

Connecting Cisco Data Center and a Public Cloud

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Connecting Cisco Data Center and a Public Cloud

This section explains the functionality that allows public cloud connectivity from a Cisco DCNM provisioned VXLAN EVPN fabric to the Microsoft Azure public cloud. The layer-3 connectivity ensures a seamless and secure communication between the workloads on premise and the Microsoft Azure cloud. The connectivity is provisioned through the Cisco Cloud Services Router 1000v (Cisco CSR 1000v) that is managed by Cisco DCNM. BGP EVPN is employed for the control plane and VXLAN is employed for the data plane. A secure IPsec tunnel is established between the Cisco CSR 1000v in the premise and the Cisco CSR 1000v in the public cloud.



Note

Cisco DCNM supports discovery and management Cisco CSR 1000v. This functionality is a preview feature in Cisco DCNM Release 11.2(1). After an inline upgrade to Cisco DCNM Release 11.3(1), this feature is enabled by default.

Topology Overview

Figure 1: Topology Overview



The on-premise data center has the required switches. One of these switches is a border gateway (BGW) that interfaces with an core router for WAN connectivity to the public cloud. The Cisco CSR 1000v is the core router in this use case. You can import this core router into an external fabric in Cisco DCNM. The following figure depicts the sample topology that is employed.



In this example, we list the tasks that are required to provide a layer-3 connectivity between a VM behind standalone leaf and a VM in the Microsoft Azure cloud in a specific user VNET.

The public cloud has a Cisco CSR 1000v, Microsoft Azure instances, Azure Virtual Networks (Azure VNets), and a VM. The Cisco CSR 1000v in the cloud has an interface with the VM.

We are using eBGP between the two core routers for exchanging underlay routing and reachability. The VXLAN connects the on-premises BGW and the core router on Microsoft Azure, over the IPsec tunnel.

In this use-case, we are going to configure the setup as follows:

Guidelines and Limitations

The following are the guidelines and limitations for connecting an on-premises data center and a public cloud:

- Cisco CSR 1000v Series Routers support route-based IP Security (IPsec) tunnel interface.
- Use Cisco Nexus 9000 Series Switches or Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches in the VXLAN EVPN Easy fabric in Cisco DCNM.
- The IP addresses specified in this document are sample addresses. Ensure that your setup reflects the IP addresses used in the production network.

Prerequisites

- · Create an account with Microsoft Azure.
- Create VNets for the public-cloud core router in Microsoft Azure.
- Deploy a Cisco CSR 1000v in Microsoft Azure. This Cisco CSR 1000v is the public-cloud core router. See the Deploying Cisco CSR 1000v on Microsoft Azure, on page 21 section for more information.
- Use switches that support Cisco NX-OS Release 7.0(3)I7(x) or higher versions as border gateways are required.
- Set up the Cisco DCNM, switches, Cisco CSR 1000v, and other devices in a DMZ or equivalent zone to have access to the public internet.
- Familiarity with VXLAN BGP EVPN data center fabric architecture and configuration through DCNM.
- Familiarity with MSD fabrics.



Note Refer to the *Control* chapter in the *Cisco DCNM LAN Fabric Configuration Guide*, for information on various tasks that are required in setting up.

Task Summary

The following sections list the task summary to establish a connection between the on-premises data center and the public cloud.

On-premises Data Center

- 1. Set the polling time.
- **2.** Create a fabric with switches for the on-premises data center, and configure one of the switches with BGW role.
- 3. Create an external fabric for the on-premises core router. Discover a Cisco CSR 1000v as the core router.
- 4. Simulate an IP address as on-premises host on the BGW.

Public Cloud

- **1.** Create an external fabric for the public cloud core router.
- 2. Discover a Cisco CSR 1000v for the public cloud, which is the core router.

Connectivity

- 1. Create an MSD fabric and import the fabrics that were created previously.
- 2. Connect the BGW and the on-premises core router.
- 3. Create an IPsec tunnel between the on-premises core router and the public-cloud core router.
- 4. Create an eBGP underlay connection between the core routers that runs over the IPsec Tunnel.
- 5. Connect the BGW and the public cloud core router using VXLAN EVPN.
- 6. Extend the VRFs in fabrics.

The procedure that is involved in each task in this section is explained in the following sections.

Setting the Polling Time

Cisco DCNM queries the on-premises core router and updates the state of the routing table depending on the polling time you set. To set the polling time from the Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Choose Administration > DCNM Server > Server Properties.	
The Server Properties window appears.	
Locate the Private and public cloud connectivity properties. Set the polling time in the private_public_cloud_connectivity.stats.polling_time field. The value is in milliseconds.	
# Private and public cloud connectivity #	
preview_features.enable true	
private_public_cloud_connectivity.stats.polling_time 300000	
#	

A warning about the preview features enabled appears after you log in to the Cisco DCNM Web UI.

Note This is a preview only feature. We recommend that you use this feature only in lab setups, and not in production environments.

Setting Up the On-premise External Fabric with CSR 1000v

Create an external fabric for the on-premises edge router.

Creating an External Fabric

To create an external fabric from Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Control > Fabrics > Fabric Builder.	
	The Fabric Builder window appears.	
Step 2	Click Create Fabric.	
	The Add Fabric dialog box appears.	
Step 3	Enter the fabric name as CSR-OnPrem in the Fabric Name field.	
Step 4	Choose External_Fabric_11_1 from the Fabric Template drop-down list.	
Step 5	Enter the BGP AS number in the BGP AS # field.	
Step 6	Uncheck the Fabric Monitor Mode check box.	
Step 7	Click Save.	
	A fabric is created and the fabric topology window appears.	

What to do next

Discover the on-premises core router.

Discovering the On-Premises Core Router

Cisco CSR 1000v is used for on-premises core routing. To discover the core router in the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Before you begin

Ensure that you know the credentials of the core router.

Procedure

Step 1 Click **Add switches** in the Actions pane.

The Inventory Management dialog box appears.

Step 2 Enter values for the following fields under the **Discover Existing Switches** tab:

Field	Description
Seed IP	Enter the IP address of the core router.
Device Type	Choose IOS XE from the drop-down list, and click the CSR radio button.
Username	Enter the username of the core router for SSH access.
Password	Enter the password of the core router for SSH access.

Note An error appears if you try to discover a switch that is already discovered.

Step 3 Click Start Discovery.

The fabric topology window appears, and a pop-up message appears at the bottom-right about the discovery. For example: *<ip-address>* added for discovery.

Note Discovering switches might take some time.

Step 4 Click **Tabular view** in the Actions pane.

The switches and links window appears, where you can view the scan details. The discovery status is discovering in red with a warning icon next to it if the discovery is in progress.

Step 5 View the details of the core router.

After the router is discovered:

- The discovery status changes to ok in green with a check box checked next to it.
- The value of the router under the Fabric Status column will be In-Sync.

Step 6 Go back to the fabric topology window and refresh the topology.

What to do next

Set the role of the router to **Core Router**. Right-click the router, choose **Set role** > **Core Router**. Set up a VXLAN EVPN fabric for the on-premises data center, which has a BGW.

Setting Up the VXLAN EVPN Fabric

Create a fabric for the BGW.

Creating a VXLAN EVPN Fabric

To create a VXLAN EVPN fabric from Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

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Procedure

Step 1	Choose Control > Fabrics > Fabric Builder.
	The Fabric Builder window appears.
Step 2	Click Create Fabric.
	The Add Fabric dialog box appears.
Step 3	Enter the fabric name as site2 in the Fabric Name field.
Step 4	Choose Easy_Fabric_11_1 from the Fabric Template drop-down list.
Step 5	Enter values in all the mandatory fields.
Step 6	Click Save.
	A fabric is created and the fabric topology window appears.

What to do next

Add switches in this fabric and assign the BGW role for one of the switches.

Assigning the BGW Role

To assign a switch with the BGW role, perform the following steps:

Before you begin

Add switches to the site2 fabric.

Procedure

Step 1 Right-click the switch for which you need to set the BGW role.

A list of actions that you can perform on the switch appears.

Step 2 Choose **Set role > Border Gateway**.

What to do next

Set up a fabric for the public cloud.

Setting Up the External Fabric with CSR in Azure

Create an external fabric for the public cloud core router.

Creating an External Fabric

To create an external fabric from Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Control > Fabrics > Fabric Builder.
	The Fabric Builder window appears.
Step 2	Click Create Fabric.
	The Add Fabric dialog box appears.
Step 3	Enter the fabric name as CSR-Azure in the Fabric Name field.
Step 4	Choose External_Fabric_11_1 from the Fabric Template drop-down list.
Step 5	Enter the BGP AS number in the BGP AS # field.
Step 6	Uncheck the Fabric Monitor Mode check box.
Step 7	Click Save.
	A fabric is created and the fabric topology window appears.

What to do next

Discover the public-cloud core router in this fabric.

Discovering the Core Router

Cisco CSR 1000v Series router is used for the public-cloud core routing as well. To discover the core router in the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Before you begin

Ensure that you know the credentials of the core router.

Procedure

Step 1 Click **Add switches** in the **Actions** pane.

The Inventory Management dialog box appears.

Step 2 Enter values for the following fields under the **Discover Existing Switches** tab:

Field	Description
Seed IP	Enter the IP address of the core router.
Device Type	Choose IOS XE from the drop-down list, and click the CSR radio button.
Username	Enter the username of the core router for SSH access.
Password	Enter the password of the core router for SSH access.

Note An error message appears if you try to discover a switch that is already discovered.

Step 3	Click Start Discovery . The fabric topology window appears, and a pop-up message appears at the bottom-right about the switch discovery. For example: <ip-address> added for discovery</ip-address>		
	Note	Discovering switches takes some time.	
Step 4	Click T	abular view in the Actions pane.	
	The sw discove	itches and links window appears, where you can view the scan details. The discovery status is ring in red with a warning icon next to it if the discovery is in progress.	
Step 5	View th	e details of the core router.	
	After th	e discovery of the router:	
	• Th	e discovery status changes to ok in green with a check box checked next to it.	
	• Th	e value of the router under the Fabric Status column changes to In-Sync.	
Step 6	Go bac	k to the fabric topology window and refresh the topology.	

What to do next

Set the role of the router to **Core Router**. Right-click the router, choose **Set role** > **Core Router**. Create an MSD fabric and import other fabrics, created previously, into it.

Setting Up the MSD Fabric for Connectivity

Create an MSD fabric to bring all the standalone fabrics together for connectivity.

Creating an MSD Fabric

To create an MSD fabric from Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

	Procedure
Step 1	Choose Control > Fabrics > Fabric Builder.
	The Fabric Builder window appears.
Step 2	Click Create Fabric.
	The Add Fabric dialog box appears.
Step 3	Enter the fabric name as Cloud-Connect in the Fabric Name field.
Step 4	Choose MSD_Fabric_11_1 from the Fabric Template drop-down list.
Step 5	Enter values in all the mandatory fields.
Step 6	Click Save.

A fabric is created and the fabric topology window appears.

What to do next

Move other fabrics into this MSD fabric.

Moving Other Fabrics into the MSD Fabric

To move other fabrics into the **Cloud-Connect** fabric from the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Click **Move Fabric** in the **Actions** pane.

The Move Fabric dialog box appears. It contains a list of fabrics.

- Step 2 Choose CSR-OnPRem, site2, and CSR-Azure fabrics.
- Step 3 Click Add.
- **Step 4** Close the dialog box and refresh the fabric topology.

All the member fabrics appear in the Cloud-Connect fabric.



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What to do next

Set up the connections between fabrics.

Setting Up Connections

Connect the fabrics that you created previously using different links.

Connecting the On-Premises BGW and the On-Premises Core Router

To add a link between the on-premises BGW and the on-premises core router, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Right-click anywhere in the **Cloud-Connect** topology window.

The actions that you can perform in the fabric appears in a list. Alternatively, from the fabric topology window, choose **Tabular view** in the **Actions** pane, and click the **Links** tab.

Step 2 Choose Add Link.

The Link Management - Add Link dialog box appears.

Step 3 Enter values for the following fields:

Field	Description
Link Type	Choose the Inter-Fabric link type from the drop-down list.
Link Sub-Type	Choose the MULTISITE_UNDERLAY link sub-type from the drop-down list.
Link Template	Choose the csr_ext_multisite_underlay_setup link template from the drop-down list.
	Note This template is available only after you enable the preview functionality and restart the DCNM.
Source Fabric	Choose site2 as the source fabric from the drop-down list.
Destination Fabric	Choose CSR-OnPrem as the destination fabric from the drop-down list.
Source Device	Choose the BGW from the drop-down list.
Source Interface	Choose the BGW's interface.
Destination Device	Choose the on-premises core router from the drop-down list.
Destination Interface	Choose the on-premises core router's interface from the drop-down list.

Step 4 Enter values for the following fields under the **Link Profile** area in the **General** tab:

Field	Description
IP_MASK	Enter the IPv4 address of the source interface with a subnet.
NEIGHBOR_IP	Enter the IPv4 address of the destination interface.

To verify the IP address from the Cisco DCNM Web UI, choose **Control > Fabrics > Interfaces**. Choose the fabric from the **Scope** drop-down list, and search the device. The IP address of the device will be listed in the **IP/Prefix** column.

Step 5 Click Save.

The fabric topology window refreshes. A link is added between the on-premises BGW in the **site2** fabric and the on-premises core router in the **CSR-OnPrem** fabric.



What to do next

Connect the on-premises core router and the public-cloud core router.

Connecting the On-prem Core Router and the Public-cloud Core Router with IPsec Tunnel

To add a link between the on-prem core router and the public-cloud core router, perform the following steps:

Pro	ced	ure
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Step 1 Right-click anywhere in the **Cloud-Connect** topology window.

The actions that you can perform in the fabric appears in a list. Alternatively, from the fabric topology window, choose **Tabular view** in the **Actions** pane, and click the **Links** tab.

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Step 2 Choose Add Link.

The Link Management - Add Link dialog box appears.

Step 3 Enter values for the following fields:

Field	Description
Link Type	Choose the Inter-Fabric link type from the drop-down list.
Link Sub-Type	Choose the BGP_OVER_IPSEC link sub-type from the drop-down list.
Link Template	Choose the csr_link_template link template from the drop-down list.
Source Fabric	Choose CSR-OnPrem as the source fabric from the drop-down list.
Destination Fabric	Choose CSR-Azure as the destination fabric from the drop-down list.
Source Device	Choose the on-prem core router from the drop-down list.
Source Interface	Choose the on-prem core router's interface.
Destination Device	Choose the public-cloud core router from the drop-down list.
Destination Interface	Choose the public-cloud core router's interface from the drop-down list.

Step 4 In the Link Profile area under the General tab, enter the pass key used for IPSec tunnel in the SHARED_KEY field.

Step 5 (Optional) In the Link Profile area, choose the **Advanced** tab.

The fields under this tab have default values populated. Change the values if needed. This will create a loopback for which the eBGP peering is configured between the two core routers.

Step 6 Click Save.

The fabric topology window refreshes, and a link is added between the core routers in the **CSR-OnPrem** fabric and the **CSR-Azure** fabric.

Note The link will be down till you push it into the configuration.

Fabric Builder: Cloud-Connect			Save & Deploy
Fabric Builder: Cloud-Connect	Fabric: CSR-OnPrem	Fabric: site2	Source Version State Sta
		ste-rijk-9 ste-rijk-10	Add Link × Add Link was added accessifuly

What to do next

Connect the on-prem BGW and the public-cloud core router.

Connecting the On-prem BGW and the Public-cloud Core Router using EVPN Peering

To add a link between the on-prem core router and the public-cloud core router, perform the following steps:

	Procedure			
1	Right-click anywhere in the Cloud-Connect topology window.			
	The actions that you can perform in the f choose Tabular view in the Actions pa	abric appears in a list. Alternatively, from the fabric topology window, ne, and click the Links tab.		
2	Choose Add Link.			
	The Link Management - Add Link dia	alog box appears.		
	Enter values for the following fields:			
	Field	Description		

Field	Description
Link Type	Choose the Inter-Fabric link type from the drop-down list.
Link Sub-Type	Choose the MULTISITE_OVERLAY link sub-type from the drop-down list.

Field	Description	
Link Template	Choose the csr_ext_evpn_multisite_overlay_setup link template from the drop-down list.	
Source Fabric	Choose site2 as the source fabric from the drop-down list.	
Destination Fabric	Choose CSR-Azure as the destination fabric from the drop-down list.	
Source Device	Choose the on-prem BGW from the drop-down list.	
Source Interface	Choose the on-prem BGW's loopback interface.	
Destination Device	Choose the public-cloud core router from the drop-down list.	
Destination Interface	Choose the public-cloud core router's interface from the drop-down list.	
	Note If you did not create an interface, the destination interface will not appear in the drop-down list and you have to enter the destination interface.	

Step 4 Enter values for the following fields under the **Link Profile** area in the **General** tab:

Field	Description
IP_MASK	Enter the IPv4 address of the source interface with subnet.
NEIGHBOR_IP	Enter the IPV4 address of the destination interface.

Step 5 Click Save.

The fabric topology window refreshes, and a link is added between the BGW in the **site2** fabric and the core router in the **CSR-Azure** fabric.

Note The link will be down till you push it into the configuration.



What to do next

Save and deploy the configurations.

Saving and Deploying Configurations

To save and deploy the configurations in the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

	Procedure
Step 1	Click Save & Deploy.
	The Config Deployment dialog box appears, and you will see the Configuration Preview step. The intents for the links created among the BGW, on-prem data center, and the public cloud are generated.
Step 2	(Optional) Click the field against the BGW in the Preview Config column.
	The Config Preview dialog box appears for the BGW.
Step 3	(Optional) View the configuration details in the Pending Config column.
	It includes details about the underlay peering and overlay peering.
Step 4	(Optional) Click the field against the on-prem core router in the Preview Config column.
	The Config Preview dialog box appears for the on-prem core router.
Step 5	(Optional) View the configuration details in the Pending Config column.

It includes details about the interfaces, the IPsec tunnel, shared key, BGP peering between the core routers, and EVPN peering. Route maps are added indicating that all the BGP traffic and the data traffic should go through the tunnel.

Step 6 (Optional) Click the field against the public cloud core router in the **Preview Config** column.

The Config Preview dialog box appears for the on-prem core router.

Step 7 (Optional) View the configuration details in the **Pending Config** column.

It includes the details about VTEPs in addition to the details mentioned for the on-prem core router.

Step 8 Click Deploy Config.

The **Configuration Deployment Status** step appears, where you can see the deployment status of the configurations.

Step 9 Click **Close** after the successful deployment.

The fabric topology window appears. The IPsec tunnel will be up and active.

Note The deployment might take some time.



What to do next

Extend VRFs and deploy them.

Extending VRFs

VRFs are extended so that the workloads can be shared between the data center and the public cloud.

Deploying and Extending the VRF On-prem Core Router

To extend a VRF and deploy it on the on-prem core router from the fabric topology window of the MSD fabric, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Click the Total VRF link in the Overlay Fabric Information area, which is below the Save & Deploy icon.
	The Network / VRF Selection area of the VRFs window appears for the fabric.
Step 2	Choose the VRF for the on-prem core router and click Continue .
	The Network / VRF Deployment area of the VRFs window appears. The network topology of the fabric appears. You can hide the undiscovered cloud.
Step 3	Double-click the BGW.
	The VRF Extension Attachment dialog box appears.
Step 4	Choose the BGW and click the edit icon under the Extend column, to enable multi-site on it.
	A drop-down list appears under the Extend column.
Step 5	Choose MULTISITE from the drop-down list.
Step 6	Enter the loopback ID and the loopback IPv4 address under the respective columns to simulate the host on BGW.
	VRF Extension Attachment - Attach extensions for given switch(es)
	Fabric Name: Cloud-Connect

CLI Freeform	Status	Loopback Id	Loopback IPv4 Address	Loopback IPv6 Address
r	NA	101	14.14.14	

Step 7 Click Save.

The network topology of the fabric appears and the BGW will turn blue indicating that the deployment is pending.

Step 8 Click the preview option.

Deployment Options

The **Preview Configuration** dialog box appears. The EVPN configurations are pushed and the loopback interface is created.

Step 9 Click Deploy.

What to do next

Create a VRF and deploy it on the public cloud.

Creating and Deploying VRF on Public Cloud

To extend a VRF and deploy it on the public cloud core router from the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Before you begin

Ensure the VM is up and running. The VM should be attached to the public-cloud core router.

Procedure

Choose the CSR-Azure fabric from the Fabric Builder window.
The fabric topology window appears.
Right-click the public cloud core router.
A list of actions that you can perform on the router appears.
Choose View/edit policies from the list.
The View/Edit Policies dialog box appears.
Click the Add Policy icon.
The Add Policy dialog box appears.
Choose the csr_vrf_evpn policy from the Policy drop-down list.
Enter values in mandatory fields in the General tab.
Click Save.
The View/Edit Policies dialog box appears.
Click View All to view the networks and interfaces created.
The Generated Config dialog box appears. Details about the VRF, bridge domain, and the mapped VNI can also be viewed in this dialog box.

What to do next

Configure a default gateway on the public-cloud core router for the VM in the public cloud.

Configuring Default Gateway for the VM

To configure a default gateway on the public-cloud core router from the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Choose the CSR-Azure fabric from the Fabric Builder window.
	The fabric topology window appears.
Step 2	Right-click the public-cloud core router.
	A list of actions that you can perform on the router appears.
Step 3	Choose Manage Interfaces from the list.
	The Manage Interfaces dialog box appears.
Step 4	Click Edit Configuration to edit the interface for which the policy is created.
	The Edit Configuration dialog box appears.

Step 5 Edit the freeform config, click Save, and close the Manage Interfaces dialog box.

Manage Interfaces					×
Interfaces				Selected 1 / Total 7	0 - 0 4 -
+ ÷ · C X ↑ ↓ <	Edit Configuration		8	Show Quick Filter	T
Device Name Name	Name: :GigabitEth	arnet2		Mode VLAN	s IP/Prefix
GigabitEthern	Policy: GigabitEthernet	¥			
GigabitEthern	General				
GigabitEthern					
Loopback0		description conn-to-cloud-vm			
TunnelO		yn forwaroling <u>myyn, 50080</u> ip address 192, 168, 60, 1, 255, 255, 0			
Tunnel1	* Interface Freeform C	negotiation auto no mop enabled	Note ! All confias :		
	Interface Admin State	Admin state of the interface	See Preview Deploy		

The fabric topology window appears.

- Step 6Right-click the public-cloud core router and choose Deploy Config from the list.The Config Deployment dialog box appears.
- **Step 7** Click the value under the **Preview Config** column to check the preview configuration.
- **Step 8** Click **Deploy Config** to deploy the configuration.

The configuration will be pushed and deployed.

Step 9Click Close.Step 10Log on to the CLI to view the traffic flow.The traffic flows between the core routers and through the VRF.

Verifying the Connectivity

To verify the connectivity between the on-prem data center and the public cloud from Cisco DCNM Web UI, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Choose Control > Fabrics > VRFs.
	The VRFs window appears.
Step 2	Choose the Cloud-Connect fabric.
	VRFs in this fabric are listed.
Step 3	Choose the VRF and click Continue .
Step 4	Right-click the BGW.
	The VRF Extension Attachment dialog box appears.
Step 5	Uncheck the check box and click Save.
	The network topology window appears.
Step 6	Click Deploy to push the configurations.
	The VRF is disabled on the BGW.
Step 7	Check the CLI.
	The traffic will stop.
Step 8	Enable the VRF again on BGW.
Step 9	Check the CLI.
	The traffic will flow. Alternatively, access the HTTP address of the web server in the public cloud. You will get a Database Reachable message.

Deploying Cisco CSR 1000v on Microsoft Azure

To deploy a Cisco CSR 1000v in Microsoft Azure, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1	From the Microsoft Azure UI, choose Virtual Machines.					
	The Virtual Machines window appears.					
Step 2	Click Add.					
	The Create a virtual machine window appears.					
Step 3	Click the Create VM from Azure Marketplace hyperlink.					
	The Marketplace window appears, where you can search for the standard classic VMs.					
Step 4	Search for the CSR deployments in the marketplace.					
Step 5	Choose Cisco Cloud Services Router (CSR) 1000V from the search results.					
Step 6	Choose Cisco CSR 1000V Bring Your Own License – XE 16.9 or higher versions from the Select a software plan drop-down list.					
Step 7	Click Create .					
Step 8	Enter the project details and instance details in the Create a virtual machine window.					
Step 9	Choose the Password authentication type in the administrator account section.					
	Cisco DCNM does not support the SSH public key.					

Step 10 Create a username and password.

Microsoft Azure		➢ Search resources, services, and docs			
«	Home > Virtual machines > Create	e a virtual machine > Marketplace > Cisco Cloud Services Router (CSR) 1000V > Create a virtual r	nachine	
+ Create a resource	Create a virtual machine				
🌴 Home	Select the subscription to manage d	eployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to or	ganize and manage all		
🛄 Dashboard	your resources.				
E All services	* Subscription 🕤	Pay-As-You-Go	\sim		
	* Resource group ()	demo-csr2	~		
All resources		Create new			
Resource groups	INSTANCE DETAILS				
App Services	* Virtual machine name 🛛	csr3	×		
SOL databases	* Region 🕢	(US) West US	~		
Azure Cosmos DB	Availability options	No inference on a section down a new load			
Virtual machiner	Availability options	No intrastructure redundancy required	~		
	* Image 🚯	Cisco CSR 1000V Bring Your Own License - XE 16.9	~		
💎 Load balancers		Browse all public and private images			
Storage accounts	* Size O	Standard DS2 v2			
💮 Virtual networks		2 vcpus, 7 GiB memory			
Azure Active Directory		change size			
Monitor	ADMINISTRATOR ACCOUNT				
Advisor	Authentication type O	Password SSH public key			
Security Center	* Username 💿	cisco	~		
O Cost Management + Billing	* Password		~		
Help + support	* Confirm password	·	Ø Pa	assword and confirm password must mate	
				same and commission passion must match	
		•			
	Deview L scente	Premience Neutro Dicks >			
	Review + create	NEXT: DISKS 2			

- Step 11 Click Next : Disks >.
- **Step 12** Choose the **Standard HDD** option from the OS disk type drop-down list.

Home > Virtual machines > Create a virtual machine > Marketplace > Cisco Cloud Services Router (CSR) 1000V > Create						
Create a virtual machine						
Basics Disks Networking M	Management Advanced Tags Review + create					
Define network connectivity for your vi ports, inbound and outbound connecti more	Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution. Lea more					
NETWORK INTERFACE						
When creating a virtual machine, a net	work interface will be created for you.					
* Virtual network 🛛	demo-csr2					
	Create new					
* Subnet 🕢	subnet1 (10.1.0.0/24)					
	Manage subnet configuration					
Public IP 💿	(new) csr3-ip					
	Create new					
	None Basic Advanced					
NIC network security group 0						
NIC network security group	1 This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules					
NIC network security group	This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules					
NIC network security group	 This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules The selected subnet 'subnet1 (10.1.0.0/24)' is already associated to a network security group 'demo-csr2-SSH-SecurityGroup'. We recommend managing connectivity to this virtual machine via the existing network security group instead of creating a new one here. 					
NIC network security group	 This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules The selected subnet 'subnet1 (10.1.0.0/24)' is already associated to a network security group 'demo-csr2-SSH-SecurityGroup'. We recommend managing connectivity to this virtual machine via the existing network security group instead of creating a new one here. 					
NIC network security group ①	 This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules The selected subnet 'subnet1 (10.1.0.0/24)' is already associated to a network security group 'demo-csr2-SSH-SecurityGroup'. We recommend managing connectivity to this virtual machine via the existing network security group instead of creating a new one here. (new) csr3-nsg Create new 					

Step 16 Use the default values in other fields.

Step 17 Click Review + create.

A VM will be created for Cisco CSR 1000v in Microsoft Azure with a public IP address.

What to do next

- Attach network interfaces:
- 1. Choose the Networking setting of the VM.
- 2. Choose Attach network interface to add a Nic.

Attach one Nic each for both the subnets. IP addresses are automatically assigned.

3. Add an SSH rule using the port 22 to enable the SSH access of the core router.

Cisco DCNM discovers the core router using this SSH access.



Note Two UDP rules using the ports 500 and 4500 to enable the IPsec tunnel are added automatically.

	5							
demo-csr2 - Networkin Virtual machine	9							
© Search (Ctrl+/)	Attach netwo	rk interface 🛛 🏞 Detach network interface						
Overview	demo-csr2-Ni	c0-new//net demo-csr2-Nic1-new//net						
Activity log								
Access control (IAM)	Network Int	erface: demo-csr2-Nic0-newVnet	ective security rules	Topology				
Tags	Virtual network/s	ubnet: demo-csr2/subnet1 NIC Public IP:	104.42.181.20	NIC Private IP: 10.1.0.4	Accelerated networking: Di	isabled		
CDiagnose and solve problems	Inbound port	rules Outbound port rules Application	security groups I	load balancing				
ettings	Network sec	urity group damo.czr2-SSH-SecurityGroup (attached to subpat-	subpot1)				
Networking	Impacts 1 sub	nets, 2 network interfaces	attached to subhet.	subiletty			Add inbound	port rule
Disks	PRIORITY	NAME	PORT	PROTOCOL	SOURCE	DESTINATION	ACTION	
Size	100	A SSH-Rule	22	ТСР	Internet	Any	Allow	
Security	101	UDP-Rule1	500	UDP	Internet	Any	Allow	
Extensions	102	UDD D 1-2	4500					
Continuous delivery (Preview)	102	UDP-Rulez	4500	UDP	Internet	Any	Allow	
Availability set	65000	AllowVnetinBound	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow	
Configuration	65001	AllowAzureLoadBalancerInBound	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow	
Identity	65500	DenyAllInBound	Any	Any	Any	Any	O Deny	
Properties								
Locks	Network sector Impacts 1 sub	urity group demo-csr2-SSH-SecurityGroup (nets, 2 network interfaces	attached to network	c interface: demo-csr2-N	lic0-newVnet)		Add inbound	port rule
Export template	PRIORITY	NAME	PORT	PROTOCOL	SOURCE	DESTINATION	ACTION	
perations	100	A SSH-Rule	22	тср	Internet	Any	Allow	

 Create routes in the Routes setting of the VM to create traffic routes between the on-prem data center and Microsoft Azure. You can use the default route to redirect traffic from the VNet to Cisco CSR 1000v.

Home > subnet2-CSR-RouteTable						
subnet2-CSR-RouteTable						\$ >
,O Search (Ctrl+/) «	→ Move 📋 Delete	U Refresh				
🔮 Overview	Resource group (change)	: demo-csr2		Associations : 1 subne	t associations	
Activity log	Subscription (change)	: Pay-As-You-Go				
Access control (IAM)	Subscription ID	: 1cda121a-974e-4166-9625-a1e5f6	9bec73			
🛷 Tags	Tags (change)	: Click here to add tags				
✗ Diagnose and solve problems				\$		
Settings	Routes					
a Configuration						
📲 Routes	NAME		ADDRESS PREFIX		NEXT HOP	
Subnets	Route-to-192.168.202.0	AWS	192.168.202.0/24		10.1.1.4	
Properties	Route-to-Onprem		10.200.0.0/24		10.1.1.4	
Locks	Subnets	*				
Export template	Search subnets					
Support + troubleshooting	NAME	ADDRESS RANG	SE	VIRTUAL NETWORK	SECURITY GROUP	
Effective routes	subnet2	10.1.1.0/24		demo-csr2	-	
New support request						

See Cisco CSR 1000v Deployment Guide for Microsoft Azure for more information.

Viewing Links and Core Routers Details

To view the details of links and core routers from the fabric topology window, perform the following steps:

Procedure
From the Actions pane, choose Tabular view > Links.
The Links window appears.
Refresh the window.
The three links that you created will appear in the list.
(Optional) Double-click the on-prem core router to view the IP route information.
The IP Route Information dialog box appears.
(Optional) Click the Crypto Session tab to view the details about the IPsec tunnel.
(Optional) Click the BGP Session tab to view the details about the BGP session.
(Optional) Click the Packet Counter tab to view the packet counter details.
You can reset the counter value you see in the Packet Counter tab. See the Resetting Packet Counter Using API, on page 25 section more information.

Resetting Packet Counter Using API

To reset the packet counter, perform the following steps:

Procedure

- **Step 1** Log into Cisco DCNM.
- **Step 2** Navigate to the https://*DCNM-IP*/api-docs URL.
- Step 3 Expand the GET /cloud-extension/status/{ipAddress} API under cloud extension.
- **Step 4** Enter the IP address of the on-prem core router.
- **Step 5** Set the **fetchLatestFromSwitch** value to **true**.
- Step 6 Click Try it out.

The packet counter is cleared and the count drops to zero.



IP Route Information