroadcast	:	000A0F01			
GeneralIO	:	000003F9	00000000	00000004	
StackPcsInfo	:	FFFF1000	860329BD	5555FFFF	FFFFFFFF
		FF0FFF00	86020000	5555FFFF	00000000
StackRacInfo	:	73001630	0000003	7F001644	0000003
		24140003	FD632B00	18E418E0	FFFFFFFF
StackControlStatus	:	18E418E0			
stackControlStatusMask	:	FFFFFFF			
TransmitBufferFreeListInfo	:	00000854	00000800	00000FF8	00000000
		0000088A	0000085D	00000FF8	00000000
TransmitRingFifoInfo	:	00000016	00000016	4000000	00000000
		000000C	000000C	4000000	00000000
TransmitBufferInfo	:	00012000	00000FFF	00000000	0000030
TransmitBufferCommonCount	:	00000F7A			
TransmitBufferCommonCountPeak	:	0000001E			
TransmitBufferCommonCommonEmpty	:	000000FF			
NetworkActivity	:	00000000	00000000	00000000	02400000
DroppedStatistics	:	00000000			
FrameLengthDeltaSelect	:	00000001			
SneakPortFifoInfo	:	00000000			
MacInfo	:	0EC0801C	0000001	0EC0801B	0000001
		00C0001D	0000001	00C0001E	0000001

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics** command:

Switch# show controllers ethernet-controller port-asic statistics

============								
PortASIC	Statistics							
0	RxQ-0, wt-0 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-0, wt-0 drop frames					
4118966	RxQ-0, wt-1 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-0, wt-1 drop frames					
0	RxQ-0, wt-2 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-0, wt-2 drop frames					
0	RxQ-1, wt-0 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-1, wt-0 drop frames					
296	RxQ-1, wt-1 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-1, wt-1 drop frames					
2836036	RxQ-1, wt-2 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-1, wt-2 drop frames					
0	RxQ-2, wt-0 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-2, wt-0 drop frames					
0	RxQ-2, wt-1 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-2, wt-1 drop frames					
158377	RxQ-2, wt-2 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-2, wt-2 drop frames					
0	RxQ-3, wt-0 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-3, wt-0 drop frames					
0	RxQ-3, wt-1 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-3, wt-1 drop frames					
0	RxQ-3, wt-2 enqueue frames	0	RxQ-3, wt-2 drop frames					
15	TxBufferFull Drop Count	0	Rx Fcs Error Frames					
0	TxBufferFrameDesc BadCrc16	0	Rx Invalid Oversize Frames					
0	TxBuffer Bandwidth Drop Cou	0	Rx Invalid Too Large Frames					
0	TxQueue Bandwidth Drop Coun	0	Rx Invalid Too Large Frames					
0	TxQueue Missed Drop Statist	0	Rx Invalid Too Small Frames					
74	RxBuffer Drop DestIndex Cou	0	Rx Too Old Frames					
0	SneakQueue Drop Count	0	Tx Too Old Frames					
0	Learning Queue Overflow Fra	0 System Fcs Error Frames						
0	Learning Cam Skip Count							
15	Sup Queue 0 Drop Frames	0	Sup Queue 8 Drop Frames					
0	Sup Queue 1 Drop Frames	0	Sup Queue 9 Drop Frames					
0	Sup Queue 2 Drop Frames	0	Sup Queue 10 Drop Frames					

0	Sup	Queue	3	Drop	Fra	mes	0	Sup	Queue	11	Drop	Frames
0	Sup	Queue	4	Drop	Fra	mes	0	Sup	Queue	12	Drop	Frames
0	Sup	Queue	5	Drop	Fra	mes	0	Sup	Queue	13	Drop	Frames
0	Sup	Queue	6	Drop	Fra	mes	0	Sup	Queue	14	Drop	Frames
0	Sup	Queue	7	Drop	Fra	mes	0	Sup	Queue	15	Drop	Frames
=========	====:						 			===	=====	
PortASIC	1 Sta	atistic	CS									
0	RxQ·	-0, wt	- 0	enque	eue	frames	0	RxQ-	-0, wt	- 0	drop	frames
52	RxQ·	-0, wt	-1	enque	eue	frames	0	RxQ-	-0, wt	-1	drop	frames
0	RxQ	-0, wt	-2	enque	eue	frames	0	RxQ-	-0, wt	-2	drop	frames

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers tcam	Displays the state of registers for all ternary content addressable memory (TCAM) in the system and for TCAM interface ASICs that are CAM controllers.

show controllers power inline

Use the **show controllers power inline** user EXEC command to display the values in the registers of the specified Power over Ethernet (PoE) controller.

show controllers power inline [instance] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	instance	(Optional) Power controller instance, where each instance corresponds to four
		ports. See the "Usage Guidelines" section for more information. If no instance is specified, information for all instances appear.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	For the Catalyst	3560-48PS switches, the <i>instance</i> range is 0 to 11.
	For the Catalyst	3560-24PS switches, the <i>instance</i> range is 0 to 5.
	For the Catalyst switches provid	3560G-48PS switches, the <i>instance</i> range is 0 to 2. For instances other than 0 to 2, the e no output.
	For the Catalyst switches provid	3560G-24PS switches, the <i>instance</i> range is 0 to 1. For instances other than 0 to 1, the e no output.
	-	on all switches, this command is valid only for PoE switches. It provides no information t do not support PoE.
	The output prov troubleshooting	ides information that might be useful for Cisco technical support representatives the switch.
	-	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show controllers power inline** command on a switch other than a Catalyst 3560G-48PS or 3560G-24PS switch:

Switch> show control	llers	s powe	er	inline
Controller Instance	0, <i>P</i>	Addres	ss	0x40
Interrupt	Reg	0x0	=	0x0
Intr Mask	Reg	0x1	=	0xF6
Power Event	Reg	0x2	=	0x0
Detect Event	Reg	0x4	=	0x0
Fault Event	Reg	0x6	=	0x0
T-Start Event	Reg	0x8	=	0x0
Supply Event	Reg	0xA	=	0x0
Port 1 Status	Reg	0xC	=	0x64
Port 2 Status	Reg	0xD	=	0x3
Port 3 Status	Reg	0xE	=	0x3
Port 4 Status	Reg	0xF	=	0x3
Power Status	Reg	0x10	=	0xFF
Pin Status	Reg	0x11	=	0x0
Operating Mode	Reg	0x12	=	0xAA
Disconnect Enable	Reg	0x13	=	0xF0
Detect/Class Enable	Reg	0x14	=	0xFF
Reserved	Reg	0x15	=	0x0
Timing Config	Reg	0x16	=	0x0
Misc Config	Reg	0x17	=	0xA0
ID Revision	Reg	0x1A	=	0x64
Controller Instance	1 7	ddrog		0

Controller Instance 1, Address 0x42 <output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show controllers power inline** command on a Catalyst 3560G-24PS switch:

Alchemy instance 0, address 0
Pending event flag :N N N N N N N N N N N N
Current State :00 05 10 51 61 11
Current Event :00 01 00 10 40 00
Timers :00 C5 57 03 12 20 04 B2 05 06 07 07
Error State :00 00 00 00 10 00
Error Code :00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Power Status :N Y N N Y N N N N N N N
Auto Config :N Y Y N Y Y Y Y Y Y Y
Disconnect :N N N N N N N N N N N
Detection Status :00 00 00 30 00 00
Current Class :00 00 00 30 00 00
Tweetie debug :00 00 00 00
POE Commands pending at sub:
Command 0 on each port :00 00 00 00 00 00
Command 1 on each port :00 00 00 00 00 00
Command 2 on each port :00 00 00 00 00 00
Command 3 on each port :00 00 00 00 00 00

Related Commands	Command	Description
	logging event power-inline-status	Enables the logging of PoE events.
	power inline	Configures the power management mode for the specified PoE port or for all PoE ports.
	show power inline	Displays the PoE status for the specified PoE port or for all PoE ports.

show controllers tcam

Use the **show controllers tcam** privileged EXEC command to display the state of the registers for all ternary content addressable memory (TCAM) in the system and for all TCAM interface ASICs that are CAM controllers.

show controllers tcam [asic [number]] [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	asic	(Optional) Display port ASIC TCAM information.
	number	(Optional) Display information for the specified port ASIC number. The range is from 0 to 15.
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed TCAM register information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EX	XEC
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Examples	Expressions a do not appear This is an exa	ng the switch. are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> r, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. ample of output from the show controllers tcam command:
	Switch# show TCAM-0 Regis	w controllers tcam
		DB30103 0080040
		000000
	CCR: 00	0000000_F0000020
		000000_0000000
		000000_000000
		0000000_0000000 0000000_0000000
	KE1D3. 00	

HRR0:	00000000_E000CAFC					
HRR1:	0000000_00000000					
HRR2:	0000000_00000000					
HRR3:	0000000_00000000					
HRR4:	0000000_00000000					
HRR5:	0000000_00000000					
HRR6:	0000000_00000000					
HRR7:	0000000_00000000					
<output t<="" th=""><th>runcated></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></output>	runcated>					
GMR31:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF				
GMR32:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF				
GMR33:	FF_FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	FF				
TCAM rel	ated PortASIC 1 regi	isters				
LookupTyp	e:	89A1C67D	_24E35F00			
LastCamIn	dex:	0000FFE0				
LocalNoMa	tch:	000069E0				
Forwardin	gRamBaseAddress:					
		00022A00	0002FE00	00040600	0002FE00	0000D400
		00000000	003FBA00	00009000	00009000	00040600
		00000000	00012800	00012900		

Related Commands Command		Description
	show controllers cpu-interface	Displays the state of the CPU network ASIC and send and receive statistics for packets reaching the CPU.
	show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays per-interface send and receive statistics read from the hardware or the interface internal registers.

show controllers utilization

Use the **show controllers utilization** user EXEC command to display bandwidth utilization on the switch or specific ports.

show controllers [*interface-id*] **utilization** [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID	of the switch interface.					
	begin	(Optional) Dis	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	(Optional) Dis	splay excludes lines that match the specified expression.					
	include	(Optional) Dis	splay includes lines that match the specified expression.					
	expression	Expression in	the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	M	odification					
,	12.2(25)SE		his command was introduced.					
Examples	This is an exa	mple of output fr	om the show controllers utilization command.					
Examples		controllers ut						
			ion Transmit Utilization					
	Fa0/1	0	0					
	Fa0/2	0	0					
	Fa0/3	0	0					
	Fa0/4 Fa0/5	0	0 0					
	Fa0/5 Fa0/6	0	0					
	Fa0/7	0	0					
	<output td="" trun<=""><td>cated></td><td></td></output>	cated>						
			ercentage Utilization : 0 Percentage Utilization : 0					
	Switch Fabric Percentage Utilization : 0							
	This is an example and the second sec	mple of output fr	om the show controllers utilization command on a specific port:					
		controllers gi width Percentag	gabitethernet0/1 utilization e Utilization : 0					

Field	Description
Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the received bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the received traffic on all the ports divided by the switch receive capacity.
Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization	Displays the transmitted bandwidth usage of the switch, which is the sum of the transmitted traffic on all the ports divided it by the switch transmit capacity.
Fabric Percentage Utilization	Displays the average of the transmitted and received bandwidth usage of the switch.

Table 2-20 show controllers utilization Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
show controllers ethernet-controller	Displays the interface internal registers.

show dot1q-tunnel

Use the **show dot1q-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about 802.1Q tunnel ports.

show dot1q-tunnel [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify the interface for which to display 802.1Q tunneling information. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(25)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li	
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu	nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3 Gi0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: innel W Port(s)</pre>
	do not appear, but the li These are examples of o Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: innel W Port(s)</pre>
Examples	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN Gi0/1 Gi0/2 Gi0/3 Gi0/6 Po2 Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN	<pre>nes that contain Output appear. output from the show dot1q-tunnel command: innel W Port(s)</pre>
Usage Guidelines Examples Related Commands	do not appear, but the li These are examples of of Switch> show dotlq-tu dotlq-tunnel mode LAN 	nes that contain Output appear. putput from the show dot1q-tunnel command: mnel N Port(s) mnel interface gigabitethernet0/1 N Port(s)

show dot1x

Use the **show dot1x** privileged EXEC command to display 802.1x statistics, administrative status, and operational status for the switch or for the specified port.

show dot1x [all | interface interface-id | statistics interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Display the 802.1x status for all ports.		
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the 802.1x status for the specified port (including type,		
		module, and port number).		
	statistics interface	(Optional) Display 802.1x statistics for the specified port (including type,		
	interface-id	module, and port number).		
	 begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	ptional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	that port appear. Expressions are case ser	port, global parameters and a summary appear. If you specify a port, details for nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples		utput from the show dot1x and the show dot1x all privileged EXEC commands:		
•	Switch# show dot1x			
	Sysauthcontrol	= Enabled		
	Supplicant Allowed In Dot1x Protocol Versio	n Guest Vlan = Disabled on = 1		
	Dot1x Oper Controlled Dot1x Admin Controlle	d Directions = Both		
	Switch# show dot1x all			
	Dotlx Info for interf	Face GigabitEthernet0/1		
	Supplicant MAC 00d0.k AuthSM State	o71b.35de = CONNECTING		

PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control	= 2 = Single
QuietPeriod	
Re-authentication	
ReAuthPeriod	
ServerTimeout	
SuppTimeout	
TxPeriod	
Guest-Vlan	= 0
Dot1x Info for ir	terface GigabitEthernet0/2
PortStatus	
PortStatus MaxReq	= UNAUTHORIZED = 2
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode	= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi
PortStatus MaxReq	= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode	= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control	= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod	<pre>= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds n = Disabled</pre>
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication	<pre>= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds n = Disabled = 3600 Seconds</pre>
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication ReAuthPeriod	<pre>= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds = Disabled = 3600 Seconds = 30 Seconds</pre>
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication ReAuthPeriod ServerTimeout	<pre>= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds 1 = Disabled = 3600 Seconds = 30 Seconds = 30 Seconds</pre>
PortStatus MaxReq HostMode Port Control QuietPeriod Re-authentication ReAuthPeriod ServerTimeout SuppTimeout	<pre>= UNAUTHORIZED = 2 = Multi = Auto = 60 Seconds 1 = Disabled = 3600 Seconds = 30 Seconds = 30 Seconds = 30 Seconds</pre>

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x interface** *interface-id* privileged EXEC command:

Switch# show dot1x interface gigabitethernet0/1

Supplicant MAC 00d0.b71b.35de				
AuthSM State	= AUTHENTICATED			
BendSM State	= IDLE			
PortStatus	= AUTHORIZED			
MaxReq	= 2			
HostMode	= Single			
Port Control	= Auto			
QuietPeriod	= 60 Seconds			
Re-authentication	= Disabled			
ReAuthPeriod	= 3600 Seconds			
ServerTimeout	= 30 Seconds			
SuppTimeout	= 30 Seconds			
TxPeriod	= 30 Seconds			
Guest-Vlan	= 0			

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x statistics interface** *interface-id* command. Table 2-21 describes the fields in the display.

Switch# show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet0/1 PortStatistics Parameters for Dot1x

TxReqId = 15	TxReq = 0	TxTotal = 15	
RxStart = 4	RxLogoff = 0	RxRespId = 1	RxResp = 1
RxInvalid = 0	RxLenErr = 0	RxTotal= 6	
RxVersion = 1	LastRxSrcMac	00d0.b71b.35de	

Field	Description			
TxReqId	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)-request/identity frames that have been sent.			
TxReq	Number of EAP-request frames (other than request/identity frames) that have been sent.			
TxTotal	Number of Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) frames of any type that have been sent.			
RxStart	Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received.			
RxLogoff	Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received.			
RxRespId	Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received.			
RxResp	Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received.			
RxInvalid	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type.			
RxLenError	Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid.			
RxTotal	Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received.			
RxVersion	Number of received packets in the 802.1x Version 1 format.			
LastRxSrcMac	Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame.			

Table 2-21	show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions
------------	--

Related Commands	Command	Description
	dot1x default	Resets the configurable 802.1x parameters to their default values.

show dtp

Use the **show dtp** privileged EXEC command to display Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) information for the switch or for a specified interface.

show dtp [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

int	4 C (
b		Optional) Display port security s nclude physical ports (including	ettings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces type, module, and port number).	
	egin (Optional) Display begins with th	e line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
e	xclude (Optional) Display excludes lines	that match the <i>expression</i> .	
i ı	nclude (Optional) Display includes lines	that match the specified expression.	
exp	pression I	Expression in the output to use as	a reference point.	
Nodes Use	er EXEC			
listory Re	lease	Modification		
12	.1(19)EA1	This command was intr	roduced.	
	-	ple of output from the show dtp o	command:	
Th	is is an exam	ale of output from the show dta	command:	
Swi	Switch# show dtp			
Glo	bal DTP info			
		g DTP Hello packets every 30 c Trunk timeout is 300 second		
	21 interfaces using DTP			
Th	is is an examp	ple of output from the show dtp i	nterface command:	
		tp interface gigabitethernet0 n for GigabitEthernet0/1:	/1	
	ros/tas/tns:		ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS	
	TOT/TAT/TNT:	_	NATIVE/NEGOTIATE/NATIVE	
1	-		000943A7D081	
7	-			
		-	0000000000	
F	ACCESS LIMEL	expiration (sec/state):		
F Z D	Negotiation	timer expiration (sec/state):	00000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED	
ן 2 א א א	Negotiation Multidrop tim	-	00000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED	
F Z N N F	Negotiation Multidrop tin FSM state:	<pre>timer expiration (sec/state): mer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	0000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED S2:ACCESS	
F 7 9 9 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Negotiation Multidrop tim	<pre>timer expiration (sec/state): mer expiration (sec/state):</pre>	00000000000 1/RUNNING never/STOPPED never/STOPPED never/STOPPED	
DTI 1 1	? information FOS/TAS/TNS: FOT/TAT/TNT: Neighbor add Neighbor add Hello timer o	n for GigabitEthernet0/1: ress 1: ress 2: expiration (sec/state):	ACCESS/AUTO/ACCESS	

```
Statistics
------
3160 packets received (3160 good)
0 packets dropped
    0 nonegotiate, 0 bad version, 0 domain mismatches, 0 bad TLVs, 0 other
6320 packets output (6320 good)
    3160 native, 3160 software encap isl, 0 isl hardware native
0 output errors
0 trunk timeouts
1 link ups, last link up on Mon Mar 01 1993, 01:02:29
0 link downs
```

```
Related Commands Com
```

 Command
 Description

 show interfaces trunk
 Displays interface trunking information.

show env

Use the **show env** user EXEC command to display fan, temperature, redundant power system (RPS) availability, and power information for the switch.

show env {all | fan | power | rps| temperature [status]} [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	all	Display both fan and temperature environmental status.	
	fan	Display the switch fan status.	
	power	Display the switch power status.	
	rps	Display whether an RPS 300 Redundant Power System is connected to the switch.	
	temperature	Display the switch temperature status. The switch temperature is the temperature in the switch, not the external temperature.	
	status	(Optional) Display the threshold values. This keyword is available only on the Catalyst3560G-48TS, 3560G-48PS, 3560G-24TS, and 3560G-24PS switches.	
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
Command History			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(20)SE3	The temperature status keyword was added.	
Usage Guidelines	Catalyst 3560G-4 command on thes levels. If you ente <i>Applicable</i> . On a Catalyst 35 command to disp states as <i>OK</i> and	n all switches, the show env temperature status command is valid only for the t8TS, 3560G-48PS, 3560G-24TS, and 3560G-24PS switches. If you enter this is switches, the command output shows the switch temperature states and the threshold er the command on a switch other than these four switches, the output field shows <i>Not</i> 60G-48PS or 3560G-24PS switch, you can also use the show env temperature lay the switch temperature status. The command output shows the green and yellow the red state as <i>FAULTY</i> . If you enter the show env all command on this switch, the	
	-	is the same as the show env temperature status command output.	
		ation about the threshold levels, see the software configuration guide for this release.	
	_	ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> , but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.	

Examples

This is an example of output from the show env all command entered:

```
Switch> show env all
FAN is OK
TEMPERATURE is OK
POWER is OK
RPS is AVAILABLE
```

This is an example of output from the show env fan command:

```
Switch> show env fan
FAN is OK
Configuring:
Switch(config)# system env temperature threshold yellow ?
        <35-89> Temperature value in Degree Celsius
```

This example shows how to display the temperature value, state, and the threshold values. Table 2-22 describes the temperature states in the command output.

```
Switch> show env temperature status
Temperature Value:28 Degree Celsius
Temperature State:GREEN
Yellow Threshold :70 Degree Celsius
Red Threshold :75 Degree Celsius
```

Table 2-22 States in the show env temperature status Command Output

State	Description
Green	The switch temperature is in the <i>normal</i> operating range.
Yellow	The temperature is in the <i>warning</i> range. You should check the external temperature around the switch.
Red	The temperature is in the <i>critical</i> range. The switch might not run properly if the temperature is in this range.

show errdisable detect

Use the **show errdisable detect** user EXEC command to display error-disable detection status.

show errdisable detect [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (C	Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude (0	Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include (0	Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	<i>expression</i> E	xpression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Jsage Guidelines	_	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> , but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	A displayed gbic	e-invalid error reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module
		e-invalid error reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module
Examples	This is an examp	le of output from the show errdisable detect command:
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
xamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap gbic-invalid	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status
ixamples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood storm-control	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status Enabled Enabled io Enabled ig Enabled on Enabled
Examples	This is an examp Switch> show er ErrDisable Reas udld bpduguard security-violat channel-misconf psecure-violati vmps loopback pagp-flap dtp-flap l2ptguard link-flap gbic-invalid dhcp-rate-limit unicast-flood storm-control ilpower	le of output from the show errdisable detect command: rdisable detect on Detection status Enabled Enabled io Enabled ig Enabled on Enabled

Related Commands

mands	Command	Description
	errdisable detect cause	Enables error-disable detection for a specific cause or all causes.
	show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
	show errdisable recovery	Displays error-disable recovery timer information.
	show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show errdisable flap-values

Use the **show errdisable flap-values** user EXEC command to display conditions that cause an error to be recognized for a cause.

show errdisable flap-values [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

begin (Optional) Displ	ay begins with	the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude (Optional) Displ	ay excludes line	es that match the <i>expression</i> .
include (Optional) Displ	ay includes line	es that match the specified expression.
<i>expression</i> E	xpression in the	e output to use	as a reference point.
User EXEC			
USEI EALC			
Release	Modif	ication	
12.1(19)EA1	This c	command was in	ntroduced.
will be assumed access/trunk) or 5 link-state (link ErrDisable Reas	and the port shu Port Aggregatio up/down) chan son Flaps	ut down if three on Protocol (PAg	e disabled. For example, the display shows that an error Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP)-state (port mode gP) flap changes occur during a 30-second interval, or if g a 10-second interval.
dtp-flap	3	30	
link-flap Expressions are	5 case sensitive. F	10 For example, if <u>r</u>	you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> <i>put</i> are displayed.
link-flap Expressions are o are not displayed	5 case sensitive. F l, but the lines t	10 For example, if <u>r</u> hat contain <i>Out</i>	you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> <i>put</i> are displayed. rdisable flap-values command:
link-flap Expressions are o are not displayed	5 case sensitive. F l, but the lines t ole of output fro crdisable flap son Flaps	10 For example, if y hat contain <i>Out</i> m the show err	<i>put</i> are displayed.
	exclude (0) include (0) expression E User EXEC E I2.1(19)EA1 E The Flaps colum will cause an error will be assumed access/trunk) or I 5 link-state (link ErrDisable Reas pagp-flap E	exclude (Optional) Displ include (Optional) Displ expression Expression in the User EXEC Image: Comparison of the second seco	exclude (Optional) Display excludes line include (Optional) Display includes line expression Expression in the output to use a User EXEC

Related Commands

Description
Enables error-disable detection for a specific cause or all causes.
Displays error-disable detection status.
Displays error-disable recovery timer information.
Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show errdisable recovery

Use the **show errdisable recovery** user EXEC command to display the error-disable recovery timer information.

show errdisable recovery [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	<i>expression</i> E	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Command mistory		
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> d, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.
	A gbic-invalid e interface.	rror-disable reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module
Examples	This is an examp	ple of output from the show errdisable recovery command:
	ErrDisable Rea	
	udld	Disabled
	bpduguard	Disabled
	security-viola	tio Disabled
	channel-miscon:	fig Disabled
	vmps	Disabled
	pagp-flap	Disabled
	dtp-flap	Disabled
	l2ptguard	Disabled
	link-flap psecure-violat:	Enabled ion Disabled
	qbic-invalid	Disabled
	dhcp-rate-limit	
	unicast-flood	Disabled
	storm-control	Disabled
	arp-inspection	
	loopback	Disabled
	Timer interval	:300 seconds

Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:

Interface	Errdisable reason	Time left(sec)
Gi0/2	link-flap	279



Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood field is not valid.

Related Commands

Command	Description
errdisable recovery	Configures the recover mechanism variables.
show errdisable detect	Displays error disable detection status.
show errdisable flap-values	Displays error condition recognition information.
show interfaces status	Displays interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state.

show etherchannel

Use the show etherchannel user EXEC command to display EtherChannel information for a channel.

show etherchannel [channel-group-number {detail | port | port-channel | protocol | summary}]
{detail | load-balance | port | port-channel | protocol | summary} [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.				
	detail	Display detailed EtherChannel information.				
	load-balance	Display the load-balance or frame-distribution scheme among ports in the port channel.				
	port	Display EtherChannel port information.				
	port-channel	Display port-channel information.				
	protocol	Display the protocol that is being used in the EtherChannel.				
	summary	Display a one-line summary per channel-group.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC	Modification				
Command History						
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.				
	12.2(25)SE	The <i>channel-group-number</i> range was changed from 1 to 12 to 1 to 48.				
Usage Guidelines	If you do not specify a <i>channel-group</i> , all channel groups are displayed.					
	In the output, the Passive port list field is displayed only for Layer 3 port channels. This field means that the physical port, which is still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the only port channel in the channel group).					
	-	sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed.				
Examples	This is an example of ou	tput from the show etherchannel 1 detail command:				
	Switch> show etherchan Group state = L2 Ports: 2 Maxports = Port-channels: 1 Max M Protocol: LACP Ports	16				

```
Port: Gi0/1
-----
Port state = Up Mstr In-Bndl
Channel group = 1 Mode = Active Gcchange = -
                    GC = -
Port-channel = Po1
                                   Pseudo port-channel = Pol
Port index = 0
                    Load = 0x00
                                   Protocol = LACP
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUS F - Device is sending fast LACPDU
      A - Device is in active mode.
                                   P - Device is in passive mode.
Local information:
                    LACP port Admin Oper Port
                                                     Port
Port
      Flags State Priority Key
                                       Key
                                               Number State
                    32768
                                              0x0
      SA bndl
Gi0/1
                                0 \ge 0
                                        0x1
                                                     0x3D
Age of the port in the current state: 01d:20h:06m:04s
            Port-channels in the group:
            Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:20m:26s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Protocol
               = LACP
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port EC state
                             No of bits
0 00 Gi0/1 Active 0
 0
     00
          Gi0/2 Active
                               0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:20m:20s
                                       Gi0/2
This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 summary command:
Switch> show etherchannel 1 summary
Flags: D - down P - in port-channel
      I - stand-alone s - suspended
      H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
      R - Layer3 S - Layer2
      u - unsuitable for bundling
      U - in use f - failed to allocate aggregator
      d - default port
Number of channel-groups in use: 1
Number of aggregators:
                          1
Group Port-channel Protocol Ports
1
```

LACP Gi0/1(P) Gi0/2(P)

Pol(SU)

This is an example of output from the show etherchannel 1 port-channel command:

```
Switch> show etherchannel 1 port-channel
           Port-channels in the group:
           ------
Port-channel: Po1 (Primary Aggregator)
-----
Age of the Port-channel = 01d:20h:24m:50s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 2
HotStandBy port = null
Port state = Port-channel Ag-Inuse
Protocol
             = LACP
Ports in the Port-channel:
Index Load Port
                 EC state
                            No of bits
0
    00 Gi0/1 Active 0
0
    00 Gi0/2 Active
                             0
Time since last port bundled: 01d:20h:24m:44s Gi0/2
```

This is an example of output from **show etherchannel protocol** command:

```
Switch# show etherchannel protocol
Channel-group listing:
Group: 1
Protocol: LACP
Group: 2
Protocol: PAgP
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
channel-group	Assigns an Ethernet port to an EtherChannel group.
channel-protocol	Restricts the protocol used on a port to manage channeling.
interface port-channel	Accesses or creates the port channel.

show flowcontrol

Use the show flowcontrol user EXEC command to display the flow control status and statistics.

show flowcontrol [interface interface-id | module number] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

<u> </u>		1 (0)	1) 51	1 1 0				
Syntax Description	interface interface-id	· •	(Optional) Display the flow control status and statistics for a specific interface.					
	module number	switch. The only valid module number is 1. This option is not available if yo have entered a specific interface ID.						
	begin							
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression	Expr	ession in t	he output to us	se as a refe	erence point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modi	fication					
-	12.1(14)EA1	This	command	was introduce	d.			
	12.1(19)EA1	This	command	was introduce	d.			
			_					
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display the flow control status and statistics on the switch or for a specific interface.							
	Use the show flowcontrol command to display information about all the switch interfaces. The output from the show flowcontrol command is the same as the output from the show flowcontrol module <i>number</i> command.							
	Use the show flowcontrol interface <i>interface-id</i> command to display information about a specific interface.							
	Expressions are case do not appear, but the		-	-	r exclude	e output, the lines that contain <i>outp</i>		
Examples	This is an example of	output fro	om the sho	ow flowcontro	l comman	d.		
	admin	owControl oper	admin	FlowControl oper	RxPause	TxPause		
		Unsupp.		off off	0 0	0 0		
	Gi0/3 desired <output truncated=""></output>	off	off	off	0	0		

This is an example of output from the **show flowcontrol interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch> show flowcontrol gigabitethernet0/2								
Port	Send Flo	wControl	Receive	FlowControl	RxPause	TxPause		
	admin	oper	admin	oper				
Gi0/2	desired	off	off	off	0	0		

ds	Command	Description
	flowcontrol	Sets the receive flow-control state for an interface.

show interfaces

Use the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command to display the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or a specified interface.

show interfaces [interface-id | vlan vlan-id] [accounting | capabilities [module number] |
 counters | description | etherchannel | flowcontrol | private-vlan mapping | pruning | stats
 | status [err-disabled] | switchport [backup | module number] | transceiver [calibration |
 properties | detail] [module number] | trunk] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

The **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number) and port channels. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) VLAN identification. The range is 1 to 4094.
	accounting	(Optional) Display accounting information on the interface, including active protocols and input and output packets and octets.
	capabilities	(Optional) Display the capabilities of all interfaces or the specified interface, including the features and options that you can configure on the interface. Though visible in the command line help, this option is not available for VLAN IDs.
	module number	(Optional) Display capabilities , switchport configuration, or transceiver characteristics (depending on preceding keyword) of all interfaces on the switch. The only valid module number is 1. This option is not available if you have entered a specific interface ID.
	counters	(Optional) See the show interfaces counters command.
	description	(Optional) Display the administrative status and description set for an interface.
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display interface EtherChannel information.
	flowcontrol	(Optional) Display interface flowcontrol information
	private-vlan mapping	(Optional) Display private-VLAN mapping information for the VLAN switch virtual interfaces (SVIs). This keyword is available only if your switch is running the EMI.
	pruning	(Optional) Display interface trunk VTP pruning information.
	stats	(Optional) Display the input and output packets by switching path for the interface.
	status	(Optional) Display the status of the interface. A status of <i>unsupported</i> in the Type field indicates that a non-Cisco small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is inserted in the module slot.
	err-disabled	(Optional) Display interfaces in error-disabled state.
	switchport	(Optional) Display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, including port blocking and port protection settings.
	backup	(Optional) Display Flex Link backup interface configuration and status for the specified interface or all interfaces on the switch.

transceiver [calibration	(Optional) Display the physical properties of a CWDM ¹ or DWDM ² small form-factor (SFP) module interface. The keywords have these meanings:		
detail properties]	• calibration —(Optional) Display temperature, voltage, or amount of current on the interface.		
	• detail —(Optional) Display calibration properties, including high and low numbers and any alarm information.		
	• properties —(Optional) Display speed, duplex, and inline power settings on an interface.		
trunk	k Display interface trunk information. If you do not specify an interface, only information for active trunking ports is displayed.		
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
1. Coarse Wave Div	vision Multiplexer		

2. Dense Wave Division Multiplexer

Note

Though visible in the command-line help strings, the **crb**, **fair-queue**, **irb**, **mac-accounting**, **precedence**, **random-detect**, **rate-limit**, and **shape** keywords are not supported.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	12.2(20)SE	The private-vlan mapping , backup , transceiver calibration , detail , and properties , keywords were added.

Usage Guidelines

The show interfaces capabilities command with different keywords has these results:

- Use the **show interface capabilities module 1** to display the capabilities of all interfaces on the switch. Entering any other number is invalid.
- Use the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **capabilities** to display the capabilities of the specified interface.
- Use the **show interfaces capabilities** (with no module number or interface ID) to display the capabilities of all interfaces on the switch.
- Use the **show interface switchport module 1** to display the switch port characteristics of all interfaces on the switch. Entering any other number is invalid.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples	This is an example of output from the show interfaces command for an interface:							
	Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/2							
	GigabitEthernet0/2 is down, line protocol is down							
	Hardware is Gigabit Ethernet, address is 0009.43a7.d085 (bia 0009.43a7.d085)							
	MTU 1500 bytes, BW 10000 Kbit, DLY 1000 usec,							
	reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255							
	Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set							
	Keepalive set (10 sec)							
	Auto-duplex, Auto-speed							
	input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off							
	ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00 Last input never, output never, output hang never							
	Last clearing of "show interface" counters never							
	Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0							
	Queueing strategy: fifo							
	Output queue :0/40 (size/max)							
	5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec							
	5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec							
	2 packets input, 1040 bytes, 0 no buffer							
	Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles							
	0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored							
	0 watchdog, 0 multicast, 0 pause input							
	0 input packets with dribble condition detected							
	4 packets output, 1040 bytes, 0 underruns							
	0 output errors, 0 collisions, 3 interface resets							
	0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred							
	0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 PAUSE output							
	0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out							
	0 output builer failures, 0 output builers swapped out							
	This is an example of output from the show interfaces accounting command.							
	Switch# show interfaces accounting							
	Vlan1 Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out							
	Spanning Tree 283896 17033760 42 2520							
	ARP 63738 3825680 231 13860							
	Interface Vlan2 is disabled							
	Vlan7							
	Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out							
	No traffic sent or received on this interface.							
	Vlan31							
	Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out							
	No traffic sent or received on this interface.							
	GigabitEthernet0/1							
	Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out							
	No traffic sent or received on this interface.							
	GigabitEthernet0/2							
	Protocol Pkts In Chars In Pkts Out Chars Out							
	No traffic sent or received on this interface.							
	<output truncated=""></output>							

Switch# show interfaces GigabitEthernet0/2	gigabitethernet0/2 capabilities
Model:	WS-C3560-24PS
Type:	10/100/1000BaseTX
Speed:	10,100,1000,auto
Duplex:	full,auto
Trunk encap. type:	802.1Q,ISL
Trunk mode:	on,off,desirable,nonegotiate
Channel:	yes
Broadcast suppression:	percentage(0-100)
Flowcontrol:	<pre>rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(none)</pre>
Fast Start:	yes
QoS scheduling:	<pre>rx-(not configurable on per port basis),tx-(4q2t)</pre>
CoS rewrite:	yes
ToS rewrite:	yes
UDLD:	yes
Inline power:	no
SPAN:	source/destination
PortSecure:	yes
Dot1x:	yes
Dot1x:	yes

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces capabilities** command for an interface.

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface* **description** command when the interface has been described as *Connects to Marketing* by using the **description** interface configuration command.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/2 descriptionInterface StatusProtocol DescriptionGi0/2updownConnects to Marketing
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces etherchannel** command when port channels are configured on the switch:

```
Switch# show interfaces etherchannel
_ _ _ _
Port-channel1:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/1 Number of ports = 0
GC
                  = 0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                  HotStandBy port = null
                 = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
Port-channel2:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/2 Number of ports = 0
GC
                 = 0x00000000 HotStandBy port = null
Port state
                 = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port-channel3:
Age of the Port-channel = 03d:20h:17m:29s
Logical slot/port = 10/3 Number of ports = 0
GC
                  = 0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
                                  HotStandBy port = null
                  = Port-channel Ag-Not-Inuse
Port state
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command when the private-VLAN primary VLAN is VLAN 10 and the secondary VLANs are VLANs 501 and 502:

community

vlan10 502

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **pruning** command when pruning is enabled in the VTP domain:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet0/2 pruning
Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor
Gi0/2 3,4
Port Vlans traffic requested of neighbor
Gi0/2 1-3
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces stats** command for a specified VLAN interface.

Switch# show inte	rfaces vlan	1 stats		
Switching path	Pkts In (Chars In Pkts	0ut Cha	rs Out
Processor	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594
Route cache	0	0	0	0
Total	1165354	136205310	570800	91731594

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces status** command. It displays the status of all interfaces.

Switch# show interfaces status

Port Fa0/1 Fa0/2 Fa0/3 Fa0/4 Fa0/5 Fa0/6	Name	Status connected notconnect notconnect connected connected	Vlan routed 121,40 1 18 121 122,11		auto auto auto a-1000	Type 10/100BaseTX 10/100BaseTX 10/100BaseTX Not Present 10/100BaseTX 10/100BaseTX
<output t:<br="">Gi0/1 Gi0/2</output>	runcated>	notconnect	1	auto auto		10/100/1000BaseTX unsupported

<output truncated>

These are examples of output from the **show interfaces status** command for a specific interface when private VLANs are configured. Port 22 is configured as a private-VLAN host port. It is associated with primary VLAN 20 and secondary VLAN 25.

Switch#	show	interfaces	fastethernet0/22	status		
Port	Nan	ie	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Fa0/22			connected	20,25	a-full	a-100 10/100BaseTX

In this example, port 20 is configured as a private-VLAN promiscuous port. The display shows only the primary VLAN 20.

Switch#	show interfaces	fastethernet0/20	status		
Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed Type
Fa0/20		connected	20	a-full	a-100 10/100BaseTX

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces status err-disabled** command. It displays the status of interfaces in the error-disabled state.

Switch#	show	interfaces	status	err-disable	ed
Port	Nan	ne	St	tatus	Reason
Gi0/2			e	rr-disabled	dtp-flap

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a single port. Table 2-23 describes the fields in the display.

Note

Private VLAN trunks are not supported in this release, so those fields are not applicable.

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/1 switchport
Name: Gi0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: dynamic auto
Operational Mode: static access
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association:10 (VLAN0010) 502 (VLAN0502)
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
```

Voice VLAN: none (Inactive) Appliance trust: none

Table 2-23 show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Name	Displays the port name.
Switchport	Displays the administrative and operational status of the port. In this display, the port is in switchport mode.
Administrative Mode	Displays the administrative and operational modes.
Operational Mode	
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation	Displays the administrative and operational encapsulation method and whether trunking negotiation is enabled.
Operational Trunking Encapsulation	
Negotiation of Trunking	
Access Mode VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID to which the port is configured.
Trunking Native Mode VLAN	Lists the VLAN ID of the trunk that is in native mode. Lists the
Trunking VLANs Enabled	allowed VLANs on the trunk. Lists the active VLANs on the trunk.
Trunking VLANs Active	ti ulik.

Field	Description
Pruning VLANs Enabled	Lists the VLANs that are pruning-eligible.
Protected	Displays whether or not protected port is enabled (True) or disabled (False) on the interface.
Unknown unicast blocked	Displays whether or not unknown multicast and unknown
Unknown multicast blocked	unicast traffic is blocked on the interface.
Voice VLAN	Displays the VLAN ID on which voice VLAN is enabled.
Administrative private-vlan	Displays the administrative VLAN association for
host-association	private-VLAN host ports.
Administrative private-vlan mapping	Displays the administrative VLAN mapping for private-VLAN promiscuous ports.
Operational private-vlan	Displays the operational private-VLAN status.
Appliance trust	Displays the class of service (CoS) setting of the data packets of the IP phone.

Table 2-23 show interfaces switchport Field Descriptions (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port configured as a private VLAN promiscuous port. The primary VLAN 20 is mapped to secondary VLANs 25, 30 and 35:

```
Switch# show interface gigabitethernet0/2 switchport
```

```
Name: Gi0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025) 30 (VLAN0030) 35
(VLAN0035)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan:
20 (VLAN0020) 25 (VLAN0025)
30 (VLAN0030)
35 (VLAN0035)
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show interfaces switchport backup command:

Switch# show interface	switchport backup	
Switch Backup Interfac	e Pairs:	
Active Interface	Backup Interface	State
Fa0/1	Fa0/2	Active Up/Backup Standby
Fa0/3	Fa0/5	Active Down/Backup Up
Pol	Po2	Active Standby/Backup Up

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **pruning** command:

Switch# show interfaces gigibitethernet0/2 pruning Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** *interface-id* **trunk** command. It displays trunking information for the port.

Switch# show	interfaces gi	gabitethernet0/3	l trunk	
Port	Mode	Encapsulation	Status	Native vlan
Gi0/1	auto	negotiate	trunking	1
Port Gi0/1	Vlans allowe 1-4094	d on trunk		
Port Gi0/1	Vlans allowe 1-4	d and active in	management do	main
Port Gi0/1	Vlans in spa 1-4	nning tree forwa	arding state a	nd not pruned

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces transceiver calibration module** *number* command:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver calibration module 2
C:Celsius, V:volts, mA:milliamperes, mW:milliwatts, RX:receive.

Port	Temperature Slope/Offset(C)	Voltage Slope/Offset(V)	Current Slope/Offset(mA)	
Gi0/3	1.0000/ 0.0000	1.0000/ 0.0000	1.0000/ 0.000	
Port	Transmit Power Slope/Offset(mW)	RX_POWER4/RX_POWER3/RX	vive Power _POWER2/RX_POWER1/RX_POWER0	
Gi0/3				

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces transceiver properties** command. If you do not specify an interface, the output of the command shows the status on all switch ports:

Switch# show interfaces transceiver properties Name : Gi0/1 Administrative Speed: auto Operational Speed: auto Administrative Duplex: auto Administrative Power Inline: enable Operational Duplex: auto Administrative Auto-MDIX: off Operational Auto-MDIX: off

Name : Gi0/2 Administrative Speed: auto Operational Speed: auto Administrative Duplex: auto Administrative Power Inline: enable

```
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: off
Operational Auto-MDIX: off
Name : Gi0/3
Administrative Speed: auto
Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: disable
Operational Duplex: auto
```

Administrative Auto-MDIX: off Operational Auto-MDIX: off

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver properties** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi0/1
Administrative Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIX: on
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Speed: auto
Operational Duplex: auto
Operational Auto-MDIX: on
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces** interface-id **transceiver detail** command:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet0/3 transceiver detail
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable.
++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are uncalibrated.
```

	Temperature (Celsius)	High Alarm Threshold (Celsius)	High Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Warn Threshold (Celsius)	Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius)
	41.5	110.0	103.0		-12.0
Port Gi0/3		High Alarm Threshold (Volts) 4.00			
Port Gi0/3		High Alarm Threshold (mA) 84.0	High Warn Threshold (mA) 70.0	Low Warn Threshold (mA) 4.0	Low Alarm Threshold (mA) 2.0

Port	Optical Transmit Power (dBm)	High Alarm Threshold (dBm)	High Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Warn Threshold (dBm)	Low Alarm Threshold (dBm)
Gi0/3	-0.0 (-0.0)	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
	Optical	High Alarm	High Warn	Low Warn	Low Alarm
	Optical Receive Power	High Alarm Threshold	High Warn Threshold	Low Warn Threshold	Low Alarm Threshold
Port	1	5	5		
Port	Receive Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold
Port Gi0/3	Receive Power	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold	Threshold

Related Commands

Command	Description
switchport access	Configures a port as a static-access or a dynamic-access port.
switchport block	Blocks unknown unicast or multicast traffic on an interface.
switchport backup interface	Configures Flex Links, a pair of Layer 2 interfaces that provide mutual backup.
switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
switchport mode private-vlan	Configures a port as a private-VLAN host or a promiscuous port.
switchport private-vlan	Defines private-VLAN association for a host port or private-VLAN mapping for a promiscuous port.
switchport protected	Isolates unicast, multicast, and broadcast traffic at Layer 2 from other protected ports on the same switch.
switchport trunk pruning	Configures the VLAN pruning-eligible list for ports in trunking mode.

show interfaces counters

Use the **show interfaces counters** privileged EXEC command to display various counters for the switch or for a specific interface.

Syntax Descriptions	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, module, and port number.			
	errors	(Optional) Display error counters.			
	etherchannel	(Optional) Display EtherChannel counters, including octets, broadcast packets, multicast packets, and unicast packets received and sent.			
	protocol status	(Optional) Display status of protocols enabled on interfaces.			
	trunk	(Optional) Display trunk counters.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
•					
Note	Though visible in the	command-line help string, the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> option is not supported.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC				
Command Modes	Release	Modification			
	Release 12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
	Release				
	Release 12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The			
	Release 12.1(19)EA1 12.2(22)SE	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The			
Command History	Release 12.1(19)EA1 12.2(22)SE If you do not enter any Expressions are case s	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The broadcast , multicast , and unicast keywords were removed.			
Command History	Release 12.1(19)EA1 12.2(22)SE If you do not enter any Expressions are case s are not displayed, but	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The broadcast, multicast, and unicast keywords were removed. y keywords, all counters for all interfaces are included. ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output the lines that contain Output are displayed. partial output from the show interfaces counters command. It displays all			
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release 12.1(19)EA1 12.2(22)SE If you do not enter any Expressions are case s are not displayed, but This is an example of counters for the switch Switch# show interfa Port Inoc	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The broadcast , multicast , and unicast keywords were removed. y keywords, all counters for all interfaces are included. ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. partial output from the show interfaces counters command. It displays all h. aces counters ctets InUcastPkts InMcastPkts InBcastPkts			
Command History Usage Guidelines	Release 12.1(19)EA1 12.2(22)SE If you do not enter any Expressions are case s are not displayed, but This is an example of counters for the switch Switch# show interfation	This command was introduced. The etherchannel and protocol status keywords were added. The broadcast , multicast , and unicast keywords were removed. y keywords, all counters for all interfaces are included. ensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> are displayed. partial output from the show interfaces counters command. It displays all h. aces counters			

<output truncated>

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters protocol status** command for all interfaces.

Switch# show interfaces counters protocol status Protocols allocated: Vlan1: Other, IP Vlan20: Other, IP, ARP Vlan30: Other, IP, ARP Vlan40: Other, IP, ARP Vlan50: Other, IP, ARP Vlan60: Other, IP, ARP Vlan70: Other, IP, ARP Vlan80: Other, IP, ARP Vlan90: Other, IP, ARP Vlan900: Other, IP, ARP Vlan3000: Other, IP Vlan3500: Other, IP FastEthernet0/1: Other, IP, ARP, CDP FastEthernet0/2: Other, IP FastEthernet0/3: Other, IP FastEthernet0/4: Other, IP FastEthernet0/5: Other, IP FastEthernet0/6: Other, IP FastEthernet0/7: Other, IP FastEthernet0/8: Other, IP FastEthernet0/9: Other, IP FastEthernet0/10: Other, IP, CDP

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces counters trunk** command. It displays trunk counters for all interfaces.

Switch#	show interfaces co	unters trunk	
Port	TrunkFramesTx	TrunkFramesRx	WrongEncap
Gi0/1	0	0	0
Gi0/2	0	0	0
Gi0/3	80678	4155	0
Gi0/4	82320	126	0
Gi0/5	0	0	0

<output truncated>

Related Commands

Command	Description
show interfaces	Displays additional interface characteristics.

show ip arp inspection

Use the show ip arp inspection privileged EXEC command to display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection or the status of this feature for all VLANs or for the specified interface or VLAN.

show ip arp inspection [interfaces [interface-id] | log | statistics [vlan vlan-range] / vlan vlan-range] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Syntax Description	interfaces [interface-id]	(Optional) Display the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the specified interface or all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.			
	log	(Optional) Display the configuration and contents of the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.			
	statistics [vlan vlan-range]	(Optional) Display statistics for forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, IP validation failure, access control list (ACL) permitted and denied, and DHCP permitted and denied packets for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).			
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.			
	vlan vlan-range	(Optional) Display the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for the specified VLAN. If no VLANs are specified or if a range is specified, display information only for VLANs with dynamic ARP inspection enabled (active).			
		You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC				
Common di Historia					

Command History

Release

Modification 12.2(20)SE This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

Examples	This is an example of output from the show ip arp inspection interfaces command:
----------	---

Switch# show ip	arp inspection	interfaces	
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi0/1	Untrusted	15	1
Gi0/2	Untrusted	15	1
Gi0/3	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection interfaces** interface-id command:

Switch# show ip	arp inspection	interfaces gigabi	tethernet0/1
Interface	Trust State	Rate (pps)	Burst Interval
Gi0/1	Untrusted	15	1

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection log** command. It shows the current contents of the log buffer before the buffers are cleared:

Switch# show ip arp inspection log Total Log Buffer Size : 32 Syslog rate : 10 entries per 300 seconds.

Interface	Vlan	Sender MAC	Sender IP	Num Pkts	Reason	Time
Gi0/1	5	0003.0000.d673	192.2.10.4	5	DHCP Deny	19:39:01 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.0000.d774	128.1.9.25	6	DHCP Deny	19:39:02 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1111	10.10.10.1	7	DHCP Deny	19:39:03 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1112	10.10.10.2	8	DHCP Deny	19:39:04 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1114	173.1.1.1	10	DHCP Deny	19:39:06 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1115	173.1.1.2	11	DHCP Deny	19:39:07 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993
Gi0/1	5	0001.c940.1116	173.1.1.3	12	DHCP Deny	19:39:08 UTC Mon Mar 1 1993

If the log buffer overflows, it means that a log event does not fit into the log buffer, and the display for the **show ip arp inspection log** privileged EXEC command is affected. A -- in the display appears in place of all data except the packet count and the time. No other statistics are provided for the entry. If you see this entry in the display, increase the number of entries in the log buffer or increase the logging rate in the **ip arp inspection log-buffer** global configuration command.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command. It shows the statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP inspection for all active VLANs.

Switch#	show ip arp inspe	ection statis	tics	
Vlan	Forwarded	Dropped	DHCP Drops	ACL Drops
5	3	4618	4605	4
2000	0	0	0	0
Vlan	DHCP Permits A	ACL Permits	Source MAC Fail	ures
5	0	12		0
2000	0	0		0
Vlan	Dest MAC Failures	s IP Valida	tion Failures	
5	()	9	
2000	()	0	

For the **show ip arp inspection statistics** command, the switch increments the number of forwarded packets for each ARP request and response packet on a trusted dynamic ARP inspection port. The switch increments the number of ACL or DHCP permitted packets for each packet that is denied by source MAC, destination MAC, or IP validation checks, and the switch increments the appropriate failure count.

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 5** command. It shows statistics for packets that have been processed by dynamic ARP for VLAN 5.

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 5
Vlan Forwarded Dropped DHCP Drops
                                     ACL Drops
     3 4618 4605
                                     ____
_ _ _ _
  5
                               4605
                                            4
Vlan DHCP Permits ACL Permits Source MAC Failures
     -----
                _____
_ _ _ _
                         -----
                12
      0
  5
                                       0
Vlan Dest MAC Failures IP Validation Failures Invalid Protocol Data
  5
                0
                                 9
                                                     3
```

This is an example of output from the **show ip arp inspection vlan 5** command. It shows the configuration and the operating state of dynamic ARP inspection for VLAN 5.

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection vlan 5
Source Mac Validation :Enabled
Destination Mac Validation :Enabled
IP Address Validation :Enabled
        ConfigurationOperationACL MatchEnabledActivesecond
 Vlan
                                                    Static ACL
 _ _ _ _
                                                     _____
                                  second
   5
                                                     No
      ACL Logging DHCP Logging
 Vlan
 _ _ _ _
  5
        Acl-Match
                       All
```

Command	Description
arp access-list	Defines an ARP ACL.
clear ip arp inspection log	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection log buffer.
clear ip arp inspection statistics	Clears the dynamic ARP inspection statistics.
ip arp inspection log-buffer	Configures the dynamic ARP inspection logging buffer.
ip arp inspection vlan logging	Controls the type of packets that are logged per VLAN.
show arp access-list	Displays detailed information about ARP access lists.

L

show ip dhcp snooping

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywor	rds.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.1(19)EA1	This command w	as introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are case s do not appear, but the	-	, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output tput</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of	output from the show	ip dhcp snooping command.
	Switch> show ip dhc Switch DHCP snoopin DHCP snooping is co 40-42	g is enabled	ng VLANs:
	Insertion of option		
	Verification of hwa Interface	Trusted	Rate limit (pps)
	GigabitEthernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/2	yes yes	unlimited unlimited
Related Commands	Command	Descr	iption
	show ip dhcp snoopi	ng binding Displa	ays the DHCP snooping binding information.

2-353

show ip dhcp snooping binding

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** user EXEC command to display the DHCP snooping binding database and configuration information for all interfaces on a switch.

show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address		•	ng entry IP addre				
	mac-address	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng entry MAC ad	dress.			
	interface interface-id	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng input interface				
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) S	pecify the bindi	ng entry VLAN.				
	begin	Display begins with the line that matches the expression.						
	exclude	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include	Display inclu	ides lines that n	natch the specifie	d <i>expre</i>	ssion.		
	expression	Expression in	n the output to u	use as a reference	point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modification						
	12.1(19)EA1This command was introduced.							
	12.2(20)SE	12.2(20)SEThe dynamic and static keywords were removed.						
Usage Guidelines	The show ip dhcp sno Use the show ip sourc configured bindings in	e binding privil	eged EXEC con	nmand to display				
	If DHCP snooping is e statically configured b		terface changes	to the down state	, the sw	vitch does not delete th		
	Expressions are case so do not appear, but the		1	· •	ut, the l	lines that contain <i>outpu</i>		
Examples	This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a switch:							
	Switch> show ip dhcp MacAddress	snooping bind IpAddress	ing Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface		

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific IP address:

Switch> show ip dho MacAddress	p snooping bindin IpAddress	g 10.1.2.150 Lease(sec)		VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06 Total number of bin		9810	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/1

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a specific MAC address:

Switch> show ip dhcp snooping binding 0102.0304.0506								
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface			
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9788	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/2			
Total number of bin	dings: 1							

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on a port:

Switch> show ip dho	p snooping bindin	g interface	gigabitethernet	0/2	
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
00:30:94:C2:EF:35	10.1.2.151	290	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/2
Total number of bir	dings: 1				

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 20:

Switch> show ip dhe	cp snooping bindin	ıg vlan 20			
MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
01:02:03:04:05:06	10.1.2.150	9747	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/1
00:00:00:00:00:02	10.1.2.151	65	dhcp-snooping	20	GigabitEthernet0/2
Total number of bin	ndings: 2				

Table 2-24 describes the fields in the show ip dhcp snooping binding command output:

Table 2-24 show ip dhcp snooping binding Command Output

Field	Description				
MacAddress	Client hardware MAC address				
IpAddress	Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server				
Lease(sec)	Remaining lease time for the IP address				
Туре	Binding type				
VLAN	VLAN number of the client interface				
Interface	Interface that connects to the DHCP client host				
Total number of bindings	Total number of bindings configured on the switch				
	Note The command output might not show the total number of bindings. For example, if 200 bindings are configured on the switch and you stop the display before all the bindings appear, the total number does not change.				

Related Commands

S	Command	Description
	ip dhcp snooping binding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database
	show ip dhcp snooping	Displays the DHCP snooping configuration.

show ip dhcp snooping database

Use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** user EXEC command to display the status of the DHCP snooping binding database agent.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

ntax Description	detail (Optional) Display detailed status and statistics information.								
	begin	(Optional) Display be	gins with the line the	at matc	hes the expression	ion.			
	exclude	(Optional) Display ex	cludes lines that mat	tch the	expression.				
	include								
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.								
ommand Modes	User EXEC								
Command History	Release	Modificatio	on						
-	12.2(20)SE	This comm	and was introduced.						
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer	ip dhcp snooping dat Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds a : No	tabase						
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None	tabase						
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None							
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0			0 0 0 0				
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T Successful W Media Failur	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 es : 0	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes	: : :	0 0 0				
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful F Successful W Media Failur This is an exa	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Reason : No failure no ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 mple of output from the	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes e show ip dhcp snoo	: : :	0 0 0	command:			
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T Successful T Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show	Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 es : 0	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes e show ip dhcp snoo tabase detail	: : :	0 0 0	command:			
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T Successful T Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay	<pre>Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 mple of output from the ip dhcp snooping dat tftp://10.1.1.1/direct Timer : 300 seconds</pre>	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes e show ip dhcp snoo tabase detail	: : :	0 0 0	command:			
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T Successful T Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay	<pre>Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 mple of output from the ip dhcp snooping dat tftp://10.1.1.1/direct</pre>	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes e show ip dhcp snoo tabase detail	: : :	0 0 0	command:			
	Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer Agent Runnin Delay Timer Abort Timer Last Succede Last Failed Last Failed Total Attemp Successful T Successful T Successful W Media Failur This is an exa Switch# show Agent URL : Write delay Abort Timer	<pre>Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds g : No Expiry : Not Running Expiry : Not Running d Time : None Time : None Reason : No failure n ts : 0 ransfers : 0 eads : 0 rites : 0 mple of output from the ip dhcp snooping dat tftp://10.1.1.1/direct Timer : 300 seconds : 300 seconds</pre>	recorded. Startup Failures Failed Transfers Failed Reads Failed Writes e show ip dhcp snoo tabase detail ctory/file	: : :	0 0 0	command:			

Last Succeded Time : Last Failed Time : 17 Last Failed Reason :	:14:25 UI				
Total Attempts	: 2	21	Startup Failures :		0
Successful Transfers	:	0	Failed Transfers :		21
Successful Reads	:	0	Failed Reads :		0
Successful Writes	:	0	Failed Writes :		21
Media Failures	:	0			
First successful acce	counters				
Binding Collisions		0	E · · · · · · · ·		0
Invalid interfaces	:	0	Unsupported vlans	:	0
Parse failures	:	0			
Last Ignored Time : N	one				
Total ignored binding	s counter	s:			
Binding Collisions	:	0	Expired leases	:	0
Invalid interfaces	:	0	Unsupported vlans	:	0
Parse failures	:	0			

Related Commands

Command Description	
ip dhcp snooping Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN.	
ip dhcp snooping database	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database agent or the binding file.
show ip dhcp snooping	Displays DHCP snooping information.

show ip igmp profile

Use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command to display all configured Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) profiles or a specified IGMP profile.

show ip igmp profile [profile number] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	profile number	(Optional) The IGMP profile number to be displayed. The range is 1 to 4294967295. If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Examples	-	es of output from the show ip igmp profile privileged EXEC command, with and g a profile number. If no profile number is entered, the display includes all profiles switch.
	Switch# show ip IGMP Profile 40 permit	
	IGMP Profile 4 permit	igmp profile .9.0 230.9.9.0 .9.0 229.255.255.255
Related Commands	IGMP Profile 3 range 230.9 IGMP Profile 4 permit range 229.9	.9.0 230.9.9.0 .9.0 229.255.255.255
Related Commands	IGMP Profile 3 range 230.9 IGMP Profile 4 permit	.9.0 230.9.9.0

show ip igmp snooping

Use the **show ip igmp snooping** user EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping [groups | mrouter | querier] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	groups	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping groups command.
	mrouter	(Optional) See the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command.
	querier	(Optional) Display information about the IGMP version that an interface supports.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094 (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC The vlan vlan-id ke	eyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	12.2(20)SE	The groups keyword was added. The show ip igmp snooping groups command replaced the show ip igmp snooping multicast command.
Usage Guidelines		to display snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN. the output display, output lines for topology change notification (TCN) and g are not valid
	Use the show ip ign detected device that multicast routers bu	mp snooping querier command to display the IGMP version and IP address of a t sends IGMP query messages, also called a <i>querier</i> . A subnet can have multiple it has only one IGMP querier. In a subnet running IGMPv2, one of the multicast is the querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.
	The show ip igmp s querier was detected	snooping querier command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which the d. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the <i>Port</i> field as <i>Router</i> . If the querier ut shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the <i>Port</i> field.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping vlan 1** command. It shows snooping characteristics for a specific VLAN.

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan 1
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping
                       :Enabled
IGMPv3 snooping (minimal) :Enabled
Report suppression :Enabled
TCN solicit query
                       :Disabled
TCN flood query count
                      :2
Vlan 1:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
IGMP snooping
                                 :Enabled
Immediate leave
                                 :Disabled
Multicast router learning mode
                                 :pim-dvmrp
                                :10
Source only learning age timer
CGMP interoperability mode
                                 :IGMP ONLY
```



TCN and source-only learning are not supported, and information appearing for these features is not valid.

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

```
Switch> show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping : Enabled
IGMPv3 snooping (minimal) : Enabled
Report suppression : Enabled
TCN solicit query
                        : Disabled
TCN flood query count
                       : 2
Vlan 1:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
IGMP snooping
                                 :Enabled
                                 :Disabled
Immediate leave
                                :pim-dvmrp
Multicast router learning mode
Source only learning age timer
                                 :10
CGMP interoperability mode
                                  :IGMP ONLY
Vlan 2:
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
IGMP snooping
                                 :Enabled
Immediate leave
                                 :Disabled
                                 :pim-dvmrp
Multicast router learning mode
Source only learning age timer
                                 :10
CGMP interoperability mode
                                  :IGMP ONLY
```

<output truncated>

This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping querier command:

Switch>	show i	lp igmp	snooping	querier	
Vlan	IP A	Address	IGMP	Version	Port
1	172.	20.50.1	1 v3		Gi0/1
2	172.	20.40.2	20 v2		Router

Relate

ted Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping groups	Displays IGMP snooping multicast information for the switch or for the specified parameter.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

Use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping dynamically learned and manually configured multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip igmp snooping mrouter [**vlan***·id*] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to display multicast router ports on the switch or for a specific VLAN. When multicast VLAN registration (MVR) is enabled, the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command displays MVR multicast router information and IGMP snooping information.					
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Examples	This is an example of output from the show ip igmp snooping mrouter command. It shows how to display multicast router ports on the switch.					
	Switch# show ip igmp snooping mrouter Vlan ports					
	1 Gi0/1(dynamic)					
Related Commands	Command	Description				
Related Commands	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or on a				
	ip iginp shooping	VLAN.				
	show ip igmp snooping	VLAN. Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN				

show ip igmp snooping groups

Use the **show ip igmp snooping groups** privileged EXEC command to display the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping multicast table for the switch or the multicast information. Use with the **vlan** keyword to display the multicast table for a specified multicast VLAN or specific multicast information.

show ip igmp snooping groups [count | dynamic [count] | user [count]] [| {begin | exclude |
include} expression]

show ip igmp snooping groups vlan vlan-id [ip_address | count | dynamic [count] | user [count]]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

count	(Optional) Display the total number of entries for the specified command options instead of the actual entries.			
dynamic	Optional) Display entries learned by IGMP snooping.			
user	Optional) Display only the user-configured multicast entries.			
ip_address	(Optional) Display characteristics of the multicast group with the specified group IP address.			
vlan-id	(Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.			
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i>.(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i>.			
include				
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Privileged EXEC	Modification			
12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Use this command to	display multicast information or the multicast table.			
	dynamic user ip_address vlan-id begin exclude include expression Privileged EXEC Release 12.1(19)EA1			

do not appear, but the lines that contain Output appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups** command without any keywords. It displays the multicast table for the switch.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups

Vlan Group Type Version Port List

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups count** command. It displays the total number of multicast groups on the switch.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups count Total number of multicast groups: 2

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups dynamic** command. It shows only the entries learned by IGMP snooping.

Switch#	show ip igmp	snooping groups	vlan 1 dynam	nic
Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
104	224.1.4.2	igmp	v2	
104	224.1.4.3	iqmp	v2	

This is an example of output from the **show ip igmp snooping groups vlan** *vlan-id ip-address* command. It shows the entries for the group with the specified IP address.

Switch# show ip igmp snooping groups vlan 104 224.1.4.2VlanGroupTypeVersionPort List104224.1.4.2igmpv2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables and configures IGMP snooping on the switch or on a VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN.
	show ip igmp snooping mrouter	Displays IGMP snooping multicast router ports for the switch or for the specified multicast VLAN.

show ip source binding

Use the show ip source binding user EXEC command to display the IP source bindings on the switch.

show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [dhcp-snooping | static] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

This command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Curtay Decerintian	· 11	(0)		1. 1. 1	·····	. ID . 11		
Syntax Description	ip-address	· •	l) Display IP sourc		-			
	mac-address	· •	l) Display IP sourc	•	-			
	dhcp-snooping	(Optional snooping	l) Display IP sourc	e bindings that w	vere lea	arned by DHCP		
	static	static(Optional) Display static IP source bindings.						
	interface <i>interface-id</i> (Optional) Display IP source bindings on a specific interface.							
	vlan vlan-id	vlan-id(Optional) Display IP source bindings on a specific VLAN.						
	begin	(Optional	l) Display begins v	with the line that	matche	es the expression.		
	exclude	(Optional	l) Display exclude	s lines that match	the ex	pression.		
	include	(Optional	l) Display includes	s lines that match	the sp	ecified expression.		
	expression	Expressio	on in the output to	use as a referenc	e point			
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Modificati	on					
	12.2(20)SE	This comn	nand was introduce	ed.				
Usage Guidelines	-	g binding datab	base. Use the show	ip dhcp snoopir		ally configured bindings ling privileged EXEC		
Examples	This is an example of	output from th	e show ip source	binding comman	d:			
	Switch> show ip sou MacAddress	IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface		
	00:00:00:0A:00:0B 00:00:00:0A:00:0A	11.0.0.1 11.0.0.2	infinite 10000	static dhcp-snooping	10 10	GigabitEthernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/1		
Related Commands	Command		Description					
	ip dhcp snooping bi	nding	Configures the DHCP snooping binding database.					
			Configures static IP source bindings on the switch.					

show ip verify source

Use the **show ip verify source** user EXEC command to display the IP source guard configuration on the switch or on a specific interface.

show ip verify source [**interface** *interface-id*] [| { **begin** | **exclude** | **include** } *expression*]

This command is available only if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Syntax Description	interface interface-id (Optional) Display IP source guard configuration on a specific interface					n a specific interface	
	begin		(Optional) Di	splay begins with	h the line that matche	s the expression.	
	exclude	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression		Expression in	the output to use	e as a reference point	•	
ommand Modes User EXEC							
Command History	Release		Modification				
-	12.2(20)SE	3	This command	was introduced.			
	Switch> sh	low ip verify	source	ow ip verify sou			
	Switch> sh	low ip verify			Mac-address	Vlan	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1	ow ip verify Filter-type 	source Filter-mode active	IP-address 		 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1	ww ip verify Filter-type ip ip	source Filter-mode active active	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all			
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2	ip ip ip ip	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all 1st-port		 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/3	ip ip ip ip ip ip ip	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all		 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2	ip ip ip ip	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-no-	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all ist-port snooping-vlan	Mac-address	10 11-20 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4	ip ip ip ip ip ip ip ip ip ip- ip- ip-	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-no- active	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all st-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2	Mac-address	10 11-20 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/5	ip ip ip ip ip- ip- mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-tru active active active active active	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all st-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all 10.0.0.3	Mac-address aaaa.bbbb.cccc aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all permit-all	10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4	ip ip ip ip ip ip- ip- mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-ro- active active active	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all st-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all	Mac-address aaaa.bbbb.cccc aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all	10 11-20 10 11 12-20	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/5 gi0/5	ip ip ip ip ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-tru active active active active active	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all st-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all 10.0.0.3	Mac-address aaaa.bbbb.cccc aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all permit-all permit-all	10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/5 gi0/5 In the previ • On the IP sour interface	ip ip ip ip ip-mac	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-no- active activ	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all ist-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all 10.0.0.3 deny-all urce guard config pDHCP snooping ring is configured	Mac-address aaaa.bbbb.cccc aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all permit-all permit-all guration: is enabled on VLANs d on the interface, and vs that a default port.	10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10 11-20 s 10 to 20, for VLAN d a binding exists on	
	Switch> sh Interface gi0/1 gi0/1 gi0/2 gi0/3 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/4 gi0/5 gi0/5 In the previ • On the IP sour interfac	ip verify Filter-type ip ip ip ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac ip-mac cous example, t Gigabit Ethern rce guard with ce. For VLANs ce for the VLA	source Filter-mode active active inactive-tru inactive-ru active active active active active detive active active active fis is the IP so et 0/1 interface, IP address filter is 11 to 20, the so	IP-address 10.0.0.1 deny-all ast-port snooping-vlan 10.0.0.2 11.0.0.1 deny-all 10.0.3 deny-all urce guard config ring is configured second entry show P source guard is	Mac-address aaaa.bbbb.cccc aaaa.bbbb.cccd deny-all permit-all permit-all guration: is enabled on VLANs d on the interface, and vs that a default port.	10 11-20 10 11 12-20 10 11-20 s 10 to 20, for VLAN d a binding exists on ACL is applied on th	

• On the Gigabit Ethernet 0/3 interface, DHCP snooping is not enabled on the VLANs to which the interface belongs.

- On the Gigabit Ethernet 0/4 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled, and static IP source bindings are configured on VLANs 10 and 11. For VLANs 12 to 20, the default port ACL is applied on the interface for the VLANs on which IP source guard is not configured.
- On the Gigabit Ethernet 0/5 interface, IP source guard with source IP and MAC address filtering is enabled and configured with a static IP binding, but port security is disabled. The switch cannot filter source MAC addresses.

This is an example of output on an interface on which IP source guard is disabled:

Switch> show ip verify source gigabitethernet0/6 IP source guard is not configured on the interface gi0/6.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip verify source	Enables IP source guard on an interface.

show ipc

Use the **show ipc** user EXEC command to display Interprocess Communications Protocol (IPC) configuration, status, and statistics.

show ipc {mcast {appclass | groups | status } | nodes | ports [open] | queue | rpc | session {all |
 rx | tx } [verbose] | status [cumlulative] } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	mcast	Display the IPC multicast routing information.
	appclass	Display the IPC multicast application classes.
	groups	Display the IPC multicast groups.
	status	Display the IPC multicast routing status.
	nodes	Display participating nodes.
	ports	Display local IPC ports.
	open	(Optional) Display only the open ports.
	queue	Display the contents of the IPC transmission queue.
	rpc	Display the IPC remote-procedure statistics.
	session	Display the IPC session statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	all	Display all the session statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	rx	Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch receives (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	tx	Display the sessions statistics for traffic that the switch forwards (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	verbose	(Optional) Display detailed statistics (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	status	Display the status of the local IPC server.
	cumulative	(Optional) Display the status of the local IPC server since the switch was started or restarted.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC The session { all :	rx tx } [verbose] keywords are available only in privileged EXEC mode.
Command History	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	12.2(25)SE	The mcast, rpc, and session keywords were added.
	-	

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples This example shows how t	to display the IPC routing status:
--	------------------------------------

Switch>	show	ipc	mcast	status	
---------	------	-----	-------	--------	--

IPC Mcast Status

	Tx	Rx
Total Frames	0	0
Total control Frames	0	0
Total Frames dropped	0	0
Total control Frames dropped	0	0
Total Reliable messages	0	0
Total Reliable messages acknowledged	0	0
Total Out of Band Messages	0	0
Total Out of Band messages acknowledged	0	0
Total No Mcast groups	0	0
Total Retries 0 Total Time	eouts	0
Total OOB Retries 0 Total OOB	Timeouts	0
Total flushes 0 Total No p	orts	0

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

```
Switch> show ipc nodes
There is 1 node in this IPC realm.
ID Type Name Last Last
Sent Heard
10000 Local IPC Master 0 0
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

```
Switch> show ipc ports
There are 8 ports defined.
```

```
Port ID
             Туре
                      Name
                                              (current/peak/total)
There are 8 ports defined.
  10000.1 unicast IPC Master:Zone
                     IPC Master:Echo
  10000.2
             unicast
  10000.3
             unicast
                       IPC Master:Control
                     IPC Master:Init
  10000.4
             unicast
          unicast FIB Master:DFS.process_level.msgs
  10000.5
            unicast FIB Master:DFS.interrupt.msgs
  10000.6
  10000.7
           unicast MDFS RP:Statistics
    port index = 0 seat id = 0x10000
                                    last sent = 0
                                                      last heard = 0
  0/2/159
  10000.8
            unicast
                      Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
    port index = 0 seat id = 0x10000 last sent = 0
                                                       last heard = 0
  0/0/0
RPC packets:current/peak/total
```

0/1/4

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch> show ipc queue
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.
There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.
Messages currently in use
                                                        3
                                             :
Message cache size
                                                     1000
                                             :
Maximum message cache usage
                                              :
                                                     1000
0 times message cache crossed
                                    5000 [max]
Emergency messages currently in use
                                                        0
                                              :
There are 2 messages currently reserved for reply msg.
Inbound message queue depth 0
Zone inbound message queue depth 0
This example shows how to display all the IPC session statistics:
Switch# show ipc session all
Tx Sessions:
Port ID
                         Name
              Type
              Unicast
  10000.7
                         MDFS RP:Statistics
     port index = 0 type = Unreliable
                                                             last heard = 0
                                          last sent = 0
     Msgs requested = 180 Msgs returned = 180
                       Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
   10000.8
              Unicast
     port index = 0 type = Reliable
                                      last sent = 0
                                                             last heard = 0
     Msgs requested = 0
                        Msgs returned = 0
Rx Sessions:
Port ID
              Туре
                         Name
   10000.7
              Unicast
                         MDFS RP:Statistics
```

```
port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 last heard = 0
No of msgs requested = 180 Msgs returned = 180
10000.8 Unicast Slot 1 :MDFS.control.RIL
port_index = 0 seat_id = 0x10000 last sent = 0 last heard = 0
No of msgs requested = 0 Msgs returned = 0
```

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

Switch> show ipc status cumulative IPC System Status Time last IPC stat cleared :never This processor is the IPC master server. Do not drop output of IPC frames for test purposes. 1000 IPC Message Headers Cached.

	Rx Side	Tx Side
Total Frames	12916	608
0 0		
Total from Local Ports	13080	574
Total Protocol Control Frames	116	17
Total Frames Dropped	0	0

Service Usage

Total via Unreliable Connection-Less Service	12783	171
Total via Unreliable Sequenced Connection-Less Svc	0	0
Total via Reliable Connection-Oriented Service	17	116

<output truncated>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear ipc	Clears the IPC multicast routing statistics.

show I2protocol-tunnel

Use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** user EXEC command to display information about Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports. Displays information for interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface-id] [summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface <i>interface-id</i>	(Optional) Specify the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64.		
	summary	(Optional) Display only Layer 2 protocol summary information.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(25)SE	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	l2protocol-tunnel inter	protocol tunneling on an access or 802.1Q tunnel port by using the face configuration command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:		
	Protocol type to be tunneled			
	Shutdown threshold			
	Drop threshold			
	If you enter the show l2protocol-tunnel [interface <i>interface-id</i>] command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.			
	If you enter the show l2protocol-tunnel summary command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.			
	-	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command:

Switch> **show l2protocol-tunnel** COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port	Protocol			Encapsulation Counter	n Decapsulation Counter	Drop Counter
Fa0/3						
Fa0/5						
	pagp			0	242500	
	lacp			24268	242640	
	udld			0	897960	
Fa0/4						
	pagp	1000		24249	242700	
	lacp			24256	242660	
	udld			0	897960	
Gi0/1	cdp			134482	1344820	
	pagp	1000		0	242500	
	lacp	500		0	485320	
	udld	300		44899	448980	
Gi0/2	cdp			134482	1344820	
	pagp		1000	0	242700	
	lacp			0	485220	
	udld	300		44899	448980	

This is an example of output from the show l2protocol-tunnel summary command:

Switch> show l2protocol-tunnel summary COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5 Drop Threshold for Encapsulated Packets: 0

Port	Protocol	Shutdown Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Drop Threshold (cdp/stp/vtp) (pagp/lacp/udld)	Status
,		//	//	up
1 3		//	//	up
1 3		1000//	//	up
pag	p lacp udld	1000/ 500/	//	up
,		p//	//	down
Gi0/1		//	//	down
1 3	-	//	1000//	down
,		//	1000//	

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear l2protocol-tunnel counters	Clears counters for protocol tunneling ports.
l2protocol-tunnel	Enables Layer 2 protocol tunneling for CDP, STP, or VTP packets on an interface.
l2protocol-tunnel cos	Configures a class of service (CoS) value for tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets.

show lacp

Use the **show lacp** user EXEC command to display Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) channel-group information.

show lacp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor | sys-id } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	channel-group-number	(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.
	counters	Display traffic information.
	internal	Display internal information.
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.
	sys-id	Display the system identifier that is being used by LACP. The system identifier is made up of the LACP system priority and the switch MAC address.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command History	Release	Modification
,	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	10.0(25)SE	
	12.2(25)SE	The <i>channel-group-number</i> range was changed from 1 to 12 to 1 to 48.
Usage Guidelines	You can enter any show	The <i>channel-group-number</i> range was changed from 1 to 12 to 1 to 48. lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number.
Usage Guidelines	You can enter any show specific channel informa	lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display
Usage Guidelines	You can enter any show specific channel informa If you do not specify a cl	lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number.
Usage Guidelines	You can enter any show specific channel informa If you do not specify a cl You can enter the <i>channe</i> sys-id . Expressions are case sense	lacp command to display the active channel-group information. To display tion, enter the show lacp command with a channel-group number. hannel group, information for all channel groups appears.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show lacp counters** user EXEC command. Table 2-25 describes the fields in the display.

Switch>	show	lacp c	ounters					
		LACP	DUs	Marke	er	Marker R	esponse	LACPDUs
Port		Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channel	grou	<u>p:1</u>						
Gi0/1		19	10	0	0	0	0	0
Gi0/2		14	6	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2-25 show lacp counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description
LACPDUs Sent and Recv	The number of LACP packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker packets sent and received by a port.
Marker Response Sent and Recv	The number of LACP marker response packets sent and received by a port.
LACPDUs Pkts and Err	The number of unknown and illegal packets received by LACP for a port.

This is an example of output from the show lacp internal command:

```
Switch> show lacp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
        F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
        A - Device is in Active mode
                                           P - Device is in Passive mode
Channel group 1
                              LACP port
                                            Admin
                                                      Oper
                                                              Port
                                                                       Port
Port
           Flags
                    State
                              Priority
                                            Кеу
                                                                       State
                                                      Кеу
                                                              Number
Gi0/1
           SA
                    bndl
                              32768
                                            0x3
                                                      0x3
                                                              0x4
                                                                       0x3D
Gi0/2
           SA
                    bndl
                              32768
                                            0x3
                                                      0x3
                                                              0x5
                                                                       0x3D
```

Table 2-26 describes the fields in the display:

Field	Description
State	State of the specific port. These are the allowed values:
	• – —Port is in an unknown state.
	• bndl —Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports.
	• susp —Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator.
	• hot-sby —Port is in a hot-standby state.
	• indiv —Port is incapable of bundling with any other port.
	• indep —Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port).
	• down—Port is down.
LACP Port Priority	Port priority setting. LACP uses the port priority to put ports s in standby mode when there is a hardware limitation that prevents all compatible ports from aggregating.
Admin Key	Administrative key assigned to this port. LACP automatically generates an administrative key value as a hexadecimal number. The administrative key defines the ability of a port to aggregate with other ports. A port's ability to aggregate with other ports is determined by the port physical characteristics (for example, data rate and duplex capability) and configuration restrictions that you establish.
Oper Key	Runtime operational key that is being used by this port. LACP automatically generates this value as a hexadecimal number.
Port Number	Port number.
Port State	State variables for the port, encoded as individual bits within a single octet with these meanings:
	• bit0: LACP_Activity
	• bit1: LACP_Timeout
	• bit2: Aggregation
	• bit3: Synchronization
	• bit4: Collecting
	• bit5: Distributing
	• bit6: Defaulted
	• bit7: Expired

Table 2-26 show lacp internal Field Descriptions

This is an exam	ple of output	from the show l	acp neighbor	command:

Flags: S	how lacp neighbor - Device is sending S - Device is in Active			5
Channel g	roup 3 neighbors			
Partner's	information:			
Port Gi0/1	Partner System ID 32768,0007.eb49.5e80	Partner Port Number 0xC	Age 19s	Partner Flags SP
	LACP Partner Port Priority 32768	Oper Key	Partner Port State 0x3C	
Partner's	information:			
Port Gi0/2	Partner System ID 32768,0007.eb49.5e80	Partner Port Number 0xD	Age 15s	Partner Flags SP
	LACP Partner Port Priority 32768		Partner Port State 0x3C	

This is an example of output from the **show lacp sys-id** command:

Switch> **show lacp sys-id** 32765,0002.4b29.3a00

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear lacp	Clears the LACP channel-group information.
	lacp port-priority	Configures the LACP port priority.
	lacp system-priority	Configures the LACP system priority.

show mac access-group

Use the **show mac access-group** user EXEC command to display the MAC access control lists (ACLs) configured for an interface or a switch.

show mac access-group [interface interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

interferentiation			
interface interface-id	(Optional) Display the MAC ACLs configured on a specific interface. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port-channel range is 1 to 48.		
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.		
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
User EXEC; the interfa	ce keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.		
Release	Modification		
12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.		
	atput from the show mac-access group user EXEC command. In this display, ce 0/2 has the MAC access list <i>macl_e1</i> applied; no MAC ACLs are applied to		
Switch> show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe	<pre>ernet0/1: et is not set ernet0/2: et is macl_e1 ernet0/3:</pre>		
	exclude include expression User EXEC; the interfa Release 12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case set do not appear, but the li This is an example of ou Gigabit Ethernet interfa other interfaces. Switch> show mac acce Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis Interface GigabitEthe Inbound access-lis		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac access-group	Applies a MAC access group to an interface.

show mac address-table

Use the **show mac address-table** user EXEC command to display a specific MAC address table static and dynamic entry or the MAC address table static and dynamic entries on a specific interface or VLAN.

show mac address-table [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Note

Beginning with Cisco IOS Release 12.1(19)EA1, the **show mac address-table** command replaces the **show mac-address-table** command (with the hyphen).

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) I	Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) I	Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) I	Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression	in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n
	12.1(19)EA1	This comma	and was introduced.
_	do not appear, but	the lines that contai	
-	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac	the lines that contained of output from the address-table	· · ·
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad	the lines that contained of output from the address-table dress Table	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command:
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr	the lines that contained of output from the address-table dress Table	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports
_	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Add Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000	the lines that contained of output from the address-table dress Table	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU
_	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000	the lines that contained of output from the address-table dress Table	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Add Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000	the lines that contained of output from the address-table dress Table	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU
_	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000	the lines that contain of output from the address-table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU
_	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Add Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000	the lines that contain of output from the address-table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Add Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000	the lines that contain of output from the address-table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20	the lines that contain of output from the address-table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20	the lines that contain address-table dress Table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20	the lines that contain e of output from the address-table dress Table 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20	the lines that contain address-table dress Table dress Table dress Type 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU
	do not appear, but This is an example Switch> show mac Mac Ad Vlan Mac Addr All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0000.000 All 0180.c20 All 0180.c20	the lines that contain address-table dress Table dress Table dress Type 	n <i>Output</i> appear. show mac address-table command: Ports CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU CPU

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table address

Use the **show mac address-table address** user EXEC command to display MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.

show mac address-table address mac-address [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin |
 exclude | include} expression]

```
$
                     Beginning with Cisco IOS Release 12.1(19)EA1, the show mac address-table address command
             Note
                     replaces the show mac-address-table address command (with the hyphen).
Syntax Description
                     mac-address
                                              Specify the 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H.
                     interface interface-id
                                              (Optional) Display information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces
                                              include physical ports and port channels.
                     vlan vlan-id
                                              (Optional) Display entries for the specific VLAN only. The range is 1 to
                                              4094.
                     | begin
                                              (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
                     exclude
                                              (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
                     | include
                                              (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
                     expression
                                              Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes
                     User EXEC
Command History
                     Release
                                              Modification
                     12.1(19)EA1
                                              This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines
                     Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain output
                     do not appear, but the lines that contain Output appear.
Examples
                     This is an example of output from the show mac address-table address command:
                     Switch# show mac address-table address 0002.4b28.c482
                                Mac Address Table
                              Vlan
                           Mac Address Type
                                                        Ports
                                               ----
                     _ _ _ _
                             _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                                                        _ _ _ _ _
                      All
                             0002.4b28.c482 STATIC CPU
```

Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 1

Related Commands Co

Command	Description
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table aging-time

Use the **show mac address-table aging-time** user EXEC command to display the aging time of a specific address table instance, all address table instances on a specified VLAN or, if a specific VLAN is not specified, on all VLANs.

show mac address-table aging-time [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

```
S,
                     Beginning with Cisco IOS Release 12.1(19)EA1, the show mac address-table aging-time command
              Note
                     replaces the show mac-address-table aging-time command (with the hyphen).
Syntax Description
                      vlan vlan-id
                                               (Optional) Display aging time information for a specific VLAN. The range
                                               is 1 to 4094.
                      | begin
                                               (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
                      exclude
                                               (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
                      | include
                                               (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
                      expression
                                               Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes
                     User EXEC
Command History
                      Release
                                               Modification
                      12.1(19)EA1
                                               This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines
                     If no VLAN number is specified, the aging time for all VLANs appears.
                     Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | exclude output, the lines that contain output
                     do not appear, but the lines that contain Output appear.
Examples
                     This is an example of output from the show mac address-table aging-time command:
                     Switch> show mac address-table aging-time
                     Vlan
                              Aging Time
                              _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                      _ _ _ _
                               300
                         1
                     This is an example of output from the show mac address-table aging-time vlan 10 command:
                     Switch> show mac address-table aging-time vlan 10
                     Vlan
                              Aging Time
                      _ _ _ _
                               _ _ _ _ _
                                    _ _ _ _ _
                       10
                               300
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mac address-table aging-time	Sets the length of time that a dynamic entry remains in the MAC address table after the entry is used or updated.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count

Use the **show mac address-table count** user EXEC command to display the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table count [vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display 4094.	the number of addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to			
	begin	(Optional) Display	begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display	excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .					
	expression	Expression in the o	output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n			
	12.1(19)EA1	This comma	and was introduced.			
Examples	This is an example of output from the show mac address-table count command: Switch# show mac address-table count					
	Mac Entries for Vlan : 1					
	Dynamic Address Static Address Total Mac Addre	s Count : 0				
Related Commands	Command		Description			
	show mac addr	ess-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.			
	show mac addr	ess-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.			
	show mac addr	ess-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.			
	show mac addr	ess-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.			
	show mac addr notification	ess-table	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.			

Command	Description
show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table dynamic

Use the **show mac address-table dynamic** user EXEC command to display only dynamic MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table dynamic [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).			
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.			
	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i>				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command History	Palaza	Modification			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the li	nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. utput from the show mac address-table dynamic command:			
	Switch> show mac addr	cess-table dynamic			
	Mac Address	3 Table			
	Mac Address	Table Type Ports			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table dynamic	Deletes from the MAC address table a specific dynamic address, all dynamic addresses on a particular interface, or all dynamic addresses on a particular VLAN.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface

Use the **show mac address-table interface** user command to display the MAC address table information for the specified interface in the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table interface *interface-id* [**vlan** *vlan-id*] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	Specify an interface type; valid <i>interfaces include physical ports and port channels</i> .			
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display entries for a specific VLAN; the range is 1 to 4094.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .			
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .			
	include	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .			
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	User EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but the This is an example of	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. Toutput from the show mac address-table interface command: Idress-table interface gigabitethernet0/2			
	Mac Addre	ess Table			
	Vlan Mac Address	Type Ports			
		862 DYNAMIC Gi0/2 741 DYNAMIC Gi0/2 6 for this criterion: 2			

Related Commands Co

Command	Description
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table notification

Use the **show mac address-table notification** user EXEC command to display the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.

show mac address-table notification [interface [interface-id]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface	(Optional) Display information for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
	interface-id	(Optional) Display information for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
,	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.		
	Use the interface keyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the <i>interface-id</i> is included, only the flags for that interface appear.			
Fxamples		he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show mac address-table notification command:		
Examples	Switch> show mac address-table notification MAC Notification Feature is Enabled on the switch Interval between Notification Traps : 60 secs Number of MAC Addresses Added : 4 Number of MAC Addresses Removed : 4 Number of Notifications sent to NMS : 3 Maximum Number of entries configured in History Table : 100 Current History Table Length : 3			
	MAC Notification Traps are Enabled History Table contents 			

MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0 Operation: Added Vlan: 2 Port: 1 History Index 1, Entry Timestamp 1038254, Despatch Timestamp 1038254 MAC Changed Message : Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1 Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1 Operation: Added Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1 History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 1074254, Despatch Timestamp 1074254 MAC Changed Message : Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0000 Module: 0 Port: 1 Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0001 Module: 0Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0002 Module: 0 Port: 1 Port: 1 Operation: Deleted Vlan: 2 MAC Addr: 0000.0000.0003 Module: 0 Port: 1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear mac address-table notification	Clears the MAC address notification global counters.
	show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
	show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
	show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
	show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.
	show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table static

Use the **show mac address-table static** user EXEC command to display only static MAC address table entries.

show mac address-table static [address mac-address] [interface interface-id] [vlan vlan-id]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	address mac-address	(Optional) Specify a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H (available in privileged EXEC mode only).
	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specify an interface to match; valid <i>interfaces</i> include physical ports and port channels.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Madaa		
Command Modes	User EXEC	
	The address keyword is	s available only in privileged EXEC mode.
Command History	Delesse	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sen	
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command:
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sen do not appear, but the lin This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. In the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address Vlan Mac Address	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> nes that contain <i>Output</i> appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static s Table
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address Vlan Mac Address	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static a Table Type Ports
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static a Table Type Ports c STATIC CPU
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0180.c200.000	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static s Table Type Ports re STATIC OV STATIC OV
Jsage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac address Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static s Table Type Ports cs STATIC OV STATIC OV
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac addres Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0180.c200.000 All 0100.0ccc.ccc	This command was introduced. Insitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static s Table Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type Ports Type CPU StatIC CPU StatIC CPU StatIC CPU StatIC CPU
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac address Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static a Table Type Ports cs STATIC O STATIC O STATIC CPU O STATIC CPU STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC STATIC
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac address Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static a Table Type Ports output Ports cross STATIC CPU obstratic CPU of STATIC CPU
Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are case sendo not appear, but the line This is an example of ou Switch> show mac address Mac Address Vlan Mac Address All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0100.0ccc.ccc All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000 All 0180.c200.000	This command was introduced. nsitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output nes that contain Output appear. utput from the show mac address-table static command: ess-table static s Table Type Ports reference Type Ports reference Time STATIC CPU STATIC S

Related Commands C

Command	Description
mac address-table static	Adds static addresses to the MAC address table.
mac address-table static drop	Enables unicast MAC address filtering and configures the switch to drop traffic with a specific source or destination MAC address.
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
show mac address-table vlan	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan

Use the **show mac address-table vlan** user EXEC command to display the MAC address table information for the specified VLAN.

show mac address-table vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	vlan-id	(Ontional)	Dienlay	addresses for a specific VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
Syntax Description		· 1 /		
	begin	· •		begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional)	Display	excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional)	Display	includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression	n in the ou	utput to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release		Modifica	tion
Command History				
	12.1(19)EA1		This com	nmand was introduced.
Examples	This is an exa	ample of outp	out from t	the show mac address-table vlan 1 command:
	Switch> show		s-table	
		Address	Туре	Ports
			STATIC	 CPU
		0.c200.0000		CPU
		0.0ccc.cccd		CPU
		0.c200.0001	STATIC	CPU
		0.c200.0002		CPU
		D.c200.0003		CPU
		D.c200.0005	STATIC	CPU
		D.c200.0006	STATIC	CPU
	1 0101	~~~~~~		CDU
	1 0180 Total Mac Ad	0.c200.0007	STATIC	CPU

Related Commands Co

Command	Description
show mac address-table address	Displays MAC address table information for the specified MAC address.
show mac address-table aging-time	Displays the aging time in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table count	Displays the number of addresses present in all VLANs or the specified VLAN.
show mac address-table dynamic	Displays dynamic MAC address table entries only.
show mac address-table interface	Displays the MAC address table information for the specified interface.
show mac address-table notification	Displays the MAC address notification settings for all interfaces or the specified interface.
show mac address-table static	Displays static MAC address table entries only.

show mls qos

Use the **show mls qos** user EXEC command to display global quality of service (QoS) configuration information.

show mls qos [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
e jiiiux besonption	exclude	(Optional) Display begins with the fine that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example Switch> show mls	of output from the show mls qos command:
	Qos is enabled	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos	Enables quality of service (QoS) for the entire switch.

2-399

show mls qos aggregate-policer

Use the **show mls qos aggregate-policer** user EXEC command to display the quality of service (QoS) aggregate policer configuration. A policer defines a maximum permissible rate of transmission, a maximum burst size for transmissions, and an action to take if either maximum is exceeded.

show mls qos aggregate-policer [aggregate-policer-name] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	aggregate-policer-name	(Optional) Display the policer configuration for the specified name.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	tive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> s that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of outp	out from the show mls qos aggregate-policer command:
		ggregate-policer policer1 er1 88000 2000000 exceed-action drop map
Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos aggregate-police	Defines policer parameters that can be shared by multiple classes

show mls qos input-queue

Use the **show mls qos input-queue** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the ingress queues.

show mls qos input-queue [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .								
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.								
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .									
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.								
Command Modes	User EXEC									
Command History	Deleger									
Command History	Release	Modification								
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are c do not appear, bu	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that co t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are c do not appear, bu	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that co	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are of do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that cont t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. The of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: s gos input-queue	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are c do not appear, bu This is an examp	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that co t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. e of output from the show mls qos input-queue command:	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are of do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that cont t the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. The of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: s gos input-queue	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are of do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queue :	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. The of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: s qos input-queue 1 2	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are of do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queue : 	This command was introduced. This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain the lines that contain Output appear. the of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: s qos input-queue 1 2 90 10	ntain <i>outpu</i>							
Usage Guidelines	12.1(19)EA1 Expressions are of do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queue : 	This command was introduced. ase sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain the lines that contain Output appear. e of output from the show mls qos input-queue command: s qos input-queue 1 2 90 10 4 4	ntain <i>outpu</i>							

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns shaped round robin (SRR) weights to an ingress
		queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps assigned class of service (CoS) values to an ingress queue and assigns CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps assigned Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) values to an ingress queue and assigns DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
	mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns weighted tail-drop (WTD) threshold percentages to an ingress queue.

show mls qos interface

Use the **show mls qos interface** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) information at the port level.

show mls qos interface [interface-id] [buffers | queueing | statistics]
[| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display QoS information for the specified port. Valid interfaces include physical ports.
	buffers	(Optional) Display the buffer allocation among the queues.
	queueing	(Optional) Display the queueing strategy (shared or shaped) and the weights corresponding to the queues.
	statistics	(Optional) Display statistics for sent and received Differentiated Services Code Points (DSCPs) and class of service (CoS) values, the number of packets enqueued or dropped per egress queue, and the number of in-profile and out-of-profile packets for each policer.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Note

Though visible in the command-line help string, the **policers** keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples This is an example of output from the **show mls gos interface** interface-id command when VLAN-based QoS is enabled: Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/1 trust state:not trusted trust mode:not trusted trust enabled flag:ena COS override:dis default COS:0 DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map Trust device:none gos mode:vlan-based This is an example of output from the **show mls gos interface** interface-id command when VLAN-based OoS is disabled: Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet0/2 GigabitEthernet0/2 trust state:not trusted trust mode:not trusted trust enabled flag:ena COS override:dis default COS:0 DSCP Mutation Map:Default DSCP Mutation Map Trust device:none qos mode:port-based This is an example of output from the **show mls gos interface** *interface-id* **buffers** command: Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet0/2 buffers GigabitEthernet0/2 The port is mapped to qset : 1 The allocations between the queues are : 25 25 25 25 This is an example of output from the show mls qos interface interface-id queueing command. The egress expedite queue overrides the configured shaped round robin (SRR) weights. Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet0/2 queueing GigabitEthernet0/2 Egress Priority Queue :enabled Shaped queue weights (absolute) : 25 0 0 0 Shared queue weights : 25 25 25 25 The port bandwidth is limited to: 100% The port is mapped to qset : 1 This is an example of output from the show mls qos interface interface-id statistics command. Table 2-27 describes the fields in this display. Switch> show mls qos interface gigabitethernet0/2 statistics GigabitEthernet0/2 dscp: incoming 0 - 4 : 4213 0 0 0 0 0 5 - 9 : 0 0 0 0 0 10 - 14 : 0 0 0 0 0 15 - 19 : 0 0 0 0 20 - 24 : 0 0 0 0 0 25 - 29 : 0 0 0 0 0 30 - 34 : 0 0 0 0 0 35 - 39 : 0 0 0 0 0

0

0

0

0

0

40 - 44 :

45 - 49 :	0	0	0	6	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
dscp: outg	oing				
0 - 4 :	363949	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 14 :	0	0	0	0	0
15 - 19 :	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24 :	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29 :	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34 :	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 39 :	0	0	0	0	0
40 - 44 :	0	0	0	0	0
45 - 49 :	0	0	0	0	0
50 - 54 :	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 59 :	0	0	0	0	0
60 - 64 :	0	0	0	0	
cos: incom					
0 - 4 :	132067	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :		0	0		
cos: outgo					
0 - 4 :	739155	0	0	0	0
5 - 9 :		0	0	-	-
	50	0	5		
Policer: Inp	rofile:	0 OutofPro	ofile:	0	
imp		0 04001110		0	

Table 2-27 show mls qos interface statistics Field Descriptions

Field		Description
DSCP	incoming	Number of packets received for each DSCP value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each DSCP value.
CoS	incoming	Number of packets received for each CoS value.
	outgoing	Number of packets sent for each CoS value.
Policer	Inprofile	Number of in profile packets for each policer.
	Outofprofile	Number of out-of-profile packets for each policer.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to a queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation to a queue-set.
	mls qos srr-queue input bandwidth	Assigns SRR weights to an ingress queue.
	mls qos srr-queue input buffers	Allocates the buffers between the ingress queues.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.

Command	Description
mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
mls qos srr-queue input priority-queue	Configures the ingress priority queue and guarantees bandwidth.
mls qos srr-queue input threshold	Assigns WTD threshold percentages to an ingress queue.
mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map.
priority-queue	Enables the egress expedite queue on a port.
queue-set	Maps a port to a queue-set.
srr-queue bandwidth limit	Limits the maximum output on a port.
srr-queue bandwidth shape	Assigns the shaped weights and enables bandwidth shaping on the four egress queues mapped to a port.
srr-queue bandwidth share	Assigns the shared weights and enables bandwidth sharing on the four egress queues mapped to a port.

show mls qos maps

Use the **show mls qos maps** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) mapping information. During classification, QoS uses the mapping tables to represent the priority of the traffic and to derive a corresponding class of service (CoS) or Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) value from the received CoS, DSCP, or IP precedence value.

Syntax Description	cos-dscp	(Optional) Display class of service (CoS)-to-DSCP map.
	cos-input-q	(Optional) Display the CoS input queue threshold map.
	cos-output-q	(Optional) Display the CoS output queue threshold map.
	dscp-cos	(Optional) Display DSCP-to-CoS map.
	dscp-input-q	(Optional) Display the DSCP input queue threshold map.
	dscp-mutation dscp-mutation-no	<i>ame</i> (Optional) Display the specified DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map.
	dscp-output-q	(Optional) Display the DSCP output queue threshold map.
	ip-prec-dscp	(Optional) Display the IP-precedence-to-DSCP map.
	policed-dscp	(Optional) Display the policed-DSCP map.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release Modifie	cation
	12.1(19)EA1 This co	mmand was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	do not appear, but the lines that c The policed-DSCP, DSCP-to-CoS column specifies the most-signifi- in the DSCP. The intersection of	or example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ontain <i>Output</i> appear. S, and the DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation maps appear as a matrix. The d1 cant digit in the DSCP. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit the d1 and d2 values provides the policed-DSCP, the CoS, or the e, in the DSCP-to-CoS map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to a CoS

The DSCP input queue threshold and the DSCP output queue threshold maps appear as a matrix. The d1 column specifies the most-significant digit of the DSCP number. The d2 row specifies the least-significant digit in the DSCP number. The intersection of the d1 and the d2 values provides the queue ID and threshold ID. For example, in the DSCP input queue threshold map, a DSCP value of 43 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (02-01).

The CoS input queue threshold and the CoS output queue threshold maps show the CoS value in the top row and the corresponding queue ID and threshold ID in the second row. For example, in the CoS input queue threshold map, a CoS value of 5 corresponds to queue 2 and threshold 1 (2-1).

amples	This	is a	n exa	ampl	e of	f ou	tpu	t fro	om (he	sho	w r	nls qos	s maps	comm	and:	
	Swit				-	os I	naps	3									
	1011		: 0	-	-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9				
		0	:														
		-		10													
			:														
				30													
			:														
			:					54	55	56	57	58	59				
		6	:	60	61	62	63										
	Dscp		-														
			: 0										9				
		0	:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	01	01				
			:														
		2	:	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03				
				03													
			:														
			:					06	06	07	07	07	07				
		6	:	07	07	07	07										
	Cos-	-	-														
			3: 														
):														
		-															
	IpPr				-	-				- ,		7					
			prec:						± :			-					
		Ċ	lscp	: (0 8	3 10	5 24	1 32	2 40) 48	3 56	5					
	Dscp	-out	puto	r-th:	resl	nolo	d ma	ap:									
	-		2	-		1		-	3	3	4	1	5	6	7	8	9
															02-01		
															03-01		
	2	:	03	3-01	03.	-01	03-	-01	03-	01	03-	-01	03-01	03-01	03-01	03-01	03-03
		:	07	3-01	03.	-01	04-	-01	04-	01	04-	-01	04-01	04-01	04-01	04-01	04-0
	3	:	0.5														
				L-01	01.	-01	01-	-01	01-	01	01-	-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	04-01	04-03
	4	:	01	1-01	04.	-01	04-	-01	04-	01					01-01 04-01		

d1	:d2	0		1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	:	01-0	1 0	01-01	01-	01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-0
1	:	01-0	1 0	1-01	01-	01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-0
2	:	01-0	1 0	1-01	01-	01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-0
3	:	01-0	1 0	1-01	01-	01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-0
4	:	02-0	1 0	2-01	02-	01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	02-01	01-01	01-0
5	:	01-0	1 0	1-01	01-	01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-01	01-0
6	:	01-0	1 0	01-01	01-	01	01-01						
los-out	put.c	-thre	sho	old m	ap:								
	1	-			1	2	3	4 5	6	7			
-							3-1	4-1 1-	1 4-1 4	1-1			
-		itq-th	res s:	hold 0	map 1	: 2	3		1 4-1 4 6				
Cos-	inpu	itq-th co 	res s:	shold 0	map 1	: 2 	3	4 5		7			
Cos- queue	inpu -thr	utq-th co reshol	res s: d:	shold 0 1-1	map 1	: 2 	3	4 5	6	7			
Cos- queue Oscp-ds	inpu -thr cp m	utq-th co reshol	res s: d: on	hold 0 1-1 map:	map 1 1-1	: 2 1-1	3	4 5	6	7			
Cos- queue scp-ds Defa	inpu -thr cp n ult	ntq-th co ceshol nutati DSCP	res s: d: on Mut	shold 0 1-1 map: atic	map 1 1-1 1-1	: 2 1-1 p:	3 1-1	4 5	6 	7			
Cos- queue Oscp-ds Defa d1 	inpu -thr cp m ult :	tq-th co ceshol nutati DSCP d2 0	res d: on Mut 1 	shold 0 1-1 map: atic 2	map 1 1-1 n Maj 3 4	: 2 1-1 p: 5	3 1-1 6	4 5 1-1 2-	6 1 1-1 3 9 	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 0	inpu -thr cp m ult :	tq-th co ceshol mutati DSCP d2 0 00	res d: on Mut 1 	shold 0 1-1 map: atic 2 02 0	map 1 1-1 n Maj 3 4 3 04	: 2 1-1 p: 5 	3 1-1 6 06 0	4 5 1-1 2- 7 8 	6 9 9	7			
Cos- queue pscp-ds Defa d1 0 1	inpu -thr cp n ult : 	ntq-th co ceshol DSCP d2 0 00 10	res s: d: on Mut 1 01	shold 0 1-1 map: atic 2 02 0 12 1	map 1 1-1 3 4 3 04 3 14	: 2 1-1 p: 5 05 15	3 1-1 6 06 0 16 1	4 5 1-1 2- 7 8 7 08 0	6 1 1-1 : 9 9 9	7			
Cos- queue pscp-ds Defa d1 0 1 2	inpu -thr cp m ult : : :	ntq-th co ceshol DSCP d2 0 00 10 20	res s: d: 0n Mut 1 01 11 21	shold 0 1-1 map: 2 02 0 12 1 22 2	map 1 1-1 1-1 3 4 3 04 3 14 3 24	2 1-1 0: 5 05 15 25	3 1-1 6 06 0 16 1 26 2	4 5 1-1 2- 7 8 	6 1 1-1 : 9 9 9 9	7			
Cos- queue pscp-ds Defa d1 0 1 2 3	inpu -thr cp n ult : : : :	ttq-th co reshol DSCP d2 0 00 10 20 30	res s: d: on Mut 1 01 11 21 31	shold 0 1-1 map: 2 02 0 12 1 22 2 32 3	map 1 1-1 3 4 3 04 3 14 3 24 3 34	: 2 1-1 5 05 15 25 35	3 1-1 06 0 16 1 26 2 36 3	4 5 1-1 2- 7 8 7 08 0 7 18 1 7 28 2	6 1 1-1 : 9 9 9 9 9	7			
Cos- queue Dscp-ds Defa d1 0 1 2 3 4	inpu -thr cp n ult : : : : :	tq-th co reshol DSCP d2 0 00 10 20 30 40	res s: d: 01 11 21 31 41	shold 0 1-1 map: 2 02 0 12 1 22 2 32 3 42 4	map 1 1-1 3 4 3 04 3 14 3 24 3 34 3 44	: 2 1-1 0; 5 05 15 25 35 45	3 1-1 06 0 16 1 26 2 36 3 46 4	4 5 1-1 2- 7 8 7 08 0 7 18 1 7 28 2 7 38 3	6 1 1-1 : 9 9 9 9 9 9	7			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos map	Defines the CoS-to-DSCP map, DSCP-to-CoS map, DSCP-to-DSCP-mutation map, IP-precedence-to-DSCP map, and the policed-DSCP map.
	mls qos srr-queue input cos-map	Maps CoS values to an ingress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue input dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an ingress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output cos-map	Maps CoS values to an egress queue or maps CoS values to a queue and to a threshold ID.
	mls qos srr-queue output dscp-map	Maps DSCP values to an egress queue or maps DSCP values to a queue and to a threshold ID.

show mls qos queue-set

Use the **show mls qos queue-set** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) settings for the egress queues.

show mls qos queue-set [*qset-id*] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	qset-id	· •	· ·	eue-set. Each port belongs to a queue-set, which a f the four egress queues per port. The range is 1 to				
	begin			ins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optiona	al) Display exc	ludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression			It to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC							
Command History	Release	Мос	dification					
	12.1(19)EA1	This	s command wa	s introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are do not appear, bu		-	if you enter exclude output , the lines that contai <i>but</i> appear.	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu	ut the lines tha	at contain Out		n <i>outpu</i>			
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m	ut the lines that ble of output f	at contain <i>Out</i>	out appear.	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp	ut the lines that ble of output f	at contain <i>Out</i> from the show -set	out appear.	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1	ut the lines that ble of output f ls qos queue 1 2	at contain Out	nut appear. mls qos queue-set command:	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show m Queueset: 1 Queue :	ut the lines that ble of output f 1s qos queue 1 2	Trom the show -set 5 25	<i>appear.</i> mls qos queue-set command:	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ble of output f ls qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 100 5	Trom the show -set 5 25 0 100 0 100	4 25 100 100	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ut the lines that ble of output f 1s qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 100 5 50 1	Trom the show -set 5 25 0 100 0 100 00 50	4 25 100 100 50	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ut the lines that ble of output f 1s qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 100 5 50 1	Trom the show -set 5 25 0 100 0 100	4 25 100 100	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ut the lines that ble of output f 1s qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 100 5 50 1	Trom the show -set 3 5 25 0 100 0 100 00 50 00 400	4 25 100 100 50	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ut the lines that ble of output f 1s qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2	at contain Out from the show -set 3 5 25 0 100 0 100 00 50 00 400 3	4 25 100 100 50 400 4	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	at the lines that ble of output f ls qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2	at contain Out from the show -set 3 5 25 0 100 0 100 00 50 00 400 3 5 25	4 25 100 100 50 400	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	at the lines that ble of output f ls qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2	at contain Out rom the show -set 3 5 25 0 100 0 50 00 400 3 5 25 0 100	4 25 100 50 400 4 25	n <i>outpu</i>			
-	do not appear, bu This is an examp Switch> show ml Queueset: 1 Queue : 	ut the lines that ole of output f ls qos queue 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2 100 5 50 1 400 4 1 2 25 2 100 5 100 5 100 5 100 5 100 5	at contain Out rom the show -set 3 5 25 0 100 0 50 00 400 3 5 25 0 100	4 25 100 50 400 4 25 100 50 400	n <i>outpı</i>			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	mls qos queue-set output buffers	Allocates buffers to the queue-set.
	mls qos queue-set output threshold	Configures the weighted tail-drop (WTD) thresholds, guarantees the availability of buffers, and configures the maximum memory allocation of the queue-set.

show mls qos vlan

Use the **show mls qos queue-set** user EXEC command to display the policy maps attached to a switch virtual interface (SVI).

show mls qos vlan vlan-id [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

	1 • 1						
Syntax Description	<i>vlan-id</i> Display the policy maps for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.						
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .						
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.					
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.2(25)SE	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	-	case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> ut the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
Examples	This is an example of output from the show mls qos queue-set command:						
	Switch> show mls qos vlan 10 Vlan10						
	Attached polic	y-map for Ingress:pm-test-pm-2					
Delate 10 miles	Command	Description					
Related Commands	Commanu	Decemption					

show monitor

Use the **show monitor** user EXEC command to display information about all Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and Remote SPAN (RSPAN) sessions on the switch. Use the command with keywords to show a specific session, all sessions, all local sessions, or all remote sessions.

show monitor [session {session_number | all | local | range list | remote } [detail]] [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]

Syntax Description	session	(Optional) Display information about specified SPAN sessions.					
- •	session_number	Specify the number of the SPAN or RSPAN session. The range is 1 to 66.					
	all	Display all SPAN sessions.					
	local	Display only local SPAN sessions.					
	range list	Display a range of SPAN sessions, where <i>list</i> is the range of valid sessions, either a single session or a range of sessions described by two numbers, the lower one first, separated by a hyphen. Do not enter any spaces between comma-separated parameters or in hyphen-specified ranges.					
		Note This keyword is available only in privileged EXEC mode.					
	remote	Display only remote SPAN sessions.					
	detail	(Optional) Display detailed information about the specified sessions.					
	begin	Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .					
	exclude	Display excludes lines that match the expression.					
	include Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .						
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes	User EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	-	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.					
	The output is the sam	e for the show monitor command and the show monitor session all command.					

Examples

This is an example of output for the **show monitor** user EXEC command:

```
Switch# show monitor
Session 1
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
           :Local Session
Type
Source Ports:
   RX Only:
                  Fa0/24
    TX Only:
                  None
   Both:
                  Fa0/1-2,Fa0/1-5
Source VLANs:
    RX Only:
                  None
    TX Only:
                  None
    Both:
                  None
Source RSPAN VLAN:None
Destination Ports:Fa0/18
    Encapsulation:Replicate
Filter VLANs: None
Dest RSPAN VLAN: None
Session 2
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
Туре
            :Remote Source Session
Source Ports:
   RX Only:
                  None
   TX Only:
                  None
   Both:
                  None
Source VLANs:
    RX Only:
                  None
    TX Only:
                  10
    Both:
                   1-9
Source RSPAN VLAN:None
Destination Ports None
Filter VLANs:
                  None
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 105
```

This is an example of output for the show monitor user EXEC command for RSPAN source session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1
Session 1
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
          :Local Session
Туре
Source Ports:
    RX Only:
                  Fa0/24
    TX Only:
                  None
   Both:
                  Fa0/1-2,Fa0/1-5
Source VLANs:
    RX Only:
                  None
    TX Only:
                  None
    Both:
                  None
Source RSPAN VLAN:None
Destination Ports:Fa0/18
    Encapsulation:Replicate
Filter VLANs:
                 None
Dest RSPAN VLAN: None
```

This is an example of output for the **show monitor session all** user EXEC command when ingress traffic forwarding is enabled:

```
Switch# show monitor session all
Session 1
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                  :Local Session
Туре
               :
:Fa0/2
Source Ports
   Both
Destination Ports :Fa0/2
    Encapsulation :Replicate
         Ingress:Enabled, default VLAN = 5
    Ingress encapsulation:DOT1Q
Session 2
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
Туре
                  :Local Session
Source Ports
              :
:Fa0/2
   Both
Destination Ports :Fa0/4
   Encapsulation :Replicate
         Ingress:Enabled
    Ingress encapsulation:ISL
```

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	monitor session	Starts or modifies a SPAN or RSPAN session.		

show mvr

Use the **show mvr** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the current Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) global parameter values, including whether or not MVR is enabled, the MVR multicast VLAN, the maximum query response time, the number of multicast groups, and the MVR mode (dynamic or compatible).

show mvr [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
ejinak beeenpiien	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This is an example of	f output from the show mvr command:		
Examples	Switch # show mvr MVR Running: TRUE MVR multicast VLAN: 1 MVR Max Multicast Groups: 256 MVR Current multicast groups: 0 MVR Global query response time: 5 (tenths of sec) MVR Mode: compatible			

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.		
	mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.		
	show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs whe the interface and members keywords are appended to the comman		
	show mvr members	Displays all ports that are members of an MVR multicast group or, if there are no members, means the group is inactive.		

show mvr interface

Use the **show mvr interface** privileged EXEC command without keywords to display the Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) receiver and source ports. Use the command with keywords to display MVR parameters for a specific receiver port.

show mvr interface [interface-id [members [vlan vlan-id]]] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Display MVR type, status, and Immediate Leave setting for the interface.					
		Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number.					
	members (Optional) Display all MVR groups to which the specified interface						
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display all MVR group members on this VLAN. The range is to 4094.					
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.					
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.					
	<i>expression</i> Expression in the output to use as a reference point.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Command History	Release Modification						
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	-	ntification is a non-MVR port or a source port, the command returns an error ports, it displays the port type, per port status, and Immediate-Leave setting.					
	If you enter the members keyword, all MVR group members on the interface appear. If you enter a VLAN ID, all MVR group members in the VLAN appear.						
	Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> do not appear, but the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.						
Examples	This is an example of	output from the show mvr interface command:					
	Switch# show mvr in	terface					
	Port Type	Status Immediate Leave					
	Gi0/1 SOURCE Gi0/2 RECEIVER	ACTIVE/UP DISABLED ACTIVE/DOWN DISABLED					

In the preceding display, Status is defined as follows:

- Active means the port is part of a VLAN.
- Up/Down means that the port is forwarding/nonforwarding.
- Inactive means that the port is not yet part of any VLAN.

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** command for a specified port:

```
Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet0/2
Type: RECEIVER Status: ACTIVE Immediate Leave: DISABLED
```

This is an example of output from the **show mvr interface** interface-id **members** command:

Switch# show mvr interface gigabitethernet0/2 members DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.0 239.255.0.1 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.2 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.3 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.4 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.5 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.6 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.7 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.8 DYNAMIC ACTIVE 239.255.0.9 DYNAMIC ACTIVE

Related Commands

Command	Description
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.
show mvr members	Displays all receiver ports that are members of an MVR multicast group.

show mvr members

Use the **show mvr members** privileged EXEC command to display all receiver and source ports that are currently members of an IP multicast group.

show mvr members [ip-address] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	ip-address	sourc	onal) The IP multicast address. If the address is entered, all receiver and be ports that are members of the multicast group appear. If no address is ed, all members of all Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) groups are l. If a group has no members, the group is listed as Inactive.			
	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>express</i>					
	exclude (Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .					
	include (Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expres</i>					
	expression	Expre	ession in the output to use as a reference point.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С				
Command History	Release	Modi	fication			
	12.1(19)EA1	This	command was introduced.			
Examples			contain <i>Output</i> appear. om the show mvr members command:			
Examples						
	Switch# show m MVR Group IP	Status	Members			
	239.255.0.1	ACTIVE	Gi0/1(d), Gi0/5(s)			
	239.255.0.2	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.3	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.4	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.5	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.6	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.7	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.8	INACTIVE	None			
	239.255.0.9 239.255.0.10	INACTIVE INACTIVE	None None			
	<output td="" trunca<=""><td></td><td></td></output>					

This is an example of output from the **show mvr members** *ip-address* command. It displays the members of the IP multicast group with that address:

```
Switch# show mvr members 239.255.0.2
239.255.003.--22 ACTIVE Gi0/1(d), Gi0/2(d), Gi0/3(d),
Gi0/4(d), Gi0/5(s)
```

Related Commands

Command	Description			
mvr (global configuration)	Enables and configures multicast VLAN registration on the switch.			
mvr (interface configuration)	Configures MVR ports.			
show mvr	Displays the global MVR configuration on the switch.			
show mvr interface	Displays the configured MVR interfaces, status of the specified interface, or all multicast groups to which the interface belongs when the members keyword is appended to the command.			

show pagp

Use the **show pagp** user EXEC command to display Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP) channel-group information.

show pagp [channel-group-number] {counters | internal | neighbor } [| {begin | exclude | include } expression]]

Syntax Description		(Optional) Number of the channel group. The range is 1 to 48.				
Syntax Description	<i>channel-group</i> -number counters	Display traffic information.				
	internal	· ·				
		Display internal information.				
	neighbor	Display neighbor information.				
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .				
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .				
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.				
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.				
Command Modes	User EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.				
	12.2(25)SE	The <i>channel-group-number</i> range was changed from 1 to 12 to 1 to 48.				
Usage Guidelines	nonactive information, e Expressions are case sen	pagp command to display the active channel-group information. To display the nter the show pagp command with a channel-group number. sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> are appear.				
Examples	This is an example of ou	tput from the show pagp 1 counters command:				
Examples	Switch> show pagp 1 co	ounters				
Examples	Switch> show pagp 1 co Informat:	ounters				
Examples	Switch> show pagp 1 c Informat Port Sent Re	ounters .on Flush				
Examples	Switch> show pagp 1 co Informat:	ounters on Flush cov Sent Recv				

This is an example of output	it from the show page	1 internal command:

Switch>	sho	w pagp	1 inter	nal					
Flags:	S -	Devic	e is sen	ding Slo	w hello.	C - Dev:	ice is in	Consistent	t state.
	A - Device is in Auto mode.								
Timers:	н -	Hello	timer i	s runnin	g.	Q - Quit	t timer is	running.	
	s -	Switc	hing tim	er is ru	nning.	I - Interface timer is running.			ning.
Channel	gro	up 1							
					Hello	Partner	PAgP	Learning	Group
Port		Flags	State	Timers	Interval	Count	Priority	Method	Ifindex
Gi0/1		SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16
Gi0/2		SC	U6/S7	Н	30s	1	128	Any	16

This is an example of output from the show pagp 1 neighbor command:

Switch> show pagp 1 neighbor

Flags:	S - Device is sending Slow hello.	C - Device is in Consistent state.
	A - Device is in Auto mode.	P - Device learns on physical port.

Channel group 1 neighbors

	Partner	Partner	Partner		Partner	Group
Port	Name	Device ID	Port	Age	Flags	Cap.
Gi0/1	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi0/1	9s	SC	10001
Gi0/2	switch-p2	0002.4b29.4600	Gi0/2	24s	SC	10001

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear pagp	Clears PAgP channel-group information.

show parser macro

Use the **show parser macro** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured macros or for one macro on the switch.

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display the name of each macro.		
	description [interface	(Optional) Display all macro descriptions or the description of a specific		
	interface-id]	interface.		
	name macro-name	(Optional) Display information about a single macro identified by the macro		
	name.			
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
ooninana mistory	12.1(19)EA1	The command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> hes that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples		ample from the show parser macro command. The output for the Cisco-default g on the switch platform and the software image running on the switch:		
	Switch# show parser m a Total number of macros	s = 6		
	Macro name : cisco-glo Macro type : default o	global error recovery for link state ause link-flap		
	<output truncated=""></output>			

```
-----
Macro name : cisco-desktop
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $AVID
# Basic interface - Enable data VLAN only
# Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1
switchport access vlan $AVID
switchport mode access
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : cisco-phone
Macro type : default interface
# Cisco IP phone + desktop template
# macro keywords $AVID $VVID
\# VoIP enabled interface - Enable data VLAN
# and voice VLAN (VVID)
# Recommended value for access vlan (AVID) should not be 1
switchport access vlan $AVID
switchport mode access
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : cisco-switch
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $NVID
# Access Uplink to Distribution
# Do not apply to EtherChannel/Port Group
# Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports
# Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1
switchport trunk native vlan $NVID
<output truncated>
 .....
Macro name : cisco-router
Macro type : default interface
# macro keywords $NVID
# Access Uplink to Distribution
# Define unique Native VLAN on trunk ports
# Recommended value for native vlan (NVID) should not be 1
switchport trunk native vlan $NVID
<output truncated>
_____
Macro name : snmp
Macro type : customizable
#enable port security, linkup, and linkdown traps
snmp-server enable traps port-security
snmp-server enable traps linkup
snmp-server enable traps linkdown
#set snmp-server host
snmp-server host ADDRESS
#set SNMP trap notifications precedence
snmp-server ip precedence VALUE
_____
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro name command:

```
Switch# show parser macro name standard-switch10
Macro name : standard-switch10
Macro type : customizable
macro description standard-switch10
# Trust QoS settings on VOIP packets
auto qos voip trust
# Allow port channels to be automatically formed
channel-protocol pagp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser macro brief command:

```
Switch# show parser macro brief
default global : cisco-global
default interface: cisco-desktop
default interface: cisco-phone
default interface: cisco-switch
default interface: cisco-router
customizable : snmp
```

This is an example of output from the show parser description command:

This is an example of output from the show parser description interface command:

Switch# show parser macro description interface gigabitethernet0/2 Interface Macro Description Gi0/2 this is test macro

Related Commands

Command	Description	
macro apply Applies a macro on an interface or applies and traces a macro on an		
macro description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to an interface.	
macro global	Applies a macro on a switch or applies and traces a macro on a switch.	
macro global description	Adds a description about the macros that are applied to the switch.	
macro name	Creates a macro.	
show running-config	Displays the current operating configuration, including defined macros. For syntax information, select Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference, Release 12.2 > File Management Commands > Configuration File Management Commands .	

show policy-map

Use the **show policy-map** user EXEC command to display quality of service (QoS) policy maps, which define classification criteria for incoming traffic. Policy maps can include policers that specify the bandwidth limitations and the action to take if the limits are exceeded.

show policy-map [policy-map-name [class class-map-name]] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	policy-map-name	(Optional) Display the specified policy-map name.
	class class-map-name	(Optional) Display QoS policy actions for a individual class.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Note	Though visible in the corstatistics shown in the dis	nmand-line help string, the interface keyword is not supported, and the splay should be ignored.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	sitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> es that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of out	tput from the show policy-map command:
	Switch> show policy-ma Policy Map videowizard class videowizard_1 set dscp 34 police 100000000 20	_policy2
	Policy Map mypolicy class dscp5 set dscp 6	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	policy-map	Creates or modifies a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy.

show port-security

Use the **show port-security** privileged EXEC command to display port-security settings for an interface or for the switch.

show port-security [interface interface-id] [address | vlan] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Display port security settings for the specified interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, module, and port number).
	address	(Optional) Display all secure MAC addresses on all ports or a specified port.
	vlan	(Optional) Display port security settings for all VLANs on the specified interface. This keyword is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to trunk .
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines If you

If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter an *interface-id*, the command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter an *interface-id* and the **address** keyword, the command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

If you enter the **vlan** keyword, the command displays the configured maximum and the current number of secure MAC addresses for all VLANs on the interface. This option is visible only on interfaces that have the switchport mode set to **trunk**.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of the output from the **show port-security** command:

Switch# show port-security

Secure Port	MaxSecureAddr (Count)	CurrentAddr (Count)	-	ion Security Action
Gi0/1	1	0	0	Shutdown
Total Addresses Max Addresses 1	1 .	5	·	

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/1
Port Security : Enabled
Port status : SecureUp
Violation mode : Shutdown
Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 0
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Aging time : 0 mins
Aging type : Absolute
SecureStatic address aging : Disabled
Security Violation count : 0

This is an example of output from the **show port-security address** command:

```
Switch# show port-security address
Secure Mac Address Table
------
                           Ports Remaining Age
Vlan
     Mac Address
                  Туре
                                        (mins)
     -----
_ _ _ _
                  _ _ _ _
                                 _ _ _ _ _
                                       _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
 1 0006.0700.0800 SecureConfigured Gi0/2
                                         1
_____
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 1
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 6272
```

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 address** command:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 address
Secure Mac Address Table
```

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
1	0006.0700.0800	SecureConfigured	Gi0/2	1
Total A	ddresses: 1			

This is an example of output from the **show port-security interface** *interface-id* **vlan** command:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitethernet0/2 vlan
Default maximum:not set, using 5120
VLAN Maximum Current
  5 default 1
       default
  10
                     54
  11
       default
                     101
  12
       default
                     101
  13
       default
                     201
```

501

14

default

Related Commands	Command	Description
	switchport port-security	Enables port security on a port, restricts the use of the port to a user-defined group of stations, and configures secure MAC addresses.

show power inline

Use the **show power inline** user EXEC command to display the Power over Ethernet (PoE) status for the specified PoE port or for all PoE ports.

show power inline [*interface-id*] [| {**begin** | **exclude** | **include**} *expression*]

Syntax Description	interface-id	· •	ptional) Display PoE-related power management information for t ecified interface.	the
	begin	(Opt	ptional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .	
	exclude	(Opt	ptional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Opt	ptional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression	n.
	expression	Expi	pression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Command Modes	User EXEC			
Command History	Release	Mod	dification	
	12.1(19)EA1	This	is command was introduced.	
	do not appear,	but the lines tha	e. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contair hat contain Output appear.	
	do not appear, This is an exan as static; powe port in the pow	but the lines tha nple of output fro r has been pre-al ver-deny state be	hat contain Output appear. from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con- allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect	nfigu s a sta
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, This is an exan as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al yer-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80	from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device.	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exan as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al yer-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80	hat contain Output appear. from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device.	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exan as static; powe port in the pow powered devic Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper	hat contain Output appear. from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con- allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts)	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm Fa0/1 aut	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper	from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm Fa0/1 aut	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper	hat contain Output appear. from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con- allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts) 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm Fa0/1 aut Fa0/2 sta	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper co on utic off co on	hat contain Output appear. from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is con- allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts) 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 n/a n/a 15.4	nfigu s a sta
	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm 	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper co on utic off co on	from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is com allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts) 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 n/a n/a 15.4 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4	nfigu s a st
- 	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm Fa0/1 aut Fa0/2 sta Fa0/3 aut Fa0/4 aut Fa0/5 sta	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al ver-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper on Used:80 hin Oper	from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is com allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts) 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 n/a n/a 15.4 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 IP Phone 7960 2 15.4	nfigu s a st
	do not appear, This is an exam as static; powe port in the pow powered device Switch> show Available:370 Interface Adm Fa0/1 aut Fa0/2 sta Fa0/3 aut Fa0/4 aut Fa0/5 sta	but the lines that nple of output from r has been pre-al yer-deny state be e has a reported power inline 0.0 (w) Used:80 hin Oper 	from the show power inline command. In the display, port 2 is com allocated to this port, but no powered device is connected. Port 6 is because its maximum wattage is configured for 10 W. The connect d class maximum wattage for a Class 0 or Class 3 device. 30.6 (w) Remaining:289.4 (w) Power Device Class Max (Watts) 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 n/a n/a 15.4 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 6.3 IP Phone 7910 n/a 15.4 15.4 IP Phone 7960 2 15.4	nfigu s a st

This is an example of output from the **show power inline** command on a port:

Switch> s	how powe	er inline fa	astether	net0/1		
Interface	Admin	Oper	Power	Device	Class	Max
			(Watts)			
Fa0/1	auto	on	6.3	IP Phone 7910	n/a	15.4

Table 2-28 show power inline interface Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Admin	Administration mode: auto, off, static	
Oper	Operating mode:	
	• on—the powered device is detected, and power is applied.	
	• off—no PoE is applied.	
	• faulty—device detection or a powered device is in a faulty state.	
	• power-deny—a powered device is detected, but no PoE is available, or the maximum wattage exceeds the detected powered-device maximum.	
Power	The supplied PoE in watts	
Device	The device type detected: n/a, unknown, Cisco powered-device, IEEE powered-device, <name cdp="" from=""></name>	
Class	The IEEE classification: n/a, Class <0–4>	
Available	The total amount of PoE in the system	
Used	The amount of PoE allocated to ports	
Remaining	The amount of PoE not allocated to ports in the system. (Available – Used = Remaining)	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	logging eventEnables the logging of PoE events.power-inline-status	
	power inline	Configures the power management mode for the specified PoE port or for all PoE ports.
	show controllers power inline	Displays the values in the registers of the specified PoE controller.

show sdm prefer

Use the **show sdm prefer** privileged EXEC command to display information about the Switch Database Management (SDM) templates that can be used to maximize used for allocating system resources for a particular feature, or use the command without a keyword to display the template in use.

show sdm prefer [default | routing | vlan][| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	default	(Optional) Display the template that balances system resources among features.		
	routing	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for routin		
	vlan	(Optional) Display the template that maximizes system resources for Layer VLANs.		
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .		
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.		
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
-	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	 When you change the SDM template by using the sdm prefer global configuration command, you must reload the switch for the configuration to take effect. If you enter the show sdm prefer command before you enter the reload privileged EXEC command, the show sdm prefer command shows the template currently in use and the template that will become active after a reload. The numbers displayed for each template represent an approximate maximum number for each feature resource. The actual number might vary, depending on the actual number of other features configured. 			
	-	se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>outp</i> the lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.		
Examples	This is an example	e of output from the show sdm prefer command:		
	the switch to s			

number of security aces:	1K
Switch# show sdm prefer	
The current template is "desktop default" tem	plate.
The selected template optimizes the resources	in
the switch to support this level of features	for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.	
number of unicast mac addresses:	6 K
number of igmp groups + multicast routes:	1K
number of unicast routes:	8K
number of directly connected hosts:	6 K
number of indirect routes:	2K
number of policy based routing aces:	0
number of qos aces:	512
number of security aces:	1K

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer routing** command entered on a switch:

```
Switch# show sdm prefer routing
"desktop routing" template:
The selected template optimizes the resources in
 the switch to support this level of features for
 8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANs.
 number of unicast mac addresses:
                                              ЗK
 number of igmp groups + multicast routes:
                                           1K
 number of unicast routes:
                                             11K
   number of directly connected hosts:
                                              ЗK
   number of indirect routes:
                                              8 K
  number of policy based routing aces:
                                              512
  number of qos aces:
                                              512
  number of security aces:
                                              1K
```

This is an example of output from the **show sdm prefer** command when you have configured a new template but have not reloaded the switch:

Switch# show sdm prefer

```
The current template is "desktop routing" template.
The selected template optimizes the resources in
the switch to support this level of features for
8 routed interfaces and 1024 VLANS.
number of unicast mac addresses: 3K
number of igmp groups + multicast routes: 1K
```

namber er rymp greaps : marerease reases;	
number of unicast routes:	11K
number of directly connected hosts:	ЗK
number of indirect routes:	8K
number of qos aces:	512
number of security aces:	1K

On next reload, template will be "desktop vlan" template.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	sdm prefer	Sets the SDM template to maximize resources for routing or VLANs or to the default template.

2-435

show setup express

Use the **show setup express** privileged EXEC command to display if Express Setup mode is active on the switch.

show setup express [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin (Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .		
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .	
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .	
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.	
Defaults	No default is defin	ned.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.	
Examples	This is an example Switch# show set express setup mo		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	setup express	Enables Express Setup mode.	

show spanning-tree

Use the show spanning-tree user EXEC command to display spanning-tree state information.

- show spanning-tree [bridge-group | active [detail] | backbonefast | blockedports | bridge | detail
 [active] | inconsistentports | interface interface-id | mst | pathcost method | root | summary
 [totals] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree bridge-group [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree vlan vlan-id [active [detail] | blockedports | bridge | detail [active] |
 inconsistentports | interface interface-id | root | summary] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} bridge [address | detail | forward-time | hello-time | id | max-age | priority [system-id] | protocol] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree {vlan vlan-id | bridge-group} root [address | cost | detail | forward-time |
 hello-time | id | max-age | port | priority [system-id] [| {begin | exclude | include}
 expression]
- show spanning-tree interface interface-id [active [detail] | cost | detail [active] | inconsistency |
 portfast | priority | rootcost | state] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]
- show spanning-tree mst [configuration] | [instance-id [detail | interface interface-id [detail]]
 [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	bridge-group	(Optional) Specify the bridge group number. The range is 1 to 255.
	active [detail]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information only on active interfaces (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	backbonefast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree BackboneFast status.
	blockedports	(Optional) Display blocked port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]	(Optional) Display status and configuration of this switch (optional keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	detail [active]	(Optional) Display a detailed summary of interface information (active keyword available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	inconsistentports	(Optional) Display inconsistent port information (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
	interface interface-id [active [detail] cost detail [active] inconsistency portfast priority rootcost state]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified interface (all options except portfast and state available only in privileged EXEC mode). Enter each interface separated by a space. Ranges are not supported. Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.

mst [configuration [instance-id [detail interface interface-id [detail]]	(Optional) Display the multiple spanning-tree (MST) region configuration and status (available only in privileged EXEC mode). You can specify a single instance ID, a range of IDs separated by a hyphen, or a series of IDs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 15.
	Valid interfaces include physical ports, VLANs, and port channels. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094. The port-channel range is 1 to 48.
pathcost method	(Optional) Display the default path cost method (available only in privileged EXEC mode).
root [address cost detail forward-time hello-time id max-age port priority [system-id]]	(Optional) Display root switch status and configuration (all keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode).
summary [totals]	(Optional) Display a summary of port states or the total lines of the spanning-tree state section.
uplinkfast	(Optional) Display spanning-tree UplinkFast status.
vlan vlan-id [active [detail] backbonefast blockedports bridge [address detail forward-time hello-time id max-age priority [system-id] protocol]	(Optional) Display spanning-tree information for the specified VLAN (some keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode). You can specify a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number, a range of VLANs separated by a hyphen, or a series of VLANs separated by a comma. The range is 1 to 4094.
begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes

User EXEC; indicated keywords available only in privileged EXEC mode.

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If the *vlan-id* variable is omitted, the command applies to the spanning-tree instance for all VLANs.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree active command:

Switch# show spanning-tree active

```
VLAN0001
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
         Priority 32768
          Address
                  0001.42e2.cdd0
          Cost
                  3038
                  24 (GigabitEthernet0/1)
          Port
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority
                  49153 (priority 49152 sys-id-ext 1)
          Address
                  0003.fd63.9580
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
          Aging Time 300
 Uplinkfast enabled
           Role Sts Cost
Interface
                          Prio.Nbr Type
_____
Gi0/1
       Root FWD 3019
                          128.24 P2p
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree detail command:

Switch# show spanning-tree detail

```
VLAN0001 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol
Bridge Identifier has priority 49152, sysid 1, address 0003.fd63.9580
Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
Current root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0
Root port is 24 (GigabitEthernet0/1), cost of root path is 3038
Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 1d16h ago
Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2
hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300
Uplinkfast enabled
Port 1 (GigabitEthernet0/1) of VLAN0001 is forwarding
Port path cost 3019 Port priority 128 Port Identifier 128 24
```

```
Port path cost 3019, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.24.
Designated root has priority 32768, address 0001.42e2.cdd0
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00d0.bbf5.c680
Designated port id is 128.25, designated path cost 19
Timers: message age 2, forward delay 0, hold 0
Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
Link type is point-to-point by default
BPDU: sent 0, received 72364
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree interface** interface-id command:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree interface gigabitethernet0/1
           Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
Vlan
_____
VLAN0001
             Root FWD 3019
                            128.24 P2p
Switch# show spanning-tree summary
Switch is in pvst mode
Root bridge for: none
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
Extended system ID is enabled
                is disabled by default
Portfast
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled by default
Portfast BPDU Filter is disabled by default
Loopquard
                is disabled by default
```

UplinkFast BackboneFast Pathcost method used	is enabled				
Name	-	-	-	Forwarding	
VLAN0001		0			
VLAN0002	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0004	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0006	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0031	3	0	0	1	4
VLAN0032	3	0	0	1	4
<output truncated=""></output>					
37 vlans Station update rate s				47	156
UplinkFast statistics	5				
Number of transitions	 s via uplini	kFast (all	VLANs)	:	0
Number of proxy mult:	-				
BackboneFast statist:					
Number of transition	via backbo	neFast (ali	l VLANs)	:	0
Number of inferior B	DUs receiv	ed (all VL	ANs)	:	0
Number of RLQ request	PDUs rece	ived (all v	VLANs)	:	0
Number of RLQ respons	se PDUs rec	eived (all	VLANs)	:	0
Number of RLQ request	PDUs sent	(all VLAN	з)	:	0
Number of RLQ respons	se PDUs sen	t (all VLA	Ns)	:	0

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command:

This is an example of output from the **show spanning-tree mst interface** *interface-id* command:

Switch# show spanning-tree mst interface gigabitethernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/1 of MST00 is root forwarding Edge port: no (default) port guard : none (default) Link type: point-to-point (auto) bpdu filter: disable (default) Boundary : boundary (STP) bpdu guard : disable (default) Bpdus sent 5, received 74 Instance role state cost prio vlans mapped

0 root FWD 200000 128 1,12,14-4094

This is an example of output from the show spanning-tree mst 0 command:

 Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0

 ###### MST00
 vlans mapped: 1-9,21-4094

 Bridge
 address 0002.4b29.7a00
 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0)

 Root
 address 0001.4297.e000
 priority 32768 (32768 sysid 0)

 port
 Gi0/1
 path cost 200038

_

-	2, forward		max age 20, max hops 20 max age 20, max hops 20
Interface	role state	cost	prio type
GigabitEthernet0/1	root FWD	200000	128 P2P bound(STP)
GigabitEthernet0/2	desg FWD	200000	128 P2P bound(STP)
Port-channel1	desg FWD	200000	128 P2P bound(STP)

Related Commands Command

Command	Description
clear spanning-tree counters	Clears the spanning-tree counters.
clear spanning-tree detected-protocols	Restarts the protocol migration process.
spanning-tree backbonefast	Enables the BackboneFast feature.
spanning-tree bpdufilter	Prevents an interface from sending or receiving bridge protocol data units (BPDUs).
spanning-tree bpduguard	Puts an interface in the error-disabled state when it receives a BPDU.
spanning-tree cost	Sets the path cost for spanning-tree calculations.
spanning-tree extend system-id	Enables the extended system ID feature.
spanning-tree guard	Enables the root guard or the loop guard feature for all the VLANs associated with the selected interface.
spanning-tree link-type	Overrides the default link-type setting for rapid spanning-tree transitions to the forwarding state.
spanning-tree loopguard default	Prevents alternate or root ports from becoming the designated port because of a failure that leads to a unidirectional link.
spanning-tree mst configuration	Enters multiple spanning-tree (MST) configuration mode through which the MST region configuration occurs.
spanning-tree mst cost	Sets the path cost for MST calculations.
spanning-tree mst forward-time	Sets the forward-delay time for all MST instances.
spanning-tree mst hello-time	Sets the interval between hello BPDUs sent by root switch configuration messages.
spanning-tree mst max-age	Sets the interval between messages that the spanning tree receives from the root switch.
spanning-tree mst max-hops	Sets the number of hops in an MST region before the BPDU is discarded and the information held for an interface is aged.
spanning-tree mst port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree mst priority	Configures the switch priority for the specified spanning-tree instance.
spanning-tree mst root	Configures the MST root switch priority and timers based on the network diameter.
spanning-tree port-priority	Configures an interface priority.
spanning-tree portfast (global	Globally enables the BPDU filtering or the BPDU guard

Command	Description
spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration)	Enables the Port Fast feature on an interface and all its associated VLANs.
spanning-tree uplinkfast	Accelerates the choice of a new root port when a link or switch fails or when the spanning tree reconfigures itself.
spanning-tree vlan	Configures spanning tree on a per-VLAN basis.

show storm-control

Use the **show storm-control** user EXEC command to display broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface or to display storm-control history.

show storm-control [interface-id] [broadcast | multicast | unicast] [| {begin | exclude | include}
expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) Interface ID for the physical port (including type, module, and port number).
	broadcast	(Optional) Display broadcast storm threshold setting.
	multicast	(Optional) Display multicast storm threshold setting.
	unicast	(Optional) Display unicast storm threshold setting.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> .
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines When you enter an *interface-id*, the storm control thresholds appear for the specified interface.

If you do not enter an *interface-id*, settings appear for one traffic type for all ports on the switch.

If you do not enter a traffic type, settings appear for broadcast storm control.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of a partial output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show storm-control

Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps
Gi0/2	Forwarding	50.00%	40.00%	0.00%
<output td="" trund<=""><td>cated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output>	cated>			

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface. Because no traffic-type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings appear.

Switch> show	storm-control	gigabitether	net 0/1	
Interface	Filter State	Upper	Lower	Current
Gi0/1	Forwarding	20 pps	10 pps	5 pps

Table 2-29 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-29 show storm-control Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Interface	Displays the ID of the interface.	
Filter State	Displays the status of the filter:	
	• Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred.	
	• Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred.	
	• Inactive—Storm control is disabled.	
Upper	Displays the rising suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth, in packets per second, or in bits per second.	
Lower	Displays the falling suppression level as a percentage of total available bandwidth, in packets per second, or in bits per second.	
Current	Displays the bandwidth usage of broadcast traffic or the specified traffic type (broadcast, multicast, or unicast) as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is only valid when storm control is enabled.	

Related Commands

CommandDescriptionstorm-controlSets the broadcast, multicast, or unicast storm control levels for the switch.

show system mtu

Use the **show system mtu** privileged EXEC command to display the global maximum transmission unit (MTU) or maximum packet size set for the switch.

show system mtu [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	MTU setting, the ne	e system mtu or system mtu jumbo global configuration command to change the ew setting does not take effect until you reset the switch. effers to ports operating at 10/100 Mbps; the system jumbo MTU refers to Gigabit
	ports.	efers to ports operating at 10/100 Mbps; the system jumbo MTU refers to Gigabit e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i>
	do not appear, but tl	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show system mtu command:
	Switch# show syst System MTU size i System Jumbo MTU	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	system mtu	Sets the MTU size for the Fast Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet ports.

show udld

Use the **show udld** user EXEC command to display UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) administrative and operational status for all ports or the specified port.

show udld [interface-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	interface-id	(Optional) ID of the interface and port number. Valid interfaces include physical ports and VLANs. The VLAN range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Expressions are cas	an <i>interface-id</i> , administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces appear. se sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	_	of output from the show udld <i>interface-id</i> command. For this display, UDLD is ds of the link, and UDLD detects that the link is bidirectional. Table 2-30 describes
	Switch> show udld Interface gi0/1 Port enable admin Port enable opera Current bidirecti	d gigabitethernet0/1 histrative configuration setting: Follows device default htional state: Enabled honal state: Bidirectional
	Message interval: Time out interval Entry 1 Expiration ti Device ID: 1	: 5 me: 146 ubor state: Bidirectional Switch-A
	Neighbor echo	<pre>0 1 device: Switch-B 0 1 port: Gi0/2</pre>

Field	Description
Interface	The interface on the local device configured for UDLD.
Port enable administrative configuration setting	How UDLD is configured on the port. If UDLD is enabled or disabled, the port enable configuration setting is the same as the operational enable state. Otherwise, the enable operational setting depends on the global enable setting.
Port enable operational state	Operational state that shows whether UDLD is actually running on this port.
Current bidirectional state	The bidirectional state of the link. An unknown state appears if the link is down or if it is connected to an UDLD-incapable device. A bidirectional state appears if the link is a normal two-way connection to a UDLD-capable device. All other values mean miswiring.
Current operational state	The current phase of the UDLD state machine. For a normal bidirectional link, the state machine is most often in the Advertisement phase.
Message interval	How often advertisement messages are sent from the local device. Measured in seconds.
Time out interval	The time period, in seconds, that UDLD waits for echoes from a neighbor device during the detection window.
Entry 1	Information from the first cache entry, which contains a copy of echo information received from the neighbor.
Expiration time	The amount of time in seconds remaining before this cache entry is aged out.
Device ID	The neighbor device identification.
Current neighbor state	The neighbor's current state. If both the local and neighbor devices are running UDLD normally, the neighbor state and local state should be bidirectional. If the link is down or the neighbor is not UDLD-capable, no cache entries appear.
Device name	The device name or the system serial number of the neighbor. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).
Port ID	The neighbor port ID enabled for UDLD.
Neighbor echo 1 device	The device name of the neighbors' neighbor from which the echo originated.
Neighbor echo 1 port	The port number ID of the neighbor from which the echo originated.
Message interval	The rate, in seconds, at which the neighbor is sending advertisement messages.
CDP device name	The CDP device name or the system serial number. The system serial number appears if the device name is not set or is set to the default (Switch).

Table 2-30	show	udld	Field	Descri	ptions
------------	------	------	-------	--------	--------

Related Commands	Command	Description
	udld	Enables aggressive or normal mode in UDLD or sets the configurable message timer time.
	udld port	Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber-optic interface from being enabled by the udld global configuration command.
	udld reset	Resets all interfaces shutdown by UDLD and permits traffic to begin passing through them again.

show version

Use the **show version** user EXEC command to display version information for the hardware and firmware.

show version [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example	of output from the show version command:
	IOS (tm) C3560 So Copyright (c) 198 Compiled Thu 23-0	ion k Operating System Software ftware (C3560-I5-M), Version 12.1(19)EA1, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2) 6-2003 by cisco Systems, Inc. ct-03 21:54 by yenanh 0x00003000, data-base: 0x009197B8
		ogram is C3560 boot loader ot Loader (C3560-HBOOT-M), Version 12.1 [rneal-vegas-0806 101]
	-	minute o ROM by power-on is "flash:c3560-i5-mz"
	memory. Processor board I Last reset from p Bridging software 1 Virtual Etherne 24 FastEthernet/I	ower-on
	The password-reco	very mechanism is enabled. sh-simulated non-volatile configuration memory. Address : 00:0B:46:30:6B:80

Power supply part number	341-0029-02		
Motherboard serial number	CSJ0736990E	•	
Power supply serial number	LIT07170003		
Model revision number	01		
Motherboard revision number	03		
Model number	WS-C3560-24	PS-S	
System serial number	CSJ0737U003		
Top Assembly Part Number	800-24791-0	1	
Top Assembly Revision Number	02		
Switch Ports Model	SW Versior	L	SW Image
* 1 26 WS-C3560-24PS	12.1(19)EA	.1	C3560-I5-M

Configuration register is 0xF

show vlan

Use the **show vlan** user EXEC command to display the parameters for all configured VLANs or one VLAN (if the VLAN ID or name is specified) on the switch.

show vlan [brief | dot1q tag native | id vlan-id / internal usage / mtu | name vlan-name |
private-vlan [type] | remote-span | summary] [| { begin | exclude | include } expression]

The **show vlan private-vlan** command is only available if your switch is running the enhanced multilayer image (EMI).

Syntax Description	brief	(Optional) Display one line for each VLAN with the VLAN name, status, and its ports.
	dot1q tag native	(Optional) Display the 802.1Q native VLAN tagging status.
	id vlan-id	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number. For <i>vlan-id</i> , the range is 1 to 4094.
	internal usage	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs being used internally by the switch. These VLANs are always from the extended range (VLAN IDs 1006 to 4094), and you cannot create VLANs with these IDS by using the vlan global configuration command until you remove them from internal use.
	mtu	(Optional) Display a list of VLANs and the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes configured on ports in the VLAN.
	name vlan-name	(Optional) Display information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name. The VLAN name is an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters.
	private-vlan	(Optional) Display information about configured private VLANs, including primary and secondary VLAN IDs, type (community, isolated, or primary) and ports belonging to the private VLAN. This keyword is only supported if your switch is running the EMI.
	type	(Optional) Display only private VLAN ID and type.
	remote-span	(Optional) Display information about Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs.
	summary	(Optional) Display VLAN summary information.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.



Though visible in the command-line help string, the ifindex keyword is not supported.

Command Modes User EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
	12.2(20)SE	The mtu and private-vlan keywords were added.
	12.2(25)SE	The dot1q tag native keywords were added.
Usage Guidelines	In the show vlan m	tu command output, the MTU_Mismatch column shows whether all the ports in the
		ne MTU. When yes appears in this column, it means that the VLAN has ports with
		d packets that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller
	• •	pped. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol appears in the
	SVI_MIU column.	If the MTU-Mismatch column displays yes, the names of the port with the MinMT

and the port with the MaxMTU appear.

If you try to associate a private VLAN secondary VLAN with a primary VLAN before you define the secondary VLAN, the secondary VLAN is not included in the **show vlan private-vlan** command output.

In the **show vlan private-vlan type** command output, a type displayed as *normal* means a VLAN that has a private VLAN association but is not part of the private VLAN. For example, if you define and associate two VLANs as primary and secondary VLANs and then delete the secondary VLAN configuration without removing the association from the primary VLAN, the VLAN that was the secondary VLAN is shown as *normal* in the display. In the **show vlan private-vlan** output, the primary and secondary VLAN pair is shown as *non-operational*.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter | **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show vlan** command. Table 2-31 describes the fields in the display.

Switch> show vlan VLAN Name	Status	Ports
1 default		Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3 Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6 Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15 Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18 Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21 Fa0/24, Gi0/1, Gi0/2
<output truncated=""></output>		
2 VLAN0002 3 VLAN0003	active active	
<output truncated=""></output>		
1000 VLAN1000 1002 fddi-default 1003 token-ring-default 1004 fddinet-default 1005 trnet-default	active active active active active	

```
VLAN Type SAID
            MTU Parent RingNo BridgeNo Stp BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2
enet 100001 1500 - - -
enet 100002 1500 - - -
                                       1002 1003
1
                               -
                                  -
                               -
                                  -
                                      0
2
                                          0
3
 enet 100003 1500 -
                    -
                         _
                               _
                                  _
                                       0
                                           0
<output truncated>
1005 trnet 101005
             1500 -
                               ibm -
                    -
                         -
                                       0
                                           0
Remote SPAN VLANs
_____
Primary Secondary Type
                     Ports
Primary Secondary Type Ports
------
       isolated Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/22, Gi0/1,
20
    25
       community Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa10/21, Gi0/1
community Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/23, Fa0/33, Gi0/1
20
    30
20
   35
<output truncated>
```

Table 2-31 show vlan Command Output Fields

Field	Description
VLAN	VLAN number.
Name	Name, if configured, of the VLAN.
Status	Status of the VLAN (active or suspend).
Ports	Ports that belong to the VLAN.
Туре	Media type of the VLAN.
SAID	Security association ID value for the VLAN.
MTU	Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN.
Parent	Parent VLAN, if one exists.
RingNo	Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable.
BrdgNo	Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable.
Stp	Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN.
BrdgMode	Bridging mode for this VLAN—possible values are source-route bridging (SRB) and source-route transparent (SRT); the default is SRB.
Trans1	Translation bridge 1.
Trans2	Translation bridge 2.
Remote SPAN VLANs	Identifies any RSPAN VLANs that have been configured.
Primary/Secondary/ Type/Ports	Includes any private VLANs that have been configured, including the primary VLAN ID, the secondary VLAN ID, the type of secondary VLAN (community or isolated), and the ports that belong to it.

This is an example of output from the show vlan dot1q tag native command:

Switch> **show vlan dotlq tag native** dotlq native vlan tagging is disabled

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan command:

	show vlan Secondary	private-vlan Type	Ports
10	501	isolated	Gi0/3
10	502	community	Fa0/11
10	503	non-operational3	-
20	25	isolated	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/22, Gi0/1,
20	30	community	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Gi0/1,
20	35	community	Fa0/13, Fa0/20, Fa0/23, Fa0/33. Gi0/1
20	55	non-operational	
2000	2500	isolated	Fa0/5, Fa0/10, Fa0/15

This is an example of output from the show vlan private-vlan type command:

```
Switch> show vlan private-vlan type
Vlan Type
10 primary
501 isolated
502 community
503 normal
```

This is an example of output from the **show vlan summary** command:

Switch> show vlan summary Number of existing VLANs : 45 Number of existing VTP VLANs : 45 Number of existing extended VLANs : 0

This is an example of output from the **show vlan id** command.

```
Switch# show vlan id 2
VLAN Name
                    Status
                          Ports
2 VLAN0200
                    active Fa0/7, Fa0/8
                          Gi0/1, Gi0/2
VLAN Type SAID MTU Parent RingNo BridgeNo Stp BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2
_____ _____
2 enet 100002
           1500 - -
                                   0
                                       0
                       -
                            -
                              -
Remote SPAN VLAN
-----
Disabled
```

This is an example of output from the **show vlan internal usage** command. It shows that VLANs 1025 and 1026 are being used as internal VLANs for Fast Ethernet routed ports 23 and 24 on stack member 1. If you want to use one of these VLAN IDs, you must first shut down the routed port, which releases the internal VLAN, and then create the extended-range VLAN. When you start up the routed port, another internal VLAN number is assigned to it.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	private-vlan	Configures a VLAN as a community, isolated, or primary VLAN or associates a primary VLAN with secondary VLANs.
	switchport mode	Configures the VLAN membership mode of a port.
	vlan (global configuration)	Enables VLAN configuration mode where you can configure VLANs 1 to 4094.
	vlan (VLAN configuration)	Configures VLAN characteristics in the VLAN database. Only available for normal-range VLANs (VLAN IDs 1 to 1005). Do not enter leading zeros.

show vlan access-map

Use the **show vlan access-map** privileged EXEC command to display information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.

show vlan access-map [mapname] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	mapname	(Optional) Name of a specific VLAN access map.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
Usage Guidelines	-	This command was introduced. sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but the	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
- 	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example o Switch# show vlan Vlan access-map "S Match clauses:	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map
Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example o Switch# show vlan Vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action:	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map ecWiz" 10
Examples	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example o Switch# show vlan Vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action: forward	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map ecWiz" 10 ecWiz_Fa1_0_3_in_ip
- 	Expressions are case do not appear, but the This is an example o Switch# show vlan Vlan access-map "S Match clauses: ip address: S Action: forward	<pre>sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output, the lines that contain output e lines that contain Output appear. f output from the show vlan access-map command: access-map ecWiz" 10 ecWiz_Fa1_0_3_in_ip Description Displays information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or</pre>

show vlan filter

Use the **show vlan filter** privileged EXEC command to display information about all VLAN filters or about a particular VLAN or VLAN access map.

show vlan filter [access-map name | vlan vlan-id] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	access-map name	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN access map.
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Display filtering information for the specified VLAN. The range is 1 to 4094.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> .
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
-	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> e lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Examples	This is an example of	Foutput from the show vlan filter command:
	Switch# show vlan f VLAN Map map_1 is f 20-22	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show vlan access-ma	 Displays information about a particular VLAN access map or for all VLAN access maps.
	vlan access-map	Creates a VLAN map entry for VLAN packet filtering.
	vlan filter	Applies a VLAN map to one or more VLANs.

show vmps

Use the **show vmps** user EXEC command without keywords to display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, and the current and primary servers, or use the **statistics** keyword to display client-side statistics.

show vmps [statistics] [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description	statistics	(Optional) Display VQP client-side statistics and counters.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the expression.
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Examples	This is an example of Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status	of output from the show vmps command:
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server	: 1 1: 60 min t: 3 r:
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count	: 1 1: 60 min t: 3 r: atus
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta	: 1 1: 60 min t: 3 r: atus
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta VMPS Action:	: 1 1: 60 min t: 3 r: atus
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta VMPS Action: This is an example of in the display. Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis	<pre> i i i i i i i i i i i i i</pre>
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta VMPS Action: This is an example of in the display. Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis VQP Queries:	<pre> i i i i i i i i i i i i i</pre>
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta VMPS Action: This is an example of in the display. Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis	<pre> i i i i i i i i i i i i i</pre>
Examples	Switch> show vmps VQP Client Status VMPS VQP Version: Reconfirm Interval Server Retry Count VMPS domain server Reconfirmation sta VMPS Action: This is an example of in the display. Switch> show vmps VMPS Client Statis VMPS Client Statis VQP Queries: VQP Responses:	<pre> i i i i i i i i i i i i i</pre>

```
VQP Wrong Version: 0
VQP Insufficient Resource: 0
```

Table 2-32 show vmps statistics Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
VQP Queries	Number of queries sent by the client to the VMPS.	
VQP Responses	Number of responses sent to the client from the VMPS.	
VMPS Changes	Number of times that the VMPS changed from one server to another.	
VQP Shutdowns	Number of times the VMPS sent a response to shut down the port. The client disables the port and removes all dynamic addresses on this port from the address table. You must administratively re-enable the port to restore connectivity.	
VQP Denied	Number of times the VMPS denied the client request for security reasons. When the VMPS response denies an address, no frame is forwarded to or from the workstation with that address (broadcast or multicast frames are delivered to the workstation if the port has been assigned to a VLAN). The client keeps the denied address in the address table as a blocked address to prevent more queries from being sent to the VMPS for each new packet received from this workstation. The client ages the address if no new packets are received from this workstation on this port within the aging time period.	
VQP Wrong Domain	Number of times the management domain in the request does not match the one for the VMPS. Any previous VLAN assignments of the port are not changed. This response means that the server and the client have not been configured with the same VTP management domain.	
VQP Wrong Version	Number of times the version field in the query packet contains a value that is higher than the version supported by the VMPS. The VLAN assignment of the port is not changed. The switches send only VMPS Version 1 requests.	
VQP Insufficient Resource	Number of times the VMPS is unable to answer the request because of a resource availability problem. If the retry limit has not yet been reached, the client repeats the request with the same server or with the next alternate server depending on whether the per-server retry count has been reached.	

Related	Commands

Command	Description
clear vmps statistics	Clears the statistics maintained by the VQP client.
vmps reconfirm (privileged EXEC)	Sends VQP queries to reconfirm all dynamic VLAN assignments with the VMPS.
vmps retry	Configures the per-server retry count for the VQP client.
vmps server	Configures the primary VMPS and up to three secondary servers.

show vtp

Use the **show vtp** user EXEC command to display general information about the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP) management domain, status, and counters.

show vtp {counters | password | status} [| {begin | exclude | include} expression]

Syntax Description		
Syntax Description	counters	Display the VTP statistics for the switch.
	password	Display the configured VTP password.
	status	Display general information about the VTP management domain status.
	begin	(Optional) Display begins with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> .
	exclude	(Optional) Display excludes lines that match the expression.
	include	(Optional) Display includes lines that match the specified expression.
	expression	Expression in the output to use as a reference point.
Command Modes	User EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
_	12.1(19)EA1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	-	
Usage Guidelines	do not appear, but t	e sensitive. For example, if you enter exclude output , the lines that contain <i>output</i> he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear.
Usage Guidelines Examples	do not appear, but t	
	do not appear, but t This is an example	he lines that contain <i>Output</i> appear. of output from the show vtp counters command. Table 2-33 describes each field in

· F- ····· · · · · · ·			
Trunk	Join Transmitted	Join Received	Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device
Fa0/47	0	0	0
Fa0/48	0	0	0
Gi0/1	0	0	0
Gi0/2	0	0	0

VTP pruning statistics:

Table 2-33 show vtp counters Field Descriptions

Field	Description	
Summary advertisements received	Number of summary advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.	
Subset advertisements received	Number of subset advertisements received by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.	
Request advertisements received	Number of advertisement requests received by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.	
Summary advertisements transmitted	Number of summary advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Summary advertisements contain the management domain name, the configuration revision number, the update timestamp and identity, the authentication checksum, and the number of subset advertisements to follow.	
Subset advertisements transmitted	Number of subset advertisements sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Subset advertisements contain all the information for one or more VLANs.	
Request advertisements transmitted	Number of advertisement requests sent by this switch on its trunk ports. Advertisement requests normally request information on all VLANs. They can also request information on a subset of VLANs.	
Number of configuration	Number of revision errors.	
revision errors	Whenever you define a new VLAN, delete an existing one, suspend or resume an existing VLAN, or modify the parameters on an existing VLAN, the configuration revision number of the switch increments.	
	Revision errors increment whenever the switch receives an advertisement whose revision number matches the revision number of the switch, but the MD5 digest values do not match. This error means that the VTP password in the two switches is different or that the switches have different configurations.	
	These errors means that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.	

Field	Description	
Number of configuration	Number of MD5 digest errors.	
digest errors	Digest errors increment whenever the MD5 digest in the summary packet and the MD5 digest of the received advertisement calculated by the switch do not match. This error usually means that the VTP password in the two switches is different. To solve this problem, make sure the VTP password on all switches is the same.	
	These errors mean that the switch is filtering incoming advertisements, which causes the VTP database to become unsynchronized across the network.	
Number of V1 summary	Number of Version 1 errors.	
errors	Version 1 summary errors increment whenever a switch in VTP V2 mode receives a VTP Version 1 frame. These errors mean that at least one neighboring switch is either running VTP Version 1 or VTP Version 2 with V2-mode disabled. To solve this problem, change the configuration of the switches in VTP V2-mode to disabled.	
Join Transmitted	Number of VTP pruning messages sent on the trunk.	
Join Received	Number of VTP pruning messages received on the trunk.	
Summary Advts Received from non-pruning-capable device	Number of VTP summary messages received on the trunk from devices that do not support pruning.	

Table 2-33 show vtp counters Field Descriptions (continued)

This is an example of output from the **show vtp status** command. Table 2-34 describes each field in the display.

Switch> show vtp status		
VTP Version		2
Configuration Revision	:	0
Maximum VLANs supported locally	:	1005
Number of existing VLANs		45
VTP Operating Mode		Transparent
VTP Domain Name		shared_testbed1
VTP Pruning Mode		Disabled
VTP V2 Mode		Disabled
VTP Traps Generation		Enabled
MD5 digest	:	0x3A 0x29 0x86 0x39 0xB4 0x5D 0x58 0xD7

Table 2-34	show vtp status Field Descriptions	
------------	------------------------------------	--

Field	Description	
VTP Version	Displays the VTP version operating on the switch. By default, the switch implements Version 1 but can be set to Version 2.	
Configuration Revision	Current configuration revision number on this switch.	
Maximum VLANs Supported Locally	Maximum number of VLANs supported locally.	
Number of Existing VLANs	Number of existing VLANs.	

Field	Description		
VTP Operating Mode	Displays the VTP operating mode, which can be server, client, or transparent.		
	Server: a switch in VTP server mode is enabled for VTP and sends advertisements. You can configure VLANs on it. The switch guarantees that it can recover all the VLAN information in the current VTP database from NVRAM after reboot. By default, every switch is a VTP server.		
	Note The switch automatically changes from VTP server mode to VTF client mode if it detects a failure while writing the configuration to NVRAM and cannot return to server mode until the NVRAM is functioning.		
	Client: a switch in VTP client mode is enabled for VTP, can send advertisements, but does not have enough nonvolatile storage to store VLAN configurations. You cannot configure VLANs on it. When a VTP client starts up, it does not send VTP advertisements until it receives advertisements to initialize its VLAN database.		
	Transparent: a switch in VTP transparent mode is disabled for VTP, does not send or learn from advertisements sent by other devices, and cannot affect VLAN configurations on other devices in the network. The switch receives VTP advertisements and forwards them on all trunk ports except the one on which the advertisement was received.		
VTP Domain Name	Name that identifies the administrative domain for the switch.		
VTP Pruning Mode	Displays whether pruning is enabled or disabled. Enabling pruning on a VTP server enables pruning for the entire management domain. Pruning restricts flooded traffic to those trunk links that the traffic must use to access the appropriate network devices.		
VTP V2 Mode	Displays if VTP Version 2 mode is enabled. All VTP Version 2 switches operate in Version 1 mode by default. Each VTP switch automatically detects the capabilities of all the other VTP devices. A network of VTP devices should be configured to Version 2 only if all VTP switches in the network can operate in Version 2 mode.		
VTP Traps Generation	Displays whether VTP traps are sent to a network management station.		
MD5 Digest	A 16-byte checksum of the VTP configuration.		
Configuration Last Modified	Displays the date and time of the last configuration modification. Displays the IP address of the switch that caused the configuration change to the database.		

Table 2-34 show vtp status Field Descriptions (continued)

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear vtp counters	Clears the VTP and pruning counters.
vtp (global configuration)	Configures the VTP filename, interface name, domain name, and mode.
vtp (VLAN configuration)	Configures the VTP domain name, password, pruning, and mode.