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CHAPTER

Using the Predefined SAN Administrator Role

This chapter describes how to use the predefined SAN administrator (san-admin) role on the Cisco Nexus 5000 Series devices.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Information About the Predefined SAN Administrator Role, page 1-1
- Examples, page 1-2

Information About the Predefined SAN Administrator Role

The current Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) model in the Cisco Nexus 5000 Series device allows you to configure custom access roles that are based on rules. A rule can permit or deny access to a certain feature, interface, or command. For more information about RBAC, see the *Cisco Nexus 5000 Series NX-OS System Management Configuration Guide, Release 5.x.*

Limitations with the RBAC implementation previous to Release 5.2(1)N1(1) prompted the creation of a predefined SAN administrator role. These limitations were as follows:

- Some RBAC features that could be used for rule creation were not defined. This restriction caused the user to have to configure multiple rules for permitting or denying access to a certain feature.
- Mapping between the System Network Management Protocol (SNMP) object ID and the RBAC feature was missing for certain storage-area network (SAN) features. This restriction blocked SNMP management even if the role was configured to allow it.
- There was no role separation between LAN and SAN administrators.

To allow separation between SAN and local-area network (LAN) administrator responsibility, a new predefined SAN administrator role, called san-admin, has been created. You cannot modify this role, but you can use it to create your own custom role with custom defined rules that are appropriate for your specific organization. The RBAC model has also been enhanced and some new RBAC features have been defined to make rule creation easier.

SAN Administrator Role

The SAN administrator (san-admin) role allows a separation of SAN and LAN administrative tasks. With this role you can perform only Fibre Channel (FC) and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) configuration tasks using SNMP or the command line interface (CLI), without impact any Ethernet capabilities.

With the san-admin role, you can do the following tasks:

- Configure all interfaces. There is no restriction to only Fibre Channel (FC) interfaces.
- Configure all attributes of FC unified ports other than creating or deleting ports
- Configure all virtual SAN (VSAN) information, including database and membership
- Map preconfigured virtual LANs (VLANs) for FCoE to VSANs
- Configure zoning
- Configure and manage the following SAN features:
 - FC-SP
 - FC-PORT-SECURITY
 - FCoE
 - FCoE-NPV
 - FPORT-CHANNEL-TRUNK
 - PORT-TRACK
 - FABRIC-BINDING
- Configure SNMP-related parameters, except SNMP community and SNMP users.
- Save the entire running configuration, including FC/FCoE, Ethernet interface, and other non-default configurations.
- View all other configurations (read-only privileges).

Role-Feature Mapping

The san-admin role has role-feature mapping capabilities that you can used to permit or deny access to that feature. The features that can be mapped are as follows:

- copy (copy-related commands)
- trapRegEntry (SNMP trap registry command)
- snmpTargetAddrEntry (SNMP trap target command)
- snmpTargetParamsEntry (SNMP trap target parameters command)
- fcfe (FC fe related commands)
- fcoe (FCoE related commands)
- trunk (FC port channel trunk related commands)
- fcmgmt (FC management related commands)
- port-track (Port-track related commands)
- port-security (FC port security related commands)
- fabric-binding (Fabric binding commands)

Examples

The examples in the following sections show you how to perform various tasks for the SAN administrator role:

• Configuring a User with the SAN Administrator Role, page 1-3

- Verifying the SAN Administrator Role Configuration, page 1-3
- Enabling the FCoE Feature for the SAN Administrator User, page 1-4
- Modifying the SAN Administrator Default Role, page 1-4
- Verifying the New SAN Administrator Role Configuration, page 1-5
- Displaying the User Role Configurations, page 1-5

Configuring a User with the SAN Administrator Role

This example shows how to create a new user-id called "mynewuser" and assign that user to the san-admin role.

Verifying the SAN Administrator Role Configuration

This example shows how to verify the "mynewuser" SAN administrator role. It also shows this user's restricted command list, compared with the default command list.

```
Nexus 5000 Switch
login: mynewuser
Password:
Bad terminal type: "xterm-256color". Will assume vt100.
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php
switch# ?
  clear
            Reset functions
  configure Enter configuration mode
            Copy from one file to another
  debua
            Debugging functions
  show
            Show running system information
  end
            Go to exec mode
  exit
             Exit from command interpreter
```

Enabling the FCoE Feature for the SAN Administrator User

This example shows how to enable the FCoE feature for the "mynewuser" SAN administrator user. (You can enable only FC-related features for a SAN administrator user role.)

```
switch# configuration terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
switch(config)# feature ?
  fcoe     Enable/Disable FCoE/FC feature
  fcoe-npv Enable/Disable FCoE NPV feature
switch(config)# feature fcoe
FC license checked out successfully
fc_plugin extracted successfully
FC plugin loaded successfully
FCoE manager enabled successfully
FC enabled on all modules successfully
Enabled FCoE QoS policies successfully
```

Modifying the SAN Administrator Default Role

The san-admin role is a predefined system-based role that cannot be modified. However, you can use it as a model to create a new SAN administrator role.

This example shows how to create a new SAN administrator role, called "newsan-admin" and modify the role to allow the following capabilities:

- Upgrade and downgrade of the Cisco NX-OS system and kickstart image.
- Configuration of the 5548UP base ports to Ethernet or native FC type. (A reload of the module is still required to change the port-type assignment.)

```
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. switch(config)# role name newsan-admin
```

switch# configuration terminal

```
switch(config-role) # rule 1 permit read-write feature snmp
switch(config-role)# rule 2 permit read-write feature snmpTargetParamsEntry
switch(config-role) # rule 3 permit read-write feature snmpTargetAddrEntry
switch(config-role)# rule 4 permit read-write feature trapRegEntry
switch(config-role) # rule 5 permit read-write feature interface
switch(config-role)# rule 6 permit read-write feature fabric-binding
switch(config-role)# rule 7 permit read-write feature vsanIfvsan
switch(config-role)# rule 8 permit read-write feature vsan
switch(config-role) # rule 9 permit read-write feature wwnm
switch(config-role) # rule 10 permit read-write feature zone
switch(config-role)# rule 11 permit read-write feature span
switch(config-role) # rule 12 permit read-write feature fcns
switch(config-role)# rule 13 permit read-write feature fcsp
switch(config-role)# rule 14 permit read-write feature fdmi
switch(config-role) # rule 15 permit read-write feature fspf
switch(config-role) # rule 16 permit read-write feature rscn
switch(config-role)# rule 17 permit read-write feature rmon
switch(config-role) # rule 18 permit read-write feature copy
switch(config-role)# rule 19 permit read-write feature port-security
switch(config-role) # rule 20 permit read-write feature fcoe
switch(config-role)# rule 21 permit read-write feature port-track
switch(config-role)# rule 22 permit read-write feature fcfe
switch(config-role)# rule 23 permit read-write feature fcmgmt
switch(config-role)# rule 24 permit read-write feature trunk
switch(config-role) # rule 25 permit read-write feature rdl
switch(config-role) # rule 26 permit read-write feature fcdomain
```

```
switch(config-role)# rule 27 permit read-write feature install
switch(config-role)# rule 28 permit command configuration terminal; slot 1
switch(config-role)# rule 29 permit read
```

Verifying the New SAN Administrator Role Configuration

This example assumes that a new user was created called "newsanadmin" and it was assigned the newsan-admin role. This example shows how to verify the newsan-admin RBAC role using the newsanadmin user:

```
Nexus 5000 Switch
login: newsanadmin
Password:
Bad terminal type: "xterm-256color". Will assume vt100.
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0\ \mathrm{or}\ \mathrm{the}\ \mathrm{GNU}
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1. A copy of each
such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php
switch# configuration terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
switch(config)# slot 1
switch(config-slot)# port 16-32 type fc
switch(config-slot)# copy running-config startup-config
[############ 100%
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
switch(config-slot)# install all kickstart
bootflash:n5000-uk9-kickstart.5.2.1.N1.0.211.bin system
bootflash:n5000-uk9.5.2.1.N1.0.211.bin
Verifying image bootflash:/n5000-uk9-kickstart.5.2.1.N1.0.211.bin for boot variable
"kickstart".
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image bootflash:/n5000-uk9.5.2.1.N1.0.211.bin for boot variable "system".
```

Displaying the User Role Configurations

This example shows how to display the user roles and their configurations:

```
switch# show role

Role: network-admin

Description: Predefined network admin role has access to all commands on the switch

Rule Perm Type Scope Entity

permit read-write

Role: network-operator
```

```
Description: Predefined network operator role has access to all read
 commands on the switch
 Rule Perm Type Scope
                                         Entity
 ______
      permit read
Role: vdc-admin
 Description: Predefined vdc admin role has access to all commands within
 a VDC instance
      Perm Type Scope
 Rule
                                         Entity
      permit read-write
Role: vdc-operator
 Description: Predefined vdc operator role has access to all read commands
 within a VDC instance
      Perm Type
                        Scope
                                         Entity
 _____
       permit read
Role: san-admin
 Description: Predefined system role for san administrators. This role
 cannot be modified.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
 ______
      Perm Type
                       Scope
 Rule
 27
      permit read
 26
      permit read-write feature
                                         fcdomain
 2.5
                                         rd1
      permit read-write feature
 24
      permit read-write feature
                                         trunk
 2.3
       permit read-write feature
                                          fcmgmt
 22
        permit
              read-write feature
                                         fcfe
        permit read-write feature
 2.1
                                         port-track
 2.0
       permit read-write feature
                                         fcoe
 19
       permit read-write feature
                                         port-security
      permit read-write feature
 18
                                         сору
 17
      permit read-write feature
 16
      permit read-write feature
                                         rscn
 15
      permit read-write feature
                                         fspf
      permit read-write feature
 14
                                          fdmi
 13
       permit
              read-write feature
                                          fcsp
        permit read-write feature
 12
                                         fcns
       permit read-write feature
 11
                                          span
 10
       permit read-write feature
                                         zone
 9
       permit read-write feature
                                         wwnm
 8
       permit read-write feature
 7
       permit read-write feature
                                         vsanIfvsan
 6
       permit read-write feature
                                         fabric-binding
 5
       permit read-write feature
                                          interface
 4
        permit
              read-write feature
                                          trapRegEntry
 3
        permit read-write feature
                                          snmpTargetAddrEntry
        permit read-write feature
 2.
                                          snmpTargetParamsEntry
 1
        permit read-write feature
                                          snmp
Role: priv-14
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
```

```
Vlan policy: permit (default)
  Interface policy: permit (default)
  Vrf policy: permit (default)
 Rule Perm Type
                           Scope
                                               Entity
  ______
        permit read-write
Role: priv-13
  Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
  vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-12
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
  Vlan policy: permit (default)
  Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-11
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
  vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-10
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-9
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
  vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-8
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
  Vlan policy: permit (default)
  Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-7
  Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
  vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
  Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-6
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
```

```
Role: priv-5
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-4
  Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
  vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-3
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-2
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-1
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
Role: priv-0
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
 Rule Perm Type
                          Scope
  ______
 10
     permit command
                                              traceroute6 *
 9
       permit command
                                              traceroute
       permit command
 8
                                              telnet6 *
 7
        permit
                command
                                              telnet *
        permit command
                                              ping6 *
 6
        permit command
 5
                                              ping *
  4
       permit command
                                              ssh6 *
 3
       permit command
                                              ssh *
 2
       permit command
                                              enable *
 1
        permit read
Role: priv-15
 Description: This is a system defined privilege role.
 vsan policy: permit (default)
 Vlan policy: permit (default)
 Interface policy: permit (default)
 Vrf policy: permit (default)
  _____
 Rule Perm Type
                          Scope
                                              Entity
```

permit read-write