



System Administration

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System Changes that Cause Firepower Chassis Manager Sessions to be Closed

The following system changes can cause the system to automatically log you out of Firepower Chassis Manager:

- If you modify the system time by more than 10 minutes.
- If the system is rebooted or shut down using Firepower Chassis Manager or the FXOS CLI.
- If you upgrade the FXOS version on Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.
- If you enable or disable FIPS or Common Criteria mode.



Note In addition to the above changes, you are automatically logged out of the system if a certain period of time passes without any activity. By default, the system will log you out after 10 minutes of inactivity. To configure this timeout setting, see [Configuring the Session Timeout](#). You can also configure an absolute timeout setting that will log users out of the system after a certain period of time even if the session is active. To configure the absolute timeout setting, see [Configuring the Absolute Session Timeout](#).

Changing the Management IP Address

Before you begin

You can change the management IP address on the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis from the FXOS CLI.



Note After changing the management IP address, you will need to reestablish any connections to Firepower Chassis Manager or the FXOS CLI using the new address.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect to the FXOS CLI (see [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).

Step 2 To configure an IPv4 management IP address:

- a) Set the scope for fabric-interconnect a:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope fabric-interconnect a
```

- b) To view the current management IP address, enter the following command:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # show
```

- c) Enter the following command to configure a new management IP address and gateway:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # set out-of-band ip ip_address netmask network_mask gw gateway_ip_address
```

- d) Commit the transaction to the system configuration:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect* # commit-buffer
```

Step 3 To configure an IPv6 management IP address:

- a) Set the scope for fabric-interconnect a:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope fabric-interconnect a
```

- b) Set the scope for management IPv6 configuration:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # scope ipv6-config
```

- c) To view the current management IPv6 address, enter the following command:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config # show ipv6-if
```

- d) Enter the following command to configure a new management IP address and gateway:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config # set out-of-band ipv6 ipv6_address ipv6-prefix prefix_length ipv6-gw gateway_address
```

Note Only IPv6 Global Unicast addresses are supported as the chassis's IPv6 management address.

- e) Commit the transaction to the system configuration:

```
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config* # commit-buffer
```

Example

The following example configures an IPv4 management interface and gateway:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope fabric-interconnect a
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # show

Fabric Interconnect:
  ID   OOB IP Addr      OOB Gateway      OOB Netmask      OOB IPv6 Address OOB IPv6 Gateway
  Prefix Operability
  -----
  A    192.0.2.112     192.0.2.1       255.255.255.0   ::              ::
  64   Operable
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # set out-of-band ip 192.0.2.111 netmask 255.255.255.0 gw 192.0.2.1
Warning: When committed, this change may disconnect the current CLI session
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect #
```

The following example configures an IPv6 management interface and gateway:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope fabric-interconnect a
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect # scope ipv6-config
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config # show ipv6-if

Management IPv6 Interface:
  IPv6 Address      Prefix      IPv6 Gateway
  -----
  2001::8998       64         2001::1
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config # set out-of-band ipv6 2001::8999 ipv6-prefix 64 ipv6-gw 2001::1
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis /fabric-interconnect/ipv6-config #
```

Changing the Application Management IP

You can change the management IP address on the application(s) attached to your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis from the FXOS CLI. To do so, you must first change the IP information at the FXOS platform level, then change the IP information at the application level.



Note Changing the application management IP will result in a service interruption.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect to the FXOS CLI. (See [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).

Step 2 Scope to the logical device:

scope ssa

scope logical-device *logical_device_name*

Step 3 Scope to the management bootstrap and configure the new management bootstrap parameters. Note that there are differences between deployments:

For standalone configuration of an ASA logical device:

a) Enter the logical device management bootstrap:

scope mgmt-bootstrap *asa*

b) Enter the IP mode for the slot:

scope ipv4_or_6 *slot_number* default

c) (IPv4 only) Set the new IP address:

set ip *ipv4_address* **mask** *network_mask*

d) (IPv6 only) Set the new IP address:

set ip *ipv6_address* **prefix-length** *prefix_length_number*

e) Set the gateway address:

set gateway *gateway_ip_address*

f) Commit the configuration:

commit-buffer

For a clustered configuration of ASA logical devices:

a) Enter the cluster management bootstrap:

scope cluster-bootstrap *asa*

b) (IPv4 only) Set the new virtual IP:

set virtual ipv4 *ip_address* **mask** *network_mask*

c) (IPv6 only) Set the new virtual IP:

set virtual ipv6 *ipv6_address* **prefix-length** *prefix_length_number*

d) Set the new IP pool:

set ip pool *start_ip* *end_ip*

e) Set the gateway address:

set gateway *gateway_ip_address*

f) Commit the configuration:

commit-buffer

For standalone and clustered configurations of Firepower Threat Defense:

- a) Enter the logical device management bootstrap:
scope mgmt-bootstrap *ftd*
- b) Enter the IP mode for the slot:
scope ipv4_or_6 *slot_number* *firepower*
- c) (IPv4 only) Set the new IP address:
set ip *ipv4_address* **mask** *network_mask*
- d) (IPv6 only) Set the new IP address:
set ip *ipv6_address* **prefix-length** *prefix_length_number*
- e) Set the gateway address:
set gateway *gateway_ip_address*
- f) Commit the configuration:
commit-buffer

Note For a clustered configuration, you must set the new IP address for each application attached to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. If you have an inter-chassis cluster or a HA configuration, you must repeat these steps for each application on both chassis.

Step 4 Clear the management bootstrap information for each application:

- a) Scope to ssa mode:
scope ssa
- b) Scope to the slot:
scope slot *slot_number*
- c) Scope to the application instance:
scope app-instance *asa_or_ftd*
- d) Clear the management bootstrap information:
clear-mgmt-bootstrap
- e) Commit the configuration:
commit-buffer

Step 5 Disable the application:

disable
commit-buffer

Note For a clustered configuration, you must clear and disable the management bootstrap information for each application attached to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. If you have an inter-chassis cluster or a HA configuration, you must repeat these steps for each application on both chassis.

Step 6 When the application is offline and the slot comes online again, re-enable the application.

- a) Scope back to ssa mode:

```
scope ssa
```

- b) Scope to the slot:

```
scope slot slot_number
```

- c) Scope to the application instance:

```
scope app-instance asa_or_fd
```

- d) Enable the application:

```
enable
```

- e) Commit the configuration:

```
commit-buffer
```

Note For a clustered configuration, you must repeat these steps to re-enable each application attached to the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. If you have an inter-chassis cluster or a HA configuration, you must repeat these steps for each application on both chassis.

Changing the Firepower 4100/9300 Chassis Name

You can change the name used for your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis from the FXOS CLI.

Procedure

- Step 1** Connect to the FXOS CLI (see [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).
- Step 2** Enter the system mode:
Firepower-chassis-A# **scope system**
- Step 3** To view the current name:
Firepower-chassis-A /system # **show**
- Step 4** To configure a new name:
Firepower-chassis-A /system # **set name** *device_name*
- Step 5** Commit the transaction to the system configuration:
Firepower-chassis-A /fabric-interconnect* # **commit-buffer**
-

Example

The following example changes the devices name:

```
Firepower-chassis-A# scope system
```

```

Firepower-chassis-A /system # set name New-name
Warning: System name modification changes FC zone name and redeploys them non-disruptively
Firepower-chassis-A /system* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis-A /system # show

Systems:
  Name           Mode           System IP Address System IPv6 Address
  -----
  New-name      Stand Alone   192.168.100.10   ::
New-name-A /system #

```

Install a Trusted Identity Certificate

After initial configuration, a self-signed SSL certificate is generated for use with the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis web application. Because that certificate is self-signed, client browsers do not automatically trust it. The first time a new client browser accesses the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis web interface, the browser will throw an SSL warning, requiring the user to accept the certificate before accessing the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. You can use the following procedure to generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) using the FXOS CLI and install the resulting identity certificate for use with the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. This identity certificate allows a client browser to trust the connection, and bring up the web interface with no warnings.

Procedure

-
- Step 1** Connect to the FXOS CLI. (See [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).
- Step 2** Enter the security module:
- ```
scope security
```
- Step 3** Create a keyring:
- ```
create keyring keyring_name
```
- Step 4** Set a modulus size for the private key:
- ```
set modulus size
```
- Step 5** Commit the configuration:
- ```
commit-buffer
```
- Step 6** Configure the CSR fields. The certificate can be generated with basic options (for example, a subject-name), and optionally more advanced options that allow information like locale and organization to be embedded in the certificate. Note that when you configure the CSR fields, the system prompts for a certificate password.
- ```
create certreq certreq subject_name
password
set country country
set state state
set locality locality
set org-name organization_name
```

```
set org-unit-name organization_unit_name
```

```
set subject-name subject_name
```

**Step 7** Commit the configuration:

```
commit-buffer
```

**Step 8** Export the CSR to provide to your certificate authority. The certificate authority uses the CSR to create your identity certificate.

a) Show the full CSR:

```
show certreq
```

b) Copy the output starting with (and including) "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----", ending with (and including) "-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----":

**Example:**

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIC6zCCAdMCAQAwdzELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxEzARBgNVBAGMCkNhbg1mb3JuaWEw
ETAPBgNVBACMFNhb3N1MRYwFAYDVQQKDA1DaXNjb3BteXN0ZW1zMQwwCgYD
VQQLDANUQUMxGjAYBgNVBAMMEWZwNDEyMC50ZXN0LmXvY2FsMIIBIjANBgkqhkiG
9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAs0ON5gagkfZ2fi4JVEANG+7YGgcHbnUt7LpV
yMChnKOPJjBwkUMNQAlmQsRQDcbJ232/sK0fMSnyqOL8JzC7itxeVEZRyz7/ax7W
GNveg/XP+zd03nt4GXM63FsrPcPmA7EwgqDSLoShtBEV10hhf4+Nw4pKCZ+eSSkS
JkTB1ZHaKV9bttYg3kf/UEUUGk/EyrVq3B+u2DsooPVq76mTm8BwYmQhBJEv4Pmu
RjWE88yEvVwH7JTEij9OvxbatjDjVSHZBURtCanvyBvGuLP/Q/Nmv3Lo3G9ITbL
L5gIYZVatTxp6HTUezH2MIiZ0avU6d1tB9rnyxgGth5dPV0dhQIDAQABOC8wLQYJ
KoZlHvcNAQkOMSAWhjAcBgNVHREEFtATghFmcDQxMjAudGVzdC5sb2NhbdANBgkq
hkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEAAZUfCbwx9vt5aVdCL+tAtu5xFE3LA310ck6Gj1Nv6W/6r
jBNLxusYi1rZzcW+CgnvNs4ArqYGyNVBySOavJO/VvQ1KfyxxJ10Ikyx3RzEjgK0
zzyoyrG+EZXC5ShiraS8HuWvE2wFM2wwWntHWtvcQy55+/hDPD2Bv8pQOC2Zng3I
kLfg1dxWf1xAxLzf5J+AuIQ0CM5HzM9Zm8zREoWT+xHtLSqAgg/aCuomN9/vEwyU
OYfoJmVAgC6AZyUmMfUfCoyuLpLwgkxB0gyaRdnea5RhiGjYQ21DXyDjEXp7rCx9
+6bvD11n70JCegHdCwtP75SaNyaBEPk00365rTckbw==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

**Step 9** Exit the certreq mode:

```
exit
```

**Step 10** Exit the keyring mode:

```
exit
```

**Step 11** Provide the CSR output to the Certificate Authority in accordance with the Certificate Authority's enrollment process. If the request is successful, the Certificate Authority sends back an identity certificate that has been digitally signed using the CA's private key.

**Step 12** **Note** All identity certificates must be in Base64 format to be imported into FXOS. If the identity certificate chain received from the Certificate Authority is in a different format, you must first convert it with an SSL tool such as OpenSSL.

Create a new trustpoint to hold the identity certificate chain.

```
create trustpoint trustpoint_name
```

**Step 13** Enter the identity certificate chain you received from the Certificate Authority in step 11, following the instructions on screen.



**Note** For a Certificate Authority that uses intermediate certificates, the root and intermediate certificates must be combined. In a text file, paste the root certificate at the top, followed by each intermediate certificate in the chain, including all BEGIN CERTIFICATE and END CERTIFICATE flags. Copy and paste that entire text block into the trustpoint.

### set certchain

#### Example:

```
firepower /security/trustpoint* # set certchain
Enter lines one at a time. Enter ENDOFBUF to finish. Press ^C to abort.
Trustpoint Certificate Chain:
>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
>MIICDTCCAbOgAwIBAgIQYIutxPDPw6BOP3uKNgJHZDAKBggqhkjOPQDAjBTMRUw
>EwYKZImiZPyLQBGryFbG9jYWwxGDAWBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFghuYWF1c3RpbjEg
>MB4GA1UEAxMXbmfhdXN0aW4tTkFBVVNUSU4tUEMtQ0EwHhcNMTUwNzI4MTc1NjU2
>WhcNMjAwNzI4MTgwNjU2WjBTMRUwEwYKZImiZPyLQBGryFbG9jYWwxGDAWBgoJ
>kiaJk/IsZAEZFghuYWF1c3RpbjEgMB4GA1UEAxMXbmfhdXN0aW4tTkFBVVNUSU4t
>UEMtQ0EwWTAwTgqhkjOPQIBBggqhkjOPQMBBwNCAASvEA27V1Enq1gMtLkVJ6rx
>GXRpxWIEyuiBM4eQRoqZKnkeJUKm1xmqlubaDHPJ5TMGfJQYszLBRJPq+mdrKcDl
>o2kwZzATBgkrBgEEAYI3FAIEBh4EAEMAQTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAyYwDwYDVR0T
>AQH/BAUwAwEB/zAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUyInbDHPPrFwEEBcbxGSgQW7pOVIkwEAYJKwYB
>BAGCNxUBBAMCAQAwCgYIKoZIzjOEAwIDSAAwRQIhAP++QJTUmniB/AxPDDN63Lqy
>18odMDofTtkG4p3Tb/2yMAiAtMYhlsv1gCxsQVOW0xZVRugSdoOak6n7wCjTFX9jr
>RA==
>-----END CERTIFICATE-----
>ENDOFBUF
```

- Step 14** Commit the configuration:  
**commit-buffer**
- Step 15** Exit the trustpoint mode:  
**exit**
- Step 16** Enter the keyring mode:  
**scope keyring** *keyring\_name*
- Step 17** Associate the trustpoint created in step 13 with the keyring that was created for the CSR:  
**set trustpoint** *trustpoint\_name*
- Step 18** Import the signed identity certificate for the server.  
**set cert**
- Step 19** Paste the contents of the identity certificate provided by the Certificate authority:

#### Example:

```
Enter lines one at a time. Enter ENDOFBUF to finish. Press ^C to abort.
Keyring certificate:
>-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
>MIIE8DCCBjAgAwIBAgITRQAAAArehlUWgiTzvgAAAAACjAKBggqhkjOPQDAjBT
>MRUwEwYKZImiZPyLQBGryFbG9jYWwxGDAWBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFghuYWF1c3RpbjEg
>MB4GA1UEAxMXbmfhdXN0aW4tTkFBVVNUSU4tUEMtQ0EwHhcNMTUwNzI4MTc1NjU2
>WhcNMjAwNzI4MTgwNjU2WjBTMRUwEwYKZImiZPyLQBGryFbG9jYWwxGDAWBgoJ
>kiaJk/IsZAEZFghuYWF1c3RpbjEgMB4GA1UEAxMXbmfhdXN0aW4tTkFBVVNUSU4t
>UEMtQ0EwWTAwTgqhkjOPQIBBggqhkjOPQMBBwNCAASvEA27V1Enq1gMtLkVJ6rx
>bXMXDDAKBgNVBAsTA1RBRQzEaMBGGA1UEAxMRZnA0MTIwLnRlc3QubG9jYWwggEi
>MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQCzQ43mBqCR9nZ+Lg1UQA0b7tga
```

```

>BwdudS3sulXIwKGo48mMHCQRw1ADWZCxFANxsnbfb+wrR8xKfKo4vvnMLuK3F5U
>RlHLPv9rHtYY296D9c/7N3Tee3gZczrcWys9w+YDsTCCoNIuhKG0ERXSGF/j43D
>ikoJn55JKRImRMHVkdopX1u21iDeR/9QRRSCT8TKtWrcH67YOyig9WrvqZObwHBg
>yodskS/g+a5GNyTzzIS9XAfs1MSKP06/Ftq2MONVIkdkFRG0Jqe/IG8a4s/9D82a
>/cujcb0hNssvmAhh1Vq1PGnodNR7MfYwgjM5q9Tp3W0H2ufLGAA2H109XR2FAGMB
>AAGjggJYMIICVDACBgNVHREEFTATghFmcDQxMjAudGVzdC5sb2NhbDAdBgNVHQ4E
>FgQU/1WpstiEYExs8D1ZWcuHwZwPtU5QwHwYDVR0jBBGwFoAUyInbDHPFwEEBcbx
>GSgQW7pOVIkwgdwGA1UdHwSB1DCB0TCBzqCBY6CByIaBxWxkYXA6Ly8vQ049bmFh
>dXN0aW4tTkFBVVNUSU4tUEMtQ0EsQ049bmFhdXN0aW4tcGMsQ049Q0RQLENOPVB1
>YmXpYyUyMEtleSUyMFN1cnZpY2VzLENOPVN1cnZpY2VzLENOPUNvbmZpZ3VyYXRp
>b24sREM9bmFhdXN0aW4sREM9bG9jYWwvY2VydGlmawNhdGVsZXZvY2F0aW9uTG1z
>dD9iYXN1P29iamVjdENsYXNzPWNSTERpc3RyaWJldGlvb1BvaW50MIHMBGgrBgEF
>BQCBAQSBvzCBvDCBuQYIKwYBBQUHMAKGaxsZGFwOi8vL0NOPW5hYXVzdGluLU5B
>QVVTVE1OLVBDLUNBLENOPUFJQSxDTj1QdWJsaWMLMjBLZXk1MjBTZXJ2aWN1cyxD
>Tj11TZXJ2aWN1cyxDTj1Db25maWd1cmF0aW9uLERDPW5hYXVzdGluLERDPWxvY2Fs
>P2NBQ2VydGlmawNhdGU/YmFzZT9vYmplY3RDdbGFzcmZ1jZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uQXV0
>aG9yaXR5MCEGCSsGAQQBqjcuUAgQUHhIAVwB1AGIAUwB1AHIAdgB1AHIWdG9YDVR0P
>AQH/BAQDAgWgMBMGA1UdJQOMMAoGCCsGAQUFBwMBMAoGCCqGSM49BAMCA0gAMEUC
>IFew7NcJirEtfRvxyjkQ4/dVo2oI6CRB308WQbYHNUu/AiEA7UdObiSJBG/PBZjm
>sgoIK60akbjotTvUdUd9b6K1Uw=
>-----END CERTIFICATE-----
>ENDOFBUF

```

**Step 20** Exit the keyring mode:

```
exit
```

**Step 21** Exit the security mode:

```
exit
```

**Step 22** Enter the system mode:

```
scope system
```

**Step 23** Enter the services mode:

```
scope services
```

**Step 24** Configure the FXOS web service to use the new certificate:

```
set https keyring keyring_name
```

**Step 25** Commit the configuration:

```
commit-buffer
```

**Step 26** Display the keyring associated with the HTTPS server. It should reflect the keyring name created in step 3 of this procedure. If the screen output displays the default keyring name, the HTTPS server has not yet been updated to use the new certificate:

```
show https
```

**Example:**

```

fp4120 /system/services # show https
Name: https
 Admin State: Enabled
 Port: 443
 Operational port: 443
 Key Ring: firepower_cert
 Cipher suite mode: Medium Strength

```

```
Cipher suite: ALL:!ADH:!EXPORT40:!EXPORT56:!LOW:!RC4:!MD5:!IDEA:+HIGH:+MEDIUM:+EXP:+eNULL
```

**Step 27** Display the contents of the imported certificate, and verify that the **Certificate Status** value displays as **Valid**:  
**scope security**

**show keyring** *keyring\_name* **detail**

**Example:**

```
fp4120 /security # scope security
fp4120 /security # show keyring firepower_cert detail
Keyring firepower_cert:
 RSA key modulus: Mod2048
 Trustpoint CA: firepower_chain
Certificate status: Valid
Certificate:
Data:
 Version: 3 (0x2)
 Serial Number:
 45:00:00:00:0a:de:86:55:16:82:24:f3:be:00:00:00:00:00:0a
 Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
 Issuer: DC=local, DC=naaustin, CN=naaustin-NAAUSTIN-PC-CA
 Validity
 Not Before: Apr 28 13:09:54 2016 GMT
 Not After : Apr 28 13:09:54 2018 GMT
 Subject: C=US, ST=California, L=San Jose, O=Cisco Systems, OU=TAC,
 CN=fp4120.test.local
 Subject Public Key Info:
 Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
 Public-Key: (2048 bit)
 Modulus:
 00:b3:43:8d:e6:06:a0:91:f6:76:7e:2e:09:54:40:
 0d:1b:ee:d8:1a:07:07:6e:75:2d:ec:ba:55:c8:c0:
 a1:9c:a3:8f:26:30:70:91:43:0d:40:0d:66:42:c4:
 50:0d:c6:c9:db:7d:bf:b0:ad:1f:31:29:f2:a8:e2:
 fc:27:30:bb:8a:dc:5e:54:46:51:cb:3e:ff:6b:1e:
 d6:18:db:de:83:f5:cf:fb:37:74:de:7b:78:19:73:
 3a:dc:5b:2b:3d:c3:e6:03:b1:30:82:a0:d2:2e:84:
 a1:b4:11:15:d7:48:61:7f:8f:8d:c3:8a:4a:09:9f:
 9e:49:29:12:26:44:c1:d5:91:da:29:5f:5b:b6:d6:
 20:de:47:ff:50:45:14:82:4f:c4:ca:b5:6a:dc:1f:
 ae:d8:3b:28:a0:f5:6a:ef:a9:93:9b:c0:70:60:ca:
 87:6c:91:2f:e0:f9:ae:46:35:84:f3:cc:84:bd:5c:
 07:ec:94:c4:8a:3f:4e:bf:16:da:b6:30:e3:55:22:
 47:64:15:11:b4:26:a7:bf:20:6f:1a:e2:cf:fd:0f:
 cd:9a:fd:cb:a3:71:bd:21:36:cb:2f:98:08:61:95:
 5a:b5:3c:69:e8:74:d4:7b:31:f6:30:82:33:39:ab:
 d4:e9:dd:6d:07:da:e7:cb:18:06:b6:1e:5d:3d:5d:
 1d:85
 Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
 X509v3 extensions:
 X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
 DNS:fp4120.test.local
 X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
 FF:55:A9:B2:D8:84:60:4C:6C:F0:39:59:59:CB:87:67:03:ED:BB:94
 X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
 keyid:C8:89:DB:0C:73:EB:17:01:04:05:C6:F1:19:28:10:5B:BA:4E:54:89
 X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
 Full Name:
 URI:ldap:///CN=naaustin-NAAUSTIN-PC-CA,CN=naaustin-pc,CN=CDP,
 CN=Public%20Key%20Services,CN=Services,CN=Configuration,DC=naaustin,
 DC=local?certificateRevocationList?base?objectClass=cRLDistributionPoint
```

```

Authority Information Access:
 CA Issuers - URI:ldap:///CN=naaustin-NAAUSTIN-PC-CA,CN=AIA,
 CN=Public%20Key%20Services,CN=Services,CN=Configuration,DC=naaustin,
 DC=local?cACertificate?base?objectClass=certificationAuthority
 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.20.2:
 ...W.e.b.S.e.r.v.e.e.r
X509v3 Key Usage: critical
 Digital Signature, Key Encipherment
X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
 TLS Web Server Authentication
Signature Algorithm: ecdsa-with-SHA256
 30:45:02:20:57:b0:ec:d7:09:8a:b1:2d:15:1b:f2:c6:39:10:
 e3:f7:55:a3:6a:08:e8:24:41:df:4f:16:41:b6:07:35:4b:bf:
 02:21:00:ed:47:4e:6e:24:89:04:6f:cf:05:98:e6:b2:0a:08:
 2b:ad:1a:91:b8:e8:b4:e4:ef:51:d5:1d:f5:be:8a:d5:4c
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIEDCCBJagAwIBAgITRQAAAArehlUWgiTzvgAAAAACjAKBggqhkJOPQQDAjBT
MRUwEwYKCZImiZPyLQBGRYFbG9jYWwzGDAWBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFghuYWF1c3Rp
bjEgMB4GA1UEAxMXbmfhdXN0aW44tTkFBVNVUSU4tUEMTQ0EwHhcNMjYwNDI4MTMw
OTU0WWhcNMTGwNDI4MTMwOTU0WjB3MQswCQYDVQQLGwJVVUzETMBEGA1UECBMQ2Fs
aWZvcn5pYTERRMA8GA1UEBxMIU2FuIEpvc2UxXjAUBGNVBAOTDUNpc2NvIFN5c3Rl
bXMxNDgBAgNBAsTAlRBQzEaMBGGA1UEAxMRZna0MTiWLnRlc3QubG9jYWwggEi
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIABQCCzQ43mBqCR9nZ+LglUQA0b7tga
BwdudS3sulXlWkGco48mMHCQRwlADWZCxFANxsnbfb+wrR8xKfKo4vwnMLuK3F5U
RlHLPv9rhtYY296D9c/7N3Tee3gZczrcWys9w+YDsTCCoNIuhKGOERXXSGF/j43D
ikoJn55JKRImRMHVkdopX1u21iDeR/9QRRSCT8TKtWrcH67Y0yig9WrvqZObwHBg
yodskS/g+a5GNyTzIs9XAfslMSKP06/Ftq2MONVIkdkFRG0Jqe/IG8a4s/9D82a
/cujcb0hNssvmAhh1Vq1PGnodNR7mFYwgjM5q9Tp3W0H2ufLGAa2H109XR2FAGMB
AAGjggJYMICVDacBgnVHREFTATghFmcDQxMjAudGVzdc5sb2NhbdAdBgnVHQ4E
FgQU/lWpstiEYExs8D1ZWcuHHzwPtU5QwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAUyInbDHPrrFwEEBcbx
GSgQW7pOVIkwdwGAlUdHwSB1DCB0TCBzCBy6CByIaBxWxkYXA6Ly8vQ049bmFh
dXN0aW44tTkFBVNVUSU4tUEMTQ0EzQ049bmFhXN0aW44tGMSQ049Q0RQLENOPVB1
YmXpYyUyMETleSUyMFNlcnZpY2VzLENOPVNlcnZpY2VzLENOPUNvbmZpZ3VvYXRp
b24sREM9bmFhdXN0aW44sREM9bG9jYWw/Y2VydGlmaWNhdGV5ZXZvY2F0aW9uTG1z
dD9iYXNlP29iamVjdENsYXNzPWNSTERpc3RyaWJldGlvb1BvaW50MIHBMgggrBgEF
BQcBAQBvzCBvDCBuQYIKwYBBQUHMAKGgaxsZGFwOj8vL0NOPW5hYXVzdGlULU5B
QVVTVElOLVBDLUNBLENOPUFJQSxDTj1QdWJsaWwMLmJBLZxklmJBTZXJ2aWNlcYxD
Tj1TZXJ2aWwNlcYxDTj1Db25maWdlcmF0aW9uLERDPW5hYXVzdGlULERDPWxvY2Fs
P2NBQ2VydGlmaWNhdGU/YmFzZT9vYmplY3RDbGFzc21jZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uQXV0
aG9yaXR5MCEGCSsGAQQBggjcUAgQUHhIAVwBlAGIAUwBlAHIAhgBlAHIAIwDgYDVR0P
AQH/BAQDAgWgMBMGA1UdJQQMMAoGCCsGAQUFBwMBAoGCCqGSM49BAMCA0gAMEUC
IFew7NcJirEtFrvyXjkQ4/dVo2oI6CRB308WQbYHNUu/AiEA7UdObisJBG/PBzjm
sgoIK60akbjotOTvUdUd9b6K1Uw=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

```

Zeroized: No

### What to do next

To verify that the new trusted certificate is presented, navigate to the Firepower Chassis Manager by entering [https://<FQDN\\_or\\_IP>](https://<FQDN_or_IP>) in the address bar of a web browser.



#### Note

Browsers also verify the subject-name of a certificate against the input in the address bar. If the certificate is issued to the fully qualified domain name, it must be accessed that way in the browser. If it is accessed via IP address, a different SSL error is thrown (Common Name Invalid) even if the trusted certificate is used.

# Pre-Login Banner

With a pre-login banner, when a user logs into Firepower Chassis Manager, the system displays the banner text and the user must click **OK** on the message screen before the system prompts for the username and password. If a pre-login banner is not configured, the system goes directly to the username and password prompt.

When a user logs into the FXOS CLI, the system displays the banner text, if configured, before it prompts for the password.

## Creating the Pre-Login Banner

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Connect to the FXOS CLI (see [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).
- Step 2** Enter security mode:  
Firepower-chassis# **scope security**
- Step 3** Enter banner security mode:  
Firepower-chassis /security # **scope banner**
- Step 4** Enter the following command to create a pre-login banner:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner # **create pre-login-banner**
- Step 5** Specify the message that FXOS should display to the user before they log into Firepower Chassis Manager or the FXOS CLI:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner\* # **set message**  
Launches a dialog for entering the pre-login banner message text.
- Step 6** At the prompt, type a pre-login banner message. You can enter any standard ASCII character in this field. You can enter multiple lines of text with each line having up to 192 characters. Press **Enter** between lines. On the line following your input, type **ENDOFBUF** and press **Enter** to finish.  
Press **Ctrl** and **C** to cancel out of the set message dialog.
- Step 7** Commit the transaction to the system configuration:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner\* # **commit-buffer**
- 

### Example

The following example creates the pre-login banner:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope security
Firepower-chassis /security # scope banner
```

```

Firepower-chassis /security/banner # create pre-login-banner
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner* # set message
Enter lines one at a time. Enter ENDOFBUF to finish. Press ^C to abort.
Enter prelogin banner:
>Welcome to the Firepower Security Appliance
>**Unauthorized use is prohibited**
>ENDOFBUF
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner #

```

## Modifying the Pre-Login Banner

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Connect to the FXOS CLI (see [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).
- Step 2** Enter security mode:  
Firepower-chassis# **scope security**
- Step 3** Enter banner security mode:  
Firepower-chassis /security # **scope banner**
- Step 4** Enter pre-login-banner banner security mode:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner # **scope pre-login-banner**
- Step 5** Specify the message that FXOS should display to the user before they log into Firepower Chassis Manager or the FXOS CLI:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner # **set message**  
Launches a dialog for entering the pre-login banner message text.
- Step 6** At the prompt, type a pre-login banner message. You can enter any standard ASCII character in this field. You can enter multiple lines of text with each line having up to 192 characters. Press **Enter** between lines.  
On the line following your input, type **ENDOFBUF** and press **Enter** to finish.  
Press **Ctrl** and **C** to cancel out of the set message dialog.
- Step 7** Commit the transaction to the system configuration:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner\* # **commit-buffer**
- 

### Example

The following example modifies the pre-login banner:

```

Firepower-chassis# scope security
Firepower-chassis /security # scope banner
Firepower-chassis /security/banner # scope pre-login-banner
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner # set message
Enter lines one at a time. Enter ENDOFBUF to finish. Press ^C to abort.

```

```
Enter prelogin banner:
>Welcome to the Firepower Security Appliance
>**Unauthorized use is prohibited**
>ENDOFBUF
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis /security/banner/pre-login-banner #
```

## Deleting the Pre-Login Banner

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Connect to the FXOS CLI (see [Accessing the FXOS CLI](#)).
- Step 2** Enter security mode:  
Firepower-chassis# **scope security**
- Step 3** Enter banner security mode:  
Firepower-chassis /security # **scope banner**
- Step 4** Delete the pre-login banner from the system:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner # **delete pre-login-banner**
- Step 5** Commit the transaction to the system configuration:  
Firepower-chassis /security/banner\* # **commit-buffer**
- 

### Example

The following example deletes the pre-login banner:

```
Firepower-chassis# scope security
Firepower-chassis /security # scope banner
Firepower-chassis /security/banner # delete pre-login-banner
Firepower-chassis /security/banner* # commit-buffer
Firepower-chassis /security/banner #
```

## Rebooting the Firepower 4100/9300 Chassis

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Choose **Overview** to open the Overview page.
- Step 2** Click **Reboot** next to the Chassis Uptime in the upper-right corner of the Overview page.
- Step 3** Click **Yes** to verify that you want to power off the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.

The system will gracefully shut down any logical devices configured on the system and then power down each security module/engine before finally powering down and then restarting the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. This process takes approximately 15-20 minutes.

---

## Powering Off the Firepower 4100/9300 Chassis

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** Choose **Overview** to open the Overview page.
  - Step 2** Click **Shutdown** next to the Chassis Uptime in the upper-right corner of the Overview page.
  - Step 3** Click **Yes** to verify that you want to power off the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.  
The system will gracefully shut down any logical devices configured on the system and then power down each security module/engine before finally powering down the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis.
- 

## Restoring the Factory Default Configuration

You can use the FXOS CLI to restore your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis to factory default configuration.



**Note** This process erases all user configuration from the chassis including any logical device configuration. After completing this procedure, you will need to reconfigure the system (see [Initial Configuration Using Console Port](#)).

---

### Procedure

---

- Step 1** (Optional) The **erase configuration** command does not remove the Smart License configuration from the chassis. If you also want to remove the Smart License configuration, perform the following steps:  
**scope license**  
**deregister**  
Deregistering the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis removes the device from your account. All license entitlements and certificates on the device are removed.
- Step 2** Connect to the local-management shell:  
**connect local-mgmt**
- Step 3** Enter the following command to erase all user configuration from your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis and restore the chassis to its original factory default configuration:  
**erase configuration**



**Step 4**

The system prompts you to verify that you are sure you want to erase all user configuration.

Confirm that you want to erase the configuration by entering **yes** at the command prompt.

The system will erase all user configuration from your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis and then reboot the system.

---

