

A Commands

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abort (Call Home)

To discard Call Home configuration changes and release the Cisco Fabric Services (CFS) lock, use the abort command.

abort

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Callhome configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command if you are the CFS lock owner or if you are logged into the device that holds the CFS lock.

Examples

This example shows how to discard Call Home configuration changes:

```
switch(config-callhome)# abort
switch(config-callhome)#
```

Command	Description
show callhome	Displays Call Home configuration information.
show running-config callhome	Displays the running configuration information for Call Home.

abort (Call Home)

To discard Call Home configuration changes and release the Cisco Fabric Services (CFS) lock, use the abort command.

abort

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Callhome configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification	
	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines

Use this command if you are the CFS lock owner or if you are logged into the device that holds the CFS lock.

Examples

This example shows how to discard Call Home configuration changes:

```
switch(config-callhome) # abort
switch(config-callhome) #
```

Command	Description
show callhome	Displays Call Home configuration information.
show running-config callhome	Displays the running configuration information for Call Home.

abort (session)

To discard the current configuration session, use the abort command.

abort

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Session configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to abort the current configuration session:

switch# configure session MySession1

switch(config-s)# abort

switch#

Command	Description
commit	Commits a session.
configure session	Creates a configuration session.
show configuration session	Displays the contents of the session.
verify	Verifies a session.

acllog match-log-level

To specify the minimum severity level to log ACL matches, use the acllog match-log-level command. To remove the acllog match log level, use the no form of this command.

acllog match-log-level severity-level no acllog match-log-level severity-level

Syntax Description

severity-level	Number of the desired severity level at which messages should be logged. Messages at or numerically lower than the specified level are logged. Severity levels are as follows:
	• 0—emergency: System unusable
	• 1—alert: Immediate action needed
	• 2—critical: Critical condition
	• 3—error: Error condition
	• 4—warning: Warning condition
	• 5—notification: Normal but significant condition—default level
	• 6—informational: Informational message only (default)
	• 7—debugging: Appears during debugging only

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
6.0(2)N1(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

This example shows how to set the acllog match-log-level to 6, informational:

```
switch(config) # acllog match-log-level 6
switch(config) #
```

Command	Description
logging level	Enables logging messages from a specified facility and configures the logging severity level.
logging logfile	Configures the name of the log file used to store system messages and sets the minimum severity level to log.

alert-group (Call Home)

To configure a CLI show command for an alert group, use the alert-group command. To remove a CLI command from an alert group, use the no form of this command.

alert-group alert user-def-cmd CLI-command no alert-group alert user-def-cmd CLI-command

Syntax Description

alert	Alert group. The alert group can be one of the following:	
	All—All alert groups	
	Cisco-TAC—Cisco TAC events	
	Configuration—Configuration events	
	Diagnostic—Diagnostic events	
	• EEM—EEM events	
	• Environmental—Power, fan, temperature-related events	
	• Inventory—Inventory status events	
	License—Licensing events	
	Linecard-Hardware—Linecard-related events	
	Supervisor-Hardware—Supervisor-related events	
	Syslog-group-port—Syslog message events filed by port manager	
	System—Software-related events	
	Test—User-generated test events	
user-def-cmd	Specifies a CLI command for an alert group.	
CLI-command	CLI show command. The command can be a maximum of 512 characters.	

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Callhome configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

You can customize predefined alert groups to execute additional CLI show commands when specific events occur and send that show output with the Call Home message. You can assign a maximum of five user-defined CLI show commands to an alert group.

You must enclose the show command in double quotes. Only valid show commands are accepted.



Note

You cannot add user-defined CLI show commands to the CiscoTAC-1 destination profile.

You can add show commands only to full text and XML destination profiles. Short text destination profiles do not support additional show commands because they only allow 128 bytes of text.

Examples

This example shows how to add a show command output to a Call Home message sent for an alert group:

switch(config-callhome) # alert-group configuration user-def-cmd "show running-config"
switch(config-callhome) #

Command	Description
copy running-config startup-config	Saves this configuration change.
show callhome user-def-cmd	Displays information about all user-defined show commands added to alert groups.

alert-group (Call Home)