

Security Certifications Compliance

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Security Certifications Compliance

United States federal government agencies are sometimes required to use only equipment and software complying with security standards established by the U.S. Department of Defense and global certification organizations. The Firepower 4100/9300 chassis supports compliance with several of these security certification standards.

See the following topics for steps to enable features that support compliance with these standards:

- Enable FIPS Mode
- Enable Common Criteria Mode
- Configure IPSec Secure Channel, on page 2
- Configure Static CRL for a Trustpoint, on page 8
- About the Certificate Revocation List Check, on page 8
- Set the LDAP Key Ring Certificate, on page 12
- Configure Minimum Password Length Check
- Set the Maximum Number of Login Attempts



Note

Note that these topics discuss enabling certifications compliance on the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis only. Enabling certification compliance on the Firepower 4100/9300 chassis does not automatically propagate compliance to any of its attached logical devices.

Generate the SSH Host Key

Prior to FXOS release 2.0.1, the existing SSH host key created during initial setup of a device was hard-coded to 1024 bits. To comply with FIPS and Common Criteria certification, you must destroy this old host key and generate a new one. See Enable FIPS Mode or Enable Common Criteria Mode for more information.

Perform these steps to destroy the old SSH host key and generate a new certifications-compliant one.

Procedure

Step 1	From the FXOS CLI, enter services mode:
	scope system
	scope services
Step 2	Delete the SSH host key:
	delete ssh-server host-key
Step 3	Commit the configuration:
	commit-buffer
Step 4	Set the SSH host key size to 2048 bits:
	set ssh-server host-key rsa 2048
Step 5	Commit the configuration:
	commit-buffer
Step 6	Create a new SSH host key:
	create ssh-server host-key
	commit-buffer
Step 7	Confirm the new host key size:
	show ssh-server host-key
	Host Key Size: 2048

Configure IPSec Secure Channel

You can configure IPSec on your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis to provide end-to-end data encryption and authentication service on data packets going through the public network. This option is one of a number offered for achieving Common Criteria certification compliance on your system. For more information, see Security Certifications Compliance, on page 1.

Note

• If you elect to configure enforcement of matching cryptographic key strength between IKE and SA connections (set sa-strength-enforcement to yes in the below procedure):

If SA enforcement is enabled	then when IKE negotiated key size is less then ESP negotiated key size, the connection fails.
	then when IKE negotiated key size is large or equal than ESP negotiated key size, SA enforcement check passes and the connection is successful.
If SA enforcement is disabled	then SA enforcement check passes and the connection is successful.

Perform these steps to configure an IPSec secure channel.

Procedure

Step 1	From the FXOS CLI, enter security mode:
	scope security
Step 2	Create the keyring:
	enter keyring ssp
	! create certreq subject-name subject-name ip ip
Step 3	Enter the associated certificate request information:
	enter certreq
Step 4	Set the country:
	set country country
Step 5	Set the DNS:
	set dns dns
Step 6	Set the email:
	set e-mail email
Step 7	Set the IP information:
	set fi-a-ip fi-a-ip
	set fi-a-ipv6 fi-a-ipv6
	set fi-b-ip fi-b-ip
	set fi-b-ipv6 fi-b-ipv6
	set ipv6 ipv6

Step 8	Set the locality:	
	set locality locality	
Step 9	Set the organization name:	
	set org-name org-name	
Step 10	Set the organization unit name:	
	set org-unit-name org-unit-name	
Step 11	Set the password:	
	! set password	
Step 12	Set the state:	
	set state state	
Step 13	Set the subject name for the certreq:	
	set subject-name subject-name	
Step 14	Exit:	
	exit	
Step 15	Set the modulus:	
	set modulus modulus	
Step 16	Set the regeneration for the certificate request:	
	set regenerate { yes no }	
Step 17	Set the trustpoint:	
	set trustpoint interca	
Step 18	Exit:	
	exit	
Step 19	Enter the newly created trustpoint:	
	enter trustpoint interca	
Step 20	Generate certificate signing request:	
	set certchain	
	Example:	

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIF3TCCA8WgAwIBAgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBwMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUZEL MAkGA1UECAwCQ0ExDDAKBgNVBAcMA1NKQZEOMAwGA1UECgwFQ2lzY28xDTALBgNV BAsMBFNUQIUxCzAJBgNVBAMMAkNBMRowGAYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFgtzc3BAc3NwLm51 dDAeFw0xNjEyMDgxOTMzNTJaFw0yNjEyMDYxOTMzNTJaMHAxCzAJBgNVBAYTAIVT MQswCQYDVQQIDAJDQTEMMAoGA1UEBwwDU0pDMQ4wDAYDVQQKDAVDaXNjbzENMAsG A1UECwwEU1RCVTELMAkGA1UEAwwCQ0ExGjAYBgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWC3NzcEBzc3Au bmV0MIICIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAg8AMIICCgKCAgEA2ukWyMLQuLqTvhq7 zFb3Oz/iyDG/ui6mrLIYn8wE3E39XcXA1/x9IHCmxFKNJdD7EbsggfOuy0Bj+Y4s +uZ1VapBXV/JrAie7bNn3ZYrI29yuyOrIqoi9k9gL/oRBzH18BwBwGHBOz3hGrSK Yc2yhsq9y/6yI3nSuLZm6ybmUKjTa+B4YuhDTz4hl/I9x/J5nbGiab3vLDKss1nO xP9+1+Lc690V18/mNPWdjCjDI+U/L9keYs/rbZdRSeXy9kMae42+4F1RHDJjPcSN Yw1g/gcR2F7QUKRygKckJKXDX2QIiGYSctlSHj18O87o5s/pmQAWWRGkKpfDv3oH cMPgI2T9rC0D8NNcgPXj9PFKfexoGNGwNT085fK3kjgMOdWbdeMG3EihxEEOUPD0 Fdu0HrTM5lvwb+vr5wE9HsAiMJ8UuujmHqH5mlwyy3Me+cEDHo0hLeNs+AFrqEXQ e9S+KZC/dq/9zOLpRsVqSfJsAuVl/QdPDbWShjflE/fP2Wj01PqXywQydzymVvgE wEZaoFg+mlGJm0+q4RDvnpzEviOYNSAGmOkILh5HQ/eYDcxvd0qbORWb31H32yS1 Ila6UTT9+vnND1f838fxvNvr8nyGD2S/LVaxnZlO4jcSIvtdizbbT8u5B4VcLKIC x0vkqjo6RvNZJ52sUaD9C3UodTUCAwEAAaOBgTB/MC8GA1UdHwQoMCYwJKAioCCG Hmh0dHA6Ly8xOTIuMTY4LjQuMjkvcm9vdGNhLmNybDAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU7Jg01A74 jpx8U0APk76pVfYQQ5AwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU7Jg01A74jpx8U0APk76pVfYQQ5Aw DAYDVR0TBAUwAwEB/zANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAgEAvI8ky2jiXc4wPiMuxIfY W7DRmszPUWQ7edor7yxuCqzHLVFFOwYRudsyXbv7INR3rJ/X1cRQj9+KidWWVxpo pFahRhzYxVZ10DHKIzGTQS3jiHgrF3Z8ohWbL15L7PEDlrxMBoJvabPeQRgTmY/n XZJ7qRYbypO3gUMCaCZ12raJc3/DIpBQ29yweCbUkc9qiHKA0IbnvAxoroHWmBld 94LrJCggfMQTuNJQszJiVVsYJfZ+utlDp2QwfdDv7B0JkwTBjdwRSfotEbc5R18n BNXYHqxuoNMmqbS3KjCLXcH6xIN8t+UkfP89hvJt/fluJ+s/VJSVZWK4tAWvR7wl QngCKRJW6FYpzeyNBctiJ07wO+Wt4e3KhIjJDYvA9hFixWcVGDf2r6QW5BYbgGOK DkHb/gdr/bcdLBKN/PtSJ+prSrpBSaA6rJX8D9UmfhqqN/3f+sS1fM4qWORJc6G2 gAcg7AjEQ/0do512vAI8p8idOg/Wv1O17mavzLpcue05cwMCX9fKxKZZ/+7Pk19Y ZrXS6uMn/CGnViptn0w+uJ1IRj1oulk+/ZyPtBvFHUkFRnhoWj5SMFyds2IaatyI 47N2ViaZBxhU3GICaH+3O+8rs9Kkz9tBZDSnEJVZA6yxaNCVP1bRUO20G3oRTmSx8iLBjN+BXggxMmG8ssHisgw=

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIFqDCCA5CgAwIBAgIBBDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBwMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEL MAkGA1UECAwCQ0ExDDAKBgNVBAcMA1NKQzEOMAwGA1UECgwFQ2lzY28xDTALBgNV BAsMBFNUQlUxCzAJBgNVBAMMAkNBMRowGAYJKoZlhvcNAQkBFgtzc3BAc3NwLm5l dDAeFw0xNjEyMTUyMTM0NTRaFw0yNjEyMTMyMTM0NTRaMHwxCzAJBgNVBAYTAIVT MQswCQYDVQQIDAJDQTEPMA0GA1UECgwGbmV3c3RnMRAwDgYDVQQLDAduZXdzdGJ1 MRMwEQYDVQQDDAppbnRlcm0xLWNhMSgwJgYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhlpbnRlcm0xLWNh QGludGVybTEtY2EubmV0MIICIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAg8AMIICCgKCAgEA wLpNnyEx5I4P8uDoWKWF3IZsegjhLANsodxuAUmhmwKekd0OpZZxHMw1wSO4IBX5 4itJS0xyXFzPmeptG3OXvNqCcsT+4BXl3DoGgPMULccc4NesHeg2z8+q3SPA6uZh iseWNvKfnUjixbQEBtcrWBiSKnZuOz1cpuBn34gtgeFFoCEXN+EZVpPESiancDVh 8pCPlipc/08ZJ3o9GW2j0eHJN84sguIEDL812ROejQvpmfqGUq11stkIIuh+wB+V VRhUBVG7pV57I6DHeeRp6cDMLXaM3iMTelhdShyo5YUaRJMak/t8kCqhtGXfuLlI E2AkxKXeeveR9n6cpQd5JiNzCT/t9IQL/T/CCqMICRXLFpLCS9o5S5O2B6QFgcTZ yKR6hsmwe22wpK8QI7/5oWNXlolb96hHJ7RPbG7RXYqmcLiXY/d2j9/RuNoPJawI hLkfhoIdPA28xInfIB1azCmMmdPcBO6cbUQfCj5hSmk3StVQKgJCjaujz55TGGd1 GinxDMX9twwz7Ee51895Xmtr24qqaCXJoW/dPhcIIXRdJPMsTJ4yPG0BieuRwd0p i8w/rFwbHzv4C9Fthw1JrRxH1yeHJHrL1ZgJ5txSaVUIgrgVCJaf6/jrRRWoRJwt AzvnzYql2dZPCcEAYgP7JcaQpvdpuDgq++NgBtygiqECAwEAAaNBMD8wDAYDVR0T BAUwAwEB/zAvBgNVHR8EKDAmMCSgIqAghh5odHRwOi8vMTkyLjE2OC40LjI5L2ludGVybS5 jcmwwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggIBAG/XujJh5G5UWo+cwTSitAezWbJAh1dAiXZ/OYWZSxkFRliErKdupLqL0ThjnX/wRFfEXbrBQwm5kWAUUDr97D1Uz+2A 8LC5I8SWKXmyf0jUtsnEQbDZb33oVL7yXJk/A0SF0jihpPheMA+YRazalT9xj9KH PE7nHCJMbb2ptrHUyvBrKSYrSeEqOpQU2+otnFyV3rS9aelgVjuaWyaWOc3lZ1Oi CC2tJvY3NnM56j5iesxUCeY/SZ2/ECXN7RRBViLHmA3gFKmWf3xeNiKkxmJCxOaa UWPC1x2V66I8DG9uUzlWyd79O2dy52aAphAHC6hqlzb6v+gw1Tld7UxaqVd8CD5W ATjNs+ifkJS1h5ERxHjgcurZXOpR+NWpwF+UDzbMXxx+KAAXCI6ltCd8Pb3wOUC3 PKvwEXaIcCcxGx71eRLpWPZFyEoi4N2NGE9OXRjz0K/KERZgNhsIW3bQMjcw3aX6 OXskEuKgsayctnWyxVqNnqvpuz06kqyubh4+ZgGKZ5LNEXYmGNz3oED1rUN636Tw SjGAPHgeROzyTFDixCei6aROlGdP/Hwvb0/+uThIe89g8WZ0djTKFUM8uBO3f+II /cbuyBO1+JrDMq8NkAjxKlJlp1c3WbfCue/qcwtcfUBYZ4i53a56UNF5Ef0rpy/8

B/+07Me/p2y9Luqa -----END CERTIFICATE-----ENDOFBUF

Step 21 Show the certificate signing request:

show certreq

Example:

Firepower-chassis# /security/keyring # show certreq Certificate request subject name: SSP Certificate request ip address: 192.168.0.111 Certificate request FI A ip address: 0.0.0.0 Certificate request FI B ip address: 0.0.0.0 Certificate request e-mail name: Certificate request ipv6 address: :: Certificate request FI A ipv6 address: :: Certificate request FI B ipv6 address: :: Certificate request country name: US State, province or county (full name): CA Locality name (eg, city): SJC Organisation name (eg, company): Cisco Organisational Unit Name (eg, section): Sec DNS name (subject alternative name): Request: -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----MIICwTCCAakCAQAwVTELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAgMAkNBMQwwCgYDVQQHDANTSkMxDjAMBgNVBAoMBUNpc2NvMQ0wCwYDVQQLDARTVEJVMQwwCgYDVQQDDANT U1AwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDq292Rq3t0laoxPbfE p/ITKr6rxFhPqSSbtm6sXer//VZFiDTWODockDItuf4Kja215mIS0RyvEYVeRgAs wbN459wm0BASd8xCjIhsuHDV7yHu539BnvRW6Q2o+gHeSRwckqjClK/tsIxsPkV0 6OduZYXk2bnsLWs6tNk3uzOIT2Q0FcZ1ET66C8fyyKWTrmvcZjDjkMm2nDFsPlX9 39TYPItDkJE3PocqyaCqmT4uobOuvQeLJh/efkBvwhb4BF8vwzRpHWTdjjU5YnR1 qiR4q7j1RmzVFxCDY3IVP/KDBoa5NyCLEUZECP5QCQFDzIRETZwVOKtxUVG0Nljd K5TxAgMBAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgABAAGgJzAlBgkqhkiG9w0BCQ4xGDAWMBQGA1UdEQQNMAuCA1NTUIcEwKgAAAAGgJzAAGgjzAAGgjrjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEARtRBoInxXkBYNIVeEoFCqKttu3+Hc7UdyoRM 2L2pjx5OHbQICC+8NRVRMYujTnp67BWuUZZl03dGP4/lbN6bC9P3CvkZdKUsJkN0 m1Ye9dgz7MO/KEcosarmoMl9WB8LlweVdt6ycSdJzs9shOxwT6TAZPwL7gq/1ShF RJh6sq5W9p6E0SjYefK62E7MatRjDjS8DXoxj6gfn9DqK15iVpkK2QqT5rneSGj+ R+20 Tc Un T0 h/S5 K/by SEM/3 U1g Fx QCOz bz Pu Hkj28 kXAV czm Tx XEk JB FLV du WN o6DT3u0xImiPR1sqW1jpMwbhC+ZGDtvgKjKHToagup9+8R9IMcBQ== -----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

Step 22 Enter IPSec mode:

```
scope ipsec
```

Step 23 Set the log verbose level:

set log-level log_level

Step 24 Create and enter an IPSec connection: enter connection connection_name

Step 25 Set IPSec mode to tunnel or transport:

set mode tunnel_or_transport

Step 26	Set the local IP address:
	set local-addr ip_address
Step 27	Set the remote IP address:
	set remote-addr ip_address
Step 28	If using tunnel mode, set the remote subnet:
	set remote-subnet <i>ip/mask</i>
Step 29	(Optional) Set the remote identity:
	<pre>set remote-ike-ident remote_identity_name</pre>
Step 30	Set the keyring name:
	set keyring-name name
Step 31	(Optional) Set the keyring password:
	set keyring-passwd passphrase
Step 32	(Optional) Set the IKE-SA lifetime in minutes:
	set ike-rekey-time minutes
	The minutes value can be any integer between 60-1440, inclusive.
Step 33	(Optional) Set the Child SA lifetime in minutes (30-480):
	set esp-rekey-time minutes
	The minutes value can be any integer between 30-480, inclusive.
Step 34	(Optional) Set the number of retransmission sequences to perform during initial connect:
	set keyringtries retry_number
	The <i>retry_number</i> value can be any integer between 1-5, inclusive.
Step 35	(Optional) Enable or disable the certificate revocation list check:
	<pre>set revoke-policy { relaxed strict }</pre>
Step 36	Enable the connection:
	set admin-state enable
Step 37	Reload connections:
	reload-conns
	Connections that were previously not established are retried. Established connections remain untouched.
Step 38	(Optional) Add the existing trustpoint name to IPsec:
	create authority trustpoint_name
Step 39	Configure the enforcement of matching cryptographic key strength between IKE and SA connections:

set sa-strength-enforcement yes_or_no

Configure Static CRL for a Trustpoint

Revoked certifications are kept in the Certification Revocation List (CRL). Client applications use the CRL to check the authentication of a server. Server applications utilize the CRL to grant or deny access requests from client applications which are no longer trusted.

You can configure your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis to validate peer certificates using Certification Revocation List (CRL) information. This option is one of a number offered for achieving Common Criteria certification compliance on your system. For more information, see Security Certifications Compliance, on page 1.

Perform these steps to validate peer certificates using CRL information.

Procedure

Step 1	From the FXOS CLI, enter security mode:
	scope security
Step 2	Enter trustpoint mode:
	scope trustpoint trustname
Step 3	Enter revoke mode:
	scope revoke
Step 4	Download the CRL file(s):
	<pre>import crl protocol://user_id@CA_or_CRL_issuer_IP/tmp/DoDCA1CRL1.crl</pre>
Step 5	(Optional) Show the status of the import process of CRL information:
	show import-task detail
Step 6	Set the certificate revocation method to CRL-only:
	set certrevokemethod {crl}

About the Certificate Revocation List Check

You can configure your Certificate Revocation List (CRL) check mode to be either strict or relaxed in IPSec and secure LDAP connections.

FXOS harvests dynamic (non-static) CRL information from the CDP information of an X.509 certificate, which indicates dynamic CRL information. System administration downloads static CRL information manually, which indicates local CRL information in the FXOS system. FXOS processes dynamic CRL information

against the current processing certificate in the certificate chain. The static CRL is applied to the whole peer certificate chain.

For steps to enable or disable certificate revocation checks for your secure LDAP and IPSec connections, see Configure IPSec Secure Channel, on page 2 and Creating an LDAP Provider.



- If the Certificate Revocation Check Mode is set to Strict, static CRL is only applicable when the peer certificate chain has a level of 1 or higher. (For example, when the peer certificate chain contains only the root CA certificate and the peer certificate signed by the root CA.)
- When configuring static CRL for IPSec, the Authority Key Identifier (authkey) field must be present in the imported CRL file. Otherwise, IPSec considers it invalid.
- Static CRL takes precedence over Dynamic CRL from the same issuer. When FXOS validates the peer certificate, if a valid (determined) static CRL of the same issuer exists, FXOS ignores the CDP in the peer certificate.
- Strict CRL checking is enabled by default in the following scenarios:
 - Newly created secure LDAP provider connections, IPSec connections, or Client Certificate entries
 - Newly deployed FXOS Chassis Managers (deployed with an initial starting version of FXOS 2.3.1.x or later)

The following tables describe the connection results, depending on your certificate revocation list check setting and certificate validation.

Without local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
Checking peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain is required	Full certificate chain is required
Checking CDP in peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain is required	Full certificate chain is required
CDP checking for Root CA certificate of the peer certificate chain	Yes	Not applicable
Any certificate validation failure in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
Any certificate revoked in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
One CDP is missing in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Peer certificate: connection fails with syslog message
		Intermediate CAs: connection succeeded

Without local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
One CDP CRL is empty in the peer certificate chain with valid signature	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection succeeds
Any CDP in the peer certificate chain cannot be downloaded	Connection fails with syslog message	Peer certificate: Connection fails with syslog message Intermediate CA: connection succeeded
Certificate has CDP, but the CDP server is down	Connection fails with syslog message	Peer certificate: Connection fails with syslog message Intermediate CA: connection succeeded
Certificate has CDP, server is up, and CRL is on CDP, but the CRL has an invalid signature	Connection fails with syslog message	Peer certificate: Connection fails with syslog message Intermediate CA: connection succeeded

Table 2: Certificate Revocation Check Mode set to Strict with a local static CRL

With local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
Checking peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain is required	Full certificate chain is required
Checking CDP in peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain is required	Full certificate chain is required
CDP checking for Root CA certificate of the peer certificate chain	Yes	Not applicable
Any certificate validation failure in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
Any certificate revoked in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
One CDP is missing in the peer certificate chain (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
One CDP CRL is empty in the peer certificate chain (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Any CDP in the peer certificate chain cannot be downloaded (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds

With local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
Certificate has CDP, but the CDP server is down (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Certificate has CDP, server is up, and CRL is on CDP, but the CRL has an invalid signature (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Peer Certificate Chain level is higher than 1	Connection fails with syslog message	If combined with CDP, connection succeeds
		If there is no CDP, connection fails with syslog message

Table 3: Certificate Revocation Check Mode set to Relaxed without a local static CRL

Without local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
Checking peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain	Full certificate chain
Checking CDP in the peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain	Full certificate chain
CDP checking for Root CA certificate of the peer certificate chain	Yes	Not applicable
Any certificate validation failure in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
Any certificate revoked in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
One CDP is missing in the peer certificate chain	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
One CDP CRL is empty in the peer certificate chain	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Any CDP in the peer certificate chain cannot be downloaded	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Certificate has CDP, but the CDP server is down	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Certificate has CDP, server is up, and CRL is on CDP, but the CRL has an invalid signature	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds

With local static CRL	LDAP Connection	IPSec Connection
Checking peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain	Full certificate chain
Checking CDP in the peer certificate chain	Full certificate chain	Full certificate chain
CDP checking for Root CA certificate of the peer certificate chain	Yes	Not applicable
Any certificate validation failure in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
Any certificate revoked in the peer certificate chain	Connection fails with syslog message	Connection fails with syslog message
One CDP is missing in the peer certificate chain (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
One CDP CRL is empty in the peer certificate chain (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Any CDP in the peer certificate chain cannot be downloaded (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Certificate has CDP, but the CDP server is down (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Certificate has CDP, server is up, and CRL is on CDP, but the CRL has an invalid signature (Certificate Chain level is 1)	Connection succeeds	Connection succeeds
Peer Certificate Chain level is higher than 1	Connection fails with syslog message	If combined with CDP, connection succeeds
		If there is no CDP, connection fails with syslog message

Set the LDAP Key Ring Certificate

You can configure a secure LDAP client key ring certificate to support a TLS connection on your Firepower 4100/9300 chassis. This option is one of a number offered for achieving Common Criteria certification compliance on your system. For more information, see Security Certifications Compliance, on page 1.



Note

If Common Criteria mode is enabled, you must have SSL enabled, and you must use the server DNS information to create the key ring certificate.

If SSL is enabled for the LDAP server entry, key ring information is referenced and checked when forming a connection.

LDAP server information has to be DNS information in the CC mode for the secure LDAP connection (with SSL enabled).

Perform these steps to configure a secure LDAP client key ring certificate:.

Procedure

Step 1	From the FXOS CLI, enter security mode:
	scope security
Step 2	Enter LDAP mode:
	scope ldap
Step 3	Enter LDAP server mode:
	<pre>enter server {server_ip/server_dns}</pre>
Step 4	Set the LDAP key ring:
	set keyring keyring_name
Step 5	Commit the configuration:
	commit-buffer